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ANNUAL REPORT
OF THE
STATE BOARD OF CHARITIES
FOR THE YEAR 1903

IN THREE VOLUMES
WITH STATISTICAL APPENDIX TO VOLUME ONE BOUND SEPARATELY

VOLUME THREE

Charity Legislation in New York

1609 to 1900

TRANSMITTED TO THE LEGISLATURE FEBRUARY 1, 1904

ALBANY
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PREFACE.

This digest of charitable legislation in New York, embracing references to such enactments from early colonial times to the close of the nineteenth century, has been prepared at the instance of the State Board of Charities, and under the direction of the Secretary of the Board, because it is believed that such a publication is not only desirable but is necessary to an intelligent study and understanding of the history of charity legislation in this State. From no other work can this important information, having so direct a bearing upon the welfare of thousands of people in this State, be secured.

While it has been possible to give only a brief digest of most of the laws affecting the poor and the administration of charity in this State, it is hoped that this volume will furnish the basis for a more detailed and comprehensive study of these laws that will explain the causes which led to their enactment and the principles or policies upon which they were based.

The State Board of Charities believes that opening this field of information to the student will stimulate interest in and encourage the study of the charity laws of the State, thereby awakening an intelligent spirit of inquiry that should be productive of beneficent results.

For compiling the greater part of the information contained in this volume the Board desires to give credit to Edward H. Leggett, Esq., of the Attorney-General's office, and for valuable assistance in the preparation of the material to Mr. Wellington D. Ives, Chief Clerk in the office of the Board.

This digest is divided into three general parts covering respectively charitable legislation under the Dutch, under the English, and during the period of American Statehood, and is also carefully indexed.

ALBANY, N. Y., *January 13, 1904.*

CHARITY LEGISLATION IN NEW YORK

THE DUTCH COLONY OF NEW NETHERLAND 1609 TO 1664

Comparatively little of importance has been found with relation to the administration of charity under the Dutch in the colony of New Netherland. Not, however, that ordinances and customs did not exist, following those of the mother country, but the records are fragmentary and give a partial view only of the charitable work of the colony. Possibly many of the missing records were part of the documents of the Dutch West India Company, which, it is said, were sold at public auction in 1821, and could not be found when Mr. John Romeyn Brodhead, the agent of this State, made his investigation in 1841-43 of the archives of the Hague in search of material relating to the History of New Netherland. The following chronological references to Dutch ordinances and documents relating to the relief of the poor are taken from various works relating to the history of the early colonial settlements in this State, to which credit is given in each case:

Poor people not permitted to participate in the exemptions, privileges and freedoms granted to the patroons. 1630-1635.

"All private and poor people (*onvermogen personen*) are excluded from these exemptions, privileges and freedoms, and are not allowed to purchase lands or grounds from the Sachems or Indians in New Netherland, but must repair under the jurisdiction of the respective Lord Patroon." (From the grant of privileges, exemptions and freedoms to the Patroons of New Netherland from the manuscript without date, in the Royal Archives at the Hague; file entitled "*West Indie*, 1630-1635." "Documents Relative to the Colonial History of the State of New York." Vol. I, p. 100. O'Callaghan.)

Penalty for paying out or receiving any unpolished wampum to go to support of the poor. 1641.

(1641)

"Whereas very bad wampum is at present circulating here, and payment is made in nothing but rough unpolished stuff which is brought hither from other places, where it is 50 per cent cheaper than it is paid out here, and the good, polished wampum, commonly called *Manhattan* wampum is wholly put out of sight or exported, which tends to the express ruin and destruction of this country; in order to provide in time therefor, we do, therefore, for the public good interdict and forbid, all persons of what state, quality or condition soever they may be, to receive in payment, or to pay out, any unpolished wampum during the next month of May except at Five for one stiver and that strung, and then after that Six beads for one stiver. Whosoever shall be found to have acted contrary hereunto, shall provisionally forfeit the wampum which is paid out and ten guilders for the poor and both payer and payee are alike liable. The well polished wampum shall remain at its price as before, to wit, Four for one stiver provided it be strung. ("Laws and Ordinances of New Netherland." p. 26. O'Callaghan.)

1647.

Cornelius Melyn and Joachim Pietersen Kuyter being charged with mutinous conduct toward Governor Kieft and other high officials, were indicted, and, after due trial, convicted.

Melyn was condemned to seven years' banishment and to pay a fine of three hundred guilders (\$150); one-third of which was to be given to the poor, one-third to the church, and the remainder to the attorney-general.

Kuyter was sentenced to be banished for three years and to pay a fine of one hundred and fifty guilders, which sum was ordered to be distributed in the same manner as the other fine.

("History of New Netherland." Vol. 2, p. 34. O'Callaghan.)

1649.

Poor supported by collections in the churches, fines and voluntary offerings—No hospitals or asylums for children or for old men.

"The Poor, who, however, are best provided for, have nothing except what is collected in the church in addition to a few fines and voluntary offerings from the inhabitants; but a considerable portion of the money is in the hands of the company, who took it from time to time and retained it. They

have long promised to pay interest, but notwithstanding all that is done in the matter, neither principal nor interest can be obtained from them. (1649)

There is, occasionally, a flying report of an hospital and of asylums for orphans and for old men, etc., but as yet not a sign of an attempt, order or regulation has been made about them. From all these, then, it is sufficiently apparent, that scarcely any proper care or diligence has been used by the Company or its officers for any ecclesiastical property; and, as far as can be ascertained, nothing in the least has been done from the beginning up to the present time, but on the contrary, every care and pains have been taken to attach minions closely, or to make new ones, as we shall hereafter show in its own time, and now proceed and see what has been the public resources of the government up to the time of our departure, so that it may be manifest what pains and diligence the Directors have used and exercised in this particular." (From the remonstrance of the people of New Netherland to the States General, July 28, 1649. "Documents Relative to the Colonial History of the State of New York." Vol. 1, page 300. O'Callaghan.)

No asylums for children or the aged in New Netherland. 1650.

"The Directors have never had any administration of, nor concerned themselves with ecclesiastical property; 'tis also denied and cannot be proved, that any of the inhabitants of New Netherland have, either voluntarily or when requested, contributed or given anything for the building of an asylum for orphans, or for the aged. 'Tis true that the church in the fort was built in Willem Kieft's time, and a subscription list was signed which amounted to fl. 1800. The accounts of most of the subscribers were debited accordingly, but they have not yet paid the money. Meanwhile the Company disbursed the funds, so that it was not the Commonalty (some few excepted) but the Company that paid the workmen. If the people require institutions as above stated, they must contribute towards them as is the custom in this country; and were their asylums for orphans and the aged there, revenues would be necessary, not only to keep the houses in repair, but to support the orphans and the aged people. " * * * * * As regards the deacons' or Poor-fund, the deacons are accountable for that, and are the persons of whom inquiry should be made as to where the money is invested which they have, from time to time, placed at interest; and as the Director never had charge of it, such not being usual, the deacons, and not the Director, are responsible for it. 'Tis, indeed, true that Director Kieft, being at a loss for money, had a box suspended in his house; of that box the deacons had one key, and all the small fines and penalties which were levied on court days, were

(1650) deposited in it. He opened it with the knowledge of the deacons, and took on interest the money, which amounted to a handsome sum." (From the answer to the remonstrance of the people of New Netherland, made by the Secretary to the Director General and Council of New Netherland, November 29, 1650. "Documents Relative to the Colonial History of the State of New York." Vol. I, pp. 423 and 424.)

1651. In order not to subject the poor to inconvenience, particular inhabitants requesting it may be privileged to lay in small beer free of excise with liberty to retail the same at a reasonable advance by small measure. ("Laws and Ordinances of New Netherland." p. 122. O'Callaghan.)

1652. The Director-General grants site for almshouse at Beaverwyck (Albany.) ("Annals of Albany," Vol. VII, pp. 232, 233. Munsell.)

1653. Burgomasters were *ex officio* the chief rulers of the city; the principal church wardens, guardians of the poor and of widows and orphans. They held in trust all city property and managed the same. ("History of New Netherland." Vol. 2, p. 211. O'Callaghan.)

Schepens (city magistrates) provided for the burial of friendless strangers. ("History of New Netherland." Vol. 2, p. 212. O'Callaghan.)

Land granted to the poor.

"A quantity of land is given or granted to some person or persons. This article has reference principally to the fact that the Director conveyed last year, 1652, to Mr. Cornelius Van Werckhoven, a certain considerable tract of valuable and clear land situate within the jurisdiction of Gravesend, which land had been previously granted in the year 1647, by Director Willem Kieft, deceased, to divers persons, and divided by lot in 21 parts, whereof the Poor of this place had 2 parts and every other person 1 part. (Note in explanation of a point in the remonstrance presented to the Director of New Netherland by officers of the Colony, Dec. 12, 1653. "Documents Relative to the Colonial History of the State of New York." Vol. 1, page 555. O'Callaghan.)

1654. Dependent children sent from the almshouse at Amsterdam to New Netherland.

"Honorable, Wise, Prudent, Right, Discreet Sir,—Being informed by the governors of the almshouse of the vast number of poor people wherewith they are burdened and charged, we have concluded to relieve them and so do the company a service, by sending some of them to New Netherland.

"We have, therefore, sent over in the ship belonging to the bearer hereof, 7 @ 28 boys and girls, requesting you, in a friendly manner, to extend to them your kind advice and assistance, and to advance them if possible; so that they, according to their fitness, may earn their board. If you consider that the population of that country could be advanced by sending over such persons, we shall, on being informed, lose no time to have some more forwarded. Meanwhile we shall be much obliged by the aid and assistance you will extend in this instance." (From the burgomasters of Amsterdam to the Director General of New Netherland, July 9, 1654. "Documents Relative to the Colonial History of the State of New York." Vol. I, p. 556. O'Callaghan.) (1654)

The Director General and Council resolve to hire a house in New Amsterdam, and lodge there the children sent over by the poormasters from Holland. ("Documents Relating to the History of the Early Colonial Settlements." Vol. XIV, p. 296. Fernow.)

More dependent children sent from the almshouse at Amsterdam, in Holland, to New Netherland. 1655.

"The written conditions, sent over, have told us of the rules made and the care taken there of the children from the almshouses, which have our approval; we hope, that the Burgomasters and Almshouse authorities have also been pleased; they are again sending by this ship, a party of boys and girls as per inclosed list. We recommend them as before to your care and although among them some may be found of tenderer age than you required, we think it does not matter, for it can be amended and corrected by one or two years longer service, which is of little importance to the boys." (From a letter from the Directors of the Dutch West India Company to the Director General of New Netherland, May 26, 1655—"Documents Relating to the History of the Early Colonial Settlements." Vol. XIV, p. 322.)

"Noble, Honorable, Wise, Prudent, Very Discreet Sir.—Whereas with the consent of their Honors, the Directors of the W. I. Company, we have resolved to send over some boys and girls, specified in the enclosed memorandum, in the Company's ships, thereby taking a burden from the almshouse of this city and helping to increase the population of New Netherland; we desire hereby to request and recommend to your Honor to receive these children and youths kindly and to take care, that they may be employed according to their abilities for the best advantage of the Company and a proper advancement of themselves." (Letter from the burgomasters of Amsterdam to the Director General of New Netherland, May 27, 1655—"Documents Relating to the History of the Early Colonial Settlements." Vol. XIV, p. 325. Fernow.)

(1655)

Goats found south of the "fresh water" to be seized and sold for the benefit of the poor. ("Laws and Ordinances of New Netherland." p. 201. O'Callaghan.)

One-third of penalty for firing guns or planting May poles on New Years and May days to go to support of the poor. ("Laws and Ordinances of New Netherland." p. 205. O'Callaghan.)

Council Minute on the Application of the Overseers of the Poor in regard to their land on Long Island.

Thursday, the 3rd of June 1655:

"The reverend De Johannes Megapolensis, Minister here, and Johannes de Peyster, Deacon and Schepen of this city, appeared before the Council and stated in behalf of the Board of Overseers of the Poor in this city, that said Board had some time ago bought for the behalf and best of the poor a certain bouwery situate on the other side of Hellgate and that the Honorable Director-General Petrus Stuyvesant had given to the Board a piece of land near the said bouwery, which annex they intended in time to turn into a new plantation or bouwery, when God's blessing had increased their stock of cattle. They find now, however, that this piece of land or a part of it had afterwards been given to one Abraham Rycken, but as the said Abr. Rycken is a poor man who has no more than what he can earn with his hands, they are neither able nor willing to disturb him; yet they have cause to remonstrate, because the said Abr. Rycken closed up and fenced in a public road, which had been in use as such for many years, to the great prejudice and disadvantage of the said bouwery of the poor. They request therefore most respectfully that the said Abr. Rycken be directed and ordered to remove the posts and rails or pallisades erected by him and to make the road and then leave it as it has been formerly and long before he came there.

They give also to understand, that the small island obliquely opposite the said Poor Farm, commonly called Huelicken or Borger Joris' Island,* would be very suitable, useful and profitable to their Board for the pasturing of their pigs and cattle and requested therefore, that if it had not been given to others, it might be granted and given to the Board for the benefit of the poor.

The Honorable Council reply, that a committee shall be appointed to proceed and inspect the road closed up by Abraham Rycken; as to the island, it has been granted away a long time ago.

*Hewlett's Island, called "Huelicken" because acquired by marriage—huwelyck.

Done at New Amsterdam in N. N. Date as above." ("Documents Relating to the History of the Early Colonial Settlements." Vol. XIV, p. 326. Fernow.) (1655)

One-third of certain penalties to be applied to support of the poor. ("Laws and Ordinances of New Netherland." p. 263. O'Callaghan.) 1656.

Children from almshouse in Holland arrived and being in demand, were all bound and others requested to be sent over. In New Netherland, men of large families when they die "do not leave a stiver behind. The public must provide the coffin, pay all the debts and feed or maintain those who survive." ("Documents Relative to the Colonial History of the State of New York." Vol. II, p. 52. O'Callaghan.) 1658.

Secretaries, notaries and clerks to serve the poor gratis. ("Laws and Ordinances of New Netherland." p. 331. O'Callaghan.)

Work furnished at public expense for the purpose of giving employment to the distressed. ("History of New Netherland." Vol. 2, p. 375. O'Callaghan.) 1659.

First law enacted in New Netherland providing for the support of the poor: 1661.

ORDINANCE

Of the Director General and Council of New Netherland making provision for the Poor. *Passed 22 October, 1661.*

Whereas the Deacons of this City have informed us of the many applications and great trouble which they daily experience from persons residing in the outlying Villages, with whose characters and wants they are utterly unacquainted, so that their Treasury is thereby greatly diminished, and they would, by that means, be unable to assist the Poor and Needy of this City, requesting that seasonable provision be made therein; We, therefore, in order to prevent the future recurrence thereof, have resolved and decided, to the end that the Lazy and the Vagabond may as much as possible be rebuked, and the really Poor the more assisted, and cared for, that from this time forward, no assistance shall be given by the Deacons of this City, to any persons residing outside the jurisdiction of this City, unless they bring with them from the Deacons or Overseers of the Poor, at the place of their Residence, a certificate of their character and poverty in manner as follows:

(1661)

N. N. residing under the jurisdiction of N. N. hath applied to us for some assistance and support, and, as his character and poverty are well known to us, we would willingly have provided him therewith, but the low state of our Treasury hath not allowed us to do so. We have, therefore, to request, on his behalf, the Deacons of the City of *Amsterdam* in *New Netherland* to lend him a helping hand according to their usual discretion. Done, &c.

And the persons who shall bring with them such certificate shall be provided for, and assisted here as circumstances permit.

But in order that each Village or Settlement may be better able to assist and support its own Poor, it is further Resolved and decided, that, from this time forward, in all Villages and Settlements, collections shall be made and something laid up for the Poor and Needy. That such may be put in practice, as well in the Villages where there is Preaching, as in those where there is no Preaching, the Director General and Council of *New Netherland* do hereby Order and command all Magistrates of the Villages where there have been no ministers hitherto, that each in his respective Village or Settlement shall nominate and qualify two proper persons, who shall go around every Sunday with a little bag among the congregation and collect the Alms for the support of the Poor of that place, and then, if they fall short, they shall address themselves in the manner as above set forth to the Deacons of this City. Hereby notifying and warning all respective Magistrates that, in case they neglect to have weekly collections made in manner as aforesaid, they shall, for such neglect, be corrected as the case may require.

Done in *Fort Amsterdam* in *New Netherland*, the 22 October, 1661. ("Laws and Ordinances of New Netherland." p. 411-412. O'Callaghan.)

1662.

One-third of penalty for burning straw in the village of *Wiltwyck to be applied toward support of the poor. ("Laws and Ordinances of New Netherland." p. 431. O'Callaghan.)

The Court to care for wives and children of dissolute or idle settlers. ("History of New Netherland." Vol. 2, p. 468. O'Callaghan.)

1663.

Orphans sent from the city of Amsterdam, in Holland, to South River. ("History of New Netherland." Vol. 2, p. 540. O'Callaghan.)

* Kingston.

THE ENGLISH COLONY OF NEW YORK

1664 TO 1776

The earliest English laws governing the administration of affairs, charitable and otherwise, in the Colony of New York are known as the "Duke of York's Laws." These laws were "Establisht by the Authority of his Majesties Letters patents, granted to his Royall Highnes James Duke of Yorke and Albany: Bearing Date the 12th Day of March in the sixteenth year of ye Raigne of our Sovereign Lord King Charles the Second. Digested into one Volume for the publicke use of the Territoryes in America under the Government of his Royall Highnesse.

Collected out of the Several Laws now in force in his Majesties American Colonyes and Plantations.

Published March the 1st Anno Domini 1664 at a General meeting at Hemsted upon Longe Island by virtue of a Commission from his Royall Highnesse James Duke of Yorke and Albany given to Colonell Richard Nicolls Deputy Governor, bearing date the Second day of Aprill 1664."

These and other Colonial laws of New York from the year 1664 to the Revolution were republished by the State of New York in 1894, and the volume and page references herein given relate to the volumes and pages of such republication.

Bond slavery of Christians forbidden, but not to prejudice indenture nor taking as apprentice.

"No Christian shall be kept in Bondslavery, villenage or Captivity, Except such who shall be Judged thereunto by Authority, or such as willingly have sould, or shall sell themselves. In which Case a Record of such Servitude shall be entered

1664
*Vol. I, page 18

*Volume and page refer to "Colonial Laws of New York," from which these notes and transcripts are made. The chapters agree with those of Livingston & Smith, and Van Schaack.

(1664)

in the Court of sessions held for that Jurisdiction where Such Matters shall Inhabit, provided that nothing in the Law Contained shall be to the prejudice of Master or Dame who shall by any Indenture or Covenant take Apprentices for Terme of years, or other Servants for Term of years or Life." ("Duke of York's Laws.")

*Vol. I, page 24

Eight overseers to provide for church and poor.

"Whereas the publique Worship of God is much discredited for want of painful and able Ministers to Instruct the people in the true Religion and for want of Convenient places Capable to receive any Number or Assembly of people in a decent manner for Celebrating Gods holy Ordinances. These ensuing Lawes are to be observed in every parish (Viz.)

1. That in each Parish within this Government a church be built in the most Convenient part thereof, Capable to receive and accomodate two Hundred Persons.

2. That For the making and proportioning the Levies and Assessments for building and repairing the Churches. Provision for the poor, maintenance of tne Minister; as well as for the more orderly managing of all Parochiall affairs in other Cases exprest. Eight of the most able Men of each Parish be by the Major part of the Householders of the said Parish Chosen to be Overseers but of which Number the Constable and the aforesaid Eight Overseers shall yearly make choice of two of the said number to be Church wardens and in case of the Death of any of the said Overseers and church wardens; or his or their departure out of the parish. The said Constable and Overseers shall make Choice of another to Supply his Room." ("Duke of York's Laws.")

*Vol. I, page 47

Certain penalties to be applied to support of poor.

"No Servant either Male or Female shall either give, sell or Truck any Commodity whatsoever during the time of their Service, under the penalty of fine or Corporal punishment, by warrant under the hands of two Justices of the Peace as the Offence shall meritt. And whatsoever Person shall either Buy, receive or Truck with any such Servant Contrary to this Law they shall be compelled to restore the said Commodities to the Master of such Servants or Servant, and forfeit the double value thereof to the poor of the Parrish where they shall Inhabit." ("Duke of York's Laws.")

*Vol. I, page 55

Eight overseers to be elected by the freeholders in each town.

*Volume and page refer to "Colonial Laws of New York," from which these notes and transcripts are made. The chapters agree with those of Livingston & Smith, and Van Schaack.

"Overseers shall be eight in number, men of good fame and life, Chosen by the plurality of voyces of the freeholders in each Town, whereof foure shall remain in their Office two years successively, and four shall be Changed for New ones every yeare which Election shall preceed the Elections of Constables, in point of time. In regard the Constable for the yeare ensuing, is to be Chosen out of that Number which are dismist from their Office of Overseers." ("Duke of York's Laws.") (1664)

"Distracted persons" to be provided for by contributions from each town in the riding.

1665
*Vol. I, page 79

"That in regard to Conditions of distracted Persons, may bee both very chargeable and troublesome and so will prove too greate a Burthen for one Towne alone to beare, each Towne in the Rideing where such person or persons shall happen to bee, are to Contribute towards the Charge which may arise upon such occasions." (Amendment to the Duke of York's Laws confirmed by Governor Richard Nicholls October 30, 1665.)

Persons holding in trust property of orphans, to render inventory annually.

*Vol. I, page 56

"That all Persons who now have or shall have any Estate of Goods, Chattles or Lands; in their possession, belonging to any that are under age shall exhibit an Inventory and Accompts of that said Estate within three Moneths next after Publication of this Law, to the respective Courts of sessions where such Estate shall be and afterwards yearly; And in Case such Person or Persons who have such Estate, in their hands, do not at the time and place aforesaid present the Inventory and Accompts of such Estates as aforesaid: Then that the whole businesse be sent to the next Court of Assizes where the Offender shall be fined for Neglect of Exhibiting as aforesaid; and if any good Improvement hath not been made of the Estate; yet if it shall be thought Convenient to Continue it in the said Persons hands hee or they shall give better Caution and security or else it shall bee removed into the hands of some other able and discreet Person or Persons as the Court shall appoint upon the Cautions aforesaid." ("Duke of York's Laws.")

Disbursements for the poor and the support of the poorhouse at Albany. 1665.

The account book of the deacons of the Reformed Protestant Dutch Church at Albany shows there was an *armen huys*

*Volume and page refer to "Colonial Laws of New York," from which these notes and transcripts are made. The chapters agree with those of Livingston & Smith, and Van Schaack.

(1665)

or poor house, in that place in 1665 and that outdoor relief was also furnished to a considerable extent. Such entries as these appear: "To Mr. Peter for burying two Englishmen 12g"; "To small beer for the use of Uncle Peter, 1 g. 13 s."; "Jongen de Brouster for wetnursing Aaron Isack's child, 35g"; "Antony Jansen for six small measures of brandy which was used when the old captain was laid out, 4g, 4s"; "Peter Brouck on his promise to return it during the year 50g"; Paid Gysbert Kleermaker for 100 shad which William Brouwer and John Van Bremer had together, 10g"; "To William Brouwer in money 8g, for which he pawned 1 pair of white stockings until he should return the money".

The following show some of the expenditures for the poor house: "Jan Karrels 2 barrels of lime for the poor house 10g"; Jon de Backer for masonry at the poor house 1½ days at 7 gilders a day, 10g. 10 s"; "Teunis de Messelaer (Metzelaer, the mason) for 1½ days work at the poor house 18g"; "240 bricks furnished to the poor house 5g., 10s"; "Paid to Peter Bogardus for setting 34 broken window panes at the poor house 11g, 18s."

In 1700 John Kidnie paid 54g for half a years rent of the East end of the poor house which seems to have been vacant in the decrease of the number of the poor, the old names having all disappeared from the list. On the 15th of February, Ryseck, widow of Gerrit Swart, the last of the church poor, died, and was buried on the 17th the *onkosten* of which was as follows: 3 dry boards for the coffin 7:10; ¾ lb. nails, 1:10; making the coffin 24g; cartage 10s.; a half vat and an anker of good beer, 27g; 1 gal. rum, 21g; 6 gal. Madeira for women and men, 84 g; sugar and *cruyery*, 5g; 150 sugar cakes, 15g; tobacco and pipes 4:10; Hendrick Roseboom *doodgraver* 30g; use of the pall 12g; total 232g. A claim of Roseboom of 12g for inviting to the funeral was paid, but it was regarded as an extortionate charge, and the consistory ordered that the *doodgraver* should thereafter have from the deacons 30 guilders and no more, for like services. ("Collections on the History of Albany." Munsell.)

1671

Petition of John Folshave to the Mayor's court for support and relief.

"Upon the petition of John Folshave desiring some support and relief in his sickness, the Court do recommend to the deacons of this city to enquire into and examine into the truth of the said petition and to make a report thereof to this Court, and in the meantime to allow him some support in his sickness."

"The deacons of the reformed church of this city this day making their report upon the former order sent them upon the petition of John Fossacre returned for answer that the said Fossacre had levied on Long Island, Weshester, and

†Ouckeway about 18 years and since the Lutherish dominie (1671)
preached here, came to this place, and he being a member of
their church, the said deacons judged that the said church
ought to maintain him. The court ordered that the deacons
of the Lutheran church should be summoned to appear in
court the next court day."

"Upon complaint of the deacons of the Lutheran church, it
is ordered by the Court that they shall give no more allowance
to John Fossiker, until further order" (Records of New Am-
sterdam," Vol. 6 pages 340, 348 and 353 Fernow.)

Deacons of the Reformed Christian church complain 1671
to the Mayor's court of the administration of charity
by the deacons of the Lutheran church.

Deacons of the reformed Christian church complain to the
Mayor's Court that they are charged with some of the poor
of the Lutheran profession notwithstanding a collection is
made for the poor of the said Lutheran church; also that the
deacons of the said Lutheran church do not according to cus-
tom in a public meeting give account of the money so col-
lected. Whereupon the deacons of the said Lutheran church
being summoned and appearing in court and having heard
their answer, the court ordered that each church should for
the future maintain its own poor, and that the deacons should
yearly give account in public meeting as in the reformed Chris-
tian church of the city has been practicable." ("Records of
New Amsterdam," Vol. 6, page 352 Fernow.)

"Noe beggars but all poore cared ffor." (From 1678
"Answers of inquiries of New York Rec'd from Sr
Edm. Andros on the 16th of Apr. 1678." "Documen-
tary History of New York," Vol. I, page 62. O'Cal-
laghan.)

Provides for care of poor, and prevention and dis-
couragegement of vagabondage.

1683
*Chapter 9
Vol. I, page 131

The full text of this act is as follows:

An Act for the Defraying of the publique & necessary Charge
of each respective Citty, towne and County throughout this
Province & for maintaining the poore, & preventing vagabonds.

Bee itt enacted by the Governor Councill & Representatives
in Generall Assembly & by the Authority thereof Thatt annuall

*Volume and page refer to "Colonial Laws of New York," from
which these notes and transcripts are made. The chapters agree with
those of Livingston & Smith, and Van Schaack.

†Fairfield, Conn.

(1683)

or once every yeare there shall bee elected a certaine number out of each respective Citty Towne and County throughout this Province to be elected and chosen by the Major part of all the ffreeholders and Freemen, which certaine Number so duely elected shall have full power and authority to make an assessment or certaine Rate within their respective Cittys, Townes and Countyes anually & once every yeare which assessment & certaine Rate so established as aforesaid shall be paid into a certaine Treasurer who shall be chosen by the major part of all the ffreeholders and ffreemen of Each respective Citty, Town and County; Which Treasurer so duely chosen shall make such payment for the Defraying of all the publike and necessary charges of each respective place above menconed as shall bee appointed by the Commissioners or their President thatt shall bee appointed in each respective Citty, Towne & County within this Province ffor the Superviseing the publike affairs & charge of each respective City Towne & County aforesaid.

And Bee itt further provided by the Authority aforesaid thatt the Treasurer for each respective City, Towne and County shall keep a distinct book of accounts contayning a perticular account of all the moneys rates and assessments aforesaid; & also of all disbursements & payments of money by Warrant aforesaid, & once in every year hee shall bring his accounts to such persons as shall be appointed for the Auditt of the same, under the penalty of one hundred pounds except prevented by Death or Sicknesse. And farther Whereas itt is the Custome & practice of his Majestys Realm of England, and all the adjacent Colonys in America that every respective County Citty townie parrish & precinct doth take care and provide for the poor who do inhabit in their respective precincts aforesaid.

Therefor itt is Enacted by the authority aforesaid thatt for the time to come the respective Commissioners of every County, Citty, Towne, parish Precinct, aforesaid shall make provision for the maintenance support of their poor respectively.

And for the prevention and discouraging of Vagabonds and Idle persons to come into this province from other parts, and also from one part of the Province to another; Bee itt enacted by the authority aforesaid. Thatt all persons thatt shall come to Inhabit within this province or any part or place thereof, and hath nott a Visible Estate, or hath nott a manuall craft or occupacon shall befor hee bee admitted an Inhabitant give sufficient Security thatt hee shall nott bee a burthen or charge to the respective places hee shall come to inhabit in which Security shall Continue for two yeares, provided allways thatt all those that have manuall Crafts or occupacon may att all times come and Inhabitt in any part within this Province & bee always admitted, Provided hee maketh applicacon eight days after his arrivall into any Citty Towne or County aforesaid unto such person or persons as are appointed for the Governing the respective parts afores'd.

And also all vessels thatt shall bring any passengers into this province, the Master of any such vessells shall within four and twenty hours after arrivall bring a list of all such passengers hee brings into this Province with their Qualities & Condicons unto the Chiefe Magistrate of each respective Citty, County, Towne, aforesaid, under the penalty of tenne pounds current money of this Province. Always Provided thatt if any vessell bring in any person not qualified as aforesaid, nor able to give security for their well demeanor; Thatt and in such case the Master of said vessell or vessells shall bee obliged to transport all such persons to the place from whence they came or att least out of this Province and dependences; And also if any Vagabonds, beggars or others, remove from one County to anothere and cannot give security as aforesaid itt shall be lawful for the constable to returne such persons to the county from whence they came.

(1683)

Persons holding in trust property of orphans, to render inventory annually to court of sessions.

1684
*Chapter 15
Vol. I, page 154

Provides penalty for stealing by apprentices.

*Chapter 18
Vol. I, page 157

Towns and counties maintain their own poor and no vagabonds or beggars allowed in the Province of New York.

1687

"Every Town & County are obliged to maintain their own poor, which makes them bee soe careful that no Vagebonds, Beggars, nor Idle Persons are suffered to live here." (From Governor Dougan's report to the Committee of Trade on the Province of New York, dated 22nd February, 1687.—"Documentary History of New York," Vol. I, page 117. O'Callaghan.)

Public workhouses directed to be provided by Governor Fletcher.

1691

"You are to endeavor with the assistance of our Councill to provide for the raising and building of Publique Work Houses in convenient Places for the employing of Poor and Indigent People." (Instructions to Governor Benjamin Fletcher of the Province of New York from Lord Nottingham by Her Majesty's command, March 17, 1691. "Documents Relative to the Colonial History of New York," Vol. III, page 624.)

Making provision for support of poor, and discouragement of vagabondage.

*Chapter 6
Vol. I, page 237

*Volume and page refer to "Colonial Laws of New York," from which these notes and transcripts are made. The chapters agree with those of Livingston & Smith, and Van Schaack.

(1691)

The full text of this act is as follows:

An Act for the defraying of the Publique and necessary charge throughout this Province and maintaining the Poor and preventing Vagabonds.

Forasmuch as it is necessary that each respective County within this Province should have power to establish a Rate for the defraying of their respective and publique Charge, Be it therefore Enacted by the Governour and Councill and representatives convened in Generall Assembly and by the authority of the same that there be elected and Chosen annually and once A yeare in each respective Towne within this Province; two freeholders who are hereby impowered to assess and establish a certaine Rate upon each of the ffreeholders and inhabitants within their respective Townes which assessment or certaine rate shall upon a certaine day as the Inhabitants of the respective Towns shall appoint be delivered to a certaine ffreeholder which shall be likewise Chosen in each respective Town aforesaid to supervise and examine the publique and necessary charge of each respective County which person soe duely Chosen shall elect and constitute A certaine treasurer for each respective county which treasurer shall make such payments for the defraying of all the publique and necessary charges of each respective County as shall be appointed and ordered by the persons soe choosen for the superviseing the publique Charges of each respective County. And Be it further Provided by the authority aforesaid, that any such assessment or Rate made ordained or appointed by the persons soe Choosen shall be collected and gathered by the Constable or any other person chooson or Appointed thereunto. As alsoe if any person or persons shall refuse to pay the said Assessment or rate, That itt may be Lawfull for them, that are Choosen as aforesaid. And they are hereby authorized to Issue out their Warrant to the Constable under their hands and seales, or any other person appointed by them to collect and Levy the same by distress on their goods and Chattles. And Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid. That the Treasurer for each respective County within this Province shall keep A distinct Book of Accompts containeing a perticular accot of all the money Rates and assessments aforesaid, And alsoe of all disbursements and payments by Warrant aforesaid and once every yeare he shall bring his accots to such person as shall be appointed for the audit of the same under the penalty of One hundred pounds, except prevented by Death or Sickness, And further Whereas it is the Custom and practice of their Majesties Realm of England; and all the adjacent Colloneys in America that every respective Towne and parish doth take care and provide for the poor, who doe inhabitte in their respective precincts as aforesaid. Therefore it is Enacted by the authoritie aforesaid that for the time to come, that the respective ffreeholders, Elected and choosen as aforesaid In every Town parish and

precinct shall make provjision for the maintenance and support of their poor respectively. And for the prevention and discouragement of Vagabonds and Idle persons to come into this Province from other parts and alsoe from one part of the Province to another: Be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid that all persons that shall come to Inhabit within this Province, or any part or place thereof and hath not A visible Estate, or hath not A manuell occupation shall before he be admitted an Inhabitant give sufficient suerty, that he shall not be A burden or Charge to the respective places, he shall come to Inhabite, which security shall continue for two yeares Provided allwayes that all those that have Manuall Crafts or occupations May at all times come and Inhabite in any place within this Province and be allwayes admitted. Provided he maketh application within eight dayes after his arrival in any City Town or County as aforesaid unto such person or persons as are appointed for governing the respective parts. And alsoe all vessells that shall bring any passengers Into this Province; the masters of such Vessells shall within four and Twenty hours after Arrivall bring a list of all such passengers he brings into this Province with the qualitie and Conditions unto the Cheif Magistrates of each respective City, Town or County as aforesaid, under the penalty of tenn pounds currant money of this Province. Alwayes provided that if any vessell bring in any person as aforesaid not able to give suerty for their well demeanour That then and in such Case, that the master of such Vessell or Vessells shall be oblidged to transport all such to the place from whence they came or at least out of this Province, and dependencies. And alsoe if any Vagabonds, beggars, or others remove from one town to another and cannot give security as aforesaid it shall be lawfull for the constable to return such persons to the town from whence they came.

(1691)

Annual appointment of five overseers of the poor and public works in New York city, and defining their duties relative to the support of the poor.

1695
*Chapter 47
Vol. I, page 348

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT to Enable the City of New York To Relieve the Poor and defray their necessary and Publick charge.

Whereas the Publick building's belonging to the City of New York are much out of repair, the Poor in great distress the highways streets and Lanes so Mirey and foul that they are Noysome to the Inhabitants of the said City as well as of his Majesties Liege Subjects resideing and travelling to and from the same and that chiefly for want of haveing a sune annually

*Volume and page refer to "Colonial Laws of New York," from which these notes and transcripts are made. The chapters agree with those of Livingston & Smith, and Van Schaack.

(1695)

raised for the defraying the Publick and necessary charge of the said City to the end therefore that the Said City of New York may be the better enabled to erect or repair their Publick buildings, Relieve the Poor, amend their Highways, Pave their Streets and Lanes, and defray the other contingent Publick charge of the said City, Bee it therefore Enacted by the Governour and Councill and Representatives conveyned in Generall Assembly and by the Authority of the Same That the Mayor Recorder Aldermen and assistants of the said City for the Time being, or the Major Part of them whereof the Mayor or Recorder of the Said City to be one Shall yearly in the week before the feast day of St. Michael the Archangell or within one month after the said feast day of St. Michael elect and appoint five good and sufficient Citizen's Inhabiting within the said City who shall be called overseers of the Poor and Publick works and buildings of the said City &c and they or the greater part of them by and with the consent of the Mayor or Recorder Aldermen and assistants of the said City are hereby authorized, Impowered and Enabled annually and once every year at the time aforesaid to Raise a reasonable Tax upon all and every the Inhabitants, freeholders and Sojourners within the said City toward's the defraying the Publick and necessary charges of the said City and the necessary reliefe of the Same Impotent, old blind and such others, being Poor and not able to work &c. And for the better raiseing and Levying the Tax aforesaid to defray the Publick and necessary charges and the Reliefe of the Poor aforesaid Bee it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid that the Mayor or Recorder Aldermen and Assistants of the said City with the Overseers Soe to be Nominated as aforesaid or any Three of them shall meet together at the Least once In every three month's at the City hall of the Said City and there to consider how much the Publick and Necessary charge and the reliefe of the Poor' of the said City Shall amount to for one year' and the estimate thereof they shall cause to be particularly Expressed in writeing (that is to say) The Particular Summe or Summes that they shall think needfull for the erecting or Repairing of their Publick buildings and the Perticular Sume as they shall esteem necessary for the Reliefe of the Poor' as aforesaid. And also the Perticular Sume that they shall judge fit for the repairing the highway's, Paveing and cleansing the Streets Lanes and Alley's of the said Citty and the defraying the other contingent charges of the same which Sume so Perticularized & estimated as aforesaid shall be by the assessors of the said City equally and proportionally assessed upon the reall and Personall Estates of all and every the Inhabitants freeholders and Sojourners within the said City within Twenty days at least after that they shall Receive Such Estimate made as aforesaid under the hands and Seales of the Mayor or Recorder or any one or more of the Aldermen and Overseers nominated as aforesaid which Tax

(1695)

rate or assessment shall be proportionably assessed or Set upon the Reall and Personall Estates of all and every the Inhabitants freeholders and Sojourners within the said City for one year' for the purposes aforesd being allow'd and confirmed by the Mayor or Recorder or any two or more of the Aldermen of the said City shall be Collected by the respective Collectors of the said City and quarterly payd by every respective Inhabitant freeholder or Sojourner within the same City upon demand made thereof by the respective Collectors aforesaid appointed to gather and collect the same and in case of refusall or neglect shall by warrant of the Mayor or Recorder and any one or more of the Aldermen of the said City under their hands and seals be levy'd by distress and Sale of the offenders goods all which Summe or Sumes of mony Levy'd collected and payd as aforesaid shall be by the respective Collectors aforesaid paid unto the Treasurer of the said City Quarterly and there shall remain untill the same be ordered for the purposes aforesaid by order of the common Councill of the said City and by warrant under the hand and Seale of the Mayor. And be it further Enacted by the authority aforesaid that the Mayor Alderman and assisstants aforesaid shall appoint A scavenger Raker or other officer to be Employed in cleansing the streets, Lanes, Alley's and other places aforesaid within the said City and at Least once in every week shall carry or cause to be carryed the Ashes, dirte filth and Soyle of the said Street's, Laynes, Alleys and other places unto such Place or Places where he shall think convenient. Provided that it shall not be Noisome or hurtfull to any of the Inhabitants of the said City, which Scavenger Raker or other Officer to be Employed as aforesaid shall have such yearly sallary or wages as the Mayor or Recorder Aldermen and assistants aforesaid shall in their discretion think needfull to be Paid out of the mon'y assessed and Payd as aforesaid by warrant upon the Treasurer of the said City as aforesaid. And be it further Enacted That if the Mayor or Recorder Aldermen and Assistants aforesaid shall refuse delay or neglect to Nominate and appoint overseers yearly as is before appointed that then each of them for such default shall Loose and forfeit for every such default five pound's to be Employed for the reliefe of the Poor, of the said City to be Levved by distress on their good's by warrant from the Generall Sessions of the Peace of the said City. And if any Overseer assessor or Collector shall refuse neglect or delay to Serve and Execute the respective duty's before menconed and required shall for each default that shall happen loose and forfeit the summe of five pound's to be Levy'd by distress & Employed as aforesaid by warrant under the hand and seale of the Mayor or Recorder or any two of the Aldermen of the said City Provided that nothing herein contained shall continue or Remain Longer in force then for the space and term' of two years next after the Publicacon hereof.

1697

Public workhouses directed to be provided by Governor Bellomont.

"You are to endeavor with the Assistance of the Council to provide for the raising and building of public workhouses in convenient places for the employing of poor and indigent people." (Instructions to Governor Richard Bellomont of the Province of New York from His Majesty by James Vernon, August 31, 1697. "Documents Relative to the Colonial History of the State of New York," Vol. IV., page 290.)

1699

No such thing as a beggar in New York.

"A Bill to enforce the building of publick workhouses (which is another instruction from his Majesty) to imploy the poor and also vagabonds I offered to the Assembly, but they smiled at it, because indeed there is no such as a beggar in this town or country: and I believe there is not a richer populace any where in the King's dominions than is in this Town." (From the Earl of Bellomont to the Lords Commissioners for Trade and Plantations, April the 27th 1699. "Documents Relating to the Colonial History of the State of New York," Vol. IV., page 511. O'Callaghan.)

1701
*Chapter 96
Vol. I, page 456

Repeals former statutes and provides that each town or parish shall care for its own poor. Justices of the peace to audit accounts.

The full text of this act is as follows:

An Act for Repealing an Act of ye General Assembly of this Province Entituled, An Act for Defraying the publick & necessary Charge throu'out this Province, for maintaining the Poor, and preventing Vagabonds Except so much thereof as relates to Vagabonds, and for the Appointing more Effectual means for defraying the publick and necessary Charge in Each City and County, and for maintaining the poor.

WHEREAS there is an Act of the Generall Assembly of this Province, made in the year of our Lord 1691. Entituled and Act for defraying the publick and necessary Charge thro'out this Province, and for maintaining the poor and preventing of Vagabonds, which said Act hath been by Experience found to be very Inconvenient and burthensome to the Inhabitants of this Province, and hath occasioned many heats, animosities, Strifes and Debates, and other differences, all which being Considered the Representatives now in Generall Assembly Convened, do most humbly pray that it may be declared and Enacted, and it is hereby declared and Enacted by his Hon'r

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(1701)

the Lieu't Gov'r and Council, and Representatives in this General Assembly Convened, and by the Authority of the Same, That the said before mentioned Act of Assembly and every Article and Clause therein Contained, Except so much thereof as relates to Vagabonds, be and is hereby repealed, reversed, made and declared null and void to all Intents, Constructions and purposes whatsoever, as if the said Act, had never been made and Enacted, To the End nevertheless, that the publick and necessary Charge in each City and County may be duly defrayed, the poor maintained, and Vagabonds and people of ill behaviour Discountenanced, Be it declared and Enacted by his Hon'r the Lieu't Govr and Council, and Representatives now in Generall Assembly Conven'd, And it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Justices of the Peace of the respective Countyes of this Province, or any five or more of them, Two whereof to be of the Quorum, shall once in the year at a Court of Generall or Speciall Sessions, Supervise, Examine and allow the publick and necessary Charge of their Respective County, and of every Town thereof, part of which the allowance made by Law to their Representative or Representatives, shall be deemed and accounted to be, and upon Examinacon and allowance of the said Acco'ts, they or the major part of them, as aforesaid, are hereby Impowered to Issue their warrant to the Severall Towns in said County, under their hands and Seals, or the hands and Seals of the Major part of them, for the Chusing and Electing of two Assessors and one Collector in each of their Towns or County, for the Assessing and Collecting of the Sum and Sums of Money So allowed by the Justices aforesaid; and if any Justices of the peace Shall neglect or refuse to put this Act in Execution, he shall forfeit fifty pounds; and if any Town or Towns Shall refuse, neglect or delay to Choose Assessors and Collectors, as aforesaid, at Such times as by the said Justices shall be appointed, Such Town shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty pounds to his Maty, all such Sums to be recovered in the Supream Court of Judicature in this Province, where no Essoin, protection, Wager of Law, or any more than one Impar lance shall be allowed; and if the said Assessors shall refuse and neglect to assess and rate in twelve days after the said Warrant, and the Collector to Collect and Levy within one and twenty days after assessment, the Sum or Sums of money ordered and allowed, as aforesaid, every person so neglecting or refusing, shall forfeit the Sum of ten pounds Currant mony of this Province, to the County or Town where the Same refusal or neglect shall happen, to be recovered in the respective Court or Courts of Sessions in the County or Countyes aforesaid, and shall be also Imprisoned without Bail or mainprize for three Months by the Court aforesaid; and in Such Case the Justices aforesaid are hereby fully Impowered at Such time as they shall think fitt, to appoint others in the rooms of Such Assessors or Collectors, as aforesaid.

(1701)

AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED BY THE AUTHORITY AFORESAID That the Justices abovesaid are hereby Impowered once in every year to appoint and Elect a Treasurer for their Respective County or Countyes, which Treasurer shall make Such Payments, for the defraying the necessary Charges of each respective County as shall be appointed and allowed by the Justices aforesaid. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED BY THE AUTHORITY AFORESAID, That it shall and may be Lawfull for every Collector Chosen as aforesaid, by Warrant under the hand and Seal of any two or more Justices of the Peace of each Respective County, to Collect and Levy, by distress on the Goods and Chattles of all or any persons refusing or neglecting to pay the Sum or Sums of Money So assessed on them, returning the overplus to the owner, the Charges of Distress and Sale first deducted, which Charge is to be allowed before any two Justices of the Peace; one whereof to be of the Quorum of Such County or Countyes as aforesaid. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED BY THE AUTHORITY AFORESAID, That the Treasurer of each respective County within this Province, shall keep a Distinct book of Acco'ts, Containing a particular Acco't of all the Money, Rates and Assessments aforesaid, and also of all Disbursements and payments by Warrant aforesaid, and once every year he shall bring in his Acco'ts to the Court of Sessions aforesaid, to have the Same Audited, which Said Court is hereby Impowered in each County to Audit the Same under the penalty of one hundred pounds, to be forfeited by the said Treasurer to our Lord the King, in case of his neglect to bring the said account before the said Justices, to be recovered in the Supream Court of Judicature. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, Whereas, it is the Custom & practice of his Ma'tys Realm of England, and all our adjacent Colonies in AMERICA, that every respective Town and Parish doth care and Provide for the Poor who do inhabit in their respective Precincts, as aforesaid, that for the time to come the Justices aforesaid at their respective General Sessions do once in the year make provision for the maintenance and Support of their poor Respectively

And Whereas Severall of the Cittyes and Countyes of this Province have not taken care for the paym't of the Representatives before the first day of this Instant Sessions of the General Assembly, of this Province, BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED, that the respective officers Concerned in this Act for the defraying the publick Charge of each respective City and County, do and shall on or before the day of next, According to the directions of this Act cause due payment to be made to the said Representatives, after such Rates and allowances as were made by an Act of Assembly of this Province in the year, of our Lord One thousand Six hundred Ninety one, entituled, AN ACT FOR ALLOWANCE TO THE REPRESENTATIVES, any thing to the Contrary hereof in any

ways notwithstanding, Provided that no money be Demanded for Service in General Assembly by any person before the year of our Lord One thousand Six hundred Ninety Eight. And whereas the City of New York and Albany, by their Several Charters differ in the wayes and means for the defraying their publick Charge, and maintaining their poor from the Severall Counties of this Province, BE IT THEREFORE DECLARED AND ENACTED BY THE AUTHORITY AFORESAID, that the Common Councils of the said Cityes respectively, are hereby Authorized to follow their former method concerning the premises, and that they be hereby Impowered upon want of money in their Treasury, to raise and Levy upon the Inhabitants of their said Cityes respectively, Such Sum & Sums of money as Shall unto them appear Sufficient to pay their respective Representatives, Bellmen or Watchmen, or Such other necessary and publick Charge as shall be yearly and every year requisite, and necessary, anything in these presents contained to the Contrary thereof in any wayes notwithstanding.

PROVIDED, That no City or County shall raise above three hundred pounds P ann for their public Charge.

Provides for the care of the poor in New York city, and limits annual amount to be raised for such purpose to £300.

1702
*Chapter 115
Vol. I, page 507

The full text of this act is as follows:

An Act for the better Support and Maintenance of the Poor in the City of New York for the future.

WHEREAS the Mayor, Aldermen and Common Council of the City of New York, have represented unto the General Assembly of this Province, that in the late Calamitous Distemper, which it please Almighty God to afflict the Inhabitants of the said City, the number and necessitys of the Poor were much increased; And the Sum of Money raised for the maintenance of the Poor in the said City, was farr short of giving them a necessary Support in this Emergency, for Remedy whereof and for the better Support and maintenance, for the future. Be it Enacted by his Excellency the Governour and Council and Representatives Conven'd in General Assembly, and by Authority of the Same, That hence forth it shall and may be Lawfull for such persons as are Impowered to Raise and provide for the Maintenance of the Minister and the poor of the Said City, Annually in the Month of January, upon any Such Emergency, or whensoever a necessary Support or Supply for maintenance of the Poor of the said City, shall be wanted, at any other time, thro' out the wholl year to Assemble and meet together, and make Such further necessary requisite supply by

*Volume and page refer to "Colonial Laws of New York," from which those notes and transcripts are made. The chapters agree with those of Livingston & Smith, and Van Schaack.

(1702)

a Tax upon the Inhabitants of the said City, for the use of the Poor, as they shall Judge Sufficient not Exceeding three hundred pounds mony of this Colony for one year to be Levied, Assessed, Collected and paid by Such persons, & in Such manner, and under like penaltyes respectively, as are provided in the Act of Assembly of this Province, Entituled, An Act for Settling a Ministry and raising a maintenance for them in the city of New york &c made in the fourth Year of King William and Queen Mary, anything in the said Act, or any other to the Contrary thereof in any ways notwithstanding.

Provided, That this Act, nor anything therein contained, shall be of force any Longer than for the Space and time of two years from the publishing hereof.

Act for the better maintenance of the poor in New York.

"The general Assembly of this Colony met (according to the Adjournment) on the 20th of October last at Jamaica, and sat there till the 14 of November on which day I^d did at the request of the House, adjourn them to New York to meet there on the 16 of November (the sickness, God be praised, quite over) there they continued their sessions till the 27 of November during which time they passed several bills in number fifteen of which I send your Lordships Transcripts under the Seale of this Colony for your approbation and hope the Queen will be pleased to approve of them * * * * * The 15th for the better maintenance of the poor is extremely wanted in this city." (Lord Cornbury to the Lords Commissioners for Trade and Plantations, Dec. 1702. "Documents Relative to the Colonial History of the State of New York," Vol. IV., page 1004. O'Callaghan.)

*Chapter 118
Vol. I, page 514

Making provision for the execution of poor felons, and the burial of the poor.

1703
*Chapter 133
Vol. I, page 539

Explaining previous laws relating to the poor and to vagabonds.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT for the better Explaining and more Effectual putting in Execucon An Act of General Assembly made in the third yeare of the Reign of their late Majties King Wm. and Queen Mary Entituled An Act for defraying of the Publick and necessary Charge thro'out this Province and for mainteining the Poor and preventing Vagabonds.

Forasmuch as many disputes Cavills Controversies and mistakes have happened and been Occasioned as well by the Gen-

*Volume and page refer to "Colonial Laws of New York," from which those notes and transcripts are made. The chapters agree with those of Livingston & Smith, and Van Schaack.

(1703)

erallity of the Words in a Certain Act of General Assembly Entituled An Act for Defraying of the Publick and necessary Charge thro'out this Province and for mainteining the Poor and preventing Vagabonds, as many other Omissions and defects Experience has found and observed in the same Act. Be it therefore Enacted by the Governour and Council and Representatives Conveen'd in General Assembly and by the Authority of the Same. That be Elected and Chosen once every year, in each respective Town within this Province by the ffreeholders and Inhabitants thereof, one of their ffreeholders and Inhabitants to Compute Ascertaine Examine Oversee and allow the Contingent Publick and necessary Charge of each County, And that each and every Inhabitant being a ffreeholder in any manor Liberty Jurisdiccon Precinct and out Plantacon shall have Liberty to Joine his or their Vote with the next Adjacent Towne in the County where such Inhabitant shall dwell for Choice of a Supervisor Except the Mannor of Renslaerwick who shall have liberty to Choose a Supervisor for the same manor. And also that there shall be in each Town Mannor and precinct by the ffreeholders and Inhabitants thereof in every respective County Annually Chosen two Assessors and one Collector which Supervisors Assessors and Collectors shall be Annually Chose in every Town on the first Tuesday in Aprill or Such days as is appointed by their Charters or Pattents which Supervisors so Chosen shall Annually meet at the County Town in each respective County on the first Tuesday in October and at such other time and times as the said Supervisors shall Judge and find Necessary and Convenient to Examine & Compute all Such Publick necessary and Contingent Charges as they shall find their respective Countys properly Chargeable w'th and all Such other Sum or Sums of money as shall be Imposed or laid on the same Countys by the Laws of the Collony wch Computacon being made and perfected and the proporeon of each Town, Mannor, Liberty Jurisdiccon and Precinct within the respective Countys ascertained & appointed wch the said Supervisors or the Major part of them for the Several Countys respectively are hereby Impowered and required to Ascertain and appoint shall be transmitted under the hands and Seals of the said Supervisors to the Assessors of each respective Town Mannor, Liberty Jurisdiccon and Precinct Chosen as aforesaid wch Assessors are hereby required Equally duely and Impartially to Assess and make a Rate for their Respective proportions being first Sworn Equally duely & Impartially to make Such Assessment before any of the Justices of the Peace for the Same County where such Assessors shall reside (who are hereby authorized and Required to Administer Such oath) wch Assessment being so made shall be delivered to the respective Collectors who are by this Act Impowered to Collect and pay the Same, unto the County Treasurer who shall be Annually

(1703)

Chose in each respective County by the Supervisors aforesaid, And if any person or persons shall refuse or neglect to pay the said Assessment or Rate that it shall & may be Lawfull for the Collectors aforesaid to Collect and Levy the Same by Distress on the Goods & Chattles of the Defaulters by Warrant under the hand and Seal of the Supervisors of each respective County aforesaid or the Major part of them who are hereby obliged to Affix Such Warrant aforesaid to each Assessment so to be transmitted to the Collector as aforesaid who are hereby required to pay and Lodge in the hands of the Treasurer of each respective County the sum and sums of money by them respectively Collected according to the Computacon of the Contingent Charges made and perfected as aforesaid And the Said Treasurer shall receive and pay all Such Sum and Sums of money Assessed Collected and paid in, as aforesaid according to the said Computacon by warrant under the hands and seales of the said Supervisors or the Major part of them respectively, And the said Treasurers shall keep a distinct Book of Accot's of the receipts Disbursements and payments of the money so Assessed and Collected as before menconed. And once every year at the Annual Meeting of the said Supervisors bring in and Exhibite his or their Accounts before them for their Audit thereof. And they are and shall be hereby made lyable to an Accon of Accot to the Supervisors of each County or the major part of them respectively for all Such Sum or Sums of money they shall receive as aforesaid, w'ch Said Supervisors are by this Act Impowered and Entituled to Sue Maintain & prosecute such Action for the use of their respective Countys and the said Treasurers shall and may plead & Discharge themselves in such manner as other Receivers or Bailiffs by the Law may can or ought to do. And further that the said Collectors shall be allowed to take and Receive Nine pence for each pound they shall so Collect as aforesaid, And that the said Treasurers shall retain and have Six pence on ye pound for what moneys they shall receive and pay as aforesaid to witt three pence for receiving and three pence for paying And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid That if the Supervisor or Supervisors Assessor or Assessors Collector or Collectors Treasurer or Treasurers so Chose as aforesaid shall deny neglect refuse delay or faile to do performe and Execute all and every or any Clause Article thing and things required and Contained in this Act, on such days times & in manner hereinbefore Expressed according to the true Intent and meaning thereof. They and each of them so denying neglecting or refuseing delaying or failing as aforesaid shall forfeit five pounds Currant money of this Collony for every Such their Offence to be recovered by the person or persons who is or shall be delayed wronged or injured by any such their or any of their offence in any of her Matys Courts in this Collony wherein no Essoin Protection wager of Law or any more than one Emparliance shall be

allowed, besides being lyable to an Accon of Trespass grounded on the Case to every Such person who shall be so delayed Wronged or Injured any Law Statute or Usage to the Contrary hereof in any wise notwithstanding.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid That the Supervisors Assessors and Collectors for the severall and respective Towns within this Collony from whom Yearly Quit Rents or Cheif Rents are due or hereafter shall become due or on whom Such Rents are Chargeable are hereby Impowered and Required to take Effectual care that the Same be duely and truly paid, according to the true Intent meaning and Expression of their Severall Patents and Grants and that the Same Assessors shall Yearly and every year Assess the several ffreeholders of the said Towns Respectively according to the part share & proporcon of Lands within each respective Town Such ffreeholder or ffreeholders shall have hold possess and enjoy for and towards the Dischargeing and paying such Cheif or Quit Rent or Rents Respectively, and that the said Collector shall by Warrant under the hand and Seale of the Supervisor Collect Levy and pay the same in such manner as before in this Act is set forth and Expressed for the Raising Assessing Collecting and paying the publick and necessary Charge of each County in this Collony.

And be it also Enacted by the Authority aforesaid That in Case any Supervisor Assessor Collector or Treasurer after having been so Chosen and Elected as aforesaid shall happen to dye refuse to Serve or depart the Collony after such his Election and before the end and Expiracon of the year for wch he or they are Chosen the respective Town or County where such person shall happen to dye refuse or depart from shall and may and are hereby Authorized and required to proceed to a new Choice of Such Collector Assessor Supervisor or Treasurer as shall be wanting for the remaining part of the year, And in case the ffreeholders and Inhabitants of any Town or Precinct or the Supervisors of any County within this Collony shall neglect deny or refuse to Elect and Chose A supervisor Assessor Collector or Treasurer in the manner in this Act before Exprest. The Justices of the peace of the respective Counties wherein such Town of precinct shall lye or the major part of them being not under the number of five are hereby Authorized Impowered and required under their hands and Seals to nominate and appoint a Supervisor or Supervisors Assessor or Assessors Collector or Collectors or Treasurer in the Room Stead and place of Such Supervisors Assessors Collectors or Treasurers so omitted to be Chosen, who shall be Supervisors Assessors Collectors and Treasurers to all Intents and purposes with the like powers and Subject to the same Rules Pains and Penalties as any supervisor Assessor Collector or Treasurer Chosen or Intended to be Chosen and Elected pursuant to and by Virtue of this Act.

- 1708
*Chapter 171
Vol. I, page 617 Surplus of penalties collected in suppressing immor-
ality to be given to the overseers of the poor for sup-
port of the poor.
- 1719
*Chapter 376
Vol. I, page 1629 Certain part of penalties collected by pound keepers
to be applied to support of the poor.
- 1721
*Chapter 410
Vol. II, page 56 Vagrant and idle persons to be apprehended,
brought before a justice of the peace or mayor, and
returned to their lawful settlements.
- *Chapter 412
Vol. II, page 62 Providing for the equitable assessment of taxes for
the support of the minister and the poor in New York,
Queens, Richmond and Westchester counties.
- 1729
*Chapter 543
Vol. II, page 571 Moiety of certain penalties to be paid to overseers
to be applied to the support of the poor.
- 1732
*Chapter 590
Vol. II, page 766 An act for the speedy punishing and releasing of
vagrant and idle persons.
- 1733
*Chapter 599
Vol. II, page 821 Moiety of certain penalties to be applied to the sup-
port of the poor.
- *Chapter 601
Vol. II, page 825 Moiety of certain penalties to be applied to the sup-
port of the poor.
- 1737
*Chapter 651
Vol. II, page 952 An act to restrain tavern keepers from selling
strong liquors to servants and apprentices.
- *Chapter 663
Vol. II, page 988 Moiety of penalty for peddling without a license, to
go to support of the poor.
- *Chapter 664
Vol. II, page 992 Moiety of sales and fines on impounded swine to be
applied to support of the poor.
- 1740
*Chapter 698
Vol. III, page 77 Moiety of fines collected under act to prevent
abuses in the repacking of beef and pork, to be ap-
plied to support of the minister and the poor in New
York city.
- *Chapter 705
Vol. III, page 126 Providing for support and burials of the poor in
Dutchess county, at the expense of the county.

An Act for the better Relief of the Poor in Dutchess County.
Chapter 705.

WHEREAS the Inquest and Burial of Persons coming to
Accidental Deaths in the Said County, and Leaving no Estate

*Volume and page refer to "Colonial Laws of New York," from
which those notes and transcripts are made. The chapters agree with
those of Livingston & Smith, and Van Schaack.

(1740)

to Defray the necessary Expence thereof; and that the Relieving of the Poor in the Same County, hath often fallen a heavy Burden upon Some Perticular People, by reason the Supervizors of the Said County declined to allow the Same as a propper county charge, upon a notion That the Act Intituled an Act for Defraying the Publick & necessary Charge Throughout this Province, and for maintaining the Poor & preventing Vagabonds, did not give Them Sufficient Power & authority so to do, For Remedy of which Inconveniences.

BE it declared & Enacted by the Lieutenant Governour the Council & the General Assembly, and it is hereby Enacted by the authority of the Same, That when an Inquest & Burial Shall happen in the Said County, of Persons coming to Accidental deaths, who Leave no Estates or Effects out of which the same can be discharged, or that any Poor Living & Residing in the Said County, Shall Stand in real need of Relief, application Shall & may be made to the Sessions of the Peace to be held for the Said County, and if it appears to the Justices then convened, That in either of the Cases above Mentioned, Propper Provision ought to be made and Such Provision as They or the Major Part of Them Shall Thereupon Judge really Just Reasonable and necessary & within the Bounds of Moderation, They are to Certify under their hands to the Supervizors of the Said County for the time being & the Same being produced to Them at their Annual meeting, They are to ad the Perticulars thereof to the County Rate of the aforegoing Year, and to cause the Same to be Levyed & Collected therewith and to order the Treasurer to make Payment of Such allowances as in & by Such Certificates as aforesaid Shall be Certified & Directed, any former usage or Practice in the Said County to the contrary hereof notwithstanding.

AND to prevent disputes which may arise concerning the matters aforesaid, which may have heretofore happened in Said County, Be it Enacted by the Same Authority, That neither the Justices in their Sessions or the Supervizors at their meeting, Shall allow of or Provide for any Claims whatever for any of the Matters hereinbefore Mentioned, which have accrued or happened in the Said County before the commencement of this act.

BUT if any Particular Places or Precincts in the Said county are in arrear of any Former Taxes, They Shall nevertheless be obliged to discharge Such arrears Respectively upon Warrants to be Issued for that Purpose in the Sessions of the Peace under the hands & Seals of the Justices then convened.

THIS ACT to be & Remain of Force from its Publication, To the Twenty-Fifth day of December, which will be in the Year One Thousand Seven Hundred & Forty Three

1741

Act for the better relief of the poor in Dutchess county.

"I do myself the honor to send to your Lordships; the minutes of Council and the acts past last session, viz * * * * An act for the better relief of the poor in Dutchess County. In other Counties the Supervizors have raised money for the purposes mentioned in the Act, but in this they have made some scruple, to remove these Scruples for the future this Act is past." (Lieutenant-Governor George Clarke of the Province of New York to the Lords of Trade, April 22, 1741. "Documents Relative to the Colonial History of the State of New York, Vol. VI., page 185. O'Callaghan.)

*Chapter 713
Vol. III, page 166

Reviving the act of 1737 to restrain tavern keepers from selling strong liquors to servants and apprentices.

*Chapter 718
Vol. III, page 179

Providing that merchants or tradesmen taking up a residence in New York city after tax lists have been completed, must contribute their share toward the support of the poor.

*Chapter 722
Vol. III, page 184

Servants and apprentices forbidden to frequent hotels and gaming houses. Moiety of certain penalties to be applied to support of the poor.

*Chapter 726
Vol. III, page 199

Proceeds of sales of strayed cattle and sheep to be applied to support of the poor.

1743
*Chapter 754
Vol. III, page 333

An act for the better relief of the poor in Dutchess county. Charges to defray expenses in cases of poor persons who die accidental deaths, to be a charge upon the whole county. Care of poor persons, to be a charge upon the town or precinct where the relief is granted.

The full text of this act is as follows:

An Act for the better Relief of poor in Dutchess County.

WHEREAS the Inquest & Burial of Persons coming to Accidental Deaths in the Said County, & leaving no Estate to Defray the necessary expence thereof, and that the Relieving of the Poor in the Same County hath been often heavy upon some particular Persons, by reason the Supervizors of the Said County, Declined to allow the Same as a proper County Charge under

*Volume and page refer to "Colonial Laws of New York," from which those notes and transcripts are made. The chapters agree with those of Livingston & Smith, and Van Schaack.

pretence that the Act Intituled an Act for Defraying the publick & Necessary Charge Throughout this Province & for maintaining the Poor & preventing Vagabonds, did not give them Sufficient Power & Authority so to doe, for remedy of which Inconveniencies.

BE it Declared & Enacted by his Excellency the Governour the Council & the General Assembly, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority of the Same, that when an Inquest and Burial Shall happen in the Said County of Persons coming to Accidental Deaths, who leave no Estates out of which the Same can be Discharged, or that any Poor living & residing in the said County Shall Stand in real need of Relief, Application Shall & may be made to the Sessions of the Peace to be held for the Said County, and if it appears to the Justices then convened, that in either of the Cases above mentioned, proper Provision ought to be made, and Such Provision as they or the major part of them Shall thereupon Judge really Just reasonable & Necessary, within the bounds of moderation, They are to Certify under their hands to the Supervizors of the Said County for the time being, and the Same being Produced to them at their Annual meeting, they are to add the Charge that may Accrue by the means aforesaid in the manner following, that is to Say, the charge of the Poor which Shall happen in the Respective Precincts of the Said County Shall be Defrayed by the Particular Precinct in which Such Charge Shall arise & for THAT purpose Shall be added to their Respective Quotas of the Annual County rates & the Charges which Shall arise by the Inquest & Burial of Persons coming to Accidental Deaths, who have no Effects or Estate, out of which the Same can be Discharged shall be a general Charge to the whole County

AND be it further Enacted by the Same Authority that when the Supervizors at their Annual Meeting Shall have Settled the County Charge of the foregoing year, They shall add thereto the Charge of the Poor, and the Inquest & Burial of Such dead Bodies as aforesaid in the manner hereinbefore directed, and then to Issue warrants under their hands & Seals for Assessing Levying & Collecting the whole amount thereof & for Paying the Same to the County Treasurer, out of which they are to Order the Said Treasurer to make Payments, as well of the Charges Aforesaid, as of all other matters & Articles that shall be Allowed by them as a County Charge unto the Several Persons who shall respectively be Intituled to the Particulars thereof.

This Act to be and Remain of Force from the Twenty-fifth day of December in this present year one Thousand Seven Hundred & Forty Three Until the Twenty fifth day of December which will be in the year, of our Lord One Thousand Seven Hundred & Fifty.

1744
*Chapter 777
Vol. III, page 415

Providing for the election of overseers of the poor in the counties of Orange and Suffolk, prescribing their duties and providing for the raising of funds to care for the poor.

1745
*Chapter 791
Vol. III, page 449

Reviving the act of 1741 to care for the minister and the poor of New York city.

1747
*Chapter 855
Vol. III, page 674

An act for the relief of the poor in Suffolk county. Overseers of the poor to be elected annually. Able bodied poor persons to be set to work. Poor children to be apprenticed,—males to the age of twenty-one; females to the age of eighteen. Overseers to provide dwelling for the poor where they may be set to work at the charge of town, manor or precinct.

The full text of this act is as follows:

An Act for the Relief of the Poor in the County of Suffolk.

BE IT ENACTED by his Excellency the Governour, the Council & the General Assembly, and it is hereby enacted by the Authority of the Same That it Shall and may be Lawfull for the Freeholders & Inhabitants of each respective, Town, Mannor & Precinct, in the County of Suffolk, at their annual Meetings for Electing officers, to choose & Elect at the Same Time, so many Persons To be Overseers of the Poor, as the Majority of the Freeholders and Inhabitants of Such, Town, Mannor, or Precinct then present, Shall Judge necessary.

AND be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Overseers, or the greater Part of Them respectively, by and with the consent of Two, or more Justices of the Peace, Dwelling in or near Such, Town, Mannor, or Precinct, Shall take order from Time to Time, for Setting to work, all Such Persons, Married or Unmarried, as have no visible means to maintain Themselves, and also to raise a Competent Sum of Money Yearly to Purchase proper materials for the Poor to work on; For the necessary Relief of Such Poor People, as are not able to work; and for putting poor Children apprentices, which Sum of Money They the said Overseers with consent as aforesaid, are hereby authorised and required to ascertain, and the Same being so ascertained, Shall be assessed, Levyed, and collected, by Warrant from the said Justices Directed to the Assessors and Collectors, of each respective Town, Mannor and Precinct, chargeable therewith, in the Same Manner, as the other necessary & Contingent Charges of the said County are, And the

*Volume and page refer to "Colonial Laws of New York," from which those notes and transcripts are made. The chapters agree with those of Livingston & Smith, and Van Schaack.

same being so Assessed, Levied & Collected, Shall be paid, unto the overseers of each respective Town, Mannor, & Precinct, on or before the Twenty fifth of March in every year for the uses aforesaid.

(1747)

AND be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said overseers, or the Major part of them, by & with Consent as aforesaid, are hereby impowered, To bind apprentices, all Such Children, whose Parents Shall not by the Overseers and Justices as aforesaid, be Thought able to keep and maintain them, where They the said overseers & Justices as aforesaid Shall see convenient 'til Such male Child, come to the age of Twenty-one years, & Such Female Child to the age of Eighteen.

AND be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, that the overseers or major part of them, by & with consent as aforesaid, Shall find & Provide, in each Town, Manor, & Precinct in the County aforesaid for the Dwelling of the Poor, & Setting them to work, Some fit and convenient place, at the charge of the respective, Town, Mannor, or Precinct, where the Same may be, Which Charge Shall be Ascertained, Assessed, Levied, Collected, and paid as above.

AND be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said overseers, or such of them, as have received Such Sum or Sums of Money, & as Shall not be hindered by Sickness, or other Just Excuse to be allowed of by two or more Justices of the Peace, of the said County, Shall meet Together, once every year at the least, in each respective, Town, Mannor and Precinct, And shall render upon oath, unto Two Such Justices of the Peace as aforesaid, a True & Perfect Account of all Such Sum or Sums of Money by them so Received and applyed as aforesaid, And all such Sum or Sums of Money as Shall be in their hands, Shall Pay & deliver over to the overseers respectively who Shall be Elected in each Town, & Precinct, for the next ensuing year, upon Penalty of Twenty Shillings, To be recovered before any one Justice of the Peace of the said County, To be applied to & for the Relief of the Poor where the Default shall happen.

An act to restrain tavern keepers and innholders from selling strong liquors to servants and apprentices. Moiety of penalty to be paid toward support of the poor.

1750
*Chapter 881
Vol. III, page 756

Continuing the act of 1743 relative to the care of the poor in Dutchess county.

*Chapter 896
Vol. III, page 784

Unclaimed proceeds of sale of impounded swine in Mannor of Livingston to be paid the elders and

1752
*Chapter 924
Vol. III, page 881

*Volume and page refer to "Colonial Laws of New York," from which those notes and transcripts are made. The chapters agree with those of Livingston & Smith, and Van Schaack.

deacons of the Dutch Protestant Church, for the use of the poor.

1754
*Chapter 964
Vol. III, page
1017

An act for the relief of the poor in Dutchess county. Overseers to purchase material and set to work all persons having no visible means of support. Poor children to be apprenticed: males to twenty-one, and females to eighteen. Overseers to provide dwelling for the poor where they may be set to work at the charge of their precinct.

1755
*Chapter 991
Vol. III, page
1142

Reviving an act requiring persons moving to New York city to engage in trade after the assessment of the annual tax, to pay their just dues toward the support of the minister and the poor.

1756
*Chapter 1021
Vol. IV, page 95

Reviving the act of 1721 entitled "An act to prevent vagrant and idle persons from being a charge and expense to any of the counties, cities, towns, manors or precincts within this province."

1760
*Chapter 1123
Vol. IV, page 468

Reviving the act of 1743, which was continued by the act of 1750, for the better relief of the poor in Dutchess county.

1763
*Chapter 1224
Vol. IV, page 728

An act for the relief of the poor in the manor of Cortlandt in the county of Westchester. Provides for the annual election of three overseers of the poor who may hire some fit and convenient dwelling place where the poor having no visible means of support may be set to work. Children of the poor may be apprenticed; males to the age of twenty-one, females to eighteen.

1766
*Chapter 1306
Vol. IV, page 924

An act for the regulation of servants.

1768
*Chapter 1340
Vol. IV, page 977

An act for choosing constables and prescribing fine for refusal to serve. Overplus of such fines to be paid toward support of the poor.

*Chapter 1375
Vol. IV, page
1060

Providing for the annual election of two overseers of the poor in each town and precinct in Ulster and

*Volume and page refer to "Colonial Laws of New York," from which those notes and transcripts are made. The chapters agree with those of Livingston & Smith, and Van Schaack.

Orange counties, who are to furnish work for the poor and apprentice poor children.

Continuing the act of 1743, revived by the act of 1760, for the better relief of the poor in Dutchess county.

1769
*Chapter 1415
Vol. V, page 18

Penalties collected of hawkers and peddlers, to be paid toward support of the poor.

1770
*Chapter 1433
Vol. V, page 68

Trustees of the freeholders and commonalty of the town of Kingston to act as overseers of the poor. Moiety of fine collected from constables who fail to qualify after election, to go to support the poor.

1770
*Chapter 1452
Vol. V, page 99

Moiety of penalties collected of innkeepers and tavern keepers for allowing children under sixteen years of age to play games in hotels, or for selling them strong liquor, to go toward the support of the poor.

*Chapter 1453
Vol. V, page 100

Unclaimed proceeds from the sale of impounded swine, to be applied toward the maintenance of the poor.

*Chapter 1456
Vol. V, page 108

Moiety of penalties for selling liquor without a license to be applied to support of the poor.

*Chapter 1467
Vol. V, page 141

An act empowering the vestrymen to assess a tax for support of the minister and the poor in New York city.

1771
*Chapter 1469
Vol. V, page 143

"The Society of the Hospital in the City of New York in America."

1771

This Society was incorporated June 13, 1771 by a charter granted by King George the Third. This was the result of a subscription set on foot for the purpose of erecting a public hospital in the City of New York, and the King in view of the beneficial tendency of such an institution "calculated for relieving the diseases of the indigent," granted the charter.

The Society of the Hospital of the City of New York in America to receive an annual appropriation of £800, to be paid from excise duties laid on strong

1772
*Chapter 1550
Vol. V, page 367

*Volume and page refer to "Colonial Laws of New York," from which those notes and transcripts are made. The chapters agree with those of Livingston & Smith, and Van Schaack.

(1772) liquors retailed in New York city. Hospital to receive and treat all sick poor persons who are residents of any county within the colony, without compensation.

*Chapter 1557
Vol. V, page 398

An act to prevent infectious distempers. Two-thirds of penalty for violation to be applied to support of the poor.

*Chapter 1562
Vol. V, page 411

Providing for the election of officers in the county of Charlotte. Each township to elect two overseers of the poor annually. Defines their duties and prescribes a penalty of £5 for refusal to serve.

1773
*Chapter 1600
Vol. V, page 513

An act for the settlement and relief of the poor. On complaint of the church wardens or overseers of the poor, poor persons not having resided within the parish, town, precinct or district for a period of forty days may be returned to their place of legal settlement, cost of such removals to be borne by the place of legal settlement. Persons feeling themselves aggrieved may apply to justices of the peace for relief. To guard against errors of settlement, notice in writing must be given to the church wardens or overseers of the poor by a person on taking up a residence in a new place, with the number of his or her family. Which notice must be entered within forty-eight hours in a book kept for that purpose. Failure to record such notice is punishable by a fine or imprisonment in a common jail. Holding a public office for one year or paying taxes for two years was deemed to give one a legal settlement in that particular precinct or town. Unmarried persons not having any children, lawfully hired and continuing to abide in the same service for a year, or an apprenticeship constitutes settlement. The father and grandfather, mother and grandmother (being of sufficient

*Volume and page refer to "Colonial Laws of New York," from which those notes and transcripts are made. The chapters agree with those of Livingston & Smith, and Van Schaack.

ability) of any poor, lame or decrepit person or persons not being able to support themselves, and becoming chargeable to any city, town or district, and the children and grandchildren (being of sufficient ability) of every poor, old, blind, lame or impotent person not being able to maintain themselves, and becoming chargeable as aforesaid, shall severally at his, her or their expense maintain such poor person. Real and personal property of absconding fathers or mothers may be seized on the warrant of justices of the peace and applied toward the maintenance and education of the children.

(1773)

AN ACT FOR THE SETTLEMENT AND RELIEF OF THE POOR.

(Passed March 8, 1773.)

WHEREAS the Laws of this Colony relating to the settlement and support of the Poor, are very deficient and ineffectual for that purpose.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED By his Excellency the Governor the Council and the General Assembly and it is hereby enacted by the Authority of the same. That from and after the passing hereof it shall and may be lawful upon Complaint made by the Church-Wardens or Overseers of the Poor of any Parish Town Precinct or District Within this Colony to any Justice of the Peace within forty Days after any Person or Persons shall come to settle in such Parish, Town, Precinct or District in any Tenement under the Yearly Value of five Pounds, for any two Justices of the Peace whereof one to be of the Quorum, in or next unto the Parish Town Precinct or District where any such person or persons that are likely to be chargeable to the Parish Town Precinct or District, shall come to inhabit by their Warrant to remove and convey such person or persons to such Parish, Town, Precinct or District where he she or they were last legally settled either as a Native, Householder sojourner Apprentice or Servant for the space of forty Days at the least unless he or she or they give sufficient security for the Discharge of the said Parish Town Precinct or District to be allowed by the said two Justices.

PROVIDED ALWAYS, That all such Persons who think themselves aggrieved by any such Judgment of the said two Justices may appeal to the Justices of the Peace of the County wherein the Parish Town Precinct or District from which such Poor person or persons is or are removed doth lie, at their next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace who are hereby

(1773) required to do them Justice according to the Merits of their Cause.

AND forasmuch as poor persons at their first coming to any Place, may conceal themselves, BE IT THEREFORE HEREBY PROVIDED AND ENACTED by the same Authority, That the forty Days continuance of such Person or Persons in any such place intended by this Act to make a Settlement shall be accounted from the Entry or Record of a Notice in writing which he or she shall deliver of the House of his or her abode and the Number of his or her Family if he or she have any, to one of the Church Wardens or Overseers of the Poor of such place to which they shall so remove; and the said Church Wardens or Overseers of the Poor is or are hereby required to register or cause to be registered the said Notice in Writing in the Book kept for the Poors Accounts and within forty eight Hours after the Receipt thereof.

PROVIDED ALWAYS AND BE IT ENACTED by the Authority aforesaid. That no Soldier, Seaman, Shipwright or other Artificer or Workman employed in his Majesty's Service shall have any settlement in any Place by delivery and publication of a Notice in writing as aforesaid unless the same be after the Dismission of such person out of his Majesty's service.

AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED by the Authority Aforesaid, That if any Church Wardens or Overseers of the Poor shall refuse or neglect to register or cause to be registered such Notice in Writing as aforesaid in such Manner and Time as aforesaid he or they for every such Offence (upon proof thereof by two credible Witnesses upon oath before any Justice of the Peace for the same County City or Town Corporate where complaint thereof shall be made) shall forfeit the Sum of forty shillings for the use of the party grieved, to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of any Justice of the Peace within the said Jurisdictions respectively, directed to the Constable of the City Parish, Town, Precinct or District where such Offender or Offenders dwell, the Overplus, if any be, to be returned to the Owner or Owners, and for want of such sufficient Distress, the said Justice shall commit him or them to the common Goal of the said County City or Town Corporate there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for the space of twenty Days.

PROVIDED ALWAYS, AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED by the same Authority, That if any Person who shall come to Inhabit in any City Parish Town Precinct or District, shall for himself and on his own Account execute any public annual Office or charge in the said City, Parish, Town Precinct or District during one whole year, or shall be charged with and pay his share towards the Public Taxes or Levies of the said City, Parish, Town, Precinct or District for the space of two years, then he shall be adjudged and deemed to have a legal

Settlement in the same, though no such Notice in writing be delivered and registered as before required.

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AND IT IS HEREBY FURTHER ENACTED, That if any unmarried person not having a Child or Children shall be lawfully hired in any City, Parish, Town, Precinct or District for one Year and shall continue and abide in the same Service during the Space of one whole year, such service shall be adjudged and deemed a good settlement therein though no such Notice be delivered and registered as is hereinbefore required.

AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That if any Person shall be bound an apprentice by Indenture or by any Deed Writing or Contract not Indented and inhabit in any City Town Parish Precinct or District, such binding and inhabitation shall be adjudged a good settlement, though no such Notice in writing be delivered and published as aforesaid.

PROVIDED ALWAYS AND BE IT HEREIN ENACTED, That if any Person or Persons shall find him or her or themselves aggrieved by any Determination which any Justice of the Peace shall make in any of the Cases abovesaid, the said Person or Persons shall have liberty to appeal to the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held for the said County City or Town Corporate, who upon full hearing of the said appeal shall have full power finally to determine the same.

AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED by the Authority aforesaid, That if any person be removed by virtue of this Act from one County City Town Corporate precinct or District to another by Warrant under the Hands and seals of two Justices of the Peace, the Church Wardens or Overseers of the Poor of the said City Parish Town, Precinct or District to which the said person shall be so removed are hereby required to receive the said person, and if he or they shall refuse so to do he or they so refusing or neglecting (upon proof thereof by two credible witnesses upon Oath before any Justice of the Peace of the County City or Town Corporate to which the said person shall be removed.) shall forfeit for each Offence the Sum of ten pounds to the use of the Poor of the City, Parish, Town, Precinct or District from which the said person was removed to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offender or Offenders Goods by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of any Justice of the Peace of the County, City or Town Corporate to which such person was removed, directed to the Constable of the City, Parish, Town precinct or District where such Offended or Offenders dwell, which Warrant the said Justice is hereby impowered and required to make the Overplus if any be to be returned to the Owner or Owners, and for want of such sufficient Distress, then the said Justice shall commit the said Offender or Offenders to the Common Goal of the said County City or Town Corporate there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for the Space of forty Days, provided always and be it hereby enacted, That all such persons who

(1773) think themselves aggrieved with any such Judgment of the said two Justices may appeal to the Justices at their next General or Quarter sessions of the Peace to be held for the County, City or Town-Corporate from which the said Person was so removed, who are hereby required to determine the same.

AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED by the same Authority, That if any Person or Persons whatsoever, that from and after the passing of this Act shall come into any Parish Town Precinct or District there to inhabit and reside shall at the same Time procure bring and deliver to the Church Wardens or Overseers of the Poor of the Parish or place where any such person shall come and inhabit, or to any or either of them a Certificate under the Hands and seals of the Church Wardens or Overseers of the Poor of any other Parish Township, Precinct District or place, or the major part of them, to be attested respectively by two or more credible Witnesses thereby owning and acknowledging the Person or Persons mentioned in the said Certificate to be an Inhabitant or Inhabitants legally settled in that City Parish Town, Precinct District or place every such certificate having been allowed of, subscribed by and duly proved before two or more Justices of the Peace of the County, City or Town Corporate wherein the Parish or Place from whence any such Certificate shall come doth lie, by the Oath of the said Witnesses who attest the execution thereof, or one of them to have been executed by the Church Warden or Church Wardens, Overseer or Overseers signing and sealing the same in the presence of the said Witnesses, and (in Case it is proved by the Oath of one of the Witnesses only,) that the Names of such witnesses are of their own proper handwriting and the said Justices of the Peace certifying that such oath was made before them shall oblige the said Parish or Place to receive and provide for the person mentioned in the said Certificate together with his or her Family as Inhabitants of that Parish, or place whenever he she or they shall happen to become chargeable to, or be forced to ask relief of the Parish Town or Place to which such Certificate was given, and then and not before it shall and may be lawful for any such Person, and his or her children though born in that Parish or Place, not having otherwise acquired a legal Settlement there to be removed conveyed and settled in the Parish or place from whence such Certificate was brought.

AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That every such Certificate so allowed, and Oath of the execution thereof so certified as aforesaid by the said Justices of the Peace shall be taken deemed and allowed in all Courts whatsoever within this Colony as duly and fully proved, and shall be taken and received as Evidence without other proof thereof.

AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED by the same Authority, That no Person or Persons whatsoever who shall come into any Parish or Place by any such Certificate as aforesaid,

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shall be adjudged by any Act whatsoever to have procured a legal settlement in such Parish or Place unless he or they shall really and bona fide rent a Tenement of the Yearly Value of five Pounds or shall execute some annual Office in such Parish or Place, being legally placed in such Office.

AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED by the same Authority. That if any person whatsoever who shall be an Apprentice bound by Indenture to or shall be an hired servant to or with any Person whatsoever who did come into or shall reside in any city Parish Town or Place within this Colony by means or Licence of such Certificate as aforesaid and not afterwards having gained a legal settlement in such City, Town, Parish or Place, such Apprentice by virtue of such Apprenticeship, Indenture or binding and such Servant by being hired by or serving as a Servant as aforesaid to such Person shall not gain or be adjudged to have any settlement in such City Parish Town or Place by reason of such Apprenticeship or binding or by reason of such hiring or serving therein, but every such apprentice and Servant shall have his and their Settlements in such Parish Town or place as if he or they had not been bound Apprentice or Apprentices or had not been an hired servant or Servants to such Person as aforesaid.

AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED by the same Authority, That when any Overseer or Overseers of the Poor of any Parish or Place or other Person shall remove back any Person or Persons or their Families residing in such Parish or Place, or sent thither by Certificate and becoming chargeable as aforesaid to the Parish or Place to which such Person or Persons shall belong, such Overseers or other Person shall be reimbursed such reasonable Charges as they may have been put unto in maintaining and removing such person or persons by the Church Wardens or Overseers of the Poor of the Parish or Place to which such Person or Persons is or are removed the said Charges being first ascertained and allowed of by one or more of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County or Place to which such removal shall be made, which said Charges so ascertained and allowed shall in Case of refusal of payment be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Church Wardens or Overseers of the Poor of the Parish or Place to which such Certificate Person or Persons is or are removed, by Warrant or Warrants under the Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals of such Justice or Justices returning the Overplus if any there be, which Warrant or Warrants he or they are hereby required to grant.

AND BE IT ENACTED by the Authority aforesaid. That from and after the passing of this Act no person or persons shall be deemed adjudged or taken to acquire or gain any settlement in any Parish or Place for or by virtue of any purchase of any Estate or Interest in such Parish or Place, whereof the Consideration for such purchase doth not amount to the Sum of thirty Pounds bona fide paid for any longer or

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further time than such Person or Persons shall inhabit in such Estate, and shall then be liable to be removed to such parish or place where such person or persons were last legally settled before the said purchase and Inhabitaney therein.

AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED by the same Authority, That no appeal or Appeals from any Order or Orders or removal of any Poor person or persons whatsoever from any Parish or Place to another shall be proceeded upon in any Court of General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace unless reasonable Notice be given by the Church Wardens or Overseers of the Poor of such parish or place, who shall make such Appeal unto the Church Wardens or Overseers of the Poor of such Parish or Place from which such poor person or persons shall be removed; The reasonableness of which Notice shall be determined by the Justices of the Peace at the General or Quarter Sessions to which the Appeal is made; and if it shall appear to them that reasonable Time of Notice was not given, then they shall adjourn the said Appeal to the next General or Quarter Sessions, and then and there finally hear and determine the same.

AND for the preventing vexatious Removals and frivolous Appeals BE IT FURTHER ENACTED by the Authority aforesaid. That the Justices of the Peace of any County, City or Town Corporate in their General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace upon any Appeal before them there to be had for and concerning the Settlement of any Poor Person or upon any Proof before them there to be made of Notice of any such Appeal to have been given by the proper Officer to the Church-Wardens or Overseers of the Poor of any Parish or Place (though they did not afterwards Prosecute such Appeal) shall at the same General or Quarter Sessions award and order to the Party for whom and in whose Behalf such Appeal shall be determined, or to whom such Notice did appear to have been given as aforesaid such Costs and Charges in the Law as by the said Justices in their Discretion shall be thought most reasonable and just to be paid by the Church-Wardens, Overseers of the Poor, or any other person against whom such Appeal shall be determined, or by the person that did give such Notice as aforesaid, and if the Person ordered to pay such Costs shall happen to live in any County, City or Town Corporate or elsewhere out of the Jurisdiction of the said Court, it shall and may be lawful for any Justice of the Peace of the county City or Town Corporate wherein such person shall inhabit, and every such Justice is hereby required upon request to him for that purpose to be made and a true Copy of the Order for the payment of such Costs produced and proved by some credible Witness upon Oath, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal to cause the Money mentioned in that order to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods of the Person that is ordered and ought to pay the same and if no such Distress can or may be had to commit

such person to the common Goal of that County or City there to remain by the space of three Months.

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AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED by the Authority aforesaid. That if the Justices of the Peace shall at their General or Quarter Sessions upon any Appeal before them there had concerning the settlement of any Poor Person determine in favor of the Appellant that such poor Person or Persons was or were unduly removed, that then the said Justices shall at the same General or Quarter Sessions order and Award to such Appellant so much Money, (besides his Costs and Charges,) as shall appear to the said Justices to have been reasonably paid by the Parish or other place on whose behalf such Appeal was made, for or towards the Relief of such Poor Person or Persons between the Time of such undue Removal and the Determination of such Appeal, the said Money so awarded to be recovered in the same Manner as Costs and Charges upon an Appeal are above prescribed to be recovered.

AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED by the Authority aforesaid. That the Father and Grandfather, Mother and Grandmother (being of sufficient Ability) of any Poor lame or decrepit Person or Persons whomsoever not being able to maintain themselves, and becoming chargeable to any City, Town Manor, Precinct or District within this Colony, and the Children and Grand Children (being of sufficient Ability) of every Poor, old, blind, lame or impotent person not being able to maintain themselves, and becoming chargeable as aforesaid, shall severally at his, her or their Charges and Expences relieve and maintain every such Poor Person as aforesaid in such Manner as the Justices of the Peace of the County, City or Town Corporate where such sufficient person shall dwell at their General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace shall order and direct, on Pain of forfeiting and paying ten Shillings for each Person so ordered to be relieved for every Week they shall fail therein to be sued for and recovered by the Church Wardens or Overseers of the Poor of the place to which such Poor Person or Persons shall be chargeable for the use of the Poor of the same Place, in the Manner herein before directed, with respect to Costs and Charges upon an Appeal.

AND WHEREAS it sometimes happens that Persons run away, or abscond from their places of abode and legal Settlement, and leave their Wives and Families a Charge to the Public although such Persons may have some Estate real or Personal whereby the place might be eased in whole or in part, which is most just and reasonable.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Authority aforesaid. That it shall and may be lawful for the Church Wardens or Overseers of the Poor of any City Town Manor Precinct or District within this Colony where any Father or Husband shall run away or absent himself from his Wife and Children, or any Widow shall run away or absent herself from her Children and leave them a public Charge, to apply to any

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two Justices of the Peace of the County, City or Town Corporate where such Estate Real or personal, or any part thereof may be, and by Warrant under the Hands and Seals of the said two Justices to take and seize so much of the Goods and Chattels, and to let out and receive so much of the annual Rents and Profits of the Lands and Tenements of such Father Husband or Mother so absconding as aforesaid as such Two Justices shall order and direct for and towards the maintaining bringing up and providing for such Wife Child or Children so left as aforesaid; and so soon as the said Seizure shall be allowed of, and confirmed by the Justices in their General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace, it shall and may be lawful for the said Overseers or any two of them from Time to Time and as often as the Case may require to sell and dispose of so much and so many of the said Goods and Chattels at Public Vendue to the highest Bidder, and to receive the said Rents and profits or so much of them as shall be ordered by the Said Sessions, and to apply the Money arising thereby towards the Maintenance of such Poor Family so left as aforesaid.

AND BE IT ENACTED by the Authority aforesaid, That the Freeholders and Inhabitants of each respective Town Manor or Precinct not already impowered by Law to appoint Church Wardens or Overseers of the Poor shall and may 'on the first Tuesday in April in every Year, or at their annual Meetings for the electing of Officers, elect and choose so many Persons to be Overseers of the Poor as the Majority of the Freeholders and Inhabitants then present, shall judge necessary, which Overseers of the Poor so elected shall have all the Powers and be subject to all the Duties and Penalties required by this Act, or any general Law of the Colony, relating to the Poor, and this Act shall extend to every City and Manor in this Colony as well as to other places.

PROVIDED NEVERTHELESS, That Nothing herein before enacted shall extend or be construed to extend to set aside or make void any Judgment Order or Decree which hath been made or shall be made by any Court in this Colony respecting the settlement of any Poor Person before the making of this Act, which is to continue and be in force from the passing hereof until the first Day of May which will be in the Year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-six. Provided also that all Suits or Processes that shall be commenced by virtue of this Act may be proceeded on and determined notwithstanding the Expiration hereof.

*Chapter 1604
Vol. V, page 526

Reviving an act to restrain hawkers and peddlers from selling without a license. Moiety of penalty to be applied toward maintenance of the poor.

*Volume and page refer to "Colonial Laws of New York," from which those notes and transcripts are made. The chapters agree with those of Livingston & Smith, and Van Schaack.

An act to prevent aged and decrepit slaves from becoming burthensome. Persons allowing their slaves to go about begging, to forfeit £10, a moiety of which is to go toward the support of the poor.

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*Chapter 1608
Vol. V, page 533

An act to prevent the sale of goods at night by vendue, auction or outcry in the city of New York. A moiety of penalty for violation to be applied for the benefit of the poor in New York city.

*Chapter 1615
Vol. V, page 547

An act for the relief of the poor in the county of Albany. Overseers of the poor to be elected to set poor able-bodied persons to work and apprentice poor children.

*Chapter 1625
Vol. V, page 585

AN ACT FOR THE RELIEF OF THE POOR IN THE COUNTY OF ALBANY.

(Passed, March 8, 1773).

BE IT ENACTED by his Excellency the Governor the Council and the General Assembly and it is hereby enacted by the Authority of the same, That the Act entitled "An act for the Relief of the Poor in the Counties of Ulster and Orange and "to enable the Freeholders and Inhabitants of the several "Towns and precincts thereof to elect Overseers of the Poor "at their annual Meetings," passed the thirty-first Day of December one thousand seven hundred and sixty-eight; shall be and hereby is extended to every District in the City and County of Albany, any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary thereof notwithstanding. PROVIDED ALWAYS That Nothing in the said Act shall be construed to abridge or diminish the Rights and Privileges of the Corporations of the Reformed Protestant Dutch Churches in the City of Albany and of the Township of Schenectady.

Continuing an act to restrain hawkers and peddlers from selling without a license. Moiety of penalty to go to overseers of the poor for the maintenance of the poor.

1774
*Chapter 1656
Vol. V, page 643

An act to lay a tax on dogs in the cities of New York and Albany, and the counties of Queens and Suffolk. Amounts collected including fines and penalties to be applied to support of the poor.

*Vol. V, page 659

*Volume and page refer to "Colonial Laws of New York," from which those notes and transcripts are made. The chapters agree with those of Livingston & Smith, and Van Schaack.

(1774)
Vol. V, page 689

An act for the relief of parishes and other places from such charges as may arise from bastard children born within the same. Defining the duties of overseers of the poor, and mothers and putative fathers of bastard children.

"Laws of New
York"
Chapter 25

Tax on dogs in the cities of New York and Albany and in the counties of Queens and Suffolk, and a moiety of penalties, to be applied to support of the poor. Two overseers of the poor may be elected in all manors and patentships in Queens and Suffolk counties.

1775
Chapter 23

Appropriating certain money in the treasury of Queens county to the support of the poor.

Chapter 63

Monies collected by town collectors in the counties of Dutchess and Ulster for the support of the poor, to be paid over to the overseers of the poor.

*Chapter 1695
Vol. V, page 719

Altering the time of assessing and collecting taxes for the support of the minister and the poor.

*Chapter 1697
Vol. V, page 720

Vestrymen to rate and assess tax for support of the minister and the poor in New York city.

*Chapter 1699
Vol. V, page 729

The Provincial Legislature granted £4,000 towards rebuilding Hospital of the City of New York which had been destroyed by fire.

*Chapter 1710
Vol. V, page 771

Amending an act for the relief of the poor in the manor of Cortlandt in the county of Westchester, allowing each of the three districts to elect one overseer of the poor. (See chapter 1224.)

*Chapter 1750
Vol. V, page 872

Manor of Rensselaerwyck empowered to elect two additional overseers of the poor.

*Volume and page refer to "Colonial Laws of New York," from which those notes and transcripts are made. The chapters agree with those of Livingston & Smith, and Van Schaack.

THE STATE OF NEW YORK 1776 TO 1900

The first Legislature of the State of New York met at Kingston on September 10, 1777, and the first statute was enacted February 6, 1778. Of the great majority of the laws which have been enacted in this State affecting the administration of charity and the care of the poor, it is possible to give a brief abstract only, referring the student of these questions to the laws themselves for fuller information should such be desired. To facilitate reference, however, especially of those to whom the laws of the State may not be accessible, a few of the more important statutes, such as the general poor laws, are printed in full.

Appointing Commissioners in Tryon, Saratoga, Albany and Charlotte counties to collect and distribute charitable donations among distressed inhabitants on frontiers of eastern and western districts of State who, during late campaign, were obliged to abandon their homes by devastation of the enemy.

First session
1778
Chapter 6

Appointing a Commissioner to superintend the poor removed from New York into Dutchess county, and appropriating £600 from State treasury to each of the Commissioners for superintending poor removed into Dutchess, Westchester and Ulster counties.

Chapter 38

Providing for the election of overseers of the poor at the annual town meetings in August.

Chapter 39

Directing Justices of the Peace to furnish the necessaries of life to the families of soldiers in Continental service at moderate prices; balance to be paid by State.

Chapter 45

Second session
1778
Chapter 7

Appropriations to commissioners over poor removed from New York city—in Dutchess county £1200, and in Ulster county £600.

1779
Chapter 34

Appropriations to commissioners over poor from New York city in Dutchess county £1000, Westchester county £800 and Ulster county £300, and to N. Hammill, a Cherry Valley sufferer, £50.

Third session
1779
Chapter 31

Appropriations to Commissioners for poor from New York city—in Dutchess county £600, Ulster county £2000 and Westchester county £4000. Commissioners compensation fixed at \$20 per day. Also appropriation to Fred'k Fox, of German Flats, Tryon county, for certain poor widows and their children in Tryon county whose husbands have been slain by the enemy, £480.

1780
Chapter 68

An act for defraying by taxation in Ulster, Orange, Westchester, Tryon and Charlotte counties the poor in those counties through overseers of the poor therein. Also provides that each town, manor and precinct not already authorized, may elect at an annual meeting two or three overseers of poor in each such district; their powers and duties defined. Act not to apply to manor of Cortlandt, in Westchester county.

Chapter 79

Apportionments for support of poor removed from New York city to Dutchess, Ulster and Westchester counties—£500 and such sums as may be due the Commissioners in Ulster and Westchester until the removal hereby ordered of the poor in their care to Dutchess county, where in future they shall be under care of Samuel Dodge of Dutchess county. Also apportionment for commissaries for gratuities to families of soldiers.

Fourth session
1780
Chapter 5

Commissioners of Sequestration in Tryon county required to furnish certain distressed women and

their children flour and meal until Aug. 1st next, and also milch cows.

(1780)

See chap. 17, L. 1780, 4th session, and chap. 38, L. 1781, 4th session.

Appropriation to Commissioner of Poor from New York in Dutchess county, £1000. Also directing Tryon county Commissioner of Sequestration to supply certain distressed families with wheat and Indian meal and milch cows.

Chapter 17

Governor may by license permit inhabitants of the frontiers to possess unoccupied houses and farms at his pleasure.

1781
Chapter 35

See chap. 34, L. 1782, 5th session; also chap. 41, L. 1788.

Commissioners of Sequestration in Tryon county and in Westchester county to furnish subsistence to certain distressed families named and continuing act Ch. 17, Laws of 1780, in force till 1 May, 1782.

Chapter 38

Appropriation to Commissioner of Poor of New York city in Dutchess county £500, and for certain distressed families in Tryon county £10 16s.

Chapter 49

Appropriation to Commissioner of Poor from New York in Dutchess county £500, and directing Commissioners of Sequestration in Westchester county to furnish certain families with provisions.

Chapter 64

Appropriation to Commissioner of Poor from New York in Dutchess county £400, and Commissioners of Sequestration or of forfeitures are required to deliver to Committee to superintend said poor, the possession of forfeited farms for the use of said poor. Commissioners of Sequestration in Tryon county required to furnish provisions to certain poor families named.

Fifth session
1782
Chapter 46

Authorizing the levying of taxes for monies expended by overseers for support of poor in manor of Cortlandt, Westchester county, in 1776, 1777 and 1781.

Sixth session
1783
Chapter 15

(1783)
Chapter 21

Governor may grant licenses to enable persons to procure timber from confiscated lands to replace buildings destroyed by the enemy.

See chap. 41, L. 1788.

Chapter 22

Excise Commissioners required on or before June 1st in every year to account with overseers of the poor of their respective towns, manors, districts or precincts, for excise fees, and pay same to said overseers, except in Ulster county.

Chapter 32

Commissioners of Sequestration in Tryon county required to furnish wheat meal to certain distressed families.

Chapter 50

Appropriation £352 6s 6d to E. Purdy for support of poor from New York in Westchester county, and £39 3s 11d, Abm. Bevier for similar purpose, to Saml. Dodge £200 for similar purpose.

Albany County Commissioners of Sequestration to furnish flour to wife of Capt. Walter Frooman during his captivity.

Seventh session
1784
Chapter 8

Suffolk county, town of Huntington to hold annual meetings on first Tuesday of April, and elect overseers of the poor and other town officers.

Chapter 35

"An act for the settlement and relief of the poor," passed April 17th. *General Poor Law* (replaced by chapter 62, laws 1788).

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT FOR THE SETTLEMENT AND RELIEF OF THE POOR.

CHAPTER 35, LAWS OF 1784.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this act, it shall and may be lawful, upon complaint made by the overseers of the poor, of any district within this State, to any justice of the peace, within forty days, after any person or persons, shall come to settle in such district, in any tenement under the yearly value of five pounds, for any two justices of the peace, whereof one to be of the quorum, in, or next unto the district where any such person or persons, that are likely to be chargeable to the district, shall come to inhabit, by their

(1784)

warrant, under their hand and seal, to remove and convey, such person or persons, to such district, where he, she or they, were last legally settled, either as a native, householder, sojourner, apprentice, or servant, for the space of forty days, at the least, unless he, she or they, give sufficient security, for the discharge of the said district, to be allowed and approved of by the said two justices. Provided always, that all such persons, who think themselves aggrieved, by any such judgment of the said two justices, may appeal to the justices of the peace, of the county, wherein the district, from which such poor person or persons is or are removed, doth lie, at their next general or quarter sessions of the peace, who are hereby required to do them justice, according to the merits of their cause.

And forasmuch as poor persons, at their first coming to any place, may conceal themselves.

Be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the forty days continuance of such person, or persons in any such place, intended by this act to make a settlement, shall be accounted from the entry or record, of a notice in writing which he or she shall deliver, of the house of his or her abode, and the number of his or her family, if he or she have any, to one of the overseers of the poor, of such place, to which they shall so remove, and it shall be the duty of the said overseer and he is hereby required to register, or cause to be registered, the said notice in writing, in the book kept for the accounts of the poor, and within forty-eight hours, after the receipt thereof.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any overseer or overseers of the poor, shall refuse or neglect to register, or cause to be registered, such notice in writing as aforesaid, in such manner and time as aforesaid, he or they, for every such offense (upon due proof thereof being made before any justice of the peace of the same county where complaint thereof shall be made) shall forfeit the sum of forty shillings, to the use of the party grieved, to be levied by distress and sale of the offenders goods, by warrant under the hand and seal of any justice of the peace, within the said county directed to any constable of the district, where such offender or offenders dwell, the overplus, if any be, to be returned to the owner or owners.

Provided always and be it further enacted, That if any person, who shall come to inhabit in any district, shall, for himself or on his own account, execute any public annual office, or charge in the said district, during one whole year, or shall be charged with and pay his share towards the public taxes of the said district, for the space of two years; then he shall be adjudged and deemed to have a legal settlement in the same, though no such notice in writing be delivered and registered as before required.

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And be it further enacted, That if any person shall be bound an apprentice by indenture, or by any deed, writing or contract not indented for a term, not less than two years, and shall so long inhabit in any district, such binding and inhabitation shall be adjudged, a good settlement, though no such notice in writing be delivered and registered as aforesaid.

Provided always and it is hereby enacted, That if any person or persons, shall find him, her, or themselves aggrieved by any determination which any justice of the peace, shall make in any of the cases abovesaid, the said person or persons, may appeal to the next general or quarter sessions of the peace, to be held for the said county, who upon full hearing of the said appeal, shall have full power finally to determine the same.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person be removed by virtue of this act, from one district to another, by warrant under the hand and seal or hands and seals, of one or more justice or justices of the peace, the overseers of the poor of the said district, to which the said person shall be so removed, are hereby required to receive the said person, and if he or they shall refuse to do so, he or they, so refusing or neglecting (upon proof thereof by two credible witnesses upon oath, before any justice of the peace of the county, to which the said persons shall be removed) shall forfeit for each offense, the sum of ten pounds, to the use of the poor of the district, from which the said person was removed, to be levied, by distress and sale of the offender or offenders goods, by warrant, under the hand and seal of any justice of the peace of the county, from which such person was removed, directed to any constable of the district, where such offender or offenders dwell; which warrant the said justice is hereby empowered and required to make; the overplus, if any be, to be returned to the owner or owners, and for want of sufficient distress, then the said justice shall commit the said offender or offenders to the common gaol of the said county, there to remain without bail or main prize for the space of forty days.

Provided always and be it hereby enacted, That all such persons, who think themselves aggrieved, with any such judgment of the said justice or justices, may appeal to the justices, at their next general, or quarter sessions of the peace to be held for the county, in which the district doth lie, from which the said person was so removed, who are hereby required to determine the same.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person, or persons who from and after the passing of this act, shall come into any district, there to inhabit or reside shall at the same time, procure, bring, and deliver to the overseers of the poor of the district, where any such person shall come, and inhabit, or to any or either of them, a certificate under the

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hands and seals of the overseers of the poor of any other district or the major part of them, to be attested respectively by two or more credible witnesses, thereby owning and acknowledging the person or persons mentioned in the said certificate, to be an inhabitant or inhabitants legally settled in that district, every such certificate (having been allowed of, subscribed by, and duly proved, before two or more of the justices of the peace of the county, wherein the district, from whence any such certificate shall come, doth lie, by the oath of the said witnesses, who attest the execution thereof, or one of them, to have been executed by the overseer or overseers, signing and sealing the same, in the presence of the said witnesses; and in case it is proved by the oath of one of the witnesses only, that the names of such witnesses are of their own proper handwriting, and the said justices of the peace certifying that such oath was made before them) shall oblige the said district to receive and provide for the person mentioned in the said certificate together with his or her family, as inhabitants of the district from which such person came with a certificate whenever he, she or they shall happen to become chargeable to, or be forced to ask relief of the district to which such certificate was given: And then and not before, it shall and may be lawful for any such person, and his or her children, though born in that district, not having otherwise acquired a legal settlement there, to be removed, conveyed, and settled in the district, from whence such certificate was brought.

And be it further enacted by the same authority, That every such certificate, so allowed, and oath of the execution thereof so certified as aforesaid, by the said justices of the peace, shall be taken, deemed and allowed in all courts whatsoever within this State, as duly and fully proved, and shall be taken and received as evidence, without other proof thereof.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no person or persons whatsoever, who shall come into any district by any such certificate as aforesaid, shall be adjudged by any act whatsoever, to have procured a legal settlement in such district, unless he or they, shall really and *bona fide* rent a tenement of the yearly value of five pounds or shall execute some annual office in such district, being legally placed in such office.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person whomsoever, who shall be an apprentice bound by indenture or by any deed or writing not indented to any person whomsoever, who did come into, or shall reside in any district within this State, by means or license of such certificate as aforesaid, and not afterwards having gained a legal settlement in such district, such apprentice by virtue of such apprenticeship, indenture, or binding, shall not gain, or be adjudged to have any settlement in such district, by reason of such apprenticeship or binding; but every such apprentice shall have

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his or her settlement, in such district, as if he or she had not been bound an apprentice as aforesaid.

And be it further enacted by the same authority, That when any overseer or overseers of the poor, of any district, or other person, shall remove back any person or persons, or their families residing in such district, or sent thither by certificate, and becoming chargeable as aforesaid to the district, to which such person or persons shall belong, such overseer or overseers or other persons shall be reimbursed such reasonable charges, as he or they may have been put into, in maintaining and removing such person or persons, by the overseers of the poor of the district, to which such person or persons, is or are removed; the said charges being first ascertained, and allowed of, by one or more of the justices of the peace in the county or district to which such removal shall be made; which said charges so ascertained and allowed, shall in case of refusal of payment, be levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the overseer or overseers of the poor of the district, to which such certificate, person or persons is or are removed by warrant or warrants, under the hand and seal, or hands and seals, of such justice or justices, returning the overplus if any then be; which warrant or warrants, he or they are hereby required to grant.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the passing of this act, no person or persons, shall be deemed, adjudged, or taken to acquire or gain any settlement in any district, for or by virtue of any purchase of any estate or interest, in such district, whereof the consideration for such purchase, doth not amount to the sum of thirty pounds *bona fide* paid, for any longer or further time, than such person or persons, shall inhabit in such estate; and shall then be liable to be removed to such district, where such person or persons, were last legally settled before the said purchase and inhabitancy therein.

And be it further enacted by the same authority, That no appeal or appeals, from any order or orders of removal of any poor person or persons, whatsoever, from any district to another, shall be proceeded upon, in any court of general or quarter sessions of the peace, unless reasonable notice be given by the overseers of the poor of such district, who shall make such appeal, unto the overseers of the poor of such district, from which such poor person or persons shall be removed; the reasonableness of which notice shall be determined by the justices of peace, at the general or quarter session, to which the appeal is made; and if it shall appear to them that reasonable time of notice was not given, then they shall adjourn the said appeal to the next general or quarter sessions, and then and there finally hear and determine the same.

And for the preventing vexatious removals and frivolous appeals. *Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,* That the

justices of the peace of any county in the general or quarter sessions of the peace upon any appeal before them, there to be had, for and concerning the settlement of any poor person, or upon any proof before them there to be made of notice of any such appeal to have been given by the proper officer, to the overseers of the poor of any district, though they did not afterwards prosecute such appeal; shall at the same general or quarter sessions award an order for the party for whom, and in whose behalf such appeal shall be determined, or to whom such notice did appear to have been given as aforesaid, such costs and charges in the law, as by the said justices in their discretion shall be thought most reasonable and just, to be paid by the overseers of the poor, or any other person against whom such appeal shall be determined, or by the person that did give such notice as aforesaid; and if the person ordered to pay such costs, shall reside in any city or county out of the jurisdiction of the said court, it shall and may be lawful for any justice of the peace of the city or county, wherein such person shall inhabit and every such justice is thereby required, upon request to him for that purpose to be made, and a true copy of the order for the payment of such costs produced, and proved by one or more credible witness or witnesses upon oath, by warrant under his hand and seal, to cause the money mentioned in that order to be levied by distress and sale of the goods of the person, that is ordered and ought to pay the same; and if no such distress can or may be had, to commit such person to the common gaol of that county, there to remain for the space of three months.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if the justices of the peace shall at their general or quarter sessions, upon any appeal before them there had, concerning the settlement of any poor person, determine in favor of the appellant, that such poor person or persons was or were unduly removed, that then the said justices shall at the same general or quarter sessions, order and award to such appellant, so much money (besides his costs and charges) as shall appear to the said justices to have been reasonably paid by the district on whose behalf such appeal was made, for or towards the relief of such poor person or persons, between the time of such undue removal and the determination of such appeal; the said money so awarded to be recovered in the same manner as costs and charges upon an appeal are above prescribed to be recovered.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the father and grandfather, mother and grandmother (being of sufficient ability) of any poor, lame or decrepit person or persons, whomsoever, not being able to maintain themselves, and becoming chargeable to any district within this State; and the children and grand children (being of sufficient ability) of every poor, old, blind, lame or impotent person, not being able

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to maintain themselves, and becoming chargeable as aforesaid, shall severally, at his, her, or their charges and expenses, relieve and maintain every such poor person, as aforesaid, in such manner as the justice of the peace of the county, where such sufficient person shall dwell, at their general or quarter sessions of the peace shall order and direct, on pain of forfeiting and paying ten shillings for each person so ordered to be relieved, for every week he, she or they shall fail therein, to be sued for and recovered by the overseers of the poor of the district, to which such poor person or persons shall be chargeable for the use of the poor of the district, in the manner hereinbefore directed, with respect to costs and charges upon an appeal.

And whereas it sometimes happens, that persons run away, or abscond from their places of abode and legal settlement and leave their wives and families a charge to the public, although such persons have some estate, real or personal, whereby the district might be eased in whole or in part; which is most just and reasonable.

Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the overseers of the poor of any district within this State, where any father or husband shall run away or absent himself from his wife or children, or any widow shall run away, or absent herself from her child or children, and leave them a public charge, to apply to any two justices of the peace of the county, where such estate, real or personal, or any part thereof may be, and by warrant under the hands and seals of the two said justices, to take and seize so much of the goods and chattles, and to let out so much of the lands and tenements of such father, husband, or mother so absconding as aforesaid and to receive so much of the annual rents and profits thereof as such two justices shall order and direct, for and towards the maintaining, bringing up, and providing for such wife, child or children, so left as aforesaid; and so soon as the said seizure shall be allowed of and confirmed by the justices in their general or quarter sessions of the peace it shall and may be lawful for the said overseers, or any two of them, from time to time, and as often as the case may require, to sell and dispose of so much and so many of the said goods and chattels, at public vendue to the highest bidder, and to receive the said rents and profits, or so much of them, as shall be ordered by the said sessions, and to apply the money arising thereby, towards the maintenance of such poor family or person so left as aforesaid.

And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the freeholders and inhabitants of each respective district where provision has not by law been made in the premises, shall and may every year, at their annual meetings for the electing district officers, elect and choose so many persons to be overseers of the poor as the majority of the freeholders, and in-

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habitants then present shall judge necessary; which overseers of the poor so elected, shall have all the powers, and be subject to all the duties and penalties, required by this act or any general law of the State, relating to the poor; and this act shall extend to every city or district in this State, provided nevertheless that nothing hereinbefore enacted, shall extend to or be construed to extend to set aside, or make void, any judgment, order or decree, which hath been made, or shall be made by any court in this State, respecting the settlement of any poor person, before the passing of this act.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no person or persons whatsoever, in the city and county of Albany, who on or before the eighth day of March in the year one thousand seven hundred and seventy-three was or were maintained, as poor of the said county, shall be considered to have procured a legal settlement in any of the districts of the said county notwithstanding such person or persons may have resided, in any of the said districts, above the space of one year, but that it shall and may be lawful, for the supervisors of the said county at their annual meetings to provide for the maintenance of the said poor in such manner as was usual before the said eighth day of March, one thousand and seven hundred and seventy-three.

And whereas some of the parishes in this State, are composed of two or more towns, boroughs, manors, or precincts, and the poor of such towns, boroughs, manors and precincts are maintained at their joint expense,

Be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the poor of every parish so composed of more than one town, borough, manor or precinct, shall by the supervisors of the county be apportioned to each town, borough, manor or precinct, in such manner as equity and good conscience shall dictate.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the offices of church wardens and vestrymen for overseeing, relieving or settling the poor, becoming a public charge, heretofore established, or used in the city of New York, and Queens, Richmond and Westchester counties be, and the same offices hereby respectively are annulled and abolished. And at all times hereafter, there shall be annually elected, in and for the city and county of New York two overseers of the poor for each respective ward, who with the mayor recorder and aldermen of the said city and county, shall exercise all the powers and authorities, heretofore appertaining to the office of vestrymen of the said city, with respect to the overseeing, relieving or settling the poor and binding out or placing of apprentices; which elections shall be held, in the same manner in all respects, as elections for vestrymen have heretofore been held within the said city, provided always that it shall be lawful for the vestrymen, in and for the said city, for the present

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year, who with the mayor recorder and aldermen thereon have the overseeing, relieving and settling the poor, to exercise their said offices until the next annual day of election.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That any person who has come to reside within any city, county, or district of this State between the ninth day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand seven hundred and seventy-six, and the passing of this act, shall not be deemed to have gained a settlement or to have legally become a public charge in any such city, county or district as aforesaid.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That a majority of the freeholders and inhabitants, who shall be assembled at the annual district meetings, within the several counties in this State may, and are hereby authorized to make prudential rules and orders for the sustenance of the poor, for binding out as apprentices, the children of such parents as are unable to maintain them, and for compelling such persons to work, as have not any visible means of gaining an honest livelihood; and at the same meetings to determine and agree upon such sum and sums of money as they may think proper for the purposes aforesaid in the ensuing year; of all which rules and orders, and of the sum or sums so agreed upon, and other the transactions of every such meeting, the respective town clerks shall make full and proper entries, in a book by each of them to be kept for that purpose. And that a copy of the entry of the town clerk respecting the sum or sums so agreed upon to be raised for the purposes aforesaid, subscribed by the town clerk and overseers of the poor of the district, shall forthwith be delivered to the supervisors or one of them, who shall lay the same before the supervisors of the county at their first meeting (except in Ulster county where the same shall be laid before the supervisors at their first meeting) after the second Tuesday in July in every year. And the same sum or sums shall be assessed on and collected from the freeholders and inhabitants of the districts respectively as part of the contingent charges of the county; and when collected, shall be paid by the respective collectors, to the overseers of that district, to be applied to the use of the poor of the district agreeable to such rules and orders as aforesaid; and the receipt or receipts of the overseer or overseers of the poor of the district shall fully discharge the collector for the sums so paid.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the overseers of the poor of the respective districts in this State shall exhibit to the supervisor and justices of the peace in the districts respectively, within fifteen days after the termination of the annual office of such overseer or overseers, a particular, full, just and true account of all the monies by him or them respectively received, and expended for the use of the poor, and from whom, to whom, and in what manner, and for what

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use or uses; and an account of the earnings of the poor persons by them employed; which accounts the said supervisor and justices or a majority of them shall audit; and if the sum or sums expended, shall exceed the sum or sums received, the said supervisor and justices aforesaid, shall certify such excess to the supervisors of the county, or to any one of them; and the supervisors of such county, shall provide that such excess shall at the next assessment be assessed on and collected from the freeholders and inhabitants of the districts respectively, where such deficiency shall have arisen, as part of the necessary and contingent charges of the county; and such excess shall then be paid to the overseer or overseers respectively who advanced the same. But if on the auditing of such account, there shall be a surplus in the hands of the said overseers, or any of them, the same shall be paid to the successor or successors in office, to be applied and accounted for, by him or them in the course of the next year in the like manner as is herein before prescribed.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person who shall be elected an overseer of the poor, in any district in this State shall refuse or decline to execute the office, he shall thereby forfeit five pounds, to be sued for and recovered with costs of suit by the supervisor of that district for the time being, before any justice of the peace of the county to be paid to the overseers of and applied to the use of the poor in that district. And in case of the decease, or refusal to execute the office, or removal out of the district, of any person elected an overseer of the poor, the supervisor of the district shall by notices in writing by him subscribed and affixed up in three or more public places in the district, at least ten days before the time of meeting summon the freeholders and inhabitants to assemble at the usual place of town meeting, to elect a fit person to fill up such vacancy at which meeting the freeholders and inhabitants assembled, shall proceed to elect a fit person to fill up such vacancy, who being so elected shall be subject to the same duties and penalties as other overseers of the poor of that district; provided always that any person having served one year as an overseer of the poor, shall not be liable or compellable again to serve in that office until the expiration of four years from his time of service.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the trustees of the freeholders and commonalty of the town of Kingston in Ulster county, shall (as heretofore) be overseers of the poor in that town, and perform the duties, and be subject to the penalties by this act required of and be vested with all the powers thereby given to the overseers of the poor in other districts.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful, for the supervisors in any of the

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counties of this State, whenever it shall appear to them that monies are due and in arrear to the late church wardens, vestrymen or overseers of the poor of any parish of this State while a colony; or to any person or persons whatsoever for keeping and supporting any poor person or persons committed to their care by any church warden, or church wardens, or overseer or overseers of the poor, at any time before the second Tuesday in January, 1777, or to any person or persons whatsoever for keeping or supporting any poor person or persons whatsoever committed to their care by any church warden or church wardens or overseer or overseers of the poor in the year 1776, and which poor person or persons have remained with and been supported by them for any space of time since that period, to supervise and liquidate the sum or sums respectively due to such person or persons as aforesaid; and to apportion the said several sums to and amongst the several towns, manors, precincts or districts in such late parish in such manner as they shall deem just and equitable; and by their warrant direct the sum they shall apportion to each respective town, manor, precinct or district to be levied and collected in the same respectively, in like manner as the contingent charges of the county shall be levied and collected; which monies when collected shall be paid to the overseers of the poor of such town, manor, precinct or district for the time being and be by them paid to the persons, to whom the same shall be due, according to the accounts respectively liquidated as above directed.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That in all cases, which respect the overseeing, settlement, removal or relief of the poor, the term district made use of in this act, shall be descriptive of, and equivalent to the term, city, township, town, borough, manor, parish, precinct and district respectively.

Chapter 36

An act for the relief of widows and orphans of officers and soldiers in the line of the militia.—Half pay certificates.

Chapter 43

New York city to raise £6000 for support of poor and repair of roads. Mayor, recorder and aldermen to determine amount thereof to be applied for poor.

AN ACT TO ENABLE THE MAYOR, RECORDER AND ALDERMEN OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK, TO RAISE MONIES BY TAX FOR THE PURPOSES THEREIN MENTIONED.

CHAPTER 43, LAWS OF 1784.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the mayor, recorder and aldermen of the

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city and county of New York for the time being, or the major part of them, whereof the mayor or recorder to be one, be and hereby are fully empowered and authorized, to order as soon as conveniently may be after the passing of this act, the raising a sum, not exceeding six thousand pounds by a tax on the estates, real and personal of all and every the freeholders and inhabitants within the city and county of New York to be applied to the support and maintenance of the poor of, and to the repairing and maintaining the public roads within the said city and county. And also a further sum not exceeding four thousand pounds by a tax on the estates, real and personal, of all and every of the freeholders and inhabitants within the said city, on the south side of a line, beginning at the out-let of the swamp of Leonard Lisperard, Esquire into Hudsons River, thence to and along the north side of the dwelling house of Nicholas Bayard, Esquire, thence to and along the north side of the dwelling house now or late of Thomas Jones, Esquire, and thence to and along the north side of the dwelling house of Abraham Cannon to the East River, to be applied to the payment of so many watchmen, as the mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the said city and county of New York, shall think necessary, for guarding the said city, and to be applied also to the purchasing of oil, providing lamps, and repairing and attending the lamps which now are or hereafter may be erected within the said city; and for the making repairing and maintaining the public wells and pumps within the said city; and which said sums above mentioned shall be rated and assessed by the vestrymen, according to the estate and other circumstances and abilities to pay taxes of each respective person collectively considered. That the tax shall be raised at such different periods and such proportion at each period, as the said mayor, recorder and aldermen of the said city and county for the time being, or the major part of them shall deem most expedient; and that the said tax shall be raised, assessed, levied and collected in the same manner as hath heretofore been accustomed within the said city and county for levying and collecting the tax for the maintenance and support of the minister and poor within the said city and county, except where otherwise directed by this act, and except that the said tax instead of being paid into the hands of the church wardens of the said city and county, for the time being, shall be paid into the hands of the treasurer or chamberlain of the said city and county for the time being, provided nevertheless.

And it is hereby further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said mayor, recorder and aldermen for the time being, or the major part of them, to determine what proportion of the monies to be raised by virtue of this act for the roads, and the poor shall be applied to the separate use of the poor; and that such proportion shall be drawn out of the hands of the

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treasurer or chamberlain of the said city and county, in like manner as near as may be as the monies heretofore raised within the said city and county for the use of the poor were accustomed to be drawn out of the hands of the church wardens of the said city and county for the time being, anything herein contained to the contrary hereof in anywise notwithstanding.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That in case of vacancy or vacancies, in the office of vestryman, collector or any other of the usual officers, within the said city and county requisite and necessary in and about the levying and collecting of taxes, however such vacancy may be or may have arisen, it shall and may be lawful for the said mayor, recorder and aldermen of the said city and county for the time being or the major part of them, and they are hereby authorized and required to appoint a time for holding an election or elections to supply any and every such vacancy or vacancies, and to cause due notice thereof in writing to be given to the inspectors of the general election for the ward in which the vacancy or vacancies aforesaid shall have happened; and it shall be the duty of the said inspectors and they are hereby directed and required thereupon to give at least eight days previous and public notice to all persons entitled by law to vote at such election, of the time and place of holding the same, and the said election shall be accordingly* held and conducted in the same manner to all intents and purposes as the election for the offices so becoming vacant ought by law to be held and conducted.

Chapter 65

Apportionments to James Morgan and John Thomas for support of poor from New York in Westchester county—to C. P. Yates, for provisions furnished distressed inhabitants of Cherry Valley, and authorizing Isaac Stoutenbergh to collect rents of estate of James DeLancey in New York city and pay expenses therefrom for support of poor in New York City up to £1200, and pay balance into the treasury less his commission.

Eighth Session
1785
Chapter 40

New York city—Poor taxes to be rated by assessors and mayor, aldermen and commonalty to have supervision of poor.

Repealed by chap. 73, L. 1788.

*So in original.

Hawking and peddling prohibited under penalty of £5, one-half of which shall go to poor of town, manor, district or precinct where offence committed.

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Chapter 54

Repealed by chap. 99, L. 1804.

Queens county. Enforcement of collection of poor rates assessed during the war. Duty of overseers of poor.

Chapter 55

Town of Plattsburg erected—overseers of the poor to be elected.

Chapter 57

Hudson City charter. Common council to provide for overseeing of the poor, erect an almshouse. Citizens to vote money for relief of poor and an almshouse.

Chapter 83

See chap. 189, L. 1801.

AN ACT FOR INCORPORATING THE INHABITANTS RESIDING WITHIN THE LIMITS THEREIN MENTIONED.

CHAPTER 83, LAWS OF 1785.

Whereas the inhabitants of that part of Claverack district hereinafter particularly mentioned and described, with other inhabitants of the said district, have, by their petition, among others things represented to the Legislature, that a number of the said inhabitants having commercial objects in view, have emigrated from the neighboring States; and purchased a tract of land in the said district, adjacent to Claverack landing, and made, at a great expense, a settlement thereupon—that they intend carrying on a extensive commerce and that in order to facilitate their undertakings, and to enable them to regulate their own concerns and internal police, to adjust such differences as may arise within their own limits, and give stability and permanent security to their settlement, have prayed, that the district of country contained within the limits herein after particularly mentioned, might be separated from the said district of Claverack, and that the inhabitants thereof might be erected into a body politic and corporate, with such powers, jurisdictions, privileges and immunities, as should be deemed requisite to answer the beneficial purposes, intended by such incorporation.

And whereas the Legislature are inclined to give every suitable encouragement to the extension of the commerce of this State, and speedy population thereof

I. Be it enacted by the People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the district of country contained within the following limits to wit: Beginning at the channel

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of the Hudsons River in the county of Albany directly opposite the mouth of the creek commonly called Major Abrahams creek, thence to and up the middle of said creek to the place where the Claverack creek empties into said Major Abrahams creek, thence up along the middle of said Claverack creek, until the said Claverack creek strikes the line of the manor of Livingston as now held and possessed, thence along the line of the said manor of Livingston to the east side of Hudsons River, thence into the said river one hundred and eighty feet below high water mark, thence to the place of beginning, keeping the same distance of one hundred and eighty feet all along from high water mark aforesaid be and is hereby separated from the said Claverack district, and that all the freemen of this State inhabitants within the aforesaid limits, be and hereby are ordained constituted and declared to be, from time to time and forever hereafter, one body corporate and politic in fact and in name, by the name of The mayor, recorder, aldermen and commonalty of the city of Hudson, and that by that name, they and their successors forever, shall and may have perpetual succession, and shall be persons in law, capable of suing and being sued, pleading and being impleaded, answering and being answered unto, defending and being defended in all courts and places whatsoever in all manner of actions, suits, complaints, matters and causes whatsoever, and of what kind or nature soever, and that they and their successors may have a common seal, and may change and alter the same at their pleasure, and also that they and their successors by the same name of the mayor, recorder, aldermen and commonalty of the city of Hudson shall be in law capable of purchasing, holding and conveying any estate real or personal for the public use of the said corporation *provided nevertheless*, that all such real estate shall lie, and be included within the limits of the said city of Hudson only, and not elsewhere, *provided always*, that it shall and may be lawful to and for all and every the citizens, sojourners and travellers within this State, at all times forever hereafter to have the free use and enjoyment of all and every the highways, roads and landing places within the limits of the said city, which have heretofore been used and enjoyed as such, and that without any toll, claim or demand of the said corporation for the same, or any other interruption whatsoever; or any alteration of such road or highway without the consent and approbation of the commissioners of the highways of the district next adjoining to the said city, whose inhabitants shall make use of such road or highway (any thing in this act contained to the contrary hereof in any wise notwithstanding).

* * * * *

XVI. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid*, That the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty, forever here-

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after, have full power and authority to erect and build one or more bridewell or bridewells, house or houses of correction work house or work houses, together with full power and authority to the said mayor, recorder and aldermen, or any one of them, to take up and arrest, or order to be taken up or arrested all or any rogues, vagabonds, straglers and idle and suspicious persons, and as they the said mayor, recorder and aldermen or any one of them shall see cause to order any such rogues, vagabonds, straglers and idle and suspicious persons, either to the said work house, there to remain and work any time not exceeding thirty days, or else to the house of correction, there to receive such corporal punishment as the said mayor, recorder and aldermen or any three of them, whereof the mayor or recorder to be one, shall think fit such corporal punishment not to exceed thirty nine stripes for any one offence, and that the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty and their successors forever hereafter, may and shall have power to erect and build an almshouse for relief of the poor with as full power to order direct and regulate the aforesaid houses, and the persons to be put in and ordered there, as to any city or corporation in any other part of this State, and to the officers and ministers thereof doth or may belong.

* * * * *

New York City to raise £6000 for support of poor and other purposes.

Chapter 84
Ninth session
1786

Washington county divided into towns. Each town to choose two overseers of poor.

Chapter 18

Repealed by chap. 73, L. 1788.

New York City to raise £6000 for support of poor, etc.

Chapter 26

Suffolk county. Enforcement of poor taxes levied during the war.

Chapter 32

One-half of penalties for malicious trespass in New York, Albany, Hudson and Schenectady to be applied to support of poor.

10th session
1787
Chapter 66

Repealed by chap. 21, L. 1828.

New York city to raise £6000 for support of poor. Enforcement of arrears of poor taxes.

Chapter 68

Town of Woodstock erected in Ulster county. Two overseers of poor to be elected.

Chapter 80

For relief of cities and towns from charges arising from bastards. Bastardy proceedings.

11th session
1788
Chapter 14

Repealed by chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

(1788)

AN ACT FOR THE RELIEF OF CITIES AND TOWNS
FROM SUCH CHARGES AS MAY ARISE FROM BAS-
TARD CHILDREN BORN WITHIN THE SAME.

CHAPTER 14, LAWS OF 1788.

Whereas bastards or children begotten and born out of lawful matrimony are often left to be kept and provided for at the charge of the respective cities or towns in which the same are so born, to the great burden of the same cities or towns; for remedy whereof,

Be it enacted by the People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That any two justices of the peace of any city or of any county, one whereof residing in or near the town within which such bastard shall be born, upon examination of the cause and circumstance, shall and may by their discretion take order for the better relief of every such city or town, in part or in all, and shall and may likewise by like discretion take order for the keeping of every such bastard child by charging such mother or reputed father with the payment of money weekly, or other sustentation, for the relief of such child, in such wise as they shall think meet and convenient; and if after the same order by them subscribed under their hands, the mother or reputed father, upon notice thereof, shall not for his or her part observe and perform the said order, that then every such party so making default, in not performing the said order, shall be committed to the house of correction or (for want thereof), to the common gaol of such city or county, there to remain without bail or mainprize, except he or she shall put in sufficient surety to perform the said order, or else personally to appear at the next general sessions of the peace, to be holden in and for the city or county, where such order shall be taken; and also to abide such order as the said justices of the peace or the major part of them, in their said sessions, shall take in that behalf (if they then and there shall take any); and that if at the said sessions the said justices shall take no other order, then to abide and perform the order before made as aforesaid.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any woman shall be delivered of a bastard child, which shall be chargeable or likely to become chargeable to any city or town, or shall declare herself to be with child, and that such child is likely to be born a bastard and to be chargeable to any city or town, and shall in either of such cases, in an examination to be taken in writing, upon oath, before any one or more justice or justices of the peace of any city or of any county, wherein such town shall lie, charge any person with having gotten her with child, it shall and may be lawful to and for such justice or justices, upon application made to him or them, by the overseers of the poor of such city or town or

persons acting as such or by any one of them, to issue out his or their warrant or warrants for the immediate apprehending such person so charged as aforesaid and for bringing him before such justice or justices, or before any other of the justices of the peace of such city or county; and the justice or justices before whom such person shall be brought is and are hereby authorized and required to commit the person so charged as aforesaid, to the house of correction or common gaol of such city or county, unless he shall give security to indemnify such city or town, or shall enter into a recognizance with sufficient surety with condition to appear at the next general sessions of the peace to be holden for such city or county and to abide and perform such order or orders as shall be made in pursuance of this act. *Provided nevertheless,*

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if the woman so charging any person as aforesaid, shall happen to die or be married before she shall be delivered, or if she shall miscarry of such child, or shall appear not to have been with child at the time of her examination, then and any of the said cases such person shall, at the next general sessions of the peace, to be holden for such city or county, be discharged from his recognizance or immediately released out of custody by warrant under the hand and seal or hands and seals of any one or more justice or justices of the peace of such city or of any one or more justice or justices of such county, residing in or near such town. *Provided also,*

And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That upon application made by any person who shall be committed to any house of correction or gaol by virtue of this act or by any person in his behalf to any one or more justice or justices of such city or to any one or more justice or justices of such county, residing in or near such town, such justice or justices is and are hereby authorized and required to summon the overseer or overseers of the poor of the city or town to appear before him or them, at a time and place to be mentioned in such summons to show cause why such person should not be discharged; and if no order shall appear to have been made in pursuance of this act, within six weeks after such woman shall have been delivered, such justice or justices shall and may discharge him from his imprisonment in such house of correction or gaol to which he shall have been committed. *Provided always,*

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall not be lawful for any justice or justices of the peace to send for any woman whatsoever in order to her being examined concerning her pregnancy or supposed pregnancy until one month after she shall be delivered or to compel any woman before she shall be delivered to answer to any question relating to her pregnancy.

And whereas the putative fathers and lewd mothers or

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bastard children often run away out of the city or town and sometimes out of the county and leave the said bastard children upon the charge of the city or town where they are born, although such putative father or mother have estate sufficient to discharge such city or town; therefore

Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the overseers of the poor of such city or town, where any bastard child shall be born, to apply to any two justices of the peace of the city or county where the estate real or personal or any part thereof of such putative father or lewd mother may be, and by warrant under the hands and seals of the said two justices (who are hereby authorized and required to issue the same), to seize and take the goods and chattles and to let out and receive the annual rents and profits of the lands and tenements of such putative father or lewd mother, so absconding as aforesaid, for and towards the bringing up and providing for such bastard child so left as aforesaid; and so soon as the said seizure shall be allowed of and confirmed by the justices in their general sessions of the peace, it shall and may be lawful for the overseers of the poor of the city, town or place, or any two of them, from time to time, and as often as the case may require, to sell and dispose of so much and so many of the said goods and chattles at public vendue, to the highest bidder and to receive the said rents and profits, or so much thereof as shall be ordered by the said sessions and to apply the money arising thereby towards the bringing up and providing for such bastard child so left as aforesaid. *And further,* that the said overseers of the poor shall be accountable to the justices of the peace in their said general sessions, for all such monies as shall or may arise by every such sale or sales, or to be received, by them for the rents and profits of such lands or tenements.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person or persons shall be sued for any manner or thing which he or they shall do in execution of this act, he or they may plead the general issue and give the special matter in evidence; and if a verdict shall pass for the defendant or defendants, or if the plaintiff shall be non-suited or discontinue his suit, the defendant or defendants shall recover treble costs; and shall have the like remedy for the same as any defendant hath in other cases by law.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the term town made use of in this act, shall be descriptive of, equivalent to and be understood to comprehend, borough, township, town, manor, parish, district, precinct and place, respectively.

Overseers of poor to bind out poor children as apprentices and servants; proceedings where persons

refuse to be bound; emigration of poor regulated—
contracts of service.

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See chap. 44, L. 1793; also chap. 189, L. 1801.

AN ACT CONCERNING APPRENTICES AND SERVANTS.

CHAPTER 15, LAWS OF 1788.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That no master or mistress or other person or persons shall, after the passing of this act, compel or cause any apprentice or journeyman, by oath or bond, heretofore made or hereafter to be made, or otherwise, that he or she, after his or her apprenticeship or term expired, shall not set up, keep or occupy any shop, house or cellar, and therein use or exercise such his or her said art, craft, mystery, profession, trade, employment or manual occupation, nor by any means exact or take, of any such apprentice or any journeyman, nor any other, setting up, occupying, using or exercising for him or themselves, nor of any other persons for them, after his or their said years or term expired any sum of money or other thing whatsoever, for using or exercising the same, upon pain to forfeit, for every time that they or any of them shall offend contrary to this act, the sum of forty pounds; the one-half thereof to the people of this State and the other half to such person or persons as will sue for the same; to be recovered with costs of suit by action of debt, bill, plaint or information, in any court of record having cognizance thereof; and that all and every bond or other security given or entered into, contrary to the true intent and meaning of this act shall be void.

And whereas doubts have arisen whether any person within the age of twenty-one years and bounden to serve, as a clerk, apprentice, or servant; shall be holden, accepted and taken as a clerk, apprentice or servant; for removing such doubts, *Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,* That all and every such person or persons, that at any time or times hereafter shall be bounden by indenture, of his or her own free will and accord and by and with the consent of his or her father, or in case of the death of his or her father, by and with the consent of his or her mother, or guardian, to be expressed in such indenture, and signified by such parent or guardian sealing and signing the same indenture, and not otherwise, or by the justices and overseers of the poor, as is hereinafter directed and prescribed, to serve as a clerk, apprentice or servant in any art, craft, mystery, science, profession, trade, employment, manual occupation or labor, in manner and form aforesaid, until he or she shall be of the age of twenty-one years, or for any shorter time, although the same clerk, apprentice or servant shall be within the age of twenty-one years, at the

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time of making his or her indenture, shall be bounden to serve for the years or term in his or her indentures contained, as amply and largely to every intent, as if the same clerk, apprentice or servant was of full age, at the time of making such indenture; any law, usage or custom to the contrary notwithstanding; *provided always*, that any child of any Indian woman shall not be so bound or indented as aforesaid, except in the presence and with the consent of a justice of the peace, a certificate of such consent being also signed by the justice and filed with the clerk of the town or place in which such indenture shall be executed.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the overseers of the poor of any city or town within this State, by and with the consent of the justices of the peace of the same county or any two of them, residing in or near such town or in the cities of New York, Albany and Hudson, by and with the consent of the mayor, recorder and aldermen or any two of them, to bind out any child who is or shall be chargeable or whose parents are or shall become chargeable to the city or town wherein they respectively inhabit, or who shall beg for alms, to be apprentices or servants, according to their degree and ability, where they shall see convenient, till such child or children, if male, shall respectively arrive or come to the age of twenty-one years, and if female to the age of eighteen years; and that the indentures or articles of agreement, for binding any such infant, shall be as effectual to all intents and purposes as if such infant were of full age and by indenture of covenant bound him or herself.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person, who shall bind him or herself, by and with the consent of his or her parent or other guardian, as aforesaid, or who shall be bound by the overseers of the poor and justices or mayor or recorder and aldermen or any two of them, as aforesaid, to serve as an apprentice or servant in the manner in this act above directed and prescribed, shall refuse so to do, and then, upon complaint of the master or mistress, to whom such apprentice or servant is or shall be bound as aforesaid, to one justice of the peace of the county wherein the said refusal is or shall be made, or to the mayor or recorder or any one of the aldermen of any city, if any such refusal shall be there, they and each of them shall have full power and authority by this act, by warrant under hand and seal, or otherwise, to send for the same person so refusing; and the said justice or the said mayor or recorder or alderman respectively, shall have power and authority by virtue of this act, if the said person refuse to serve, as an apprentice or servant, to commit him or her unto ward in the bridewell or house of correction if any there be, or if there be no bridewell or house of correction in the gaol of the city or county wherein such refusal shall

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take place, there to remain until he or she be contented and will serve as an apprentice or servant should serve, according to the true intent and meaning of this act.

And to the end that the time of the continuance of the service of such apprentice or servant may the more plainly and certainly appear, the age of every such infant so to be bound apprentice or servant, shall be mentioned and inserted in his or her indentures; and where the binding is by the overseers of the poor, by and with the consent of two justices of the peace or mayor, recorder and aldermen as aforesaid, the same justices of the peace or mayors, recorders and aldermen shall, as fully as they can, inform themselves of such infant's age, and from such information shall insert the same in the said indentures; and the age of such infant so inserted and mentioned in the said indentures (in relation to the continuance of his or her service), shall be taken to be his or her true age without any further proof thereof.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all and every sum and sums of money which shall be given, paid, contracted or agreed for, with or in relation to every clerk or apprentice, which shall, after the passing of this act, be put or placed to or with any master or mistress, to learn any art, craft, mystery, science, profession, trade, employment or manual occupation, shall be inserted in the indentures so to be executed by such clerk or apprentice as aforesaid.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all indentures, covenants, promises and bargains, of or for the having taking or keeping of any clerk or apprentice hereafter to be made or taken, otherwise than is by this act limited, ordained and appointed, shall be clearly void in law to all intents and purposes as against such clerk or apprentice only.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no deed, contract, agreement or writing, whatsoever made or to be made for binding any person as a clerk, apprentice or servant as aforesaid, after the passing of this act, shall be deemed or adjudged to be void and of no effect by reason or on account of such deed, contract, agreement or writing not being indented only.

And whereas the emigration of poor persons from Europe hath conduced greatly to the settlement of this State, while a colony; and whereas doubts have arisen tending to the discouragement of further importation of such poor persons; *therefore, be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,* That every contract already made or hereafter to be made by any infant or other person, coming from beyond sea, executed in the presence of two witnesses and acknowledged by the servant before any mayor, recorder, alderman or justice of the peace, shall bind the party entering into the same, for such term and for such services as shall be therein specified: And that every assignment of the same, executed before two credi-

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ble subscribing witnessess, shall be effectual to transfer the same contract for the residue of the term therein mentioned. But that no contract shall bind any infant longer than until his or her arrival to the full age of twenty-one years; excepting such as are or shall be bound in order to raise money for the payment of their passages, who may be bound until the age of twenty-four years, provided the term of such service shall not exceed four years in the whole.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any master or mistress shall be guilty of any misusage, refusal of necessary provisions or clothing, cruelty or other ill-treatment, so that his or her said clerk, apprentice or servant shall have any just cause to complain or the said clerk, apprentice or servant be guilty of misdemeanor, miscarriage or ill-behavior, or do not his or her duty to his or her master or mistress, then the said master or mistress, or the said clerk, apprentice or servant, being aggrieved and having just cause of complaint, shall repair unto one justice of the peace within the county or to the mayor or recorder or any one of the aldermen of the city where the said master or mistress dwelleth, who shall by his wisdom and discretion, take such order and direction between the said master or mistress and his or her clerk, apprentice or servant, as the equity of the cause shall require; and if for want of a good conformity in the said master or mistress or clerk, apprentice or servant, the said justice of the peace or mayor, recorder or alderman, cannot compound or agree the matter between such master or mistress, and his or her clerk, apprentice or servant, then the said justice or the said mayor or recorder or alderman, shall take a recognizance of the said master or mistress, in such sum as he shall think proper, to appear at the next general sessions of the peace, then to be holden in the said county or city, where the said master or mistress doth reside, and upon his or her appearance and hearing of the matter before the justices at the said general sessions of the peace, if it be thought meet unto them, to discharge the said clerk, apprentice or servant of his or her clerkship, apprenticeship or service, that then the said justices or three of them at the least, shall have power by virtue of this act, by rule or order of the said court to discharge the said clerk, apprentice or servant of his or her clerkship, apprenticeship or service, and to order all such part of such sum and sums of money, as shall have been given, paid, contracted or agreed, for, with or in relation to every such clerk, apprentice or servant, as they shall judge meet and proper, to be refunded and paid back to the person or persons who paid the same, his or her executors or administrators: And that such order so entered in the minutes of the said court shall be a sufficient discharge for the said clerk, apprentice or servant against his or her master or mistress and his or her executors and administrators, the said indenture

or any law or custom to the contrary notwithstanding. And if the default shall be found to be in the clerk, apprentice or servant, then the said justices shall cause such due correction and punishment to be administered unto him or her, as by their wisdom and discretion shall be thought meet.

And whereas in some cases, as well by reason of the distance of the place of residence of the said masters or mistresses, from the places where the respective courts of general sessions of the peace are holden, as for other causes, it is very inconvenient that the final decision of differences between masters and mistresses and their apprentices or servants, should be deferred till the setting of the next general sessions of the peace for the city or county, wherein such master or mistress reside: For remedy whereof, *be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid*, That it shall and may be lawful, to and for any three or more justices in any county or for the mayor, recorder and aldermen, or any three or more of them, upon any complaint or application, by any apprentice or servant, upon whose binding out no sum of money was paid, touching or concerning any misuse, refusal of necessary provision or clothing, cruelty or other ill-treatment, of or towards such apprentice or servant, by his or her master or mistress, by precept under their hands and seals, to summon such master or mistress to appear before such justices, or such mayor, recorder and aldermen, or any two or more of them, at a reasonable time and place to be named in such summons; and such justices, mayor, recorder and aldermen, shall and may examine into the matter of such complaint, and upon proof thereof made upon oath to their satisfaction (whether the master or mistress be present or not, if service of the summons be also upon oath proved); the said justices or mayor, recorder and aldermen may discharge such apprentice or servant by warrant, or certificate under their hands and seals, for which warrant or certificate no fee shall be paid.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for such justices or mayor, recorder and aldermen, and any two or more of them, upon application or complaint made upon oath by any master or mistress, against any such apprentice or servant, touching or concerning any misdemeanor, miscarriage or ill-behavior, in such his or her service, to hear, examine and determine the same, and to punish the offender, by commitment to the house of correction (if any there be), or to the common gaol of the county or city, there to remain and be corrected and held to hard labor for a reasonable time, not exceeding one calendar month, or otherwise by discharging such apprentice or servant in manner and form before mentioned.

And whereas many persons are taken as apprentices or servants when they are very young, and for several years of their apprenticeship or service are rather a burthen, than otherwise,

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to their masters or mistresses: *And whereas* it frequently happens that such apprentices or servants, when they might be expected to be useful to their masters or mistresses, absent themselves from their service: *And whereas* the laws in being are not sufficient to prevent these inconveniences. For remedy whereof: *Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid*, that from and after the passing of this act, if any apprentice or servant shall absent him or herself from his or her masters or mistress's service, before the term of his or her apprenticeship or service shall be expired, every such apprentice or servant shall, at any time or times thereafter, whenever he or she shall be found, be compelled to serve his or her said master or mistress for double the time he or she shall have so absented him or herself from such service, unless he or she shall make satisfaction to his or her master or mistress for the loss he or she shall have sustained by such absence from his or her service; and so from time to time, as often as any such apprentice or servant, shall, without leave of his or her master or mistress, absent himself or herself from his or her service before the term of his or her contract shall be fulfilled.

Provided always and be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That nothing in this clause of this act shall extend to any apprentice, whose master or mistress shall have received with such apprentice any sum or sums of money to learn such art, craft, mystery, profession, trade or employment. *And also*, that no apprentice or servant shall be compelled to serve for any time or term or to make any satisfaction to any master or mistress, after the expiration of three years, next after the end of the term for which such apprentice or servant, shall have contracted to serve; anything herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Provided also, and be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person or persons shall think himself, herself or themselves, aggrieved by such determination, order or warrant of such justice or justices, mayor or recorder and aldermen as aforesaid (except an order of commitment), he, she or they may appeal to the next general sessions of the peace, to be holden in and for the county, city or place where such determination or order shall be made; such person or persons giving six days notice of his, her or their intention of bringing such appeal and of the cause and matter thereof, to such justice or justices of the peace, mayor, recorder or aldermen and the parties concerned, and entering into a recognizance, within three days after such notice, before some justice of the peace or the mayor or recorder or one of the aldermen for such county, city or place, with sufficient surety, conditioned to try such appeal at, and abide the order or judgment of, and pay such costs as shall be awarded by the justices at such general sessions: Which said justices at their said sessions upon due proof, upon oath of such notice being given and

of entering into such recognizances as aforesaid, shall and are hereby empowered and directed to proceed in and hear and finally determine the causes and matters of all such appeals and to give and award such costs to any of the respective parties, appellant or respondent, as they in their discretion shall judge proper and reasonable, not exceeding four pounds; the same to be levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattles of such person or persons, against whom such determinations shall be made, and that their judgments and orders therein shall be final and conclusive to all parties concerned.

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Provided also and be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no writ of certiorari or other process shall issue or be issuable to remove into the supreme court any proceedings whatsoever had in pursuance of this act, before any justice or justices of the peace, mayor or recorder or alderman, or any of them, or before any court of general sessions of the peace, until after determination and final judgment therein had by, or in such court of general sessions of the peace.

Act to prevent excessive and deceitful gaming.
Moiety of penalty to be paid to the overseer of the poor of the town or city where such offense is committed.

Chapter 35

Treason and felonies. Court may order payment of poor witnesses, to be a county charge.

Chapter 37

See chap. 189, L. 1801.

Sabbath-breaking, profanity and drunkenness.
Forfeitures to be paid for use of poor.

Chapter 42

See chap. 189, L. 1801.

Actions at law by poor persons. Attorneys to be assigned by court to appear without fee.

Chapter 46

See chap. 189, L. 1801.

Excise duties on liquors. £800 of excise money in New York city to be paid annually to Society of the Hospital in New York city for four years. One-half of penalties for violation of law to go to poor funds of city or town where offence shall happen.

Chapter 48

See chap. 189, L. 1801.

Regulating repacking of beef and pork for export.
One-half of penalties to go to support of poor. Repealed by chapter 61, laws 1799.

Chapter 55

See chap. 33, L. 1790; chap. 29, L. 1792; chap. 94, L. 1799; chap. 61, L. 1799, and chap. 537, L. 1881.

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Chapter 56

Regulating culling of staves and heading for export.
One-half of penalties to go to poor fund.

Repealed by chap. 129, L. 1800.

Chapter 60

Westchester county. Arrears of poor taxes in town of Bedford.

Chapter 62

General law for settlement and relief of poor, and the establishment of poor houses by towns, repealing all former laws in relation thereto.

See chap. 101, L. 1797; chap. 80, L. 1799; chap. 80, L. 1798; chap. 189, L. 1801; chap. 537, L. 1881.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT FOR THE BETTER SETTLEMENT AND RELIEF
OF THE POOR.

CHAPTER 62, LAWS OF 1788.

Whereas the laws of this State for the settlement and relief of the poor and for the removal of disorderly persons, have by experience been found insufficient, for remedy whereof.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That every city and town shall support and maintain their own poor.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That every person who shall have come to inhabit in any city or town within this State and shall actually and bona fide have rented and occupied a tenement of the yearly value of twelve pounds or upwards for two years and actually paid such rent; and every person who shall have come to inhabit in any city or town within this State and shall for himself or on his own account have executed any public, annual office or charge in such city or town, during one whole year; or who shall have been charged with and paid his or her share toward the public taxes of such city or town, for the space of two years; and every person who shall have been bound an apprentice or servant by indenture or by any deed, contract or writing not indented, and shall, in consequence of such binding, have served a term not less than two years, in such city or town, shall be deemed and adjudged to have obtained a legal settlement in such city or town; and that all marriners coming into this State and having no settlement in this State, or in any other of the United States of America; and every other healthy able-bodied person coming directly from some foreign port or place into this State, shall be deemed and adjudged to be legally settled in the city or town in which he or she shall have first resided for the space of one year.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That every bastard child shall be deemed and adjudged to be settled

in the city or town of the last legal settlement of his or her mother.

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And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no person or persons shall be deemed, adjudged or taken to acquire or gain a settlement in any city or town, within this State for or by virtue of any purchase of any estate or interest in such city or town, whereof the consideration for such purchase shall not amount to the sum of thirty pounds, bona fide paid, for any longer or further time than such person or persons shall inhabit in such estate, and shall then be liable to be removed to the city or town where such person or persons were last legally settled before the said purchase and inhabitancy therein.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person or persons, other than those hereinbefore mentioned, coming into any city or town within this State, shall within forty days after his her or their coming into such city or town, deliver a notice in writing to any two overseers of the poor of such city or town, into which he she or they shall come to reside, of the house or place of his, her or their abode and the number and names of his, her or their family, (if he she or they shall have any) ; which notice such overseers of the poor are hereby required to register or to cause to be registered within forty eight hours after the receipt thereof, in the book kept in such city or town for the accounts of the poor, and in case the overseers of the poor of such city or town shall not, within twelve months after such notice, cause such person or persons to be removed out of such city or town, in the manner herein after mentioned, that then and in such case the person or persons so giving notice as aforesaid, shall be deemed and adjudged to be legally settled in such city or town to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any overseer or overseers of the poor shall refuse or neglect to register or to cause to be registered such notice in writing as aforesaid, in such time and manner as aforesaid, he or they shall, for every such refusal or neglect, forfeit the sum of forty shillings, to the use of the party aggrieved, to be recovered, with costs of suit, in any court having cognizance thereof.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any overseer or overseers of the poor of any city or town shall have reason to believe that any stranger who shall have come to reside in such city or town and who shall not have obtained a legal settlement in such city or town, according to the true intent and meaning of this act, is likely to become chargeable to such city or town, such overseer or overseers of the poor shall and may apply to any two justices of the peace of such city, or of the county in which such town shall lie, and inform them thereof; and the said justices being so or otherwise informed, or seeing such stranger and suspecting him or

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her to be of insufficient abilities or likely to become a charge to such city or town, are hereby authorized and required to issue their warrant to a constable of such city or town, thereby commanding him to bring such stranger before them the said justices, at such time and place as they, in their said warrant, shall for that purpose appoint, and they the said justices shall examine every stranger so brought before them and any other person or persons, whom they may think necessary, upon oath, relating to the abilities and last place of legal settlement of such stranger; and if, upon such examination, the said justices shall find such stranger likely to become a charge to such city or town, they shall order and direct such stranger, by a certain day by them to be prefixed, to remove to the place of his, her or their former settlement, and on neglect or refusal to comply with the said order, the said justices shall issue a warrant, under their hands and seals, directed to any constable of such city or town, (who is hereby required and commanded to execute such warrant) thereby commanding him to convey or transport such stranger to the constable of the next city or town, through which such stranger shall have been suffered to wander and stroll unapprehended, and so from constable to constable, or in such other manner, by the nearest and most convenient route, as the said justices shall think fit to direct, to the place of legal settlement of such stranger, if the same shall be within this State. *And further*, if such stranger hath no place of legal settlement within this State, or if the said justices shall not be able to discover where the last place of legal settlement of such stranger was, then the said justices shall, in their said warrant, direct that he or she be conveyed and transported to the city or town from whence he or she last came and the constable so conveying such stranger shall deliver him or her, together with his warrant aforesaid, to or at the house of some constable of such city or town, which constable is hereby required to receive such stranger and convey him or her to the next constable and so from constable to constable, or otherwise, as such justices shall direct as aforesaid, until such stranger shall be transported into some city or town within this State, where he or she shall have come from or be legally settled in, or out of this State into the State from whence he or she came into this State, as the case may require.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any householder or inhabitant of this State shall take into receive or entertain, in his her or their dwelling house out house or family, for the space of fifteen days, any person who hath not gained a settlement in some city or town within this State, and shall not, within the time aforesaid, give notice in writing to one of the overseers of the poor of such city or town, of the name, quality, condition and circumstances of the person so entertained, according to the best knowledge of such householder or inhabitant; every such householder or inhabitant, so

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entertaining as aforesaid, shall, for every such offense, forfeit the sum of forty shillings, to be recovered with costs of suit, before any court, having cognizance thereof, by any person or persons who shall sue and prosecute for the same to effect; one half of which forfeiture when recovered to be paid to the overseers of the poor of such city or town, and the other half to the person or persons who shall sue for the same as aforesaid. *And further*, if the person so entertained as aforesaid, shall have remained in any city or town longer than the term of forty days, then and in such case it shall and may be lawful for any two justices of the peace of such city or of the county in which such town shall lie, to cause such and so many of the householders or inhabitants of such city or town who shall have so entertained such stranger, during the term of fifteen days, without giving information thereof as aforesaid to be brought before them the said justices, and such householders or inhabitants shall enter into bond to the overseers of the poor of such city or town for the time being and their successors, in the sum of one hundred pounds conditioned that such stranger shall not become a charge to such city or town; and in case any of the said persons, who shall have entertained such stranger as aforesaid, being in the opinion of such justices of the peace of sufficient ability, shall refuse to become bound as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for the said justices of the peace, by warrant under their hands and seals, directed to any constable of such city or town, to cause such person or persons so refusing, to be committed to the common goal of such city or of the county in which such town shall lie, there to remain until he she or they respectively shall consent and become bound as aforesaid; and such bond shall not be avoided by plea of duress; but if the person or persons so entertaining such strangers shall not, in the opinion of the said justices of the peace, be of sufficient abilities to become bound as aforesaid, or if the said justices shall not think fit to take such bond as aforesaid, then they shall cause such stranger to be conveyed from constable to constable in manner aforesaid, until he or she shall be transported to the place of his or her last settlement, if within this State, or into any other of the United States, if from thence he or she came.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That every constable transporting any stranger or strangers shall receive so much money for his or their services as the supervisors of the city or county shall judge he reasonably deserved to have. *And further*, that the charges of every transportation shall be borne by the respective city or county, and be raised, levied, collected and paid in the same manner as other monies for the contingent charges of such city or county, are raised, levied, collected and paid in such respective city or county.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person so removed or transported as aforesaid, shall return

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into this State, or from the place of his or her legal settlement, to the city or town from whence he or she was so removed or transported as aforesaid, so as to be likely to become a burthen to such city or town aforesaid, such person so returning shall, by warrant from any two justices of the peace of such city, or of such county, in which such town shall lie, be apprehended and re-transported as aforesaid; and shall, by every constable into whose charge such person shall come, if the justices so removing him or her; shall think proper and so direct, be whipped, if a man, not exceeding thirty-nine lashes and if a woman, not exceeding twenty-five lashes, and so as often as he or she shall return, after such transportation.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person be removed by virtue of this act, from one city or town to another within this State, by warrants under the hands and seals of any two justices of the peace as aforesaid, the overseers of the poor of the city or town to which the said person shall be so removed, are hereby required to receive the said person; and if they or any of them shall refuse or neglect so to do, the overseer or overseers so refusing or neglecting, shall, if thereof convicted by the oath of two witnesses, forfeit and pay, for each offense the sum of ten pounds to the use of the poor of the city or town from which the said person was so removed, to be recovered, with costs of suit, in any court having cognizance thereof, by the overseers of the poor of such city or town from which such person was so removed as aforesaid.

Provided always, and be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no person or persons, his, her or their child or children shall acquire or gain a settlement in the city or town to which he, she or they shall be so removed by virtue of this act, but his, her or their settlement shall be and remain in the same place where it was before such removal; anything in this act to the contrary notwithstanding.

And whereas many poor persons resident in this State, cannot find employment in the city or town where they are legally settled and are not able to give security that they and their families shall not become chargeable to any other city or town where they can find employ; for remedy whereof, *Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,* That if any person or persons who shall think proper to remove out of any one city or town within this State, into any other, there to inhabit or reside and shall at the same time procure bring and deliver, to the overseers of the poor of the city or town, where he she or they shall so come to inhabit or reside, or to any one of them, a certificate, under the hands and seals of the overseers of the poor or of any two of them of the city or town of his, her or their last legal settlement, attested by two or more credible witnesses, thereby owning or acknowledging the person or persons mentioned in such certificate to be an inhabitant or

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inhabitants legally settled in the city or town mentioned in such certificates as aforesaid, which certificates shall be, either acknowledged by the overseers of the poor giving the same, or shall be duly proved by the witnesses, who shall have attested the execution thereof, or one of them, before any justice of the peace of the city or of the county wherein the town, from whence any such certificate shall come, shall lie, and shall be approved of and subscribed by such justice of the peace; then and in such case, it shall and may be lawful for every such person, with his or her family (if he or she have any) upon the delivery of such certificate as aforesaid, to continue, abide and remain in any such city or town, to which he, she or they shall remove as aforesaid, and to follow any honest employment within the same; and the overseers of the poor shall deliver every such certificate to the town clerk of the city or town, in which any such person or persons shall come to reside as aforesaid, who is hereby required to file and record the same. *And further* that every such certificate so acknowledged or proved and allowed as aforesaid, shall be deemed, taken and allowed, in all courts whatsoever within this State, as duly and fully proved and shall be taken and received as evidence without any further proof thereof.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That whenever any person, with his or her family (if he or she have any) or any part thereof, so remaining by virtue of the certificate or certificates aforesaid, shall become chargeable or be obliged, by sickness or otherwise to ask relief of the city or town, into which he, she or they were received as aforesaid, that then and not before, it shall and may be lawful for any two justices of the peace of the city or county into which such person or persons were received by virtue of such certificate as aforesaid, to remove and convey all and every such person or persons, with all and every of his or her family and his or her children, though born in such city or town, and his or her servants or apprentices not having otherwise acquired a legal settlement there, to the city or town from which such certificate was brought as aforesaid; the overseers of the poor of which city or town are in such case hereby required and obliged to receive and provide for every such person and his or her family as aforesaid.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no person who shall come to reside in any city or town by virtue of any such certificate as aforesaid, shall be deemed or adjudged by any act whatsoever, of him or her, to have gained a legal settlement in such city or town, during the time he or she shall reside there by virtue of such certificate, unless he or she shall really and bona fide purchase a freehold of the value of thirty pounds or upwards; or really and bona fide have rented and occupied a tenment of the yearly value of twelve pounds or upwards, for two whole years, or shall have

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executed a public annual office or charge in such city or town for one whole year as aforesaid.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That when any person or persons or their families residing in any city or town or sent thither by certificate and becoming chargeable as aforesaid, shall be removed back to the city or town to which such person or persons shall belong, the overseers of the poor shall be reimbursed such reasonable charges, as he or they may have been put unto, in maintaining and removing such person or persons, by the overseers of the poor of the city or town to which such person or persons is are or shall be removed, the said charges having been first ascertained and allowed, by two or more of the justices of the peace of the city or of the county in which such town, from which such removal shall be made shall lie; which said charges so ascertained and allowed, shall, in case of refusal of payment, be levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the overseers of the poor of the city or town to which such certificate person or persons shall be removed as aforesaid, by warrant or warrants, under the hands and seals of any two justices of the peace of the city or county where the overseers of the poor shall reside (who are hereby authorized and required to issue the same) directed to some constable of such city or town; returning the overplus, if any there be, after deducting all lawful costs and charges of such sale.

And whereas it often happens that poor persons having a residence in one city or town, remove from thence into another city or town, within this State, without such certificate as aforesaid and there become sick, lame or otherwise so infirm that they cannot be removed and sometimes die, before they can be legally sent back, whereby the inhabitants of such city or town, where such poor person becomes sick, lame or die, are put to charge and expence in the maintenance or burying such poor person; *And whereas* it is just and reasonable that such charges and expenses should be repaid; *therefore be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,* That if any poor person shall remove or come out of any city or town, where he or she is or shall be legally settled, into any other city or town within this State, and shall be taken sick or lame, so that he or she cannot be conveniently removed back, to the place of his or her last legal settlement, then the overseers of the poor of such city or town, into which such poor person shall so come as aforesaid, or one of them, shall give notice in writing to the overseers of the poor of the city or town out of which such poor person shall have come as aforesaid, of the name, condition and circumstances of such poor person, and request such overseers of the poor, or one of them, to take care of, relieve and maintain such sick or lame poor person during his or her illness, and also to provide for his or her funeral, if he or she should die there; and if such overseer

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or overseers of the poor having notice as aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse so to do, then and in such case it shall be lawful for any two justices of the peace of the city or of the county in which such town shall lie, where such poor person had his or her last legal place of settlement, upon complaint made to them, to cause all such sum and sums of money as shall be necessarily expended in the maintenance of such poor person in his or her sickness or lameness, or on his or her funeral, to be levied, by distress and sale of the goods and chattles of the said overseer or overseers of the poor, so neglecting or refusing to take care of and provide for any such poor person as aforesaid, after such notice given to him or them as aforesaid, by warrant or warrants, under the hands and seals of such justices (who are hereby authorized and required to issue the same) directed to some constable of the city or town where such overseer or overseers of the poor shall reside, returning the overplus, if any there be, after deducting all lawful costs and charges of such sale as aforesaid; and such sum or sums of money so recovered shall be paid to the overseers of the poor, or to one of them, of such city or town where such poor person shall be sick, lame or die as aforesaid.

Provided always and be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all and every person or persons, who shall think himself, herself or themselves aggrieved, by any judgment or order of any justice or justices of the peace, or by any warrant of removal of any poor person may appeal to the next general sessions of the peace to be holden in and for such city or in and for the county in which such city or town shall lie, where such judgment or order shall be made, or from which such poor person shall be removed as aforesaid, who are hereby authorized and required to hear and determine such appeals, and to do justice therein, according to the merits of the respective cases. *And further* that no justice of the peace, who shall reside in any city or town where any dispute shall happen (except in the city or county of New York) shall sit in court upon such appeals.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That on every appeal to be made to the court of general sessions of the peace to be holden in and for the city and county of New York, the justices who shall determine such appeal, shall, upon request, state the case specially, particularly and at large, that all and every person and persons who shall think himself, herself or themselves aggrieved by the determination on such appeal, may have remedy thereupon in the supreme court.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no appeal or appeals from any judgment or order whatsoever of any justice or justices of the peace, or from any order of removal of any poor person or persons whatsoever, from one city or town to another, shall be proceeded upon, in any court

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of general sessions of the peace, unless reasonable notice in writing be given, by the overseers of the poor of the city or town or the person or persons who shall make such appeal, unto the overseers of the poor, or one of them, of such city or town, as shall be affected by such judgment or order, or from which such poor person shall be removed; the reasonableness of which notice to be determined by the justices of such general sessions of the peace, to which the appeal is made; and if it shall appear to them that reasonable time of notice was not given, then they shall adjourn such appeal to the next general sessions of the peace and then and there finally hear and determine the same.

And for the preventing vexatious removals and frivolous appeals; *be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid*, That if the justices shall, at their general sessions of the peace, to be holden in and for any city or county within this State, upon any appeal before them there to be had and prosecuted, for and concerning the settlement of any poor person or persons, determine in favour of the appellant or appellants, that such poor person or persons was or were unduly removed, that then the said justices shall, at the same general sessions, order and award, to such appellant or appellants, so much money, besides his or their costs and charges, as shall appear to the said justices to have been reasonably paid and expended by the overseers of the poor of the city or town on whose behalf such appeal was made, for or towards the relief of such poor person or persons, between the time of such undue removal and the determination of such appeal. *And further* that upon every appeal before them there to be had for or concerning any judgment or order of any justice or justices, for and concerning the settlement of any poor person, or upon any proof before them there to be had of notice of any such appeal to have been given, by the overseers of the poor of one city or town, or by any other person or persons, to the overseers of the poor of another city or town, or to any other person or persons, though he, she or they did not afterwards prosecute such appeal, the justices, at the same general sessions of the peace, shall award and order to the party for whom and in whose favour such appeal shall be determined, or to whom such notice did appear to have been given as aforesaid, such costs and charges in the law, as by the said justices in their discretion shall be thought reasonable and just, to be paid by the overseers of the poor of the city or town or other person or persons, against whom such appeal shall be determined or who gave notice of such appeal as aforesaid and did not prosecute the same. *And further*, if in any of the cases aforesaid, the person or persons ordered to pay such monies and costs and charges aforesaid, shall reside in any city or county out of the jurisdiction of such court of general sessions of the peace, it shall and may be lawful for the overseers of the poor, to whom such monies

were, by order of such court of general sessions of the peace, directed to be paid, to sue for and recover the same monies against the person or persons, against whom such award or order was made, with costs of suit, in an action for moneys had and received to the plaintiffs use, in any court in this State having cognizance thereof, where the person or persons against whom such determination shall be given as aforesaid, shall reside, in which action a true copy of the award and order of such justices in their court of general sessions of the peace, signed by the clerk and sealed with the seal of the same court, when produced shall be sufficient evidence for the recovery of such sum or sums of money so awarded and ordered to be paid as aforesaid.

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And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the father and grandfather, mother and grand mother (being of sufficient ability) of any poor, blind, lame or decrepited person or persons whomsoever, not being able to maintain himself or herself and becoming chargeable to any city or town within this State, and the children and grandchildren (being of sufficient ability) of every poor, old, blind, lame or impotent person not being able to maintain himself or herself and becoming chargeable as aforesaid shall severally and respectively, at his, her, or their charges, and expences, relieve and maintain every such poor person as aforesaid, in such manner as the justices of the peace of the city or county where such sufficient person shall dwell, at their general sessions of the peace, shall order and direct, on pain of forfeiting and paying ten shillings for each person so ordered to be relieved, for every week he, she or they shall fail therein; to be sued for and recovered, with costs of suit, by the overseers of the poor of the city or town, to which such poor person or persons shall be chargeable, for the use of the poor of such city or town, in the manner hereinbefore directed with respect to costs and charges upon an appeal.

And whereas it sometimes happens that persons run away or abscond from their places of abode and legal settlement and leave their wives and families a charge to the city or town, in which they are settled, although such persons have some estate real or personal whereby such city or town might be eased in whole or in part, therefore *be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,* That it shall and may be lawful for the overseers of the poor of any city or town within this State, where any father or husband shall run away or absent himself from his wife or children, or where any widow shall run away or absent herself from her child or children, and leave him, her or them, a charge to such city or town, to apply to any two justices of the peace of the city or county where such estate real or personal, or any part thereof, may be, and by warrant under the hands and seals of the said two justices (who are hereby authorized and required to issue the same) to take and

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seize the goods and chattles and to let out and receive the annual rents and profits of the lands and tenements of such father, husband or mother so absconding as aforesaid, for and towards the maintaining, bringing up and providing for such wife, child or children so left as aforesaid; and so soon as the said seizure shall be allowed of and confirmed by the justices in their general sessions of the peace, it shall and may be lawful for the said overseers of the poor or any two of them, from time to time, and as often as the case may require, to sell and dispose of so much and so many of the said goods and chattels at public vendue to the highest bidder and to receive the said rents and profits or so much thereof as shall be ordered by the said sessions, and to apply the money arising thereby towards the maintenance of such poor family or person so left as aforesaid. *And further*, that the said overseers of the poor shall be accountable to the justices of the peace in their said general sessions, for all such monies as shall or may arise by every such sale or sales to be received by them for the rents and profits of such lands and tenements.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the majority of the freeholders and inhabitants who shall be assembled at the annual town meeting, in each respective town, in the several counties of this State, shall and may determine and agree upon such sum and sums of money, as they may think proper, for the purpose of maintaining and supporting the aged and other poor in their respective towns in the ensuing year; of which sum or sums of money so agreed upon to be raised, each respective town clerk shall make full and proper entries in the town book by him to be kept and shall, as soon as conveniently may be, deliver a true copy of such entry, certified under his hand to the supervisor of the said town; and the said supervisor is hereby required to lay the same before the supervisors of the county, at their then next meeting, in order that the said sum may be raised in such town for the support and maintenance of the poor thereof.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the cities of Albany and Hudson respectively, in common council convened, yearly and every year to determine and agree upon such sum or sums of money, as they may respectively think proper for the purpose of maintaining and supporting the aged and other poor in the said cities respectively in the ensuing year; of which respective sums of money so agreed upon to be raised; the town clerk of each of the said cities respectively, shall make a full and proper entry in the minutes of the said common council, and shall, as soon as conveniently may be, deliver a true copy of such entry, certified under his hand, to a supervisor of such respective city, who is hereby required to lay the same before the supervisors of the county, at their then next meeting, in order that the

said sum may be raised in such respective city, for the support and maintenance of the poor thereof.

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And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That when and as often as any poor person belonging to any city or town within this State, shall apply for relief to any overseer or overseers of the poor of such city or town, the said overseer or overseers of the poor shall make application to a justice of the peace of such city, or of the county in which such town shall lie, which said justice and overseer or overseers of the poor shall enquire into the state and circumstances of the person so applying as aforesaid, and if it shall appear to the said justice and overseer or overseers of the poor that such person is in such indigent circumstances as to require relief, then the said justice shall give an order in writing to the said overseer or overseers of the poor to make such allowance weekly or otherwise, to every such poor person as they in their discretion shall think his or her necessities shall or may require; and the said overseer or overseers of the poor shall make no other or further allowance to such poor person than what by the said order shall be directed; which said order shall be a sufficient voucher for the payment of so much money by the said overseer or overseers of the poor, and shall be allowed in adjusting his or their accounts.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the overseers of the poor of each respective city or town within this State, shall procure, at the public charge, a book of good paper and well bound, wherein the names of all poor persons applying for relief and being ordered to be relieved as aforesaid, shall be registered, with the day and year when they were first admitted to have relief, the weekly or other sum or sums of money allowed by the order for their relief, and the cause of such necessity, and that no person shall be entered into the poor books, or receive relief from the overseers of the poor or any of them, without such order procured as aforesaid; and in case any overseer or overseers of the poor shall enter into the poor books and relieve any such poor person or persons, without such order, he or they shall forfeit and lose all such money and goods paid and distributed to such poor person or persons, nor shall any allowance be made to him or them for the same, in passing his or their account or accounts; and the said overseers of the poor are hereby directed and required to enter or cause to be entered in the said poor books, all monies received, laid out and disbursed by them respectively for the use of the poor and also all matters and things which shall be transacted by them relating to their said office. And the overseers of the poor for the cities of Albany and Hudson respectively, shall yearly, once in every year, lay such books of accounts before the common council of the said cities respectively, at such times as the said respective common councils shall direct. And the overseers of the poor of every town shall

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yearly and every year on the last Tuesday in March, lay their said books of accounts before the town clerk and supervisor of such town, and such justice or justices of the peace as may reside in such town, or the major part of them, for their examination, who shall examine and audit the same, and make report thereof to the freeholders and inhabitants of their respective towns at their next annual town meeting, that such further provision, for the maintenance and support of the poor, may be made as may be found necessary.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That in all indentures and contracts to be made by any overseers of the poor of any city or town, by and with the consent of the justices of the peace of the county, or any two of them, or by and with the consent of the mayor, recorder and aldermen, or any two of them, in any city, for binding or putting out any child as an apprentice or servant, shall, among the covenants in such indentures or contracts to be made and agreed upon between the parties, always insert a clause to the following effect, "That every master and mistress to whom such child shall be bound as aforesaid, shall cause such child to be taught and instructed to read and write." And further that the overseers of the poor for the time being, of each respective city and town, shall be the guardians of every such child so put and bound out as aforesaid, to take care that the terms of the indentures or contract, and the covenants and agreements therein contained, be performed and fulfilled, and that such child be not ill used; and the said overseers of the poor are hereby empowered and directed to enquire into the same, and to redress any grievance or grievances, in such manner as is prescribed by law.

And for the greater ease of the public in relief of the poor, Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the overseers of the poor of the cities of Albany and Hudson, by and with the consent of the common council of the same cities respectively, and for the overseers of the poor of any town within this State, and any two or more justices of the peace of the county in which such town shall lie, with the consent and approbation of the major part of the free holders and inhabitants of such town, to be signified at such annual town meeting as aforesaid, and at the proper charge of such city or town, to be ascertained, assessed and levied as aforesaid, to build, purchase or hire, some fit and convenient dwelling house or houses in such city or town, for the lodging and accommodation of the poor thereof; and also to purchase necessary materials for setting such poor persons to work; and there to keep, maintain and employ all and every such poor person, and to take the benefit of the work, labour and services of any such poor person who shall be kept and maintained in any such house, for the better maintenance and relief of such poor persons, who shall be there kept and main-

tained, and thereof to appoint such person or persons, as keeper or keepers, from time to time, as they shall think proper; and in case any poor person, claiming relief of any city or town within this State, where such house or houses shall be so built, purchased or hired, shall refuse to be lodged, kept to work and maintained, in such house or houses, such poor person or persons so refusing shall be put out of the book in which the names of the poor are by this act directed to be registered, and shall not be entitled to ask or receive any relief from the overseers of the poor of any such city or town. *And further*, that where any town may be too small to build, purchase or hire such house or houses as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the overseers of the poor and justices of the peace, with the consent and approbation of the major part of the freeholders and inhabitants of two or more towns within any county in this State, to be signified at such annual town meetings as aforesaid, to join together and unite in building, purchasing or hiring such house or houses, for the lodging, keeping and maintaining of the poor of such towns, so joining together, and uniting; and also to purchase necessary materials for setting such poor persons to work, and there to keep, maintain and employ all and every such poor person, and to take the benefit of the work, labour and services of any such poor person who shall be kept and maintained in any such house, for the better maintenance and relief of the poor there to be kept, maintained and employed; and thereof to appoint such person or persons, as keeper or keepers, from time to time, as they shall think proper; and in case any poor person or persons claiming relief of any such united towns as aforesaid, shall refuse to be lodged, kept to work, and maintained in the house or houses so to be built, purchased or hired for such united towns as aforesaid, such poor person or persons so refusing shall be put out of the book in which the names of the poor are by this act directed to be registered as aforesaid, and shall not be entitled to ask or receive any relief, from the overseers of the poor of any such town. *And further*, that it shall and may be lawful for the overseers of the poor and justices of any town within this State, with the consent and approbation of the major part of the freeholders and inhabitants of such town, where such house or houses shall be built, purchased or hired for the purposes aforesaid, to be signified at such annual town meeting as aforesaid, to contract with the overseers of the poor and justices of any other town, for the lodging, maintaining and employing of any poor person or persons belonging to such other town, as to them shall seem meet; and in case any such poor person or persons belonging to any other town, shall refuse to be lodged, maintained and employed in such house or houses so contracted for as aforesaid, such poor person or persons so refusing shall be put out of the book in which the names of the poor are by this act directed to be registered as

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aforesaid, and shall not be entitled to ask or receive any relief from the overseers of the poor of any such town.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the overseers of the poor of each respective city and town in this State, shall annually, within fifteen days after the termination of their respective offices, exhibit to the succeeding overseers of the poor of such city or town, a particular, full, just, and true account of all the monies by them respectively received and expended for the use of the poor, and from whom, to whom, and in what manner, and for what use or uses, together with an account of the earnings of the poor persons by them employed; which accounts the said overseers of the poor for the time being, together with the supervisor or supervisors of such city or town and justices of the peace residing in such city or town, or the major part of them, shall, as soon as conveniently may be, examine and audit; and the said overseers of the poor so going out of office, shall respectively, on auditing such account, pay all such ballance and sums of money as shall appear to be in his or their hands, or due from him or them, to such city or town, to their successors in office, to be applied and accounted for by them in the course of the next year, in the like manner as is hereinbefore prescribed; and such overseers of the poor so going out of office, shall at the same time of exhibiting their accounts, deliver up to their successors in office, all books of account, registers and other papers, relating to the poor as aforesaid; and if any overseer or overseers of the poor shall refuse or neglect to exhibit such account or accounts as aforesaid, and to pay to his or their successors in office, such monies as shall remain in his or their hands as aforesaid, or to deliver up all such books of accounts, registers and other papers relating to the poor as aforesaid, every such overseer of the poor so neglecting or refusing, shall for every such neglect or refusal, forfeit and pay the sum of one hundred pounds, over and above the said ballance remaining in his or their hands, to be recovered with costs of suit, in any court of record within this State, by the overseers of the poor of such city or town for the time being, and when recovered to be applied to the use of the poor of such city or town; and if upon auditing such account, there shall appear to be a ballance due to such overseers of the poor so going out of office as aforesaid, or to either of them, the same shall be paid to him or them by their successors in office, out of the first monies which shall come into their hands as overseers of the poor of such city or town.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the overseers of the poor for the time being, of each respective city and town, to recover against their predecessors in office, and each of them, their executors or administrators, all such sums of money, as shall appear, upon such audit as aforesaid, to be due from them respectively, to such respective city or town, in an action for

moneys had and re-received to the use of such city or town, with costs of suit, in any court having cognizance thereof: or to have and maintain an action or actions of account against any former overseer or overseers of the poor, of such city or town, his or their executors, or administrators; and no such action shall be abated or discontinued by the death or expiration of the office of any such plaintiff or plaintiffs, but shall and may be continued and prosecuted to effect, by the survivor or survivors of them, and their successors in office; and such suit shall always be brought and prosecuted by and in the name of the overseers of the poor of such city or town, for the time being.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That every master of any ship or other vessel, who shall enter his ship or other vessel in the custom house of this State in the city of New York, shall, within twenty-four hours after his arrival, make a report in writing, on oath, to the mayor of the said city, or in case of his sickness or absence to the recorder of the said city for the time being, of the names and occupations of every person who shall be brought into port, in his said ship or other vessel; and in case of neglect the master of such ship or other vessel, shall forfeit the sum of twenty pounds for every person so neglected to be reported. *And further,* that if any person so neglected to be reported to the mayor or recorder of the said city as aforesaid shall be a foreigner, the master of such ship or other vessel, so neglecting to make report as aforesaid, shall forfeit the sum of thirty pounds, for every foreigner so neglected to be reported. *And further,* that if any householder shall entertain in his or her house or family any such foreigner, and not report the same to the mayor, or in case of his absence or sickness, to the recorder of the said city for the time being, within twenty-four hours after he or she shall receive such foreigner into his or her house or family, he or she shall forfeit the sum of five pounds; which said respective forfeitures, shall and may be recovered by action of debt, with costs of suit, in any court within this State, having cognizance thereof, by any person or persons who shall sue and prosecute for the same to effect; the one half of which forfeitures, when recovered, to be paid to the treasurer or chamberlain of the said city, for the use of the poor thereof, and the other half to the person or persons who shall sue and prosecute for the same to effect as aforesaid.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any master of any ship or other vessel shall bring or land within this State, any person who cannot give a good account of himself or herself, to the mayor or recorder of the said city, for the time being as aforesaid, or who is like to be a charge to the said city, such master shall within one month, carry or send the person so imported by him, back again to the place from whence he or she came, and shall for that purpose, enter into bond to the mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city

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of New York, with one or more surety or sureties, to be approved of by such mayor or recorder, in the sum of one-hundred pounds, conditioned for the purposes aforesaid, or shall enter into bond to the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the said city, with one or more sufficient surety or sureties, to be approved by such mayor, or recorder as aforesaid, in the sum of one-hundred pounds, conditioned that the person so imported shall not be or become a charge to the said city as aforesaid or any other city or town in this State; and in case such master of any ship or other vessel, shall refuse to become bound as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for such mayor or recorder, by warrant under his hand and seal, directed to any constable of the said city, to cause such person so refusing, to be committed to the common gaol of the said city, there to remain until he shall consent to become bound as aforesaid; and such bond shall not be voided by plea of duress.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York, in common council convened, to nominate and appoint under the common seal of the said city, twelve or more of the freeholders and inhabitants of the said city to be overseers of the poor thereof, by the name and stile of "The commissioners of the almshouse and bridewell of the city of New York;" which said persons being so appointed or the major part of them, shall have the same power and authority of overseeing and providing for the poor of the said city, and they, or any two of them, shall have the same power and authority for putting or binding out apprentices and servants in the said city, and be subject to the same duties and penalties, which the overseers of the poor in the respective towns in this State, have, or are subject to, by this act.

Provided always and be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all monies to be raised and collected in the said city for the maintenance and support of the poor, and all fines and forfeitures incurred in the said city by virtue of this act, and which by this act are made payable to the overseers of the poor, for the use of the poor of any city or town, shall be paid into the hands of the treasurer or chamberlain of the said city for the time being, and shall be applied and disposed of, in such proportions and from time to time, as the mayor, aldermen, and commonalty of the same city, in common council convened, by warrant under the hand of the mayor or recorder of the said city, presiding in such common council, shall direct and appoint; anything in this act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the common council of the said city, to remove from office any person or persons so by them to be appointed as aforesaid, for any neglect of duty or misconduct in office; and also in manner aforesaid, from time to time, to fill all vacancies which shall be occasioned by such re-

removal, or by death or resignation; and also from time to time, to make and ordain such ordinances and regulations as they shall think necessary, for the better government of the almshouse and bridewell of the said city, and the keepers, officers and servants thereof.

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And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That in all cases where any of the present poor in any county of this State are maintained by the whole county, or by more than one town, such poor persons shall continue to be so maintained; anything in this act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all former acts and laws of the late colony of New York, and of this State, relating to the settlement and relief of the poor, and every matter, article and thing therein contained, be, and the same hereby are severally repealed. Provided always, that if any person hath by virtue of any act or acts of the late colony of New York, or of this State, gained a settlement in any city or town in this State, such settlement shall not be altered by anything in this act before contained. Provided also, that all and every sum and sums of money heretofore directed to be raised for the support of the poor in any city or town, shall be raised and collected in the same manner as if this act had not been made.

All counties divided into towns. Poor in town of Goshen, Warwick and Minisink, Orange county, and in Cortlandt, Yorktown, Stephentown, Greenburgh and Mt. Pleasant, Westchester county. In every town in the State two overseers of the poor to be elected. Overseers of poor in Albany and Hudson. Oaths of office of overseers. One-half of penalty for refusal of certain town officers elected to qualify to go to poor fund. Powers of town meetings.

Chapter 64

See chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

The text of this act, so far as it relates to the poor, is as follows:

AN ACT FOR DIVIDING THE COUNTIES OF THIS STATE INTO TOWNS.

CHAPTER 64 OF THE LAWS OF 1788.

Be it enacted by the People of State of New York represented in Senate and Assembly, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same.

* * * * *

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the poor now belonging to the precinct of Goshen, and all per-

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sons now entitled to a settlement therein, and who shall become poor, shall be supported and maintained at the joint expense of the said towns of Goshen, Warwick and Minisink, in the same proportion as the necessary and contingent charges of the county, shall from time to time be laid upon the same towns respectively, and that all the bridges which are now by law directed to be made and maintained at the joint expense of the inhabitants of the precincts of Goshen and Cornwall, shall continue to be made, repaired and maintained by the inhabitants of the said towns of New Cornwall, Goshen, Warwick and Minisink, in the same manner as if this act had not been made.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That such poor persons as are now maintained by the inhabitants of the manor of Cortlandt and manor of Philipsburgh, shall be distributed within twenty days after this act shall take effect; those of the said manor of Cortlandt, to and among the towns of Cortlandt, York town, and Stephen-town; and those of Philipsburgh, to and among the towns of Greenburgh and Mountpleasant, in such equitable manner as Ebenezer Purdy, Jonathan G. Tompkins and Ebenezer Lockwood, or any two of them, shall, by writing under their hands, or the hands of any two of them, order and direct; and that after such distribution, the inhabitants of the said town shall respectively maintain such of the said poor persons as shall be so as aforesaid to them respectively assigned; and that until such distribution shall be so as aforesaid made, the said poor persons shall be kept and maintained in the same manner, as if this act had never been made.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the freeholders and inhabitants of each and every of the said towns, for the time being respectively, who are or shall be qualified by law to vote at town meetings, shall forever hereafter have full power and authority and they are hereby directed and required, to assemble together and hold town meetings in their respective towns, on the first Tuesday in April in every year, and then and there to elect and chuse one supervisor, one town clerk, not less than three nor more than seven assessors, one or more collectors, each of whom shall be liable only for the monies which they are respectively directed to collect in such parts of the town, as shall be assigned to them by the supervisor, two overseers of the poor, and three commissioners of highways, for the same town, each of whom shall be a freeholder and inhabitant of the same town; and so many constables, overseers of the highways, fence viewers and pound masters for the same town, being inhabitants of the same town, as to the free holders and inhabitants of said town so met or the major part of them, shall seem necessary and convenient; which said several officers shall hold their respective offices for one year, and

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until others shall be chosen in their places: And in case any of the officers so chosen in any such town, shall refuse to serve, or die or remove out of the town, or become incapable of serving, before the next annual town meeting, then and in every such case it shall and may be lawful to and for the freeholders and inhabitants of such town, from time to time, when it shall be necessary, to elect and chuse another or others in the room of such of them so refusing to serve or dying, removing or becoming incapable of serving, and to assemble together and hold town meetings for that purpose: And the town clerk of each town respectively, upon notice of any such refusal, removal, incapacity or death, or in case of any vacancy of the office of town clerk, then any justice of the peace in the same county, upon notice thereof, and request to him, by any free holder of the same town is hereby required to give notice in the manner hereinafter mentioned, of a town meeting in the same town, for the purpose aforesaid.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the first town meeting in each of the said towns, after this act shall take effect, shall be held at the place in each respective town where such meeting in the same district ought to have been held, if this act had not been made; and where there is no such place, or more than one such place, in any town, then at such place as the justices of the peace residing in such town, or the major part of them, shall direct and appoint. And that all town meetings thereafter to be held in each respective town, shall be held at such place in each town respectively, as the freeholders and inhabitants of such town, at their town meeting shall from time to time direct and appoint.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the freeholders and inhabitants of the city of Albany, shall and may, and they are hereby required yearly and every year, on the first Tuesday in May, to elect and chuse one supervisor, two assessors, one collector and one overseer of the poor, being freeholders and inhabitants of the said city, and two constables, being inhabitants of the same city, in each of the wards of the said city. *And further,* that the freemen of the city of Hudson, being inhabitants thereof, shall and may and they are hereby required, yearly and every year, at their annual election of officers within the said city of Hudson, to elect and chuse one supervisor and such number of assessors, collectors, constables and overseers of the poor, of the same city, as the common council for the same city, shall from time to time deem necessary, and direct to be chosen.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any or either of the said cities, towns or places, shall neglect to chuse such officers as aforesaid, or any or either of them, or in case any or either of the officers so chosen in and for any

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city, town or place aforesaid, shall refuse to serve, or die or remove out of the city, town or place, for which he shall be chosen, or become incapable of serving, before the next annual town meeting, or election, after he shall be chosen, and the city town or place, for which he was chosen, shall not, within fifteen days next after such refusal, death, removal or incapacity happens, chuse another in the room of such person so refusing to serve, or dying, or removing or becoming incapable of serving, then and in every case it shall and may be lawful, for any three of the justices of the peace in the same county, residing in such city, or in or near to such town, and they are hereby required, to nominate and, by warrant under their hands and seals, to appoint, all and every such officers as aforesaid, as the freeholders and inhabitants of the same city, town or place, ought to have chosen as aforesaid; and each and every of the said officers so appointed, shall hold his office for so long time, and have the same powers, and be liable to the same penalties, as if he had been elected to the same office by the freeholders and inhabitants of such city, town or place.

*And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That each and every supervisor, town clerk, assessor, commissioner of highways, overseer of the poor, and constable, hereafter to be elected or appointed, shall, before he enters upon the execution of his office, and within eight days after such election, or appointment, take and subscribe an oath, before some justice of the peace, in the form hereinafter provided for such officers respectively to take, that is to say, * * * * **

** * * * * And every overseer of the poor, and constable, shall take and subscribe an oath in the following form, to wit, "I do solemnly and sincerely promise and swear that I will in all things to the best of my knowledge understanding and ability, well and faithfully execute and perform the trust reposed in me as an overseer of the poor, or constable (as the case may be) of the (here insert the name of the place) in the county of (here insert the name of the county)". And further, that every justice of the peace, before whom such oath shall be taken and subscribed as aforesaid, shall, without fee or reward, certify under the same writing the day and year when the same oath was taken, and subscribe his name thereto, and then deliver the same writing to the person taking the same oath, who shall, within eight days thereafter, transmit or deliver the same to the clerk of the town for which such officer so taking such oath was elected or appointed. And if any supervisor, assessor, commissioner of highways, overseer of the poor or constable of any town, shall not take and subscribe such oath as aforesaid, and transmit or deliver the same to the town clerk as aforesaid, within the time hereby limited, or if any collector or constable, shall not give such security as is by law required, within the time for that purpose limited, then and in every such case, such neglect shall be deemed a*

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refusal to serve in such office; and the town in which such officer was chosen, may thereupon proceed to a new choice.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person hereafter chosen or appointed a supervisor, town clerk, assessor, collector, commissioner of highways, overseer of the poor or constable as aforesaid, shall refuse to take upon him or to serve in such office, or if any such supervisor, town clerk, assessor, commissioner of highways, or overseer of the poor, shall proceed in the execution of such office, before he shall have taken and subscribed such oath as aforesaid, or if any such collector or constable shall proceed in the execution of his office before he shall have given such security, as is or shall be required by law, then and in every such case, every person neglecting or refusing, or doing, shall forfeit to the people of this State, the sum of twenty-five pounds, to be recovered, by action of debt, bill, plaint or information, in any court of record; and the attorney general of this State for the time being, is hereby directed and required to sue and prosecute for all such penalties and forfeitures, and to pay the same when recovered to the treasurer of this State, for the use of the people of this State. And in every such action, suit or information, it shall be sufficient to set forth, that the defendant, at a certain time and place became indebted to the people of the State of New York, in the sum of twenty-five pounds as a forfeiture incurred, by reason that the defendant, having been elected or appointed (as the case may be) a supervisor, town clerk, assessor, collector, commissioner of highways, overseer of the poor, or constable, as the case may be, did refuse to take upon him and to serve in his said office, or did proceed in the execution of his said office, without taking and subscribing the oath by law required, or without giving the security by law required, as the case may be, contrary to the form of the "act for dividing the counties of this State into towns," to be paid to the people of the State of New York aforesaid, when he should be thereunto afterwards required; and to give the special matter in evidence.

* * * * *

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That this act shall take effect and be in force from and after the first day of April in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty nine, except with respect to the county of West Chester; and that with respect to the said county it shall take effect within twenty days after the passing thereof.

General Tax Law, New York city, excepted. Boards of supervisors to levy poor taxes and issue warrants to collectors. Overseers of poor may maintain action against collectors for refusal to pay poor funds out of first money collected.

Chapter 65

See chap. 72, L. 1799; chap. 53, L. 1800; chap. 189, L. 1801.

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Chapter 67

New York city tax law. Mayor, recorder and aldermen to levy poor taxes—application of moneys collected.

See chap. 72, L. 1799; also chap. 189, L. 1801.

Chapter 68

New York city to raise £6000 for support of poor.

Chapter 71

One-half of penalty for firing woods to go to use of poor.

See chap. 181, L. 1817; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 88

One-half of penalty for breaking and defacing mile stones and public monuments to go to use of poor.

Chapter 92

Relief for insolvent debtors. Proceedings.

See chaps. 10 and 24, L. 1789; chap. 29, L. 1791, and chap. 189, L. 1801.

12th session
1789

Amending act giving relief to insolvents.

Chapter 10

See chap. 189, L. 1801.

Chapter 13

New York city to raise money by tax for support of poor, etc.

Chapter 19

New York city. Punishment at hard labor may be inflicted on "common street beggars and all idle persons without visible means."

See chap. 11, L. 1833; also chap. 537, L. 1881.

Chapter 36

One-half penalty for violation of act for preservation of heath-hens in Suffolk to go to support of poor.

See chap. 9, L. 1791.

Chapter 37

One-half penalty for violation of act regulating ferries between New York city and Nassau Island to go to support of poor.

See chap. 139, L. 1801.

Chapter 48

One-half penalty for violation of act prohibiting cutting of certain trees in town of Schenectady to go to poor fund.

See chap. 49, L. 1790.

13th session
1790
Chapter 5

New York city to raise money by tax for support of poor.

Chapter 28

Masters may appeal from refusal of overseers of the poor to grant certificates for manumission of slaves.

See chap. 189, L. 1801.

Inspection of sole leather in Albany. One-half penalty to go to use of city poor.

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Chapter 47

See chap. 189, L. 1801.

Amending charter of corporation for relief of widows and children of clergymen of Protestant Episcopal Church in U. S. A.

Chapter 48

One-half of penalties for violation of game law relative to heath-hens, partridge and quail in Suffolk, Kings and Queens counties to go to use of poor.

14th session
1791
Chapter 9

See chap. 252, L. 1818.

New York city to levy tax for poor fund.

Chapter 14

Division of poor funds between Haverstraw, Clarks-town and New Hempstead, Orange county, Stephen-town and Peterburgh, and Rensselaerwyck and Troy, Rensselaer county, and Watervliet and Coeymans, Albany county.

Chapter 33

See chap. 12, L. 1794; chap. 28, L. 1797; chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 72, L. 1815; chap. 67, L. 1806; chap. 49, L. 1807, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

New York city to levy tax for poor fund, etc.

Chapter 34

See chap. 67, L. 1788.

Town of New Castle erected from North Castle, Westchester county, and poor divided.

Chapter 36

See chap. 64, L. 1788, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Town of Clermont (Columbia county). Overseers of poor directed to pay of certain poor funds toward erection and maintenance of a schoolhouse.

Chapter 41

New York city. Fire limits established. Moiety of penalty for violation of law to go to use of city poor.

Chapter 46

See chap. 43, L. 1786; chap. 4, L. 1792; chap. 55, L. 1796, and chap. 537, L. 1881.

New York city to levy tax for poor fund, etc.

15th session
1792
Chapter 10
Chapter 13

Towns of Galway, Charlton, Ballston and Milton erected from Ballstown, Saratoga county, and poor to be divided.

See chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

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Chapter 24

Town of Riverhead erected from Southold, Suffolk county and poor fund divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788.

Chapter 26

"The General Society of Mechanics and Tradesmen of the City of New York" incorporated for charitable purposes.

Repealed by chap. 113, L. 1811.

Chapter 59

Several new towns in Otsego, Delaware, Oneida, Oswego, Onondaga, Herkimer, Tioga, Chemung, Washington, Ulster and Rensselaer counties erected and poor divided.

See chap. 31, L. 1793.

Chapter 67

Appropriation £2000 annually for five years to Society of the Hospital in the City of New York.

Repealed by chap. 37, L. 1795.

16th session
1792
Chapter 2

New York city to levy tax for support of poor and improvements in almshouse.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO ENABLE THE MAYOR, RECORDER AND ALDERMEN OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK, TO ORDER THE RAISING MONIES BY TAX FOR THE MAINTENANCE OF THE POOR, AND FOR DEFRAYING THE OTHER CONTINGENT EXPENCES ARISING IN THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.

Chapter 2, Laws of 1792.

(Sixteenth Session of the Legislature).

Be it enacted by the People of the State of New York, represented in the Senate and Assembly, That the mayor recorder and aldermen of the city of New York, or the major part of them, of whom the mayor or recorder to be one, shall be, and hereby are fully authorized and impowered, as soon as conveniently may be after the first day of May next, to order the raising a sum not exceeding nine thousand two hundred pounds, by a tax on the real and personal estates of the freeholders and inhabitants within the city and county of New York, to be applied to the support and maintenance of the poor of the said city and county, the bridewell, and the criminals from time to time confined in the prison of the said city or county, and to the repairing and maintaining the public roads, regulating and improving the streets, and for paying the other contingent expences, arising within, and properly chargeable, to the said city and county.

And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful

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for the mayor, recorder and aldermen aforesaid, or the major part of them, of whom the mayor or recorder to be one, as soon as conveniently may be, after the said first day of May next, to order the raising a further sum, not exceeding one thousand pounds, to be assessed, raised and collected in the manner aforesaid, to be applied to compleating the improvements at the battery, and about the government house, and making improvements in front of the goal, alms house and bridewell, in the said city.

And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the mayor recorder and aldermen aforesaid, or the major part of them, of whom the mayor or recorder to be one, as soon as conveniently may be after the said first day of May next, to order the raising a further sum, not exceeding five thousand eight hundred pounds, by a tax on the estates real and personal of the freeholders and inhabitants within the said city, on the south side of a line, beginning at the outlet of the meadows of Anthony Lisenard into Hudsons River, thence extending to and along the north side of the dwelling house of Nicholas Bayard, thence to, and along the north side of the dwelling house of John R. Livingston Esquire, and thence to and along the north side of the dwelling house of Abraham Cannon, to the East River, to be applied to the payment of so many watchmen, as the mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the said city, in common council convened, shall from time to time think necessary, for guarding the said city; and also the purchasing oil, providing lamps, and repairing and attending the lamps, which now are, and from time to time hereafter may be erected within the said city; and for the payment of such other contingent charges of the said city, arising within the limits above mentioned, and properly chargeable thereto, as the mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the said city, in common council convened, shall think necessary, and from time to time direct; which said several sums of money, shall be rated and assessed, according to the estate of each respective person, so to be taxed, and be collected in one payment, and paid into the hands of the treasurer or chamberlain of the said city, at such time after the said first day of May next, as the said mayor recorder and aldermen, or a major part of them, shall direct and appoint; anything in the second section of the statute entitled "An act for the more effectual collection of taxes in the city and county of New York" contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the collectors in the seventh ward of the said city, to retain in their hands, the sum of one shilling in the pound, and the collectors in the several other wards, the sum of nine pence in the pound and no more, for their trouble in collecting and paying to the treasurer or chamberlain of the said city, such

(1792)

sums of money as shall be raised by virtue of this act; and that it shall and may be lawful for the said treasurer or chamberlain, to retain in his hands, the sum of two pence in the pound, and no more, for his trouble in receiving and paying the said monies.

Chapter 9

Town of Peru, Clinton county, erected from Plattsburgh and Willsburgh and poor funds divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788.

1793

Chapter 17

Towns of Norwich and Oxford erected from Jerico and Union, Tioga county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 21

Supervisors of Westchester county empowered to assess upon the several towns composing the late manor of Cortlandt a sufficient sum to pay for the maintenance and funeral expenses of a pauper belonging to said manor.

Chapter 22

Moiety of penalties for selling leather not inspected in the city of Hudson to go to city poor fund.

Chapter 44

Regulating proceedings to compel support of bastard children by fathers residing in other counties.

Chapter 64

Division of poor fund of old towns of Mohawk, Caughnawaga, Montgomery county; Washington, Dutchess county; Westfield, Washington county; Watervliet, Albany county; Kortright and Harpersfield, Delaware county; Saratoga and Milton, Saratoga county.

See chap. 17, L. 1794, and chap. 64, L. 1788.

17th session

1794

Chapter 3

Westchester County Board of Supervisors to levy tax for poor in late parish of Rye.

Chapter 9

New York city to levy tax for support of poor.

Chapter 58

Appropriation £3500 for support of Saint Domingo refugees.

Chapter 3

Appropriation for annuities to Indians.

Repealed by chap. 70, L. 1795.

18th session

1795

Chapter 12

New York city to levy tax for support of poor.

Chapter 14

Commissioners appointed to apportion poor of former town of Saratoga among towns of Stilwater and Saratoga, Saratoga county, and town of Easton, Wash-

ington county, and regulating division of poor between towns of Milton and Saratoga, Saratoga county.

(1795)

Towns of White Town and Paris in Herkimer county divided and Cazenovia, Hamilton, Sherburne, Brookfield and Sangerfield, Saratoga county, erected. Poor divided.

Chapter 16

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 163, L. 1801, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Town of Berne erected from Rensselaerville, Albany county, and poor divided.

Chapter 19

Towns of Greenwich and Schodack erected from Rensselaerwyck, Rensselaer county, and poor divided.

Chapter 20

Towns of Franklin and Carmel erected from Frederickstown and South East Town, Dutchess county, and poor divided.

Chapter 21

Town of Chatham erected from Canaan and Kinderhook in Columbia county and poor divided.

Chapter 22

Legacy bequeathed by David Jones for benefit of a charity school in town of Oyster Bay, to be paid to overseers of poor of that town and expended by them.

Chapter 29

See chap. 38, L. 1784, and chap. 109, L. 1867.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT CONCERNING THE LEGACY BEQUEATHED BY
DAVID JONES FOR THE BENEFIT OF A CHARITY
SCHOOL.

Chapter 29, Laws of 1795.

Whereas David Jones late of Fort Neck in Queens county deceased in and by his last will and testament did give and bequeath unto the charge and care of the church wardens of the parish of Hempstead in Queens county aforesaid for the time being, and to the charge and care of their successors for ever annually chosen by virtue of the act entitled An act for settling a ministry, and raising a maintenance for them in the city of New York, county of Richmond, Westchester and Queens county the sum of three hundred pounds current money of New York, to be lent out on interest on good land security, and the said interest annually applied for ever in the education and instruction of such poor children belonging to the town of Oyster Bay as the said church wardens for the time being shall deem proper objects of charity, the said church wardens once in every year, on the first Tuesday in May to deliver unto the vestry of the parish of Hempstead annually elected by vir-

(1795)

tue of the said act, a just, true and circumstantial account on oath of all their proceedings in relation to the disposition and application of the said interest money, and how and to whom the principal sums are lent and to take the directions of the said vestry with respect to their further proceedings therein; and although the executors of the said last will and testament or some or one of them offered to pay the said legacy, yet no person applied for payment thereof, and the same remains unpaid. *And whereas* the said executors are dead and administration of the goods chattels and credits which were of the said David Jones at the time of his death not administered by his executors, has been committed with his said will annexed unto Samuel Jones and Samuel Clows who it is suggested will probably soon have assets in their hands sufficient to pay the said sum of three hundred pounds, but the act mentioned in the said bequest having been repealed, there is not any person authorized to receive the same; in order therefore that the intentions of the testator may be carried into execution.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for the said administrators to pay the said three hundred pounds to the overseers of the poor of the said town of Oysterbay for the time being or either of them, whose receipt for the same shall be a sufficient discharge to the said administrators for the said legacy. And the said overseers of the poor of the said town of Oysterbay and their successors are hereby directed and required to lend out the said sum of three hundred pounds at interest on good land security, and to apply the said interest annually for ever in the education and instruction of such poor children belonging to the said town of Oysterbay as the said overseers of the poor of the said town of Oysterbay for the time being shall deem proper objects of charity, and once in every year on the last Tuesday in March in every year to deliver to the town clerk and supervisor for the time being of the said town of Oysterbay and such justice or justices of the peace as may reside in the said town of Oysterbay or such of them as shall then meet to examine and audit the accounts of the overseers of the poor of the said town of Oysterbay, a just true and circumstantial account on oath of all their proceedings in relation to the disposition and application of the said interest money, and how and to whom the principal sums are lent; and the said town clerk supervisor and justice or justices shall make a report thereof to the next town meeting, to be held in the said town of Oysterbay; and the said town meeting may give such directions with respect to the further proceedings of the said overseers therein as the major part of the free holders and inhabitants of the said town then met may deem proper or necessary.

£4000 annually for five years appropriated to the Society of the Hospital in New York City.

(1795)
Chapter 37

Chap. 67, L. 1792, repealed. See also chap. 4, L. 1795, and chap. 21, L. 1800.

New York city to raise £10,000 by a lottery for erection of a new poorhouse.

Chapter 51

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO ENABLE THE MAYOR ALDERMEN AND COMMONALTY OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK TO RAISE BY LOTTERY A SUM NOT EXCEEDING TEN THOUSAND POUNDS FOR THE PURPOSES THEREIN MENTIONED.

Chapter 51, Laws of 1795.

WHEREAS the mayor aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York by their petition have represented to the legislature that the buildings appropriated for the reception of the poor and indigent inhabitants of the said city are so decayed that it will be difficult if not impossible to accomodate with any degree of comfort those persons whose unfortunate lot it may be to be placed therein during the ensuing winter. And that they have with the monies raised by tax on the said city provided a considerable quantity of materials for the purpose of erecting a new building but by reason of the expensive and necessary annual improvements in the said city since the late war which have been borne by the inhabitants thereof with great cheerfulness it would be too great a burden on them to raise the monies which which* will be required for the erection of this necessary building by an immediate tax, and have therefore prayed that a law may be passed to authorize them to raise a sum not exceeding ten thousand pounds by lottery.

And whereas the said city from its situation is necessarily the recepticle of a greater proportion of paupers than any other city or county within this State and the erection of such a building in the said city would be highly beneficial to the same and it is but just and reasonable that considering the great burdens heretofore borne by the said inhabitants for the improvement of the said city that relief should be offered to the said city in the manner prayed for. Therefore

Be it enacted by the People of the State of New York represented in Senate and Assembly That it shall and may be lawful for the mayor aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York to raise a sum not exceeding ten thousand pounds by a lottery to be made for that purpose and to apply the proceeds thereof to the discharge of the expences to arise for the erection of the said building. And in order to carry such lottery into effect.

*So in the original.

(1795)

Be it further enacted That it shall and may be lawful for the said mayor aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York to employ such fit person or persons under them to sell the tickets and manage the said lottery in such way and under such regulations as they shall judge proper.

And be it further enacted That if any person or persons shall forge or counterfeit any ticket or tickets to be made in virtue of this act or alter any number thereof or utter or offer for sale or sell to any person or persons any forged or counterfeited ticket or tickets or any ticket or tickets whereof the number is altered knowing them to be such or bring the same to any of the managers with an intent to defraud the said mayor aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York or any adventurer in the said lottery every such person or persons being thereof convicted according to the due course of law shall be adjudged a felon and suffer the punishment of confinement in prison during his natural life.

And be it further enacted That the said mayor aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York shall report to the legislature at their next meeting the state and progress of the said lottery and to every succeeding legislature until the object of the said lottery shall be accomplished.

Chapter 53

Moiety of penalty for net fishing in Croton river, in Westchester county to go to use of poor.

Chapter 61

Incorporating "The Trustees of the New York Dispensary" in New York city for relief of sick, poor and indigent persons.

See chap. 67, L. 1839; chap. 578, L. 1869, and chap. 536, L. 1892.

Chapter 70

Annuity for Oneida, Onondaga and Cayuga Indians.

See chaps. 39 and 57, L. 1796; chaps. 80 and 83, L. 1797; chap. 101, L. 1800; chap. 173, L. 1808, and chap. 95, L. 1822.

Chapter 76

Appropriation for St. Domingo sufferers resident in this State.

19th session
1796
Chapter 4

Certain towns in Otsego and Herkimer counties and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788.

Chapter 5

Town of Providence erected from Galway, in Saratoga county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788.

Chapter 13

Town of Fairfield erected from Norway, Herkimer county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788.

Apprenticeship of orphan infants within this State and of fatherless Indian children in Suffolk and Queens counties with overseers of poor.

See chap. 189, L. 1801.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT SUPPLEMENTARY TO THE ACT ENTITLED "AN ACT CONCERNING APPRENTICES AND SERVANTS.

Chapter 20, Laws of 1796.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of New York represented in Senate and Assembly, That it shall and may be lawful for any male infant under the age of twenty-one years, or any female infant under the age of eighteen years, and who shall have no parent living, nor any guardian, by and with the consent and approbation of the overseers of the town or place, any two justices of the peace, or of any judge of the court of common pleas in the county where such infant shall reside, to bind himself or herself an apprentice in any art, craft, mystery, profession, trade or useful employment until such infant, if a male, shall arrive at the age of twenty-one years, and if a female, to the age of eighteen years, which consent or approbation shall be indorsed on the indenture, and that every such indenture shall be as good and effectual to all intents and purposes as if made by and with the consent of the father of such infant, if he was living.

And be it further enacted That where the father of any child is not in legal capacity to consent to the binding out of the same, and the mother is in legal capacity, such mother shall have the same power, to consent that such child shall be bound out, as tho' the father was dead.

And be it further enacted, That whenever it shall be proved to the satisfaction of a judge of the court of common pleas of the county, or the overseers of the poor of any town that the husband of any Indian woman residing within the counties of Suffolk or Queens, has left her with her children, it shall be lawful for the woman so left, to bind her children apprentices in the same manner as if her husband was dead.

Towns of Floyd and Rome erected from Steuben in Herkimer county, and poor divided.

Chapter 21

See chap. 64, L. 1788.

Act for relief of Brothertown Indians.

Chapter 22

See chap. 189, L. 1801.

New York city to raise money by tax for support of poor.

Chapter 27

Act for better support of Oneida, Onondaga and Cayuga Indians.

Chapter 39

(1796)
Chapter 57

Appropriating additional £1000 annually for four years to Society of Hospital in New York City.

20th session
1797
Chapter 6

Appropriating \$2500 for St. Domingo refugees in New York city in want of support to be expended under direction of Governor.

Chapter 13

Apportionment of poor funds of former town of German Flats between German Flats, Warren, Frankfort and Litchfield, Herkimer county.

See chap. 189, L. 1801.

Chapter 16

Moiety of penalty for conducting certain offensive trades within prohibited limits in New York city to go to use of poor.

Repealed by chap. 65, L. 1798. See also chap. 120, L. 1800; chap. 189, L. 1801; chap. 175, L. 1811, and chap. 537, L. 1881.

Chapter 29

Towns of Manheim and Salisbury, Montgomery county, erected from Palatine and poor to be divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788.

Chapter 32

Towns of Western and Leyden, Herkimer county, erected from Steuben and poor divided.

See chaps. 63 and 64, L. 1788; chap. 163, L. 1801; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting; chap. 93, L. 1802; chap. 51, L. 1805, and chap. 103, L. 1811.

Chapter 35

Certain new towns erected in Schoharie county and poor funds of old towns of Schoharie and Durlach divided.

Chapter 37

Town of Walton, Delaware county, erected and poor divided.

Chapter 42

Sale of bread in Brooklyn regulated, under penalty for use of poor.

See chap. 189, L. 1801.

Chapter 43

Highway law. Repeals all former highway laws except such relating to New York, Suffolk, Kings and Queens counties.

See chap. 189, L. 1801.

Chapter 44

Act for relief of Indians residing at New Stockbridge and Brothertown.

See chap. 189, L. 1801.

Town of Trenton erected from Schuyler, Herkimer county, and poor divided.

(1797)
Chapter 46

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 163, L. 1801, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Town of Bridgewater erected from Sangerfield, Herkimer county, and poor divided.

Chapter 47

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 163, L. 1801, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Town of Pittsfield erected from Burlington, Otsego county, and poor divided.

Chapter 50

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 163, L. 1801, and chap. 178, L. 1806.

Appropriation for lazaretto on Governor's Island. Expenses therein of persons removed from New York city unable to pay to be a city charge.

Chapter 67

See chap. 65, L. 1798; chap. 189, L. 1801, and chap. 537, L. 1881.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT AND SUPPORT OF A LAZARETTO.

Chapter 67, Laws of 1797.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of New York represented in Senate and Assembly, That a sum not exceeding the sum of four thousand five hundred dollars, be and the same is hereby appropriated for erecting a lazaretto, and which shall be erected on Nutten or Governor's Island, and on such place thereon as the person administering the government of this State shall assign; and it shall be lawful for him to cause the same to be erected and such space or quantity of land as he shall deem requisite and convenient as appurtenant thereto to be fenced in and inclosed, under the direction and superintendence of the commissioners of the health office; and it shall accordingly be lawful for him to grant warrants on the treasurer from time to time in favor of the commissioners for such sums, as he shall judge proper for the purposes aforesaid, not in the whole to exceed the said sum of four thousand five hundred dollars. And it shall be further lawful for him in his discretion to direct the said commissioners to cause the buildings and materials now belonging to the State on Bedlow's island, to be removed to the place where the said lazaretto is to be erected, or to be sold or otherwise disposed of as he shall judge most expedient.

And be it further enacted, That the expences in the said lazaretto of all persons who shall at any time be removed from the city of New York to the said lazaretto, having gained a

(1797)

legal settlement in the said city, and who shall not have sufficient means to pay for their board, medicine and attendance, shall be deemed to be, and shall be borne and paid as part of the contingent charges of the said city.

And be it further enacted That so much of the fourth section of the act entitled "An act to prevent the bringing in and spreading of infectious diseases in this State," as authorizes the erection of a building to serve for a lazaretto, and the purchase of lands on which to build the same be and the same is hereby repealed.

And be it further enacted, That there be paid to Richard Bailey health officer for the city of New York the sum of four hundred and fifty dollars in full for his services during the last year as physician to the temporary lazaretto established on Bedlow's island, and to Doctor Bouvier the sum of four hundred dollars in full for his services as mate to the health officer aforesaid in the said lazaretto during the last year; and that the said sums be paid by the treasurer out of any monies in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

And be it further enacted, That the master and wardens of the port of New York or either of them, are hereby authorized and required to demand and receive, (and in case of neglect or refusal, to sue for and recover, in their own names, or in the name of either of them, with costs of suit) of and from the captain or commander of every ship or other vessel, which shall hereafter enter the said port of New York, from any foreign port, the following sums vizt. For each captain or commander one dollar, for each mate fifty cents; for each cabin passenger one dollar; for each steerage passenger fifty cents; and for each sailor on board of such ship or vessel twenty five cents; which several sums shall be demandable of the captain or commander of every such ship or vessel; and on payment whereof, every such captain or commander shall and may lawfully demand and receive of every such person on whose account the same shall have been respectively paid, the monies so by him paid on account of any of the said persons. And which said monies so to be received by the said master and wardens, or either of them, shall be by them respectively paid over to the commissioners of the health office in the city of New York, so much thereof as may be necessary, to be by them applied for the relief of sick seamen and foreigners who may be received into the said lazaretto; and the residue if any there be to be by them paid to the treasurer of the society of the hospital in the city of New York in America, to be applied by the governors thereof to the relief of such seamen and foreigners as may be patients therein.

And be it further enacted That it shall be the duty of the said commissioners of the health office to account annually under oath to the comptroller, for all such monies received and paid by them; and that the master and wardens of the

said port of New York, shall receive as a compensation for collecting and paying the same at the rate of seven per cent.

(1797)

And be it further enacted, That the master and wardens of the said port of New York, or such of them as may be in office shall on or before the first day of May next, severally take an oath before the mayor of the city of New York for the time being, in the words following, that is to say, "I will well truly and faithfully according to the best of my skill and understanding, execute and discharge the powers and duties vested in or enjoined on me by law, as master, (or one of the wardens as the case may be) of the port of New York, so help me God," and that all masters and wardens hereafter to be appointed, before they enter upon the execution of their said offices, shall severally take the said oath; and the oath heretofore prescribed for the said master and wardens shall not be administered after the said first day of May.

Commissioners of Land Office to patent lands to Canadian and Nova Scotia refugees.

Chapter 69

See chap. 202, L. 1813.

Moiety of penalty for violation of this act regulating erection of buildings within fire limits, Albany, to go to poor fund.

Chapter 72

Amended by chap. 20, L. 1798, and chap. 113, L. 1800. See also chap. 189, L. 1801.

Additional annuities to Indians.

Chapter 83

Apportionment of poor of late town of Saratoga.

Chapter 86

See chap. 37, L. 1798, and chap. 36, L. 1799.

New York city to make tax levy for support of poor and completion of new almshouse.

Chapter 93

Moiety of penalty for violation of this act regulating inspection of beef and pork packing and shingles to go to use of poor.

Chapter 94

See chap. 61, L. 1799, and 189, L. 1801.

Moiety of penalty for violation of this act prohibiting wooden buildings within fire limits of New York city to go to use of city poor.

Chapter 99

Repealed by chap. 80, L. 1801, and chap. 537, L. 1881.

Amending act for better settlement and relief of the poor; shipmasters bringing emigrants to give bond to New York city to indemnify city against charge for

Chapter 101

(1797)

support of them; penalty for failure to give bonds to go to use of city poor.

Repealed by chap. 80, L. 1799. See also chap. 537, L. 1881.

21st session
1798
Chapter 5

Town of Jay erected from Willsborough in Clinton county and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 163, L. 1801; chap. 60, L. 1808; chap. 101, L. 1813; chap. 172, L. 1821; chap. 92, L. 1822, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 11

Town of Elizabethtown erected from Crown Point, in Clinton county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 163, L. 1801; chap. 101, L. 1813; chap. 60, L. 1808, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 23

Towns of Sempronius, Solon, Onondaga and Fabius, Onondaga county, erected and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 163, L. 1801, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 32

Towns of Nevesink, Deerpark and Lumberland erected from Rochester and Mamakating, Ulster county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 93, L. 1798; chap. 101, L. 1813; chap. 39, L. 1807; chap. 116, L. 1809; chap. 57, L. 1816; chap. 73, L. 1826, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 37

Town of Northumberland erected from town of Saratoga, Saratoga county, and poor divided.

See chap. 86, L. 1797, revised; also chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 163, L. 1801; chap. 31, L. 1806; chap. 101, L. 1813; chap. 209, L. 1818 and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 39

New York city to levy tax for support of poor.

Chapter 43

Town of Delhi, Delaware county, erected and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 163, L. 1801; chap. 101, L. 1813; chap. 39, L. 1820; chap. 199, L. 1822; chap. 73, L. 1825, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 44

Town of Minden, Montgomery county, erected and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 163, L. 1801; chap. 101, L. 1813; chap. 184, L. 1817, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 45

Town of Windham, Ulster county, erected and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 163, L. 1801; chap. 15 and 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

"The Corporation for the Relief of Widows and Children of Clergymen of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the State of New York," Incorporated.

(1798)
Chapter 49

See chap. 2, L. 1816; chap. 77, L. 1860; chap. 58, L. 1882; also chap. 33, L. 1787.

City of Schenectady incorporated; overseers of the poor to be chosen; common council to regulate the overseeing of city poor.

Chapter 50

See chap. 22, L. 1799; chap. 189, L. 1801; chap. 49, L. 1788, and chap. 31, L. 1796.

Town of Princetown erected from Town of Schenectady, Schenectady county, and poor divided.

Chapter 53

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 163, L. 1801; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Act providing against inspections of pestilential diseases. Health office established in New York city, and lazaretto to be erected on Governor's Island. Expense of persons having gained a legal settlement in New York city to be city charge, unless they are financially able to pay same.

Chapter 65

See chap. 19, L. 1799; chap. 120, L. 1800; chap. 189, L. 1801; repealed by chap. 537, L. 1881.

Moiety of penalty for fishing during close season in Otsego lake to go to poor of town where conviction is had.

Chapter 69

See chap. 189, L. 1801.

Act concerning almshouse and bridewell in New York city. Commissioners to be appointed by Mayor and Common Council, who shall have same power to bind out apprentices and servants as overseers of poor. Common Council to make ordinances for government of almshouse.

Chapter 80

See sections 34 and 36, chap. 62, L. 1788, repealed; also chap. 189, L. 1801.

Penalties for violation of law prohibiting sale of liquors on Sunday to go to use of poor.

Chapter 82

See chap. 189, L. 1801.

(1798)
Chapter 89

Act subjecting goods sold at auction to an additional duty of 1 per cent for the support of foreign poor. New York city.

Repealed by chap. 537, L. 1881.

22d session
1799
Chapter 4

Town of Northampton erected from Broadalbin, Montgomery county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 163, L. 1801; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 6

Albany city charter amended. Excise license fees to go to support of poor. Overseers of poor to be appointed by common council hereafter; their powers and duties. Temporary relief of poor.

See chap. 4, L. 1778, and chap. 189, L. 1801.

Chapter 7

Part of Colchester annexed to Walton, in Delaware county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 163, L. 1801; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 19

Health Commissioners to purchase tract on Staten Island and erect a "marine hospital" in lieu of lazaretto. Hospital regulations.

See chap. 120, L. 1800; chap. 189, L. 1801, and chap. 537, L. 1881.

Chapter 22

Schenectady city charter amended. Excise license fees to be appropriated for support of city poor.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 72, L. 1795; chap. 50, L. 1798.

Chapter 23

"The Society of the Lying-in Hospital of the City of New York," incorporated.

Chapter 29

Act relative to Oneida Indians.

See chap. 29, L. 1798.

Chapter 36

Act for relief of inhabitants of town of Easton, relative to apportionment of poor funds with towns of Stillwater and Saratoga.

See chap. 86, L. 1797; chap. 18, L. 1800; chap. 189, L. 1806.

Chapter 38

Act providing for payment of certain contingent charges of former counties of Herkimer and Tioga.

See chap. 31, L. 1798.

Chapter 39

Towns of Blooming Grove and Cheesecocks erected from Cornwall in Orange county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 163, L. 1801; chap. 101, R. L. 1813; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Towns of Bolton and Chester erected from Thurman, and poor divided. (1799) Chapter 43

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 163, L. 1801; chap. 101, R. L. 1813; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Town of Roxbury erected from Stamford, Delaware county, and poor divided. Chapter 47

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 163, L. 1801; chap. 101, R. L. 1813; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Town of Richfield, Otsego county, divided and Exeter and Plainfield erected; poor apportioned. Chapter 49

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 163, L. 1801; chap. 101, L. 1813; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

City of Albany to levy tax for lamp lighting and night watch in same manner as for support of poor. Chapter 56

Moiety of penalties for violation of law regulating inspection of beef and pork for export, to go to use of poor. Chapter 61

See chap. 93, L. 1800; chap. 189, L. 1801; § 8, Art. 5, Const. 1846; chap. 537, L. 1881.

Act for gradual abolition of slavery. Abandoned slave children to be considered paupers, to be supported at State expense and to be bound out by overseers of poor. Chapter 62

See chap. 40, L. 1788; chap. 189, L. 1801.

Act for assessment and collection of taxes. All taxes for support of poor of each city and town shall be raised in accordance with this act. Chapter 72

See chaps. 65 and 67, L. 1788; chap. 132, L. 1800; chap. 189, L. 1801.

Public administrator to be appointed in New York city. Balances of interstate estates unclaimed by next of kin or creditors to be applied by city toward support of city poor. Chapter 75

See 2 R. S., part 1, chap. 6, title 6; 537, L. 1881.

Moiety of penalty for acting as commissioner of excise without taking prescribed oath of office to go to support of poor. Chapter 73

See chap. 48, L. 1788; chap. 24, L. 1789; chap. 189, L. 1801.

(1799)
Chapter 80

Amending act for better settlement and relief of the poor. Names of immigrants to be reported. Bonds to be given by masters of vessels to indemnify against support of foreign paupers. Chapter 101, Laws 1797, repealed.

See chap. 62, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1797; chap. 189, L. 1801; chap. 537, L. 1881.

Chapter 86

Act for better support of Oneida Indians. Appropriation for annuity.

Chapter 88

Act for inspection of flour and meal for export. Moiety of fines, penalties and forfeitures to be paid to overseers of poor.

See chap. 97, L. 1800; chap. 189, L. 1801.

Chapter 91

New York city to levy tax for support of poor.

See chap. 67, L. 1788; chap. 95, L. 1797.

Chapter 93

New York city to borrow on credit of State \$45,000 to be applied toward expense in relieving distresses in New York city occasioned by late epidemic there; the legislature to hereafter make provision for repayment of said money so to be borrowed.

See chap. 75, L. 1795; chap. 72, L. 1799; chaps. 6 and 77, L. 1801.

Chapter 94

Appropriating \$66 on account of medical attendance at Bellevue Hospital.

See chap. 63, L. 1792; chap. 70, L. 1796; chaps. 4 and 6, L. 1798; chap. 189, L. 1801.

23d session
1800

Chapter 20

New York city to levy tax for support of poor.

See chap. 67, L. 1788; chap. 72, L. 1799.

Chapter 21

Act reviving laws for supporting Public Hospital in the city of New York.

See chap. 37, L. 1795; chap. 57, L. 1796.

Chapter 24

Act dividing certain towns in Oneida, Orange, Delaware and Cayuga counties. Poor to be divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 163, L. 1801; chap. 101, R. L. 1813; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 47

Town of Plattekill erected from Marlborough, Ulster county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 163, L. 1801; chap. 101, L. 1813; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Act for inspection of flour and meal amended. Casks bearing false tare or brand to be seized and sold and moiety of net proceeds of sales to go to use of poor.

See chap. 88, L. 1799; chap. 189, L. 1801.

(1800)
Chapter 97

Act for relief of Oneida, Stockbridge, Brothertown and Shinnecock Indians. Moiety of penalty for selling liquor to Indians in Oneida and Chenango counties to go to support of poor.

Chapter 115

See chap. 15, L. 1792; chap. 29, L. 1799; chap. 189, L. 1801.

Repealing act regulating the culling of staves and heading (chapter 56, Laws 1788). Inspector-General of Staves and Heading to be appointed. Penalties to be distributed as in act hereby amended.

Chapter 129

Amending act for assessment and collection of taxes. All taxes for support of poor of each city, town and ward shall hereafter be levied with State taxes and supervisors shall each year transmit an account to County Tax Commissioners of sums to be raised by each locality for support of poor. Warrants to collectors shall direct poor funds to be paid to overseers of poor.

Chapter 133

See chap. 72, L. 1799; chap. 189, L. 1801.

Act concerning apprentices and servants. Overseers of poor to bind out children chargeable on the public and to consent to binding out orphans having no guardian. (R. L.)

24th session
1801
Chapter 11

See chap. 192, L. 1808; chap. 75, L. 1816; chap. 203, L. 1821; repealed by chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

The full text of this is as follows:

AN ACT CONCERNING APPRENTICES AND SERVANTS.

Chapter 11, Laws of 1801.

Be it enacted, by the People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, That no person whatsoever shall cause any apprentice or journeyman, to be bound by oath, bond or otherwise, that after his or her apprenticeship or term expired, such apprentice or journeyman, shall not set up or occupy any shop, house, or cellar, and therein use his profession, trade or employment; nor by any means exact or take of any such apprentice, or any journeyman, nor of any other person setting up, occupying, or using for him or them, after

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his, or their apprenticeship or term expired, any money or other thing for using the same, upon pain of forfeit for every offense, one hundred dollars; the one half thereof to the people of this State, and the other half to any person who will sue for the same, to be recovered with costs of suit, by action of debt, or by information, in any court of record having cognizance thereof; and every bond or other security given contrary to this act, shall be void.

And be it further enacted, That every person bound by indenture of his or her own free will, and with the consent of his or her father, or if he be dead, of the mother or guardian, and to be expressed in such indenture, and signified by such parent or guardian sealing and signing the same indenture, and not otherwise; or by the justices and overseers, of the poor as is herein after directed, to serve as clerk, apprentice, or servant, in any profession, trade, or employment, until the age of twenty one years, or for any shorter time, altho such clerk, apprentice or servant shall be within the age of twenty one years, at the making of such indenture, shall be bounden to serve for the term in the indenture specified, as fully as if the same clerk, apprentice, or servant was of full age at the making of the same; *provided always*, that any child of any Indian woman shall not be so bound except in the presence, and with the consent of a justice of the peace; a certificate of such consent being also signed by the justice, and filed with the clerk of the town in which such indenture shall be executed. *And provided further*, that it shall be lawful for any male infant, under the age of twenty one years, or any female infant under the age of eighteen years, and who shall have no parent living, nor any guardian, by and with the approbation of the overseers of the poor of the town, or of any two justices of the peace, or of any judge of the court of common pleas of the county where such infant shall reside, to bind himself or herself an apprentice as aforesaid, until such infant, if a male, shall arrive to the age of twenty one years, and if a female, to the age of eighteen years, which approbation shall be indorsed on the indenture, and every such indenture shall be valid and binding.

And be it further enacted, That when the father of any child is not in legal capacity to give the consent aforesaid, the mother of such child shall have the same power to give such consent, as if the father was dead; and whenever it shall be proved to the satisfaction of the overseers of the poor of any of the towns, or of a judge of the court of common pleas of the counties of Suffolk and Queens, that the husband of any Indian woman residing therein, has left her, with her children, it shall then be lawful for such woman to bind her children as aforesaid, in the same manner, as if her husband was dead.

And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the overseers of the poor of any city or town within this State,

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by and with the consent of the justices of the peace of the same county, or any two of them residing in or near such town or in the cities of New York, Albany, and Hudson, by and with the consent of the mayor, recorder, and aldermen, or any two of them, or in the city of Schenectady, by and with the consent of the mayor, and aldermen, or any two of them, to bind out any child who is or shall be chargeable, or whose parents are or shall become chargeable to the city or town, wherein they respectively inhabit; or who shall beg for alms, to be apprentices, or servants, according to their degree and ability, where they shall see convenient, until such child, or children, if male, shall respectively arrive, or come to the age of twenty one years, if female, to the age of eighteen years; and that the indentures or articles of agreement for binding any such infant, shall be as effectual, to all intents and purposes as if such infant were of full age, and by indenture of covenant bound him or herself. And the counterpart of such indenture or articles, for the benefit of the person so bound, shall be deposited with the clerk of the city or town in which such binding shall take place, for safe keeping.

And be it further enacted, That in all indentures and contracts to be made by any overseers of the poor of any city or town, by and with the consent of the justices of the peace of the county, or any two of them, or by and with the consent of the mayor, recorder, and aldermen, or any two of them in any city, for binding, or putting out any child, as an apprentice, or servant, shall among the covenants in such indentures or contracts to be made, and agreed upon between the parties, always be inserted as a clause to the following effect, that every master or mistress, to whom such child shall be bound as aforesaid, shall cause such child to be taught and instructed to read and write; and shall also give unto such child, a new bible at the expiration of his or her term of service. *And further*, that the overseers of the poor of each respective city and town, shall be the guardians of every such child so put, and bound out as aforesaid; to take care that the terms of the indentures or contract, and the agreements therein contained be fulfilled, and that such child be not ill used; and the said overseers of the poor are hereby directed to enquire into the same, and to redress any grievance in such manner as is prescribed by law.

And be it further enacted, That if any person, who shall be bound as aforesaid, shall refuse to serve as an apprentice or servant, according to the terms of the indenture made as aforesaid, then upon complaint of the master or mistress to whom such apprentice or servant shall be so bound to any justice of the peace of the county, wherein the said refusal shall be made, or to the mayor, or recorder, or any one of the aldermen of any city, if any such refusal shall be in such city, they and each of them shall have full power and authority by this

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act, by warrant under hand and seal, or otherwise to send for the same person so refusing, and if the said person refuse to serve as an apprentice, or servant, to commit him or her unto ward in the bridewell, or house of correction, if any there be, or if there be no bridewell or house of correction, in the gaol of the city or county wherein such refusal shall take place, there to remain until he or she be contented, and will serve as an apprentice or servant, according to the intent and meaning of this act: And to the end that the time of the continuance of the service of such apprentice or servant, may the more plainly and certainly appear, the age of every such infant, so to be bound apprentice or servant, shall be inserted in his or her indentures; and where the binding is by the overseers of the poor, by and with the consent of two justices of the peace, or mayor, recorder and aldermen, as aforesaid, the same justices of the peace, or mayor, recorder, and aldermen shall as fully as they can inform themselves of such infants age, and from such information shall insert the same in the said indentures; and the age of such infant so inserted in the said indentures, (in relation to the continuance of his or her service) shall be taken to be his or her true age, without any further proof thereof.

And be it further enacted, That every sum of money which shall be paid or agreed for, with or in relation to every clerk, or apprentice so to be bound out as aforesaid, to learn any profession, trade or employment shall be inserted in the indentures to be executed as aforesaid, and every indenture or contract for taking of any clerk or apprentice, otherwise than is by this act regulated, shall be void, as against such clerk, or apprentice only; *provided always,* that no deed or contract for binding any person as clerk, apprentice or servant as aforesaid shall be void for not being indented only.

And be it further enacted, That every contract already made or hereafter to be made by any infant, or other person coming from beyond sea executed in the presence of two witnesses, and acknowledged by the servant before any mayor, recorder, alderman, or justice of the peace, shall bind the party entering into the same, for such term, and for such services, as shall be therein specified; and that every assignment of the same executed before two credible subscribing witnesses, shall be effectual to transfer the same contract for the residue of the term therein mentioned: But that no contract shall bind any infant longer than until his or her arrival to the full age of twenty one years; excepting such as are, or shall be bound in order to raise money for the payment of their passages, who may be bound until the age of twenty four years, *provided* the term of such service shall not exceed four years in the whole.

And be it further enacted, That if any master or mistress shall be guilty of any misusage, refusal of necessary provisions, or clothing, cruelty, or other ill treatment, so that his

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or her said clerk, apprentice, or servant, shall have any just cause to complain, or the said clerk, apprentice, or servant be guilty of any misdemeanor miscarriage, or ill behaviour, or do not perform his or her duty, to his or her master or mistress, then the said master or mistress, or the said clerk, apprentice, or servant, being aggrieved, and having just cause of complaint, shall repair to any justice of the peace within the county, or to the mayor, or recorder, or any one of the aldermen of the city, where the said master or mistress dwelleth, who shall take such order, and direction between the said master or mistress, and his or her clerk, apprentice or servant, as the equity of the case shall require: And if the said justice of the peace, or mayor, recorder or alderman cannot compound or agree the matter between such master or mistress and his or her clerk, apprentice, or servant, then the said justice, or the said mayor, or recorder, or alderman, shall take a recognizance of the said master or mistress, in such sum as he shall think proper, to appear at the next general sessions of the peace to be holden in the said city, or county, and upon his, or her appearance, and hearing of the matter before the said court of general sessions of the peace, the said court may, in their discretion by rule or order, discharge the said clerk, apprentice, or servant, of his or her clerkship, apprenticeship or service, and order all such part of such sum, and sums of money, as shall have been paid, or agreed for, with or in relation to every such clerk, apprentice, or servant, as they shall judge proper, to be refunded to the person, who paid the same, his or her executors, administrators; and that such order, so entered in the minutes of the said court shall be a sufficient discharge for the said clerk, apprentice, or servant, from his or her indenture; and if the default shall be found to be in the clerk, apprentice, or servant, then the said justices shall cause such punishment by fine or imprisonment, or both, as for a misdemeanor to be inflicted upon him or her, as by them shall be thought meet.

And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any three or more justices in any county, or for the mayor, recorder and aldermen of any city, or any three or more of them, upon any complaint or application by any apprentice or servant, upon whose binding out no sum of money was paid, touching or concerning any misuse, refusal of necessary provisions or clothing cruelty, or other ill treatment, of or toward any such apprentice or servant by his or her master or mistress by precept under their hands and seals, to summon such master or mistress to appear before such justices, or such mayor, recorder and aldermen, or any two or more of them, at a reasonable time and place to be named in such summons: And such justices, mayor, recorder, and aldermen, shall and may examine into the matter of such complaint; and upon proof thereof made upon oath to their satisfaction, (whether

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the master or mistress be present or not, if service of the summons be also upon oath proved,) the said justices or mayor, recorder and aldermen may discharge such apprentice or servant, by warrant or certificate under their hands and seals; for which warrant or certificate no fees shall be paid.

And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for such justices, or mayor, recorder, and aldermen, or any two or more of them, upon application, or complaint made upon oath, by any master, or mistress, against any such apprentice or servant, touching or concerning any misdemeanor, miscarriage or ill behaviour in his or her service, to hear examine and determine the same, and to punish the offender by commitment to the house of correction, (if any there be) or to the common gaol of the county or city, there to remain at hard labour for a reasonable time, not exceeding one calendar month, or otherwise by discharging such apprentice or servant in manner and form before mentioned.

And be it further enacted, That if any apprentice or servant shall absent himself from the service of his master or mistress before the term of his apprenticeship or service shall be expired, every such apprentice or servant shall at any time thereafter wherever he shall be found, be compelled to serve his said master or mistress for double the time he shall so have absented himself from such service, unless he shall make satisfaction to his master or mistress for the loss he shall have sustained by such absence from his service: And so from time to time as often as any such apprentice, or servant, shall without leave of his master or mistress absent himself from his service, before the term of his contract shall be fulfilled: *Provided always* that nothing in the present section of this act, shall extend to any apprentice, whose master or mistress shall have received, with such apprentice any sum or sums of money to learn such profession, trade or employment. *And also,* that no apprentice or servant shall be compelled to serve for any time or term, or to make satisfaction to any master or mistress, after the expiration of three years next after the end of the term for which such apprentice or servant shall have contracted to serve.

And be it further enacted, That if any person shall think himself aggrieved by such determination, order, or warrant of such justice, or justices, mayor or recorder, and aldermen, as aforesaid (except an order of commitment,) such person may appeal to the next general sessions of the peace, to be holden in and for the city or county, where such determination or order shall be made; such person giving six days notice of his intention of bringing such appeal, and of the cause and matter thereof to such justice or justices of the peace, mayor, recorder, or aldermen, and the parties concerned and entering into a recognizance within three days after such notice, before some justice of the peace, or the mayor, or recorder, or one of

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the aldermen for such city or county, with sufficient surety conditioned to try such appeal at, and abide the order and judgment of any pay such costs as shall be awarded by the justices at such general sessions, which said justices at their said session, upon due proof upon oath of such notice being given, and of entering into such recognizances as aforesaid shall and are hereby directed to proceed in, and hear, and finally determine the causes and matters of all such appeals, and to give and award such costs to any of the respective parties as they in their discretion, shall judge proper and reasonable, not exceeding ten dollars; the same to be levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of such person against whom such determination shall be made, and their judgments and orders therein shall be final and conclusive to all parties concerned.

Provided nevertheless, and be it further enacted, That the executor, or executors who are or shall be by the last will and testament of a father directed to bring up his child, or children to some trade, or calling, such executor or executors are hereby empowered to bind such child or children by indenture, in like manner, as the father might by law have done, if living, any thing in this act to the contrary, in any wise notwithstanding.

Town of Hadley erected from Greenfield and North-
umberland, in Saratoga county, and poor divided.

Chapter 17

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 163, L. 1801; chap. 101, L. 1813;
¶ 128, § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Act for relief of cities and towns from maintenance
of bastard children. Bastardy proceedings. Duties of
overseers of the poor. (R. L.)

Chapter 18

See chap. 150, L. 1806; chap. 109, L. 1810; chap. 202, L. 1813.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT FOR THE RELIEF OF CITIES AND TOWNS FROM
THE MAINTENANCE OF BASTARD CHILDREN.

Chapter 18, Laws of 1801.

Be it enacted, by the People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, That any two justices of the peace of any city or county, one whereof residing in or near the town within which any bastard, or child begotten and born out of lawful matrimony shall be born, upon examination of the matter, shall in their discretion make order for the better relief of every such city or town, and shall likewise, by like discretion make order for the keeping of every such bastard child, by charging such mother or reputed father with the payment of money, weekly, or other sustentation for the support of such child, as they shall think meet; and if after the same

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order by them subscribed under their hands, the mother or reputed father upon notice thereof, shall not for his or her part observe and perform the said order, then every such party so making default, shall be committed to the house of correction, or (for want thereof) to the common gaol of such city or county, there to remain without bail, except he or she shall put in sufficient surety to perform the said order or personally to appear at the next general sessions of the peace, to be holden in and for the city or county where such order shall be taken; and also to abide such order of the said justices of the peace, or the major part of them, in their said sessions shall make in that behalf (if they then and there shall make any) and that if at the said sessions the said justices shall make no other order, then to abide and perform the order before made.

And be it further enacted, That if any woman shall be delivered of a bastard child, which shall be chargeable, or likely to become chargeable to any city or town, or shall declare herself to be with child, and that such child is likely to be born a bastard, and to be chargeable as aforesaid, and shall, in either case, in an examination to be taken in writing, upon oath, before any justice of the peace of any city, or of any county wherein such town shall be, charge any person with having gotten her with child, it shall be lawful for such justice upon application made to him, by the overseers of the poor of such city or town, or persons acting as such, or by any one of them, to issue his warrant, for the apprehending such person so charged as aforesaid, and for bringing him before such justice or before any other justice of the peace of such city or county; and the justice before whom such person shall be brought, is hereby authorised and required to commit such person to the house of correction, or common gaol of such city or county, unless he shall give security to indemnify such city or town, or shall enter into a recognizance with sufficient surety, with condition to appear at the next general sessions of the peace to be holden for such city or county, and to abide or perform such order as shall be made in pursuance of this act.

And be it further enacted, That if the woman so charging any person, shall die, or be married before she shall be delivered, or if she shall miscarry of such child, or shall appear not to have been with child at the time of her examination, then such person shall, at the next general sessions of the peace to be holden for such city or county, be discharged from his recognizance, or immediately released out of custody, by warrant under the hand and seal, of any one justice of the peace of such city or county.

And be it further enacted, That if any woman shall be delivered of a bastard child, which shall be chargeable, or likely to become chargeable to any city or town, or shall declare herself

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to be with child, and that such child is likely to be born a bastard, and to become chargeable to any city or town and shall upon examination to be taken in writing, upon oath, before any one justice of the peace, of any city or of any county, wherein such town is, charge any person with having gotten her with child, in any county or city, within this State and that such person, shall reside or be in any other city or county, it shall be lawful for such justice, upon application made to him, by the overseers of the poor of such city or town, or persons acting as such, or by any one of them, to issue his warrant for the apprehending such person, so charged as aforesaid, and for bringing him before such justice, or before any other justice of the peace, of such city or county, and it shall be the duty of the constable, or other proper officer, to whom such warrant shall be directed, to carry the same to some one justice of the peace, of such city or county, wherein such person resides or is said to reside, or can be found; and such justice is hereby required, upon proof being made upon oath, of the hand writing of the justice, granting such warrant, to endorse his name on such warrant, which shall be a sufficient authority to the person bringing such warrant, and to all other persons, to whom such warrant was originally directed to execute such warrant in such other city or county, where such warrant was endorsed, and to apprehend and take such person, charged as aforesaid, before the justice who endorsed such warrant, or some other justice of the peace of such city or county where such warrant was endorsed; and in case such person, so apprehended and charged as aforesaid, shall be willing and ready to give security to indemnify such city or town, where such bastard child is chargeable, or likely to become chargeable, or enter into recognizance for his appearance, at the next general sessions of the peace, to be held in and for the city or county, wherein such town lies, such justice of such other county or city, before whom such person shall be brought shall take such security, or such recognizance as aforesaid, in the same manner as any justice of the peace, of the proper city or county might have done; and the justice so taking such security or recognizance shall deliver the same together with all other proceedings, had or done by him in the premises, to the constable or other person, so bringing such person before him, who are hereby required to receive the same, and to deliver over such recognizance and other proceedings to the justice or justices, who originally granted such warrant, or to some other justice of the peace of such county or city, where such warrant was granted; and such justice or justices, are hereby required to proceed as if the said recognizance and other proceedings were had or taken by themselves, and such recognizance, and other proceedings shall be as effectual in law as if the same had been entered into, taken and acknowledged before a justice of the peace, for the

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proper city or county where the said bastard child is chargeable, or likely to become chargeable, and the same proceedings shall be had thereon; and in case such constable or other person to whom such recognizance and other proceedings shall be so delivered, shall refuse or neglect to deliver over the same, as herein before directed, such constable or other person, shall forfeit the sum of one hundred and twenty five dollars to be recovered against him by action of debt or by information, in any court of record, by any person who will sue for the same; and if such person, so apprehended as aforesaid, shall not give such security or enter into such recognizance, to the satisfaction of the justice, before whom such person shall be so brought, in such other county or city, then the constable or other person, shall take such person so apprehended before the justice who issued such warrant originally, or before one of the justices of the peace of the city or county where such warrant was issued; and the said justice or justices, shall proceed against such person, so charged and so brought before him or them, as they might or ought to have done, if the said person resided in the county or city where such warrant was issued. *And further*, that no action or trespass, information, indictment, or other action, shall be brought, or prosecuted, by any person whatsoever, against the justice who shall endorse such warrant, for or by reason of his endorsing the same, but such person shall be at liberty to bring or prosecute his action, against the justice who granted such warrant, in the same manner as he might have done, if this act had not been passed.

And be it further enacted, That if any recognizance already taken, or hereafter to be taken in any case concerning bastardy shall become forfeited, such recognizance shall not be estreated and sent into the court of exchequer, but the court of sessions of the peace, to which such recognizance may be returned, shall, direct the clerk of the city or county, to prosecute a suit upon the said recognizance in the court of common pleas, of the city or county where the person or persons, who entered into such recognizance can be found; and the money, when recovered, shall, after deducting the charges of such recovery be paid by such clerk to the overseers of the poor, of the city or town for the indemnification whereof such recognizance was taken, to be applied to the relief of the poor thereof; and it shall be lawful for the court of sessions, into which such recognizance is or shall be returned, at any time after the forfeiture thereof, to order the clerk of the city or county, to compound for the penalty thereof, in such manner and upon such terms as the said court shall judge proper.

And be it further enacted, That upon application made by any person who shall be committed to any house of correction or gaol by virtue of this act, or by any person in his behalf, to any one justice of such city, or of such county, residing in or near

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such town, such justice is hereby authorized and required to summon the overseers of the poor of such city or town, to appear before him at a time and place to be mentioned in such summons, to shew cause why such person should not be discharged and if no order shall appear to have been made in pursuance of this act, within eight weeks after such woman shall have been delivered, such justice shall discharge him from his imprisonment.

And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any justice of the peace, to send for any woman whatsoever, in order to her being examined concerning her pregnancy, or supposed pregnancy, until one month after she shall be delivered, or to compel any woman, before she shall be delivered, to answer to any question relating to her pregnancy.

And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the overseers of the poor of any city or town where any bastard child shall be born, to apply to any two justices of the peace of the city or county where the estate real or personal, or any part thereof, of any putative father or lewd mother of such child who shall have run away out of such city or town, shall be, and by warrant under the hands and seals of the said two justices who are hereby authorized and required to issue the same) to seize and take the goods and chattels, and to let out and receive the annual rents and profits of the lands and tenements of such putative father, or lewd mother, so absconding as aforesaid, towards the bringing up and providing for such bastard child and so soon as the said seizure shall be allowed of, and confirmed by the justices in their general sessions of the peace, it shall be lawful for the overseers of the poor of such city or town or any two of them, from time to time, and as often as the case may require, to sell so much of the said goods and chattels, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, and to receive the said rents and profits, or so much thereof as shall be ordered by the said sessions, and to apply the money arising therefrom towards the bringing up and providing for such bastard child. *And further*, that the said overseers of the poor shall be accountable to the justices of the peace, in their said general sessions, for all such monies as shall arise from every such sale, or be received by them for the rents and profits of such lands or tenements.

And be it further enacted, That if any person shall be sued for any thing which he shall do in execution of this act, he may plead the general issue, and give the special matter in evidence. And if a verdict shall pass for the defendant, or if the plaintiff shall be nonsuited, or discontinue his suit, the defendant shall recover treble costs, and shall have the like remedy for the same as any defendant hath in other cases.

Incorporating "The Albany Mechanics Society" for charitable purposes.

Chapter 21

(1801)
Chapter 22

Town of Northfield erected from Providence, Saratoga county, and poor divided.

See chap. 72, L. 1799.

Chapter 23

Part of Franklin, Delaware county, annexed to Walton, and Sidney erected. Poor divided.

See chap. 72, L. 1799; chap. 59, L. 1800; chap. 20, L. 1802; chap. 25, L. 1803; chap. 33, L. 1804; ¶ 550, § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 26

Appropriation of \$12,500 annually for five years to the Society of the Hospital in the City of New York. (R. L.)

See chap. 21, L. 1805.

Chapter 34

Act for suppressing immorality. Certain acts on Sunday prohibited. Profane swearing and intoxication also prohibited. Penalties for use of poor. If penalties not paid, offenders to be set publicly in the stocks for two hours. (R. L.)

See chap. 84, L. 1812; chaps. 24 and 202, L. 1813.

Chapter 39

New York city to levy tax for support of poor.

See chap. 94, L. 1801; chap. 153, L. 1812.

Chapter 46

Act to prevent excessive and deceitful gaming. Fine for excessive gambling to go to use of poor. Common gamblers having no visible means of support to give bonds for their behavior. (R. L.)

See chap. 37, L. 1820; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting; ¶ 53, § 1.

Chapter 59

Act for inspection of lumber. Moiety of penalty for export of shingles without inspection, from Albany, Saratoga, Rensselaer or Green counties to go to use of poor. (R. L.)

Repealed by chap. 61, L. 1805; chap. 66, L. 1807; chap. 537, L. 1881.

Chapter 62

Act to prevent injury by dogs. Residue of dog tax in Richmond county, after compensating owners of sheep killed, to go to support of poor. (R. L.)

See chap. 169, L. 1813; chap. 161, L. 1826; ¶ 60, § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Act to regulate culling of staves and heading.
Moiety of penalty for illegal shipment to go to use of
poor. (R. L.)

See chap. 90, L. 1802; chaps. 36 and 202, L. 1813; § 8, art. 5,
const. 1846; chap. 537, L. 1881.

(1801)
Chapter 63

Act relative to duties and privileges of towns. Two
overseers of poor to be elected in each town. In city
of Hudson as many overseers to be elected as common
council shall determine. Overseers to take oaths of
office. Penalty for refusal to serve when elected.
Moiety of penalty for refusal of overseer of highways,
fence viewer or pound master to serve to go to use of
town poor. Overplus from sale of animals impounded
to go to use of poor. (R. L.)

Chapter 73

See chap. 63, L. 1802; chap. 86, L. 1804; chap. 202, L. 1808;
chap. 157, L. 1809; chap. 57, L. 1811; chap. 91, L. 1812.

Penalty for erection of other than stone or brick
buildings within certain fire limits, and for storage of
sulphur, hemp, flax, pitch, tar, etc., and discharge of
fireworks, in New York city, to go to use of poor.
(R. L.)

Chapter 80

See chaps. 72, L. 1812; chaps. 86 and 202, L. 1813; chap. 625,
L. 1871; chap. 537, L. 1881.

Expense of removal to marine hospital of all indigent
persons from New York city having legal settlement
there to be a city charge: all persons removed there
liable for board, medicine and attendance. The marine
hospital on Staten Island to be held by Commissioners
of Health Office in trust for people of this State. Care
of seamen in hospital. Medical aid in attendance.
(R. L.)

Chapter 86

Actions by poor persons to be prosecuted by attorneys
appointed by the courts without fee or reward. (R. L.)

Chapter 90

See chap. 107, L. 1807; chap. 137, L. 1809; chaps. 56, 65 and
202, R. L. 1813.

Moiety of penalties for violation of act regulating

Chapter 106

(1801)

the ferry between New York city and Nassau Island to go to the use of poor. (R. L.)

See chap. 37, L. 1789; chap. 119, L. 1810; § 11, chap. 352, L. 1845.

Chapter 127

Moiety of penalty for illegal fishing in Croton river, Westchester county, and in Otsego lake, to go to use of poor. (R. L.)

See chap. 73, L. 1804; chaps. 140 and 146, L. 1807; chap. 156, L. 1811; chaps. 62 and 202, L. 1813; chap. 151, L. 1822.

Chapter 128

Hudson city charter. Common council to make ordinances relative to the overseeing of the poor; to have power to maintain an almshouse; to grant liquor licenses and apply fees thereof to use of poor. Electors may vote to raise money for burying ground, almshouse and support of poor. (R. L.)

See chap. 83, L. 1785; chap. 54, L. 1803; chap. 79, L. 1804; chap. 157, L. 1807; chap. 228, L. 1808; chap. 246, L. 1811; chaps. 73 and 202, L. 1813.

Chapter 130

Moiety of penalties for export of flour and meal without inspection to go to use of poor. (R. L.)

See chap. 29, L. 1808; § 2, chap. 8, L. 1809; chaps. 27 and 202, L. 1813; chap. 240, L. 1821; § 8, art. 5, const. 1846; chap. 537, L. 1881.

Chapter 132

Penalty for neglect of masters of vessels to obey orders of harbor master of port of New York, to be recovered with costs of suit in name of treasurer of hospital of New York city. (R. L.)

See chap. 48, L. 1802; chap. 81, L. 1805; chap. 16, L. 1808; chaps. 86 and 202, L. 1813; chap. 487, L. 1862; chap. 537, L. 1881.

Chapter 137

Schenectady city charter. Overseers of the poor to be appointed. Excise moneys to be appropriated to poor fund. (R. L.)

See chap. 48, L. 1803; chap. 138, L. 1806; chap. 104, L. 1807.

Chapter 138

Moiety of penalties provided by act for repacking and inspection of beef and pork to go to use of poor. (R. L.)

See chap. 117, L. 1802; § 17, chap. 101, L. 1803; § 8, art. 5, const. 1846; chap. 537, L. 1881.

Indian law. Moiety of penalty for illegal sale of liquor to Indians in Oneida and Chenango counties to go to use of poor. Annuities to Indians. Overseers of poor of Brothertown to be guardians of orphan children of the town. (R. L.)

(1801)
Chapter 147

See chaps. 25 and 78, L. 1802; chap. 75, L. 1804; chap. 161, L. 1806; chap. 88, L. 1808; chaps. 92 and 202, L. 1813.

Albany city charter amendments. Moiety of penalties for violation of building regulations to go to use of poor. Common council to make ordinances relative to city poor. Overseers prohibited from making allowances for more than eight days to any poor person without order of common council. (R. L.)

Chapter 153

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 105, L. 1803; chap. 83, L. 1805; chap. 109, L. 1806; chap. 64, L. 1808; chap. 171, L. 1810; chap. 96, L. 1810; chap. 96, L. 1811; chaps. 72 and 202, L. 1813.

Moiety of penalty for sale of uninspected sole leather in cities of New York, Albany, Schenectady and Hudson to go to use of poor. (R. L.)

Chapter 158

See chap. 159, L. 1806; chap. 124, L. 1808; chap. 145, L. 1809; chaps. 26 and 202, L. 1813; § 8, art. 5, const. 1846; chap. 537, L. 1881.

Poor and poor funds of towns of Goshen, Warwick and Minisink, Orange county, to be divided. (R. L.)

Chapter 163

See chap. 64, L. 1788; R. L. 101, 1813.

Excise law. Moiety of penalty for town Commissioners of Excise to act without taking oath of office to go to use of poor. License fees to go to city or town poor fund. Moiety of penalties for violation of this act to go to use of poor. (R. L.)

Chapter 164

See chap. 10, L. 1803; chaps. 96 and 126, L. 1806; chap. 176, R. L. 1813; § 2, chap. 210, L. 1816; chap. 145, L. 1817; chap. 37, L. 1820; chap. 203, L. 1821; chaps. 145 and 215, L. 1824; ¶ 65, § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting. .

Fines for neglect of witnesses or jurors to attend court to go to use of poor. (R. L.)

Chapter 165

See chap. 55, L. 1803; chap. 93, L. 1805; § 31, chap. 204, L. 1808.

(1801)
Chapter 187

Moiety of penalties for violation of act concerning inspection of pot and pearl ashes to go to use of poor. (R. L.)

See chap. 19, L. 1802; chaps. 22 and 202, R. L. 1813; § 8, art. 5, const. 1846; chap. 537, L. 1881.

Chapter 179

Tax Law. Warrant to collector to state amount of money to be raised for support of poor; when collected same to be paid to overseers. Almshouses to be exempt from taxation. (R. L.)

Chapter 180

Boards of supervisors to levy tax for support of poor. (R. L.)

See chaps. 49 and 202, R. L. 1813.

Chapter 181

New York city to levy tax for support of poor. (R. L.)

See chap. 180, L. 1801; chaps. 86 and 556, R. L. 1813; chap. 230, L. 1843; chap. 537, L. 1881.

Chapter 184

Act for relief and settlement of the poor. Each city and town to support its own poor. Legal settlement, how obtained. Moiety of penalty for failure of householders to notify overseers of presence of strangers remaining over 15 days with them to go to use of poor. Strangers may be removed, and if they return may be whipped; if a man with 39 lashes, or a woman with 25 lashes. Liability for support of relatives. Town poor taxes. Poor taxes in Albany and Hudson. Applications for relief. Poorhouses. Emigration laws. Commissioners of almshouse and bridewell New York city. Poor in any county where maintained by county or two or more towns shall continue to be so maintained. (R. L.)

See §§ 11 and 13, chap. 126, L. 1806; chap. 192, L. 1808; chaps. 90 and 139, L. 1809; chaps. 78 and 202, R. L. 1813.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT FOR THE SETTLEMENT AND RELIEF OF THE POOR.

CHAPTER 184, LAWS OF 1801.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of New York represented in Senate and Assembly, That every city and town shall support and maintain their own poor—

(1801)

And be it further enacted, That every person who shall have come to inhabit in any city or town within this State, and shall actually and bona fide have rented and occupied a tenement of the yearly value of thirty dollars, or upwards, for two years, and actually paid such rent, or shall for himself, or on his own account, have executed any public annual office, or charge, in such city or town, during one whole year, or who shall have been charged with, and paid his or her share towards the public taxes of such city or town, for the space of two years; and every person who shall have been bound an apprentice or servant by indenture, or by any deed, contract or writing not indented, and shall in consequence of such binding, have served a term not less than two years, in such city or town, shall be deemed and adjudged to have obtained a legal settlement in such city or town; and that all mariners, coming into this State, and having no settlement in this State, or in any other of the United States of America, and every other healthy able bodied person, coming directly from some foreign port or place into this State shall be deemed and adjudged to be legally settled in the city or town in which he or she shall have first resided for the space of one year.—

And be it further enacted, That every bastard child shall be deemed and adjudged to be settled in the city or town of the last legal settlement of his or her mother,—

And be it further enacted, That no person shall be deemed, to gain a settlement in any city or town within this State by virtue of any purchase of any estate or interest in such city or town, whereof the consideration for such purchase shall not amount to the sum of seventy five dollars, bona fide paid, for any longer or further time than such person shall inhabit in such estate; and shall thereafter be liable to be removed to the city or town, where such person was last legally settled before the said purchase and inhabitancy therein.—

And be it further enacted, That if any person other than those herein before mentioned, coming into any city or town within forty days after such person coming into such city or town, deliver a notice in writing to any two overseers of the poor of such city or town, into which such person shall so come to reside, of the house or place of his abode, and the number and names of his family (if he shall have any) which notice such overseers of the poor are hereby required to cause to be registered within forty eight hours after receipt thereof in the book kept in such city or town for the accounts of the poor), and in case the overseers of the poor of such city or town, shall not within twelve months after such notice cause such persons to be removed out of such city or town in the manner herein after mentioned, then and in such case, the person so giving notice as aforesaid, shall be deemed and adjudged to be legally settled in such city or town.

(1801)

And be it further enacted, That if any overseer of the poor, shall refuse or neglect to register, or cause to be registered such notice in writing as aforesaid, in such time and manner as aforesaid, he shall for every such refusal or neglect, forfeit the sum of five dollars, to the use of the party aggrieved; to be recovered with costs, of suit in any court having cognizance thereof—

And be it further enacted, That if any overseer of the poor of any city or town, shall have reason to believe that any stranger who shall have come to reside in such city or town, and who shall not have obtained a legal settlement therein, is likely to become chargeable to such city or town, such overseer shall apply to any two justices of the peace of such city, or of the county in which such town shall lie, and inform them thereof. And the said justices being so or otherwise informed, or suspecting such stranger to be of insufficient ability or likely to become a charge to such city or town, are hereby authorized and required to issue their warrant to a constable of such city or town, thereby commanding him to bring such stranger before them, at such time and place as they, in their said warrant shall for that purpose appoint; and the said justices shall examine every stranger, so brought before them, and any other person whom they may think necessary, upon oath, relating to the abilities, and last place of legal settlement of such stranger; and if upon such examination the said justices shall find such stranger likely to become a charge to such city or town, they shall order and direct such stranger by a certain day to remove to the place of his former settlement; and on neglect or refusal to comply with the said order, the said justices shall issue a warrant under their hands and seals directed to any constable of such city or town (who is hereby required and commanded to execute such warrant) thereby commanding him to convey or transport such stranger to the constable of the next city or town, through which such stranger shall have been suffered to wander unapprehended; and so from constable to constable or in such other manner, by the nearest and most convenient rout, as the said justices shall think fit to direct, to the place of legal settlement of such stranger, if the same shall be within this State. And if such stranger hath no place of legal settlement within this State, or if the said justices shall not be able to discover where the last place of legal settlement of such stranger was, then the said justices shall, in their said warrant, direct that he be conveyed and transported to the city or town from whence he last came; and the constable so conveying such stranger shall deliver him together with his warrant aforesaid, to or at the house of some constable of such city or town, which constable is hereby required to receive such stranger, and convey him to the next constable, and so from constable to constable, or otherwise, as such justices shall direct as aforesaid, until such stranger shall

be transported out of this State into the State from whence he came—

(1801)

And be it further enacted, That if any inhabitant of this State shall receive or entertain in his dwelling house, out house, or family, for the space of fifteen days, any person who hath not gained a settlement in some city or town within this State, and shall not within the time aforesaid, give notice in writing to one of the overseers of the poor of such city or town, of the name, quality, condition and circumstances of the person so entertained, according to the best knowledge of such inhabitant, every such inhabitant shall for every offence, forfeit the sum of five dollars, to be recovered with costs of suit before any court having cognizance thereof, by any person who shall sue for the same; one half of which forfeiture, when recovered, to be paid to the overseers of the poor of such city or town, and the other half to the person who shall sue for the same as aforesaid. *And further* if the person so entertained as aforesaid, shall have remained in any city or town longer than the term of forty days then it shall be lawful for any two justices of the peace of such city or of the county in which such town shall lie, to cause such of the inhabitants of such city or town, who shall have so entertained such stranger during the term of fifteen days, without giving information thereof as aforesaid, to be brought before them, and such inhabitants shall enter into bond to the overseers of the poor of such city or town, and their successors, in the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars, conditioned, that such stranger shall not become a charge to such city or town. And in case any of the said persons, who shall have entertained such stranger as aforesaid, being in the opinion of such justices of the peace of sufficient ability, shall refuse to become bound as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for said justices of the peace, by warrant under their hands and seals, directed to any constable of such city or town, to cause such person to be committed to the common gaol of such city, or of the county in which such town shall lie; there to remain until such person shall consent and become bound as aforesaid. But if the person so entertaining such stranger shall not in the opinion of the said justices, be of sufficient ability to become bound as aforesaid, or if the said justices shall not think fit to take such bond, then they shall cause such stranger to be conveyed from constable to constable in manner aforesaid, until he shall be transported to the place of his or her last settlement if within this State, or into any other of the United States if from thence such stranger came—

And be it further enacted That every constable transporting any stranger, shall receive so much money for his services, as the supervisors of the city or county shall judge he reasonably deserved to have; *and further* that the charges of every transportation shall be borne by such city or county, and be raised, collected and paid in the same manner as other monies for the contingent charges of such city or county.

(1801)

And be it further enacted That if any person so removed or transported as aforesaid, shall return to this State, or from the place of his legal settlement, to the city or town from whence he was so removed or transported, so as to be likely to become a burthen to such city or town, such person so returning, shall, by warrant from any two justices of the peace of such city or of such county in which such town shall lie, be apprehended and retransported as aforesaid, and shall by every constable into whose charge such person shall come, if the justices so removing him, shall think proper and so direct, be whipped, if a man, not exceeding thirty nine lashes, and if a woman, not exceeding twenty-five lashes, and so, as often as such person shall return after such transportation.

And be it further enacted, That if any person be removed by virtue of this act, from one city or town to another within this State, the overseers of the poor of the city or town to which the said person shall be so removed, are hereby required to receive the said person, and if they or any of them shall refuse or neglect so to do, the overseer so refusing or neglecting, shall, if thereof convicted by the oath of two witnesses, forfeit and pay, for each offence, the sum of twenty five dollars to the use of the poor of the city or town from which the said person was so removed, to be recovered, with costs of suit in any court having cognizance thereof, by the overseers of the poor of such city or town from which such person was so removed—*Provided always*, that no person nor any child belonging to such person, shall gain a settlement in the city or town to which he or they shall be so removed, but his or their settlement shall remain as before such removal—

And be it further enacted, That if any person who shall think proper to remove out of any one city or town within this State, into any other, there to inhabit or reside, and shall at the same time procure and deliver to the overseers of the poor of the city or town where such person shall so come to inhabit or reside, or to any one of them, a certificate under the hands and seals of the overseers of the poor, or of any two of them of the city or town of such person's last legal settlement, attested by two or more credible witnesses, thereby owning or acknowledging the person mentioned in such certificate, to be an inhabitant legally settled in the city or town mentioned in such certificate, which certificate shall be either acknowledged by the overseers of the poor giving the same, or shall be duly proved by the witnesses who shall have attested the execution thereof, or one of them, before any justice of the peace of the city or of the county wherein the town from whence any such certificate shall come, shall be, and shall be approved of and subscribed by such justice of the peace; then it shall be lawful for every such person, with his family, if any, upon the delivery of such certificate as aforesaid, to remain in any such city or town, to which such person shall remove as aforesaid,

(1801)

and to follow any employment within the same; and the overseers of the poor shall deliver every such certificate to the town clerk of the city or town in which any such person shall come to reside as aforesaid, who is hereby required to file and record the same; *and further* that every such certificate so acknowledged, or proved and allowed as aforesaid, shall be deemed in all courts whatsoever within this State, as duly proved, and shall be taken and received as evidence, without any other proof thereof.

And be it further enacted, That whenever any person, with his family, if any, or any part thereof, so remaining by virtue of the certificate aforesaid, shall become chargeable, or be obliged by sickness or otherwise, to ask relief of the city or town into which such person was received as aforesaid, then, and not before, it shall be lawful for any two justices of the peace of the city or county into which such person was received by virtue of such certificate, to remove and convey every such person with his family and children, though born in such city or town, and servants and apprentices, not having otherwise acquired a legal settlement there, to the city or town from which such certificate was brought as aforesaid; the overseers of the poor of which city or town are in such case hereby required and obliged to receive and provide for every such person and his family as aforesaid.—

And be it further enacted, That no person who shall come to reside in any city or town, by virtue of any such certificate, shall be deemed or adjudged by any act whatsoever of such person, to have gained a legal settlement in such city or town, during the time such person shall reside there by virtue of such certificate unless such person shall bona fide, purchase a free hold of the value of seventy five dollars or upwards, or bona fide, have rented and occupied a tenement of the yearly value of thirty dollars or upwards, for two whole years, or shall have executed a public annual office or charge in such city or town, for one whole year as aforesaid—

And be it further enacted, That when any person or his family residing in any city or town, or sent thither by certificate, and becoming chargeable as aforesaid, shall be removed back to the city or town to which such person shall belong, the overseers of the poor, shall be reimbursed such reasonable charges as he or they may have been put unto, in maintaining and removing such person, by the overseers of the poor of the city or town to which such person is, or shall be removed, the said charges having been first ascertained and allowed by two or more of the justices of the peace of the city, or of the county in which such town from which such removal shall be made, shall be. Which said charges, so ascertained and allowed, shall, in case of refusal of payment, be levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the overseers of the poor of the city or town to which such certificated person shall be re-

(1801)

moved as aforesaid, by warrant, under the hands and seals of any two justices of the peace of the city or county where the overseers of the poor shall reside (who are hereby authorized and required to issue the same, directed to some constable of such city or town, returning the overplus, if any there be, after deducting all lawful costs and charges of such sale.—

And be it further enacted That if any poor person shall remove or come out of any city or town where he is or shall be legally settled, into any other city or town within this State, and shall be taken sick or lame, so that such person cannot be conveniently removed back to the place of his last legal settlement, then the overseers of the poor of such city or town into which such poor person shall come as aforesaid, or one of them, shall give notice in writing, to the overseers of the poor of the city or town out of which such poor person shall have come as aforesaid, of the name, condition and circumstances of such poor person, and request such overseers of the poor, or one of them, to take care of, relieve and maintain such sick or lame person during his illness, and also to provide for his funeral, if he should die there; and if any such overseer of the poor, having notice as aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse so to do, then, it shall be lawful for any two justices of the peace of the city, or of the county in which such town shall be, where such poor person had his last legal place of settlement, upon complaint made to them, to cause all such sums of money as shall be necessarily expended in the maintenance of such poor person, in his sickness or lameness, or on his funeral, to be levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the said overseer of the poor, so neglecting or refusing to take care of and provide for such poor person as aforesaid, after such notice given to him or them as aforesaid by warrant under the hands and seals of such justices (who are hereby authorized and required to issue the same) directed to some constable of the city or town where such overseers of the poor shall reside, returning the overplus, if any there be, after deducting all lawful costs and charges of such sale as aforesaid; and such sums of money, so recovered, shall be paid to the overseers of the poor or to one of them, of such city or town where such poor person shall be sick, lame, or die as aforesaid—

And be it further enacted, That every person who shall think himself aggrieved, by any judgment or order of any justice or justices of the peace, or by warrant of removal of any poor person, may appeal to the next general sessions of the peace, to be holden in and for such city, or in and for the county, in which such city or town shall be, where such judgment or order shall be made, or from which such poor person shall be removed as aforesaid, who are hereby authorized and required to hear and determine such appeals, and to do justice therein, according to the merits of the respective cases; *and further* that no justice of the peace, who shall reside in any city or

town, where any dispute shall happen (except in the city and county of New York) shall sit in court upon such appeal—

(1801)

And be it further enacted, That on every appeal to be made to the court of general sessions of the peace, to be holden in and for the city and county of New York, the justices who shall determine such appeal, shall, upon request, state the case specially and at large, that every person who shall think himself aggrieved by the determination on such appeal, may have remedy thereupon, in the supreme court—

And be it further enacted, That no appeal from any judgment or order whatsoever of any justice or justices of the peace, or from any order of removal of any poor person, whatsoever, from one city or town to another, shall be proceeded upon, in any court of general sessions of the peace, unless reasonable notice in writing be given by the overseers of the poor, of the city or town, or the person who shall make such appeal, unto the overseers of the poor or one of them, of such city or town as shall be affected by such judgment or order or from which such poor person shall be removed; the reasonableness of which notice to be determined by the justices of such general sessions of the peace, to which the appeal is made; and if it shall appear to them that reasonable notice was not given, then they shall adjourn such appeal to the next general sessions of the peace, and then and there finally hear and determine the same.

And be it further enacted, That if the justices shall, at their general sessions of the peace, to be holden in and for any city or county within this State, upon any appeal before them, concerning the settlement of any poor person, determine in favour of the appellant, that such poor person was unduly removed, then the said justices shall at the same general sessions, award, to such appellant so much money (besides his costs & charges) as shall appear to the said justices to have been reasonably paid and expended by the overseers of the poor of the city or town on whose behalf such appeal was made, for or towards the relief of such poor person between the time of such undue removal, and the determination of such appeal. *And further* that upon every appeal upon any judgment or order of any justice or justices, concerning the settlement of any poor person, or upon any proof of notice of any such appeal to have been given, by the overseers of the poor of one city or town, or by any other person, to the overseers of the poor of any other city or town, or to any other person though such person did not afterwards prosecute such appeal, the justices, at the same general sessions of the peace, shall award to the party in whose favor such appeal shall be determined, or to whom such notice did appear to have been given as aforesaid, such costs & charges, as by the said justices, in their discretion, shall be thought reasonable, to be paid by the overseers of the poor of the city or town, or other person against whom such appeal shall be

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determined, or who gave notice of such appeal as aforesaid, and did not prosecute the same. *And further* if in any of the cases aforesaid the person ordered to pay such monies and costs, and charges shall reside in any city or county out of the jurisdiction of such court of general sessions of the peace, it shall be lawful for the overseers of the poor, to whom such monies were directed to be paid, to sue for and recover the same of the person against whom such award was made, with costs of suit, in an action for monies had and received to the plaintiff's use, in any court in this State having cognizance thereof. In which action a true copy of the award of such justices in their court of general sessions of the peace, signed by the clerk and sealed with the seal of the same court, when produced shall be sufficient evidence for the recovery of such monies, so awarded—

And be it further enacted, That the father and grandfather mother and grandmother (being of sufficient ability) of any poor, blind, lame or decrepid person whomsoever not being able to maintain himself, and becoming chargeable to any city or town within this State, and the children and grandchildren (being of sufficient ability) of every poor, old, blind, lame or impotent person, not being able to maintain himself, and becoming chargeable as aforesaid, shall respectively, at their own charge and expence, relieve and maintain every such poor person in such manner as the justices of the peace of the city or county where such sufficient person shall dwell, at their general sessions of the peace, shall order and direct, on pain of forfeiting and paying one dollar and twenty five cents for each person so ordered to be relieved, for every week such order shall not be obeyed, to be sued for and recovered with costs of suit by the overseers of the poor of the city or town to which such poor person shall be chargeable, for the use of the poor of such city or town, in the manner hereinbefore directed with respect to costs and charges upon an appeal—

And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the overseers of the poor of any city or town within this State, where any father or husband shall run away or absent himself from his wife or children, or where any widow shall run away or absent herself from her child or children, and leave any of them, a charge to such city or town, to apply to any two justices of the peace of the city or county, where such estate, real or personal, or any part thereof may be, and by warrant under the hands and seals of the said two justices, who are hereby authorized and required to issue the same, to take and seize the goods and chattels, and to let out and receive the annual rents and profits of the lands and tenements of such father, husband or mother, so absconding as aforesaid for and towards the maintaining, bringing up and providing for such wife, child or children so left as aforesaid; and as soon as the said seizure shall be allowed of and confirmed by the justices in

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their general sessions of the peace, it shall be lawful for the said overseers of the poor, or any two of them, as often as the case may require, to sell and dispose of so much of the said goods and chattels at public vendue, to the highest bidder, and to receive the said rents and profits, or so much thereof as shall be ordered by the said sessions, and to apply the money arising therefrom towards the maintenance of such poor family, or person so left as aforesaid, *and further* that the said overseers of the poor shall be accountable to the justices of the peace in their said general sessions, for all such monies as shall arise from any such sale, and from the rents and profits of such lands and tenements—

And be it further enacted, That the majority of the freeholders and inhabitants who shall be assembled at the annual town meetings in each town in this State shall determine and agree upon such sum of money as they may think proper for the purpose of maintaining the poor, in such town in the ensuing year, of which each town clerk shall make full and proper entries in the town book by him to be kept, and shall as soon as conveniently may be, deliver a true copy of such entry, certified under his hand, to the supervisor of said town, and the said supervisor is hereby required to lay the same before the supervisors of the county, at their then next meeting, in order that the said sum may be raised in such town for the support and maintenance of the poor thereof—

And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the cities of Albany and Hudson, respectively in common council convened, yearly to determine and agree upon such sum of money as they may respectively think proper for the purpose of maintaining and supporting the poor in the said cities respectively, in the ensuing year, of which sums the town clerk shall make a like entry as aforesaid in the minutes of the said common council and deliver a certified copy as aforesaid to the supervisor of such city, who is hereby required to lay the same before the supervisors of the county at their next meeting for the purpose aforesaid—

And be it further enacted, That when any poor person belonging to any city or town within this State, shall apply for relief to any overseer of the poor of such city or town, the said overseer of the poor shall make application to a justice of the peace of such city, or of the county in which such town shall be, which said justice and overseer of the poor, shall enquire into the state and circumstances of the person so applying as aforesaid; and if it shall appear to the said justice and overseer of the poor, that such person is in such indigent circumstances as to require relief, then the said justice shall give an order in writing, to the said overseer of the poor, to make such allowance weekly or otherwise, to every such poor person as they in their discretion shall think the necessities of such poor per-

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son shall require, and the overseers of the poor; shall make no other or further allowance to such poor person than what by the said order shall be directed; which said order shall be a sufficient voucher for the payment of so much money by the said overseers of the poor, and shall be allowed in adjusting their accounts—

And be it further enacted, That the overseers of the poor of each city or town within this State shall procure at the public charge, a book, wherein the names of all poor persons applying for relief, and being ordered to be relieved as aforesaid, shall be registered, with the day and year when they were first admitted to have relief, the weekly or other sum or sums of money allowed by the order for their relief, and the cause of such necessity; and that no person shall be entered in the poor books, or receive relief from the overseers of the poor, or any of them, without such order. And in case any overseer of the poor shall enter in the poor books and relieve any poor person without such order, he shall forfeit and lose all such money and goods paid and distributed to such poor person, nor shall any allowance be made to him for the same, in passing his account and the said overseers of the poor are hereby directed and required to enter in the said poor books, all monies received, laid out and disbursed by them for the use of the poor, and also all matters which shall be transacted by them relating to their said office. And the overseers of the poor for the cities of Albany and Hudson, shall yearly lay such books of account before the common councils of the said cities respectively at such times as the said respective common councils shall direct, and the overseers of the poor of every town shall yearly on the last Tuesday in March, lay their said books of account before the town clerk and supervisor of such town, and such justice or justices of the peace as may reside in such town, or the major part of them, for their examination, who shall examine and audit the same, and make report thereof to the freeholders and inhabitants of their respective towns, at their next annual town meeting, that such further provision for the maintenance and support of the poor, may be made as may be found necessary—

And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the overseers of the poor of the cities of Albany and Hudson, by and with the consent of the common council of the same cities respectively, and for the overseers of the poor of any town within this State, and any two or more justices of the peace of the county in which such town shall be with the consent of the major part of the freeholders and inhabitants of such town to be signified at such annual town meeting, and at the proper charge of such city or town, to be ascertained, assessed and levied as aforesaid, to build purchase or hire some fit and convenient dwelling house or houses in such city or town, for the lodging and accommodation of the poor thereof. And also to

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purchase necessary materials for setting such poor persons to work, and there to maintain and employ every such poor person, and to take the benefit of the labor and services of any such poor person for the better maintenance and relief of such poor persons, who shall be there kept and maintained, and to appoint such keepers thereof from time to time, as they shall think proper. And in case any poor person, claiming relief of any city or town within this State, where such house or houses shall be so built, purchased or hired, shall refuse to be lodged, kept to work and maintained therein, such poor person, shall be put out of the book in which the names of the poor are by this act directed to be registered, and shall not be entitled to receive any relief from the overseers of the poor of any such city or town. *And further*, that where any town may be too small to build, purchase or hire such house or houses, it shall be lawful for the overseers of the poor and justices of the peace, with the consent of the major part of the freeholders and inhabitants of two or more towns within any county in this State, to be signified at their annual town meetings, to unite in building, purchasing or hiring such house or houses, for the keeping and maintaining of the poor in such towns. And also to purchase necessary materials for setting such poor persons to work, and there to maintain and employ every such poor person, and to take the benefit of the labor, and services of such poor person, for the better maintenance and relief of the poor therein. And to appoint such keepers thereof from time to time, as they shall think proper; and in case any poor person, claiming relief of any of the towns so uniting shall refuse to be lodged, kept to work and maintained as aforesaid, such poor person shall be put out of the book in which the names of the poor are, by this act, directed to be registered, and shall not be entitled to receive any relief from the overseers of the poor of any such town. *And further*, that it shall be lawful for the overseers of the poor and justices of any town within this State with the consent of the major part of the freeholders and inhabitants of such town, where such house or houses shall be built, purchased or hired for the purposes aforesaid, to be signified at such annual town meeting, to contract with the overseers of the poor and justices of any other town, for the lodging, maintaining and employment of any poor person belonging to such other town, as to them shall seem meet. And in case any such poor person belonging to any other town, shall refuse to be lodged, maintained and employed in any house so contracted for as aforesaid, such poor person, shall be put out of the book in which the names of the poor are by this act, directed to be registered as aforesaid, and shall not be entitled to ask or receive any relief from the overseers of the poor of any such town—

And be it further enacted That the overseers of the poor of each city and town in this State, shall, annually within fifteen

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days after the termination of their respective offices, exhibit to the succeeding overseers of the poor of such city or town, a just and true account, of all the monies by them respectively received and expended for the use of the poor, and in what manner, together with an account of the earnings of the poor persons by them employed; which accounts the said overseers of the poor together with the supervisor of such city or town, and justices of the peace residing in such city or town, or the major part of them, shall, as soon as conveniently may be, examine and audit; and the said overseers of the poor so going out of office, shall respectively, on auditing such account pay all the balance which shall appear to be in their hands to their successors in office. And the overseers of the poor so going out of office, shall at the time of exhibiting their accounts, deliver to their successors in office, all books of accounts, registers and other papers relating to the poor as aforesaid; and if any overseer of the poor shall refuse or neglect to exhibit such account, and to pay to his successors in office such monies as shall remain in his hands as aforesaid, or to deliver up all such books of accounts, registers, and other papers as aforesaid he shall forfeit and pay the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars over and above the said balance remaining in his hands; to be recovered with costs of suit in any court of record within this State by the overseers of the poor of such city or town, and when recovered to be applied to the use of the poor of such city or town; and if upon auditing such account there shall appear to be a ballance due to such overseers of the poor, so going out of office, or to either of them, the same shall be paid to him or them by their successors in office, out of the first monies which shall come into their hands as overseers of the poor of such city or town—

And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the overseers of the poor, of each city and town, to recover against their predecessors in office, and each of them, their executors or administrators all such sums of money as shall appear upon such audit as aforesaid, to be due from them respectively, to such city or town, in an action for money had and received to the use of such city or town, with costs of suit, in any court having cognizance thereof, or to have actions of account against any former overseer of the poor of such city or town, his executors or administrators; and no such action shall be abated or discontinued by the death or expiration of the office of any such plaintiffs, but shall be continued and prosecuted to effect, by the survivor or survivors of them, and their successors in office, and such suit shall always be brought and prosecuted by and in the name of the overseers of the poor of such city or town for the time being—

And be it further enacted, That every master of any ship or other vessel arriving from a foreign country or from any other of the United States, who shall enter his vessel at the custom

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house in the city of New York, shall, within twenty four hours after such entry, make a report in writing on oath to the mayor, or in case of his sickness or absence, to the recorded* of the said city of the name, age and occupation of every person, who shall have been brought as a passenger in such ship or vessel on her last voyage, upon pain of forfeiting for every neglect or omission to make such report, the sum of seventy five dollars for every alien and the sum of fifty dollars for every other person neglected to be so reported as aforesaid—

And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said mayor, or in case of his sickness or absence, for the said recorder to require every such master of such ship or vessel, to be bound with two sufficient sureties to the mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the said city in such sum, as the said mayor or recorder may think proper, not exceeding three hundred dollars for each passenger, to indemnify, and save harmless the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty, and the overseers of the poor of the said city, and their successors, from all and every expence and charge which shall or may be incurred for the maintenance and support of any such person so imported, in case such person shall at any time, within two years thereafter become chargeable to the said city; and if any such person so brought as aforesaid, and not being a citizen of the United States, shall be permitted or suffered to land within the said city from any such ship or vessel until such bond shall have been given, and without a permission in writing from the said mayor or recorder the master or commander of such ship or vessel shall be subject to the penalty of five hundred dollars, for every person so suffered or permitted to land as aforesaid.

And be it further enacted, That if any person who may have been a passenger in any such ship or vessel, and not being a citizen of the United States, shall be suffered to land from such ship or vessel at a place within the distance of fifty miles from the said city, with intent to proceed to the said city, otherwise than in the said ship or vessel, the master or commander thereof shall be liable to the like penalty of five hundred dollars for every such person so suffered or permitted to land—

And be it further enacted, That if any householder in the said city shall knowingly entertain in his house or family any alien so landed as aforesaid, and shall not report such alien to the said mayor, or in case of his absence or sickness, to the said recorder, within twenty four hours after such entertainment commenced, he shall forfeit and pay the sum of fifty dollars for every alien so entertained—

And be it further enacted, That all and singular the said penalties and forfeitures, arising in the said city, shall and may be sued for, and recovered with full costs of suit, by action of debt, in the supreme court of this State, in the name of the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty, and when recovered by them, shall be applied towards the support of the poor of

*So in the original.

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the said city, and the defendant in every such suit shall be held to special bail, and the said supreme court, shall direct the trial thereof by a jury of any county that may be judged proper; and upon every such trial for any penalty or forfeiture supposed to be incurred by the landing of such person as aforesaid within the said city, and the same landing shall be presumed, unless the defendant shall prove that the said person, was taken or sent to some foreign country without having been suffered to land as aforesaid—

And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty to compound for the said penalties and forfeitures, or any of them, either before or after suing for the same, upon such terms as the circumstances of the defendant, or of the case may in their judgment require—

XXXVI. *And be it further enacted,* That every ship or vessel from which such alien shall have been so landed without permission from the said mayor, or recorder in writing, shall be liable for the said penalties, and may be proceeded against by information in said supreme court and by attachment and seizure grounded thereon, unless the owners thereof shall give bond, with sufficient sureties, to the sheriff serving such attachment, for the payment of the said penalties, and every of them, which may have been incurred during or since the last voyage of the said ship or vessel, or for paying the value of such ship or vessel towards the satisfaction of such penalties as may have been so incurred by suffering any alien to land as aforesaid, and such value shall be ascertained by the wardens of the port of New York, or any two of them, and such bonds shall be assignable as bail bonds are by law and be subject to such orders respecting the same as the said supreme court may judge it proper to make—

And be it further enacted, That whenever any person so brought in any such ship or vessel, and being a citizen of the said United States shall, by the said mayor or recorder be deemed likely to become chargeable to the said city, the master of such ship or vessel, shall upon an order for that purpose, remove the said person without delay to the place of his last settlement; and in default thereof, shall be bound to pay all such charges and expences as the said city shall or may sustain or be put unto, in and about the maintenance and removal of such person, to be sued for and recovered in like manner as the several penalties herein before mentioned are directed to be sued for and recovered—

And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York, in common council convened, to nominate and appoint, under the common seal of the said city, not more than five of the free holders and inhabitants of the said city, to be overseers of the poor thereof, by the name and style of, The commissioners of

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the almshouse and bridewell of the city of New York; which said persons being so appointed, or the major part of them, shall have the same power and authority of overseeing and providing for the poor of the said city, and they, or any two of them, shall have the same power and authority for putting or binding out apprentices and servants in the said city, and be subject to the same duties and penalties, which the overseers of the respective towns in this State have or are subject to by this act.

And be it further enacted, That all monies to be raised and collected in the said city for the maintenance and support of the poor, and all fines and forfeitures to be incurred in the said city by virtue of this act, and which by this act are made payable to the overseers of the poor for the use of the poor of the said city, shall be paid into the hands of the chamberlain of the said city, and shall be applied and disposed of in such proportions, and from time to time, as the mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the same city, in common council convened, by warrant under the hand of the mayor or recorder of the said city, presiding in said common council, shall direct and appoint—

And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the common council of the said city to remove from office any person, so by them to be appointed at their pleasure, and also, in manner aforesaid, from time to time, to fill all vacancies which shall be occasioned by such removal, or by death or resignation; and also from time to time to appoint such other officers as they may deem proper for the government of the said almshouse and bridewell; and to make and ordain such ordinances and regulations as they shall think necessary for the better government of the said almshouse and bridewell, and the keepers, officers and servants thereof. *Provided* such ordinances and regulations be not contrary to the laws and constitution of this State or of the United States.

And be it further enacted, That in all cases where any of the present poor in any county in this State are maintained by the whole county, or by more than one town, such poor persons shall continue to be so maintained.

(R. L.) Act concerning slaves and servants. Manumission of slaves. Overseers of poor may recover for their support from owners, after manumission. Abandonment of right to service of infants. Moiety of penalty for allowing slaves to beg to go to use of town.

Chapter 188

See chap. 52, L. 1802; chap. 40, L. 1804; chap. 77, L. 1807; chap. 44, L. 1809; chap. 115, L. 1810; chaps. 88 and 202, L. 1813.

Mayor, aldermen and commonalty of New York city to pay over to the officers of the several church societies

Chapter 189

- (1801) all moneys received pursuant to the act of 1795 entitled "An act for the encouragement of schools," and the act of 1799 entitled "An act to raise a sum of money for the use of this state by tax and for the further support of government," such moneys to be invested in real securities and the interest thereof to be expended for the instruction of poor children in the most useful branches of common education.
- 25th session
1802
Chapter 9 Town of Williamson erected from Sodus, Wayne county, and poor divided.
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Chapter 13 Town of Locke erected from Milton, Cayuga county, and poor divided.
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Chapter 14 Town of Chesterfield erected from Willsborough, Essex county, and poor divided.
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Chapter 18 Town of Malta erected from Stillwater, Saratoga county, and poor divided.
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Chapter 19 Moiety of penalty for adulteration of pot and pearl ashes to go to use of poor.
Chap. 167, L. 1801, repealed. See also chaps. 22 and 202, L. 1813, and chap. 537, L. 1881.
- Chapter 44 Penalties for illegal horse racing and raffling to go to use of poor.
See chap. 46, L. 1801; chaps. 37 and 96, L. 1820; chap. 193, L. 1821; chaps. 28 and 179, L. 1828.
- Chapter 52 Act concerning slaves and servants amended.
See chap. 188, L. 1801; chaps. 88 and 202, L. 1813.
- Chapter 59 Town of Hartwick erected from Otsego, Otsego county, and poor divided.
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Town of Hector erected from Ovid, Seneca county,
and poor divided. (1802)
Chapter 62

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Town of Aurelius, Cayuga county, divided into four
towns, and poor divided. Chapter 77

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Act relative to Brothertown Indians. Instead of the
overseers of the poor of said Indians the "keepers of
the peace" shall be guardians of infants. Chapter 78

See chap. 147, L. 1891; chaps. 92 and 202, L. 1813.

Incorporating "The Society for the Relief of Poor
Widows with Small Children," a charitable institution. Chapter 99

See chap. 148, L. 1810; chap. 278, L. 1825.

New York city to levy tax for support of city poor. Chapter 100

City of Albany excise moneys to be paid to overseers
of poor. Chapter 101

See chap. 164, L. 1801; chap. 55, L. 1812; chaps. 72 and 202,
L. 1813.

Town of Vernon erected from Jerusalem, Ontario
county, and poor divided. 26th session
1803
Chapter 5

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 127, L. 1808; chap. 146, L. 1810,
and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Town of Junius erected from Washington, Cayuga
county, and poor divided. Chapter 7

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Town of Jefferson erected from Blenheim, Schoharie
county, and poor divided. Chapter 8

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Town of Dryden erected from Ulysses, Cayuga
county, and poor divided. Chapter 11

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Town of Sullivan erected from Cazenovia, Chenango
county, and poor divided. Chapter 13

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

(1803)
Chapter 19

Town of Guilderlandt erected from Watervliet, Albany county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 24

Town of Greenwich erected from Argyle, Washington county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 36

Town of Thompson erected from Mamakating, Ulster county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 163, L. 1801; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 38

New York city to levy tax for support of city poor.

See chap. 178, L. 1801.

Chapter 43

Towns of Granger and Gallatin erected from Livingston, Columbia county; poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1801, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 52

Towns of Canton, Greenfield and Windham erected from Catskill, Coxsackie and Freebold, Greene county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 127, L. 1808; chap. 78, L. 1809; chap. 163, L. 1801; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 28, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 68

New York city authorized to raise \$15,000 by lottery for the benefit of Society for the Relief of Poor Widows with Small Children.

See chap. 126, L. 1801; chap. 67, L. 1804; chap. 91, L. 1805; chap. 108, L. 1806; chaps. 171 and 183, L. 1807; chaps. 8 and 164, L. 1809; chap. 108, L. 1810; chap. 101, L. 1811; chap. 231, L. 1821; chap. 217, L. 1824; chap. 174, L. 1830, and chap. 138, L. 1831.

Chapter 83

Town of Tully erected from Fabius, Onondaga county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 92

Board of Supervisors of Montgomery county to levy tax of \$150 on town of Johnstown for support of town poor.

See chap. 78, L. 1801.

Moiety of penalties for violation of law regulating the curing, packing and inspection of beef and pork for export, to go to use of poor.

(1803)
Chapter 101

See chap. 138, L. 1801; chap. 93, L. 1804; § 8, art. 5, const. 1846, and chap. 537, L. 1881.

Act for supplying Oneida Indians with corn.

Chapter 104

Certain vessels to be detained at quarantine station.

27th session

Fine for violation to be applied to use of Marine Hospital.

1804
Chapter 8

See chap. 92, L. 1801; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting; chap. 358, L. 1863, and chap. 537, L. 1881.

Act for drainage of swamp land in towns of Stanford and North East, Dutchess county. Moiety of penalty for destruction of dam to go to use of the poor of those towns.

Chapter 13

See chap. 69, L. 1801, and chap. 176, L. 1806.

Towns of Chazy and Mooers erected from Champlain, Clinton county; poor divided.

Chapter 22

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Towns of Schroon and Ticonderoga erected from Crown Point, Essex county; poor divided.

Chapter 23

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Act establishing courts of Justice of the Peace in New York city. Fines imposed on persons drawn as jurors and failing to attend to go to overseers of poor.

Chapter 27

See chap. 89, L. 1787; chap. 32, L. 1788; chap. 20, L. 1797; chap. 36, L. 1800; chaps. 34 and 164, L. 1801; chap. 127, L. 1806; chap. 139, L. 1807, and chap. 537, L. 1881.

Incorporating "The Society for the Relief of Indigent Women and Children" in the city of Albany.

Chapter 28

See chap. 131, L. 1810; chap. 192, L. 1821.

Towns of Harrison, Malta and Williamston erected from Adams and Mexico, Lewis county, and poor divided.

Chapter 29

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

(1804)
Chapter 40

Tenth section of chapter 188, Laws of 1801, as to slaves and servants, repealed, provided that all abandoned children born of slaves shall be supported at State expense.

See chap. 108, L. 1801; chaps. 88 and 202, L. 1813.

Chapter 46

Towns of Cincinnatus and Virgil erected from Solar and Homer, Onondaga county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788, chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 47

Act for laying out roads on Shelter Island. Moiety of penalty for obstructing roads to go to use of poor.

Chapter 63

New York city to raise money by tax for support of city poor.

See chap. 178, L. 1801.

Chapter 64

Incorporating "The German Society of the city of New York" for assisting German immigrants and relief to other poor distressed Germans and their descendants.

See chapter 151, L. 1825.

Chapter 71

Incorporating Susquehanna & Bath Turnpike Road Company. Penalty for neglect to repair road to go to overseer of poor.

See chap. 52, L. 1805; chap. 148, L. 1806; chap. 129, L. 1807; chap. 85, L. 1808; chap. 134, L. 1816; chap. 139, L. 1820; chap. 142, L. 1825; chap. 227, L. 1838; chap. 245, L. 1839.

Chapter 79

Penalty for obstructing health officer of Albany and Hudson in establishing quarantine regulations to be applied towards support of lazaretto in said cities.

See chap. 92, L. 1801; chap. 187, L. 1806; chap. 175, L. 1811, and chap. 101, L. 1813.

Chapter 80

Town of Shandaken erected from Woodstock, Ulster county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788, chap. 163, L. 1801; chap. 101, L. 1813; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 93

Act for repacking and inspection of beef and pork. Moiety of penalty for violation of act to go to overseers of poor.

See chap. 101, L. 1803; chap. 44, L. 1805; chap. 63, L. 1808; chaps. 28 and 202, L. 1813; § 8, art. 5, const. 1846, and chap. 537, L. 1881.

Act to restrain hawking and peddling without license. Moiety of penalty for violation to go to overseers of poor.

(1804)
Chapter 99

See chap. 54, L. 1785; chap. 172, L. 1810; chap. 89, L. 1811; chaps. 9 and 202, L. 1813.

Act to prevent theft of floating timber on Hudson river. Moiety of fine to go to overseers of poor.

Chapter 103

See section 2, chap. 171, L. of 1806, and chap. 215, L. of 1812.

Incorporating the "Columbian Friendly Union Society in the City and County of Albany," a charitable society.

Chapter 110

See chap. 84, L. 1799; chap. 117, L. 1804, and chap. 209, L. 1808.

Towns of Chautauqua, Erie and Willink erected from Batavia, Genesee county, and poor divided.

Chapter 112

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chaps. 65, 101 and 202, L. 1813; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Act for relief of poor in New York city. Wooden bas-tions at Battery and Rhinelander's wharf to be removed and given to city poor for fuel.

28th session
1805
Chapter 3

Town of Columbus erected from Brookfield, Chenango county, and poor divided.

Chapter 5

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Division of poor in towns of Haverstraw, Hempstead and Clarkstown, in Orange county.

Chapter 7

See chap. 33, L. 1791.

Incorporation of "The Provident Society of the City of New York;" "The Mutual Benefit Society of the City of New York;" "The Benevolent Society of the City of New York;" "The Albion Benefit Society of the City of New York," and "The Social Society of the City of Schenectady," charitable institutions.

Chapter 9

See chap. 35, L. 1806, section 9.

Town of Florence erected from Camden, Oneida county; poor divided.

Chapter 12

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

(1805)
Chapter 15

Town of Angelica erected from Leicester, Genesee county; poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 21

Continuing appropriation for public hospital in New York city for five years from February 1, 1805.

See chap. 26, L. 1801. Repealed by chap. 54, L. 1806.

Chapter 23

Town of Harrison erected from Chateaugay, Clinton county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 210, L. 1808; chap. 122, L. 1812; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 47

Town of Wells erected from Mayfield and Northampton, Montgomery county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 50

New York city to levy tax to support poor.

See chap. 178, L. 1801; chap. 70, L. 1803.

Chapter 51

Town of Boonville erected from Leyden, Oneida county, and poor divided.

See chaps. 63, and 64, L. 1788; chap. 146, L. 1801; chaps. 147 and 176, L. 1806; chap. 164, L. 1810; chap. 27, L. 1811; chap. 202, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 52

Incorporating Lake Erie Turnpike Road Company. Certain penalties to go to use of poor.

See chap. 50, L. 1803; chap. 71, L. 1804; chap. 41, L. 1808; chap. 160, L. 1814; chap. 48, L. 1815; chap. 103, L. 1817, and chap. 251, L. 1832.

Chapter 54

Town of Canton erected from Lisbon, St. Lawrence county; poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 56

Incorporating Fourth Great Western Turnpike Road. Certain penalties to go to use of poor.

See chap. 230, L. 1808; chap. 144, L. 1809; chap. 291, L. 1817; chap. 147, L. 1820; chap. 352, L. 1850, and chap. 355, L. 1858.

Chapter 57

Town of Moreau erected from Northumberland and part of town of Saratoga annexed to Malta, Saratoga county; poor divided.

See chap. 54, L. 1788; chap. 19, L. 1790; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Act for inspection of lumber for export; moiety of penalties to go to use of poor. (1805)
Chapter 61

Repeals chap. 59, L. 1801. See also chap. 66, L. 1807; paragraph 73, § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting; § 8, art. 5, Const. 1846; § 1, chap. 537, L. 1881.

Incorporating Cayuga Turnpike Road Company; certain penalties to go to use of poor. Chapter 68

See chap. 177, L. 1808; chap. 147, L. 1816; chap. 226, L. 1821; chap. 248, L. 1825.

Incorporating Ontario & Genesee Turnpike Road Company; certain penalties to go to use of poor. Chapter 69

Incorporating Great Northern Turnpike Road Company; certain penalties to go to use of poor. Chapter 76

See chap. 26, L. 1807, and chap. 185, L. 1811.

Towns of Essex and Lewis erected from Willsborough, Essex county, and poor divided. Chapter 78

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Act relative to master and wardens and pilots of Port of New York. Chapter 81

Repeals former laws on this subject, but see chap. 68, L. 1806; § 31, chap. 198, L. 1811; chap. 95, L. 1847; chap. 467, L. 1853, and § 1, chap. 537, L. 1881.

Town of Johnsburgh erected from Thurman, Washington county, and poor divided. Chapter 84

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Incorporating "The General Society of Mechanics and Tradesmen of the County of Kings," for charitable purposes. Chapter 88

See chap. 15, L. 1811; chap. 137, L. 1852.

Incorporating Newburgh & Chenango Turnpike Company, Neversink Turnpike Company, Delaware Bridge Company, Susquehanna Bridge Company, and Popacton Turnpike Road and Bridge Company; certain penalties to go to use of poor. Chapter 89

See chap. 86, L. 1807; chap. 119, L. 1808; chap. 170, L. 1811; § 2, chap. 253, L. 1815; chap. 134, L. 1817; chap. 159, L. 1821; chap. 238, L. 1826, and chap. 522, L. 1836.

(1805)
Chapter 92

Incorporating Plattsburg & Chateaugay Turnpike Road Company; certain penalties for neglect to keep road in repair to go to overseers of poor.

See chap. 41, L. 1806.

Chapter 94

Actions for trespass upon the State lands to be brought by overseers of poor of town where committed.

See § 29, chap. 56, and chap. 202, L. 1813.

Chapter 108

Incorporating "The Society for Establishing a Free School in the city of New York, for the education of such poor children as do not belong to or are not provided for by any religious society."

Amended by chap. 125, L. 1806. See also chap. 20, L. 1807; chap. 99, L. 1808; chap. 110, L. 1810; chap. 84, L. 1811; chap. 20, L. 1812; chap. 145, L. 1817; chap. 65, L. 1819, and chap. 25, L. 1825.

Chapter 115

Incorporating "The Society of Tammany of Columbian Order, in the city of New York," for relief of indigent members and their widows and orphans, a charitable society.

See chap. 593, L. 1867.

Chapter 125

Incorporating Utica Turnpike Company and Rome Turnpike Company; certain penalty for neglect to repair roads to go to use of poor.

See chap. 147, L. 1810; chap. 138, L. 1813; chap. 63, L. 1814; §§ 17-21, chap. 172, L. 1819; chap. 29, L. 1826; chap. 164, L. 1841.

29th session
1806
Chapter 4

Incorporating trustees of Marine Hospital, called "Sailor's Snug Harbor," in New York city.

See chap. 69, L. 1814.

Chapter 13

Town of Coventry erected from Greene, Chenango county; poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 14

Town of Reading erected from Frederickstown, Steuben county; poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 15

New York city to levy tax for support of poor.

See chap. 178, L. 1801, and chap. 70, L. 1803.

Town of Henderson erected from Ellisburgh; Hounsfield from Watertown; and Leroy from Brownville; Jefferson county, and poor divided. (1806)
Chapter 16

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813; and § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Town of Spencer erected from Owego, Tioga county, and poor divided. Chapter 23

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Town of Pinefield erected from Walton, Delaware county, and poor divided. Chapter 24

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 36, L. 1808; chap. 101, L. 1813, and § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Town of Hannibal erected from Lysander, Onondaga county, and poor divided. Chapter 25

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Town of Putnam erected from Westfield, Washington county, and poor divided. Chapter 27

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Name of Albion Benefit Society of the City of New York changed to "The Albion Benevolent Society of the City of New York." Chapter 35

See § 9, chap. 9, L. 1805.

Town of Wawarsing erected from Rochester, Ulster county, and poor divided. Chapter 38

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 163, L. 1801; chap. 101, L. 1813; ¶ 128, § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Penalty for keeping over 28 pounds gunpowder in one place in town of Brooklyn fire district to go to poor. Chapter 40

See § 6, chap. 7, L. 1807; chap. 196, L. 1820, and chap. 309, L. 1828.

Incorporating "Trustees of First Protestant Episcopal Charity School in the City of New York." Chapter 52

See chap. 77, L. 1801; chap. 125, L. 1807; chap. 289, L. 1827, and § 6, chap. 350, L. 1829.

Appropriation of annual sum of \$12,500 until 1857, chargeable upon duties on auction sales in New York City, to the hospital in New York city. Chapter 54

See chap. 21, L. 1805, and chap. 203, L. 1816.

(1806)
Chapter 55

Incorporating the "Associated Body of House Carpenters of the City of New York," for charitable purposes.

Chapter 60

Incorporating the "Hudson Mechanical Society," in city of Hudson, for charitable purposes.

See § 1, chap. 9, L. 1805.

Chapter 62

Town of Otisco erected from Pompey, Marcellus and Tully, Onondaga county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and ¶ 128, § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 64

Town of Fredericksburg erected from Mexico, Oneida county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 157, L. 1811; chap. 101, L. 1813, and ¶ 128, § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 67

Towns of Berlin and Philipstown erected from Petersburg, Stephentown and Schodack, Rensselaer county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 163, L. 1801; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 69

Supervisors of Kings county authorized to levy tax of \$1,000 on town of Brooklyn to build a house of correction by overseers of poor.

Chapter 75

Amending Seneca Turnpike Road Company charter; certain penalties to go to support of poor.

See chap. 78, L. 1800; chap. 34, L. 1809; chap. 39, L. 1810, and chap. 138, L. 1815.

Chapter 88

Town of Hancock erected from Colchester, Delaware county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and ¶ 128, § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 109

Albany city charter amended. Common Council to pass ordinances regulating poorhouse and appointing officers thereof and have disposition of poor funds.

See chaps. 153 and 164, L. 1801, and chaps. 72 and 202, L. 1813.

Chapter 122

Town of Preston erected from Norwich, Chenango county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Amending charter of Society for Establishing Free School in New York City, for certain poor children. (1806)
Chap. 108, L. 1805. Chapter 125

Amending New York city charter. The Commissioners of the Almshouse and Bridewell of New York City to exercise same power under "act for settlement and relief of the poor" as if they were justices of the peace. Chapter 126

See chaps. 61 and 88, L. 1787; chaps. 129 and 184, L. 1801; chap. 70, L. 1803; chaps. 1 and 92, L. 1808; chaps. 86 and 202, L. 1813, and chap. 537, L. 1881.

Amending "act for relief of cities and towns from the maintenance of bastard children," by charging the mothers or reputed fathers with their support. Chapter 150

See chap. 18, L. 1801, and chap. 202, L. 1813.

Incorporating Mexico Turnpike Road Company; certain penalties to go to use of poor. Chapter 154

Act amending Indian Law. Penalty of \$20 for selling liquor in Brothertown without license from three superintendents of Brothertown Indians; moiety thereof for use of poor. Superintendents may, out of annuity to be paid annually to Indians, educate and support Indian children. Chapter 161

See chap. 147, L. 1801; chap. 117, L. 1807; chaps. 92 and 202, L. 1813, and chap. 122, L. 1822.

Towns of Plymouth and Stonington erected from Norwich, Chenango county, and poor divided. Chapter 163

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 127, L. 1808; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Town of Lisbon erected from Pittsfield, Otsego county, and poor divided. Chapter 178

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 127, L. 1808; chap. 101, L. 1813; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Town of Newport erected from Fairfield, Norway and Schuyler, and town of Union erected from Norway, Herkimer county, and poor divided. Chapter 183

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

(1806)
Chapter 189

The overseers of the poor of town of Stillwater and their successors authorized to sue town of Easton for \$344.92, due former town.

See chap. 36, L. 1799, and chap. 18, L. 1800.

30th session
1807
Chapter 1

Towns of Eaton, Madison and Lebanon erected from Hamilton, Madison county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 6

Poor to be divided by towns of German, Chenango county, and DeRuyter, Madison county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 7

Supervisors of Kings county to levy tax of \$1,200 for fire engine for town of Brooklyn, to be paid over to and disbursed by overseers of poor.

See chap. 108, L. 1801, and § 6, chap. 40, L. 1806.

Chapter 8

Town of Richland erected from Williamstown, Oneida county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 9

Incorporating "The New York Mason's Society."

Chapter 10

Town of Dover erected from Pawling, Dutchess county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 163, L. 1801; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 16

Town of Cicero erected from Lysander, Onondaga county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 20

Appropriating \$4,000 of New York city's excise money to trustees of Society for Establishing a Free School in New York City, to erect suitable school buildings for the instruction of poor children, and appropriating \$1,000 annually thereafter for promoting the benevolent objects of said corporation.

See chap. 164, L. 1801, and chap. 108, L. 1805.

Chapter 22

Incorporating "The St. Patrick's Society of Albany."

Chapter 23

Incorporating "The Ancient Britons Benefit Society of the City of New York."

See chap. 74, L. 1822; chap. 310, L. 1844, and chap. 27, L. 1864.

- Town of Rochester erected from Bolton, Washington county and poor divided. (1807) Chapter 27
 See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 127, L. 1808; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Town of Cazenovia divided, and poor thereof. Chapter 31
 New York city to levy tax for support of poor. Chapter 34
 See chap. 178, L. 1801, and chap. 70, L. 1803.
- Town of Harrison, Clinton county, divided, and poor thereof. Chapter 35
 See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Town of Lumberland, Ulster county, divided, and poor thereof. Chapter 39
 See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Incorporating "The Catskill Mechanical Society." Chapter 45
 See chap. 92, L. 1815, and chap. 101, L. 1826.
- Divisions of poor in towns of Lansingburg, Troy, Brunswick, Grafton, Petersburg and Berlin, Rensselaer county. Chapter 49
 See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Town of Freetown erected from Williamson, Ontario county; poor divided. Chapter 57
 See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 12, L. 1808; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Town of Windsor erected from Chenango, Broome county; poor divided. Chapter 60
 See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Act for inspection of lumber. Certain penalties to go to use of poor. Chapter 66
 See § 7, chap. 59, L. 1801; § 9, chap. 61, L. 1805; chap. 237, L. 1813; chap. 57, L. 1817; chap. 228, L. 1822; § 5, chap. 125, and chap. 282, L. 1825; ¶ 73, § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting, and § 1, chap. 537, L. 1881.
- Incorporating "St. Andrew's Society of the City of Schenectady." Chapter 67
 See chap. 5, L. 1816; chap. 298, L. 1833; chap. 43, L. 1846, and chap. 437, L. 1870.

(1807)
Chapter 83

Town of Carlisle erected from Cobleskill and Sharon, Schoharie county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 5, L. 1808; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 88

Town of Orange erected from Camden, Oneida county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 127, L. 1808; chap. 124, L. 1816; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 91

Town of New Berlin erected from Norwich, Chenango county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 87, L. 1821; chap. 110, L. 1822; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 92

Incorporating "The Hibernian Provident Society in the City of New York."

See chap. 144, L. 1822, and chap. 12, L. 1836.

Chapter 95

Annexing part of town of Philips to Fishkill, Dutchess county, and poor divided.

See chap. 46, L. 1806.

Chapter 103

Town of Denmark erected from Harrisburgh, Lewis county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 104

Moiety of penalty for illegal practice of medicine or surgery to go to use of poor.

See chap. 137, L. 1801; chap. 138, L. 1806; chaps. 94 and 202, L. 1813.

Chapter 116

Incorporating "The New York Society of Journey-men Shipwrights."

Chapter 126

Penalty for throwing waste lumber from saw mill on falls in Wood creek, near Whitehall Landing, Lake Champlain, to go to support of poor.

See chaps. 47 and 202, L. 1813.

Chapter 139

Act establishing courts of justice of peace in New York city. Fines imposed on absent jurors and witnesses to go to poor fund.

See chap. 32, § 58, L. 1788; ¶ 1, chap. 164, L. 1801; § 62, chap. 27, L. 1804; chap. 127, L. 1806; chaps. 39 and 58, L. 1808; chap. 148, L. 1809; chaps. 86 and 202, L. 1813; chap. 344, L. 1857, and § 1, chap. 537, L. 1881.

Incorporating "The Caledonian Society in the City of New York."	(1807) Chapter 168
Incorporating "The Mutual Aid Society of City of New York."	Chapter 169
Incorporating "The Orphan Asylum Society in the City of New York."	Chapter 179
See chap. 19, L. 1809; chap. 86, L. 1811; chap. 303, L. 1828; chap. 159, L. 1829; chap. 69, L. 1850; chap. 367, L. 1859; chap. 296, L. 1863, and chap. 372, L. 1875.	
Act for inspection of fish for export. Moiety of penalty for illegal export of fish to go to poor fund. Repealed by chap. 59, L. 1808.	Chapter 180
Act to restrain insurance of lottery tickets. Moiety of penalty for violation of act to go to use of poor. See chap. 36, L. 1809; chaps. 10 and 202, L. 1813.	Chapter 181
Town of Berkshire erected from Tioga, Broome county, and poor divided.	31st session 1808 Chapter 10
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Towns of Middletown and Canisteo, Steuben county, and poor thereof divided.	Chapter 11
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.	
Town of Moriah erected from Crown Point and Elizabethtown, Essex county, and poor divided.	Chapter 13
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.	
Poor of towns of Harrisburgh and Harrison, Lewis county, to be divided.	Chapter 15
See chaps. 63 and 64, L. 1788, chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.	
Town of Livonia erected from Pittstown, Ontario county; poor divided.	Chapter 17
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.	
Town of Pulteney erected from Bath, Steuben county; poor divided.	Chapter 18
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.	

(1808)
Chapter 19

Incorporating "New York Society for Promoting the Manumission of Slaves," and protecting such of them as have been or may be liberated.

See chap. 192, L. 1810; chap. 113, L. 1824; chap. 95, L. 1826; chap. 148, L. 1834.

Chapter 26

Annexing part of town of Union to Chenango, Broome county, with the poor thereof.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 163, L. 1801; chap. 101, L. 1813; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 43

Poor of towns of Harrison and Chateaugay, Franklin county, and of Mooers, Peru and Plattsburg, Clinton county, to be divided.

See chaps. 63 and 64, L. 1788; chaps. 146 and 163, L. 1801; chap. 88, L. 1809; chaps. 101 and 202, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 50

New York city to levy tax to support poor.

See chap. 176, L. 1801, and chap. 70, L. 1803.

Chapter 53

Town of Oppenheim erected from Palatine, Montgomery county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 59

Act for inspection of fish. Moiety of penalty for use of poor.

See chap. 180, L. 1807, § 16; §§ 3 and 4, chap. 8, L. 1809; chaps. 38 and 202, L. 1813; chap. 159, L. 1818, and ¶ 150, § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 60

Towns of Elizabethtown and Jay divided and Keen erected, Essex county, and poor to be divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 62

Towns of Warsaw and Sheldon erected from Batavia, Genesee county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 63

Act for repacking and inspection of beef and pork amended.

See chap. 93, L. 1804, and chaps. 28 and 202, L. 1813.

Chapter 75

Town of Stafford erected from Sherburne, Chenango county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 127, L. 1808; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

- Towns of Westford, Decatur and Maryland erected from Worcester, Otsego county, and poor divided. (1808) Chapter 86
 See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Town of Edmeston erected from Burlington, Otsego county, and poor divided. Chapter 91
 See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Town of Smithville erected from Greene, Chenango county, and poor divided. Chapter 106
 See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Act of inspection of sole leather in Queens county. Chapter 124
 Moiety of penalty for selling uninspected leather to go to use of poor.
 See chap. 158, L. 1801; chap. 26, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Town of Constantia erected from Mexico, Oneida county, and poor divided. Chapter 166
 See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Towns of Riga, Murray and Parma erected from Northampton, Genesee county, and poor divided. Chapter 171
 See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Dog tax and License Law for Dutchess county. Balance of tax and of moiety of penalties after paying for sheep killed by dogs to go to poor fund. Chapter 180
 Repealed by chap. 109, L. 1809.
- Act for benefit of Brothertown Indians. Chapter 183
 See chap. 147, L. 1801; chap. 171, L. 1811, and chaps. 92 and 202, L. 1813.
- Act amending act for settlement and relief of the poor, relative to New York city. Chapter 192
 See chap. 184, L. 1801, and chaps. 86 and 202, L. 1813.
- Town of Truxton erected from Fabius, and Preble erected from Tully, Cortland county, and poor divided. Chapter 194
 See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 48, L. 1798; chap. 98, L. 1801; chaps. 101 and 202, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

(1808)
Chapter 204

Act for speedy recovery of debts less than \$25. Fines on delinquent jurors and witnesses to go to overseers of the poor.

See chaps. 164 and 165, L. 1801; chaps. 10 and 186, L. 1809; chap. 193, L. 1810; chaps. 53 and 202, L. 1813.

Chapter 210

Town of Dickinson erected from Harrison, Franklin county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 211

Town of Colonie erected from Watervliet, Albany county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 163, L. 1801; chap. 101, L. 1813; chap. 49, L. 1815, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 240

Board of Health of New York city authorized to raise additional \$5,000 by lottery for benefit of trustees of Orphan Asylum Society of New York City.

See § 37, chap. 121; § 33, chap. 126; §§ 6 and 8, chap. 173, and § 34, chap. 190, L. 1801; chap. 106, L. 1803; §§ 22 and 40, L. 1806; § 21, chap. 113; § 13, chap. 133; § 43, chap. 146, L. 1807; § 42, chap. 7; § 25, chap. 80; chaps. 113 and 135, L. 1808; chap. 42, L. 1813, and § 1, chap. 537, L. 1881.

32d session
1809

Chapter 13

New York city to levy tax to support poor.

See § 2, chap. 178, L. 1801, and § 1, chap. 70, L. 1803.

Chapter 32

Penalty for obstructing Tuckyhannock creek, Seneca county, to go to use of poor of town.

See § 9, chap. 47, and chap. 202, L. 1813.

Chapter 43

Peter Collier authorized to dam Susquehanna river in town of Milford, Otsego county, for 30 years. Penalty for failing to make and maintain sluiceway to go to poor fund.

See chaps. 47 and 202, R. L. 1813.

Chapter 55

Town of Lenox erected from Sullivan, Madison county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 65

Division of poor of towns of Niskayuna and Watervliet.

See chaps. 63 and 64, L. 1788; chap. 146, L. 1801; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Part of Crooked Lake outlet in Ontario county, declared a public highway. Moiety of penalty for obstructing navigation to go to use of poor.

(1809)
Chapter 82

See chaps. 47 and 202, L. 1813, and chap. 285, L. 1818.

Act amending act for settlement and relief of the poor.

Chapter 90

See chap. 184, L. 1801, and chaps. 78 and 202, L. 1813.

The full text of this act is as follows :

AN ACT TO AMEND THE ACT ENTITLED "AN ACT FOR THE SETTLEMENT AND RELIEF OF THE POOR, PASSED APRIL EIGHTH, 1801."

CHAPTER 90, LAWS OF 1809.

I. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly,* That when any poor person not belonging to, or not having gained a residence in any city or town within this State, shall apply for relief to any overseer of the poor in any city or town within this state, the said overseer of the poor shall make application to a justice of the peace of the city or town or of the county in which such overseers shall live, which said justice and overseer shall enquire into the state and circumstances of the person so applying, and if it shall appear to the said justice and overseer of the poor that such person is in such indigent circumstances as not to be able to support or maintain him or her self, and that he or she is so sick or otherwise debilitated that it would be improper for such person to be removed, then the said justice shall give an order in writing to the said overseer of the poor to make such allowance weekly, or otherwise, to every such poor person, as they, in their discretion, shall think the necessities of such poor person shall require; and the overseers of the poor shall make no other or further allowance to such poor person than what, by the said order, shall be directed, which said order shall be a sufficient voucher for the payment of so much money by the said overseers of the poor, and shall be allowed in the adjustment of his accounts; and it shall be the duty of the overseers of the poor in the several cities and towns within this state to keep the accounts of money expended as above directed, separate and distinct from other expenditures, and said accounts adjusted and allowed as aforesaid, shall be considered and hereby is declared to be a public and necessary county charge, and shall be levied, collected and paid as other county charges are.

II. *And be it further enacted,* That the assessment and performance of labor on any highway in any city or town in this state shall not be considered a tax so as to give a settlement in such city or town.

(1809)

III. *And be it further enacted*, That it shall and may be lawful for the overseers of the poor of any city or town, by and with the consent of the common council of such city, or of two justices of the peace of the county in which such town shall be, whenever any poor person, legally settled in such city or town, and maintained at the public charge, who were or shall become lunatic or insane, to contract with the governors of the New-York Hospital, in the city of New-York, for the maintenance and care of such lunatic on such terms as they may deem meet, and to transport such lunatic to the said hospital, and all such sums, so agreed on for the maintenance of such lunatic shall be regularly paid to the governors of the said hospital by the overseers of the poor of such city or town and their successors in office; and it shall be the duty* of the overseers of the poor of such city or town, to enter in the poor books kept by them, the name of such lunatic, the weekly or other sum or sums agreed to be paid to the governors of the said hospital for his or her support, and the cost and charges of his or her removal to and from the said hospital, in the like manner as is required by the twenty-sixth section of the said act for the settlement and relief of the poor: *Provided always*, That the settlement of such lunatic, so removed to the said hospital, shall remain the same as before his or her removal, and that it shall not be lawful for the overseers of the poor of any such city or town to remove to the said hospital idiots or other poor persons who are not lunatic or insane.

Chapter 92

Town of Wolcott erected from Junius, Seneca county, and poor divided.

See chap. 69, L. 1787; chap. 186, L. 1809; chap. 212, L. 1811.

Chapter 104

Act concerning strays. Proceeds of sale of estrayed animals to go to use of poor.

See chap. 2, L. 1789; chaps. 21 and 202, L. 1813.

Chapter 114

Moiety of penalty for using seine in creeks in Niagara and Genesee county, or in Lake Ontario to go to poor fund.

See chaps. 47 and 202, L. 1813, and 169, L. 1816.

Chapter 116

Town of Liberty erected from Lumberland, Ulster county; poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 163, L. 1801; chap. 101, L. 1813; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 133

Town of Salina erected from Manlius and Onondaga, Onondaga county; poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

*So in the original.

Act relative to crimes. Moiety of fine for injuring fruit trees maliciously to go to use of poor.

(1809)
Chapter 138

See chap. 155, L. 1808, § 8; and chaps. 18, 29, 44, 85, 86 and 202, L. 1813.

Act authorizing overseers of the poor to loan the money in their hands for support of the poor.

Chapter 139

See chap. 184, L. 1801, and chaps. 78 and 202, L. 1813.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT AUTHORIZING AND DIRECTING THE OVERSEERS OF THE POOR TO LOAN THE MONEY IN THEIR HANDS FOR THE SUPPORT OF THE POOR.

CHAPTER 139, LAWS OF 1809.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, That the overseers of the poor of the several towns within this state are hereby authorized and directed to loan out, on lawful interest, the money that now hath or hereafter shall come into their hands, as overseers of the poor, over and above the sum which the overseers, supervisor and town clerk, for the time being, or a majority of them, shall deem necessary for the support of the poor of such town during the time such overseers shall continue in office, to any person or persons, who are inhabitants of the said town, as may apply for and offer good and sufficient security for the payment of the same, which security shall be approved of by the said supervisor and town clerk, and the obligations, so taken for securing the payment of the said money loaned, shall be drawn payable to them or their successors in office, and at the time or on the day next succeeding the day on which their then office of overseers of the poor will expire, and on settling their accounts with the persons who are by law appointed to audit the same, the said obligations so taken, and then remaining unpaid shall be audited and allowed as so much money in their hands to be paid over to their successors in office, and by them delivered over to their said successors accordingly, and the said overseers of the poor who shall so receive the said obligations, and their successors in office, shall have full power and authority by law to sue for and recover the monies so secured by said obligations and all other obligations heretofore taken by the overseers of the poor, with the interest then due on the same, in any court having cognizance thereof, to the amount of the sum due thereon, in their own names, and that without any assignment or order or power of attorney thereon, any law, usage or custom to the contrary notwithstanding; or, if the said, then, overseers of the poor, with the approbation of the supervisor or town clerk, shall think it safe and expedient, they may reloan the said

(1809) money due on such obligations, together with the interest, to the borrower, and take a new obligation for the amount payable with interest as is before directed.

Chapter 154 Elmore Russell authorized to build dam across Susquehanna river in town of Windsor, Broome county; moiety of penalty for failing to keep dam in repair to go to use of poor.

See chaps. 47 and 202, L. 1813, and chap. 217, L. 1826.

Chapter 155 Town of Rockland erected from Nevesink, Ulster county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 157 After March 1, 1810, the several towns of this State to choose by ballot at their annual town meetings overseers of the poor and other officers.

See § 8, chap. 78, and § 7, chap. 183, L. 1801; chap. 201, L. 1808, and chaps. 52 and 202, L. 1813.

33d session
1810
Chapter 2

Town of Buffalo erected from Clarence, Erie county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 26 Town of Caldwell erected from Queensbury, Bolton and Thurman, Washington county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 44 Amending charter and changing name of Society of the Hospital in City of New York to "The Society of the New York Hospital."

See chap. 89, L. 1828, and chap. 244, L. 1879.

Chapter 62 New York city to levy tax for support of poor.

See chap. 178, L. 1801; chap. 70, L. 1803.

Chapter 88 Appropriation from duties on auction sales in New York city of \$3,500. per annum for ten years for support of New York Hospital.

See chap. 116, L. 1801.

Chapter 97 Town of Penfield erected from Boyle, Ontario county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813; § 48, chap. 75, L. 1814, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Appeals from decisions of magistrates in bastardy proceedings not to be acted upon until notice to overseers of poor, who are to recover costs of appeal.

(1810)
Chapter 109

See chap. 18, L. 1801, and chaps. 12, 78 and 202, L. 1813.

Amending act concerning slaves and servants. Persons entitled to services of slave children to educate them.

Chapter 115

See chap. 188, L. 1801; chaps. 88 and 202, L. 1813.

Regulating rates of ferriage between New York city and Nassau Island. Penalty for owners of ferry boats in engaging in freighting business to go to use of poor.

Chapter 119

See chap. 106, L. 1801; chap. 154, L. 1812; chaps. 86 and 202, L. 1813; chap. 188, L. 1872, and chap. 537, L. 1881.

Town of Laurens erected from Otego, Otsego county, and poor divided.

Chapter 140

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Town of Antwerp erected from LeRay, Jefferson county, and poor divided.

Chapter 144

See chap. 134, L. 1805; chap. 98, L. 1813; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Penalty of \$25 for hawking and peddling in this State, to go to use of poor.

Chapter 172

See chap. 99, L. 1804, and chap. 89, L. 1811.

Town of Louisville erected from Massena, St. Lawrence county, and poor divided.

Chapter 182

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Amending charter of the Society of Mechanics and Tradesmen of the County of Kings.

34th session
1811
Chapter 15

See chap. 88, L. 1805.

Town of Spencer, Tioga county, divided into five towns; also poor thereof divided.

Chapter 21

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Town of Lyons erected from Sodus, Ontario county, and poor divided.

Chapter 29

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

(1811)
Chapter 45

Town of New Baltimore erected from Coxsackie, Greene county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 86

Appropriation of \$500 annually from auction duties to trustees of Orphan Asylum Society in New York City for support of foreign poor in New York city.

See chap. 179, L. 1807; chap. 69, L. 1834.

Chapter 103

Town of Lee erected from Western, Oneida county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 113

Incorporating "General Society of Mechanics and Tradesmen of the City of New York."

See chap. 26, L. 1792; chap. 15, L. 1821; chap. 27, L. 1833; chap. 30, L. 1842; chap. 83, L. 1856; chap. 307, L. 1860; chap. 80, L. 1870; chap. 155, L. 1881, and chap. 283, L. 1888.

Chapter 130

Town of Masonville erected from Sidney, Delaware county, and poor divided.

Chapter 132

Part of town of Solon annexed to Truxton, Cortland county; poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 48, L. 1798; chap. 194, L. 1808; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 143

Town of Attica erected from Sheldon, Genesee county; poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 144

Part of town of Canisteo annexed to Troupsburgh, Steuben county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 11, L. 1808; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 157

Town of Scriba erected from Fredericksburgh, now Volney, Ontario county; poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 161

Towns of Esopus and Saugerties erected from Kingston, Ulster county; poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 88, L. 1812; chap. 101, L. 1813; chap. 164, L. 1817, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 175

Act to provide against infectious and pestilential diseases. Health office and quarantine in New York city,

Albany and Hudson. Certain fees from sailors and passengers, arriving by vessels to go to use of Marine Hospital. (1811)

See chap. 92, L. 1801, § 37; §§ 32 and 33, chap. 79, L. 1804; chaps. 37 and 202, L. 1813; ¶ 157, § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting; chap. 358, L. 1863; chap. 537, L. 1881.

Town of Spafford erected from Tully, Onondaga county, and poor divided. Chapter 181

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 2, L. 1812; chap. 101, L. 1812; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Act establishing board of wardens for port of New York, and regulating pilots. Forfeitures, fines and penalties to be paid to trustees of "Sailors Snug Harbor," in New York city. All former laws concerning the master and wardens and pilots of port of New York hereby repealed. Chapter 198

See chap. 100, L. 1812; chaps. 86 and 202, L. 1813; chap. 467, L. 1853, and chap. 537, L. 1881.

Town of Galen erected from Junius, Seneca county, and poor divided. 35th session
1812
Chapter 4

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Incorporating "The Poughkeepsie Humane Society." Chapter 26

Town of Middleburg erected from Warsaw, Genesee county; poor divided. Chapter 31

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Towns of Hamburg, Eden and Concord erected from Eden, Niagara county; poor divided. Chapter 36

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813; chap. 21, L. 1828.

Town of Perrinton erected from Boyle, Ontario county; poor divided. Chapter 42

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813; chap. 75, L. 1814; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting, and chap. 40, L. 1891.

Town of Lake Pleasant erected from Johnston, Montgomery county; poor divided. Chapter 45

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

(1812)
Chapter 52

Town of Victor and Mendon erected from Bloomfield, Ontario county; poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chaps. 73 and 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 55

Incorporating the "Albany Lancaster School Society" and appropriating \$500 annually thereafter for the benevolent objects of the same.

Chapter 71

Towns of Pomfret, Chautauqua county, and Cambria, Niagara county, divided with their poor into several new towns.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 136, L. 1812; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 72

Act creating fire limits in New York city. Penalty for illegal building therein to go to use of poor.

See chap. 80, L. 1801; chaps. 86 and 202, L. 1813; chap. 625, L. 1872, and chap. 537, L. 1881.

Chapter 73

New York city to levy tax to support poor.

See chap. 178, L. 1801; § 2, chap. 70, L. 1803; § 4, chap. 92, L. 1808, and chaps. 86 and 202, L. 1813.

Chapter 75

Town of Red Hook erected from Rhinebeck, Dutchess county; poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 163, L. 1801; chap. 181, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 84

Penalty for disturbance of religious assembly to go to use of poor.

See chap. 34, L. 1801; chaps. 24 and 202, L. 1813.

Chapter 101

Town of Columbia erected from Warren, Herkimer county; poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 102

Town of Bellona erected from Caledonia, Genesee county; poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chaps. 101 and 143, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 104

Town of Batavia, Genesee county, divided with its poor into five towns.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 111

Incorporating "Wilberforce Philanthropic Association," in New York city.

See chap. 78, L. 1827.

- Town of Groveland erected from Sparta, Ontario county, and poor divided. (1812)
Chapter 145
- See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Town of Bangor erected from Dickinson, Franklin county, and poor divided. Chapter 163
- See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Town of Ischua erected from Olean, Cattaraugus county, and poor divided. Chapter 173
- Towns of Cohocton and Howard erected from Bath and Dansville, Steuben county, and poor divided. Chapter 186
- See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Town of Sand Lake erected from Greenbush and Berlin, Rensselaer county, and poor divided. Chapter 204
- See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Act to prevent embezzling of lumber floating on Hudson river. Moiety of penalties for stopping floating lumber and for altering marks to go to poor fund. Chapter 215
- See chap. 103, L. 1804; chaps. 34 and 202, L. 1813.
- Town of Sterling erected from Cato, Cayuga county, and poor divided. Chapter 220
- See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Appropriation of \$10,000 in bonds and mortgages to trustees of College of Physicians and Surgeons of Western District for an endowment fund. Chapter 222
- See chap. 131, L. 1812.
- Incorporating "The Ontario Manumission Society" in Ontario county. Chapter 228
- See chap. 178, L. 1801.
- Act for relief of cities and towns from the maintenance of bastard children. (R. L.); (V. & W.) 36th session
1813
Chapter 12
- Repealed by chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting, § 1, ¶ 82.
- Towns of New Goshen and Greenland erected from Windham, Greene county, and poor divided. Chapter 15
- See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 66, L. 1813; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

(1813)
Chapter 30

Town of Jersey erected from Wayne, Steuben county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 121, L. 1813, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 32

Sec. 21. Poor persons, when and how to be assisted in suits gratis.

Chapter 33

Sec. 29. Overseers of the poor to sue for trespasses on State lands. Treble damages for use of poor.

Chapter 33

Town of Warrensburgh erected from Thurman, Washington county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 52

Commissioners of common school money in New York city to distribute certain moneys collected by chamberlain of New York City to trustees of Free School Society, New York city, the trustees of Orphan's Asylum Society, the Society of Economical School in New York city, the African Free School, and such religious societies in New York city as now support or shall hereafter establish charity schools in said city. (R. L.)

See chap. 242, L. 1812; § 31, chap. 192, L. 1814; chaps. 16 and 51, L. 1821; § 11, chap. 256, L. 1822; § 9, chap. 276, L. 1824.

Chapter 53

Act for the recovery of debts to the value of \$25. Certain fines for neglect of witnesses or jurors to attend court to go to use of poor. (R. L.); (V. & W.)

See chap. 236, L. 1816; chap. 21, L. 1817; chaps. 94 and 265, L. 1818; chap. 238, L. 1824; repealed by chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 58

Act for the amendment of the law and the better advancement of justice. (R. L.); (V. & W.)

See chap. 217, L. 1822; chap. 309, L. 1826, §3. Repealed by chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 65

New York city to levy tax to support poor.

See chap. 178, L. 1801; chap. 70, L. 1803; chap. 86, L. 1813.

Chapter 78

Act for relief and settlement of the poor. (R. L.); (V. & W.)

Repealed by chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

The full text of this act is as follows :

(1813)

AN ACT FOR THE RELIEF AND SETTLEMENT OF THE
POOR.

CHAPTER 78, LAWS OF 1813.

I. *BE it enacted by the People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly,* That every city and town shall support and maintain their own poor.

II. *And be it further enacted,* That every person who shall have come to inhabit in any city or town within this state, and shall actually and *bona fide* have rented and occupied a tenement of the yearly value of thirty dollars, or upwards, for two years, and actually paid such rent, or shall, for himself or on his own account, have executed any public annual office or charge in such city or town during one whole year, or who shall have been charged with, and paid his or her share towards the public taxes of such city or town, for the space of two years; and every person who shall have been bound an apprentice or servant by indenture, or by any deed, contract or writing not indented, and shall in consequence of such binding, have served a term not less than two years in such city or town, shall be deemed and adjudged to have obtained a legal settlement in such city or town; and that all mariners, coming into this state and having no settlement in this state, or in any other of the United States of America, and every other healthy able bodied person, coming directly from some foreign port or place into this state, shall be deemed and adjudged to be legally settled in the city or town in which he or she shall have first resided for the space of one year: *Provided always,* That the person or persons who may have, or hereafter shall come into the city of New-York, from any other state within the United States of America, shall not be deemed and adjudged legally settled under this section, unless the party shall first prove to the satisfaction of the commissioners of the alms-house and bridewell of the said city, that after his or her arrival therein, he or she, as the case may be, shall have acquired such requisites to constitute a settlement, as are necessary in and by the laws of such state from whence he or she may have come as aforesaid: *And provided further,* That the assessment and performance of labor on any highway in any city or town, shall not be considered a tax within the meaning of this act.

III. *And be it further enacted,* That every bastard child shall be deemed and adjudged to be settled in the city or town of the last legal settlement of his or her mother.

IV. *And be it further enacted,* That no person shall be deemed to gain a settlement in any city or town within this state, by virtue of any purchase of any estate or interest in such city or town, whereof the consideration for such purchase shall not amount to the sum of seventy-five dollars *bona fide* paid, for any longer or further time than such person shall

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inhabit in such estate, and shall thereafter be liable to be removed to the city or town where such person was last legally settled before the said purchase and inhabitancy therein.

V. *And be it further enacted*, That if any person, other than those herein before mentioned, coming into any city or town, shall, within forty days after such person's coming into such city or town, deliver a notice in writing, to any two overseers of the poor of such city or town into which such person shall so come to reside, of the house or place of his abode, and the number and names of his family, if he shall have any, which notice such overseers of the poor are hereby required to cause to be registered, within forty-eight hours after the receipt thereof, in the book kept in such city or town, for the accounts of the poor, and in case the overseers of the poor of such city or town shall not within twelve months after such notice, cause such persons to be removed out of such city or town in the manner herein after mentioned, then and in such case the person so giving notice as aforesaid, shall be deemed and adjudged to be legally settled in such city or town.

VI. *And be it further enacted*, That if any overseer of the poor shall refuse or neglect to register or cause to be registered such notice in writing as aforesaid, in such time and manner as aforesaid, he shall for every such refusal or neglect, forfeit the sum of five dollars to the use of the party aggrieved, to be recovered with costs of suit in any court having cognizance thereof.

VII. *And be it further enacted*, That if any overseer of the poor of any city or town shall have reason to believe that any stranger who shall have come to reside in such city or town, and who shall not have obtained a legal settlement therein, is likely to become chargeable to such city or town, such overseer shall apply to any two justices of the peace of such city or of the county in which such town shall live, and inform them thereof; and the said justices being so, or otherwise, informed, or suspecting such stranger to be of insufficient ability, or likely to become a charge to such city or town, are hereby authorized and required to issue their warrant to a constable of such city or town, thereby commanding him to bring such stranger before them, at such time and place as they in their said warrant shall for that purpose appoint; and the said justices shall examine every stranger so brought before them, and any other person whom they may think necessary upon oath, relating to the abilities and last place of legal settlement of such stranger; and if upon examination, the said justices shall find such stranger likely to become a charge to such city or town, they shall order and direct such stranger by a certain day to remove to the place of his former settlement, and on neglect or refusal to comply with the said order, the said justices shall issue a warrant under their hands and seals, directed to any constable of such city or town, who is hereby required and commanded to execute such warrant, thereby commanding

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him to convey or transport such stranger to the constable of the next city, or first town in some adjoining county, or if within the same county, to the town where the pauper was last legally settled, through which such stranger shall have been suffered to wander unapprehended, and so from constable to constable, or in such other manner, by the nearest and most convenient route as the said justices shall think fit to direct to the place of legal settlement of such stranger, if the same shall be within this state; or in case it shall appear that the said pauper first came into this state through the city of New-York, and it shall not appear that the said pauper has acquired settlement in this state, then, and in such case, it shall be lawful for the said justices to direct by the said warrant that the said pauper be transmitted from constable to constable, or otherwise, to the city of New-York.

VIII. *And be it further enacted*, That if any inhabitant of this state shall receive or entertain in his dwelling house, out-house or family, for the space of fifteen days, any person who hath not gained a settlement in some city or town within this state, and shall not within the time aforesaid, give notice in writing to one of the overseers of the poor of such city or town of the name, quality, condition and circumstances of the person so entertained, according to the best knowledge of such inhabitant, every such inhabitant shall, for every such offence, forfeit the sum of five dollars, to be recovered with costs of suit, before any court having cognizance thereof, by any person who shall sue for the same; one half of which forfeiture when recovered, to be paid to the overseers of the poor of such city or town, and the other half to the person who shall sue for the same as aforesaid: *And further*, If the person so entertained as aforesaid, shall have remained in any city or town longer than the term of forty days, then it shall be lawful for any two justices of the peace of such city, or of the county in which such town shall be, to cause such of the inhabitants of such city or town who shall have so entertained such stranger during the term of fifteen days, without giving information thereof as aforesaid, to be brought before them, and such inhabitants shall enter into bond to the overseers of the poor of such city or town, and their successors, in the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars, conditioned that such stranger shall not become a charge to such city or town; and in case any of the said persons who shall have entertained such strangers aforesaid, being in the opinion of such justices of the peace of sufficient ability, shall refuse to become bound as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the said justices of the peace, by warrant, under their hands and seals, directed to any constable of such city or town, to cause such person to be committed to the common gaol of such city or of the county in which such town shall lie, there to remain until such person shall consent and become bound as aforesaid; but if the person so entertaining such stranger shall not, in the opinion

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of the said justices, be of sufficient ability to become bound as aforesaid, or if the said justices shall not think fit to take such bond, then they shall cause such stranger to be conveyed from constable to constable, in manner aforesaid, until he shall be transported to the place of his or her last settlement, if within this state.

IX. *And be it further enacted*, That if any constable transporting or conveying a pauper from one town to another, by virtue of this act, shall receive so much money for his services as the supervisors of such county shall judge he reasonably deserves to have, which money shall be raised, collected and paid in the same manner as other monies for the contingent charges of such county.

X. *And be it further enacted*, That if any person be removed by virtue of this act, from one city or town to another, within this state, the overseers of the poor of the city or town to which the said person shall be so removed, are hereby required to receive the said person, and if they or any of them, shall refuse or neglect so to do, the overseer so refusing or neglecting shall, if thereof convicted by the oath of two witnesses, forfeit and pay for each offense the sum of twenty-five dollars, to the use of the poor of the city or town from which the said person was so removed, to be recovered with costs of suit in any court having cognizance thereof, by the overseers of the poor of such city or town from which such person was so removed: *Provided always*, That no person nor any child belonging to such person shall gain a settlement in the city or town to which he or they shall be so removed, but his or their settlement shall remain as before such removal.

XI. *And be it further enacted*, That in case of the division of any town, the supervisors and overseers of the poor of the several towns erected by such division, shall without delay divide and apportion the money appropriated for the support of the poor, and the poor belonging to such town so divided, in proportion to the last tax list; and the poor so apportioned, shall be deemed to belong to the town to which they may be thus apportioned; and in case any poor person who shall have been an inhabitant of any town so divided, and legally settled therein, shall return into either of the said towns, such poor person shall be maintained by the town, including the part of the town so divided in which such poor person was last legally settled or had resided.

XII. *And be it further enacted*, That if any person who shall think proper to remove out of any city or town within this state, into any other, there to inhabit or reside, and shall at the same time procure and deliver to the overseers of the poor of the city or town where such person shall so come to inhabit or reside, or to any one of them, a certificate under the hands and seals of the overseers of the poor or of any two of them, of the city or town of such person's last legal settlement, attested by two or more credible witnesses, thereby owning or

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acknowledging the person mentioned in such certificate, to be an inhabitant legally settled in the city or town mentioned in such certificate, which certificate shall be either acknowledged by the overseers of the poor giving the same, or shall be duly proved by the witnesses who shall have attested the execution thereof, or one of them, before any justice of the peace of the city or of the county wherein the town from whence any such certificate shall come shall be, and shall be approved of and subscribed by such justice of the peace, then it shall be lawful for every such person with his family, if any, upon the delivery of such certificate as aforesaid, to remain in any such city or town to which such person shall remove as aforesaid, and to follow any employment within the same; and the overseers of the poor shall deliver every such certificate to the town clerk of the city or town in which any such person shall come to reside as aforesaid, who is hereby required to file and record the same: *And further*, That every such certificate so acknowledged or proved and allowed as aforesaid, shall be deemed in all courts whatsoever within this state as duly proved, and shall be taken and received as evidence, without any other proof thereof.

XIII. *And be it further enacted*, That whenever any person with his family, if any, or any part thereof, so remaining by virtue of the certificate aforesaid, shall become chargeable or be obliged by sickness or otherwise, to ask relief of the city or town into which such person was received as aforesaid, then, and not before, it shall be lawful for any two justices of the peace of the city or county into which such person was received by virtue of such certificate, to remove and convey every such person with his family and children, though born in such city or town, and servants and apprentices, not having otherwise acquired a legal settlement there, to the city or town from which such certificate was brought as aforesaid, the overseers of the poor of which city or town are in such case hereby required and obliged to receive and provide for every such person and his family as aforesaid.

XIV. *And be it further enacted*, That no person who shall come to reside in any city or town by virtue of any such certificate, shall be deemed or adjudged by any act whatsoever, of such person, to have gained a legal settlement in such city or town during the time such person shall reside there by virtue of such certificate, unless such person shall *bona fide* purchase a free hold of the value of seventy-five dollars, or upwards, or *bona fide* have rented and occupied a tenement of the yearly value of thirty dollars or upwards, for two whole years, or shall have executed a public annual office or charge in such city or town for one whole year as aforesaid.

XV. *And be it further enacted*, That when any person or his family residing in any city or town, or sent thither by certificate, and becoming chargeable as aforesaid, shall be removed back to the city or town to which such person shall belong,

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the overseers of the poor shall be reimbursed such reasonable charges as he or they may have been put unto, in maintaining or removing such person, by the overseers of the poor of the city or town to which such person is or shall be removed, the said charges having been first ascertained and allowed by two or more of the justices of the peace of the city or of the county in which such town from which such removal shall be made shall be, which said charges so ascertained and allowed, shall in case of refusal of payment be levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the overseers of the poor, of the city or town to which such certificated person shall be removed as aforesaid, by warrant under the hands and seals of any two justices of the peace of the city or county where the overseers of the poor shall reside, who are hereby authorised and required to issue the same, directed to some constable of such city or town, returning the overplus, if any there be, after deducting all lawful costs and charges of such sale.

" XVI. *And be it further enacted*, That if any poor person shall remove, or come out of any city or town, where he is or shall be legally settled, into any other city or town within this state, and shall be taken sick or lame, so that such person cannot be conveniently removed back to the place of his last legal settlement, then the overseers of the poor of such city or town, into which such poor person shall come as aforesaid, or one of them, shall give notice in writing to the overseers of the poor of the city or town, out of which such poor person shall have come as aforesaid, of the name, condition and circumstances of such poor person, and request such overseers of the poor, or one of them, to take care of, relieve and maintain such sick or lame person, during his illness, and also to provide for his funeral if he should die there; and if any such overseer of the poor, having notice as aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse so to do, then it shall be lawful for any two justices of the peace, of the city or of the county in which such town shall be, where such poor person had his last legal place of settlement, upon complaint made to them, to cause all such sums of money as shall be necessarily expended in the maintenance of such poor person in his sickness or lameness, or on his funeral, to be levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the said overseer of the poor, so neglecting or refusing to take care of and provide for such poor person, after such notice given to him or them, as aforesaid, by warrant under the hands and seals of such justices, who are hereby authorised and required to issue the same, directed to some constable of the city or town where such overseer of the poor shall reside, returning the overplus, if any there be, after deducting all lawful costs and charges of such sale, as aforesaid; and such sums of money so recovered, shall be paid to the overseers of the poor, or to one of them, of such city or town where such poor person shall be sick, lame, or die, as aforesaid.

XVII. *And be it further enacted*, That every person who shall think himself agrieved by any judgment or order of any justice or justices of the peace, or by warrant of removal of any poor person, may appeal to the next general sessions of the peace, to be holden in and for such city, or in and for the county in which such city or town shall be, where such judgment or order shall be made, or from which such person shall be removed as aforesaid, who are hereby authorised and required to hear and determine such appeals, and to do justice therein according to the merits of the respective cases: *And further*, That no justice of the peace, who shall reside in any city or town where any dispute shall happen, except in the city and county of New-York, shall sit in court upon such appeal.

XVIII. *And be it further enacted*, That on every appeal to be made to the court of general sessions of the peace to be holden in and for the city and county of New-York, the justices who shall determine such appeal, shall, upon request, state the case specially and at large, that every person who shall think himself agrieved by the determination on such appeal may have remedy thereupon in the supreme court.

XIX. *And be it further enacted*, That no appeal from any judgment or order whatsoever of any justice or justices of the peace, or from any order of removal of any poor person whatsoever, from one city or town to another, shall be proceeded upon in any court of general sessions of the peace, unless reasonable notice in writing be given by the overseers of the poor of the city or town, or the person who shall make such appeal unto the overseers of the poor, or one of them, of such city or town as shall be affected by such judgment or order, or from which such poor person shall be removed, the reasonableness of which notice to be determined by the justices of such general sessions of the peace to which the appeal is made; and if it shall appear to them that reasonable notice was not given, then they shall adjourn such appeal to the next general sessions of the peace, and then and there finally hear and determine the same.

XX. *And be it further enacted*, That the justices shall at their general sessions of the peace, to be holden in and for any city or county within this state, upon any appeal before them concerning the settlement of any poor person, determine in favor of the appellant, that such poor person was unduly removed, then the said justices shall, at the same general sessions, award to such appellant so much money, besides his costs and charges, as shall appear to the said justices to have been reasonably paid and expended by the overseers of the poor, of the city or town on whose behalf such appeal was made, for or towards the relief of such poor person, between the time of such undue removal, and the determination of such appeal: *And further*, That upon every appeal upon any judgment or order of any justice or justices concerning the settlement of

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any poor person, or upon any proof of notice of any such appeal to have been given by the overseers of the poor of one city or town, or by any other person, to the overseers of the poor of any other city or town, or to any other person, though such person did not afterwards prosecute such appeal, the justices at the same general sessions of the peace shall award to the party in whose favor such appeal shall be determined, or to whom such notice did appear to have been given as aforesaid, such costs and charges as by the said justices in their discretion shall be thought reasonable, to be paid by the overseers of the poor of the city or town, or other person against whom such appeal shall be determined, or who gave notice of such appeal as aforesaid, and did not prosecute the same: *And further*, If in any of the cases aforesaid, the person ordered to pay such monies, and costs, and charges, shall reside in any city or county, out of the jurisdiction of such court of general sessions of the peace, it shall be lawful for the overseers of the poor, to whom such monies were directed to be paid, to sue for and recover the same of the person against whom such award was made, with costs of suit, in an action for monies had and received to the plaintiff's use, in any court in this state having cognizance thereof, in which action a true copy of the award of such justices in their court of general sessions of the peace, signed by the clerk, and sealed with the seal of the same court, when produced, shall be sufficient evidence for the recovery of such monies so awarded.

XXI. *And be it further enacted*, That the father and grandfather, mother and grandmother, being of sufficient ability, of any poor, blind, lame, or decrepit person whomsoever, not being able to maintain himself, and becoming chargeable to any city or town within this state, and the children and grandchildren, being of sufficient ability, of every poor, old, blind, lame, or impotent person, not being able to maintain himself, and becoming chargeable as aforesaid, shall respectively, at their own charge and expence, relieve and maintain every such poor person, in such manner as the justices of the peace of the city or county where such sufficient person shall dwell, at their general sessions of the peace, shall order and direct, on pain of forfeiting and paying one dollar and twenty-five cents for each person so ordered to be relieved, for every week such order shall not be obeyed, to be sued for and recovered with costs of suit, by the overseers of the poor of the city or town to which such poor person shall be chargeable, for the use of the poor of such city or town, in the manner herein before directed, with respect to costs and charges, upon an appeal.

XXII. *And be it further enacted*, That it shall be lawful for the overseers of the poor of any city or town within this state, where any father or husband shall run away, or absent himself from his wife or children, or where any widow shall run away, or absent herself from her child or children, and leave any of them a charge to such city or town, to apply to any

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two justices of the peace, of the city or county where any estate real or personal, of any such father, husband or widow, or any part thereof may be, and by warrant, under the hands and seals of the said two justices, who are hereby authorised and required to issue the same, to take and seize the goods and chattels, and to let out and receive the annual rents and profits of the lands and tenements of such father, husband or mother, so absconding as aforesaid, for and towards the maintaining, bringing up, and providing for such wife, child or children, so left as aforesaid; and as soon as the said seizure shall be allowed of and confirmed by the justices in their general sessions of the peace, it shall be lawful for the said overseers of the poor, or any two of them, as often as the case may require, to sell and dispose of so much of the said goods and chattels, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, and to receive the said rents and profits, or so much thereof, as shall be ordered by the said sessions, and to apply the money arising therefrom towards the maintenance of such poor family, or person, so left as aforesaid: *And further*, That the said overseers of the poor shall be accountable to the justices of the peace, in their said general sessions, for all such monies as shall arise from any such sale, and from the rents and profits of such lands and tenements.

XXIII. *And be it further enacted*, That the majority of the freeholders and inhabitants, who shall be assembled at the annual town meetings in each town in this state, shall determine and agree upon such sum of money as they may think proper, for the purpose of maintaining the poor in such town in the ensuing year, of which each town clerk shall make full and proper entries in the town book, by him to be kept, and shall, as soon as conveniently may be, deliver a true copy of such entry, certified under his hand, to the supervisor of said town, and the said supervisor is hereby required to lay the same before the supervisors of the county at their then next meeting, in order that the said sum may be raised in such town for the support and maintenance of the poor thereof.

XXIV. *And be it further enacted*, That it shall be lawful for the mayor, aldermen and commonalty, of the cities of Albany and Hudson, respectively, in common council convened, yearly to determine and agree upon such sum of money as they may respectively think proper, for the purpose of maintaining and supporting the poor in the said cities respectively, in the ensuing year, of which sums the town clerk shall make a like entry as aforesaid, in the minutes of the said common council, and deliver a certified copy as aforesaid, to the supervisor of such city, who is hereby required to lay the same before the supervisors of the county at their next meeting, for the purpose aforesaid.

XXV. *And be it further enacted*, That when any poor person, belonging to any city or town within this state, shall apply for relief to any overseer of the poor of such city or town, the

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said overseer of the poor shall make application to a justice of the peace of such city, or of the county in which such town shall be, which said justice and overseer of the poor shall enquire into the state and circumstances of the person so applying, as aforesaid; and if it shall appear to the said justice and overseer of the poor, that such person is in such indigent circumstances as to require relief, the said justice shall give an order in writing to the said overseer of the poor, to make such allowance weekly, or otherwise, to every such poor person as they in their discretion shall think the necessities of such poor person shall require; and the overseers of the poor shall make no other or further allowance to such poor person than what by the said order shall be directed, which said order shall be a sufficient voucher for the payment of so much money by the said overseers of the poor, and shall be allowed in adjusting their accounts. And if any poor person not belonging to, or not having gained a settlement in any city or town within this state, shall apply for relief, as aforesaid, the said overseer shall proceed in like manner as is above directed; and if the overseer and the said justice, to whom application shall have been made, as aforesaid, shall find that such poor person is not able to maintain himself, and that he is so sick, or otherwise debilitated, that it would be improper immediately to remove him, or when it shall be found impossible to make any order of removal, the said justice shall give an order in writing to the said overseers for the support of such poor person, in like manner as if such poor person belonged to such city or town, which said order shall be a sufficient voucher for the payment of so much money by the said overseer of the poor, and shall be allowed in the adjustment of his accounts; and it shall be the duty of the overseers of the poor in the several cities and towns within this state, to keep the accounts of money expended, as above directed, separate and distinct from other expenditures; and said accounts, adjusted and allowed as aforesaid, shall be considered, and hereby is declared to be a public and necessary county charge, and shall be levied, collected and paid, as other county charges are.

XXVI. *And be it further enacted*, That it shall and may be lawful for the overseers of the poor of any city or town, by and with the consent of the common council of said city, or of two justices of the peace of the county in which such town shall be, whenever any poor person, legally settled in such city or town, and maintained at the public charge, who were or shall become lunatic, or insane, to contract with the governors of the New York Hospital, in the city of New York, for the maintenance and care of such lunatic, on such terms as they may deem meet, and to transport such lunatic to the said hospital; and all such sums, so agreed on for the maintenance of such lunatic, shall be regularly paid to the governors of the said hospital by the overseers of the poor of such city or town, and their successors in office; and it shall be the duty of the

overseers of the poor of such city or town, to enter in the poor books, kept by them, the name of such lunatic, the weekly or other sum or sums agreed to be paid to the governors of the said hospital for his or her support, and the costs and charges of his or her removal to and from the said hospital: *Provided always*, That the settlement of such lunatic, so removed to the said hospital, shall remain the same as before his or her removal, and that it shall not be lawful for the overseers of the poor of any such city or town, to remove to the said hospital idiots or other poor persons who are not lunatic or insane.

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XXVII. *And be it further enacted*, That the overseers of the poor of the several towns within this state, are hereby authorized and directed to loan out, on lawful interest, the money that now hath or hereafter shall come into their hands, as overseers of the poor, over and above the sum which the overseers, supervisor and town clerk, for the time being, or a majority of them, shall deem necessary for the support of the poor of such town, during the time such overseers shall continue in office, to any person or persons who are inhabitants of the said town, as may apply for and offer good and sufficient security for the payment of the same, which security shall be approved of by the said supervisor and town clerk; and the obligations so taken for securing the payment of the said money loaned, shall be drawn payable to them or their successors in office, and at the time or on the day next succeeding the day on which their then office of overseers of the poor will expire; and on settling their accounts with the persons who are by law appointed to audit the same, the said obligations so taken, and then remaining unpaid, shall be audited and allowed as so much money in their hands, to be paid over to their successors in office, and by them delivered over to their said successors accordingly; and the said overseers of the poor who shall so receive the said obligations, and their successors in office shall have full power and authority by law to sue for and recover the monies so secured by said obligations, and all other obligations heretofore taken by the overseers of the poor, with the interest then due on the same, in any court having cognizance thereof, to the amount of the sum due thereon in their own names, and that without any assignment or order, or power of attorney thereon, any law, usage or custom to the contrary notwithstanding; or if the said then overseers of the poor, with the approbation of the supervisor or town clerk, shall think it safe and expedient, they may re-loan the said money, due on such obligations together with the interest, to the borrower, and take a new obligation for the amount, payable with the interest as is before directed.

XXVIII. *And be it further enacted*, That the overseers of the poor of each city or town within this state, shall procure, at the public charge, a book wherein the names of all poor per-

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sons, applying for relief and being ordered to be relieved as aforesaid, shall be registered, with the day and year when they were first admitted to have relief, the weekly or other sum or sums of money allowed by the order for their relief, and the cause of such necessity; and that no person shall be entered in the poor books, or receive relief from the overseers of the poor, or any of them, without such order; and in case any overseer of the poor shall enter in the poor books and relieve any poor person without such order, he shall forfeit and lose all such money and goods paid and distributed to such poor person, nor shall any allowance be made to him for the same in passing his account; and the said overseers of the poor are hereby directed and required to enter in the said poor books all monies received, laid out and disbursed by them for the use of the poor, and also all matters which shall be transacted by them relating to their said office; and the overseers of the poor for the cities of Albany and Hudson, shall yearly lay such books of account before the Common Council of the said cities respectively, at such times as the said respective Common Councils shall direct; and the overseers of the poor of every town shall yearly, on the last Tuesday next preceding the annual town-meeting in such town, lay their said books of account before the town clerk and supervisor of such town, and such justice or justices of the peace as may reside in such town, or the major part of them, for their examination, who shall examine and audit the same, and make report thereof to the freeholders and inhabitants of their respective towns, at their next annual town-meeting, that such further provision for the maintenance and support of the poor may be made as may be found necessary.

XXIX. *And be it further enacted*, That it shall be lawful for the overseers of the poor of the cities of Albany and Hudson, by and with the consent of the common council of the same cities respectively, and for the overseers of the poor of any town within this state, and any two or more justices of the peace of the county in which such town shall be, with the consent of the major part of the freeholders and inhabitants of such town, to be signified at such annual town-meeting, and at the proper charge of such city or town, to be ascertained, assessed and levied as aforesaid, to build, purchase or hire some fit and convenient dwelling house in such city or town, for the lodging and accommodation of the poor thereof, and also to purchase necessary materials for setting such poor persons to work and there to maintain and employ every such poor person, and to take the benefit of the labor and services of any such poor person for the better maintenance and relief of such poor persons who shall be there kept and maintained, and to appoint such keepers thereof, from time to time, as they shall think proper; and in case any poor person, claiming relief of any city or town within this state, where such house or houses shall be so built, purchased or hired,

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shall refuse to be lodged, kept to work and maintained therein, such poor person shall be put out of the book in which the names of the poor are by this act directed to be registered, and shall not be entitled to receive any relief from the overseers of the poor of any such city or town: *And further*, That where any town may be too small to build, purchase or hire such house or houses, it shall be lawful for the overseers of the poor and justices of the peace, with the consent of the major part of the freeholders and inhabitants of two or more towns within any county in this state, to be signified at their annual town-meetings, to unite in building, purchasing or hiring such house or houses, for the keeping and maintaining of the poor of such towns, and also to purchase necessary materials for setting such poor persons to work, and there to maintain and employ every such poor person, and to take the benefit of the labor and services of such poor persons for the better maintenance and relief of the poor therein, and to appoint such keepers thereof, from time to time, as they shall think proper; and in case any poor person, claiming relief of any of the towns so uniting, shall refuse to be lodged, kept to work and maintained as aforesaid, such poor person shall be put out of the book in which the names of the poor are, by this act, directed to be registered, and shall not be entitled to receive any relief from the overseers of the poor of any such town: *And further*, that it shall be lawful for the overseers of the poor and justices of any town within this state, with the consent of the major part of the freeholders and inhabitants of such town where such house or houses shall be built, purchased or hired for the purposes aforesaid, to be signified at such annual town-meeting, to contract with the overseers of the poor and justices of any other town for the lodging, maintaining and employing of any poor person belonging to such other town as to them shall seem meet; and in case any such poor person, belonging to any other town, shall refuse to be lodged, maintained and employed in any house so contracted for as aforesaid, such poor person shall be put out of the book in which the names of the poor are, by this act, directed to be registered as aforesaid, and shall not be entitled to ask or receive any relief from the overseers of the poor of any such town.

XXX. *And be it further enacted*, That the overseers of the poor of each city and town in this state, shall annually, within fifteen days after the termination of their respective offices, exhibit to the succeeding overseers of the poor of such city or town, a just and true account of all the monies by them respectively received and expended for the use of the poor, and in what manner, together with an account of the earnings of the poor persons by them employed; which accounts the said overseers of the poor, together with the supervisor of such city or town, and justices of the peace residing in such city or town, or the major part of them, shall, as soon as con-

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veniently may be, examine and audit; and the said overseers of the poor, so going out of office, shall respectively on auditing such account, pay all the balance which shall appear to be in their hands, to their successors in office; and the overseers of the poor, so going out of office, shall, at the time of exhibiting their accounts, deliver to their successors in office, all books of accounts, registers and other papers relating to the poor, as aforesaid; and if any overseer of the poor shall refuse or neglect to exhibit such account, and to pay to his successors in office such monies as shall remain in his hands as aforesaid, or to deliver up all such books of accounts, registers and other papers as aforesaid, he shall forfeit and pay the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars over and above the said balance remaining in his hands, to be recovered, with costs of suit, in any court of record within this state, by the overseers of the poor of such city or town, and when recovered to be applied to the use of the poor of such city or town; and if upon auditing such account, there shall appear to be a balance due to such overseers of the poor so going out of office or to either of them the same shall be paid to him or them by their successors in office out of the first moneys which shall come into their hands as overseers of the poor of such city or town.

XXXI. *And be it further enacted*, That it shall be lawful for the overseers of the poor of each city and town to recover against their predecessors in office, and each of them, their executors or administrators, all such sums of money as shall appear upon such audit as aforesaid, to be due from them respectively, to such city or town, in an action for money had and received to the use of such city or town, with costs of suit, in any court having cognizance thereof, or to have actions of account against any former overseer of the poor of such city or town, his executors or administrators, and no such action shall be abated or discontinued by the death or expiration of the office of any such plaintiffs, but shall be continued and prosecuted to effect by the survivor or survivors of them and their successors in office, and such suit shall always be brought by and prosecuted in the name of the overseers of the poor of such city or town for the time being.

XXXII. *And be it further enacted*, That in all cases where any of the present poor in any county of this state, are maintained by the whole county or by more than one town, such poor persons shall continue to be so maintained.

XXXIII. *And be it further enacted*, That it shall be lawful to remove any slave who shall have left his master, or shall have wandered from town to town to the place of settlement of his master, in the manner directed by the seventh section of this act, if such place of settlement can be found in this state, and if none such can be found, then to the place from whence such slave shall have last come, in the manner directed by the said section.

Act relative to the court of probates. Balances of certain intestates estates in New York City to be used toward support of city poor and accounted for thereafter by the city to the persons entitled thereto. (R. L.); (V. & W.)

(1813)
Chapter 79

See chap. 129, L. 1813; chaps. 87 and 157, L. 1815; chap. 119, L. 1816; chap. 166, L. 1819; chap. 76, L. 1820; chap. 323, L. 1825; chap. 134, L. 1828; repealed by chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting; and chap. 537, L. 1881.

Incorporating "The Female Association of the City of New York" and amending charter of Geneva Friendly Society.

Chapter 87

See chap. 29, L. 1810, and chap. 168, L. 1819.

Incorporating "The Canandaigua Mechanics Society."

Chapter 97

Amending charter of Society of mechanics of the city and vicinity of Albany.

Chapter 104

See chap. 15, L. 1801.

Oswego village. Fine for injuring or obstructing harbor to go to use of poor of town of Hannibal.

Chapter 105

See chap. 103, L. 1797.

Commissioners of highways of town of Scriba to maintain suits for preservation of harbor of East Oswego; recovery therein to enure for benefit of poor of town of Scriba.

Chapter 105

Town of New Haven erected from Mexico, Oneida county, and poor divided.

Chapter 107

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 122, L. 1813; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Town of Eastern erected from Oxford, Chenango county, and poor divided.

Chapter 111

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 123, L. 1813; chap. 20, L. 1814; chap. 10, L. 1817; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting

Town of Wilna erected from Le Ray and Leyden, Jefferson county, and poor divided.

Chapter 117

See chaps. 63 and 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Towns of Bergen and Sweden erected from Murray, Genesee county, and poor divided.

Chapter 120

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

- (1813)
Chapter 161 Town of Portland erected from Chautauqua, Chautauqua county, and poor divided.
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Chapter 201 Appropriation of \$180 to overseers of poor of town of Harpersfield paid by that town to town of Aurelius pursuant to order of court.
- Chapter 203 Penalty of \$100 for keeping gunpowder in public arsenal in town of Colonie, Albany county. Moiety for use of town poor.
See chap. 49, L. 1801; chaps. 32 and 68, L. 1804; chap. 162, L. 1809; chap. 150, L. 1811; chaps. 40, 43, 55, 164, 166 and 239, L. 1812; chaps. 3, 35, 50, 69, 81 and 88, L. 1813; chaps. 110, 127 and 200, L. 1814; chap. 173, L. 1816; chap. 262, L. 1823; chap. 326, L. 1825; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- 37th session
1814
Chapter 9 Incorporating "The Humane Society of the City of New York."
See chap. 214, L. 1836; chap. 256, L. 1840.
- Chapter 13 Amending act for relief and settlement of poor.
- Chapter 25 Town of Hebe erected from Warsaw, Genesee county, and poor divided.
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813; chap. 179, L. 1816; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting; chap. 40, L. 1892.
- Chapter 41 Town of Perry erected from Leicester, Genesee county, and poor divided.
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Chapter 47 Town of Parishville erected from Hopkinton, St. Lawrence county, and poor divided.
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Chapter 57 Incorporating "The Ursuline Convent of the City of New York."
- Chapter 69 Amending charter of Marine Hospital, called Sailors' Snug Harbor.
See chap. 4, L. 1806, and chap. 276, L. 1828.
- Chapter 75 Towns of Brighton and Pittsford erected, Ontario county, and poor divided.
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, L. 1813; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Fifty thousand dollars to be raised by lottery, appropriated to augment the charity fund of Union College for the relief of indigent students therein.

(1814)
Chapter 120

See chap. 45, L. 1791; chap. 26, L. 1809; chap. 50, L. 1810; chaps. 64 and 131, L. 1812; chap. 10, L. 1813; chaps. 91 and 200, L. 1814; chaps. 109 and 141, L. 1817; chap. 9, L. 1819, and chap. 163, L. 1822.

Poor funds of towns of Olean, Ischua and Perry, Allegany county, divided.

Chapter 123

See chaps. 63 and 64, L. 1788; chap. 40, L. 1808; chap. 173, L. 1812; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Act for inspection of distilled spirits. Moiety of penalties to be paid to overseers of the poor.

Chapter 131

See chap. 54, L. 1820; ¶ 171, § 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting; § 8, art. 5, Const. 1846; chap. 537, L. 1881.

Moiety of penalty for illegal fishing in Leland's ponds, in towns of Eaton and Madison, Madison county, to go to use of poor.

Chapter 146

See chap. 62, L. 1813; chap. 194, L. 1849.

New York city to levy tax to support poor.

Chapter 165

See chap. 86, L. 1813.

Jamaica village, Queens county. Excise license fees to go to overseers of poor of town of Jamaica.

Chapter 168

See chap. 81, L. 1797; chap. 164, L. 1801; chap. 164, L. 1885; chap. 369, L. 1890; chap. 344, L. 1892; chap. 157, L. 1894.

Act relative to almshouse and bridewell and city prison in New York city. Common Council to appoint superintendent of almshouse.

Chapter 176

See chap. 31, L. 1788; chap. 13, L. 1821; chap. 13, L. 1822; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Common School Law. Poor persons to be exonerated from payment of teachers' wages.

Chapter 192

See chap. 242, L. 1812; chaps. 2 and 52, L. 1813; chap. 252, L. 1815; chap. 161, L. 1819.

Albany county's quota of school money to be paid to trustees of Lancaster School, Albany, for education of poor children.

Chapter 192

School moneys apportioned to village of Athens and the city of Hudson to be applied to educate poor children.

Chapter 194

See chap. 73, L. 1813; chap. 272, L. 1817; chap. 197, L. 1822.

(1814)
Chapter 200

Oath of overseers of poor prescribed.

See chap. 21, L. 1788; chap. 62, L. 1805; chap. 112, L. 1806; chap. 38, L. 1807; chaps. 139, 230 and 231, L. 1812; chaps. 35, 65, 100 and 203, L. 1813; chap. 120, L. 1814; chaps. 27, 217 and 263, L. 1815; chaps. 192 and 222, L. 1818; chap. 94, L. 1823; chap. 231, L. 1825; chap. 289, L. 1852, and chap. 537, L. 1881.

Chapter 200

Penalty of \$25 for illegal theatrical exhibitions and idle shows in first and second wards of Schenectady, wherein is located Union College, to go to city poor fund.

Chapter 213

Poor funds of towns of Bath, Dansville, Canisteo, Howard and Cohocton, Steuben county, to be divided.

See chap. 186, L. 1812.

38th session
1815
Chapter 43

Town of Athens erected from Catskill, Greene county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 66, L. 1816; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 46

Town of Italy erected from Naples, Ontario county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 54

'Incorporating "Butchers' Benevolent Society of the City of New York."

See chap. 143, L. 1831, and chap. 332, L. 1846.

Chapter 63

Board of magistrates in city of Schenectady to look after relief and support of poor.

See chap. 51, L. 1813.

Chapter 69

Incorporating "An Association for Relief of Respectable, Aged, Indigent Females in the City of New York."

See chap. 308, L. 1830; chap. 257, L. 1849; chap. 382, L. 1860; chap. 328, L. 1868; chap. 449, L. 1873; chap. 116, L. 1878, and chap. 224, L. 1885.

Chapter 72

Town of Westerlo erected from Rensselaerville and Coeymans, Albany county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 78

Penalty for crossing Alleyn Turner's toll bridge across Schoharie creek faster than a walk to go to poor fund of towns of Blenheim and Broome.

See chap. 61, L. 1812, and chap. 142, L. 1814.

- Town of Westport erected from Elizabethtown,
Essex county; poor divided. (1815)
Chapter 103
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Town of Friendship erected from Caneadea, Allegany
county; poor divided. Chapter 105
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- City of Hudson. One overseer of poor to be
elected. Chapter 114
See chap. 73, L. 1813; chap. 119, L. 1820, and chap. 139, L.
1827.
- Town of Georgetown erected from De Ruyter, Madi-
son county; poor divided. Chapter 134
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Penalty for illegal erections within certain fire limits
in New York City to go to poor fund. Chapter 155
See chap. 59, L. 1817; chap. 6, L. 1819; chap. 203, L. 1822;
chap. 122, L. 1823; chap. 34, L. 1824; chap. 343, L. 1829; chap.
291, L. 1830; chap. 307, L. 1833; chap. 156, L. 1834; chap. 84,
L. 1849; chap. 625, L. 1871, and chap. 537, L. 1881.
- Act relative to bastard children in New York City. Chapter 158
See chap. 86, L. 1813, R. L.; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting,
and chap. 537, L. 1881.
- New York city to levy tax to support poor. Chapter 159
See chap. 86, L. 1813.
- Penalty for granting illegal excise licenses to go to
poor fund. Chapter 167
See chap. 24, L. 1813, R. L.; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Town of Scott erected from Preble, Cortland county,
and poor divided. Chapter 173
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Extending time for overseers of poor and others to
file official oath. Chapter 215
See chap. 35, L. 1813; chap. 200, L. 1814.
- Moiety of penalty for illegal fishing in Sacandaga
creek (Fulton county) to go to overseers of poor. Chapter 216
See chap. 111, L. 1808; chap. 230, L. 1822; chap. 140, L. 1832;
chap. 389, L. 1837; chap. 194, L. 1849; chap. 231, L. 1867.
- Act concerning custody of children on the separation
of their parents. Chapter 221
See chap. 102, L. 1813; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

(1815)
Chapter 231

Amending act for repacking and inspecting beef and pork.

See chap. 28, L. 1813.

Chapter 241

Incorporating "The Ancient Britons' Benefit Society, of the village of Utica."

See chap. 66, L. 1829.

Chapter 245

Appropriation to overseers of poor of town of Yonkers, Westchester county, for support of two pauper slaves.

See chap. 106, L. 1803; chap. 88, L. 1813.

Chapter 252

Common School Law amended. Commissioners of common schools in each town to account to board appointed by law to audit accounts of overseers of poor.

See chap. 192, L. 1814; chap. 161, L. 1819.

39th session
1816
Chapter 2

Amending charter of Corporation for Relief of Widows and Children of Clergymen of Protestant Episcopal Church in New York State.

See chap. 49, L. 1798.

Chapter 4

Town of Orangeville erected from Attica, Genesee county; poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 164, L. 1823; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 5

Amending charter of St. Andrew's Society of Schenectady.

See chap. 67, L. 1807.

Chapter 7

Town of Gaines erected from Ridgeway, Genesee county; poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 10

Town of Harmony erected from Chautauque, Chatauque county; poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 29

Town of Ripley erected from Portland, Chautauque county; poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 38

Town of Rushford erected from Caneadea, Allegany county; poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Former slaves of persons attainted of treason to be supported by overseers of poor. Application to overseers of poor of town of Yonkers for support of former slaves of Frederic Philipse.

(1816)
Chapter 45

See chap. 78, L. 1813.

Amending act concerning apprentices and servants.

Chapter 75

See chap. 11, L. 1801; chap. 78, L. 1813; chap. 21, L. 1813, 2d meeting.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO AMEND THE ACT, ENTITLED "AN ACT CONCERNING APPRENTICES AND SERVANTS."

CHAPTER 75, LAWS OF 1816.

Be it enacted by the people of the state of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, That it shall and may be lawful for the grandfather or grandmother of any poor child or children, who has been or hereafter shall be ordered and directed to relieve and maintain every such poor child or children, by virtue of the act, entitled "An act for the relief and settlement of the poor," passed April 8, 1813, by and with the consent of the overseers of the poor of the town where such grandfather or grandmother resides, to bind out such child or children, to be apprentices or servants, according to their degree and ability, when they shall see convenient, until such child or children, if male, shall respectively arrive or come to the age of twenty-one years, and if female to the age of eighteen years, notwithstanding that the father or mother of such child or children should be alive, and that the indentures or articles of agreement for binding every such child, shall be as effectual, to all intents and purposes, as if such child was of full age, and by indenture of covenant bound him or herself; and the counterpart of such indenture or articles, for the benefit of the person so bound, shall be deposited with the clerk of the city or town in which such binding shall take place, for safe keeping; and that the said indentures shall contain the like provisions as are required by the act hereby amended.

New York city to levy tax to support poor.

Chapter 80

See chaps. 52 and 86, L. 1813.

Incorporating "Albany School for Educating People of Color."

Chapter 87

Incorporating village of Brooklyn, Kings county. Excise license fees to be paid to overseers of poor.

Chapter 95

See chap. 164, L. 1801; chaps. 193 and 201, L. 1824; chap. 109, L. 1826; chap. 155, L. 1827.

(1816)
Chapter 120

Poor to be divided on alteration of towns of Mayfield, Northampton and Wells and Johnstown, Stratford, Salesbury and Lake Pleasant, Hamilton county.

See chaps. 63 and 64, L. 1788; chap. 163, L. 1801; chaps. 89 and 101, L. 1813; chap. 144, L. 1818; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting; chap. 238, L. 1837.

Chapter 131

Troy city charter. Common Council to appoint overseers of poor and erect and maintain an almshouse. Excise moneys to go to support of poor. Poor children to be exempt from school tuition fees.

Part repealed by chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO INCORPORATE THE CITY OF TROY.

CHAPTER 131, LAWS OF 1816.

I. Be it enacted by the people of the state of New York represented in Senate and Assembly, * * * * *

XVIII. *And be it further enacted,* That it shall be lawful for either of the magistrates belonging to the said board of magistrates, for the relief and support of the poor, to cause all disorderly persons or paupers, who have no legal settlement in said city, and all suspicious persons, and all who he may think likely to become chargeable to the said city, and who he may suspect have no legal settlement therein, to be by warrant under his hand and seal brought before him, and by like warrant cause all such persons, who have no legal settlement in said city, to be removed to the place of their last legal settlement, if the same can be by him ascertained, and is in this state; and if the same cannot be by him discovered, or is not in this state, he may then cause them to be removed out of said city to the town or place from whence they last came into said city: And it shall be the duty of every owner of any house or tenement in said city, within six days after any person shall come to reside in any such house or tenement, to give notice thereof to one of the said board of magistrates, in writing, with the name or names of such persons, from whence they came, the number of his or her family, occupation or business, as far forth as may be within his power to ascertain; and every such owner of any such house or tenement, who shall neglect to give such notice as aforesaid, within the time aforesaid, shall forfeit and pay for such neglect the sum of twenty-five dollars, to be recovered in the same manner in which penalties under this act are directed to be recovered; and such owner shall further also be liable to pay to said mayor, recorder, aldermen and commonalty, all

such monies and expenses as they shall or may be subjected to, for the maintenance and support of such person and persons, his, her or their family, to be recovered in an action of debt, in any court having cognizance thereof, in the name of the chamberlain of the said city.

(1816)

* * * * *

Town of Fowler erected from Rossie and Russell, St. Lawrence county, and poor divided.

Chapter 156

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Special justices of the peace in New York city to send all idle children found begging and children of disorderly persons to the almshouse.

Chapter 159

See chap. 86, L. 1813; chap. 11, L. 1839; chap. 537, L. 1881.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT GRANTING ADDITIONAL POWERS TO THE
SPECIAL JUSTICES FOR PRESERVING THE PEACE
IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, IN CERTAIN CASES.

CHAPTER 159, LAWS OF 1816.

I. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly*, That whenever any such recognizance is mentioned in the twenty-sixth section of the act, entitled "an act to reduce several laws relating particularly to the city of New-York into one act", shall be forfeited, the said recognizance shall not be estreated or delivered to the common council of the said city, but the said justices shall cause such recognizances to be sued in any proper court, and the monies recovered thereon shall be deposited in the city treasury, and form a part of the fund before mentioned, and be appropriated in like manner.

II. *And be it further enacted*, That it shall be the duty of the said justices to cause to be apprehended and sent to the alms house in the said city, all idle children who shall be found in the said city, going about to beg, and whose parents are prostitutes, or disorderly persons, or keepers of notorious gambling houses, or houses for the purposes of prostitution; and the commissioners of the alms-house and bridewell of the city of New-York, are hereby authorised to bind out such children without the consent of their parents, in like manner as if such children were chargeable to the said city.

Town of McDonough erected from Preston, Chenango county, and poor divided.

Chapter 182

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Appropriation of \$10,000 annually to enable Society of New York Hospital to erect new building for insane

Chapter 203

- (1816) patients, to be charged on sales duties, subject to payments previously authorized for the support of charitable institutions in New York city.
See chap. 54, L. 1806; chap. 257, L. 1822; chap. 289, L. 1840; chap. 27, L. 1850.
- Chapter 206 Town of Springwater erected from Sparta and Naples, Ontario county, and poor divided.
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Chapter 208 Towns of Waterford and Orange erected from Half Moon, Saratoga county, and poor divided.
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 25, L. 1820, and chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Chapter 222 Town of Winfield erected from Litchfield, Richfield and Plainfield, Herkimer and Otsego counties, and poor divided.
See chaps. 63 and 64, L. 1788; chap. 5, L. 1817; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- 40th session
1817
Chapter 19 Town of Ogden erected from Parma, Genesee county, and poor divided.
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 95, L. 1817; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Chapter 24 Town of Covington erected from Le Roy and Perry, Genesee county, and poor divided.
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 202, L. 1823; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Chapter 34 Act for relief of St. Regis, Oneida, Onondaga and Seneca Indians. Appropriation for annuity.
- Chapter 51 Town of Orwell erected from Richland, Oswego county, and poor divided.
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Chapter 62 Town of Fort Covington erected from Constable, Franklin county, and poor divided.
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Chapter 66 Town of Mimeoa erected from Schroon, Essex county, and poor divided.
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chaps. 21 and 76, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Chapter 126 Town of Otselic erected from German, Chenango county, and poor divided.
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

- Incorporating "The Hamilton Baptist Missionary Society." (1817) Chapter 128
- See chap. 138, L. 1821; chap. 170, L. 1825; chap. 131, L. 1831.
- Town of Lyme erected from Brownsville, Jefferson county, and poor divided. Chapter 130
- See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 25, L. 1818; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- New York Society of St. John authorized to sell their real estate. Chapter 133
- Act relative to slaves and servants. Former act passed April 9, 1813, repealed. Chapter 137
- Repealed by chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting. See also chap. 70, L. 1801; chap. 193, L. 1810; chaps. 15 and 88, L. 1813; chap. 141, L. 1819.
- Town of Davenport erected from Kortright and Maryland, Otsego county, and poor divided. Chapter 140
- See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Act respecting Free School Society of New York. Chapter 145
- See chap. 164, L. 1801; chap. 108, L. 1805.
- Moiety of penalty for illegal fishing in Skaneateles lake to go to support of poor. Chapter 170
- See ¶ 13, § 4, chap. 194, L. 1849.
- Town of Royalton erected from Hartland, Niagara county, and poor divided. Chapter 174
- See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Town of Boston erected from Eden, Niagara county, and poor divided. Chapter 175
- See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Amending act for relief and settlement of the poor. Chapter 177
- Amended by chap. 117, L. 1821. See chap. 233, L. 1823; chap. 245, L. 1827; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO AMEND THE ACT FOR THE RELIEF AND SETTLEMENT OF THE POOR.

CHAPTER 177, LAWS OF 1817.

I. Be it enacted by the People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, That the monies authorised to be raised for the support of the poor, by the twenty-third section of the act hereby amended, be raised as well at a special as the annual town meeting.

(1817)

II. *And be it further enacted*, That from and after the passing of this act, no person removing from or out of any other State, or from Upper or Lower Canada, to reside or inhabit in any city or town within this state, shall be deemed or adjudged to have gained a settlement in such city or town, unless such person shall have purchased a real estate in such city or town, of the value of two hundred and fifty dollars, and actually shall have paid for the same, or shall actually and bona fide have rented and occupied a tenement, of the yearly value of one hundred dollars or upwards for four years, and actually have paid such rent, or shall have executed some public office in such city or town during three whole years, or shall have been bound an apprentice or servant by indenture, or by deed, contract or writing not indented, and shall, in consequence of such binding, have served a term not less than seven years, any thing in the act hereby amended to the contrary notwithstanding.

III. *And be it further enacted*, That if any such person, as hereinbefore mentioned, shall come from any other state, or from Upper or Lower Canada, to reside in any city or town within this state, and if any two justices of such city or town, upon examination according to the provisions of the seventh section of the act hereby amended, shall find that such person is likely to become chargeable to such city or town, and hath not gained a legal settlement in any city or town in this state, it shall and may be lawful for such justices, at their discretion, to order that such person be removed directly to the place where such person was last legally settled without this state.

IV. *And be it further enacted*, That if any person or persons shall bring or remove, or cause to be brought or removed, any poor or indigent person into any city or town within this state, and there leave such poor or indigent person, not having a legal settlement therein, and without legal authority so to do, such person or persons shall forfeit the sum of twenty-five dollars, to be sued for and recovered in an action of debt, by and in the name of the overseers of the poor of the city or town where such indigent or poor person was left, with costs of suit, for the use of the poor thereof.

V. *And be it further enacted*, That the supervisors of the several counties of this state, shall audit all accounts for the support of such poor as are by law chargeable upon and to be provided for by the county, and it shall be the duty of the supervisors to allow such advances as to them shall appear just and necessary, and no more, notwithstanding the poor masters of the respective towns may have paid or disbursed any greater amount.

Moiety of penalty for illegal fishing in Great pond, Dutchess county, to go to poor fund of town of Beekman.

- New York city to levy tax to support poor. (1817)
Chapter 182
See chaps. 52 and 86, L. 1813.
- Town of Danube erected from Minden, Herkimer county, and poor divided. Chapter 184
See chaps. 63 and 64 L. 1788; chap. 126, L. 1818; chaps. 21 and 123, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Poor to be divided among towns of Ovid and Covert, Genoa and Lansing, and Locke and Division, Tompkins county. Chapter 189
See chaps. 63 and 64, L. 1788; chap. 26, L. 1799; chap. 31, L. 1804; chap. 220, L. 1812; chap. 252, L. 1817; chap. 39, L. 1818; chap. 190, L. 1819; chap. 75, L. 1822; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Village of Utica incorporated. Trustees to appoint overseers of the poor and expend school moneys for education of poor children. Chapter 192
See chap. 136, L. 1831; § 69, chap. 19, L. 1832.
- Pilot's Charitable Society incorporated. Chapter 201
See chap. 139, L. 1844.
- Incorporating "The New York Female Assistance Society," for the relief of poor women and children. Chapter 207
Troy city charter amended. Repeal of provision thereof authorizing board of magistrates to remove paupers out of city. Chapter 210
See chap. 131, L. 1816.
- Moiety of penalty for non-residents of state fishing in state waters to go to overseer of poor. Chapter 211
See chap. 146, L. 1815; repealed by ¶ 236, § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Amending act for inspection of fish passed March 26, 1813. Chapter 222
See chap. 38, R. L. 1813; ¶ 150, § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- New York City. Certain pilotage to be paid to Pilot's Charitable Society. Chapter 238
See chaps. 86 and 183, L. 1813; repealed by chap. 18, L. 1819, and chap. 537, L. 1881.
- Incorporating "The New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb." Chapter 264
See chaps. 206 and 238, L. 1819; chap. 234, L. 1822; chap. 109, L. 1833; chap. 228, L. 1836; chap. 244, L. 1838; chap. 174, L.

- (1817) 1840; chap. 14, L. 1845; chap. 428, L. 1849; chap. 97, L. 1852; chap. 115, L. 1853; chap. 272, L. 1854; chap. 360, L. 1862; chap. 325, L. 1863; chap. 190, L. 1869; chap. 253, L. 1874; chap. 343, L. 1877; chap. 12, L. 1888; chap. 93, L. 1894.
- Chapter 271 Incorporating "The Hudson Lancaster Society."
See chap. 164, L. 1801; chap. 194, L. 1814; chap. 113, L. 1819; chap. 256, L. 1822; chap. 270, L. 1835; chap. 63, L. 1839; chap. 350, L. 1841.
- Chapter 286 Incorporating "Roman Catholic Benevolent Society in the City of New York."
See chap. 127, L. 1820; chap. 206, L. 1836.
- 41st session
1818
Chapter 15 Town of Lewiston erected from Cambria, Niagara county, and poor divided.
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Chapter 17 Incorporating "The New York Typographical Society."
See chap. 196, L. 1832.
- Chapter 24 Town of Pike erected from Nunda, Allegany county, and poor divided.
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Chapter 25 Town of Lyme erected from Brownsville, Jefferson county, and poor divided.
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 130, L. 1817; chap. 280, L. 1818; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Chapter 28 Town of Milan erected from Northeast, Dutchess county, and poor divided.
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 163, L. 1801; chap. 101, L. 1813; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Chapter 30 Towns of China and Bennington erected from Sheldon, Genesee county, and poor divided.
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Chapter 31 Town of Barre erected from Gaines, Genesee county, and poor divided.
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Chapter 32 Town of Shelby erected from Ridgeway, Genesee county, and poor divided.
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Chapter 33 Town of Milo erected from Benton, Ontario county, and poor divided.
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

- Town of Rush erected from Avon, Ontario county, and poor divided. (1818)
Chapter 44
- See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Moiety of penalty for illegal fishing in towns of Kinderhook and Chatham, Columbia county, to go to use of poor. Chapter 49
- See chap. 207, L. 1820.
- Town of Henrietta erected from Pittsford, Ontario county, and poor divided. Chapter 63
- See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Town of Austerlitz erected from Hillsdale, Canaan and Chatham, Columbia county, and poor divided. Chapter 64
- See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 163, L. 1801; chap. 101, L. 1813; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Incorporating "Grand Chapter of the State of New York," of Free Masons, for charitable purposes. Chapter 73
- See chap. 186, L. 1825.
- Moiety of penalty for illegal fishing in Salmon river and Lake Ontario, in towns of Richland and Orwell, and in Oneida lake and Oneida, Fish and Wood creeks, to go to poor. Chapter 89
- See chap. 38, L. 1813; chap. 165, L. 1819; chap. 59, L. 1823; ¶ 150, § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting; chap. 194, L. 1849.
- Town of Ghent erected from Claverack, Kinderhook and Chatham, Columbia county, and poor divided. Chapter 91
- See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Town of Wilson erected from Porter, Niagara county, and poor divided. Chapter 101
- See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Town of Amherst erected from Buffalo, Niagara county, and poor divided. Chapter 109
- See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Moiety of penalty for illegal fishing in Shaw's pond in town of Carmel, Putnam county, to go to use of poor. Chapter 123
- Town of Little Valley erected from Perry, Cattaraugus county, and poor divided. Chapter 124
- See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

(1818)
Chapter 127

Incorporating Young Men's Missionary Society of New York.

Chapter 128

Directing school commissioners of town of Flushing, Queens county, to pay certain school moneys to a certain free school in said town for instruction of indigent children.

See chap. 142, L. 1814. Repealed by chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 131

Board of supervisors, Oneida county, to levy tax on town and village of Utica for support of the poor therein.

See chap. 131, L. 1816.

Chapter 135

Town of Fort Edward erected from Argyle, Washington county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 141

Fine for obstructing Buffalo creek, in town of Wil-
link, Niagara county, to go to poor fund.

See 1st Ed. R. S. P. 260.

Chapter 143

Town of Great Valley erected from Olean, Cattaraugus county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 146

Towns of Holland, Wales and Aurora erected from Willink, Niagara county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 147

Town of Pierrepont erected from Russell, St. Lawrence county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 149

Incorporating "The New York Benevolent Society."

Chapter 153

Reviving charter of "The Society of Teachers in the City of New York for benevolent and literary purposes."

See chap. 155, L. 1811.

Chapter 156

Directing payment of entire annual annuity of \$2000 to the Onondaga Indians under treaty of 1795 to be paid thereafter at Onondaga instead of at Canandaigua.

Chapter 160

Town board of Malta, Saratoga county, to audit accounts of overseers of poor on Tuesday before first Tuesday of April hereafter.

See chap. 35, L. 1813.

Town of Hope erected from Wells, Hamilton county,
and poor divided. (1818)
Chapter 161

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Act for better improvement of certain streets in city
of Albany. Penalty for depositing putrid substances
on streets, to go to overseers of poor. Chapter 165

See chap. 72, R. L. 1813; chap. 185, L. 1826.

Moiety of penalty for illegal fishing in Buttermilk
pond, in town of Northeast, Dutchess county, prior to
1820 to go to support of town poor. Chapter 177

Town of Mt. Morris erected from Leicester, Genesee
county, and poor divided. Chapter 187

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Incorporating "The Richmond County Society for
the Promotion of Virtue and Religion." Chapter 199

Incorporating the "Fire Department of the City of
Albany," for the relief of disabled and indigent fire-
men. Chapter 202

See chap. 72, L. 1813; chap. 57, L. 1839; chap. 20, L. 1844.

New York city to levy tax to support poor. Chapter 205

See chaps. 52 and 86, R. L. 1813.

Towns of Oswego and Granby erected from Hannibal,
Oswego county, and poor divided. Chapter 207

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Town of Wilton erected from Northumberland, Sara-
toga county; poor divided. Chapter 209

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Town of Corinth erected from Hadley, Saratoga
county; poor divided. Chapter 219

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

New York city authorized to condemn lands to ex-
tend city almshouse. Chapter 244

See chap. 53, L. 1816.

Towns of Willett, Freetown and Harrison erected
from Cincinnatus, Cortland county, and poor
divided. Chapter 248

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

(1818)
Chapter 252

Moiety of penalty for killing heath-hens, partridge, quail or woodcock out of season in Suffolk, Kings and Queens counties, to go to use of poor.

See chap. 9, L. 1791; chap. 200, L. 1822; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 285

Moiety of penalty for obstructing navigation in Crooked lake outlet to go to use of poor.

See chap. 82, L. 1809.

Chapter 286

Town of New Lebanon erected from Canaan, Columbia county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 163, L. 1801; chap. 101, L. 1813; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

42d session
1819
Chapter 3
Chapter 4

Appropriation for annuity for Stockbridge Indians.

Town of Centreville erected from Pike, Allegany county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 18

Moiety of penalties and fines for violation of laws relating to harbor masters of port of New York and moiety of pilotage fees to go to trustees of Pilot's Charitable Society. Certain fines also to go to City Hospital.

See chap. 86, R. L. 1813; chap. 205, L. 1815; chaps. 198 and 238, L. 1817; chap. 266, L. 1818; chap. 196, L. 1822; chap. 207, L. 1830; chap. 89, L. 1844; chap. 40, L. 1845; chap. 405, L. 1857; chap. 537, L. 1881; §§ 14-18, 29, 30 and 32, chap. 410, L. 1882.

Chapter 80

Town of York erected from Caledonia and Leicester, Genesee county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 65

Appropriating \$5,000 toward the relief of the Free School Society of the city of New York.

Chapter 78

Part of Schaghticoke annexed to Lansingburgh, Rensselaer county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 49, L. 1807; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 81

Moiety of penalty for illegal fishing in Owasco lake to go to use of poor.

Repealed by chap. 17, L. 1828.

Chapter 93

Town of Clarkson erected from Murray, Genesee county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

- Appropriation for annuity to Stockbridge Indians. (1819)
Chapter 100
- New York city to levy tax for support of poor.
Chapter 103
- See chaps. 52 and 86, L. 1813.
- Town of Concord erected from Hadley and Edin- Chapter 112
burgh, Saratoga county, and poor divided.
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 180, L. 1820; chap. 21, L. 1828,
2d meeting.
- Saratoga Springs erected from Saratoga, Saratoga Chapter 128
county, and poor divided.
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 180, L. 1820; chap. 21, L. 1828,
2d meeting.
- Commissioners of highways in Suffolk, Queens and Chapter 133
Kings counties to pay over balance of highway funds
to supervisors and justices for use of town poor and
contingent town expenses.
See chap. 43, R. L. 1813; § 107, chap. 56, L. 1830.
- Moiety of penalties for illegal fishing in White pond, Chapter 140
Putnam county, and Upton's pond, Dutchess county,
to go to use of poor.
- Amending act relative to slaves and servants. Chapter 141
See chap. 137, L. 1817; ¶ 280, § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meet-
ing.
- Moiety of penalty for illegal fishing in town of Liv- Chapter 146
ingston to go to overseers of poor.
- Moiety of penalty for illegal fishing in Otsego lake Chapter 148
to go to overseers of poor.
See § 2, chap. 208, L. 1819; ¶ 13, § 4, chap. 194, L. 1849.
- Town of Pamela erected from Brownsville, Jefferson Chapter 157
county, and poor divided.
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 144, L. 1824; chap. 109, L. 1825;
chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Moiety of penalty for illegal fishing in Oneida lake Chapter 165
and tributaries or in Oswego river and Chittenango
creek to go to use of poor.
See § 2, chap. 89, L. 1818; ¶ 13, § 4, chap. 194, L. 1849.
- Incorporating "The United Benevolent Society of Chapter 182
Tailors of the City of New York."
- Incorporating "The Trustees of the Funds of the Chapter 189
Genesee Conference."
See chap. 71, L. 1829, and chap. 38, L. 1869.

(1819)
Chapter 191

Dividing towns of Livonia and Groveland, Ontario county, and poor thereof.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 114, L. 1824; chap. 168, L. 1825; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 192

Penalty of act to suppress common showmen, mountebanks and jugglers, to go to use of poor. Overseers of poor to enforce act.

See § 5, chap. 139, L. 1827; ¶ 284, § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 196

Town of Summit erected from Cobleskill and Jefferson, Schoharie county, and poor divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 206

Mayors of New York city, Albany, Schenectady, Hudson and Troy, and town supervisors, to license lottery ticket vendors. License fees to support Institution for Education of Deaf and Dumb and free school, New York city, and for use of poor of other cities and towns. Moiety of fines to go to like purposes.

See § 42, chap. 10, R. L. 1813; § 38, chap. 264, L. 1817; chaps. 28 and 198, L. 1820; chaps. 71 and 163, L. 1822; § 11, chap. 300, L. 1827; ¶ 285, § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting; chap. 537, L. 1881.

Chapter 211

Incorporating "The French Benevolent Society."

See chap. 31, L. 1868.

Chapter 229

Dividing town of Middletown, Delaware county, and poor thereof.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 238

Appropriation \$10,000 to Institution for Instruction of Deaf and Dumb in the City of New York.

See chap. 264, L. 1817.

43d session
1820
Chapter 16

Incorporating the "Cartmen's Benevolent Society of the City of New York."

Chapter 37

Act to require overseers of the poor to sue for penalties incurred under certain penal statutes.

See chaps. 46 and 164, L. 1801; chap. 44, L. 1802; chap. 11, R. L. 1813; chaps. 70 and 203, L. 1821; chap. 181, L. 1823; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting, ¶ 294.

Chapter 39

Division of poor between towns of Bath and Prattsburgh, Delhi, Stamford, Middletown, Andes and Bo-

vina, and Plattsburgh and Beekmantown, Delaware county. (1820)

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 163, L. 1801; chap. 101, L. 1813; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Collection of interest on loans by State made under act for relief of sufferers on the Niagara frontier, passed April 17, 1815, suspended till February 1, 1821. Chapter 45

See chap. 226, L. 1815.

An act relative to the poor. House of Industry authorized in Rensselaer county. Act extended to other counties upon concurrence of boards of supervisors thereof. Chapter 51

See chap. 31, L. 1788; chap. 78, L. 1813; chap. 21, L. 1828; chap. 240, L. 1848.

New York city to levy tax to support poor. Chapter 82

See chap. 86, L. 1813; chap. 115, L. 1816; chap. 157, L. 1829.

Moiety of penalties for illegal fishing in Chenango river to go to poor fund. Chapter 85

See chap. 194, L. 1849.

Division of poor in towns of Batavia and Elba, Genesee county. Chapter 86

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Division of poor in towns of Batavia and Le Roy, Genesee county. Chapter 99

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Hudson city charter. Three commissioners of the almshouse to be appointed; their powers and duties enumerated; they may contract to care for county poor or poor of other towns in Columbia county. Chapter 119

See chap. 11, L. 1801; chaps. 73 and 78, L. 1813.

Appropriation of \$1,000 annually for five years, to College of Physicians and Surgeons of the Western District. Chapter 121

See chap. 131, L. 1812; ¶ 298, § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

The Roman Catholic Benevolent Society, New York city, authorized to bind out orphan children in same manner as commissioners of the almshouse and bridewell. Chapter 127

See § 2, chap. 52, L. 1813; chap. 270, L. 1870.

(1820)
Chapter 129

Poor of Canisteo and Hornellsville divided, Steuben county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 141

Poor of Byron and Bergen divided, Genesee county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 158

Moiety of penalties for illegal fishing in Copac lake, Columbia county, and for trout in Albany or Dutchess counties, to go to use of poor.

Chapter 189

Overseers of poor of town of Smithfield, Madison county, authorized to hold certain real estate.

Chapter 201

Moiety of penalties for illegal fishing in Sand lake, Rensselaer county, to go to use of poor.

Chapter 212

Division of poor in towns of Ischua, Ellicottville, Yorkshire and Freedom in Cattaraugus county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 226

Division of poor in towns of Olean and Hinsdale, Cattaraugus county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 233

Certain parts of Schenectady city erected into towns of Rotterdam and Glenville, Schenectady county, and poor divided; city almshouse to remain in common.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 51, R. L. 1813; chap. 291, L. 1828; chap. 192, L. 1831; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting; chap. 194, L. 1832; chap. 293, L. 1833; chap. 234, L. 1834; chap. 279, L. 1863; chap. 81, L. 1883.

Chapter 236

All fines imposed by justices of the peace, after deducting costs, to go to overseers of the poor.

See chap. 104, R. L. 1813; ¶ 313, § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 241

Incorporating "The American Society for Ameliorating the Condition of the Jews."

44th session
1821
Chapter 15

The General Society of Mechanics and Tradesmen of New York City authorized to establish a free school for children of indigent or deceased members.

See chap. 113, L. 1811; chap. 52, L. 1813; chap. 27, L. 1833.

Chapter 17

Division of poor in towns of Hyde Park, Clinton and Pleasant Valley, Dutchess county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 163, L. 1801; chap. 101, L. 1813; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

- Division of poor in towns of Fishkill and Freedom,
also Beekman and Freedom, Dutchess county. (1821)
Chapter 34
- See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 163, L. 1801; chap. 101, R. L.
1813; chap. 54, L. 1827; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Moiety of fine for using unjust weights or measures
in selling to go to use of poor. Chapter 37
- See ¶ 317, § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Act relative to the poor of Madison county. Powers
of Supervisors; poor to perform labor. Chapter 39
- See 3 R. S. p. 418, 1st edition.
- Division of poor in towns of Clymer, Stockton,
Ellery and Chautauque, Chautauque county. Chapter 44
- See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Division of poor in towns of Caledonia and Inver-
ness and in towns of Sweden and Clarendon, Monroe
county. Chapter 57
- See chaps. 63 and 64, L. 1788; chap. 11, L. 1789; chap. 64, L.
1802; chap. 309, L. 1824; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- New York city to levy tax to support poor. Chapter 69
- See chaps. 52 and 86, R. L. 1813.
- Repealing act requiring overseers of poor to sue for
penalties (Chapter 37, Laws 1820) so far as New York
city is concerned. In New York city the excise com-
missioner shall sue for penalties under excise law, for
the use of city poor. Chapter 70
- See chap. 164, L. 1801; chap. 37, L. 1820; chap. 628, L. 1857;
chap. 175, L. 1870; chap. 537, L. 1881.
- Moiety of penalty for illegal fishing in Great Pond,
in town of Pawlings, Dutchess county, to go to use of
poor. Chapter 85
- Moiety of penalty for illegal fishing in Glass Lake, in
town of Sand Lake, Rensselaer county, to go to use of
poor. Chapter 95
- Division of poor in towns of Independence, Alfred
and Almond, Allegany county. Chapter 103
- See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Division of poor in towns of Concord and Collins,
Niagara county. Chapter 104
- See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 79, L. 1822; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d
meeting.

(1821)
Chapter 106

Division of poor in towns of Ulysses, Enfield and Ithaca, Tompkins county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 109

Act concerning the estates of habitual drunkards. Duties of overseers of the poor.

See chap. 135, L. 1822; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 116

Division of poor in towns of Victory, Ira, Conquest and Cato, Cayuga county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 43, L. 1822; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 117

Amend act Chapter 177, Laws 1817, for relief and settlement of poor. Certain poor, how to be supported.

See chap. 177, L. 1817; § 5, chap. 294, L. 1827; repealed by §§ 80 and 324, § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO AMEND AN ACT, ENTITLED "AN ACT TO AMEND AN ACT FOR THE RELIEF AND SETTLEMENT OF THE POOR."

CHAPTER 117, LAWS OF 1821.

I. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly*, That no constable acting under the authority of a warrant issued by any two justices of the peace, of any city or town within this state, for the removal of any pauper, shall be subject to the penalty imposed by the fourth section of the act, entitled, "An act to amend the act for the relief and settlement of the poor," passed April 5, 1817: *Provided*, That nothing in this act shall affect any suit already commenced, for recovery of any penalty incurred under the said section.

II. *And be it further enacted*, That no person in the naval or military service of the United States, while stationed, employed, or remaining in such service, at any navy yard, post, cantonment, arsenal, or other place or station, or naval or military depot, in any city or town in this state, shall gain any settlement in any such city or town, by reason thereof, unless he or she shall have gained such settlement in the manner directed by the second section of the act, entitled "An act to amend the act for the relief and settlement of the poor," passed April 5, 1817, any former law to the contrary notwithstanding: *Provided*, That nothing herein contained shall affect or alter the place of settlement of any such person, at and immediately preceding the time of enlistment or service aforesaid.

III. *And be it further enacted*, that all charges and accounts for services rendered by the justice of the peace, under the

act for the relief and settlement of the poor, shall be audited and allowed by the boards of supervisors, in like manner as other contingent charges of counties and towns are audited and allowed, and shall not be paid out of the funds for the support of the poor.

(1821)

IV. *And be it further enacted*, That the father and grand-father, mother and grand-mother, being of sufficient ability, of any poor, blind, lame or decrepit person whomsoever, not being able to maintain himself, and becoming chargeable to any city or town within this state; and the children and grand-children, being of sufficient ability, of every poor, old, blind, lame, and impotent person, not being able to maintain himself, and becoming chargeable as aforesaid, shall respectively, at their own charge and expense, relieve and maintain every such poor person, in such manner as the justices of the peace of the city or county where such sufficient person shall dwell, at their general sessions of the peace, shall order and direct, on pain of forfeiting and paying a sum not less than one dollar and twenty-five cents, nor more than three dollars, for each person so ordered to be relieved, for every week such order shall not be obeyed, to be sued for and recovered, with costs of suit, by the overseers of the poor of the city or town to which such person shall be chargeable, for the use of the poor of such city or town, in the manner directed in the act, entitled "An act for the relief and settlement of the poor, with respect to costs and charges upon an appeal;" and that if any such order shall be made as aforesaid, against one or more of the children, or grand-children aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for such child or children, grand-child or grand-children, to recover against the other children or grand-children, being of sufficient ability as aforesaid, of such poor, old, blind, lame or impotent person, his, her, or their share of the money so ordered and directed to be paid by virtue of this act.

Incorporating "New York Nautical Institution and Ship Master's Society."

Chapter 121

Penalty for refusal of overseers of highways to qualify to go to use of poor.

Chapter 128

See chaps. 13 and 35, R. L. 1813; chap. 161, L. 1819; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting, § 1, ¶ 325.

Division of poor in towns of Evans and Eden, Niagara county.

Chapter 147

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Division of poor in towns of Oswegatchie and Morristown, St. Lawrence county.

Chapter 168

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

(1821)
Chapter 170

Overseers of the poor of town of Walkill, Orange county, authorized to sell poorhouse farm.

Chapter 171

Division of poor in towns of Jay and Dansville, Essex county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 92, L. 1822; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 174

Incorporating "The St. Andrews Society of the City of Albany."

See chap. 53, L. 1858.

Chapter 178

Authorizing comptroller to settle accounts of commissioners appointed for relief of late sufferers on Western frontier.

See chap. 16, L. 1814.

Chapter 182

Division of poor in towns of Ischua and Farmer's Ville, Cattaraugus county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 191

Moiety of penalty for illegal fishing in certain lakes and ponds in Dutchess and Rensselaer counties to go to use of poor.

See ¶ 13, § 4, chap. 194, L. 1849.

Chapter 192

Reviving act incorporating the Society for the Relief of Indigent Women and Children to March 1, 1830.

See chap. 28, L. 1804.

Chapter 193

Penalty for illegal horse-racing in Queens county to go to use of poor.

See chap. 44, L. 1802; chap. 108, L. 1826; chap. 73, L. 1834.

Chapter 196

Division of poor in towns of Watson and Leyden, Lewis county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 161, L. 1828; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 203

Children found begging in cities to be sent to alms-house, and overseers of poor to bind out such children.

See chap. 164, L. 1801; chap. 37, L. 1820; chap. 114, L. 1823; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO ENFORCE CERTAIN PENAL STATUTES,
AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

CHAPTER 203, LAWS OF 1821.

I. Be it enacted by the People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, That whenever any execution shall be issued for the collection of any judgment, rendered

(1821)

after the first day of June next, for any penalty incurred under any of the acts mentioned in the act, entitled "An act to require overseers of the poor to sue for penalties incurred under certain penal statutes," passed February 18th, 1820; and it shall be the duty of the justice issuing the same, to state in the body of the execution, or endorse thereon, briefly the cause for which such judgment was rendered, and thereupon the defendant in such execution shall, in case no goods or chattels can be found to satisfy the same, forthwith be committed to the common gaol of the county where such judgment is rendered, until such judgment is satisfied, and shall not be entitled to have the liberties of the gaol limits: *Provided however*, That the whole time of the imprisonment of any such person shall not exceed ninety days.

II. *And be it further enacted*, That so much of the seventh section of the act, entitled "An act to lay a duty on strong liquors, and for regulating inns and taverns, as prohibits any person from selling metheglin, beer or cider, to be drank in his or her house, out house, yard or garden, without having first entered into the recognizance provided for by the said act, be and the same is hereby repealed.

III. *And be it further enacted*, That if any child or children, shall hereafter be found begging for alms, in any of the cities in this state, and whose parent or parents, is or are not a charge to such city, as a pauper or paupers, it shall and may be lawful for any magistrate of such city, to take up and send such child or children to the alms-house, or other place for the support of the public poor of such city, there to be detained and supported until such child or children shall become of sufficient age to be bound out, or until some fit and proper person or persons shall be found to take such child or children, when it shall be the duty of the overseers of the poor of such city, to bind out such child or children, in the same manner as is prescribed in the act, entitled "An act concerning apprentices and servants."

And whereas the common council of the city of Albany, under their common seal, have prayed that they may be authorized to reduce the salary of the mayor of the said city, to a sum not less than four hundred dollars: Therefore,

IV. *Be it further enacted*, That it shall and may be lawful for the common council of the said city, to give and grant unto the mayor thereof, for the time being, in lieu of all fees and perquisites, such yearly salary, not exceeding twelve, nor less than four hundred dollars, as the said common council shall direct, payable out of the treasury of the said city, quarter yearly, any law to the contrary notwithstanding.

Division of poor in towns of Farmington and Burt, Ontario county.

Chapter 213

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 237, L. 1822; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

(1821)
Chapter 220

Act to amend act for relief and settlement of the poor. Duty of overseers and justices defined and 7th section of said act, Chapter 78, Laws 1813 (V. & W.), repealed.

See chap. 233, L. 1823; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO AMEND THE ACT FOR THE RELIEF AND SETTLEMENT OF THE POOR.

CHAPTER 220, LAWS OF 1821.

I. Be it enacted by the People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, That if any overseer of the poor of any city or town shall have reason to believe that any stranger, who shall have come to reside in such city or town, and who shall not have obtained a legal settlement therein, is likely to become chargeable to such city or town, such overseer shall apply to any two justices of the peace of such city, or of the county in which such town shall lie, and inform them thereof; and the said justices being so or otherwise informed, or suspecting such stranger to be of insufficient ability, or likely to become a charge to such city or town, are hereby authorised and required to issue their warrant to a constable of such city or town, thereby commanding him to bring such a stranger before them at such time and place as they in their said warrant shall for that purpose appoint; and the said justices shall examine every stranger so brought before them, and any other person whom they may think necessary, upon oath, relating to the abilities and last place of legal settlement of such stranger; and if, upon such examination, the said justices shall find such stranger likely to become a charge to such city or town, they shall order and direct such stranger, by a certain day, to remove to the place of his former settlement; and on neglect or refusal to comply with the said order, the said justices shall issue a warrant under their hands and seals, directed to any constable of such city or town, who is hereby required and commanded to execute such warrant, thereby commanding him to convey or transport such stranger to the constable of the first town or city, as the case may be, in the adjoining county; or if within the same county, to the town where the pauper was last legally settled, through which such stranger shall have been suffered to wander unapprehended, and so from the constable of one county to the first constable in the next adjacent county, and so from county to county by the nearest and most convenient route, as the said justices shall think fit to direct, to the place of legal settlement of such stranger, if the same be within this state, or in case it shall appear that the said pauper first came into this state through the city of New-York, and it shall not appear

that the said pauper has acquired a settlement in this state, then and in such case it shall be lawful for the said justices to direct by the said warrant that the said pauper be transmitted in manner aforesaid to the city of New-York. (1821)

II. *And be it further enacted*, That the seventh section of the "Act for the relief and settlement of the poor," be, and the same is hereby, repealed.

Division of poor in towns of Brownsville, Le Roy, Alexandria, Philadelphia and Orleans, Jefferson county. Chapter 232

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 202, L. 1822; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Division of poor in towns of Windsor, Sandford and Colesville, Broome county. Chapter 233

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 112, L. 1800; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Overseers of poor of Caledonia, Wheatland, Sweden, Clarendon, Rush and Avon, Livingston county, to meet with supervisors and common school commissioners to divide school money. Chapter 234

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chaps. 57 and 58, L. 1821.

Act authorizing erection of a house of industry in town of Poughkeepsie. Chapter 236

See chap. 78, L. 1813.

Penalties for refusal of joint treasurer of St. Peter's Church and St. Patrick's Church, New York city, to grant certain voting certificates to members, to go to use of poor. Chapter 237

See chap. 205, L. 1815.

Charter of village of Sackett's Harbor. Excise moneys to go to overseers of poor of town of Hounsfield. Chapter 249

See chap. 164, L. 1801; chap. 201, L. 1814; chap. 259, L. 1828; chap. 152, L. 1831; chap. 248, L. 1840; chap. 106, L. 1842; chap. 61, L. 1847.

Appropriation to New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb of \$2,500. Chapter 250

See chap. 37, L. 1816; chap. 264, L. 1817; chaps. 100 and 283, L. 1818; chap. 122, L. 1819.

Division of poor in towns of Cuba and Friendship, Allegany county. 45th session
1822
Chapter 12

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

(1822)
Chapter 13

Act for better government of almshouse in New York city. Paupers required to work.

See chap. 176, L. 1814; chap. 510, L. 1860; chap. 537, L. 1881.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT FOR THE BETTER GOVERNMENT OF THE
ALMS HOUSE, IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.

CHAPTER 13, LAWS OF 1822.

*Be it enacted by the people of the state of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, That it shall be lawful for the superintendent of the alms house, in the city of New York, to require and compel all paupers actually chargeable upon, or receiving support from the said city, to perform such reasonable work, labour and service, as they shall respectively be able to perform without injury, or hazard to the health of the said paupers, and said superintendent shall from time to time direct; and in case any such pauper shall refuse or neglect to perform the work, labour and service, so required of him or her, or shall not comply with and conform to such by-laws, rules, or regulations as now or hereafter may be made, and established, by the mayor, aldermen and commonality of the city of New-York, for the well ordering and governing of such paupers, or shall at any time depart from such alms house, until he or she shall be regularly and duly dismissed and discharged therefrom; and in each and every such case it shall and may be lawful for the said superintendent, by and with the consent of the commissioners of the alms house and bridewell of the said city, or any one of them, to inflict such reasonable and moderate punishment, upon such disorderly, disobedient, or refractory pauper, as he shall deem proper: provided such punishment shall not be by personal chastisement, nor shall extend beyond solitary confinement, in some part of the said alms house, and feeding on bread and water only, until he or she shall submit to perform the labour, work, and service required of him, or her, and obey, conform to, and observe the rules and regulations aforesaid, or for such term as the said superintendent and commissioners shall judge proportioned to his or her offence: *Provided however*, That every such pauper who shall think himself or herself aggrieved by the conduct of such superintendent towards him or her, shall be permitted to appeal to the board of commissioners, a majority of whom shall be authorised to make such order in the case as to them shall appear just and proper.*

Act to encourage destruction of wolves. An assessor, overseer of poor or highway commissioner to associate with justice of peace in granting bounty certificates.

(1822)
Chapter 26

See chaps. 35 and 49, R. L. 1813; chap. 129, L. 1815; chap. 126, L. 1822; chap. 141, L. 1823; chap. 95, L. 1825; chap. 178, L. 1826; ¶ 342, § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Division of poor in towns of Hornellsville, Sparta and Dansville, Livingston county.

Chapter 30

See chaps. 63 and 64, L. 1788; chap. 29, L. 1796; chap 58, L. 1821; chap. 63, L. 1823; ¶ 127 and 128, § 1, Chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Division of poor in towns of Riga and Chili, Monroe county.

Chapter 36

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Division of poor in towns of Hume and Pike, Allegany county.

Chapter 46

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Division of poor in towns of Berne and Knox, Albany county.

Chapter 48

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 163, L. 1801; chap. 101, L. 1813; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Division of poor in towns of Putnam and South Bay, Washington county.

Chapter 58

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 265, L. 1822; chap. 2, L. 1823; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Supervisors of Preble, Scott, Tully and Spafford in Onondaga county, authorized to contract for maintenance of Ann and John Fletcher, paupers.

Chapter 65

Ancient Britons Benefit Society, New York city, continued a corporation 21 years.

Chapter 74

See chap. 23, L. 1807.

New York city to levy tax to support poor.

Chapter 85

See chaps. 52 and 86, R. L. 1813.

Penalty for illegal fishing on south shores of Staten Island to go to use of poor.

Chapter 106

See ¶ 13, § 4, chap. 194, L. 1849.

Division of poor in towns of Greece and Gates, Monroe county.

Chapter 107

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

(1822)
Chapter 118

Division of poor in towns of Chemung and Erie, Tioga county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 128

Incorporating "The New York Eye Infirmary."

See chap. 245, L. 1824; chap. 294, L. 1834; chap. 315, L. 1837, chap. 289, L. 1840; chap. 254, L. 1842; chap. 292, L. 1845; chap. 460, L. 1864; chap. 389, L. 1874; chap. 170, L. 1894.

Chapter 134

State loan of \$20,000 for relief of College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York City to be refunded.

Chapter 135

Amending act concerning the estates of habitual drunkards. Duty of overseers of poor to forbid sale of liquor to such drunkards.

See chap. 109, L. 1821; ¶ 350, § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 140

Division of poor in towns of Gorham and Hopewell, Ontario county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; § 32, chap. 260, L. 1822; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 144

Continuing corporate existence of Hibernian Provident Society, New York city.

See chap. 92, L. 1807.

Chapter 145

Act authorizing overseers of the poor in town of Amsterdam, Montgomery county, to hold poorhouse land.

Chapter 157

Moiety of penalty for purchase or sale of flaxseed by a flaxseed inspector to go to use of poor.

See chap. 45, L. 1801; chap. 137, L. 1825; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting; chap. 537, L. 1881.

Chapter 189

Penalty for neglect of merchants to have their weights and measures sealed in city of Hudson to go to use of poor.

See chap. 65, L. 1805; chap. 73, R. L. 1813; chap. 179, L. 1854; § 65, chap. 622, L. 1857.

Chapter 199

Division of poor in towns of Delhi and Andes, Delaware county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 43, L. 1798; chap. 229, L. 1819; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 200

Moiety of penalty for killing heath-hens in Suffolk county in close season to go to use of poor.

See chap. 252, L. 1818; ¶ 356, § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Division of poor in towns of Unadilla, Franklin and Huntsville, Otsego county.

(1822)
Chapter 210

See chaps. 63 and 64, L. 1788; ¶¶ 127 and 128, § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting; chap. 239, L. 1830.

Moiety of penalty for illegal fishing to go to use of poor.

Chapter 216

See chap. 135, L. 1816; chap. 208, L. 1819; chap. 59, L. 1823; chaps. 139 and 160, L. 1824; ¶ 359, § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting; ¶ 13, § 4, chap. 194, L. 1849.

Division of poor in towns of South Port, Big Flat and Elmira, Chemung county.

Chapter 221

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Penalty for neglect of Barney Carney to maintain ferry across Schoharie river to go to use of poor in town of Schoharie.

Chapter 231

See chap. 31, L. 1823.

An act to provide for instruction of indigent deaf and dumb within this State. Admission of indigent deaf and dumb in New York Institution for the Instruction of Deaf and Dumb in New York City. Each senate district may send four pupils boarded, lodged and taught. Appropriation by State therefor \$150 for each pupil. Powers of town supervisors in certain cases.

Chapter 234

See chap. 246, L. 1817; chap. 189, L. 1823; chap. 166, L. 1825; chap. 170, L. 1830; chap. 223, L. 1822.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE INSTRUCTION OF THE INDIGENT DEAF AND DUMB WITHIN THIS STATE.

CHAPTER 234, LAWS OF 1822.

Whereas there are within this state, many indigent deaf and dumb persons: And whereas there is in the city of New-York, an institution, established for the instruction of the deaf and dumb, and now in successful operation. Therefore,

I. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly,* That every indigent deaf and dumb person, between ten and twenty-five years of age, whose parent or parents, or nearest friend, may be residents of this state, and who may make application for that purpose, shall, until provision be made by law for their instruction in some

(1822)

other institution or school, be received into the New-York institution for the instruction of the deaf and dumb, in the same manner hereinafter mentioned, and be provided with board and tuition by the directors of the said institution, until each senate district, under the constitution recently adopted, shall have sent four pupils.

II. *And be it further enacted*, That the indigent deaf and dumb now in the asylum of the said institution, shall be included as part of the aforesaid number; and that the term of instruction shall not exceed three years for those who are supported at the expense of the state; and the term of the present pupils shall be considered as having commenced at the time when they were received into the asylum as charity pupils; but nothing in this section shall be construed to warrant the retaining, at the expense of the state, more than thirty-two indigent pupils.

III. *And be it further enacted*, That once in every year, the directors of the said institution, shall cause public notice to be given, in at least two public newspapers, if there be two in each senate district, of the number of vacancies which exist or are expected to exist therein, during the then coming year; and no selection of pupils shall be made, till sixty days after such notice.

IV. *And be it further enacted*, That whenever the parent, guardian, or nearest friend of a deaf and dumb person, is desirous to have him or her instructed, application shall be made to the overseers of the poor of the town wherein such deaf and dumb person shall reside, who shall certify to the inability of the parent, parents or guardian, to pay for his or her board and tuition; which certificate being produced, shall authorise the directors of the institution aforesaid, to receive such deaf and dumb person as a pupil; and in case the parent, parents, or guardian, have the ability to pay any portion of the board and tuition of a deaf and dumb pupil, then the overseers of the poor of the town shall certify and state the amount; and the balance only shall be defrayed from the fund appropriated for the indigent deaf and dumb.

V. *And be it further enacted*, That each indigent pupil so received into the institution aforesaid, shall be provided with board, lodging and tuition; and the directors of the said institution shall receive for each pupil so provided for, the sum of one hundred and fifty dollars per annum, in quarterly payments, to be paid by the treasurer of the state, on the warrant of the comptroller, to the treasurer of the said institution, on his presenting a bill of the actual time and number of indigent pupils attending the school, and which bill shall be signed and certified by the president and secretary of the institution; and a like bill shall be made out of the time and number of those who are enabled to pay a part of the expenses of board and tuition, at the rate of one hundred and fifty dollars per annum, the balance of which only shall be charged and paid

in like manner as for indigent pupils; and the same shall be paid out of any monies in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

(1822)

VI. *And be it further enacted*, That if after the above number of indigent deaf and dumb shall have been sent from any senate district, there shall still remain any other fit objects of the same charity, it shall be lawful for the supervisors of any county in such district, in their discretion, to select and send from such county, to the institution aforesaid, or such other as may be hereafter by law directed, any indigent deaf and dumb person, within the ages above prescribed, who shall be received on the same terms as those supported at the expense of the state; and it shall be lawful for such supervisors to add a sum of money sufficient to meet the expense of supporting and educating such persons, together with the necessary expenses of traveling to and from the institution, to the sums which are raised and levied within their county, according to the sixth section of the act for the support of common schools; such sum to be raised and collected in the manner directed for the raising and collecting of school money in the said sixth section of the act aforesaid; and it shall thereupon be the duty of the collectors of the several towns, to pay over such additional sum to the treasurer of the county, whose duty it shall be to pay over the same to the treasurer of the institution whereat such deaf and dumb pupils are educated, in the same manner, and on the same certificates, as in the fifth section of this act directed with respect to the payments made by the treasurer of this state; *Provided always*, That the whole additional sum so levied and raised for the purpose of this charity, upon any county in any one year, shall not exceed one hundred and fifty dollars for every member of assembly to which such county shall be entitled.

VII. *And be it further enacted*, That this act shall continue in force for four years, and no longer.

Division of poor in towns of Wayne, Barrington, Tyrone, Addison, Cameron, Dansville and Sparta, Steuben county.

Chapter 237

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 2, L. 1823; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Division of poor in towns of Catskill and Saugerties, Greene county.

Chapter 243

See chaps. 63 and 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Amending act for support of common schools. Poor persons may be exempt from furnishing fuel for their children at district schools.

Chapter 256

See chap. 52, L. 1813; chaps. 12 and 272, L. 1817; chap. 161, L. 1819; chap. 74, L. 1823; ¶ 282, § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting; chap. 537, L. 1881.

(1822)
Chapter 265

Division of poor in towns of Ridgeway and Northton and Gaines and Oak Orchard, Genesee county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 58, L. 1822; chaps. 6 and 24, L. 1823; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 271

Division of poor in towns of Bath and Urbana, Steuben county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 2, L. 1823; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

46th session
1823
Chapter 3

Division of poor in towns of Little Valley, Cone-wango and Cold Spring, Cattaraugus county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 206, L. 1828; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 6

Division of poor in towns of Ridgeway and Gaines, Genesee county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 265, L. 1822; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 7

Division of poor in towns of Pike and Eagle, Allegany county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 11

Division of poor in towns of Union and Vestal, Broome county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 13

Division of poor in towns of Hanover and Villenova, Chautauqua county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 18

Division of poor in towns of Palmyra and Macedon, Ontario county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 19

Division of poor in towns of Canajoharie, Charleston and Root, Montgomery county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 20

Division of poor in towns of Perrysburgh and Otto, Cattaraugus county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 22

Division of poor in towns of Ledyard, Venice, Scipio and Spring Port, Cayuga county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 100, L. 1813; chap. 30, L. 1821; chap. 184, L. 1822; chap. 149, L. 1823; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

- Division of poor in towns of Scio, Allen and Angelica, in Allegany county. (1823)
Chapter 26
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Moiety of penalty for illegal salmon fishing in Monroe county to go to county poor.
Chapter 28
See chap. 294, L. 1824; ¶ 13, § 4, chap. 194, L. 1849.
- Division of poor in towns of Hartland and Somerset, Niagara county.
Chapter 34
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 184, L. 1822; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Division of poor in towns of Montgomery and Crawford, Orange county.
Chapter 53
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 163, L. 1801; chap. 101, R. L. 1813; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Moiety of penalty for violation of act regulating culling of staves and headings in New York city to go to commissioners of city almshouse.
Chapter 58
See chap. 36, R. L. 1813; ¶¶ 152 and 381, § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting; chap. 537, L. 1881.
- Moiety of penalty for illegal fishing in Oswego county to go to use of poor.
Chapter 59
See chap. 89, L. 1818; chap. 58, L. 1820; chap. 216, L. 1822; chap. 158, L. 1824; chap. 155, L. 1833; ¶ 13, § 4, chap. 194, L. 1849.
- Division of poor in towns of Dansville and Sparta, Livingston county.
Chapter 63
See chap. 30, L. 1822.
- New York city to maintain lottery to erect yellow fever hospital.
Chapter 82
See chap. 163, L. 1822; chap. 333, L. 1824; chap. 186, L. 1826.
- Division of poor in towns of North East, Amenia and Pine Plains, Dutchess county.
Chapter 86
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 163, L. 1801; chap. 101, R. L. 1813; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Division of poor in towns of Clarence, Aden and Erie, Erie county.
Chapter 89
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Division of poor in towns of Fleming, Auburn and Aurelius, Cayuga county.
Chapter 92
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

(1823)
Chapter 114

Penalty for illegal fishing in town of Woodstock, Ulster county, to go to poor fund.

See chap. 203, L. 1821; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting; chap. 194, L. 1849.

Chapter 118

Division of poor in towns of Louisville and Norfolk, St. Lawrence county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 127

Division of poor in towns of Charleston and Glen, Montgomery county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 136

Division of poor in towns of Norway and West Brunswick, Herkimer county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 141

Certain moneys suspended by Comptroller for bounties for destruction of wolves, to go to poor fund of town of Bangor, Franklin county.

See chap. 126, L. 1822.

Chapter 144

Division of poor in towns of Orangeville and Wethersfield, Genesee county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 148

New York city to levy tax to support poor.

See chap. 86, R. L. 1813.

Chapter 149

Division of poor in towns of Springport and Aurelius, Cayuga county.

See chap. 22, L. 1823.

Chapter 153

Division of poor in towns of Berkshire and Westville, Tioga county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 109, L. 1824; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 154

Division of poor in towns of German and Lincklaen, Chenango county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 157

Division of poor in towns of Lee, Florence, Camden, Vienna and Annsville, Oneida county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 19, L. 1824; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 163

Division of poor in towns of Marbletown, Hurley, Shandakan and Olive, Ulster county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 211, L. 1824; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

- Division of poor in towns of Catherines, Catlin and Veteran, Tioga county. (1823) Chapter 175
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Division of poor in towns of Ellicott, Harmony and Busti, Chautauqua county. Chapter 178
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Repealing section 5 of Chapter 37, Laws 1820, requiring overseers of poor to sue for certain penalties. Chapter 181
See chaps. 33 and 35, R. L. 1813; chap. 37, L. 1820; chap. 26, L. 1822; chaps. 95 and 120, L. 1825.
- Incorporating "The Central Asylum, for the Instruction of Deaf and Dumb, in the town of Canajoharie, in the county of Montgomery." One thousand dollars appropriated by State for school building and support of indigent deaf and dumb. Gratuitous instruction of indigent persons regulated. Chapter 189
See chap. 234, L. 1822; chap. 166, L. 1825; chap. 170, L. 1830; chap. 142, L. 1831; chap. 511, L. 1836.
- Division of poor in towns of Kinderhook and Stuyvesant, Columbia county. Chapter 198
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 163, L. 1801; chap. 101, R. L. 1801; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting; chap. 233, L. 1841.
- Division of poor in towns of Cazenovia, Smithfield and Fenner, Madison county. Chapter 208
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Moiety of penalties for violation of act for inspection of fish in Jefferson to go to use of poor. Chapter 220
See chap. 38, R. L. 1813; ¶ 150, § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Moiety of penalties for illegal fishing in Lake George, in Odell's lake in town of Harpersfield, Delaware county, in Otselic river in Chenango and Broome counties, and in certain creeks in Otsego and Delaware counties, to go to use of poor. Chapter 223
See chap. 148, L. 1819; chap. 184, L. 1824; § 4, chap. 194, L. 1849.
- Amending acts for relief and settlement of the poor. Chapter 233
See chap. 78, R. L. 1813; chap. 177, L. 1817; chap. 220, L. 1821; ¶ 80, § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

(1823)
Chapter 233

Authorizing the erection of a House of Industry for poor in town of Redhook, Dutchess county. Like powers conferred on all towns voting on annual meetings to avail themselves thereof.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT EXPLANATORY OF CERTAIN ACTS TO AMEND
THE ACT FOR THE RELIEF AND SETTLEMENT OF
THE POOR AND TO AUTHORIZE THE ERECTION OF
A HOUSE OF INDUSTRY AT REDHOOK.

CHAPTER 233, LAWS OF 1823.

I. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly,* That nothing contained in the "act to amend the act for the relief and settlement of the poor," passed March 31, 1821, shall be construed to alter, affect, or repeal the act of the 5th day of April, 1817, entitled "An act to amend the act for the relief and settlement of the poor," but that the said last mentioned act shall, notwithstanding, be considered to every intent and purpose in full force and effect.

II. *And be it further enacted,* That in all suits for the recovery of any penalty imposed by any statute, which penalty, or any part of which may by law be applied to the support of the poor, or to any other charge of or in any town or city, it shall not be any objection to any juror or witness, that he or she is a taxable inhabitant of such town or city.

III. *And be it further enacted,* That it shall and may be lawful for Nathan Beckwith, John W. Wheeler, Philip N. Bonestele, Philip Pitcher and George Shooke, or a majority of them, to contract for and purchase, for and in behalf and to the use of the freeholders and inhabitants of the town of Redhook, in the county of Dutchess, a piece or parcel of land and buildings, or to erect thereon buildings for the accommodation, employment and use of the poor of the said town, and for the defraying the expenses of such purchase and buildings, it shall and may be lawful for the supervisors of the county of Dutchess, to raise upon estates real and personal of the freeholders and inhabitants of said town, a sum not exceeding in the whole the sum of three thousand dollars, the same to be raised * *in the annual instalments*, to be assessed and collected in the same manner as other town and county taxes are assessed and collected; and the monies so collected, shall be paid over by the treasurer to the said Nathan Beckwith, John W. Wheeler, Philip N. Bonestele, Philip Pitcher and George Shooke, by them to be applied for the purposes of defraying the expenses aforesaid.

* So in the original. Was it intended *three* annual installments?

IV. *And be it further enacted*, That after the said piece of ground and buildings shall be procured, it shall and may be lawful for the said Nathan Beckwith, John W. Wheeler, Philip N. Bonestele, Philip Pitcher, and George Shooke, or a majority of them, to contract with some suitable person to superintend and take charge of said house of industry and the poor therein, or for the support of said poor, and for the useful employment and cultivation of the land; and that it shall be the duty of the overseers of the poor of the said town for the time being, to cause all the poor who are or may be a charge upon said town, to be removed to the said house of industry, there to be provided for and employed as circumstances may permit.

(1823)

V. *And be it further enacted*, That it shall and may be lawful for the person appointed to take charge of the said house of industry, and of the overseers of the poor, to require and compel all persons being chargeable upon said town, and committed to said house of industry, to perform such work and labor toward their maintenance, as they shall severally be able to perform, and as the said overseers shall from time to time direct.

V. *And be it further enacted*, That the powers conferred by this act, may be extended to, and exercised by any town, or any number of towns in this state: *Provided*, That a majority of the freeholders and inhabitants of any town, wishing to avail themselves of the benefit of this act, shall at their annual town meetings, by a vote, resolve so to do.

VI. *And be it further enacted*, That if it shall, after due experience, be found that the provisions of this act do not tend to lessen the expense and burden of maintenance of the poor of the said town of Redhook, it shall and may be lawful for the freeholders and inhabitants of said town, at their annual town meeting, to adopt any resolution in regard thereto, that they may deem proper; and if found expedient, the premises and buildings purchased by virtue of this act may be sold in such manner as the said freeholders and inhabitants shall direct; and in such sale it shall and may be lawful for the overseers of the poor, and supervisor of the town for the time being, to execute a conveyance for the same; the monies arising therefrom shall and may be disposed of in such manner as shall be directed by the freeholders and inhabitants of said town.

Moiety of penalties for violation of act relative to inspection of salt in Onondaga county to go to use of poor of town of Salina in said county.

Chapter 235

See chap. 164, L. 1812; chap. 231, L. 1821; chap. 326, L. 1825; chap. 243, L. 1832.

Moiety of penalties for neglect of president, managers and company of Delaware and Hudson Canal

Chapter 233

(1823)

Company to maintain dams, locks and sluices in canal, to go to use of poor.

See chaps. 174 and 270, L. 1824; chap. 220, L. 1825; chap. 62, L. 1827; chap. 346, L. 1829; chaps. 34 and 242, L. 1830.

Chapter 252

Penalty for obstructing East and West Stony creeks in town of Hope, Hamilton county, to go to use of poor.

Chapter 262

Act for assessment and collection of taxes. Moneys raised by tax for support of the poor to be paid by collectors to the town overseers of the poor.

See chap. 52, R. L. 1813; chaps. 22 and 127, L. 1824; chaps. 83, 216 and 264, L. 1825; ¶¶ 156 and 398, § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting; chap. 218, L. 1842.

47th session

1824

Chapter 7

Moiety of penalties for fishing with seines in Mud and Little lakes in Steuben county, to go to use of poor.

See ¶ 13, § 4, chap. 194, L. 1849.

Chapter 18

Poor divided between towns of Independence and Andover, Allegany county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 121, L. 1824; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 24

Penalty for leaving open drawbridge over creek at head of Little Neck bay, Queens county, and also penalty for failure to keep draw in repair, to go to use of poor of town of Flushing.

See § 3, chap. 133, L. 1829.

Chapter 27

Poor divided between towns of Lockport, Royalton and Cambria, Niagara county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 37

Penalties for violation of act concerning passengers in vessels coming to the port of New York to go to use of New York city poor.

See chap. 86, R. L. 1813; chap. 222, L. 1820; § 18, chap. 195, L. 1847; chap. 537, L. 1881.

Chapter 42

Poor divided between towns of Ellicottville and Ashford, Cattaraugus county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 143, L. 1824; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Act for the relief of widows and orphans. Certain property in their hands to be exempt from seizure on execution and distress for rent.

(1824)
Chapter 44

See chap. 75, R. L. 1813; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Act granting relief to sufferers on Niagara frontier whose property was destroyed by the enemy during the late war. Commissioners appointed and fund created to be paid to such sufferers, their widows or heirs.

Chapter 54

See chap. 226, L. 1815; chap. 324, L. 1828.

New York city to levy tax to support poor.

Chapter 85

See chap. 86, R. L. 1813; chaps. 148 and 262, L. 1823.

Poor divided among towns of Wilson, Hartland, Somerset and New Fane, Niagara county.

Chapter 97

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Moiety of penalty for illegal fishing in Cazenovia lake to go to use of poor of town of Cazenovia.

Chapter 99

See ¶ 13, § 4, chap. 194, L. 1849.

Poor divided among towns of Nichols, Barton and Tioga, Tioga county.

Chapter 100

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Poor divided among towns of Clymer and Mina, Chautauqua county.

Chapter 104

Penalty for illegal fishing in Fish lake, in town of Bovina, Delaware county, to go to town poor.

Chapter 110

Penalty for seine fishing in Quospac pond, Rockland county, to go to use of poor of town of Clarkstown.

Chapter 112

Act incorporating society formed in State of New York for promoting the manumission of slaves, passed February 19, 1808, extended to March 1, 1844.

Chapter 113

See chap. 19, L. 1808.

Penalty for illegal fishing in certain waters in town of Ancram, Columbia county, to go to use of town poor.

Chapter 115

See ¶ 13, § 4, chap. 194, L. 1849.

Poor divided among towns of Caneadea and Orrinsburgh, Allegany county.

Chapter 121

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 18, L. 1824; chap. 289, L. 1825; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

(1824)
Chapter 123

Poor divided among towns of Taghkanick and Copake, Columbia county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 126

Incorporating "The Managers of the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents in the City of New York," and empowering them to establish a house of refuge. Annual reports to be made.

See chap. 107, L. 1825; chap. 24, L. 1826; chap. 302, L. 1829; chap. 144, L. 1833; chap. 391, L. 1853; chap. 241, L. 1860; chap. 172, L. 1865; chap. 285, L. 1865; chap. 359, L. 1873; chap. 384, L. 1878; 3 R. S. (first edition), p. 435; chap. 410, L. 1882; chap. 546, L. 1896.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO INCORPORATE THE SOCIETY FOR THE
REFORMATION OF JUVENILE DELINQUENTS IN THE
CITY OF NEW-YORK.

CHAPTER 126, LAWS OF 1824.

Whereas by the petitions of several inhabitants of the city of New-York, it is represented that they are desirous of establishing a society and house of refuge, for the reformation of juvenile delinquents in the said city, and have prayed to be incorporated; Therefore,

I. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly*, That all such persons as now are, or hereafter shall become subscribers to the said association, pursuant to the by-laws thereof, shall be, and hereby are constituted a body corporate and politic, by the name of "The Managers of the Society for the reformation of Juvenile Delinquents in the city of New-York;" and by that name they shall have perpetual succession, and being in law capable of suing and being sued, defending and being defended, in all courts and places, and in all manner of actions and causes whatsoever; and may have a common seal, and change the same at their pleasure; and shall be capable in law, by that name and style, of purchasing, holding and conveying any estate, real or personal, for the use of the said corporation: *Provided*, That such real estate shall never exceed the yearly value of ten thousand dollars, nor be applied to any other purposes than those for which this incorporation is formed.

II. *And be it further enacted*, That the estate and concerns of the said corporation shall be conducted by a board of thirty managers to be elected by a plurality of ballots of the members resident in the city of New-York, being subscribers as aforesaid, and present at such election, yearly on the third Monday in November, at such place in the said city, and at such time of the day, as the board of managers may from time

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to time appoint, and of which public notice shall be given; and if any vacancy shall occur by the resignation, removal or otherwise, of any one of the said board, the same shall be filled for the remainder of the year by such person or persons, being subscribers as aforesaid, as the board for the time being, or a major part of them, shall appoint; and until the election on the third Monday in November, in the year one thousand eight hundred and twenty-five, the following persons shall compose the said board of managers, to wit: Cadwallader D. Colden, John Griscom, John Duer, Jonathan W. Wainwright, Isaac Collins, Thomas Eddy, Ansel W. Ives, John T. Irving, John L. Hyde, Cornelius Dubois, James W. Gerard, Joseph Curtis, John Stearns, Ralph Olmstead, Robert F. Mott, Stephen Allen, Henry J. Wyckoff, Samuel Cowdrey, John Targee, Arthur Burtis, Joseph Grinnell, Hugh Maxwell, Henry Mead, Peter A. Jay, Gilbert Coutant, Cornelius R. Duffey, and James Lovett: and it is hereby further enacted, That no manager of the said society shall receive any compensation for his services.

III. *And be it further enacted*, That if the annual election shall not take place on the stated day for that purpose, the said corporation shall not thereby be dissolved, but the members of the said board shall continue in office until a new election, which shall be had at such time and place, and after such notice, as the said board shall prescribe; and in case of an equality of votes for any one or more persons, as a member or members of the said board of managers, the said board shall determine which of such persons shall be considered as elected, and such person or persons shall take his or their seats, and act accordingly.

IV. *And be it further enacted*, That the said managers shall have power, in their discretion, to receive and take into the house of refuge to be established by them, all such children, who shall be taken up or committed as vagrants, or convicted of criminal offenses, in the said city, as may in the judgment of the court of general sessions of the peace, or of the court of oyer and terminer, in and for the said city, or of the jury before whom any such offender shall be tried, or of the police magistrates, or of the commissioners of the alms-house and bridewell of the said city, be proper objects; and the said managers shall have power to place the said children committed to their care, during the minority of such children at such employments, and to cause them to be instructed in such branches of useful knowledge, as shall be suitable to their years and capacities; and they shall have power in their discretion, to bind out the said children, with their consent, as apprentices or servants, during their minority, to such persons, and at such places, to learn such proper trades and employments, as in their judgment will be most for the reformation and amendment, and the future benefit and advantage

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of such children: *Provided*, That the charge and power of the said managers, upon and over the said children, shall not extend, in the case of females, beyond the age of eighteen years.

V. *And be it further enacted*, That all and singular the clauses and provisions in the act entitled "An act concerning apprentices and servants," relating to the covenants to be inserted in the indentures of apprentices and servants, made by the overseers of the poor, and the provisions of the sixth, ninth, tenth, eleventh, twelfth, and thirteenth sections, of the last mentioned act, shall apply to the apprentices and servants, and the persons to whom they may be bound, under and by virtue of this act.

VI. *And be it further enacted*, That the said managers under this act, may from time to time make by-laws, ordinances and regulations, relative to the management and disposition of the estate and concerns of the said corporation, and the management, government, instruction, discipline, employment, and disposition of the said children, while in the said house of refuge, or under their care, not contrary to law, as they may deem proper and may appoint such officers, agents, and servants as they may deem necessary to transact the business of the said corporation, and may designate their duties: And further, That the said managers shall make an annual report to the legislature, and to the corporation of the city of New-York, of the number of children received by them into the said house of refuge, the disposition which shall be made of the said children by instructing or employing them in the said house of refuge, or by binding them out as apprentices or servants, the receipts and expenditures of the said managers, and generally all such facts and particulars as may tend to exhibit the effects, whether advantageous or otherwise, of the said association.

VII. *And be it further enacted*, That this act shall be and is hereby declared a public act, and that the same shall be construed in all courts and places, benignly and favorably, for every humane and laudable purpose therein contained.

VIII. *And be it further enacted*, That the legislature may at any time hereafter, alter, modify, or repeal this act.

Chapter 128

Poor divided in towns of Chenango and Conklin, Broome county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 129

Poor divided in towns of Plattsburgh and Saranac, Clinton county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 132

Poor divided in towns of Spencer and Cayuta, Tioga county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Health commissioners may employ chaplain or chaplains at Marine hospital on State Island. (1824)
Chapter 137

Not revised by R. S. See 3 R. S. (first edition), p. 234.

Moiety of penalty for illegal fishing in Crooked lake and Seneca lake to go to use of poor. Chapter 138

See chap. 65, L. 1826; chap. 71, L. 1828.

Moiety of penalty for illegal fishing in Thompson or Guernsey ponds in town of Stanford, Dutchess county, to go to use of poor. Chapter 139

See chap. 216, L. 1822; ¶ 13, § 4, chap. 194, L. 1849.

Poor divided in towns of Ellington and Gerry, Chautauqua county. Chapter 146

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 157, L. 1819; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Moiety of penalties for illegal fishing in certain waters in Rensselaer and Columbia counties to go to use of poor. Chapter 157

See ¶ 13, § 4, chap. 194, L. 1849.

Moiety of penalties for illegal fishing in certain waters in Westchester, Putnam and Dutchess counties to go to use of poor. Chapter 160

See chap. 142, L. 1821; chap. 216, L. 1822.

Poor divided in towns of Reading and Starkey, Yates county. Chapter 171

See chap. 64, L. 1728; chap. 35, L. 1826; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Penalty for illegal fishing in waters in town of Pine Plains, Dutchess county, to go to use of poor. Chapter 182

See chap. 216, L. 1822; ¶ 13, § 4, chap. 194, L. 1849.

Repealing first section of chapter 223, Laws of 1823, as to fishing in Lake George. Chapter 184

See chap. 223, L. 1823; ¶ 13, § 4, chap. 194, L. 1849; 3 R. S. (first edition), p. 338; not revised by R. S.

Establishing board of health in village of Brooklyn. Chapter 201

Fines for failure of boarding house keepers and of masters of vessels to make certain reports of diseases to be paid to board of health for support of public hospital.

See chap. 195, L. 1816; §§ 24, 33 and 63; chap. 155, L. 1827; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

(1824)
Chapter 215

Amending excise law as to New York city. License fees and penalties to be applied for support of poor.

See chap. 164, L. 1801; chap. 196, L. 1825; chap. 280, L. 1827; chap. 302, L. 1829; chap. 186, L. 1831; chap. 628, L. 1857; chap. 175, L. 1870; chap. 537, L. 1881.

Chapter 238

Fines imposed upon witnesses and jurors for failure to attend court when summoned, in law suits, to go to use of poor. Exemption from execution against persons having families to support.

See chap. 164, L. 1801; chap. 164, L. 1812; chaps. 96 and 104, L. 1813; chap. 94, L. 1818; chap. 101, L. 1819; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 245

Appropriation of \$1,000 annually for two years to the president and directors of the Eye Infirmary of the City of New York. Institution to make annual reports to Legislature.

See chap. 128, L. 1822; chap. 293, L. 1826; § 2, chap. 294, L. 1834; § 2, chap. 315, L. 1837; § 2, chap. 245, L. 1842.

Chapter 257

Grass river in St. Lawrence county declared a public highway. Moiety of penalties for neglect of dam owners to provide sluiceways, etc., to go to use of poor.

See ¶ 13, § 4, chap. 194, L. 1849; chap. 210, L. 1854; R. S. (first edition), p. 264; not revised by R. S.

Chapter 274

Moiety of penalty for illegal fishing in Elk creek, in towns of Maryland and Westford, Otsego county, to go to use of poor.

Not revised by R. S. See 3 R. S. (first edition), p. 338; ¶ 13, § 4, chap. 194, L. 1849.

Chapter 282

Moiety of penalty for allowing horses, cattle, sheep and hogs to run at large on certain beaches in Suffolk county to go to use of poor.

See 3 R. S. (first edition), p. 474; not revised by R. S. See § 2, chap. 87, L. 1834.

Chapter 288

Poor divided in towns of Otsego, Richfield and Springfield, Otsego county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 101, R. L. 1813; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 309

Poor divided in towns of Avon and Rush, Livingston and Monroe counties.

See chaps. 63 and 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Act to provide for the establishment of county poor-houses in each county.

(1824)
Chapter 331

See chap. 31, L. 1788; chap. 78, R. L. 1813; chaps. 2, 122 and 190, L. 1825; chaps. 10, 146, 147, 200 and 254, L. 1826; chap. 7, L. 1828, 2d meeting; ¶ 425, § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting; chap. 110, L. 1829.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF
COUNTY POORHOUSES.

CHAPTER 331, LAWS OF 1824.

I. Be it enacted by the People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, That it shall be the duty of the board of supervisors of each county in this State (the counties of Genesee, Yates, Greene, Washington, Rensselaer, Queens, Essex, New York, Montgomery, Suffolk, Schoharie, Chautauqua, Cortland, Dutchess, Orange, Allegany, Richmond, Monroe, Sullivan, Cattaraugus, Kings, Putnam, Delaware, Franklin, Oswego, Otsego, Columbia, St. Lawrence, Rockland, Albany, Tompkins, Tioga, Schenectady, Seneca, Madison, Onondaga, Oneida and Ulster, excepted), at their next meeting after the passing of this act, to direct the purchase of one or more tracts of land, not exceeding the quantity of two hundred acres, and thereon build and erect for the accommodation, employment and use of the said county, one or more suitable buildings, to be denominated the poorhouse of the county of
and to defray the expense of such purchase and building, raise by tax on estates real and personal, of the freeholders and inhabitants of the same county, a sum not exceeding the sum of seven thousand dollars, by such instalments and at such times as may be ordered by the board of supervisors, to be assessed and collected in the same manner as the other county charges are assessed and collected, which money, when collected, shall be paid over by the treasurer of said county to said supervisors, or such persons as they shall for that purpose designate, to be applied to defraying the expenses aforesaid.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the supervisors of said county, at their meeting on the first Tuesday of October, annually, to choose and appoint, by plurality of votes, not less than five persons, who shall be denominated superintendents of the poorhouse of the county of
who shall, until the first Tuesday of October next thereafter, take upon themselves, and have the exclusive charge, management, direction and superintendence of said poorhouse, and of everything relating to the same; and shall and may, from time to time, with the approbation and consent of a majority of the judges of the county courts of such county, make, ordain and establish such prudential rules, regulations and

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by-laws, for the well ordering of the same, and the employment, relief, management and government of the persons therein placed, and the officers and servants therein employed, and the correction of the refractory, disobedient and disorderly, by solitary confinement therein, and feeding them on bread and water only, as they shall deem expedient for the good government of the same; and shall and may, from time to time, appoint and employ a suitable person to be keeper of the same house, and necessary servants under him, and the same keeper and servants remove at pleasure, or otherwise, if they shall deem it more advisable; and it shall be lawful for the said superintendents to contract with some suitable person for the support of those persons who are placed in said poorhouse, who shall give a bond to said superintendents, with sufficient sureties, for the faithful performance of his contract, and who shall and may be authorized to employ the persons so committed to his charge, in like manner as if he was appointed keeper of said poorhouse.

III. *And be it further enacted*, That whenever, after the said poorhouse shall be completed, any poor person in any city or town of the same county shall apply for relief, the said overseer of the poor of such city or town shall make application to a justice of the peace of said county, which said justice and overseer shall enquire into the state and circumstances of the person so applying for relief as aforesaid; and if it shall appear to the said justice and overseer of the poor, that such person is in such indigent circumstances as to require relief, it shall be their duty (unless the sickness of the pauper prevent) instead of ordering relief in the manner directed in and by the twenty-fifth section of the act entitled "An act for the relief and settlement of the poor," to issue his warrant under his hand, directed to any constable of such city or town, whose duty it shall be to execute the same, thereby requiring said constable forthwith to take such poor person so applying for relief, and remove him or her to said poorhouse, and there deliver him or her to the care of the keeper of the same house, to be relieved and provided for as his or her necessities shall require; and he or she shall be discharged therefrom by order of the superintendents of the same house, or some one of them: *And further*, That in case the said superintendent, by a resolution to be passed by a majority of the board, shall give permission, and so long and no longer, as such permission shall be continued, it shall and may be lawful for any justice of the peace of said county, whenever a disorderly person, under or within the meaning of the act entitled "An act for apprehending and punishing disorderly persons," instead of the punishment directed by the same act, by warrant under his hand and seal, to commit such disorderly person or persons to said poorhouse, into the custody of the keeper thereof, there to be kept at hard labor for any time not exceeding six

months, unless sooner discharged therefrom by order of such superintendents or a majority of them; in which warrant it shall be sufficient to state and set forth generally, that such person has been duly convicted of being a disorderly person, without more particular specification of the offence.

IV. *And be it further enacted*, That it shall and may be lawful for the overseers of the poor of any town or city in said county, to take up any child under the age of fifteen years, who shall be permitted to beg or solicit charity from door to door, or in any street or highway of such city or town, and carry or send him or her to said poorhouse, there to be kept and employed, and instructed in such useful labor as he or she shall be able to perform, and supported until discharged therefrom by order of said superintendents, whose duty it shall be to discharge such child as soon as he or she shall be able to provide for himself or herself.

V. *And be it further enacted*, That it shall be lawful for the keeper of said poorhouse, to require and compel all persons committed to his care or custody in the same by virtue of this act, to perform such work, labor and service, towards defraying the expense of their maintenance and support, as they shall severally be able to perform, or said superintendent shall from time to time direct; and in case any such person shall neglect or refuse to perform the work, labor and service required of him or her, or shall at any time refuse or neglect any rule, regulation or by-law, which shall as aforesaid be made and established by said superintendents, for the well ordering and government of the persons committed or placed in said poorhouse, or shall at any time depart therefrom, until he or she shall be regularly and duly dismissed and discharged therefrom; in each and every such case, it shall and may be lawful for the keeper of the same house, to place and keep each and every such person in solitary confinement in some part of the same house, and feed him, her or them, with bread and water only, until he or she shall submit to perform the same labor, work and service, and obey, conform and observe the rules, regulations and bylaws aforesaid; or for such time as said keeper shall judge proportioned to his or her respective offence or offences: *Provided however*, That every such person who shall think himself or herself aggrieved by the conduct of such keeper towards them, may and shall be permitted to make his or her complaint to said superintendents, or any one of them, who shall immediately examine into the grounds of such complaint, and make such order and direction in the case as to him or them shall appear fit and proper; which order shall be final and conclusive in the case.

VI. *And be it further enacted*, That the expense of supporting and maintaining such persons as shall or may be sent to or placed in said poorhouse pursuant to the provisions of this act, and all expenses incident to keeping, maintaining and govern-

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ing said poorhouse, shall be a charge upon said county; and it shall and may be lawful for the supervisors of said county, to cause such sum as shall remain unpaid at the end of each year, and may be necessary to defray the same expenses, to be annually assessed and collected by a tax on the estates, real and personal, of the freeholders and inhabitants of the same county, in the proportion to the number and expenses of paupers the several towns respectively shall have in the said poorhouse; which monies, when collected, shall be paid by the collectors of the several cities and towns in the said county, into the hands of the treasurer of such county, subject to the orders of said superintendents, to be by them applied to the paying and defraying of the same expenses.

VII. *And be it further enacted*, That the said superintendents may, at the expense of said county, from time to time, purchase and procure such raw materials to be wrought and manufactured by the persons in said poorhouse; and shall and may at all times sell and dispose of the produce of the labor of the same persons, in such manner as they shall judge conducive to the interests of said county; and it shall be the duty of the said superintendents annually, at the meeting of the supervisors of said county, on the first Tuesday of October in each year, to account with the board of supervisors of the said county, for all monies by them received and expended as such superintendents, and pay over any such monies remaining in their hands, as such superintendents, unexpended, to the superintendents who shall then be chosen and appointed in their stead.

VIII. *And be it further enacted*, That no person shall be removed as a pauper, out of any city or town, to any other city, town or county, by any order of removal and settlement; but the county where such person shall become sick, infirm and poor, shall support him; and if he be in sufficient health to gain a livelihood, and still become a beggar or vagrant, then he shall be treated as a disorderly person: *Provided*, That nothing herein contained shall prevent the removal of any pauper from one city or town to any other city or town in the same county.

IX. *And be it further enacted*, That if any person or persons shall hereafter send, carry or transport, or cause to be sent, carried or transported, any pauper or paupers, or other poor and indigent person or persons, from and out of any town in any county of this State, into any town in any other county, with intent to charge such other town or county with the maintenance and support of such pauper or paupers, poor and indigent persons, such offense shall be deemed and adjudged a misdemeanor; and such person or persons so offending, on conviction thereof before any court of competent jurisdiction, be punished, by fine in a sum not exceeding one hundred dollars, or imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months, or both, in the discretion of said court.

X. *And be it further enacted*, That if any board of supervisors, or a majority of them, in any of those counties heretofore excepted, shall, at any of their annual meetings hereafter, determine that it will be beneficial to their county to erect a county poorhouse, that by filing such determination with the clerk of said county, they shall be at liberty to avail themselves of the provisions of this act.

(1824)

Report of Secretary of State in 1824 on the Relief and Settlement of the Poor. (Assembly Journal, February 9, 1824.)

This report was made by Secretary of State J. V. N. Yates, in obedience to concurrent resolutions of the Senate and the Assembly of the 16th and 18th of April, 1823, instructing the Secretary of State among other things "to collect from the several towns, cities and counties of this State, such information as would be necessary to give a distinct view of the expenses and operation of the laws for the relief and settlement of the poor, and also such information from other States, with respect to their poor laws, as would show the effect of these systems and suggest improvements in our own; and that he communicate an abstract or digest of such information to the Legislature."

This valuable and interesting document giving many details with relation to the maintenance of the poor in this State at the date mentioned, is republished in Volume I, of the 34th Annual Report of the State Board of Charities, made to the Legislature of 1900.

Amending Chapter 331, Laws of 1824, providing for establishment of county poorhouses.

48th session
1825
Chapter 2

See chap. 331, L. 1824.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO AMEND THE ACT, ENTITLED "AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF COUNTY POOR HOUSES," PASSED 27th NOVEMBER, 1824.

CHAPTER 2, LAWS OF 1825.

I. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly*, That the supervisors of the several counties in this state, which are included in the act, entitled "an act to provide for the establishment of county poor houses," passed 27th November, 1824, shall perform the duties required of them by the first section of the said act, at their next annual meeting after the passing of this act, or at any extra meeting which the supervisors of any or either of

(1825)

the said counties shall hold previous thereto in pursuance of this act.

II. *And be it further enacted*, That it shall be lawful, and it is hereby made the duty of the clerks of the several boards of supervisors in the respective counties aforesaid, at any time after the next annual town meeting, upon the written request of any three or more of the supervisors of such county, to appoint a time and place for holding such extra meeting, giving to each and every supervisor of such county, at least six days notice of such meeting by a written notice, designating the time, place and object of such extra meeting, to be served personally upon such supervisor, or left at his place of residence in case of his absence.

Chapter 11

Poor divided in towns of Friendship and Bolivar, Allegany county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 12

Poor divided in towns of Walkill, Minisink, Deerpark and Calhoun, Orange county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 163, L. 1801; chap. 101, R. L. 1813; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting; chap. 63, L. 1833.

Chapter 15

Poor divided in towns of Lyons and Arcadia, Wayne county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 48

Poor divided in towns of Oswegatchie, DeKalb and DePeyster, St. Lawrence county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 49

Poor divided in towns of Richland, Sandy Creek and Albion, Oswego county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 53

Poor divided in towns of Ellicott and Carroll, Chautauqua county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 67

Continuing act passed March 28, 1810, incorporating the New York African Society for Mutual Relief for fifteen years longer.

See chap. 82, L. 1810.

Chapter 72

License fees under excise law relative to village of Gibbonsville to be paid to overseers of poor of town of Watervliet.

See chap. 164, L. 1801; chap. 257, L. 1823; chap. 245, L. 1829; § 28, chap. 233, L. 1836.

Poor divided in towns of Delhi, Walton and Hampden, Delaware county.

(1825)
Chapter 73

See chap. 64, L. 1788; § 4, chaps. 78 and 247, L. 1826; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Poor divided in towns of Otsego and Exeter, Otsego county.

Chapter 92

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 163, L. 1801; chap. 101, R. L. 1813; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Act to encourage destruction of wolves, Chapter 26, Laws 1822, extended to boards of supervisors of St. Lawrence, Allegany and Cattaraugus counties.

Chapter 95

See chap. 26, L. 1822; § 3, chap. 181, L. 1823; ¶ 430, § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Act providing for taking future enumerations of inhabitants of this State. Numbers of deaf and dumb, idiots and lunatics to be returned by enumerators.

Chapter 100

Repealed by ¶ 431, § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Appropriation of \$2,000 annually for five years to managers of Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents in New York City.

Chapter 107

See chap. 126, L. 1824.

Counties of Saratoga, Erie, Broome and Livingston also excepted from all provisions of Chapter 331, Laws 1824, except privileges under last section thereof.

Chapter 122

See chap. 331, L. 1824.

Supervisor of town of Brooklyn with consent of overseers of the poor may sell former poorhouse at auction.

Chapter 139

Act reincorporating the "German Society of the City of New York."

Chapter 151

See chap. 64, L. 1804.

Moiety of penalty for illegal fishing in certain ponds in Westchester county to go to use of poor.

Chapter 157

Not revised. See 3 R. S. (first edition), p. 339.

Division of poor funds in towns of Hadley, Edinburgh, Corinth and Concord, Saratoga county.

Chapter 163

Repealed by § 2, chap. 316, L. 1825.

Act for instruction of indigent deaf and dumb (Chapter 234, Laws 1822) extended to April 30, 1831.

Chapter 166

(1825)

Power of directors to fill vacancies in scholarships. Appropriation to directors of central asylum. Two scholarships from each senatorial district at yearly expense of \$80 each may be received by central asylum in same manner as New York Institution for Instruction of Deaf and Dumb.

See chap. 234, L. 1822; chap. 189, L. 1823; chap. 170, L. 1830; chap. 142, L. 1831; 3 R. S. (first edition), pp. 422 and 433; not revised.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT EXTENDING AND SUPPLEMENTARY TO CERTAIN ACTS PROVIDING FOR THE INDIGENT DEAF AND DUMB WITHIN THIS STATE.

CHAPTER 166, LAWS OF 1825.

I. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly*, That the act, entitled "An act for the instruction of the indigent deaf and dumb within this state," passed April the 16th, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-two, shall be, and the same is hereby extended for the term of five years from and after the first day of May, in the year eighteen hundred and twenty-six; and that all and singular the provisions and rights therein contained, and the regulations therein directed, shall be required to be observed, kept and performed, saving and excepting such parts thereof as are hereby and herein altered or amended.

II. *And be it further enacted*, That whenever and as often as there shall have been notice given in all or any one of the senatorial districts of this state, for any vacancy or vacancies of scholars for said institution, in any district or districts, and no pupil or pupils, scholar or scholars, shall apply for the purpose of filling such vacancy, it shall and may be lawful for the directors of the said institution to take in a scholar from any other district, to fill such vacancy or vacancies, in the same manner and on the same terms as if the scholar so received and selected had have come from the district where the vacancy or vacancies may have occurred.

III. *And be it further enacted*, That the term of the scholars for an education at the institution aforesaid, shall and may be extended to four years; at the expiration of which term of time, and after the same is fully ended, such scholar shall cease to be educated and maintained as provided by the act aforesaid.

IV. *And be it further enacted*, That there shall be allowed and paid to the directors of the Central Asylum, out of the treasury of this state, a sum equal to all the debts due from the said directors, and to be applied by them in payment there-

of: *Provided*, The monies so allowed and paid shall not exceed the sum of eight hundred dollars.

(1825)

V. *And be it further enacted*, That the president and directors of the said Central Asylum for the instruction of the deaf and dumb of this state, shall and may be permitted to take and receive from each senatorial district of this state, two scholars into their institution, at the yearly expense of eighty dollars for each scholar, in the same manner that is directed of and concerning scholars to be taken into the New-York institution for the instruction of the deaf and dumb, by the act hereby amended, as well as to fill up vacancies according to the provisions herein contained; and that the said sum of eighty dollars per annum, shall be paid to the directors of the said Central Asylum, in the same manner as is provided for the payment of indigent scholars in the institution in the city of New-York, aforesaid.

Division of poor in towns of Pompey and LaFayette,
Onondaga county.

Chapter 178

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 313, L. 1827; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Amending Chapter 331, Laws 1824, act to provide
for establishment of county poorhouses.

Chapter 190

See chap. 78, R. L. 1813; chap. 331, L. 1824; repealed by 440, § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO AMEND THE ACT, ENTITLED "AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF COUNTY POOR HOUSES," PASSED NOVEMBER 27, 1824.

CHAPTER 190, LAWS OF 1825.

I. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly*, That in case any person chargeable or likely to become chargeable as a pauper to any city, town or county, within this state, has been or shall be clandestinely or fraudulently removed or enticed to remove from any city or town, to any other city or town within this state, not being in the same county, it shall and may be lawful, on complaint of any overseer of the poor of such city or town, to any two justices of the peace of such city, town or county, for such justices, by their warrant, to remove such person who has or is likely to become chargeable as aforesaid, back to the city or town from which such person shall have been so clandestinely or fraudulently removed or enticed to remove, as to his last place of legal settlement, in manner provided by the seventh section of the act, entitled "An act for the relief and settlement of the poor," passed April 8, 1813, anything in the act hereby amended, to the contrary notwithstanding.

(1825)

II. *And be it further enacted*, That a child or children born in any county poor house, or house of industry, which now is or hereafter may be, by any law of this state, erected or used as a residence for the poor of any county or town, shall not be considered or held by such place of birth, to have gained a legal settlement in the city or town where the said county poor house, or house of industry may be situated, unless the father of such child, if legitimate, and the mother of such child, if illegitimate, shall, at the time of the birth of any such child, have a legal settlement in such city or town.

III. *And be it further enacted*, That any child born while the mother is a county pauper, actually chargeable to any county in this state, shall be and remain a county pauper of the county where the mother, at the time of its birth was so chargeable, until the said child shall have gained for itself a legal settlement in some other city or town, and the fact of any such child being born in any city or town in the county where its mother may be chargeable as a county pauper, shall not make such child a resident of any such city or town.

Chapter 196

Amending excise law as to New York city.

See chap. 215, L. 1824.

Chapter 201

New York city to levy tax of \$168,000 to support poor.

See chap. 86, R. L. 1813; chap. 148, L. 1823.

Chapter 210

Division of poor in towns of Williamson and Winchester, Wayne county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 213, L. 1826; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 215

Expenses of certain criminal prosecutions in Richmond county to be charged to Marine Hospital.

See chap. 176, L. 1827; repealed by ¶ 443, § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 221

Division of poor in towns of Constantia and Hastings, Oswego county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 264

Division of poor in towns of Rushford and Haight, Allegany county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 274

Incorporating "The Rope Makers' Benevolent Society of Brooklyn."

Chapter 278

Reincorporating the Society in the City of New York for the Relief of Poor Widows with Small Children, incorporated by act passed April 5, 1810.

Division of poor in towns of Massena and Brasher,
St. Lawrence county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 212, L. 1827; chap. 333, L. 1828;
chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Supervisors of Greene county authorized to borrow
\$5,000 to erect county poorhouse.

(1825)
Chapter 301

49th session
1826
Chapter 2

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE SUPERVISORS OF THE
COUNTY OF GREENE TO BORROW A SUM OF MONEY,
ON THE CREDIT OF SAID COUNTY, FOR THE PUR-
POSE OF ERECTING A COUNTY POOR-HOUSE.

CHAPTER 2, LAWS OF 1826.

*I. Be it enacted by the People of the State of New-York, repre-
sented in Senate and Assembly, That the supervisors for the
time being of the county of Greene, be and hereby are author-
ized to borrow, on credit of said county, such sum or sums of
money as they or a majority of them shall deem necessary,
not exceeding in all the sum of five thousand dollars, for the
purpose of purchasing a sufficient quantity of ground within
the said county, and erecting thereon suitable buildings for
the dwelling and maintenance of the poor of said county; and
the treasurer of the said county of Greene is hereby author-
ized and required to issue his bond, under the seal of the said
county, for such sum or sums as may be borrowed, pursuant
to the provisions of this act.*

*2. And be it further enacted, That the supervisors for the
time being of the county of Greene, are hereby authorized
and required to levy a tax on the real and personal property
within the said county, at such time or times as they may
deem proper, for the purpose of repaying the amount borrowed
by authority of this act, with the interest thereon: Provided,
That all sums they borrow, with the interest thereon, shall
be paid within five years after the passing of this act.*

Moiety of penalties for illegal fishing in certain
ponds in town of Carmel, Putnam county, to go to
use of town poor.

Chapter 7

Act exempting all poorhouses from taxation.

Chapter 10

See chap. 331, L. 1824; ¶ 459, § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d
meeting.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO EXEMPT POOR-HOUSES FROM TAXATION.

CHAPTER 10, LAWS OF 1826.

*Be it enacted by the people of the state of New York, repre-
sented in Senate and Assembly, That from and after the passing*

- (1826) of this act, it shall not be lawful to assess or tax any city, county or town poor-house or almshouse, in any of the counties of this state, nor any real or personal property whatever belonging to, or connected with the same.
- Chapter 16 Moiety of penalty for neglect to maintain ferry from Union Springs to Fayette, across Cayuga lake, to go to use of poor.
- Chapter 20 Division of poor in towns of Covert and Lodi, Seneca county.
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 246, L. 1826; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Chapter 22 Division of poor in towns of Painted Post, Erwin and Hornby, Steuben county.
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Chapter 24 Amending Chapter 126, Laws 1824, incorporating Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents in the City of New York.
See chap. 71, L. 1823; chap. 126, L. 1824; 3 R. S. (first edition), p. 437; chap. 546, L. 1896.
- Chapter 25 Changing the name of the Free School Society of New York to the "Public School Society of New York" and providing that said society shall so far as its means will permit, educate all children in the city of New York, not otherwise provided for, irrespective of the religious sect or denomination to which such children or their parents may belong and whether such children are proper objects of gratuitous education or not.
- Chapter 28 Division of poor in towns of Conewango and Randolph, Cattaraugus county.
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Chapter 56 Division of poor in towns of Wolcott, Rose, Butler and Port Bay, Wayne county.
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Chapter 73 Division of poor in towns of Fallsburgh, Thompson and Neversink, Sullivan county.
- Chapter 77 Incorporating "New York House Carpenters' Architectural and Benevolent Association."

- Division of poor in towns of Ossian and Burns, Alle-
gany county. (1826)
Chapter 78
- New York city to levy tax to support poor. Chapter 92
- Trustees of New York Society for Promoting Manu-
mission of Slaves, may charge tuition fees without
affecting their right to draw from common school fund. Chapter 95
- Division of poor funds in towns of Avon and Rush,
Monroe county. Chapter 102
- See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 309, L. 1824.
- Amending act to prevent horse racing. Same con-
tinued to March 30, 1837. Chapter 108
- See chap. 193, L. 1821; 3 R. S. (first edition), p. 452; not
revised.
- Act relative to poor in Genesee county. Chapter 146
- See chap. 331, L. 1824; chap. 216, L. 1825; chap. 21, L. 1828,
2d meeting; chap. 121, L. 1839.
- Act authorizing establishment of county poorhouse
in Schenectady county. Chapter 147
- See chap. 78, R. L. 1813; chap. 331, L. 1824; chap. 2, L. 1825;
chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A
COUNTY POOR-HOUSE IN THE COUNTY OF SCHE-
NECTADY, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

CHAPTER 147, LAWS OF 1826.

Whereas the mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city
of Schenectady, and the trustees of the towns of Glenville and
Rotterdam, and the supervisors of the county of Schenectady,
have represented to the legislature, that the said mayor, alder-
men and commonalty and the said trustees, in order to pro-
mote the establishment of a county poor-house in said county,
are willing, in case a law should be passed authorizing the
same, to sell and convey the alms-house and farm now belong-
ing to them, to the said supervisors; but that as the said coun-
ty is excluded from the operation of the act for the establish-
ment of county poor-houses, passed November twenty-seventh,
eighteen hundred and twenty-four, the supervisors thereof
cannot avail themselves of the provisions of the said act,
except at their annual meeting, and have prayed legislative
aid in the premises: Therefore,

1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of New-York, repre-
sented in Senate and Assembly, That it shall and may be lawful
for the board of supervisors of said county to avail them-*

(1826)

selves of the provisions of the said act in the manner directed by the last section thereof, immediately from and after the passage of this, and that for that purpose, or any other, relative to the management, government or superintendence of the poor-house of said county when established, extra meetings of the said board may be convened in the mode prescribed in and by the said second section of the act to amend the act to provide for the establishment of county poor-houses, passed January nineteen, eighteen hundred and twenty-five.

2. *And be it further enacted*, That it shall and may be lawful for the mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the said city, and the trustees of the said towns of Rotterdam and Glenville, in the county aforesaid, at any time after the passing of this act, and they are hereby authorized to sell and convey by deed, the alms-house and the lands appertaining thereto, upon such terms as they shall deem expedient and proper, to the board of supervisors of the county of Schenectady, for a county poor-house: *Provided however*, That no such sale or conveyance shall be made unless two thirds of the members composing the common council of said city and two thirds of the members of each of the respective boards of trustees belonging to the said towns of Glenville and Rotterdam, shall consent and agree to such conveyance and sale.

3. *And be it further enacted*, That it shall be the duty of the supervisors of the said county, at their first meeting after the establishment of a county poor-house therein, and at each and every of their annual meetings thereafter, to appoint not less than three nor more than five persons, to be denominated "Superintendents of the poor-house of the county of Schenectady," who shall hold their offices until the next annual meeting of the said board of supervisors to be held after such appointment, and who, under the directions hereinafter mentioned, shall have the management and superintendence of the said poor-house, and everything relating thereto, and shall be vested with all the power and authority by the said act conferred upon superintendents of poor-houses, excepting the making of the rules, regulations and by-laws mentioned in the second section of the said act, which rules, regulations and by-laws the board of supervisors of the said county are hereby authorized and required from time to time, to make, ordain and establish.

4. *And be it further enacted*, That it shall and may be lawful for any justice or justices of the peace of said county, after due examination into the circumstances and condition of indigent applicants for relief, to order temporary relief in the manner directed by the twenty-fifth section of the act to provide for the relief and settlement of the poor, instead of sending such applicants in all cases (excepting sickness) to the county poor-house, as directed by the third section of the act to provide for the establishment of county poor-houses.

(1826)

5. *And be it further enacted*, That the said city and each town in the said county shall support and maintain its own poor, and that it shall be compulsory on each, to place their poor, distinguished as town or city poor, in said county poor-house, and that the expense of maintaining and supporting such poor as shall be sent or placed in said county poor-house, by said city or any town in said county, shall be paid by the city or town to which such poor shall belong; that the monies for the support of such poor shall be raised as is directed by the twenty-third section of the act, entitled "an act for the relief and settlement of the poor," passed eighth April, eighteen hundred and thirteen; and the overseer of the poor of each of the several towns shall pay for the support of the number of paupers each of said towns respectively shall have in the county poor-house, out of the money raised by the respective towns, or appropriated by law for the support and maintenance of the poor, if sufficient money shall be in their hands, to the superintendents, or any one of them, which sum or sums so paid, the superintendents shall place to the credit of the town or towns by whom the same was paid, in a book or books to be kept for that purpose; but that all the expenses incident to the establishing, keeping, maintaining and governing said county poor-house, as also the expense and relief of such persons as are denominated county poor, shall be a charge upon said county, and be raised, levied and collected in like manner as other county charges, instead of being paid in proportion to the number and expenses of paupers the several towns respectively shall have in the said county poor-house, as provided by the sixth section of the act for the establishment of county poor-houses, which monies when collected shall be paid by the several collectors into the hands of the treasurer of said county, to be received and applied by the said superintendents under such rules, regulations and by-laws as the said board of supervisors shall from time to time make, establish and ordain.

Amending charter of village of Buffalo. Excise license fees to go to overseers of poor of town of Buffalo.

Chapter 152

See chap. 33, R. L. 1813; chap. 258, L. 1822; § 7, chap. 224, L. 1829; § 66, chap. 179, L. 1832.

Act amending act to prevent injury by dogs. (Chapter 62, Laws 1801.) Tax collectors to pay dog tax to county treasurers to be applied toward satisfying damages from dogs killing sheep and residue to go to town overseers of the poor.

Chapter 161

See chap. 62, L. 1801; ¶ 474, § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

(1826)
Chapter 180

Act incorporating "Assistance Society of the City of New York for Charitable Purposes," passed February 17, 1810, continued to December, 1841.

Chapter 185

Albany city charter amendments. Common Council to appoint overseers of poor and determine amount of poor tax to regulate almshouse. Excise license fees to go to use of poor, except \$500 annually to Albany Lancaster school.

See chap. 164, L. 1801; chap. 55, L. 1812; chap. 72, L. 1813; chaps. 151, 267 and 310, L. 1827; chap. 164, L. 1828; chap. 297, L. 1830; chap. 260, L. 1831; chap. 45, L. 1832; chap. 173, L. 1833; chap. 39, L. 1836; chap. 358, L. 1837; chap. 105 and 240, L. 1839; chap. 369, L. 1840; chaps. 77, 145 and 156, L. 1841; chap. 275, L. 1842.

Chapter 200

Niagara, Steuben and Wayne counties also excepted from act to provide for establishment of county poor-houses (Chapter 331, Laws 1824), except privileges of tenth section thereof.

Chapter 212

Authorizing courts of common pleas to regulate the fisheries in their respective counties. Moiety of penalties for violation of such court orders to go to use of poor.

See chap. 65, R. L. 1813; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting, ¶ 553, § 1.

Chapter 222

Act for safety of passengers in steamboats and of travelers by land and by water. Moiety of penalty for illegal driving on public highways or turnpike roads to go to use of poor.

See chap. 175, L. 1828; repealed by chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting; ¶ 478, § 1, chap. 537, L. 1881.

Chapter 226

Saratoga Springs village charter. Moiety of excise license fees collected by village trustees to be paid to overseers of the poor of town of Saratoga.

See chap. 164, L. 1801; chap. 33, R. L. 1813; chap. 40, L. 1829; chap. 148, L. 1836; 40, L. 1843; chap. 186, L. 1844; chap. 211, L. 1846; chap. 237, L. 1847; chap. 21, L. 1848; chap. 167, L. 1851; chap. 271, L. 1853; chap. 244, L. 1854; chap. 109 and 127, L. 1858; chap. 407, L. 1859; chap. 15, L. 1862; chap. 96, L. 1863; chap. 39, L. 1864; § 69, chap. 220, L. 1866.

Moiety of penalty for illegal fishing in Little lake, in towns of Cobleskill and Carlisle, Schoharie county, to go to use of poor.

See 3 R. S. (first edition), p. 340; not revised.

(1826)
Chapter 227

Incorporating "St. Andrew's Society of the State of New York."

Chapter 236

Division of poor funds between towns of Hamburg and Evans, Erie county.

Chapter 237

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Amending Chapter 331, Laws 1824, providing for establishment of county poorhouses.

Chapter 254

See chap. 11, L. 1801; chap. 331, L. 1824; chap. 7 and ¶ 481, § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Moiety of penalty for neglect to maintain ferry across Seneca lake from Goodwin's Point to Hector, to go to use of poor.

Chapter 265

Division of poor between towns of Gerryville, Pembroke and Shelby, Genesee and Orleans counties.

Chapter 269

See chaps. 63 and 64, L. 1788; chap. 64, L. 1802; chap. 305, L. 1828; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Amending charter of Mechanics' Humane Association of Troy; same extended to January, 1860.

Chapter 279

See §§ 8-12, chap. 235, L. 1808.

Continuing appropriation to the Eye Infirmary of the City of New York per Chapter 245, Laws 1824, for five years from April 12, 1826.

Chapter 293

Providing for appointment of superintendents of county poorhouse in county of Saratoga.

50th session
1st meeting
1827
Chapter 1

See chap. 331, L. 1824.

Division of poor funds in towns of Troupsburgh, Canisteo, Greenwood and Jasper, Steuben county.

Chapter 20

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Division of poor funds in towns of German, Lincklaen and Pitcher, Chenango county.

Chapter 39

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Incorporating "The Society of the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick in City of New York."

Chapter 42

(1827)
Chapter 54

Division of poor funds in towns of Beekman, Freedom and Union Vale, Dutchess county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 163, L. 1801; chap. 101, R. L. 1813; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 59

Division of poor funds in towns of Nunda, Portage and Church Tract, Allegany county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 73

Continuing act incorporating the "Wilberforce Philanthropic Association," passed June 8, 1812, to June 8, 1843.

See chap. 111, L. 1812.

Chapter 84

Authorizing board of supervisors of Westchester county to raise \$3,000 additional to build a county poorhouse.

See chap. 331, L. 1824; chap. 14, L. 1828; chap. 97, L. 1829; chap. 15, L. 1830.

Chapter 89

Division of poor funds in towns of Brutus and Sennett, Cayuga county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 90

Incorporating "The New York Female Asylum for Lying-in Women."

See chap. 719, L. 1893.

Chapter 97

Appropriating \$10,000 for erection of an asylum for the deaf and dumb, in New York City or Brooklyn, provided the directors of Institution for Deaf and Dumb in New York City raise same amount therefor, payable to "New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb." Payment of expense of indigent pupils provided for.

See 3 R. S. (first edition) p. 433; not revised; see ¶ 500, § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 99

Section 1. Authorizing erection of additional buildings and improvements to Greene County poorhouse.

§ 2. Authorizing overseers of poor in several towns of this State, with consent of a justice of the peace, to afford temporary relief to the poor, without sending such poor to county houses.

See chap. 331, L. 1824.

The full text of this act is as follows:

(1827)

AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE ERECTION OF ADDITIONAL BUILDINGS AND OTHER IMPROVEMENTS TO THE GREENE COUNTY POOR-HOUSE, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

CHAPTER 99, LAWS OF 1827.

1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly,* That a majority of the Board of supervisors of the county of Greene, for the time being, be, and they are hereby authorized to erect, or cause to be erected, such additional buildings and improvements to the poor-house, in said county, for the support of the poor therein, as they may deem needful; and to levy and collect the amount of money necessary to defray the expenses of such improvements, as a contingent charge of the said county: *Provided however,* That the expenditure for said additional buildings and improvements shall not exceed three thousand dollars.

2. *And be it further enacted,* That it shall and may be lawful for the overseers of the poor of the several towns of this state, by and with the directions and consent in writing of any justice of the peace in such town, at their discretion, to afford temporary relief or support to any poor person in their respective towns, without being compelled to send such poor person or persons to the county poor-house, pursuant to the third section of the act to provide for the establishment of county poor-houses, passed November 27, 1824.

Division of poor funds in towns of Palatine and Ephratah, Montgomery county.

Chapter 122

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Prohibiting spearing of pike in Hudson river between Fort Miller dam and Waterford. Moiety of penalty to go to use of poor.

Chapter 127

Repealed by ¶ 502, § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Division of poor funds in towns of Rossie, Morristown and Hammond, St. Lawrence county.

Chapter 131

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Amending Hudson city charter, passed March 31, 1815. Penalty for offense against ordinances regulating puppet shows and circus riding, to go to use of poor.

Chapter 139

See chap. 114, L. 1815; chap. 192, L. 1819.

Act to levy a tax in town of Root, Montgomery county, and pay moneys collected to overseers of the poor.

Chapter 142

(1827)
Chapter 146

Division of poor funds in towns of Holland and Col-
den, Erie county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 22, L. 1828; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d
meeting.

Chapter 155

Brooklyn village charter amended (section 8). Ex-
cise license fees go to overseers of the poor of town of
Brooklyn. (Sections 26 and 27.) Quarantine regula-
tions. (Sections 28, 29 and 30.) Public hospital.

See chap. 95, L. 1816; chap. 318, L. 1827; chap. 204, L. 1828;
chap. 79, L. 1830; chaps. 274 and 304, L. 1831; chap. 319, L.
1833; § 72, chap. 92, L. 1834; chap. 239, L. 1845; § 9, T. 13,
chap. 47, L. 1849.

Chapter 166

Act relative to the poor in county of Saratoga, abol-
ishing distinction between county and town paupers;
hereafter all paupers to be county paupers. Excise
duties to be paid by county treasurer to superintend-
ent of county poorhouse.

See chap. 331, L. 1824; repealed by ¶ 505, § 1, chap. 21, L.
1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 169

Charter of village of Vernon, Oneida county. (Sec-
tion 15.) Excise license fees to be paid to overseers
of poor of town of Vernon.

See chap. 287, L. 1833; chap. 173, L. 1844; chap. 150, L. 1853.

Chapter 183

Division of poor funds in towns of Fowler and
Edwards, St. Lawrence county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 189

Establishing a ferry across Cayuga lake from Lav-
ana to Roumbus. (Section 6.) Moiety of penalty for
neglect to maintain ferry to go to use of poor.

See chap. 41, L. 1828.

Chapter 197

Abolishing distinction between town and county
poor in Warren county.

Section 9. This act also may apply to Washington,
Ontario, Cayuga and Herkimer counties.

See chap. 331, L. 1824; chaps. 7 and 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 213

Division of poor funds in towns of Lisle and Union,
Broome county.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 163, L. 1801; chap. 101, R. L.
1813; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Division of poor funds in towns of Whitestown and
New Hartford, Oneida county. (1827)
Chapter 213

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

New York city to levy tax to support poor. Chapter 220

See chap. 86, R. L. 1813; chap. 262, L. 1823.

Amending charter of village of Cazenovia, Madison
county. Excise license fees to be paid to overseers
of poor of town of Cazenovia. Chapter 222

See chap. 12, L. 1810; § 43, chap. 116, L. 1859.

Division of poor funds in towns of Paris and Kirk-
land, Oneida county. Chapter 223

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Regulating the culling of staves and heading in
Albany county. Moiety of forfeitures to go to use of
Albany city poor. Chapter 235

See chap. 36, R. L. 1813; chap. 58, L. 1823; ¶¶ 152 and 516,
§ 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Amending Chapter 177, Laws 1817, amending act for
relief and settlement of the poor. Persons bringing
paupers to a place where they have not a legal settle-
ment to be fined \$50 for use of poor fund. Chapter 245

See chap. 177, L. 1817; ¶¶ 80 and 518, § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828,
2d meeting.

Williamsburgh village charter (Kings county). Chapter 260

Section 16. Excise license fees to go to overseers of
the poor of town of Bushwick.

See chap. 164, L. 1801; chap. 102, L. 1835; chap. 390, L. 1836;
chap. 164, L. 1837; chap. 297, L. 1839; § 71, chap. 180, L. 1844;
chap. 249, L. 1862.

Penalty for selling liquor in New York city with-
out license to go to use of city poor. Chapter 280

See chap. 215, L. 1824; chap. 628, L. 1857; chap. 175, L. 1870;
chap. 537, L. 1881.

Division of poor funds in towns of Niagara and
Pendleton, Niagara county. Chapter 285

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Amending charter of trustees of First Protestant
Episcopal Charity School in New York City. Chapter 289

See chap. 52, L. 1806.

(1827)
Chapter 294

Act respecting lunatics. Duties of overseers of the poor in cases of illegal confinement. Maintenance of lunatics.

See chap. 117, L. 1821; ¶ 525, § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT RESPECTING LUNATICS.

CHAPTER 294, LAWS OF 1827.

1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly,* That all warrants which shall be hereafter issued, pursuant to the sixth section of the act for apprehending and punishing disorderly persons, shall direct the person named in such warrant to be safely confined in such secure place as may be provided by the overseers of the poor to whom the same shall be directed, within the town or city of which such overseers may be officers, or within the county in which such town or city may be situated, or in the county poor-house, in those counties wherein such houses are established, or in the lunatic asylum in the city of New-York; and it is hereby made the duty of the overseers of the poor to whom such warrant shall be directed, to procure a suitable place, according to the directions of the said warrant, as herein prescribed.

2. *And be it further enacted,* That no lunatic or mad person, nor any person disordered in his or her senses, shall be confined in the same room with any person charged with or convicted of any criminal offence.

3. *And be it further enacted,* That if any lunatic or mad person, or any person disordered in his or her senses, shall be confined in any other manner or place than such as are prescribed in this act, the overseer of the poor, constable, keeper of the gaol, or other person offending in the premises, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred and fifty dollars, or to imprisonment not exceeding one year, or to both, in the discretion of the court before which such conviction shall be had.

4. *And be it further enacted,* That no person who by reason of lunacy is furiously mad, or so far disordered in his or her mind, as to be dangerous if permitted to go at large, shall be committed to any prison or gaol, or house of correction, as a disorderly person.

5. *And be it further enacted,* That whenever any lunatic or mad person shall be confined pursuant to law, upon the application of any overseer of the poor, the father and mother, grand-father and grand-mother, and the children and grandchildren, being of sufficient ability, of such lunatic or mad person, shall be liable for the expenses incurred by such over-

seers in arresting, confining, and maintaining such person, in the same manner and to the same extent as if such lunatic was a pauper, within the provisions of the fourth section of the "act to amend an act for the relief and settlement of the poor," passed 10th March, 1821; and the said overseer shall have the like remedies for the collection of the said expenses as are provided in and by the said section: *Provided*, That if such lunatic is possessed of any real or personal property, the same shall be first applied to defray such expenses: *And provided also*, That no relative shall be liable as aforesaid, who shall at his or her own costs and charges, provide a suitable place for the confinement of such lunatic, and shall confine and maintain such lunatic in such manner as shall be approved by the overseers of the poor of the town; and in such case it shall not be lawful to remove such lunatic from the custody of his or her relatives, who shall so provide for such lunatic or mad person.

(1827)

To prevent sale of tickets of unauthorized lotteries, etc. Moiety of license fees received by mayor of New York to be paid to managers of the Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb, and license fees received by mayors of Albany, Troy and Schenectady, to go to use of poor, and in Hudson for benefit of Hudson Lancaster School.

Chapter 300

See chap. 206, L. 1819; chap. 101, L. 1828; ¶ 527, § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Division of poor funds in towns of Pomfret, Hanover and Sheridan, Chautauqua county.

Chapter 307

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Division of poor funds in towns of Yorkshire and Machias, Cattaraugus county.

Chapter 309

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Act to prevent kidnapping.

Chapter 312

See ¶ 528, § 1, chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Division of poor funds in towns of Cicero and Clay, Onondaga county.

Chapter 320

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 211, L. 1831; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Amending Geneva village charter. Grocery license fees to be paid to overseers of the poor of the town of Seneca.

Chapter 322

See chap. 81, L. 1825; § 47, chap. 338, L. 1837.

2d meeting

1827

Revised Statutes.

Part I

Chapter 3 of cen-
sus or enumera-
tion of the in-
habitants of the
StateChapter 9, title 7,
sec. 6

Section 7. Each marshal, in every town and ward, shall return statistical information prescribed as to deaf and dumb, idiots and lunatics and what number thereof are supported by charity.

The marine hospital at Staten Island placed under care of commissioners of health of New York city.

See chap. 324, L. 1825; chap. 4, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 10, title 6,
art. 2, of the
militia

Section 24. Courts-martial may remit fines imposed for deficiency in arms or equipment, of any delinquent in any infantry company, whom the court shall adjudge to be so poor as not to be able to furnish himself therewith.

Chapter 11 of
towns, title 1,
art. 2

Section 4. On division of towns, town lands to be divided by supervisors and overseers of the poor.

§ 5. Similar division to be made when part of a town is annexed to another.

§ 6. If no agreement as to division of lands can be made, the lands to be sold and proceeds divided by same officers.

§ 7. Money and personal property of towns, on division or alteration thereof, to be apportioned by same officers.

§ 8. Meetings of town officers under this article, how called.

§ 9. Town cemeteries excepted from such division.

§ 10. Town debts to be apportioned.

§ 11. Gospel and school lots also excepted.

Title 2 of town
meetings, art. 1

Section 3. There shall be chosen at the annual town meeting in every town, two overseers of the poor.

§ 6. The electors of each town bound to support its own poor, shall have power, at their annual town meeting, to direct such sum to be raised for the support of town poor for ensuing year, as they may deem necessary. And any town may raise any money necessary to defray any charges existing against their overseers of the poor.

§ 7. Special town meetings may be held to raise moneys for support of poor and other purposes.

(1827)

Section 2. Overseers of the poor shall be chosen by ballot.

Title 3, art. 1 of election of town officers

Section 11. No person eligible to any town office unless he be an elector of the town.

Art. 2 of qualification of town officers

§ 13. Every overseer shall take constitutional oath of office.

§ 14. Officer administering oath shall do so without charge.

§ 15. Oath to be filed within eight days thereafter in town clerk's office.

§ 16. Neglect to take and file oath to be deemed a refusal to serve.

§ 25. Any person chosen or appointed to office of overseer of the poor who shall refuse to serve shall forfeit \$50 to the town.

§ 31. If town neglect to choose, justices of peace to appoint.

Art. 3 of vacancies in town offices

§ 32. Appointment, where filed.

§ 33. Resignation of town officers, how accepted.

§ 34. Special town meeting to supply vacancies in offices of overseers of the poor, caused by refusal to serve, death, resignation, removal from town or incapacity.

§ 35. Otherwise justices to appoint.

Section 1. The supervisor of each town shall receive and pay town moneys except those raised for support of poor, etc.

Title 4, duties and compensation of town officers, art. 1

§ 46. Board of town auditors shall examine accounts of overseers of the poor for moneys received and disbursed by them.

Art. 5

§ 47. Board, when to meet.

§ 48. Accounts so audited, to be filed with town clerk.

§ 50. Overseers of the poor to receive \$1 for each day actually and necessarily devoted by them in their duties.

Art. 6

(1827)
Title 5 of legal
proceedings in
favor of and
against towns

Section 2. Towns shall sue or be sued by its name except where town officers shall be authorized to sue in their name of office, for the benefit of the town.

§ 8. Costs recoverable in actions by or against town officers and judgments against town officers in actions by or against them in their name of office shall be a town charge.

Title 6, sec. 2.
Town charges,
what are

Section 3. Accounts for compensation of town officers shall be presented to the county board of supervisors.

§ 4. Moneys to defray town charges to be raised by taxation.

§§ 5, 6, 7, 8, 9. On expirations of term of office of overseers of poor, their records, papers, books and moneys on hand to be delivered to their successors in office.

Title 7

Moiety of rent of common lands, beaches and marshes in town of Oyster Bay, Queens county, to be paid by supervisor to overseers of the poor.

Chapter 12 of
counties, title 4

Section 3. County charges enumerated: include (9) moneys expended by county officers where no specific compensation is provided by law; (11) charges for services rendered by justices of the peace under the laws of relief and settlement of county poor; (12) sums necessarily expended in each county, in support of county poorhouses and of indigent persons whose support is chargeable to the county, and (16) any other sum directed by law to be raised for any county purpose, under the direction of a board of supervisors.

§ 4. Accounts for county charges of every description shall be presented to the board of supervisors of the county, to be audited by them.

§ 6. In Richmond county the expense of certain criminal prosecutions of contributors to Marine Hospital fund, non-resident of that county, to be paid out of Marine Hospital fund.

Section 4. The following property shall be exempted from taxation: * * * 4. Every poorhouse, almshouse, house of industry, and every house belonging to a company incorporated for the reformation of offenders, and the real and personal property belonging to or connected with the same. 6. All stocks owned by * * * literary or charitable institutions. 7. The personal estate of every incorporated company not made liable to taxation on its capital, in the fourth title of this chapter.

(1827)
Chapter 13 of taxation, title 1

Section 37. The warrant of the board of supervisors to the town collectors shall direct the collector to pay to the overseers of the poor of the town, if there be no county poorhouse or other place provided in the county for the reception of the poor, such sum as shall have been raised for the support of the poor in such town, and after certain other town charges, to pay balance to county treasurer. If warrant be directed to collector of a ward, to direct all moneys collected, after deducting commission, to be paid to county treasurer.

Title 2, art. 3

Section 6. Collector to pay over moneys as directed by warrant.

Title 3, art. 1

§ 13. Proceedings in case of collector's neglect.

§ 14. Duty of sheriff on warrant against collector.

§ 8. Health commissioner in the city of New York shall receive all moneys appropriated to maintain hospital and disburse same under bond.

Chapter 14 of the public health, title 1

§ 9. He shall account monthly therefor to board of health in New York city.

Section 67. Board of health empowered to send sick persons coming to New York contrary to their regulations, to marine hospital or elsewhere.

Title 2, art. 5

Section 4. Board of health or mayor of New York may send to marine hospital or elsewhere all non-resident sick in New York of any malignant or contagious fever.

Title 3, art. 1

- (1827)
Art. 3. Section 18. All rags, skins and hides brought into New York City contrary to provisions of this section, to be seized and sold for use of marine hospital.
- Title 4. Of the marine hospital and its funds.
- Title 5. All fines, forfeitures and penalties imposed in this chapter shall form part of funds of marine hospital.
- Title 6. Section 21. All fines and forfeitures imposed under health laws under this title, relating to the village of Brooklyn, to be paid to board of health of that village, for support of a public hospital therein.
- Chapter 15 of public instruction, title 1, art. 6. Of the foundation and government of Lancasterian and select schools.
- Title 2, art. 5. Section 85. Indigent persons sending children to common schools exempted from liability to furnish their proportion of fuel.
- Art. 7. Sections 137 and 139. Common schools moneys allowed to city of Hudson to be paid to Hudson Lancaster School for education of poor children of that city.
- Section 152. Lancaster schools in Albany, Hudson and Schenectady to make annual reports to superintendent of common schools.
- Sections 159, 160. Flatbush town school moneys to be paid to trustees of the Academy of Erasmus Hall to to applied to education of poor children therein, sent to the academy.
- Title 3. Of the duties of the superintendent of common schools in relation to the instruction of the deaf and dumb.
- Chapter 17 of the regulation of trade in certain cases, title 1, auctioneer's sales. Section 40. Forfeitures under this title to go to county treasurer for use of county poor.
- Title 2, art. 1, inspection of flour and meal. Section 17. Moiety of penalty for selling flour and meal improperly branded to go to use of city or town poor.
- Art. 13. Sections 195, 196. Every penalty imposed for violation of each article of this title regulating inspection of flour and meal, beef and pork, pot and pearl

ashes, fish, fish oil, lumber, culling of staves and heading, flaxseed, sole leather, hops, distilled spirits and leaf tobacco, not otherwise specially appropriated, to go to city or county treasurer for use of poor.

Section 197. Inspectors under this title to report to legislature.

Section 6. Penalty for peddling without license to go to use of town poor.

Title 4 of hawk-
ers and ped-
dlers.

Section 7. Penalty for peddler refusing to exhibit license to go to use of town poor.

§§ 8 and 9. Proceedings thereon. Moneys collected on warrant against offender to go to overseer of town.

Title 1. Of the relief and support of indigent persons.

Chapter 20 of the
internal police
of this State.

The full text of this title is as follows:

CHAPTER 20, LAWS OF 1827.

Title 1. OF THE RELIEF AND SUPPORT OF INDIGENT PERSONS.

Section 1. The father, mother, and children, who are of sufficient ability, of any poor person who is blind, old, lame, impotent or decrepit, so as to be unable by work to maintain himself, shall, at their own charge, relieve and maintain such poor person, in such manner as shall be approved by the overseers of the poor of the town where such poor person may be.

§ 2. Upon any failure of any such relative so to relieve and maintain any such poor person, it shall be the duty of the overseers of the poor of the town where such poor person may be, to apply to the court of general sessions of the peace of the county where such relative may dwell, for an order to compel such relief; of which application, at least fourteen days' notice, in writing, shall be given, by serving the same personally, or by leaving the same at the last place of dwelling of the individual to whom the same may be directed, in case of his absence therefrom, with some person of mature age.

§ 3. The court to which the said application may be made, shall proceed in a summary way to hear the allegations and proofs of the parties, and shall order such of the relatives aforesaid of such poor person as appear to be of sufficient ability, to relieve and maintain such person, and shall therein specify the sum which will be sufficient for the support of such poor person, to be paid. And the said court shall therein direct the relative or relatives, who shall perform that duty, in the following order: The father shall be first required to

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maintain such poor person; if there be none, or he be not of sufficient ability, then the children of such poor person; if there be none, or they be not of sufficient ability, then the mother.

§ 4. If it shall appear that any such relative is unable wholly to maintain such poor person, but is able to contribute towards his support, the court may, in its discretion, direct two or more relatives, of different degrees, to maintain such poor person, and shall prescribe the proportion which each shall contribute for that purpose; and if it shall appear that the relatives liable as aforesaid, are not of sufficient ability wholly to maintain such poor person, but are able to contribute something, the court shall direct the sum, in proportion to their ability, which such relatives shall pay weekly for that purpose.

§ 5. Such order may specify the time during which the relatives aforesaid shall maintain such poor person, or during which any of the said sums so directed by the court shall be paid, or it may be indefinite, and until the further order of the court. The court may from time to time, vary such orders, whenever circumstances shall require it, on the application, either of any relative affected thereby, or of any overseers of the poor of the town, upon fourteen days' notice being given.

§ 6. The costs and expenses of such application, shall be ascertained by the court, and paid by the relatives against whom any order may be made; and the payment thereof, and obedience to the order of maintenance, and to any order for the payment of money, may be enforced by process of attachment.

§ 7. If any relative who shall have been required, by such order, to relieve or maintain any poor person, shall neglect to do so, in such manner as shall be approved by the overseers of the poor of the town where such poor person may be, and shall neglect to pay to such overseers weekly the sum prescribed by the court for the support of such poor person, the said overseers may maintain an action, as for monies had and received, against such relative, and shall recover therein the sum so prescribed by the said court for every week the said order shall have been disobeyed, up to the time of such recovery, with costs of suit, for the use of the poor.

§ 8. Whenever the father, or mother being a widow or living separate from her husband, shall abscond from their children, or a husband from his wife, leaving any of them chargeable or likely to become chargeable upon the public for their support, the overseers of the poor of the town where such wife or children may be, may apply to any two justices of the peace of any county in which any estate, real or personal, of the said father, mother, or husband, may be situated, for a warrant to seize the same. Upon due proof of the facts aforesaid, the said justices shall issue their warrant, authorizing the

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said overseers to take and seize the goods, chattels, effects, thing in action, and the lands and tenements of the person so absconding.

§ 9. By virtue of such warrant, the said overseers may seize and take the said property, wherever the same may be found, in the same county; and shall be vested with all the right and title to the said property, which the person so absconding had, at the time of his or her departure. All sales and transfers of any personal property left in the county from which such person absconded, made by him, after the issuing of such warrant, whether in payment of an antecedent debt, or for a new consideration, shall be absolutely void. The overseers shall immediately make an inventory of the property so seized by them, and return the same, together with their proceedings, to the next court of general sessions of the peace of the county where such overseers reside, there to be filed,

§ 10. The said court, upon inquiring into the facts and circumstances of the case, may confirm the said warrant and seizure, or may discharge the same; and if the same be confirmed, shall, from time to time, direct what part of the personal property shall be sold, and how much of the proceeds of such sale, and of the rents and profits of the real estate, if any, shall be applied towards the maintenance of the children or wife of the person so absconding.

§ 11. If the party against whom such warrant shall issue, return and support the wife or children so abandoned, or give security satisfactory to any two justices of the town, to the overseers of the poor of the town, that the wife or children so abandoned shall not become, or thereafter be, chargeable to the town or county, then such warrant shall be discharged, by an order of such justices, and the property taken by virtue thereof, shall be restored to such party.

§ 12. The overseers shall sell at public vendue, the property so ordered to be sold, and shall receive the rents and profits of the real estate of the person so absconding, and in those towns which are required to support their own poor, the overseers shall apply the same to the maintaining, bringing up and providing for the wife, child, or children so left and abandoned, and for that purpose shall draw on the county treasurer for the said proceeds, as herein after directed. They shall account to the court of general sessions of the peace, for all monies so received by them, and for the application thereof, from time to time, and may be compelled, by the said court, to render such account at any time.

§ 13. In those counties where all the poor are a charge upon the county, the superintendents of the poor shall be vested with the same powers, rights and authority, as are herein before given to the overseers of the poor of any town, in respect to compelling relatives to maintain paupers, and in respect to the seizure of the property of any parent abscond-

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ing and abandoning his or her family, and shall be entitled to the like actions and remedies in their names, and shall perform the duties herein before required of overseers, and subject to the same obligations and control.

§ 14. Every poor person who is blind, lame, old, sick, impotent, or decrepit, or in any other way disabled, or enfeebled, so as to be unable by his work to maintain himself, shall be maintained by the county or town in which he may be, according to the following provisions:

§ 15. It shall be the duty of the boards of supervisors within the several counties of this state, except the county of New-York, within one year after this Title becomes a law, to appoint not less than three, or more than five, discreet freeholders of their respective counties, to be superintendents of the poor within such county, who shall hold their offices for one year, and until others shall be appointed in their places, and who shall take the oath prescribed in the constitution. A majority of the persons so appointed shall be at all times competent to transact business, and to execute any powers vested in the board of superintendents. They shall be allowed such sum for their actual attendance and services, as the board of supervisors of their county shall deem reasonable.

§ 16. They shall be a corporation by the name of the Superintendents of the Poor of the county for which they shall be appointed, and shall possess the usual powers of a corporation for public purposes: they shall meet as often as the supervisors of the county shall direct, at the county poor-house, if there be one, or at the place of holding courts in their county, or at one of the places of holding courts, if there be more than one, and at such other times and places as they shall think expedient: they shall have a general superintendence and care of the county poor who may be in their respective counties; and shall have power, and it shall be their duty,

1. To provide suitable places for the keeping of such poor, when so directed by the supervisors of any county, where houses for that purpose have not been erected by the county; and for that purpose, to rent a tenement or tenements, and land not exceeding fifty acres, and to cause the poor of the county to be maintained in such places:

2. To establish and ordain prudential rules, regulations and by-laws, for the government and good order of such places so provided, and of the county poor-houses, and for the employment, relief, management and government of the persons therein placed; but such rules and regulations shall not be valid, until sanctioned by a majority of the judges of the county courts of such county, in writing:

3. To employ suitable persons to be keepers of such houses or places, and all necessary officers and servants, and to vest such powers in them for the government of such houses as shall be necessary, reserving to the paupers who may be placed under the care of such keepers, the right of appeal to the superintendents:

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4. In the counties where a poor-house is erected, or other place provided for the poor, to purchase the furniture, implements, and materials that shall be necessary from time to time for the maintenance of the poor therein, and their employment in labor or manufactures, and to sell and dispose of the proceeds of such labor as they shall deem expedient:

5. To prescribe the rate of allowance to be made to any persons for bringing paupers to the county poor-house or place provided for the poor, subject to such alterations as the board of supervisors may, by a general resolution, make:

6. To authorize the keepers of such houses or places so provided, to certify the amount due to any person for bringing such paupers; which amount shall be paid by the county treasurer, on the production of such certificate, countersigned and allowed by any two superintendents:

7. To decide any dispute that shall arise concerning the settlement of any poor person, summarily, upon a hearing of the parties; and for that purpose, to issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses, and to administer oaths to them in the same manner, with the like power to enforce such process as is given to justices of the peace in any manner cognizable by them: their decisions shall be filed in the office of the county clerk within thirty days after they are made, and shall be conclusive and final upon all parties interested:

8. To direct the commencement of suits by any overseers of the poor who shall be entitled to prosecute for any penalties, or upon any recognizances, bonds, or securities taken for the indemnity of any town or of the county; and in case of the neglect of any such overseer, to commence and conduct such suits, without the authority of such overseers, in their names:

9. To draw from time to time on the county treasurer for all necessary expenses incurred in the discharge of their duties, which drafts shall be paid by him out of the monies placed in his hands for the support of the poor:

10. To render to the board of supervisors of their county, at their annual meeting, an account of all monies received and expended by them, or under their direction, and of all their proceedings:

11. To pay over all monies remaining in their hands, within fifteen days after the expiration of their office, to the county treasurer, or to their successors.

§ 17. The board of supervisors of any county in this state, in which a county poor-house is not already erected, may, at any annual or special meeting thereof, determine to erect such house for the reception of the poor of their county; and upon filing such determination with the clerk of the county, they may direct the superintendents of the poor of such county to purchase one or more tracts of land not exceeding two hun-

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dred acres, and to erect thereon one or more suitable buildings for the purpose aforesaid. To defray the expenses of such purchase and buildings, the said board may raise by tax on the real and personal estate of the inhabitants of the same county, a sum not exceeding seven thousand dollars, by such instalments and at such times as they may judge expedient. The said tax shall be raised, assessed and collected in the same manner as the other county charges, and shall be paid by the county treasurer to the superintendents of the poor of the county, to be applied in defraying the expenses aforesaid.

§ 18. The superintendents of county poor-houses, that have been erected, or shall be erected pursuant to any law, shall be superintendents of the poor of their counties respectively, and shall possess all the powers and be subject to all the regulations herein before specified in relation to such superintendents.

§ 19. All monies which shall be received by the commissioners of excise in any town or city, of any county in which the supervisors shall have determined to abolish the distinction between town poor and county poor, shall be by them paid over to the county treasurer, within thirty days after the receipt thereof: and they shall at the same time deliver a certified copy of the resolutions of the board of excise, by which the sum to be paid for licenses by grocers, tavern-keepers or others, shall be fixed. Any commissioner of excise neglecting the said duty, or any part thereof, shall forfeit fifty dollars, to be recovered by and in the name of the superintendents of the poor of the county; and shall also be liable to an action by and in the name of the county treasurer, for all monies received by them, with the interest thereon from the time the same should have been paid over.

§ 20. All monies which shall be collected by overseers of the poor of any town in a county where the poor are all a county charge, from the relatives of any poor person bound to contribute to his support; or from the sale of any personal property, or the rents and profits of the real property, of any person who shall abscond, leaving a wife or children; or received for any fines, penalties or forfeitures, which by law are directed to be applied to the support of the poor; or collected on any bond or other security that shall be given for the benefit or indemnity of any town, or of the overseers or inhabitants of such town; and all other monies which shall be received by such overseers in their official capacity, shall be by them paid over within thirty days after the receipt of the same, to the county treasurer, for the benefit of the poor; and if not so paid, the same may be recovered in an action to be brought by and in the name of the county treasurer, with interest, at the rate of ten dollars on the hundred, for a year, from the time the same should have been paid.

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§ 21. In those counties where the supervisors shall determine to abolish the distinction between town poor and county poor, and to have all the poor a county charge, it shall be the duty of the clerk of the board of supervisors, immediately to serve notice of such determination on the overseers of the poor of every town in the county. Within three months after the service of such notice, the overseers of the poor of every town, shall pay over all monies which shall remain in their hands, after discharging all demands against them as such overseers, to the county treasurer, to be applied by him towards the future taxes of such town. In case of neglect to pay over such monies, the county treasurer may maintain an action therefor, in which he shall recover interest on the monies withheld, from the time they should have been paid over.

§ 22. In those counties in which the distinction between county poor and town poor prevails, the excise money collected in any town, and all penalties given by law to the overseers of the poor, when received, shall be applied to the use of the poor of the town in which such money and penalties shall be collected.

§ 23. In the counties of Warren, Washington, Saratoga, and Genesee, poor persons entitled to support as aforesaid, shall be maintained at the expense of the said counties respectively; and all costs and charges attending the examinations, conveyance, support, and necessary expenses of paupers within the said counties respectively, shall be a charge upon the said counties, without reference to the number or expense of paupers which may be sent to the poor-house of said counties, from or by any of the towns therein. The said charges and expenses shall be reported by the superintendents of the poor of the said counties, to the boards of supervisors therein respectively, and shall be assessed, levied and collected of and upon the taxable real and personal estate in the said counties in the same manner as other county charges.

§ 24. The board of supervisors of any county in this state, at any annual meeting, or at any special meeting called for that purpose, may determine to abolish all distinction between county poor and town poor in their counties respectively, and to have the expense of maintaining all the poor a county charge; and upon their filing such determination, duly certified by the clerk of the board, with the county clerk, the said poor shall be maintained, and the expense thereof defrayed in the manner prescribed in the preceding section relative to the counties of Warren, Washington, Saratoga and Genesee.

§ 25. When the supervisors of any county shall have determined to abolish the distinction between county poor and town poor, the clerk of the board shall serve a copy of the resolution making such determination, upon the clerk of each town, village or city, within such county.

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§ 26. After such resolution shall be served, it shall be the duty of the commissioners of excise in the several towns of such county, and of the officers of every city and village therein, to pay over to the treasurer of the county all monies which shall thereafter be received for licenses to tavern-keepers, retailers or grocers, and all monies which shall be recovered as penalties for violating the excise laws, or any other laws, and which are directed to be paid to the overseers of the poor.

§ 27. If any person having in his hands any monies directed to be paid to the county treasurer by the preceding section, shall neglect or refuse to pay the same within thirty days after demand thereof, the county treasurer may maintain an action in his name of office for the recovery thereof, together with interest from the time of such demand.

§ 28. In all the other counties of this state, except the counties of Warren, Washington, Saratoga, Genesee, and those counties of which the board of supervisors shall file the determination aforesaid, the poor having a settlement in any town in such county, shall be supported at the expense of such town, and the poor not having such settlement shall be supported by the county in which they may be.

§ 29. Every person of full age who shall be a resident and inhabitant of any town for one year, and the members of his family who shall not have gained a separate settlement, shall be deemed settled in such town. A minor may be emancipated from his or her father, and may gain a settlement,

1. If a female, by being married and living for one year with her husband, in which case the husband's settlement shall determine that of the wife:

2. If a male, by being married and residing for one year separately from the family of his father:

3. By being bound as an apprentice, and serving one year by virtue of such indentures:

4. By being hired and actually serving for one year for wages to be paid to such minor. A woman of full age, by marrying, shall acquire the settlement of her husband, if he have any. And until a poor person shall have gained a settlement in his own right, his settlement shall be deemed that of his father or mother; but no child born in any place used and occupied as a residence for the poor of any town, city or county, shall gain any settlement merely by reason of the place of such birth; nor shall any child born while the mother is a county pauper, gain any settlement by reason of the place of its birth.

§ 30. But no residence of any person as a pauper, in the county poor-house, or place provided for the support of the poor, or in any town while supported at the expense of any other town or county, shall operate to give such pauper a settlement in the town where such actual residence may be had.

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§ 31. No person shall be removed as a pauper from any city or town to any other city or town of the same or any other county, nor from any county to any other county; but every poor person shall be supported in the town or county where he may be, as follows:

1. If he hath gained a settlement in any town in such county, he shall be maintained by such town:

2. If he hath not gained a settlement in the county in which he shall become poor, sick or infirm, he shall be supported and relieved by the superintendents of the poor, at the expense of the county:

3. If such person be in a county where the distinction between town and county poor is abolished, he shall in like manner be supported at the expense of the county, and in both the cases aforesaid, proceedings for his relief shall be had as herein after directed:

4. If such pauper be in a county where the respective towns are liable to support their poor, and hath gained a settlement in some other town of the same county than that in which he may then be, he shall be supported at the expense of the town where he may be, and the overseers shall give notice in writing to the overseers of the town to which such pauper shall belong, or to one of them, requiring them to provide for the relief and support of such pauper.

§ 32. If within ten days after the service of such notice, the overseers to whom the same was directed shall not proceed to contest the allegation of the settlement of such pauper, by giving the notice herein after directed, they, their successors, and the town which they represent, shall be forever precluded from contesting or denying such settlement. They may, within the time aforesaid, give notice in writing to the overseers of the town where such pauper may be, that they will appear before the county superintendents, at a place and on a day therein to be specified, which day shall be at least ten days, and not more than thirty days from the time of the service of such notice, to contest the said alleged settlement.

§ 33. The county superintendents shall convene whenever required by any overseers pursuant to such notice, and shall proceed to hear and determine the controversy, and may award costs not exceeding ten dollars, to the prevailing party, which may be recovered in any action before a court of competent jurisdiction. The decision of the superintendents shall be final and conclusive.

§ 34. The overseers of the poor of the town in which it may be alleged any pauper has gained a settlement, may at any time after receiving such notice requiring them to provide for such pauper, take and receive such pauper to their town and there support him. If they omit to do so, or shall fail to obtain the decision of the county superintendents, so as to exonerate them from the maintenance of such pauper, the charge

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of giving such notice, and the expenses of maintaining such pauper, after being allowed by the county superintendents, shall be laid before the board of supervisors at their annual meetings, from year to year, as long as such expenses shall be incurred; and the supervisors shall annually add the amount of the said charges to the tax to be laid upon the town to which the pauper belongs, together with such sum in addition thereto, as will pay the town incurring such expenses, the lawful interest thereon, from the time of expenditure to the time of repayment, which sums shall be assessed, levied and collected, in the same manner as the other contingent charges of such town. The said monies, when collected, shall be paid to the county treasurer, and be by him credited to the account of the town which incurred the said expenses.

§ 35. The support of any pauper shall not be charged to the county, without the sanction of the superintendents. If a pauper be sent to the county poor-house, or place provided for the poor, as a county pauper, the superintendents in those counties where the respective towns are required to support their own poor, shall immediately inquire into the fact, and if they are of opinion that such pauper has a legal settlement in any town of the said county they shall, within thirty days after such pauper shall have been received, give notice to the overseers of the poor of the town to which such pauper belongs, that the expenses of such support will be charged to such town, unless the said overseers, within such time as the said superintendents shall appoint, not less than twenty days thereafter, show that such town ought not to be so charged. And on the application of the said overseers, the superintendents shall re-examine the matter, and take testimony in relation thereto, and shall finally decide the question; which decision shall be conclusive.

§ 36. In those counties where no county poor-house or other place is provided, no person shall be supported as a county pauper, without the direction of at least one superintendent. In such cases the overseers of the poor of the town where such person may be, shall immediately give notice to one of the superintendents, who shall inquire into the circumstances; and if he is satisfied that such pauper hath not gained a legal settlement in any town of the said county, he shall give a certificate to that effect, and that such pauper is chargeable to the county. He shall report every such case to the board of superintendents, at their next meeting, who may affirm such certificate, or may annul the same, on giving due notice to the overseers of the poor of the town interested, and after hearing the allegations and proofs in the premises.

§ 37. If the superintendent to whom the overseers may have given such notice, shall neglect or refuse to give the certificate aforesaid, the overseers may apply to the board of county superintendents, who shall summarily hear and determine the matter, and whose decision shall be conclusive.

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§ 38. The decisions of the board of county superintendents, in relation to the settlement of any paupers, or to their being a charge upon the county, shall be entered in books to be provided for that purpose, and certified by the signatures of such of the said superintendents as make such decisions; and a duplicate thereof, certified in the same manner, shall be filed in the county clerk's office within thirty days after the making of any such decision. Such original duplicate, or a copy thereof duly certified, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein contained.

§ 39. When any person shall apply for relief to any overseer of the poor, in any county where a poor-house is established, or other place provided for the reception of the poor, such overseers shall inquire into the state and circumstances of the applicant. If it shall appear that the applicant is in such indigent circumstances as to require permanent relief and support, and can be safely removed, the overseers shall, by a written order, cause the poor person to be removed to the county poor-house, or to the place provided as aforesaid, to be relieved and provided for as the necessities of such applicant may require. If the said county be one of those where the respective towns are required to support their own poor, the overseers shall designate in such order of removal whether the pauper be chargeable to the county or not; and if no such designation be made, such pauper shall be deemed to belong to the town whose overseers made such order.

§ 40. The expense of such removal shall be paid on the certificate of the keeper of the poor-house, or other place, countersigned as aforesaid, at the rate that shall have been prescribed by the superintendents; and the overseers shall be allowed such sum as may have been necessarily paid out or contracted to be paid, for the relief or support of such pauper previous to the said removal, as the superintendents shall judge was reasonably expended while it was improper to remove such pauper, which sum shall be paid by the county treasurer on the order of the superintendents, and shall be charged to the county, if such pauper be a county charge, or to the town sending him, if he be not a county charge.

§ 41. The person so removed shall be received by the superintendents, or their agents, and be supported and relieved in the county poor-house, or such other place as shall have been provided, under the direction of the said superintendents, until it shall appear to them that such person is able to work and maintain himself, when the superintendents may in their discretion discharge him.

§ 42. If it shall appear that the person so applying, requires only temporary relief, or is sick, lame, or otherwise disabled, so that he or she can not be conveniently removed to the county poor-house, or to such place as shall have been provided by the county superintendents, the overseers shall apply

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to a justice of the peace of the same town, who shall examine into the facts and circumstances, and shall in writing order such sum to be expended for the temporary relief of such poor person, as the circumstances of the case shall require; which order shall entitle the overseer to receive any sum he may have paid out or contracted to pay, within the amount therein specified from the county treasurer, to be by him charged to the county, if such person be a county charge; if not, to be charged to the town where such relief was afforded; but no greater sum than ten dollars shall be expended or paid for the relief of any one poor person, or one family, without the sanction in writing of one of the superintendents of the poor of the county, which shall be presented to the county treasurer, with the order of the justice.

§ 43. If application for relief be made in any of those counties where no county poor-house, or other place shall have been provided, as aforesaid, for the reception of the poor, the overseers of the poor shall, with the assistance of some justice of the peace of the same town, inquire into the facts and circumstances of the case, and shall make an order in writing for such allowance, weekly or otherwise, as the said justice, and one of the said overseers, shall think required by the necessities of such poor person.

§ 44. If such pauper have a legal settlement in the town where such application is made, or in any other town of the same county, the overseers shall apply the monies so allowed to the relief and support of such pauper; the monies paid by them, or contracted to be paid, pursuant to such order, shall be drawn by them from the county treasurer on producing the said order, out of the funds in his hands belonging to such town.

§ 45. If such pauper has no legal settlement in the same county, the overseers shall immediately give the notice herein before directed, to one of the county superintendents; and until the county superintendents shall take the charge of the support of such pauper, the overseers shall provide for his relief and support, as aforesaid, and the expense thereof from the time of giving such notice to a county superintendent, shall be paid to the said overseers by the county treasurer, on the production of such order and of proof by affidavit, of the time of the giving such notice, and shall be by him charged to the county.

§ 46. Whenever the county superintendents take charge of the support of any county pauper, in those counties where no poor-house is provided, they may authorise the overseers of the poor of the town in which such pauper may be, to continue to support him, on such terms and under such regulations as they shall prescribe, and thereafter no monies shall be paid to the said overseers for the support of such pauper, without the order of the superintendents; or the said superin-

tendents may remove such pauper to any other town, and there provide for his support, in such manner as they shall deem expedient.

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§ 47. In those counties where the respective towns are required to support their own poor, the county treasurers thereof shall respectively open and keep an account with each town, in which the town shall be credited with all monies received from the same, or from its officers, and shall be charged with the monies paid for the support of the poor chargeable to such town. And if there be a county poor-house, or other place provided in such county for the reception of the poor, the superintendents of the poor of the county shall, in each year, before the annual meeting of the board of supervisors of such county, furnish to the county treasurer a statement of the sums charged by them, as herein after directed, to the several towns for the support of their poor, which shall be charged to such towns respectively, by the county treasurer, in his accounts.

§ 48. In those counties in which a poor-house shall be established, or a place provided, by the superintendents, for the reception of the poor, and in which the several towns shall be liable for the support of their poor respectively, it shall be the duty of the superintendents, annually, and during the week preceding the annual meeting of the board of supervisors, to make out a statement of all the expenses incurred by them the preceding year, and of the monies received, and exhibiting the deficiency, if any, in the funds provided for the defraying such expenses; and they shall apportion the said deficiency among the said several towns, in proportion to the number and expenses of the paupers belonging to the said towns, respectively, who shall have been provided for by the said superintendents, and shall charge the said towns with the said proportions; which statement shall be by them delivered to the county treasurer, as before directed.

§ 49. At the annual meeting of the board of supervisors, the county treasurer shall lay before them the account so kept by him; and if it shall appear that there is a balance against any town, the said board shall add the same to the amount of taxes to be levied and collected upon such town, with the other contingent expenses thereof, together with such a sum for interest, at the rate of seven dollars on the hundred, as will reimburse and satisfy any advances that may be made, or that may have been made, from the county treasurer, for such town; which monies, when collected, shall be paid to the county treasurer.

§ 50. The superintendents of the poor in each county shall annually present to the board of supervisors, at their annual meeting, an estimate of the sum which, in their opinion, will be necessary, during the ensuing year, for the support of the county poor; and the said supervisors shall cause such sum

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as they may deem necessary for that purpose, to be assessed, levied and collected, in the same manner as the other contingent expenses of the county, to be paid to the county treasurer, and to be by him kept as a separate fund, distinct from the other funds of the county.

§ 51. In those counties where there are no county-poor houses established, the overseers of the poor of the respective towns shall enter, in books to be provided at the expense of their towns, an account of all matters transacted by them, relating to their official duties; of all monies received by them, specifying from whom, and on what account; of all monies laid out and disbursed by them, to whom, and by what authority, and specifying in each case, whether to county poor or to town poor; the names of all persons applying for relief, and ordered to be relieved as aforesaid; the day and year when they were admitted to have relief; the weekly or other sums of money allowed for that purpose, and the cause of giving such relief.

§ 52. On the Tuesday next preceding the annual town-meeting of every town, the overseers of the poor shall lay the said original books before the board of town auditors, together with a just and true account of all monies by them received and expended for the use of the poor, and in what manner, together with an account of the earnings of the poor persons by them employed; which account shall be verified by the oaths of the overseers, and shall be filed with the town clerk. The board of town auditors shall compare the said account with the entries in the poor books aforesaid; shall examine the vouchers in support thereof, and shall audit and settle the same, and state the balance due from such overseers, or to them, as the case may be. No credit shall be allowed to any overseer for monies paid, unless it shall appear that such payment was made pursuant to a legal order.

§ 53. Every person who, having been an overseer of the poor, shall refuse or neglect to present such original books, or to exhibit such accounts to the board of town auditors, as required in the last section, shall forfeit the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars, to be recovered by and in the name of the overseers of the poor of such town.

§ 54. In those counties where the respective towns are made liable for the support of their poor, it shall be the duty of the town clerk to exhibit at the annual town-meetings, the accounts for the support of the poor therein, the preceding year, as the same shall have been allowed and passed by the board of town auditors, which accounts shall be openly and distinctly read by the clerk of the meeting; and the overseers of the poor shall also present an estimate of the sum which they shall deem necessary to supply any deficiency of the preceding year, and to provide for the support of the poor for the ensuing year.

§ 55. The inhabitants of such town shall thereupon, by a vote of a majority of the persons qualified to choose town

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officers, determine upon the sum of money which shall be assessed upon the said town the ensuing year, for the purpose aforesaid. The sum so voted, when raised and collected, in those counties where a county poor-house, or other place shall have been provided for the reception of the poor, shall be paid to the county treasurer, and by him placed to the credit of the town: in all other counties, the sum so voted by any town, shall be paid to the overseers of the poor thereof.

§ 56. The overseers of the poor in the cities of Albany, Hudson, Troy and Schenectady, shall lay their books before, and render their accounts to the common councils of the said cities respectively, from time to time, as shall be required. The common councils of such of the said cities as shall be liable for the support of their own poor, shall yearly, determine the sum of money to be raised in such cities, respectively, for the support of the poor for the ensuing year; a certified copy of which shall be laid before the board of supervisors of the county, who shall cause the same to be assessed, levied, collected and paid to the county treasurer.

§ 57. The accounts of overseers of the poor, and of justices of the peace, for any personal or official services rendered by them, in relation to the poor, shall be audited and settled by the board of supervisors, and the sums thus audited and allowed, shall be paid by the county treasurer; and if such services were rendered in behalf of any town liable to support its own poor, the same shall be charged to such town. No allowance for time or services shall be made to any officer for attending any board with any accounts, for the purpose of having the same audited or paid.

§ 58. Any person who shall send, carry, transport, remove or bring, or who shall cause to be sent, carried, transported, brought, or removed, any poor or indigent person, from any city, town, or county, to any other city, town, or county, without legal authority, and there leave such poor person, with intent to make any such city, town, or county to which the removal shall be made, chargeable with the support of such pauper, or who shall entice any such poor person so to remove, with such intent, shall forfeit fifty dollars, to be recovered by and in the name of the overseers of the poor of the town to which such pauper shall be brought or removed, or in the name of the superintendents of the poor of the county into which the said poor person shall be removed; and shall, moreover be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction, shall be imprisoned not exceeding six months, or fined not exceeding one hundred dollars, or both, in the discretion of the court.

§ 59. The pauper so removed, brought, or enticed, shall be maintained by the county superintendents of the county where he may be. They may give notice to either of the overseers of the poor of the town from which he was brought or enticed,

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if such town be liable for his support; and if there be no town in the county from which he was brought or enticed, liable for his support, then to either of the county superintendents of the poor of such county, informing them of such improper removal, and requiring them forthwith to take charge of such pauper.

§ 60. The county superintendents, or the overseers to whom such notice may be directed, shall, within thirty days after the service thereof, take and remove the pauper so brought or enticed, to their county or town, and there support him, and pay the expense of such notice, and of the support of such pauper; or they shall, within the said time, by a written instrument under their hands, notify the county superintendents from whom such notice was received, or either of them, that they deny the allegation of such improper enticing or removal, or that their town is liable for the support of such pauper.

§ 61. If there shall be a neglect to take and remove such pauper, and also to notify such denial, within the time above prescribed, the said county superintendents and overseers respectively, whose duty it was so to do, their successors, and their respective counties or towns, shall be deemed to have acquiesced in the allegations contained in such first notice, and shall be forever precluded from contesting the same; and their counties and towns respectively, shall be liable for the expenses of the support of such pauper, which may be sued for and recovered, from time to time, by the county superintendents incurring the said expenses, in actions against the superintendents of the poor of the county, or the overseers of the poor of the town, as the case may be, so liable for such expenses.

§ 62. Upon the service of any such notice of denial the county superintendents upon whom the same may be served, shall, within three months, commence a suit against the overseers of the poor of the town, or the county superintendents of the poor of the county, to whom the first notice was directed, or against their successors in office, for the expenses incurred in the support of such pauper, and shall prosecute the same to effect; if they neglect to do so, they, their successors, and their county, shall be forever precluded from all claim against the county or town to whose officers such first notice was directed, or any of their officers, for any expenses that may have been, or may be, incurred for the support of such pauper.

§ 63. Every county superintendent who shall neglect to render any account, or statement, to the board of supervisors, as herein required, or to pay over any monies, within the time prescribed by law, shall forfeit two hundred and fifty dollars, to be sued for and recovered by and in the name of the county treasurer. The superintendents shall also be

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liable to an action, either jointly or severally, by the county treasurer, for all monies which shall be in their hands after the time the same should have been paid over according to law with interest thereon, at the rate of ten dollars upon the hundred for a year, from the time when the same should have been paid over.

§ 64. If any person shall bring, or remove, or cause to be brought, or removed, any poor or indigent person, or lunatic, without a protector, from any place without this state, to any place within it, and there leave, or attempt to leave, such person, he shall forfeit and pay seventy-five dollars for every such person, to be sued for and recovered by and in the name of the overseers of the poor of the city or town into which such pauper may have been brought; and moreover shall be obliged to convey such pauper out of the state, or support him at his own expense.

§ 65. All penalties imposed by this Title, shall be for the benefit of the poor; when recovered, they shall be paid to the county treasurer, and by him credited to the town by whose officers they have been collected, if such town be liable for the support of its own poor, or to the county, when collected by the county superintendents; if not paid by the persons collecting the same, when demanded by the county treasurer, he may maintain an action therefor, in his name of office.

§ 66. Whenever it shall be made to appear to the satisfaction of any overseer of the poor, either upon complaint, or otherwise, that a penalty has been incurred by the violation of any provisions contained in the statute of this state, which such overseer is directed by law to collect, it shall be his duty immediately to commence a suit for such penalty, and to prosecute the same diligently to effect.

§ 67. In auditing the accounts of the overseers of the poor, by the board of town auditors, allowance shall be made to them, for all costs to which they may have been subjected, or which shall have been recovered against them, in any suit brought by them pursuant to law; and they shall also be allowed the same daily pay, for attending to any such suit, as is allowed them for the performance of their official duties.

§ 68. Such allowances may be credited to them, in their accounts for monies collected for penalties, and may be deducted from such monies; and the balance of such penalties shall be paid to their successors in office, or to the county treasurer, as directed by law, in respect to such penalties.

§ 69. If there be not sufficient monies in their hands to satisfy such allowances, the same shall be paid as other town charges.

§ 70. Where, by the existing laws, any poor persons are maintained by any county, or by two or more towns, they shall continue to be so maintained.

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§ 71. Where, by virtue of any special act of the legislature, any one or more towns have erected a town poor-house, the same shall be continued, and the poor of such towns respectively, may be supported therein by the overseers of the poor of the town.

§ 72. Every poor-house, alms-house, or other place provided by any city, town, or county, for the reception and support of the poor, and all real and personal property whatever, belonging to or connected with the same, shall be exempt from all assessment and taxation, levied either by the state, or by any county, city, town or village; and the keeper of every poor-house, alms-house, or other place provided as aforesaid, shall be exempt from all service in the militia, from serving on juries, and from all assessments for labor on the highways.

§ 73. In those counties where county poor-houses may be established the superintendents may provide for the support of paupers that may be idiots, or lunatics, out of such poor-house, in such manner as shall best promote the interests of the county, and conduce to the comfort and recovery of such paupers.

§ 74. Whenever any town shall have any monies raised for the support of the poor, invested in the name of the overseers of the poor of such town, the said overseers shall continue to have the control thereof, and shall apply the interest arising therefrom, to the support of the poor of their town, so long as such town shall be liable to support its own poor; and if the town shall be relieved from the liability to support its own poor, by a vote of the supervisors of the county, the monies so raised and invested, shall be applied to the payment of such taxes upon the town, as the inhabitants thereof shall, at an annual town meeting, determine.

§ 75. It shall be the duty of the superintendents of the poor of every county in this state, during the month of December, in each year, to report to the secretary of state, in such form as he shall direct, the number of paupers that have been relieved or supported in such county the preceding year, distinguishing the number of county paupers from the number of town paupers, if any; the whole expense of such support, specifying the amount paid for transportation of paupers, and any other items which do not compose any part of the actual expense of maintaining the paupers, and the allowance made to superintendents, overseers, justices, keepers and officers; the actual value of the labor of the paupers maintained, and the estimated amount saved in the expense of their support, in consequence of their labor.

§ 76. It shall be the duty of the supervisors of every town in those counties where all the poor are not a county charge, to report to the clerk of the board of supervisors, within fifteen days after the accounts of the overseers of the poor

have been settled by the board of town auditors, in each year, an abstract of all such accounts for the preceding year, which shall exhibit the number of paupers that have been relieved or supported in such town, the preceding year, specifying the number of county paupers, and of town paupers, the whole expense of such support, and specifying the allowance made to overseers, justices, constables, or other officers and any other items which shall not comprise any part of the actual expense of maintaining the paupers.

§ 77. The said abstracts shall be delivered by the clerk of the board of supervisors, to the county superintendents, to be included by them in their report aforesaid.

§ 78. Any superintendent, supervisor, or clerk, who shall neglect or refuse to make such reports, abstracts, or copies aforesaid, or who shall wilfully make any false report, abstract, or copy, shall forfeit one hundred dollars, to be recovered by the district attorney of the county, in the name of the people of this state, and to be paid into the county treasury, for the benefit of the poor thereof. The secretary of state shall give notice to the district attorney of the county, of every such neglect or misconduct; and it shall be the duty of the district attorney, on receiving such notice, or in any way receiving satisfactory information of such neglect or misconduct, to prosecute for the recovery of such penalties.

§ 79. The secretary of state shall annually lay before the legislature, during the first month of its session, an abstract of the said returns and reports.

Title 2. Of beggars and vagrants.

The full text of this title is as follows:

CHAPTER 20, LAWS OF 1827.

Title II. OF BEGGARS AND VAGRANTS.

§ 1. All idle persons who, not having visible means to maintain themselves, live without employment; all persons wandering abroad and lodging in taverns, groceries, beer-houses, out-houses, market-places, sheds or barns, or in the open air, and not giving a good account of themselves; all persons wandering abroad and begging, or who go about from door to door, or place themselves in the streets, highways, passages, or other public places, to beg or receive alms, shall be deemed vagrants.

§ 2. It shall be the duty of every constable or other peace officer, whenever required by any person, to carry such vagrant before a justice of the peace of the same town, or before the mayor, recorder, or any one of the aldermen of the city in which such vagrant shall be, for the purpose of examination.

§ 3. If such justice or other officer be satisfied by the confession of the offender, or by competent testimony, that such person is a vagrant, within the description aforesaid, he shall make up and sign a record of conviction thereof, which shall

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be filed in the office of the clerk of the county; and shall, by warrant under his hand, commit such vagrant, if he be not a notorious offender, and be a proper object for such relief, to the county poor-house, if there be one, or to the alms house or poor-house of such town or city, for any time not exceeding six months, there to be kept at hard labor; or if the offender be an improper person to be sent to the poor-house, then he shall be committed to the bridewell or house of correction of such city or county, if there be one, and if none, to the common jail of such county, for a term not exceeding sixty days, there to be kept, if the justice think proper so to direct, upon bread and water only, for such time as shall be directed, not exceeding one half the time for which he shall be committed.

§ 4. If any child shall be found begging for alms, or soliciting charity from door to door, or in any street, highway, or public place of any city or town, any justice of the peace, on complaint and proof thereof, shall commit such child to the county poor-house, if there be one, or to the alms-house or other place provided for the support of the poor, there to be detained, kept, employed and instructed in such useful labor as such child shall be able to perform, until discharged therefrom by the county superintendents of the poor, or bound out as an apprentice by them, or by the commissioners of the alms-house, or the overseers of the poor.

Title 3. Of the safe keeping and care of lunatics.

The full text of this title is as follows:

CHAPTER 20, LAWS OF 1827.

Title III. OF THE SAFE KEEPING AND CARE OF LUNATICS.

§ 1. When any person, by lunacy or otherwise, becomes furiously mad, or so far disordered in his senses as to endanger his own person, or the person or property of others, if permitted to go at large, who is possessed of sufficient property to maintain himself, it shall be the duty of the committee of his person and estate, to provide a suitable place for the confinement of such person, and to confine and maintain him in such manner as shall be approved by the overseers of the poor of the city or town.

§ 2. If such person is not possessed of sufficient property to maintain himself, it shall be the duty of the father and mother, and the children of such person, being of sufficient ability, to provide a suitable place for his confinement, and to confine and maintain him in such manner as shall be approved by the overseers of the poor of the city or town.

§ 3. The overseers of the poor shall have the same remedies to compel such relatives to confine and maintain such lunatic or mad person, and to collect the costs and charges of his

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confinement, as are given by law in the case of poor and impotent persons becoming chargeable to any town.

§ 4. In case of the refusal or neglect of any committee of such lunatic or mad person, or of his relatives, to confine and maintain such person as aforesaid; or when there is no such committee or relative of sufficient ability; it shall be the duty of the overseers of the poor of the city or town where any lunatic or mad person shall be found, to apply to any two justices of the peace of the same city or town, who, upon being satisfied upon examination, that it would be dangerous to permit such lunatic to go at large, shall issue their warrant directed to the constables and overseers of the poor of such city or town, commanding them to cause such lunatic or mad person to be apprehended, and to be safely locked up and confined in such secure place as may be provided by the overseers of the poor, to whom the same shall be directed, within the town or city of which such overseers may be officers, or within the county in which such city or town may be situated, or in the county poor house in those counties where such houses are established, or in the lunatic asylum in the city of New-York.

§ 5. It shall be the duty of the overseers of the poor to whom such warrant shall be directed, to procure a suitable place for the confinement of such lunatic as therein directed, pursuant to the preceding section.

§ 6. No person who, by reason of lunacy or otherwise, is furiously mad, or so far disordered in his mind as to be dangerous if permitted to go at large, shall be committed as a disorderly person, to any prison, jail, house of correction, or confined therein, unless an agreement shall have been made for that purpose with the keepers thereof; or in any other way than as is herein directed.

§ 7. No such lunatic or mad person, or person disordered in his senses, shall be confined in the same room with any person charged with or convicted of any crime; nor shall such person be confined in any jail more than four weeks, and if he continue furiously mad or dangerous, he shall be sent to the asylum in New-York, or to the county poor-house or alms-house, or other place provided for the reception of lunatics, by the county superintendents.

§ 8. Any two justices of the peace of the city or town where any such lunatic or mad person shall be found, may, without the application of any overseers of the poor, and upon their own view, or upon the information or oath of others, whenever they deem it necessary, issue their warrant for the apprehension and confinement of such lunatic or mad person as aforesaid.

§ 9. The county superintendents of the poor of any county, and any overseers of the poor of any town, to which any person shall be chargeable, who shall be or become a lunatic,

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may send such person to the lunatic asylum in the city of New-York, by an order under their hands.

§ 10. The expense of sending any lunatic to the asylum at New-York, and of supporting him there, shall be defrayed by the county or town to which he may be chargeable; if chargeable to a county, or to any town whose poor monies are required to be paid into the county treasury, such expense shall be paid by the county treasurer, out of the funds appropriated to the support of the poor belonging to such county or town, after being allowed and certified by the county superintendents. If such lunatic be chargeable to a town, whose poor monies are not required to be paid into the county treasury, such expense shall be paid by the overseers of the poor thereof.

§ 11. Any overseer of the poor, constable, keeper of a jail, or other person, who shall confine any such lunatic or mad person, in any other manner or in any other place than such as are herein prescribed, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor; and on conviction, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred and fifty dollars, or to imprisonment not exceeding one year, or to both, in the discretion of the court before which the conviction shall be had.

§ 12. None of the foregoing provisions shall be deemed to restrain or abridge the power and authority of the chancellor, concerning the safe-keeping of any lunatics, or the charge of their persons or estates.

§ 13. The overseers of the poor of any city or town shall have the same remedies to compel the committee of the estate of any lunatic to confine and maintain such lunatic or mad person, and to collect of such committee the costs and charges of his confinement and support, as are given in the preceding sections against the relatives of such lunatic. And the court of general sessions of the peace of the city or county, shall make orders against such committee personally, and enforce them in the same manner as against the relatives of any poor person, so long as such committee hath any property in his hands for the support of such lunatic.

§ 14. The county superintendents of the poor shall have all the powers and authority herein given to overseers of the poor of any town.

Title 4. Of the care of habitual drunkards.

Title 5. Of disorderly persons.

The full text of this title is as follows:

CHAPTER 20, LAWS OF 1827.

Title V. OF DISORDERLY PERSONS.

§ 1. All persons who threaten to run away and leave their wives or children a burthen on the public; all persons pretending to tell fortunes, or where lost or stolen goods may be

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found; all keepers of bawdy houses or houses for the resort of prostitutes, common prostitutes, drunkards, tiplers, gamesters, or other disorderly persons; all persons who have no visible profession or calling to maintain themselves by, but who do, for the most part, support themselves by gaming; all jugglers, common showmen and mountebanks, who exhibit or perform for profit any puppet show, wire or rope dance, or other idle shows, acts or feats; all persons who keep in any public highway or place, or in any place where spirituous liquors are sold, any keno table, wheel of fortune, thimbles, or other table, box, machine, or device for the purpose of gaming; all persons who go about with such table, wheel, or other machine or device, exhibiting tricks or gaming therewith; all persons who play in public streets or highways, with cards, dice, or any other instrument or device for gaming; shall be deemed disorderly persons.

§ 2. Upon complaint made on oath to any justice of the peace against any person as being disorderly, he shall issue his warrant for the apprehension of the offender, and cause him or her to be brought before such justice for examination. If it shall appear by the confession of the offender, or by competent testimony, that he or she is a disorderly person, the justice may require of the offender sufficient sureties for his or her good behavior for the space of one year. In default of such sureties being found, the justice shall make up, sign and file in the county clerk's office, a record of the conviction of such offender as a disorderly person, specifying generally the nature and circumstances of the offence, and shall, by warrant under his hand, commit such offender to the common jail of the city or county, there to remain until such sureties be found, or such offender be discharged according to law.

§ 3. It shall be deemed a breach of such recognizance, for any person so bound on account of being a gamester, at any one time or sitting to play or bet for any money or other thing exceeding the sum or value of two dollars and fifty cents. In all other cases, the committing any of the acts which constituted the person so bound a disorderly person, shall be deemed a breach of the condition of such recognizance.

§ 4. If any breach of such recognizance for good behavior happen, such recognizance shall be prosecuted at the instance of any overseer of the poor, county superintendent of the poor, or justice of the peace, and the penalty when collected, shall be paid into the county treasury, for the benefit of the poor of such county.

§ 5. Upon a recovery being had, upon any such recognizance, the court before which it shall be had, may, in its discretion, either require new sureties for good behavior to be given, or may commit the offender to the common jail of the city or county, for any term not exceeding six calendar months.

§ 6. Any person committed to the common jail for not finding sureties for good behavior, may be discharged by any two

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justices of the peace of the county, upon giving such sureties for good behavior as were originally required from such offender.

§ 7. It shall be the duty of the keeper of every jail, to lay before the court of general sessions of the peace, on the first day of its meeting, next after the commitment of any disorderly person, a list of the persons so committed and then in his custody, with the nature of their offences, the name of the justice committing them, and the time of imprisonment.

§ 8. The court of general sessions of the peace shall inquire into the circumstances of each case, and hear any proofs that may be offered, and shall examine the record of conviction, which shall be deemed presumptive evidence of the facts therein contained, until disproved.

§ 9. The court may discharge such disorderly person from confinement, either absolutely or upon receiving sureties for his or her good behavior, in its discretion; or the said court may, in its discretion, authorise the county superintendents of the poor, or the overseers of the poor of any town, or the commissioners of any almshouse, to bind out such disorderly persons as shall be minors, in some lawful calling, as servants, apprentices, mariners, or otherwise, until they shall be of full age respectively; or to contract for the service of such disorderly persons as shall be of full age, with any person, as laborers, servants, apprentices, mariners, or otherwise, for any term not exceeding one year; which binding out and contracts shall be as valid and effectual, as the indenture of any apprentice with his own consent, and the consent of his parents, and shall subject the persons so bound out or contracted, to the same control of their masters respectively, and of the court of general sessions of the peace, as if they were so bound as apprentices.

§ 10. The said court may, in its discretion, order any such disorderly person to be kept in the common jail for any term not exceeding six months at hard labor; or may direct that, during any part of the time of imprisonment, not exceeding thirty days, such offender shall be kept on bread and water only.

§ 11. If there be no means provided in such jail for employing offenders at hard labor, the court may direct the keeper thereof to furnish such employment as it shall specify, to such disorderly persons as shall be committed thereto, either, by a justice or any court, and for that purpose to purchase any necessary raw materials and implements, not exceeding in amount such sum as the court shall prescribe, and to compel such persons to perform such work, as shall be so allotted to them.

§ 12. The expenses incurred in pursuance of such order, shall be paid to the keeper by the county treasurer, on the production of the order of the court, and an account of the materials purchased, verified by the oath of the keeper.

§ 13. The keeper shall sell the produce of such labor, and shall account for the first cost of the materials purchased, and for one half of the surplus, to the board of supervisors, and pay the same into the county treasury; and the other half of such surplus shall be paid to the person earning the same, on his or her discharge from imprisonment. The keeper shall account to the court whenever required, for all materials purchased, and for the disposition of the proceeds of the earnings of such offenders.

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Title 6. Of the support of bastards.

Fines for violations of the provisions under the following titles and articles to be sued for and recovered by the overseers of the poor or other proper officers, and applied in whole or in part to the use of the poor where the offense is committed.

Title 8. Of the prevention and punishment of immorality and disorderly practices.

Art. 1. Of jugglers and exhibition of shows, &c.

Art. 2. Of discharge of firearms on holidays, gaming tables on certain days and gaming or cock-fighting in taverns or vessels.

Art. 3. Of betting and gaming.

Art. 4. Of raffling and lotteries.

Art. 5. Of racing of animals.

Art. 7. Of disturbance of religious meetings.

Art. 8. Of the observance of Sunday.

Title 9. Of excise and the regulation of taverns and groceries.

Title 10. Of the navigation of rivers and lakes and the obstruction of certain waters. Sections 3, 4 and 5 repealed by chapter 175, Laws 1828.

Title 11. Of fisheries.

Title 13. Of the law of the road and the regulation of public stage.

Title 15. Of the embezzlement of floating timber.

Title 16. Of the preservation of deer, game and other animals. (Amended as to Suffolk county by chapter 177, Laws 1828.)

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Title 17. Of dogs and tax thereon.

Title 18. Of destruction of wolves and other noxious animals.

Title 19. Of brokerage.

Title 20. Of unauthorized banking.

Title 21. Of unauthorized insurance. (Extended to marine insurance by chapter 336, Laws 1829.)

Part II
Chapter 4,

Title 3. Of the interest of money.

Section 4. Excess of interest over 7 per cent. if not sued for by person paying same within one year may be collected by overseers of poor for poor fund.

Chapter 5,

Title 1, article 1. Attachments against absconding, concealed and non-resident debtors.

Section 73. Seizures under this article to supersede prior seizures under warrants secured by overseers or superintendents of poor against persons, respecting the relief and support of poor and bastards, but surplus, after satisfying the creditors, to be paid to overseers or superintendents.

Art. 2. Attachments against debtors confined for crimes.

Section 4. Trustees after paying debts and expenses may apply surplus to support of wife and children and other relatives of debtors they are bound to support.

Title 2. Of the custody of persons and estates of idiots, persons non compos mentis and drunkards.

Section 2. Duties of overseers of poor in case of habitual drunkards.

§§ 3 to 6. Proceedings thereon.

§ 7. Expenses of overseers to be city or town charges.

Chapter 6,

Title 6, article 2. Of public administrators outside of New York county.

Section 55. Any county treasurer neglecting to make return of inventory of assets of intestates coming into his hands to forfeit \$500 to superintendents of the poor for use of poor.

Chapter 8,

Title 4, article 1. Of apprentices and servants bound by indentures.

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Section 2. Consent of overseers of poor or two justices of peace or county judge requisite to such indenture by persons under 18 years.

§ 5. County superintendents of poor may bind out children sent to county poorhouse.

§ 6. Overseers of poor may bind out children chargeable to town or city.

§§ 8 and 9. Requisites for indentures.

§ 10. When children are bound out by superintendents or overseers of poor, indentures shall contain agreement by master as to education of apprentice and presentation of a new Bible at expiration of service.

§ 11. Counterparts of agreements by superintendents or overseers of poor to be filed to county clerk's and town clerk's offices, respectively.

Title 4, article 2. Of children of slaves.

§ 15. Certain children of slaves to be servants for certain periods.

§ 19. When such children are released from service to be bound out by overseers of the poor.

§ 20. Overseers of the poor to bind out for service children of emigrant slaves.

§ 23. Overseers of poor to bind out minors released from service.

Title 4, article 3.

Section 27. County superintendents of poor and overseers in cities and towns to be guardians of persons bound or held in service; their duties.

Section 1, subdivision 4. Courts of common pleas in each county may exercise the power and jurisdiction conferred on them by law over the persons and estates of habitual drunkards.

Title 5. Courts of common pleas and general sessions.

§ 5. Courts of general sessions of the place shall have power:

Subdivision 3. To hear and determine all appeals from any order of justices of the peace, under the laws respecting the support of bastards.

51st session
1828
Revised Statutes
(Passed Dec. 10,
1828)

Part III
Chapter 1

(1828)

Sub. 4. To examine into the circumstances of persons committed to prison as parents of bastards and to discharge them, in the cases provided by law.

Sub. 5. To hear and determine complaints under the laws respecting masters, apprentices and servants.

Sub. 8. To compel relatives of poor persons and committees of estates of lunatics to support such persons and lunatics, in the cases provided by law.

Sub. 9. To exercise the powers conferred by law in relation to the estates of persons absconding and leaving their families chargeable to the public.

Chapter 2,

Title 4. Of justices' courts.

Sections 87 and 89. Fines imposed upon persons subpoenaed as witnesses who refuse to appear or testify to be collected by and paid to overseers of the poor.

Art. 10

Section 169. List of property exempt from execution.

Chapter 6,

Actions to recover debts or damages, title 5, article 2.

Section 22. Exemptions from executions.

Chapter 8,

Title 1. Of the bringing and maintaining suits by poor persons.

Section 1. Who may petition to prosecute as a poor person.

§ 3. When court to assign counsel to act without fee.

Title 4, art. 4

Section 92. County superintendents of poor and overseers of poor of the several towns may bring certain actions.

§§ 93, 94. How such actions to be brought.

§ 96. Actions against public officers; how brought.

§ 97. In actions against county superintendents of poor or overseers of poor officially defendants shall not be held to bail.

§ 98. Actions against officers on contracts of their predecessors.

§ 99. Omitting name of one of several officers, how waived.

§ 100. Suits by officers not to rebate by death or removal.

§§ 102 and 103. Judgments against county superintendents or overseers of poor to be laid before board of supervisors to be collected like taxes.

(1823)

§ 104. When such judgments to be paid by county treasurer.

§ 105. When such judgments to be paid by overseers of poor.

§ 107. Execution not to issue on judgments against county superintendents of poor or overseers of poor.

Title 6, article 1. Of actions for penalties and forfeitures.

Article 2. Provision as to collection and remission of fines.

Title 9, article 1. Of distress for rent.

Section 10. Articles liable to distress.

Title 11. Of distraining cattle doing damage.

Section 6. Surplus of proceeds of sale, unless claimed by owner, shall be paid to overseers of the poor.

Title 17. Jurors and witnesses not to be disqualified in certain cases to recover penalties for benefit of poor.

Title 5, section 5. Penalties for non-attendance of jurors in criminal cases to be collected and applied in same manner as in civil cases.

Part IV
Chapter 2,

Title 7, article 3, section 34. If stolen property recovered shall not be claimed by owner within six months from conviction, same to be delivered to county superintendents of poor for use of county poor.

Title 1, article 1, county prisons, sections 17 to 20. Insane prisoners to be delivered to commissioners of almshouse in New York county and in other counties to superintendents of poor.

Chapter 3,

Section 21. The first judge of county court with county superintendents of poor shall be prison inspectors of such county.

Art. 2

Herkimer county. Authorizing board of supervisors to sell present poorhouse and to buy other lands to erect new poorhouse.

1823
1st meeting.
Chapter 8

The full text of this act is as follows :

(1828)

AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF THE COUNTY OF HERKIMER, TO SELL THE PRESENT POOR-HOUSE IN SAID COUNTY.

CHAPTER 8, LAWS OF 1828.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. The board of supervisors of the county of Herkimer, may, at any time hereafter, sell and dispose of the lands, tenements and buildings, comprising the present poor-house in said county, in such manner, and in such parts and parcels, as the said board may direct.

§ 2. It shall be the duty of the board of supervisors of the said county, to invest the monies for which the said poor-house and lands shall be sold, in the purchase of one or more, other tracts of land, and the erecting and building a poor-house for the said county, according to the provisions and directions contained in Title 1. of Chapter XX. of part one of the Revised Statutes.

§ 3. Any deed or deeds, or other conveyance of the said lands and tenements, duly made and executed by a majority of the said board of supervisors, under their respective hands and seals, shall be good and valid in law, and shall vest in the purchaser or purchasers thereof, all the estate, right and title of the said county, or the said board of supervisors, or the superintendents of the county poor-house of, in and to the same lands and tenements.

Chapter 13

Extending act of February 19, 1808, to incorporate Mutual Benefit Society for 21 years from January 21, 1829.

See chap. 20, L. 1808.

Chapter 14

Westchester county. Authorizing board of supervisors to raise additional moneys to complete county poorhouse.

See chap. 331, L. 1824; chap. 84, L. 1827.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT AUTHORIZING THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF WESTCHESTER COUNTY TO RAISE, BY TAX, AN ADDITIONAL SUM OF MONEY TO COMPLETE THE POOR HOUSE IN SAID COUNTY.

CHAPTER 14, LAWS OF 1828.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. It shall and may be lawful for the board of supervisors of Westchester county to raise, by tax on estates, real and personal, of the freeholders and inhabitants of the said county, a sum not exceeding seven hundred and thirty-two

dollars and thirty-one cents, in addition to the sums authorized to be raised in and by the first section of the act, entitled "An act to provide for the establishment of county poor-houses," passed 27th November, 1827, and also "An act authorising the board of supervisors of Westchester county to raise, by tax, an additional sum to build the poor house in said county," passed March 19th, 1827.

(1828)

Town of Malone divided and Duane erected, Franklin county. Division of poor funds to be made.

Chapter 20

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Town of Bangor divided and Brandon erected, Franklin county. Division of poor funds to be made.

Chapter 24

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Town of Orwell divided and Boylston erected, Oswego county. Division of poor funds to be made.

Chapter 28

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Town of Woodhull erected from Troupsburgh and Addison, Steuben county, and poor funds to be divided.

Chapter 29

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Otsego county. Town of Edmeston. Trustees of common school fund to be elected to whom the town overseers of the poor shall pay over all poor funds and securities toward common school fund.

Chapter 44

See chap. 153, L. 1825; chap. 18, L. 1845; chap. 254, L. 1865; chap. 162, L. 1877.

Town of Halfmoon divided and Clifton erected, Saratoga county. Poor funds to be divided.

Chapter 53

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

New York city. Incorporating "New York Beneficial Society," a charitable society.

Chapter 55

Town of Newcomb erected from Moriah and Minerva, Essex county. Poor funds to be divided.

Chapter 76

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Washington county. Board of supervisors to levy tax and pay superintendents of county poorhouse \$1,500 for additional buildings and workshops for idiotic and lunatic paupers. The county superintendents authorized to borrow said money on county treasurer's bond. Said superintendents to prosecute suits for penalties or forfeiture for use of county poor.

Chapter 84

The full text of this act is as follows:

(1823)

AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE SUPERVISORS OF THE
COUNTY OF WASHINGTON TO RAISE, BY TAX, A
SUM OF MONEY, FOR THE PURPOSES THEREIN
MENTIONED.

CHAPTER 84, LAWS OF 1828.

*The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate
and Assembly, do enact as follows:*

§ 1. The board of supervisors of the county of Washington shall, at their next annual meeting, levy a tax on the real and personal estate within the said county, of one thousand five hundred dollars, with the usual fees for collecting the same, and direct the treasurer thereof to pay the same, when levied and collected, to the superintendents of the poor-house of the said county, for the purpose of erecting such additional buildings as they shall deem necessary and proper for the idiot and lunatic paupers, who now are or hereafter may become chargeable to the said county, and for erecting such work-shops as they may deem necessary.

§ 2. The superintendents of the said poor-house may borrow the said sum of money; and the treasurer of the said county of Washington is hereby authorised and required to issue his bond, under the seal of the said county, for the payment of such sum of money, with the interest to accrue thereon, as may be borrowed pursuant to the provisions of this act.

§ 3. The superintendents of the poor-house of the said county, or any one or more of them, may hereafter, at the expense of the said county, commence and prosecute any suits for any penalty or forfeiture, which by any existing laws may be commenced and prosecuted in the name or names of the overseers of the poor of any town in the county; which penalty or forfeiture, when recovered, shall be paid to the treasurer of the county, for the use of the poor thereof.

Chapter 86

Erie county. Commissioners of land office to sell lands in village of Black Rock to supervisors of Erie county for purpose of erecting county poorhouse thereon.

See chap. 101, L. 1836.

Chapter 89

New York city. Charter of Society of New York Hospital amended as to filling vacancies in board of governors.

See chap. 44, L. 1810.

Chapter 92

Town of Mexico divided and Parish erected, Oswego county. Poor funds to be divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Town of Bethel divided and Cohecton erected, Sullivan county. Poor funds to be divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

(1828)
Chapter 116

Town of Danube divided and Starks erected, Herkimer county. Poor funds to be divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Chapter 123

St. Lawrence county. Town of Gouverneur. One thousand dollars of poor funds to be paid to trustees of public lands in said town for common school purposes.

Chapter 151

Oneida county. Whenever board of supervisors shall determine to erect county poorhouse, the overseers of poor of any town may pay to county treasurer the whole or part of such town's portion of tax for county poorhouse.

Chapter 155

See chap. 331, L. 1824.

General laws. The board of supervisors of any county may abolish all distinction between county poor and town poor and have all the poor expense a county charge. Procedure thereon. In counties where such distinction prevails excise moneys and penalties to be paid to town overseers of poor.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR DEFRAYING THE EXPENSE
OF ERECTING A POOR-HOUSE IN THE COUNTY OF
ONEIDA, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

CHAPTER 155, LAWS OF 1828.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. That when the board of supervisors of the county of Oneida, shall determine that it will be beneficial to their county to erect a county poor-house, the overseers of the poor of any town in said county, (having money for the support of the poor of said town) may pay to the treasurer of said county, such town's portion, or part of such town's portion, of any sum directed by said board to be raised to defray the expense of such poor-house; and when such payment is made, said board shall not levy the same on said town; and said treasurer shall pay over said money as is directed by the first section of "An act to provide for the establishment of county poor-house," passed November 27, 1824.

(1828)

§ 2. The board of supervisors of any county in this state, at any annual meeting, or at any special meeting, may determine to abolish all distinction between county poor and town poor, in their counties respectively, and to have the expense of maintaining all the poor a county charge, and upon their filing such determination (duly certified by the clerk of the board) with the county clerk, all expense of said poor shall be a county charge.

§ 3. When the supervisors of any county shall have determined to abolish the distinction between county poor and town poor, the clerk of the board shall serve a copy of the resolution making such determination, upon the clerk of each town, village or city within such county.

§ 4. After such resolution shall be served, it shall be the duty of the commissioners of excise in the several towns of such county, and of the officers of every city and village therein, to pay over to the treasurer of the county all monies which shall thereafter be received for licenses to tavern keepers, retailers or grocers, and all monies which shall be recovered as penalties for violating the excise laws, or any other laws, and which are directed to be paid to the overseers of the poor.

§ 5. If any person having in his hands any monies directed to be paid to the county treasurer by the preceding section, shall neglect or refuse to pay the same within thirty days after demand thereof, the county treasurer may maintain an action in his name of office, for the recovery thereof, together with interest from the time of such demand.

§ 6. In those counties in which the distinction between county poor and town poor prevails, the excise money collected in any town, and all penalties given by law to the overseers of the poor, when received, shall be applied to the use of the poor of the town in which such money and penalties shall be collected.

§ 7. Such of the provisions of this act as are not contained in Title I. of Chapter XX. of the First Part of the Revised Statutes, shall be published with, and as part of, said Title.

Chapter 161

Town of Watson divided and Brantingham erected, Lewis county. Poor funds to be divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting; chap. 22, L. 1832.

Chapter 186

Montgomery county. County supervisors to levy \$500 for completion of county poorhouse.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO ENABLE THE SUPERVISORS OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY TO RAISE AN ADDITIONAL SUM, TO COMPLETE THEIR POOR-HOUSE ESTABLISHMENT.

(1823)

CHAPTER 186, LAWS OF 1828.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. The supervisors of the county of Montgomery may levy and cause to be collected, for the completion of their county poor-house establishment, in addition to the sum now authorised by law, such further sum not exceeding five hundred dollars, as they may deem necessary.

Madison county. Town of Smithfield authorized to sell its poor lot; proceeds to belong to town poor fund.

Chapter 188

Town of Middleburgh divided and Fulton erected, Schoharie county. Poor funds to be divided.

Chapter 208

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

Otsego county. Board of supervisors to levy \$1,500 for completion of county poorhouse. Title 1 of chapter 20, Revised Statutes, to take effect November, 1828.

Chapter 209

See chap. 331, L. 1824.

Town of Dickinson divided and Moira erected, Franklin county. Poor money to be divided.

Chapter 221

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1828, 2d meeting.

New York City. Incorporating "The New York St. Patrick's Friendly Society" a charitable society.

Chapter 252

Rensselaer county. City of Troy charter of February 9, 1821 amended.

Chapter 273

Section 5. City excise moneys to be paid to chamberlain and form part of common fund for city expenses. Common council to make provision for support of poor out of common fund. (First, second and third sections and part of section 4 of act of February 9, 1821, repealed.)

See chap. 131, L. 1816; chap. 40, L. 1821; chap. 296, L. 1834; chap. 598, L. 1870.

Amending act of March 25, 1814, incorporating the trustees of the marine hospital called "Sailors' Snug Harbor" in New York city.

Chapter 276

See chap. 69, L. 1814.

(1828)
Chapter 279

Schoharie county. Overseers of poor of town of Blenheim required to subscribe to stock of Blenheim Bridge Company.

See chap. 81, L. 1821; chap. 206, L. 1842; chap. 407, L. 1863.

Chapter 285

New York city. City to levy \$252,000 for support of poor and other city expenses.

See chap. 86, R. L. 1813; chap. 82, L. 1820; chap. 83, L. 1825; chap. 93, L. 1826.

Chapter 298

Erie county. Commissioners of land office to sell lot in south village of Black Rock for use of Buffalo Marine Hospital.

See § 10, chap. 104, L. 1832.

Chapter 303

New York city. Act for relief of Orphan Asylum Society in New York city, by conferring upon said society all the right and title to the estate of Philip Jacobs, deceased.

See chap. 179, L. 1807; chap. 159, L. 1829; chap. 266, L. 1832.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT FOR THE RELIEF OF THE ORPHAN ASYLUM SOCIETY, IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.

CHAPTER 303, LAWS OF 1828.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. The right, title and interest of the people of this state, to the real and personal estate which belonged to Philip Jacobs, late of the City of New-York, deceased, at the time of his death, and the right and title of the people of this state to the real and personal estate which belonged to the child of the said Philip Jacobs, at the time of its death, is hereby conveyed and transferred to the Orphan Asylum Society, in the City of New-York, to be applied to the charitable purposes for which that association was established; and the said corporation is hereby authorized to hold, occupy and enjoy the said estate, subject to the legal rights and claims of Pierre Teller and Elizabeth his wife, under the last will of the said Philip Jacobs, and subject to the legal rights of all persons who might claim such estate or any part thereof, against the people of this state.

§ 2. The said Orphan Asylum Society, shall have full power to institute and conduct all proper proceedings for the recovery of the property hereby transferred, in the name of the said corporation, or in the name of the people of this state, with the same authority, and with the like effect, as if instituted and

conducted by the attorney-general for the benefit of the state; but all costs and expenses attending such proceedings, other than those which may be recovered by the defendants therein, shall be paid by the said corporation; and this state shall, in no event, be liable for the same or any part thereof.

(1828)

New York city. Incorporating "The Hibernian Universal Benevolent Society.

Chapter 328

Town of Lawrence erected from Hopkinton and Brasher, St. Lawrence county. Division of poor funds of towns of Hopkinton, Brasher and Massena.

Chapter 333

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1788, 2d meeting; chap. 100, L. 1830.

Washington county. Town of Kingsbury. Overseers of poor to pay \$400 to county treasurer, \$75 as town meeting shall direct, and balance to highway commissioners.

Second meeting
Chapter 1

General laws. In counties where distinction between town poor and county poor has been abolished and in counties by law liable for support of the poor of the county, or of towns therein, same proceedings in bastardy proceedings as if the bastard was chargeable to any town and may be brought by town overseers of the poor or by county superintendents.

Chapter 6

See 1 R. S., T. 1, p. 641.

Columbia county. Board of supervisors to appropriate \$10,000 for land and erection of county poor-house thereon. Acts relating to county poorhouses of April 17, 1826 (Ch. 254), April 9, 1827, and November 27, 1824 (Ch. 331), to apply to Columbia county.

Chapter 7

See chap. 331, L. 1824; chap. 254, L. 1826; chap. 197, L. 1827; chap. 14, L. 1830.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE ERECTION OF A COUNTY POOR-HOUSE IN THE COUNTY OF COLUMBIA.

CHAPTER 7, LAWS OF 1828, SECOND MEETING.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. It shall be lawful for the board of supervisors of the county of Columbia, to appropriate a sum not exceeding ten

(1828)

thousand dollars, for the purchase of one or more tracts of land, and for the building and erection thereon, for the accommodation, employment and use of the said county, one or more suitable buildings, to be denominated the poor-house of the county of Columbia.

§ 2. The said sum of ten thousand dollars, or such less sum as the said board of supervisors may appropriate for the purposes aforesaid, shall be raised by a tax on estates, real and personal, of the freeholders and inhabitants of the said county, by such installments, and at such times as may be ordered by the said board of supervisors and shall be assessed and collected in the same manner as other county charges are assessed and collected.

§ 3. The provisions of the act entitled "An act to amend the act to provide for the establishment of county poor houses," passed April 17th, 1826, and the provisions of the act entitled "An act to abolish the distinction between town and county poor in the county of Warren, and for other purposes," passed April 9, 1827, and the provisions of the act entitled "An act to provide for the establishment of county poor-houses," passed November 27th, 1824, except so far as the provisions of said last mentioned act are inconsistent with the provisions of the other acts in this section above mentioned, shall apply to and be in full force in said county of Columbia.

Chapter 16

General laws. Fines for violation of this act respecting the inspection of pot and pearl ashes, and the duties of inspectors and auctioneers, to be applied to use of city or county poor.

Chapter 17

New York city. Incorporating "The Trustees of the Northern Dispensary of the City of New York."

See chap. 258, L. 1850; chap. 162, L. 1881; chap. 178, L. 1890.

Chapter 20

General law. Act concerning the revised statutes. Amendments.

See chap. 39, L. 1829; chap. 677, L. 1892.

Chapter 21

General law. Repealing 548 laws and all statutes and parts of statutes reenacted in revised statutes or repugnant to its provisions.

See chap. 60, L. 1823; chap. 22, L. 1830; chap. 677, L. 1892.

52d session

1829

Chapter 5

Chenango county. Supervisors' acts in renting and occupying premises for use of poorhouse since act of November 27, 1824, confirmed.

Title 1, chapter 20, Part I, Revised Statutes, to take effect in this county February 1, 1829.

See chap. 331, L. 1824.

Town of Franklinville divided and Lyndon erected, Cattaraugus county. Poor and poor funds to be apportioned. (1829)
Chapter 10

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 285, L. 1857.

Clinton county. Town of Saranac. Overseers of poor to pay over to town commissioners of common schools all poor funds in their hands November 1st last for school purposes. Chapter 23

New York city. Incorporating "The Baker's Benefit Society of the City of New York" for charitable purposes. Chapter 27

Town of Little Falls erected from Herkimer, Fairfield and German Flats, Herkimer county. Division of town funds. Chapter 31

See chap. 64, L. 1788; 3 R. S. (first edition), p. 161.

Town of Kirkland divided and Marshall erected, Oneida county. Poor funds to be divided. Chapter 35

See chap. 64, L. 1788; 3 R. S. (first edition), p. 161.

Erie county. Town of Aurora. Overseers of poor to pay over poor funds to town commissioners of highways for improvement of roads and bridges. Chapter 38

Livingston county. Appointment of superintendents of county poorhouse by board of supervisors and acts of superintendents confirmed. Supervisors hereafter to appoint superintendents at annual meeting of board. Chapter 50

Town of Westfield erected from Portland and Ripley, Chautauqua county. Poor and poor funds to be apportioned. Chapter 59

See chap. 64, L. 1788; 3 R. S. (first edition), p. 159.

Oneida county. Continuing in force to March, 1845, an act incorporating the Ancient Britons' Benefit Society of the village of Utica. Chapter 66

See chap. 241, L. 1815.

Dutchess county. Authorizing a special meeting of board of supervisors to consider propriety of establishing a county poorhouse. Chapter 76

The full text of this act is as follows:

(1829)

AN ACT TO AUTHORISE A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE
BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF THE COUNTY OF
DUTCHESS.

CHAPTER 76, LAWS OF 1829.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. It shall and may be lawful for the supervisors of the several towns in the county of Dutchess to hold a special meeting, at any time between the first day of May and the first day of July next, to take into consideration the propriety of establishing a county poor-house, as provided by the several laws of this state, upon that subject.

§ 2. Previous to such special meeting being held, a majority of the supervisors of the said county, shall express their request to hold such meeting in writing, and cause the same to be published in the several newspapers in said county, for at least two weeks previous to such meeting; which notice shall designate the time and place of such meeting, and be signed by the several supervisors requesting the same.

Chapter 77

Towns of Tyre, Waterloo and Seneca Falls erected from Junius, Seneca county. Funds to be divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 347, L. 1829.

Chapter 79

Towns of Elbridge and Van Buren erected from Camillus, Onondaga county. Poor funds to be divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788.

Chapter 97

Westchester county. Town of Mount Pleasant. Supervisor and overseers of poor authorized to sell town poorhouse and farm.

See chap. 84, L. 1827.

Chapter 101

Columbia county. Hudson city charter. Section 12, common council to appoint keepers of bridewell and almshouse. Section 14, excise moneys to be applied to relief of city poor. Sections 23, 24, 25 and 26, common council to keep almshouse and appoint three commissioners at the almshouse; their powers and duties defined. Section 27, keeper of bridewell.

See chap. 164, L. 1801; chap. 72, L. 1813; chap. 177, L. 1844; chap. 179, L. 1854.

Chapter 102

Monroe county. Village of Brockport charter. Section 23, excise moneys to be applied to relief of poor of town of Sweden.

See chap. 195, L. 1838; chap. 120, L. 1843; chap. 180, L. 1852.

Richmond county. Providing for new county poor-house. (1829)
Chapter 110

See chap. 331, L. 1824.

Warren county. Town of Queensbury. Overseers of poor to pay certain moneys to county treasurer for support of county poor. Chapter 118

Town of Homer divided and Cortlandville erected. Cortland county. Poor funds divided. Chapter 121

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 106, L. 1845.

Clinton county. Town of Peru. Overseers of poor to pay \$500 to highway commissioners to rebuild bridge at Keeseville. Chapter 124

Madison county. Town of Cazenovia. Overseers of poor to pay over poor funds to highway commissioners. Chapter 129

Town of Canadice erected from Richmond, Ontario county. Poor funds divided. Chapter 143

See chap. 64, L. 1788.

New York city. \$252,000 to be raised for support of poor and other city charges. Chapter 157

See chap. 86, R. L. 1813; chap. 82, L. 1820; chap. 83, L. 1825.

New York city. Revising charter of Orphan Asylum Society in New York City to January 1, 1860. Chapter 159

See chap. 179, L. 1807; chap. 186, L. 1811; chap. 303, L. 1828; chap. 367, L. 1859.

Tioga county. Authorizing tax of \$3,000 in each of the two jury districts of county for two poor houses. Chapter 171

See 3 R. S. (first edition), p. 476; not revised.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT AUTHORISING THE ERECTION OF TWO POOR-HOUSES IN THE COUNTY OF TIOGA.

CHAPTER 171, LAWS OF 1829.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. It shall and may be lawful for the board of supervisors of the county of Tioga to raise by taxes on estates real and personal of the freeholders and inhabitants of each jury district in said county, a sum not exceeding three thousand dollars for the purpose of building a poor-house in each of the jury districts of said county.

(1829) § 2. The sum so to be raised in each of the jury districts of said county, shall be exclusively appropriated to the erection of a poor-house in the district in which said sum may be raised.

§ 3. The sum or sums of money levied and collected by virtue of this act, shall be deposited with the treasurer of said county, to be by him paid over to the three commissioners to be appointed by the judges and the supervisors of said county, to be by them appropriated to the purposes above mentioned.

Chapter 175 Warren county. Town of Queensbury. Overseers of poor may sell a lot of land.

Chapter 177 Washinton county. Town of Fort Edward. Overseers of poor to pay over poor funds to highway and common school commissioners.

Chapter 185 Town of Charlotte erected from Gerry, Chautauqua county. Division of poor funds.

See chap. 64, L. 1788.

Chapter 196 Town of Walworth erected from Ontario, Wayne county. Division of poor funds.

See chap. 64, L. 1788.

Chapter 223 Town of French Creek erected from Clymer, Chautauqua county. Apportionment of poor and poor funds.

See chap. 64, L. 1788.

Chapter 239 Oneida county. Village of Whitesboro charter. Division of excise moneys.

See chap. 85, L. 1813; chap. 63, L. 1821; §§ 60 and 61, chap. 10, L. 1859.

Chapter 247 New York city. Incorporating "The African Clarkson Association," a charitable society.

Chapter 248 Washington county. Village of Whitehall. Excise moneys.

See chap. 123, L. 1820; chap. 306, L. 1847; chap. 76, L. 1850.

Chapter 274 Town of Westville erected from Constable, Franklin county. Division of poor funds.

See chap. 64, L. 1788.

Chapter 287 General laws. Authorizing the inhabitants of any town in counties where distinction between town and county paupers has been or may be hereafter abolished to appropriate town poor funds at their pleas-

ure. If paid over to common school fund, how to be managed. (1829)

St. Lawrence county. Town of Pierpont. Overseers of poor to pay over poor funds to commissioners of common schools. Chapter 299

New York city. Creating fund in aid of Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents in New York City. Additional excise and theatre license fees. Marine hospital funds. Chapter 302

See chaps. 126 and 215, L. 1824; chaps. 186 and 234, L. 1831; chap. 13, L. 1839; chap. 836, L. 1872; chap. 537, L. 1881.

Town of Arkwright erected from Pomfret and Villenova, Chautauqua county. Division of poor and poor funds. Chapter 321

See chaps. 64 and 215, L. 1830.

General law. Prohibition as to unauthorized insurance, with penalties provided by title 21, chapter 20, part I, Revised Statutes, extended to marine insurance. Chapter 336

Allegany county. So much of chapter 20 of part I, Revised Statutes, relating to erection of county poor-houses, shall be in force in Allegany county from May 1, 1829. Chapter 342

"The New York Sacred Music Society" incorporated until January 1, 1850, for charitable and other purposes. Chapter 345

General law. No town supervisor or county treasurer shall be appointed superintendent of poor in any county. Chapter 352

See chap. 80, L. 1853; § 32, chaps. 677 and 686, L. 1892.

Wayne county. Village of Palmyra. Section 5, half of excise moneys to be paid to overseers of poor of town of Palmyra. Chapter 357

See chap. 117, L. 1827; § 45, chap. 144, L. 1861.

Town of Birdsall erected from Allen and Almond, Allegany county. Apportionment of poor and poor funds. Chapter 361

See chap. 64, L. 1788.

- (1829)
Chapter 365 Town of Cherry Creek erected from Ellinton, Chautauqua county. Division of poor funds.
See chap. 64, L. 1788.
- 53d session
1830
Chapter 7 Warren county. Town of Johnsburgh. Overseers of poor to sell land.
- Chapter 14 Columbia county. Supervisors to levy \$5,000 to pay debt on county poorhouse.
See chap. 7, L. 1828, 2d meeting.
- Chapter 15 Westchester county. Supervisors to levy \$3,500 to complete county poorhouse.
See chap. 84, L. 1827.
- Chapter 23 Town of Varick set off from Town of Romulus, and poor funds of Romulus, Seneca county, to be divided.
See chap. 64, L. 1788.
- Chapter 44 St. Lawrence county. Town of DeKalb. Overseers of poor to pay \$1,000 to trustees of gospel and school lot in said town for common school purposes.
- Chapter 49 Town of Little Valley divided and Cecilius erected, Cattaraugus county. Poor fund to be divided.
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 197, L. 1831.
- Chapter 52 Incorporating "New York Union African Society," a charitable corporation in New York city.
- Chapter 61 Orange county. Supervisor to raise \$5,000 to complete county poorhouse.
- Chapter 126 General law. Penalty for practising physic or surgery in this State unless authorized by law, to go to overseers of town or county poor.
See chap. 68, L. 1834; § 2, chap. 275, L. 1844; ¶ 5, § 1, chap. 593, L. 1886.
- Chapter 141 New York city. City to raise \$252,000 for support of poor and other purposes.
See chap. 86, R. L. 1813; chap. 82, L. 1820; chap. 83, L. 1825.
- Chapter 170 New York Institution for Instruction of Deaf and Dumb and Central Asylum for Instruction of Deaf and Dumb to receive additional indigent pupils at State expense.
See chap. 234, L. 1822; chap. 166, L. 1825; § 3, chap. 511, L. 1836.

Convicts under 17 years old may be sent to House of Refuge in City of New York from State prisons, when such removal is recommended by the inspectors of State prisons.

See § 160, chap. 460, L. 1847; ¶ 5, § 1, chap. 593, L. 1886.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT CONCERNING CONVICTS UNDER THE AGE OF SEVENTEEN YEARS AND OTHER PURPOSES.

CHAPTER 181, LAWS OF 1830.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. The person administering the government of this state, is hereby empowered to direct the agent of either of the state prisons of this state, whenever the inspectors thereof shall recommend the same, to convey any convicts who shall be under the age of seventeen years, to the house of refuge in the city of New-York; and they shall there be confined according to the rules and regulations of said house of refuge: The expenses of such removal shall be the same as allowed to sheriffs for like services, and a charge upon such prison, as part of its ordinary expenses to be certified by the inspectors.

§ 2. The expenses of such removal shall be first paid out of any funds of the prison for general support, to be certified by the inspectors: And it shall also be the duty of said inspectors and agent, to make out a certificate of said expenses, and forward the same to the sheriff of the county where such convict or convicts were sentenced, whose duty it shall be to present the same to the board of supervisors of said county, at their first annual meeting thereafter.

§ 3. The board of supervisors shall raise the said amount as other county charges; and the treasurer of said county shall, within ten days after receiving the same, remit the said amount to the agent of said prison.

§ 4. There shall be annually paid to the resident chaplain at the prison at Auburn, the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars, in addition to the sum now allowed by law, to be paid out of the earnings of the convicts.

Cattaraugus county. Town of Ellicottville to pay \$250 from poor fund to highway commissioners for making and repairing roads and bridges.

Chapter 182

Chenango county. Supervisors to audit accounts of overseers of poor of towns of Bainbridge, Norwich and New Berlin, and allowing appeal by overseers of

Chapter 193

(1830)
Chapter 181

- (1830) poor of town of Greene from order of overseers and justice of town of Oxford.
- Chapter 209 Chenango county. Charter of village of Sherburne. Section 8. Authorizes village trustees to grant licenses to grocers, ordinaries and victualling houses, and license fees to be paid to overseers of poor of town of Sherburne. See chap. 162, L. 1834; chap. 201, L. 1839; § 14, chap. 79, L. 1844.
- Chapter 212 Town of Watson to be divided and Diana erected, Lewis county. Poor funds to be divided. See chap. 64, L. 1788.
- Chapter 214 Kings county. Supervisors to build a penitentiary on county poor farm, at county's expense, for \$5,000, and poor authorities in town of Brooklyn to sell common land and poorhouse to defray Brooklyn's ratable proportion of tax for county farm and penitentiary.
- Chapter 246 Town of Mooers divided and Ellenburgh erected, Clinton county. Poor funds to be divided. See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 302, L. 1845.
- Chapter 248 Town of Depeau erected from Edwards and DeKalb, St. Lawrence county, and poor funds to be divided. See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 19, L. 1834; chap. 578, L. 1855.
- Chapter 267 "The Orphan Asylum Society in the Village of Utica" incorporated. See chap. 55, L. 1856; chap. 286, L. 1871.
- Chapter 276 Chautauqua county. Village of Mayville incorporated. Section 9. Excise license fees to be paid to overseers of poor of town of Chautauqua, or to county treasurer if distinction between town and county poor shall be abolished. See chap. 87, L. 1831; chap. 121, L. 1857; § 50, chap. 451, L. 1867.
- Chapter 292 Jefferson county. Town of Hounsfield. Overseers of poor to cancel two notes of highway commissioners for \$336.48 and \$300.

Albany county. Provisions of sections 15, 16, 17, 18 and 19 of title 1 of chapter 20, part I, Revised Statutes, so far as authorizing appointment of superintendent of county poor, erection of county poor-house and payment of excise money into county treasury, suspended for one year in city and county of Albany.

(1830)
Chapter 297

See chap. 185, L. 1826; chap. 164, L. 1828; chap. 233, L. 1839; § 82, chap. 275, L. 1842.

New York city. Continuing in force act of March 10, 1815, to March 10, 1850, for incorporation of an association for relief of respectable aged indigent females in New York city.

Chapter 308

See chap. 69, L. 1815.

Incorporating "The Mariners' Benevolent Association of the City of Troy."

Chapter 317

Amending title 1 of chapter 20, part I, Revised Statutes, by adding sections 80, 81 and 82, providing that in counties having no county poorhouse the town poor funds shall be received and disbursed by the town overseers of poor, and in such counties the excise commissioners to pay excise moneys to town overseers of poor, and also in counties where the distinction between town and county poor is not abolished.

Chapter 320

See ¶ 5, § 1, chap. 593, L. 1886; chap. 511, L. 1889.

Report on petition of supervisors of Kings county to be relieved from the support of foreign poor. ("Assembly documents," Vol. 2, No. 112).

Report on petition of supervisors of Washington county for a revision of the law relative to the importation of foreign poor. ("Assembly documents," Vol. 4, No. 330).

Authorizing superintendents of the poor of Broome county to borrow \$3,000 to purchase farm and county poorhouse.

54th session
1831
Chapter 5

The full text of this act is as follows:

(1831)

AN ACT AUTHORIZING THE SUPERINTENDENTS OF THE POOR OF THE COUNTY OF BROOME TO BORROW MONEY.

CHAPTER 5, LAWS OF 1831.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. The superintendents of the poor of the county of Broome, are authorized to borrow on the credit of said county, at a rate of interest not exceeding seven per cent, a sum of money not exceeding three thousand dollars, to be applied to the purchase of a farm and the erection of a poor-house for said county.

§ 2. The said sum of money, when borrowed, shall be paid into the treasury of said county, and may be drawn thence by the said superintendents, from time to time, as the same may be required for the purposes aforesaid.

§ 3. The supervisors of said county of Broome, shall annually raise by tax on the taxable property of said county, a sum sufficient to pay the annual interest of the money which may be borrowed as aforesaid, and shall annually, after the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-two, raise in addition, five hundred dollars, to be applied to the repayment of the principal of said sum until the money which may be borrowed as aforesaid shall be repaid.

§ 4. The said superintendents of the poor shall account with the board of supervisors of said county, for the moneys received by them under this act, in the same manner as they are now required by law to account for other moneys received by them.

§ 5. This act shall take effect upon the passage thereof.

Chapter 17

Incorporating "Brooklyn African Woolman Benevolent Society."

Chapter 48

Authorizing Comptroller to loan \$3,000 to superintendents of the poor of Broome county.

See chap. 25, L. 1830; chap. 73, L. 1893.

Chapter 55

Overseers of poor of town of Wilmington, Essex county, to pay over poor funds to commissioners of highways for bridges.

Chapter 58

Incorporating "The Trustees of the Leake and Watts Orphan-house, in the City of New York."

See chap. 132, L. 1841; chap. 153, L. 1844; chap. 681, L. 1892.

Chapter 69

Authorizing supervisors of Dutchess county to borrow \$15,000 for establishment of county poorhouse.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE SUPERVISORS OF THE COUNTY OF DUTCHESS, TO BORROW THE SUM OF FIFTEEN THOUSAND DOLLARS, FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A COUNTY POOR-HOUSE, AND TO CHANGE THE TIME AND PLACE OF HOLDING THE ANNUAL MEETINGS OF THE SAID SUPERVISORS.

(1831)

CHAPTER 69, LAWS OF 1831.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. The board of supervisors of the county of Dutchess, are hereby authorized to borrow on the credit of said county, fifteen thousand dollars at such times and in such sums, as a majority of said board at any regular meeting may determine, for the purpose of defraying the expense of purchasing a suitable farm for the poor of said county, and of erecting and furnishing a county poor-house thereon. And the treasurer of said county, is hereby directed to execute to the lenders of such money his bonds conditioned for the repayment thereof, in such manner that five thousand dollars, with its interest will become due and payable on the first day of March in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-two, the further sum of five thousand dollars on the first day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three and the remaining sum of five thousand dollars on the first day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, with interest payable on the two last mentioned sums, on the first day of March next, and annually thereafter.

§ 2. The supervisors of said county, shall cause to be raised, levied and collected, on and from the taxable property in said county, the said sum of fifteen thousand dollars, with the interest thereon, in three annual instalments, corresponding in amounts with the payments annually to become due on the said treasurer's bonds, the first of which instalments shall be levied at the next annual meeting of said board of supervisors; and the moneys so raised, shall be paid over to the treasurer of said county, whose duty it shall be to apply the same to the payment of his said bonds as they shall become due.

§ 3. The said sum of fifteen thousand dollars, when so borrowed, shall be in lieu of the sum of seven thousand dollars now allowed by law to be raised for the purpose aforesaid; and in case the whole of said sum of fifteen thousand dollars shall not be required for the establishment of said county poor-house, then the unexpended balance shall be appropriated to the support of the poor of said county.

§ 4. From and after the passage of this act, the board of supervisors in the county of Dutchess, shall hold their annual meeting in each and every year on the second Monday in

- (1831) November at the court-house in the village of Poughkeepsie in said county.
§ 5. This act shall take effect, immediately after the passage thereof.
- Chapter 82 Authorizing Comptroller to settle accounts of committee appointed to investigate affairs of New York Hospital.
- Chapter 94 Incorporating "The Society for the Relief of Orphan and Destitute Children in the City of Albany."
See chap. 164, L. 1835; chap. 161, L. 1837; chap. 420, L. 1879.
- Chapter 112 Incorporating "Society for the Education of Poor Children and Relief of Indigent Persons of the Jewish Persuasion" in the city of New York.
See chap. 90, L. 1861.
- Chapter 121 New York city to levy tax for support of poor.
See chap. 86, R. L. 1813; chap. 82, L. 1820; chap. 83, L. 1825; chap. 307, L. 1830.
- Chapter 142 President and directors of Central Asylum for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb authorized to receive indigent pupils under terms of chapter 166, Laws 1825, until May 1, 1836.
See chap. 189, L. 1823.
- Chapter 143 Continuing corporate existence of Butchers' Benevolent Society of New York for 15 years.
See chap. 54, L. 1815; chap. 322, L. 1846.
- Chapter 146 Division of poor funds in towns of Berkshire and Arlington, Tioga county.
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 95, L. 1832.
- Chapter 159 Overseers of poor of town of Cameron, Steuben county, directed to pay over certain funds to commissioners of common schools.
- Chapter 160 Division of poor funds in towns of Lisle, Triangle, Barker and Nanticoke, Broome county.
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 180, L. 1840.
- Chapter 166 Division of poor funds in towns of Great Valley and Burton, Cattaraugus county.
See chap. 64, L. 1788.

Fine for measuring stone in city of Albany by any other person than official measurer to be appropriated to support of city poor.

(1831)
Chapter 177

See chap. 185, L. 1826; chap. 84, L. 1833; § 2, chap. 202, L. 1843.

Providing for an annual appropriation by city of New York to Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents in that city of \$4,000 from poor funds raised by excise duties and licenses.

Chapter 186

See chaps. 126 and 215, L. 1824; chap. 302, L. 1829.

Incorporating the "Hibernian Benevolent Society, of Rochester."

Chapter 195

Moiety of penalty for taking oysters in Hudson river from May to August to go to poor of county where offense is committed.

Chapter 203

See ¶ 13, § 4, chap. 149, L. 1849; chap. 593, L. 1896.

Poor funds of towns of Cicero and Clay, Onondaga county, to be divided.

Chapter 211

See chap. 320, L. 1827.

Incorporating "The New York Institution for the Blind."

Chapter 214

See chap. 316, L. 1834; chaps. 226 and 399, L. 1836; chap. 200, L. 1839; chap. 175, L. 1841; chap. 58, L. 1845; chap. 193, L. 1848; chap. 333, L. 1852; chap. 278, L. 1859; chap. 587, L. 1865; chap. 744, L. 1867; chap. 226, L. 1874.

Incorporating "Albany Mechanics' Benefit Society."

Chapter 216

Act to provide for sick and disabled seamen, etc. New York port dues to be paid to trustees of Seamen's Fund and Retreat in the City of New York, and a seamen's retreat to be erected in New York, Richmond or Kings county. Also provides for appropriation to Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents in the City of New York.

Chapter 234

See chap. 302, L. 1829; chap. 163, L. 1832; chap. 25, L. 1836; chap. 165, L. 1837; chaps. 289 and 315, L. 1840; chap. 373, L. 1847; chap. 177, L. 1848; chap. 418, L. 1849.

Authorizing the sale of poorhouses and lots of the towns of Newburgh and Monroe, Orange county.

Chapter 239

(1831)
Chapter 276

Relative to audit of accounts of overseers of the poor in Yates, Suffolk and Livingston counties.

Chapter 277

Amending title 1 of chapter 20, part I, Revised Statutes, relative to relief and support of indigent persons. Section 64 repealed. \$50 penalty for bringing poor from out of the State, to be sued for by poor officers. Children in county poorhouses to be educated.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO AMEND THE ACT FOR THE RELIEF AND
SUPPORT OF INDIGENT PERSONS. PART FIRST,
CHAPTER TWENTY, TITLE FIRST.

CHAPTER 277, LAWS OF 1831.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. Any person who shall bring or remove, or cause to be brought or removed, any poor or indigent person, from any place without this state into any county or town within it, and there leave or attempt to leave such person, with intent to make such county or town chargeable with the support of such pauper, he shall forfeit and pay fifty dollars to be recovered before any justice of the peace of the county into which such pauper shall be brought to be sued for and recovered by and in the name of the superintendents of the county poor of said county, or by the overseers of the poor of the town into which such pauper shall be brought; and, moreover, shall be obliged to convey such pauper out of the state, or support him at his own expense: and it shall be lawful for the justice before whom any person shall be convicted for a violation of this act, to require of such person satisfactory security that he will, within a reasonable time, to be named by the justice, transport such pauper out of the state, or indemnify the town or county for all charges and expenses which may be incurred in the support of such pauper; and if such person shall refuse to give such security when so required, it shall be the duty of the justice to commit him to the common jail of the county, for a term not exceeding three months.

§ 2. All penalties recovered under this act, shall be applied as directed in the sixty-fifth section of the law hereby amended.

§ 3. The sixty-fourth section of title first, chapter twenty, first part of the Revised Statutes is hereby repealed.

§ 4. The superintendents of the county poor-houses which now are or hereafter may be established by law, are hereby required to cause all county and town paupers, over the age of five and under the age of sixteen years, who now are or

hereafter may be in said poor-houses, to be taught and educated, in the same manner as children are now taught in the common schools of this state, at least one fourth part of the time the said paupers shall remain in said poor-houses.

(1831)

§ 5. The expense of teaching and educating the said paupers, shall be paid by the counties and towns, in the same manner as other contingent charges are paid for the support of said paupers.

§ 6. It shall not be lawful for the trustees of any school district to include, in their annual returns, the names of any children who are supported at a county poor-house.

Campbell erected from Hornby, Steuben county, and poor funds to be divided.

Chapter 278

See chap. 64, L. 1788.

Overseers of poor of town of Russell, St. Lawrence county, to pay interest arising from poor fund semi-annually to commissioners of common schools of that town.

Chapter 297

Section 23 provides for repeal of all laws authorizing payment of incidental expenses attending Indian affairs, and that all annuities payable to Indians shall be paid by agents residing in their vicinity appointed by Comptroller.

Chapter 320

See chap. 84, L. 1799; chap. 84, L. 1808; chap. 92, R. L. 1813; chap. 284, L. 1834; chaps. 23 and 386, L. 1839; chap. 18, L. 1840; chap. 406, L. 1889; chap. 569, L. 1890; chap. 686, L. 1892; § 32, chap. 677, L. 1892; chap. 686, L. 1893.

Report on petition of the supervisors of Albany county for a law authorizing the supervisors, justices of the peace and town clerk, to audit the account of all charges payable by their respective towns. ("Assembly documents," Vol. I, No. 30.)

Abstracts of reports of superintendents of the poor. ("Assembly documents," Vol. I, No. 66.)

Report of select committee on the insane poor. ("Assembly documents," Vol. III, No. 263.)

Report in relation to the poorhouse system and insane poor. ("Assembly documents," Vol. IV, No. 305.)

Authorizing superintendents of poor of Broome county to sell farm.

55th session
1832
Chapter 1

(1832)
Chapter 6

Incorporating "Mutual Benefit Society of Mechanics in the City of New York."

Chapter 14

Incorporating "Hebrew Benevolent Society of the City of New York."

See chap. 316, L. 1860; chap. 230, L. 1874; chap. 34, L. 1883.

Chapter 18

Town of Darien erected from Pembroke, Genesee county, and poor funds divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788.

Chapter 19. Incorporating city of Utica.

Section 21. Overseers of the poor to be appointed.

§ 26. Overseers of the poor to be appointed by common council.

§ 64. Said city, for all purposes contemplated in Revised Statutes, part I, chapter 20, title 1, entitled "Of the relief and support of indigent persons" and for other purposes be considered a town.

§ 66. Common council shall grant excise licenses, and \$1.50 of each license fee shall be paid to "Orphan Asylum Society in Village of Utica."

§ 69. All laws relating to village of Utica repealed.

See chap. 292, L. 1842.

Chapter 20

Incorporating "New York Annual Conference Ministers' Mutual Assistance Society" in Albany.

Chapter 23

Incorporating the "Smiths' Beneficial Society," New York city.

Chapter 26

Extending powers of county superintendents of the poor to audit and settle all accounts of overseers of poor, justices of the peace and all other persons for services relating to relief, support and transportation of county paupers, and also to compromise with putative fathers of bastards within their jurisdiction relative to their support and to discharge said putative fathers from liability to support.

See chap. 130, L. 1840; chap. 225, L. 1896.

Chapter 43

New York city to levy tax for support of city poor.

See chap. 86, R. L. 1813; chap. 69, L. 1820; chap. 83, L. 1825.

Chapter 45

Relative to relief and support of poor in city and county of Albany for ensuing five years.

See chap. 185, L. 1826; chap. 204, L. 1837; chap. 132, L. 1840.

Town of Marcy erected from Deersfield, Oneida county, and poor funds to be divided.

(1832)
Chapter 72

See chap. 64, L. 1788.

Town of Volney, Oswego county, divided, Palermo and Schroepfel erected, and poor funds to be apportioned.

Chapter 81

See chap. 64, L. 1788.

Town of Poland erected from Ellicott, Chautauqua county, and poor funds to be divided.

Chapter 98

See chap. 64, L. 1788.

Incorporating "The Buffalo Marine Hospital."

Chapter 104

See chap. 298, L. 1828; chap. 81, L. 1839.

Directing printing and distribution of the poor laws.

Chapter 114

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT DIRECTING THE PRINTING AND DISTRIBUTION OF THE POOR LAWS.

CHAPTER 114, LAWS OF 1832.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. The State printer shall publish, in pamphlet form, and under the direction of the secretary of state, so many copies of the first six titles of chapter twenty, of the first part of the Revised Statutes, and such subsequent acts as relate to the support and management of the poor as shall supply one copy each to the several officers in this state who are directly connected with the support and management of the poor, and to each of the members and officers of the legislature.

§ 2. The secretary of state shall prepare an exposition of the said titles, accompanied with suitable forms, and cause them to be published as an appendix to the said pamphlet.

§ 3. The secretary of state shall transmit to the clerk of each county of this state a number of copies of the said pamphlet equal to ten times the number of towns in such county, and the clerk, after distributing one copy each to the superintendents of the poor of such county, shall transmit to each town clerk in such county eight copies, and such town clerk shall distribute one copy each to the supervisor or the town clerk, the overseers of the poor and the justices of the peace.

§ 4. The several officers receiving copies of the said pamphlet shall deliver them to their successors in office.

§ 5. The Treasurer shall pay, on the warrant of the comptroller, the expense of carrying into effect the provisions of this act.

(1832)
Chapter 146

Authorizing supervisors of Greene county to sell county poorhouse lot and buildings and buy other lands and erect new buildings.

Chapter 156

Concerning Hell Gate pilots.

Section 11. Moiety of pilotage collected when a pilot shall be refused, to constitute a charitable fund for benefit of widows and orphans of deceased Hell Gate pilots, under direction of master warden.

Section 12, former laws repealed.

See chap. 537, L. 1881.

Chapter 161

Town of Sherman erected from Mina, Chautauqua county, and poor to be divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788.

Chapter 163

Regarding Seaman's Retreat in Richmond county.

See chap. 192, L. 1833; chap. 25, L. 1836; chap. 114, L. 1839.

Chapter 179

Incorporating city of Buffalo.

Section 58. Moneys collected on excise license bonds to be applied as prescribed by title 9, chapter 20, part I, Revised Statutes.

§ 66. Certain acts relative to village of Buffalo repealed.

See chap. 24, L. 1839.

Chapter 189

Town of Java erected from China, Genesee county, and poor funds divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788.

Chapter 201

Village of Herkimer, Herkimer county, charter amended.

Section 8. Empowers board of trustees to license shows, license fees to be paid into county treasury for support of county poor.

See chap. 125, L. 1854.

Chapter 204

Penalties for illegal taking of salmon trout in the Fulton chain of Little Moose lake, Herkimer and Hamilton counties, by spearing, to go to use of poor.

See chap. 194, L. 1849; chap. 593, L. 1886.

Chapter 223

Amending act to provide instruction of indigent, deaf and dumb, passed April 6, 1822. Overseers of the poor required to furnish superintendent of common

schools with lists of all deaf and dumb persons, from which lists superintendent may select state pupils. (1832)

See chap. 234, L. 1822.

Changing place of payment of Indian annuities to St. Regis and Caughnawaga tribes to Fort Covington, Franklin county. Chapter 227

Authorizing supervisors of Oneida county to defray expenses incurred by overseers of poor, since distinction between town and county poor was abolished, and also town expenses relating to habitual drunkards. Chapter 235

Town of Leon erected from Conewango, Cattaraugus county, and poor to be divided. Chapter 236

See chap. 64, L. 1788.

\$2,000 appropriated for use of Stockbridge Indians. Chapter 244

See chap. 92, R. L. 1813.

Incorporating "The Trustees of the Eastern Dispensary of the city of New York." Chapter 252

See chap. 217, L. 1850.

Releasing interest of State in estate of Philip Jacobs, deceased, to Orphan Asylum Society of New York City. Chapter 266

See chap. 303, L. 1828.

Imposing dog tax in Richmond, Rockland and Westchester counties, and revenue to be applied according to section 1, title 17, chapter 20, part I, Revised Statutes. (Amended by Chapter 117, Laws 1835.) Chapter 273

See chap. 117, L. 1835; chap. 315, L. 1838; chap. 146, L. 1843.

Authorizing supervisors of Ontario county to raise \$4,500 by tax for purchasing addition to poorhouse farm and improving same. Chapter 291

Confirming acts of superintendents of poor of Ulster county and of all other superintendents who have taken official oaths, and prescribing manner of appointment of superintendents in counties where board of supervisors have power of appointment, repealing former laws to the contrary. Chapter 292

See chap. 299, L. 1835; chap. 130, L. 1840.

(1832)
Chapter 307

Amending charter of Village of Auburn.

Section 4. Excise moneys to be paid to county treasurer for use of county poor.

See chap. 228, L. 1815; chap. 42, L. 1836.

Chapter 314

Incorporating "The Society of Mechanics and Manufacturers of the county of Kings."

Chapter 329

Town of Potter erected from Middlesex, Yates county, and poor funds to be divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 805, L. 1857.

Chapter 333
(Second meeting of Legislature).

Act for preservation of public health. Quarantine regulations against cholera established. Overseers of the poor to be on town health boards and appoint health officers. Expenses to be paid by State. Act to continue in force until February 1, 1833. Paupers in poorhouses having contagious diseases to be removed by superintendents to pest houses at county expense.

See chap. 221, L. 1833; chap. 364, L. 1849; chap. 882, L. 1869.

Report relative to the accounts of certain officers for the support of the poor. ("Assembly documents," Vol. I, No. 12.)

Abstract of report of superintendents of the poor. ("Assembly documents," Vol. I, No. 33.)

Report on petition to raise money to build Albany County poorhouse. ("Assembly documents," Vol. II, No. 93.)

Report relative to accounts of certain officers for the support of county poor. ("Assembly documents," Vol. II, No. 118.)

Report on petition for aid to orphan asylum in the city of Albany. ("Assembly documents," Vol. II, No. 121.)

Report of select committee on the insane poor. ("Assembly documents," Vol. II, No. 174.)

Report as to publishing poor laws in pamphlet form. ("Assembly documents," Vol. III, No. 189.)

- Report on petition of the common council to make the city of Albany a separate district for the support of the poor. ("Senate documents," Vol. I, No. 38.) (1892)
- Incorporating "Mechanics' Benefit Society" of New York. 56th session
1833
Chapter 8
- Act relative to New York city. Definition of vagrants who are to be committed to almshouse or penitentiary. Abandoned children to be sent to almshouse. Chapter 11
- See chap. 628, L. 1857.
- Supervisors of Jefferson county authorized to sell poorhouse lot and may buy other land and erect another poorhouse. Chapter 12
- See chap. 83, L. 1834; chaps. 335 and 588, L. 1873; chap. 537, L. 1881.
- Supervisors of Orange county authorized to levy tax of \$1,000 to buy land for county poorhouse. Chapter 20
- Towns of West Bloomfield and East Bloomfield erected from Bloomfield, Ontario county, and poor funds to be divided. Chapter 23
- See chap. 64, L. 1788.
- Extending act of April 3, 1811, as amended by act of January 21, 1821, relative to General Society of Mechanics and Tradesmen of New York City until April, 1860. Society may use its funds to support indigent members, their widows and children and for free school for children of indigent members. Chapter 27
- See chap. 26, L. 1792; chap. 113, L. 1811; chap. 15, L. 1821; chap. 83, L. 1856.
- So much of title 16 of chapter 20, part I, Revised Statutes, relative to preservation of partridge, quail and woodcock in Suffolk, Queens, Kings and New York counties, extended to Westchester, Dutchess and Richmond counties. Chapter 64
- See chap. 194, L. 1849; chap. 593, L. 1886.
- Towns of Moravia and Niles set off from Sempronius, Cayuga county, and poor funds to be divided. Chapter 66
- See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 235, L. 1835.

(1833)
Chapter 91

Incorporating "Utica Mechanics' Association."

See chap. 92, L. 1863; chap. 11, L. 1870; chap. 121, L. 1871; chap. 25, L. 1877; chap. 275, L. 1881.

Chapter 92

Penalty for hounding deer in towns of Blenheim and Fulton, Schoharie county, to be applied to poor fund.

See chap. 593, L. 1886.

Chapter 107

Incorporating "The House-Carpenters' Benevolent Society of the Village of Brooklyn."

Chapter 109

Act increasing number of state pupils at New York Institution for Instruction of Deaf and Dumb.

See chap. 264, L. 1817.

Chapter 131

Incorporating "The New York Journeymen Shipwright and Calkers' Benevolent Society," New York city.

Chapter 144

Amending charter of Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents, New York City, by providing that nine members of the board shall constitute a quorum, except for the appointment and removal of any officer, when twelve members are required.

See chap. 126, L. 1824.

Chapter 153

Incorporating "The New England Society in city of New York."

See chap. 515, L. 1872.

Chapter 155

Penalties for illegal fishing with nets in Lake Ontario, in town of Richmond, Oswego county, to be applied in manner prescribed by act relative to fishery in Oswego county, passed March 12, 1823, and penalties for use of nets or boats for such illegal purpose to go to use of town poor.

See chap. 59, L. 1823; chap. 194, L. 1849; chap. 593, L. 1886.

Chapter 161

Incorporating "The Hibernian Provident Society" of the city of Albany.

Chapter 166

Authorizing supervisors of Niagara county to borrow of the State \$6,000 to build new county poorhouse.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS
OF THE COUNTY OF NIAGARA TO LOAN MONEY TO
BUILD A NEW POOR-HOUSE, AND FOR OTHER
PURPOSES.

(1833)

CHAPTER 166, LAWS OF 1833.

*The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate
and Assembly, do enact as follows:*

§ 1. The board of supervisors of the county of Niagara is hereby authorized to borrow, on the credit of said county, such sum of money, not exceeding six thousand dollars, as shall be determined on by said board at a regular meeting thereof, for the purpose of building a new county poor-house for said county.

§ 2. Whenever the said board of supervisors shall have decided on the sum to be so borrowed, the treasurer of this state, upon the warrant of the comptroller for that purpose to be drawn, is hereby directed, out of any monies in the treasury belonging to the principal of the common school fund, to pay to the treasurer of the said county of Niagara the said sum of money, to be applied by him, under the direction of the said board of supervisors; and the same shall be charged in the books of the comptroller, as a debt due from the county of Niagara to this state, with interest thereon at the rate of six per cent. per annum, and the said debt shall belong to the common school fund.

§ 3. The comptroller at the time of the payment of the said money to the said county treasurer, shall take his receipt for the same.

§ 4. The board of supervisors of the county of Niagara is hereby directed, at their annual meeting in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, and at their annual meeting in each of the three succeeding years, to cause to be levied and collected, from the taxable property in said county, such sums over and above all expenses of collecting the same as may be sufficient to repay to the state the sum which shall be loaned to said county by virtue of this act, in four annual instalments, with annual interest on the same.

§ 5. It shall be the duty of the said county treasurer to pay into the treasury of this state the said sum required by the last preceding section to be collected, when and as soon as the same shall come to his hand.

Charter of Village of Skaneateles.

Chapter 175

Trustees may grant excise licenses in the manner and in all respects subject to provisions of title 9, chapter 20, part I, Revised Statutes.

See chap. 229, L. 1850.

Provisions of section 1 of chapter 163, Laws 1832, extended to January 1, 1835, relative to Seamen's Retreat, Richmond county.

Chapter 192

(1833)
Chapter 195

Incorporating "The American Seaman's Friend Society" in New York city.

See chap. 173, L. 1840; chap. 37, L. 1845; chap. 58, L. 1864.

Chapter 212

So much of section 6 of title 1 of chapter 17, Part I, Revised Statutes, as relates to auction sales in New York city extended to village of Brooklyn.

Chapter 221

Chapter 333, Laws 1832, relative to cholera quarantine regulations extended for another year.

See chap. 103, L. 1835.

Chapter 235

Charter of village of Trenton, Oneida county. Village to possess all powers granted by chapter 18, part I, Revised Statutes.

See chap. 430, L. 1864.

Chapter 236

Charter of village of Bloomingburg, Sullivan county. Village to have all powers named in chapter 18, part I, Revised Statutes.

See chap. 465, L. 1836.

Chapter 237

Incorporating the "Fire Department of the City of Utica." Its funds may be appropriated to relief of indigent firemen and their families.

See chap. 19, L. 1832; chap. 138, L. 1852.

Chapter 245

New York city to levy tax for support of poor.

See chap. 86, R. L. 1813; chap. 82, L. 1820; chap. 83, L. 1825.

Chapter 255

Town of Clayton erected from Orleans and Lyme, Jefferson county, and poor money to be divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 17, L. 1840.

Chapter 266

Incorporating "The Firemen's Insurance Company." Said company to pay \$300 annually to the fire department fund of the village of Brooklyn for charitable purposes.

See chap. 490, L. 1836.

Chapter 293.

Charter of city of Schenectady.

Section 14. Overseers of the poor to qualify within five days after election or be fined.

§ 17. Common council to elect one or more poor-masters having same power as any town overseer of poor.

§ 20. Common council to select from aldermen and justices of peace a board of magistrates for relief and support of poor, with power to distribute poor fund of city. (1833)

§ 24. Provisions of title 9, chapter 20, part I, Revised Statutes, as to excise licenses to apply to licenses granted by mayor and common council.

§ 43. All acts inconsistent herewith repealed.

See chap. 385, L. 1862.

Reviving St. Andrew's Society of City of Schenectady for 10 years hereafter. Chapter 298

See chap. 67, L. 1807.

Abstract of reports of superintendents of the poor. ("Assembly documents," Vol. II, No. 38.)

Authorizing supervisors of Sullivan county to sell their poorhouse and apply proceeds to purchase of another farm. 57th session 1834 Chapter 25

Incorporating "The Hibernian Benevolent Association of the City of Troy." Chapter 27

Incorporating "The Hibernian Benevolent Society of the city of Utica." Chapter 34

Amending article 12, title 2, chapter 17, part I, Revised Statutes, relating to inspection of leaf tobacco in New York city. Chapter 56

Section 8 provides a penalty to be recovered for benefit of city poor from persons selling tobacco without inspection.

Sections 9 and 11 repeal sections 178, 179 and 180 of said article 12 and so much of section 16 of title 5, chapter 5, part I, Revised Statutes, as is inconsistent.

See chap. 202, L. 1843; chap. 537, L. 1881.

Appropriation of \$5,000 per annum for five years to New York Institution for Instruction of Deaf and Dumb, New York city. Chapter 67

See chap. 264, L. 1817; chap. 228, L. 1836; chap. 174, L. 1840.

Provisions of act of March 30, 1811, for benefit of Orphan Asylum Society, New York city, and amenda- Chapter 69

- (1834) tory acts made applicable to Prince Street Orphan Asylum.
See chap. 86, L. 1811.
- Chapter 72 New York city to levy tax for support of city poor, etc.
See chap. 86, R. L. 1813; chap. 82, L. 1820; chap. 83, L. 1825.
- Chapter 73 Act amending act to prevent horse racing, of March 30, 1821, continued for 15 years.
See chap. 193, L. 1821.
- Chapter 83 Authorizing State Comptroller to loan commissioners of Jefferson county poorhouse \$4,000.
- Chapter 92. Charter of city of Brooklyn—Section 58 provides that excise license fees shall be paid into county treasury for support of Kings county poor.
Section 59. Penalties provided by sections 15 and 16 of title 9, chapter 20, part I, Revised Statutes, to go to use of county poor.
Section 65 provides for election of three overseers of the poor and that all provisions of law relating to relief and support of indigent persons applying to town or village of Brooklyn shall apply to this city.
Section 72 repeals certain laws relating to the village of Brooklyn.
See chap. 144, L. 1850.
- Chapter 100 Authorizing supervisor and overseers of poor of town of Guilford, Chenango county, to lease gospel and school lands.
- Chapter 148 Act permitting New York Society for Promoting the Manumission of Slaves to sell lands to Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents, New York city.
See chap. 19, L. 1808.
- Chapter 153 Trustees of Sailors' Snug Harbor authorized to buy land in New York city.
See chap. 4, L. 1806; chap. 124, L. 1835.
- Chapter 175 Incorporating Clyde High School, Wayne county.
Section 11. Certain school moneys to be applied for tuition of poor children.

Authorizing superintendents of poor of Chenango county to sell part of their poor farm and to purchase other lands.

(1834)
Chapter 183

Charter of City of Rochester.

Title 2, section 1. Keepers of almshouse and penitentiary to be appointed.

Chapter 199.

Title 9 provides that mayor and aldermen shall be overseers of the poor with full power to relieve the indigent, care for lunatics and habitual drunkards, bind out disorderly persons and support bastards and charge their parents therewith. An almshouse to be erected and five overseers to be appointed. Excise license fees to go to poor fund. Common council may loan to poor fund.

See chap. 158, L. 1836; chap. 361, L. 1837; title 9, chap. 145, L. 1844; title 9, chap. 262, L. 1850.

Title 10. Ballot to be taken for purchase of site and erection of almshouse, the expense of which to be defrayed as contingent expenses of city.

Title 11. Repeals charter of village of Rochester of April 10, 1826, and amendatory acts. Section 8 provides for division of poor funds of towns of Brighton and Gates with new city.

Incorporating "New York Methodist Mutual Benefit Society," New York city.

Chapter 224

Act relating to city of Albany of April 13, 1826, amended. Vagrants and disorderly persons defined. \$500 formerly annually paid to trustees of Albany Lancaster School out of excise duties hereafter to be paid to county treasurer for use of the poor.

Chapter 230

Authorizing any one overseer of the poor to perform services mentioned in sections 39 and 42 of title 1, chapter 20, part I, Revised Statutes.

Chapter 236

Authorizing \$600 of poor funds in town of Ulysses, Tompkins county, to be applied toward support of roads and bridges.

Chapter 259

(1834)
Chapter 260

Incorporating "The Troy Annual Conference Ministers' Mutual Aid Society" of Troy.

Chapter 265

Relating to Village of Salem, Washington county.

Penalty for refusal to work out road tax same as prescribed by title 1, chapter 6, part I, Revised Statutes, and to be recovered in same manner.

See chap. 81, L. 1803; chap. 256, L. 1844; § 50, chap. 206, L. 1851.

Chapter 289

Annuity to First Christian Party of Oneida Indians.

See chap. 285, L. 1835; chap. 22, L. 1837; chap. 679, L. 1892.

Chapter 294

Appropriation of \$1,000 annually for three years to New York Eye Infirmary, New York city, from State treasury.

See chap. 128, L. 1822; chap. 245, L. 1824.

Chapter 303

Incorporating "The Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society in the city of Brooklyn, in the county of Kings."

See chap. 76, L. 1848; chap. 87, L. 1850; chap. 308, L. 1865.

Chapter 316

New York Institution for Blind authorized to receive four indigent blind persons, to be taught at expense of State, from each senate district.

See chap. 214, L. 1831.

Abstract of report of superintendents of the poor. ("Assembly documents," Vol. III, No. 173.)

Report of a select committee on the insane poor. ("Assembly documents," Vol. IV, No. 347.)

58th session
1835
Chapter 26

Incorporating "The Erin Fraternal Benevolent Association of Brooklyn."

Chapter 40

Secretary of State to extend enumeration blanks for enumeration of blind inhabitants of State as well as of deaf and dumb.

See chap. 42, L. 1835; § 17, chap. 140, L. 1845.

Chapter 42

Amending chapter 40, Laws of 1835.

Chapter 48

New York city to levy tax to support poor.

See chap. 86, R. L. 1813; chap. 82, L. 1820; chap. 83, L. 1825.

Chapter 61

Incorporating "Troy Orphan Asylum."

See chap. 47, L. 1859.

Amending sections 3, 8, 21, 22, 30 and 36 of title 1, chapter 17, part I, Revised Statutes, relating to auction sales.

(1835)
Chapter 62

See § 4, chap. 52, L. 1838.

New York commissioners of school money directed to pay to Public School Society of New York \$2,758.86, retained on ground that school connected with city almshouse was outside of city limits, and said almshouse school hereafter to participate in city school funds under supervision of said Public School Society.

Chapter 64

See chap. 335, L. 1873; chap. 537, L. 1881.

Incorporating "Ithaca Mechanics' Society."

Chapter 79

See chap. 42, L. 1875.

The commissioners of common schools in town of DeKalb, St. Lawrence county, directed to deliver moneys and securities received from appropriation of poor funds of said town to use of common schools to the trustees of gospel and school lot in said city.

Chapter 83

Poor funds and debts of Manlius and Dewitt, Onondaga county, to be apportioned.

Chapter 89

See chap. 33, L. 1835.

Trustees of Second Protestant Reformed Dutch Church, Albany, not to have control of deacon's fund raised for church poor.

Chapter 90

See chap. 60, R. L. 1813; chap. 13, L. 1857; chap. 501, L. 1883.

Jefferson county to be exempt from fish inspection provided by article 4, title 2, chapter 17, part I, Revised Statutes.

Chapter 92

Incorporating "The Orphan Asylum Society of the city of Brooklyn."

Chapter 95

See chap. 329, L. 1838; chap. 76, L. 1848; chap. 368, L. 1849; chap. 50, L. 1850; chap. 297, L. 1851; chap. 304, L. 1876.

Town of Dix erected from Catlin, Tioga county, and poor to be divided.

Chapter 98

See chap. 64, L. 1788.

Incorporating "The Western Eye and Ear Infirmary" at Syracuse.

Chapter 99

See chap. 286, L. 1837.

(1835)
Chapter 103

Renewing cholera quarantine law of April 25, 1833, for another year.

Chapter 110

Prohibiting sale of liquor to St. Regis Indians.

See chap. 150, L. 1826.

Chapter 117

Dog tax law, chapter 273, Laws 1832, extended to Columbia, Dutchess, Allegany and Cattaraugus counties. Residue after satisfying damages for sheep killed by dogs to go to poor fund or otherwise as shall be directed at town meeting.

See chap. 315, L. 1838; chap. 82, L. 1839; chap. 188, L. 1840; chap. 146, L. 1843.

Chapter 124

Amending chapter 153, Laws 1834, in relation to Sailors' Snug Harbor.

Chapter 154

Amending section 24, title 1, chapter 16, part I, Revised Statutes, in relation to assessment of highway labor. Paupers to be excepted from assessment for day's work.

See chap. 395, L. 1873; chap. 568, L. 1890.

Chapter 164

Amending the act incorporating Society for Relief of Orphan and Destitute Children in the City of Albany.

See chap. 161, L. 1837.

Chapter 173

Incorporating "The Sailors' and Boatmen's Friend Society" of Buffalo.

See chap. 494, L. 1855.

Chapter 210

Incorporating "The Asylum for Relief of the Children of Poor Widowers and Widows" in Greenwich Village, New York city.

See chap. 250, L. 1852.

Chapter 249

Incorporating "The Sixth Ward Benevolent Society," Troy.

Chapter 261

Ulster county superintendents of the poor to be appointed on fourth day of annual meeting of board of supervisors.

Chapter 272

Act to prevent sale of liquor to paupers and to prevent the sale of their clothing. Penalty for violation hereof to go to use of poor.

Chapter 285

Act for relief of First Christian Party of Oneida Indians.

Amending chapter 292, Laws 1832, relating to superintendents of the poor. In case of vacancies, same to be filled by county judge until next annual meeting of supervisors.

(1835)
Chapter 299

Act in relation to State prisons. Section 12. Agents of prisons to procure and furnish gratuitously to keepers of all county poorhouses applying a supply of white mulberry seed, with a view of raising mulberry trees on the several poorhouse farms.

Chapter 302

See chap. 171, L. 1836; chap. 92, L. 1837; chap. 301, L. 1844; § 160, chap. 460, L. 1847.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT IN RELATION TO THE STATE PRISONS.

CHAPTER 302, LAWS OF 1835.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. The state prisons at Auburn and Mount-Pleasant shall each of them be under the direction and government of five inspectors; three of the inspectors of the Auburn prison shall reside in the village of Auburn, and three of the inspectors of the Mount-Pleasant prison shall be residents of the town of Mount-Pleasant, as soon as the same can be accomplished without removing any inspector now in office.

§ 2. The said inspectors shall have the powers now by law vested in the inspectors respectively, except as hereinafter otherwise provided. They shall have the appointment of the assistant keepers of said prisons respectively; the agent of each prison shall appoint his own deputy.

§ 3. The inspectors who may reside out of the said village or town, shall receive the same compensation for their services that the present inspectors of the Mount-Pleasant prison are entitled to. Those residing in said village of Auburn and town of Mount-Pleasant, shall receive for every day actually and necessarily employed in the business of said prisons, the sum of one dollar and fifty cents.

§ 4. The inspectors of said prisons shall have stated meetings, to be appointed by them as often at least as once a month; a majority shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. They shall adopt rules and regulations for the government and conduct of all the officers of the prisons; and all orders, rules and regulations adopted by them, and the entries of their proceedings as a board, at each meeting, shall be recorded by the clerk of the prison, who shall attend their meetings for that purpose. A printed copy of the general rules and regulations shall be furnished to each officer of the prison

(1835)

on his appointment. The agents of said prisons may issue general and special orders, and make rules to be in force until the next meeting of the board of inspectors, and no longer. All general orders or rules for the government of the subordinate officers of the prisons, made by the agent, shall be in writing, and shall be entered in a book to be by him kept for that purpose. The agent or deputy keeper shall also keep a daily journal of the proceedings of the prison, in which shall be entered a note of every infraction of the rules or regulations of the prison by any officer thereof, which shall come to his knowledge, and a memorandum of every complaint made by any convict of bad or insufficient food, want of clothing, or of cruel and unjust treatment from his keeper. This journal shall be laid before the inspectors at every stated meeting.

§ 5. The chaplain shall be furnished a room or office in the prison.

§ 6. The assistant keepers shall preserve proper discipline among the convicts under their respective charge, and may punish them at discretion for misconduct, in such manner and subject to such regulation as shall be adopted by the board of inspectors; and every such keeper shall, as soon as the next day after inflicting punishment on any convict, leave with the agent or deputy keeper a written memorandum thereof, signed by him, stating the offence committed and the extent of the punishment inflicted.

§ 7. No mechanical trade shall hereafter be taught to convicts in the state prisons of this state, except the making of those articles of which the chief supply for the consumption of the country is imported from foreign countries.

§ 8. The inspectors of the prisons shall have power to employ artizans from abroad for the purpose of teaching new branches of business in the state prisons, which are not pursued in the state.

§ 9. No contract for the services of any number of prison convicts for a longer period than six months, shall hereafter be made by the agent without the consent and direction of the inspectors at a regular or special meeting of the board of inspectors, and an entry whereof shall be made in the minutes of their proceedings. At least two months' notice of the time and place of letting every contract for the labor of convicts, by direction of the inspectors, shall be given in the state paper, and in one newspaper printed in each city in this state, which notice shall specify the particular branch of business in which the convicts are to be employed, the length of time for which their services are to be let, not exceeding five years, and the number of convicts to which the contracts are to be limited; and in all those branches of business of which the consumption of the country is chiefly supplied without foreign importation, the number of convicts to be employed or let shall be limited by the number of convicts who had learned a trade before coming to prison.

(1835)

§ 10. Nothing in this act contained shall prevent the teaching of mechanical business in the state prisons of this state, as far as may be necessary to fulfill the obligations of the state in existing contracts for contract labor. It shall, however, be the duty of the inspectors and agents, to avail themselves as fast as the interests of the prison will permit, of every opportunity that may occur to change any of the present contracts so as to make them conform to the principles adopted in this act for the future employment of convicts, and for this purpose they are hereby authorized to negotiate with any of the present contractors, and to procure their consent to abandon their respective contracts at such time and on such terms as they may deem proper.

§ 11. It shall be the duty of the inspectors of the state prisons, to cause the manufacture of silk goods from cocoons to be introduced and carried on in said prisons, as soon as it can conveniently be done, and for that purpose to purchase, as well cocoons raised in the country as the raw material imported, which may be offered at such prices as they may deem reasonable, and to extend said business as fast as the same can be prosecuted, according to the judgment of the inspectors, with a prospect of ultimate profit; and the inspectors and agents of the Mount-Pleasant prison shall, as soon as practicable, cause so much of the state farm at Sing-Sing as they may deem proper to be devoted to that purpose, to be planted with and applied to the raising of the white mulberry tree and other approved varieties of the mulberry, to be by them gratuitously distributed or sold at moderate prices, for the purpose of promoting the production of cocoons and the manufacture of silk.

§ 12. The agents of said prisons shall cause to be procured a supply of the white mulberry seed, which shall be furnished gratuitously to the keepers and superintendents of the several county poor-house establishments who shall apply for the same, with a view of raising mulberry trees on the poor-house farms in the several counties.

§ 13. The inspectors of the several prisons may authorize the agent to contract for the supplies of provisions, as now authorized by law, for the term of three years, or for any less term, as they may deem proper.

§ 14. The chaplains shall hereafter receive an annual salary of five hundred dollars each.

§ 15. The agents of the respective prisons shall pay to the sheriffs or deputies for transporting convicts to the prisons, the fees to which they are by law entitled.

§ 16. No officer of either of the said prisons of this state, shall employ the labor of any convict or other person employed in such prison, on any work in which such officer shall be interested.

- (1835) Report on petition of supervisors to raise money to build a poorhouse in the city of Albany. ("Assembly documents," Vol. II, No. 93.)
- Report on the insane poor. ("Assembly documents," Vol. III, No. 167.)
- Abstract of reports of superintendents of the poor. ("Assembly documents," Vol. III, No. 185.)
- 59th session
1836
Chapter 12 Extending charter of Hibernian Provident Society of City of New York for 15 years.
- Chapter 25 See chap. 92, L. 1812; chap. 144, L. 1822.
- Act to enable trustees of Seamen's Fund and Retreat, New York city, to borrow money from the passenger's fund.
- Chapter 34 See chap. 234, L. 1831; chap. 373, L. 1847.
- Authorizing superintendents of the poor, Rockland county, to borrow \$7,000 to buy farm and erect poor-house thereon.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT AUTHORIZING THE SUPERINTENDENTS OF THE POOR, OF THE COUNTY OF ROCKLAND, TO RAISE MONEY BY LOAN TO PURCHASE A FARM OR TRACT OF LAND, AND TO ERECT A POOR-HOUSE THEREON.

CHAPTER 34, LAWS OF 1836.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. The superintendents of the poor of the county of Rockland, are hereby authorized to borrow, on the credit of the said county, such sum or sums of money as the board of supervisors of said county shall direct, not exceeding seven thousand dollars, at a rate of interest not exceeding six per cent per annum, for the purpose of purchasing a farm or tract of land, and for erecting a poor-house and buildings thereon for the reception of the poor.

§ 2. The said superintendents shall deposite in the county treasury, so much of the money so borrowed, as the board of supervisors may direct, and the same shall be drawn therefrom by an order signed by the chairman of the board of superintendents, in such sums and at such times as a majority of their board shall direct, and the said superintendents shall account for the expenditure of the same, with the board of supervisors at their next annual meeting thereafter, and at such other times as the said supervisors may direct.

§ 3. The board of supervisors of said county are hereby authorized and required to raise by tax on said county, in the same manner as other county charges are raised, such sum or sums as shall be sufficient to pay the interest and principal of the sum so borrowed by the said superintendents, in such instalments and at such times as the said supervisors may judge expedient, to be applied toward the payment of the said loan.

(1836)

§ 4. This act shall take effect immediately on the passage thereof.

Authorizing superintendents of poor, Cortland county, to borrow \$3,000 from State funds to buy farm and erect poorhouse.

Chapter 38

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A
COUNTY POOR HOUSE, IN THE COUNTY OF CORT-
LAND.

CHAPTER 38, LAWS OF 1836.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. The treasurer, on the warrant of the comptroller, shall, out of any moneys in the treasury belonging to the capital of the common school fund, pay the sum of three thousand dollars to the superintendents of the poor of the county of Cortland for the time being, to be by them expended in purchasing a farm, and erecting suitable buildings thereon, for the accommodation of the poor of said county; which said sum of three thousand dollars, shall be charged in the books of the comptroller, as a debt due from the said county of Cortland to this state, with interest thereon at the rate of six per cent per annum; and the said debt shall belong to the common school fund.

§ 2. The board of supervisors of the county of Cortland are hereby authorized and required, at their annual meeting in each of the years one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight, and one thousand eight hundred and thirty-nine, to cause to be levied and collected, from the taxable inhabitants of the said county, over and above all expenses of collecting the same, a sum equal to the one-third part of the aforesaid sum of three thousand dollars, and the interest at the rate aforesaid, which may be due on the first day of February then next ensuing, upon so much of the principle sum as shall then remain unpaid; which said sum shall be levied and collected from said county, in the same manner as ordinary county charges, and when so collected shall be paid over to the treasurer of the said county of Cortland.

(1836)

§ 3. The treasurer of the said county of Cortland shall, within ten days after the aforesaid several sums shall be respectively collected and paid over to him, as herein above provided, pay the same into the treasury of this state; and upon such payment being made, the same shall be an extinguishment of so much of the said debt so as aforesaid charged to the said county of Cortland.

§ 4. This act shall take effect immediately after the passage thereof.

Chapter 42

Auburn village charter amended.

Sections 3, 4, 10 and 17 provide for the election of two overseers of the poor to have same powers and duties as similar town officers.

Section 22. Said village shall be subject to provisions of Revised Statutes respecting excise and relief of poor as a town.

Section 60. Certain penalties under Revised Statutes to go to county treasurer for support of county poor. (See section 62.)

Chapter 77

Erecting Chemung county from part of Tioga.

Section 19 provides for division of poor funds.

Chapter 82

Establishing New York State Lunatic Asylum.

See chap. 310, L. 1839; chap. 303, L. 1840; chaps. 109 and 278, L. 1841; chap. 135, L. 1842; chap. 224, L. 1843; chap. 337, L. 1844; chap. 357, L. 1845; chap. 98, L. 1846; chap. 282, L. 1850; chap. 63, L. 1861; chap. 101, L. 1862; chap. 353, L. 1865; chap. 587, L. 1873; chap. 132, L. 1890.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE NEW-YORK STATE LUNATIC ASYLUM.

CHAPTER 82, LAWS OF 1836.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. The governor of the state of New-York, by and with the consent of the senate, shall, during the present session of the legislature, appoint three commissioners, for the purpose of selecting a suitable site on which to be erected the New-York state lunatic asylum.

§ 2. The said commissioners shall have power to purchase, or to receive by gift, by and with the approbation of the governor, a site for the location of the said asylum.

§ 3. If the said commissioners shall procure by purchase the site for said asylum, and a deed thereof shall be duly executed and delivered to the people of this state, the treasurer is

(1836)

hereby directed to pay, on the warrant of the comptroller, to the grantor or grantors of whom the said site shall be purchased as aforesaid, such sum or sums of money as may be required to pay for the said site, agreeably to the contract of the said commissioners, not exceeding ten thousand dollars.

§ 4. At any time after the said site shall be obtained by the said commissioners, not exceeding three months, the governor, secretary of state, and comptroller, shall appoint three commissioners to contract for the erection of the said asylum, on such plan and on such terms as they may deem just and proper, provided the said plan, and the terms of said contract, shall be approved by the governor; and the said commissioners shall superintend the building of the said asylum, with a view to the due execution of the work on the part of those with whom the said commissioners shall contract for the erection thereof.

§ 5. The said last mentioned commissioners, before they enter on the duties of their office, shall give their bonds, with two or more sufficient sureties, to be approved of by the comptroller, jointly and severally, to the people of this state, in the penal sum of twenty thousand dollars, conditioned for the faithful performance of the duties required of them by this act.

§ 6. The treasurer is hereby directed to pay to the said commissioners, on the warrant of the comptroller, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, such sum or sums of money as they may require for the building of said asylum, not exceeding in the whole fifty thousand dollars, at such times as they may be wanted therefor, in sums not exceeding ten thousand dollars at any one time, and the expenditure thereof to be accounted for to the comptroller, before any other sum shall be advanced.

§ 7. It shall be the duty of the said commissioners to make a detailed report of all the money received by them by virtue of this act, and of the progress which shall have been made in the erection of the said building, to the comptroller of this state, on or before the first day of January next, and as often thereafter as the comptroller shall or may from time to time require.

§ 8. Each of the said commissioners first mentioned in this act, shall be allowed for his services and expenses, while actually employed in the duties of his appointment, the sum of three dollars per day, and at the rate of two dollars for every twenty miles necessary travel in performance of the duties required to be performed by virtue of this act.

§ 9. Each of the said commissioners to be appointed by virtue of this act, to contract for and superintend the building of the said asylum, shall be allowed for his services and expenses, while actually employed in the duties of his office, the sum of three dollars per day.

§ 10. This act shall take effect from the passage thereof.

(1836)
Chapter 101

Authorizing board of supervisors of Erie county to sell poorhouse and farm and with proceeds buy another farm and erect new poorhouse.

See chap. 86, L. 1828; chap. 77, L. 1846.

Chapter 163

Towns of Bradford and Orange erected from Jersey, Steuben county, and poor funds to be divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788.

Chapter 175

Incorporating "Mechanics' Society of Buffalo."

Chapter 206

Changing name of Roman Catholic "Benevolent Society, New York City, to "The Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum in the city of New York," and continuing charter for 20 years.

See chap. 286, L. 1817; chap. 250, L. 1852.

Chapter 207

New York city to levy tax for support of poor.

See chap. 86, L. 1813; chap. 82, L. 1820; chap. 83, L. 1825.

Chapter 214

Authorizing the Humane Society of the City of New York to employ its means in relief of destitute poor of city.

See chap. 9, L. 1814.

Chapter 226

Appropriation of \$12,000 to New York Institution for the Blind for purchase of land and buildings; additional blind persons to be received there at State expense.

See chap. 214, L. 1831; chap. 399, L. 1836.

Chapter 228

Renewing charter of New York Institution for Instruction of Deaf and Dumb for 25 years from April 1, 1837; three additional indigent State pupils from each senate district to be received.

See chap. 264, L. 1817; chap. 174, L. 1840; chap. 163, L. 1841.

Chapter 235

Towns of Wilmurt and Ohio erected from West Brunswick and Russia, Herkimer county, and poor funds to be divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788.

Chapter 255

Authorizing city of New York to raise \$500,000 by public building fund stock for erection of public buildings; almshouse property at Bellevue pledged for payment of debt.

See chap. 99, L. 1812.

Establishing ferry across Cayuga lake from Union Springs to Fayette. Moiety of penalty for neglect to maintain ferry to go to use of poor.

(1836)
Chapter 367

See chap. 593, L. 1886.

Town of Stockbridge, Madison county, erected from Vernon, Augusta, Smithfield and Lenox and funds to be divided.

Chapter 393

See chaps. 63 and 64, L. 1788; chap. 237, L. 1837.

Amending chapter 226, Laws 1836, as to appropriation to New York Institution for the Blind; same made conditional.

Chapter 399

See chap. 214, L. 1831.

Authorizing Central Asylum for Instruction of Deaf and Dumb to retain their State pupils until they are removed at State expense to the institution in New York city and thereafter to sell their property and pay surplus after payment of debts into State treasury for benefit of indigent deaf and dumb. Act passed April 15, 1830, relating to New York Institution for deaf and dumb extended five years.

Chapter 511

See chap. 189, L. 1823; chap. 163, L. 1841.

Incorporating "Elmira Mechanics' Society."

Chapter 516

See chap. 170, L. 1869; chap. 284, L. 1883.

Incorporating "Poughkeepsie Mechanics' Association."

Chapter 519

Incorporating "New York Saddlers' Benevolent Society."

Chapter 521

Abstract of reports of superintendents of the poor. ("Assembly documents," Vol. II, No. 72.)

Authorizing State Comptroller to loan \$3,000 from common school fund to Chemung county for purchase of poor farm and buildings.

60th session
1837
Chapter 52

See chap. 160, L. 1842.

The full text of this act is as follows:

(1837)

AN ACT TO LOAN MONEY TO THE COUNTY OF
CHEMUNG.

CHAPTER 52, LAWS OF 1837.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. The comptroller is hereby authorized to loan to the county of Chemung, the sum of three thousand dollars, out of the money in the treasury belonging to the capital of the common school fund, on receiving from the treasurer of said county a bond, conditioned for the repayment thereof, in four equal annual payments; the first of which payments shall be made on the first day of March, one thousand eight hundred and forty-three; the interest to be paid annually at the rate of six per cent.

§ 2. The board of supervisors of said county are hereby authorized and required to raise, annually, by tax on the taxable property of said county, over and above all expenses of collecting the same, a sum equal to the interest and principal secured to be paid by the said bond of the treasurer, as the same shall become due: and the said several instalments, when collected, shall be paid to the treasurer of said county, whose duty it shall be, within ten days after the receipt thereof, to pay the same into the treasury of this state.

§ 3. The amount of the aforesaid loan shall be expended in purchasing a farm, and erecting suitable buildings thereon, for the accommodation of the poor of said county.

§ 4. This act shall take effect on the passage thereof.

Chapter 61

Act dividing city of Schenectady into four wards. Section 6 authorizes mayor to grant excise licenses under provisions of title 9 of chapter 20, part I of Revised Statutes—the penalties thereby imposed by violations to be recovered by city treasurer for use of poor thereof.

See chap. 293, L. 1833; chap. 385, L. 1862.

Chapter 80

New York city empowered to levy tax for contingent expenses.

See chap. 82, L. 1820; chap. 83, L. 1825.

Chapter 88

Authorizing board of supervisors of Monroe county to sell poorhouse and farm and invest proceeds with \$8,000 to be raised by tax in another farm and new buildings.

See chap. 30, L. 1840.

Chapter 98

Incorporating "The Firemen's Benevolent Association of Buffalo."

See chap. 99, L. 1851; chap. 283, L. 1852; chap. 229, L. 1860; chap. 166, L. 1862; chap. 159, L. 1869; chap. 519, L. 1870.

Incorporating "The Orphan Asylum of St. John's Church, in the city of Utica, in the county of Oneida."

(1837)
Chapter 147

Town of Mohawk erected from Johnstown, Montgomery county, and poor money to be divided.

Chapter 152

See chap. 64, L. 1788.

The mayor of the city of Albany to be, ex officio, guardian of all children as have been or shall hereafter be offered from almshouse of said city to The Society for the Relief of Orphan and Destitute Children in the City of Albany, with power to surrender such children to said corporation to be bound out under act passed March 30, 1831.

Chapter 161

Act to enable trustees of Seamen's Fund and Retreat to borrow \$20,000 from the passengers' fund of the health commissioners of New York city to complete their new hospital on Staten Island.

Chapter 165

See chap. 234, L. 1861; chap. 373, L. 1847.

Act for licensing and government of pilots of the port of New York by way of Sandy Hook. Section 42 provides that fines and penalties imposed by this act may be paid to Pilots' Charitable Society.

Chapter 184

See chap. 156, L. 1832; chap. 197, L. 1838; chap. 40, L. 1845; chap. 467, L. 1853; chap. 537, L. 1881; ¶ 12, § 1, chap. 593, L. 1886.

Incorporating "The Firemen's Benevolent Association of Rochester."

Chapter 185

See chap. 256, L. 1845; chap. 78, L. 1860; chap. 475, L. 1863.

"Act relating to relief and support of poor in city and county of Albany" continued for three years and overseers of the poor of said county may grant temporary relief to a limited amount without an order of a justice of the peace.

Chapter 204

See chap. 45, L. 1832; chap. 132, L. 1840.

Act amending charter of village of Seneca Falls. Section 34 directs the payment of penalties collected from theatrical shows, without special permit, to county treasurer for use of county poor. Section

Chapter 245

- (1837) 57 provides that persons selling liquors without license shall forfeit \$50 for use of county poor.
See chap. 241, L. 1831; chap. 330, L. 1837; chap. 115, L. 1850.
- Chapter 259 Incorporating "The Buffalo Orphan Asylum."
See chap. 122, L. 1839; chap. 491, L. 1847; chap. 709, L. 1872; chap. 140, L. 1881; chap. 150, L. 1882; chap. 221, L. 1885.
- Chapter 286 Appropriation of \$500 annually for two years to the trustees of Western Eye and Ear Infirmary to procure buildings for patients and other incidental expenses.
See chap. 99, L. 1835.
- Chapter 288 Game law. Close season for quail and partridge in New York, Kings, Queens and Westchester counties. Penalties for killing out of season to be sued for by overseers of poor and applied for use of poor.
See chap. 593, L. 1886.
- Chapter 303 Amending charter of village of Ithaca. Section 8. Paupers, lunatics excepted from assessment for one day's highway labor (poll tax).
See chap. 229, L. 1821; chap. 331, L. 1853.
- Chapter 308 Amending charter of village of Penn Yan. Section 4. Excise license fees to be paid by trustees to county treasurer for support of county poor.
See chap. 288, L. 1833; chap. 87, L. 1852.
- Chapter 315 Appropriation of \$1,000 to president of directors of New York City Eye Infirmary for relief of indigent patients from various parts of the State, and part of act for the relief of said infirmary passed April 12, 1824, continued in force.
See chap. 128, L. 1822; chap. 245, L. 1824.
- Chapter 361 Act amending charter of city of Rochester. Common council empowered to buy land and erect almshouse, penitentiary and workhouse thereon and to borrow \$30,000 for that purpose; also to pass ordinances governing said almshouse.
See chap. 199, L. 1834; chap. 274, L. 1838; chap. 145, L. 1844.
- Chapter 403 Town of Lindley erected from Erwin, Steuben county, and poor money to be divided.
See chap. 64, L. 1788.

Incorporating "New York Ophthalmic Dispensary" in New York city. (1837)
Chapter 437

Incorporating "The Tailoresses' and Seamstresses' Benevolent Society" in New York city. Chapter 444

Report on petition to amend the law granting temporary relief. ("Assembly documents," Vol. I, No. 41.)

Report on petition to continue an act relative to the support of the poor in Albany county. ("Assembly documents," Vol. I, No. 191.)

Abstract of reports of superintendents of the poor. ("Assembly documents," Vol. III, No. 270.)

Act to prevent fishing with nets in Murderer's creek in town of Athens, Greene county. \$10 penalty for violation, one half whereof to go to use of town poor. 61st session
1838
Chapter 70

See chap. 194, L. 1849; chap. 593, L. 1886.

Authorizing payment to Oneida Indians at Duck Creek, Wisconsin. Chapter 92

See chap. 39, L. 1839.

Incorporating "St. George's Society of the city of New York." Chapter 97

See chap. 64, L. 1788.

Incorporating "The Rochester Orphan Asylum." Chapter 104

See chap. 94, L. 1840; chap. 851, L. 1871; chap. 439, L. 1886.

Incorporating "St. David's Benefit and Benevolent Society of the city of New York." Chapter 162

See chap. 706, L. 1865.

Act relative to poor fund in Warren county. Chapter 169
County treasurer authorized to convey to John B. Prosser one-half share of marble and minerals discovered by him on poor fund's lands.

Incorporating "German Mutual Assistance Society for Widows and Orphans, in the city of New York." Chapter 170

Amending law for support of bastards. Mother to receive money paid by putative father upon giving security for support of child, or, if unable to give security, may, on caring for it, receive weekly allowance. Chapter 202

(1838)
Chapter 218

Amending title 3 of chapter 20, part I, Revised Statutes, entitled "Of the Safe Keeping and Care of Lunatics." Upon neglect of committee or relatives of lunatic to confine and maintain him, overseers of the poor are required to apply to two magistrates for warrant of commitment to poorhouse or asylum.

Chapter 232

Incorporating "Association for the Benefit of Colored Orphans in the city of New York."

See chap. 88, L. 1851; chap. 256, L. 1870; chap. 255, L. 1871; chap. 306, L. 1872; chap. 145, L. 1884.

Chapter 233

Act respecting county poorhouse in Genesee county. Present poorhouse farm to be sold and another purchased. State Comptroller authorized to loan \$6,000 on county treasurer's bond for this purpose.

Chapter 244

Act relative to New York Institution for Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb. Pupils to be over 12 years of age. Supervisors of counties from which State pupils are selected required to raise money not exceeding \$20 annually for each pupil whose parents or guardians are unable to furnish them suitable clothing.

See chap. 264, L. 1817; chap. 386, L. 1864.

Chapter 296

Act authorizing State Comptroller to loan \$2,000 to Tioga county for erection of suitable buildings for accommodation of county poor.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO LOAN MONEY TO THE COUNTY OF TIOGA,
FOR THE ERECTION OF A POOR-HOUSE THEREIN.

CHAPTER 296, LAWS OF 1838.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. The comptroller is hereby authorized to loan to the county of Tioga, a sum not exceeding two thousand dollars, out of the money in the treasury belonging to the capital of the common school fund, on receiving from the treasurer of said county a bond, conditioned for the payment thereof in three equal annual payments; the first of which payments shall be made on the first day of March, one thousand eight hundred and forty, the interest to be paid annually at the rate of six per cent.

§ 2. The board of supervisors of said county are hereby authorized and required to raise, annually, by tax on the taxable property of said county, over and above all expenses of collecting the same, a sum equal to the interest and principal secured to be paid by the said bond of the treasurer, as the same shall become due: and the said several instalments, when collected, shall be paid to the treasurer of said county, whose duty it shall be, within ten days after the receipt thereof, to pay the same into the treasury of this state.

(1838)

§ 3. The amount of the aforesaid loan shall be expended in erecting suitable buildings for the accommodation of the poor of said county.

§ 4. This act shall take effect immediately.

Act in relation to poor in Kings county. Five superintendents of the poor to be appointed; their powers and duties prescribed.

Chapter 305

Act incorporating "The Trustees of the Jones fund for the support of the poor" of the towns of Oyster Bay and North Hempstead, Queens county.

Chapter 312

See chap. 180, L. 1879; chap. 229, L. 1880.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO APPOINT TRUSTEES OF THE JONES FUND,
FOR THE SUPPORT OF THE POOR OF THE TOWNS
OF OYSTERBAY AND NORTH HEMPSTEAD IN THE
COUNTY OF QUEENS.

CHAPTER 312, LAWS OF 1838.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. That Andrew C. Hegeman, Ebenezer Seely and James C. Townsend, freeholders and inhabitants of the town of Oysterbay, and Benjamin Albertson and Singleton Mitchell, freeholders and inhabitants of the town of North Hempstead, be and they are hereby appointed trustees of the Jones fund, for the support of the poor in said towns, and shall hold their offices for two years from the first Tuesday in April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight, and until others are appointed in their place; and they and their successors shall be denominated "The Trustees of the Jones Fund for the support of the poor;" three of whom shall always be freeholders and inhabitants of the town of Oysterbay, and two of whom shall always be freeholders and inhabitants of the town of North Hempstead.

§ 2. The freeholders and inhabitants of the said town of Oysterbay, shall, at their annual town meeting, in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty, and in every second year

(1838)

thereafter, choose by ballot three freeholders and inhabitants of the said town, who with two freeholders and inhabitants of the town of North Hempstead, to be chosen in like manner by ballot by the freeholders and inhabitants of the said town, at their annual town meeting, in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty, and in every second year thereafter, shall be trustees of said fund; and the persons so chosen shall hold their offices for two years, and until others are chosen in their places.

§ 3. The trustees of the said fund, and their successors, shall be capable in law of suing and being sued, pleading and being impleaded, answering and being answered unto, defending and being defended, in all courts and places whatsoever, by the name of "The Trustees of the Jones Fund for the Support of the Poor;" and they and their successors, by the name aforesaid, shall be capable in law of taking, holding and managing said fund, or any part of the same, as was by the last will and testament of Samuel Jones, late of the town of Oysterbay, deceased, devised to the towns of Oysterbay and North Hempstead, for the purposes aforesaid, by the said testator; and shall also be capable of purchasing, holding and conveying any real or personal estate for the use and benefit of said fund, and carrying the intent of the said testator in creating the same, into full effect.

§ 4. Each of the said trustees, and their successors, before entering upon the duties of the said trust, shall execute a bond, with sufficient sureties, to the supervisor of their respective towns, the amount of the said bond and said sureties to be approved by the said supervisors respectively, for the faithful performance of the trust reposed in them as such trustees.

§ 5. Any three or more of said trustees shall constitute a quorum to transact any of the business and concerns of the said trust. If any of the trustees of said fund, appointed by or chosen under this act, shall die, resign, or remove from said towns, the said trustees may appoint a person of like qualifications to fill his place for the residue of his term of office, who shall in like manner as above provided, execute a bond, with sufficient sureties, to the supervisor of the town from whence he shall be chosen, for the faithful discharge of his duty as trustee.

§ 6. The said trustees shall make an annual and full report to each of the said towns of Oysterbay and North Hempstead, at the annual town meetings thereof, of the state of the funds and property of said trust, and of the manner in which the same has been managed, and the income thereof applied during the preceding year.

§ 7. The chancellor of this state shall have a supervisory power over said trustees and fund, and may remove any of said trustees for good cause shewn, on petition or bill by any inhabitant of either of said towns.

§ 8. Each of said towns of Oysterbay and North Hempstead, may, by vote at their annual town meetings, fix and allow to said trustees and their successors, or any of them, from their respective towns, such salary or compensation for their services as such towns may respectively think proper, and which said salary or compensation shall be raised and paid as other ordinary expenses of said town. (1838)

§ 9. This act shall be deemed a public act.

Dog tax laws, chapter 273, Laws 1832, and chapter 117, Laws 1835, extended to Putnam county. Certain funds to go to support of poor. Chapter 315

Amending charter of Orphan Asylum Society of City of Brooklyn as to binding out children. Chapter 329

See chap. 95, L. 1835.

Report on petition of Queens county relative to funerals, inquests and expenses of foreign poor. ("Assembly documents," Vol. V, No. 282.)

Abstract of reports of superintendents of the poor. ("Assembly documents," Vol. VI, No. 311.)

Report of the Committee on Internal Affairs of Towns and Counties on a resolution of the Assembly of the 19th of January, 1837, relative to county poor-houses. ("Assembly documents," Vol. VI, No. 310.)

This report gives special attention to the condition of the Genesee county poor house, and contains an interesting communication from the legislative committee together with an answer from the superintendents of the poor of Genesee county.

Report of the Committee on the Internal Affairs of Towns and Counties, on a resolution of the Assembly in relation to alleged abuses in county poorhouses. ("Assembly documents," Vol. VI, No. 360.)

This report makes special reference to the lack of separation of the sexes in the Montgomery county almshouse, and submits resolutions making it the duty of the Secretary of State to secure annual returns from the county superintendents of the poor with relation to temporary relief.

Amending act creating a fund in aid of the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents in the City of New York. Theater license fees in New York city and penalty for showing without license to be paid to this society.

62d session
1839
Chapter 13

(1839)
Chapter 24

Amending charter of city of Buffalo. Section 10 provides for division of money and poor between town of Black Rock and city of Buffalo. Section 16 provides that overseers of the poor in Buffalo shall have similar powers as town overseers.

See chap. 132, L. 1843.

Chapter 39

Appropriation of \$461.36 to that portion of the First Christian Party of Oneida Indians residing near Green Bay, Wis.

Chapter 51

Incorporating "The New York Benevolent Association of Bookbinders."

Chapter 53

Incorporating "The Watchmen's Benevolent Society, of the city of Brooklyn."

Chapter 56

Incorporating "The United States Mutual Benefit Society of Mechanics of the city of New York."

Chapter 58

Act regulating the preparation and dispensing of medicines in New York city. Penalty for acting as an apothecary without a diploma or certificate to go to New York City Dispensary.

Chapter 70

Incorporating the "State Hospital, of the city of New York."

See chaps. 82, 163 and 289, L. 1840; chap. 277, L. 1841; chap. 175, L. 1845.

Chapter 81

Repealing charter of Buffalo Marine Hospital, passed April 10, 1832.

Chapter 84

Town of West Monroe erected from Constantia, Oswego county, and poor and poor funds to be divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788.

Chapter 114

Extending provisions of act exempting trustees of the Seamen's Fund and Retreat from claims for boarding of sailors by health commissioners of New York city at quarantine hospitals to 1844.

See chap. 163, L. 1832.

Chapter 121

Act reviving the distinction between town and county poor in Greene county upon two-thirds vote of board of supervisors.

See chap. 146, L. 1826.

Amending charter of Buffalo Orphan Asylum.

(1839)
Chapter 122

See chap. 259, L. 1837; chap. 491, L. 1847; chap. 709, L. 1872; chap. 221, L. 1885.

Penalty for use of floats in killing wild fowl in Long Island to go to overseers prosecuting, for use of poor.

Chapter 173

See chap. 77, L. 1840; ¶ 14, § 1, chap. 593, L. 1886.

Penalty for steamboats exceeding certain speed in Hudson river near Albany to go to use of poor.

Chapter 175

See chap. 248, L. 1844.

New York Institution for the Blind authorized to receive eight additional blind persons from each senate district and \$15,000 appropriated to the said institution toward the erection of new buildings. County supervisors required to raise money for clothing of such pupils. Superintendent of common schools to visit said institution and report to Legislature.

Chapter 200

See chap. 314, L. 1831; chap. 351, L. 1862; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Incorporating "The Western Hospital" at Geneva.

Chapter 217

Incorporating "The Albany City Hospital."

Chapter 230

Powers and duties of overseers of the poor and of justices of the peace in Montgomery county, so far as relate to the adjudication in relation to and support of the poor, conferred upon the supervisors of the respective towns, who shall keep books of record of all applicants for relief.

Chapter 268

See chap. 137, L. 1844.

Act providing for the building of the New York State Lunatic Asylum.

Chapter 310

See chap. 82, L. 1836; chap. 303, L. 1840.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE BUILDING OF THE
NEW-YORK STATE LUNATIC ASYLUM.

CHAPTER 310, LAWS OF 1839.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. The treasurer is hereby directed to pay to the commissioners appointed to contract for and superintend the building of the New York state lunatic asylum, on the warrant of the comptroller, such sum or sums of money as they may require

(1839)

for the building of said asylum, not exceeding in the whole seventy-five thousand dollars, at such times as they may be wanted therefor, in sums not exceeding ten thousand dollars at any one time, and the expenditure thereof to be accounted for to the comptroller before any further sums shall be advanced; which sum shall be appropriated to the finishing of the main building, occupying the principal front, and levelling and covering for protection the foundations now laid of the other buildings.

§ 2. The fifth, seventh and ninth sections of the act entitled "An act to authorize the establishment of the New-York State Lunatic Asylum," passed March 30, 1836, shall be applicable to the said commissioners and to all the proceedings under this act.

§ 3. The surveyor-general is hereby authorized to convey in fee, in the name of the people of this state, to Abraham Varick and Alexander B. Johnson, respectively, the several pieces of land described in an agreement bearing date May second, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight, and executed by William Clarke and Francis E. Spinner, according to the terms of such agreement, a copy of which said agreement is annexed to the report of the said commissioners made to the present legislature.

§ 4. The said commissioners are hereby authorized to purchase for the people of this state, from S. D. Dakin and S. Stocking, or the person having the legal title to the same, the strip of land described in their agreement, dated March twenty, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight, upon the terms stated therein, a copy of which agreement is annexed to the said report of the said commissioners.

§ 5. The said commissioners shall advertise three weeks at least in the state paper and one other daily paper printed in the city of Albany, and in such other newspapers as they may deem proper, for sealed proposals for erecting and completing the said building; and shall make contracts for the same, with the lowest bidder or bidders, provided such bidder or bidders shall give satisfactory security for the performance of his contract or contracts, and provided such contract or contracts shall be approved by the governor, and the said commissioners; but nothing in this section contained, shall be construed to prohibit the said commissioners from erecting the walls of said building to and including the water table, without advertising for contracts.

§ 6. The treasurer is hereby directed to pay, on the warrant of the comptroller, to Elam Lynds, William Clarke and Francis E. Spinner, respectively, at the rate of two dollars for every twenty miles necessary travel while engaged as commissioners under the hereinbefore recited act, in visiting the asylums, and other public buildings in neighboring states, for the purpose of digesting a plan of the New-York state lunatic asylum. But the whole of the allowance shall not exceed the sum of four hundred and fifty dollars.

Incorporating "The Spanish Benevolent Society" the city of New York.

(1839)
Chapter 382

Abstracts of reports of superintendents of the poor. ("Assembly documents," Vol. III, No. 146.)

Report on petition to revive the distinction between county and town poor. ("Assembly documents," Vol. V, No. 299.)

Reports on petition to require superintendents to give security. ("Assembly documents," Vol. VI, No. 384.)

Town of Seward erected from Sharon, Schoharie county, and poor moneys to be divided.

63d session
1840
Chapter 20

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 356, L. 1829; chap. 421, L. 1852.

State Comptroller authorized to loan \$3,000 to Monroe county to improve poorhouse and enlarge farm.

Chapter 30

See chap. 13, L. 1843.

The superintendents of the House of Industry of Rensselaer county shall be superintendents of the poor of that county.

Chapter 45

Charter of New York African Society for Mutual Relief (act passed March 23, 1810) continued for 15 years from March 23, 1840.

Chapter 50

See chap. 82, L. 1810.

Act in relation to hawkers and peddlers.

Chapter 70

Section 8 of title 4 of chapter 17 of part I, Revised Statutes, amended by making it the duty of overseers of the poor of the several towns to enforce the provisions of this law when any violation shall come to their knowledge.

Mayor and president of board of aldermen of New York city to be ex officio governors of State Hospital of City of New York, incorporated by chapter 70, Laws 1839.

Chapter 82

Amending charter of Rochester Orphan Asylum (chapter 104, Laws 1838).

Chapter 94

See chap. 439, L. 1886; chap. 2, L. 1888.

Incorporating "New York Hibernian Benevolent Burial Society."

Chapter 103

(1840)
Chapter 117

Incorporating "The Journeymen Shipjoiners' Benevolent Association of the city of New York."

See chap. 671, L. 1872.

Chapter 119

Incorporating "Watchman's Mutual Beneficial Association of the city of New York."

Chapter 130

Act repealing fourth section of "Act in relation to superintendents of the poor of the several counties in this State," passed April 25, 1832 (Chapter 26, Laws 1832), and also repealing section 16 of title 1, chapter 20, part I, Revised Statutes.

Chapter 132

Act (Chapter 45, Laws 1832) relating to relief and support of the poor in the city and county of Albany extended for three years more. Overseers of the poor may grant temporary relief without order from justice.

See chap. 45, L. 1832; chap. 204, L. 1837.

Chapter 141

Incorporating "The Union Benevolent Italian Society" in New York city.

Chapter 163

Appropriating \$15,000 annually for 20 years to the State hospital of the City of New York to support at least 70 indigent patients from any part of the State. Surrogate of New York county given powers of visitation.

See chap. 70, L. 1839; chap. 277, L. 1841; chap. 175, L. 1845.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO ENABLE THE STATE HOSPITAL IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK TO EXTEND THE BENEFITS OF THE INSTITUTION TO THE INDIGENT.

CHAPTER 163, LAWS OF 1840.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. Out of the moneys which shall be received into the treasury from the commissioners of health, in the city of New-York on account of hospital money collected from passengers in vessels from a foreign port, and on board coasting vessels, there shall be annually paid by the Treasurer, on the warrant of the Comptroller, to the treasurer of the state hospital of the city of New-York, for the term of twenty years, from the first of January, eighteen hundred and forty-one, such sum not exceeding fifteen thousand dollars annually as shall remain out

of the said passengers' hospital money, after paying the expenses and salaries now by law payable out of that fund or chargeable upon it, including the annuity of eight thousand dollars to the society for the reformation of juvenile delinquents in the city of New York. It shall be the duty of the governors of said hospital, in consideration of the sums thus granted, to promote and keep sufficient accommodations, support and medical and other necessary attendance, for at least seventy indigent patients from any part of this state. They shall also, within two years, erect a building for their hospital, of the clear, unencumbered value of fifty thousand dollars, exclusive of the ground on which it may be built. On failure of the said conditions, the payments from the passengers' fund shall be discontinued.

(1840)

§ 2. It shall be the duty of the surrogate of the city and county of New-York to visit and inspect the said state hospital and the accommodations for patients, and to inquire into the expenditure of the moneys paid out of the treasury, and to report thereon annually to the legislature: and if the governors of the said hospital shall at any time refuse to permit such examination and inspection, upon proof thereof to the Comptroller, he shall thereafter withhold his warrant for the payment of the annuity hereby granted, or any part thereof.

§ 3. The legislature may at any time alter or repeal this act.

Authorizing loan by State Comptroller to American Seamen's Friend Society in City of New York of \$10,000 to erect building, to be repaid in five years.

Chapter 173

See chap. 195, L. 1833; chap. 37, L. 1845.

Continuing appropriation of \$5,000 annually for five years from April 1, 1841, to New York Institution for Instruction of Deaf and Dumb (see Chapter 67, Laws 1834, and Chapter 228, Laws 1836), and said institution to receive one additional indigent deaf-mute from each senate district, at an annual expense of not to exceed \$130 for each State pupil.

Chapter 174

See chap. 264, L. 1817; chap. 14, L. 1845.

Incorporating "The New York Female Assistance Society."

Chapter 213

See chap. 207, L. 1817; chap. 125, L. 1866.

Act in relation to habitual drunkards. Penalty for selling liquor to minors, without consent of overseers of poor, to go to poor fund. Overseers of poor to designate in writing habitual drunkards.

Chapter 229

See chap. 401, L. 1892; § 32, chap. 677, L. 1892.

(1840)
Chapter 256

Authorizing Cornelius Dubois, late treasurer of Humane Society in New York City, which has been dissolved, to pay over \$2,000 funds in his hands to Half-Orphan Asylum, Asylum for Colored Children in New York City, New York Dispensary, New York City Colonization Society, Female Assistance Society, and Lying-In Asylum for Indigent, Virtuous Married Women in New York City, and be discharged from his trust.

See chap. 9, L. 1814.

Chapter 267

Moiety of \$25 penalty for taking oysters in waters of Richmond county with a dredge to go to superintendents of poor.

See chap. 154, L. 1846; chap. 593, L. 1886.

Chapter 272

Incorporating "The Franklin Association," New York city.

Chapter 285

Incorporating "The Society of Brotherly Love," New York city.

Chapter 289

Act to secure faithful expenditure of moneys raised and collected by the health commissioner, resident physician and health officer of the quarantine establishment, or by any officer of the marine hospital at Staten Island, the Seaman's Retreat, the New York Hospital, the State Hospital in the City of New York and the New York Eye Infirmary. Governor to appoint five commissioners residing in New York city to visit and inspect said institutions and report to State Comptroller and Legislature.

See chap. 4, L. 1806; chap. 203, L. 1816; chap. 128, L. 1822; chap. 234, L. 1831; chap. 70, L. 1839; chap. 4, L. 1856.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO SECURE THE FAITHFUL EXPENDITURE OF MONEYS RAISED AND COLLECTED FOR CERTAIN CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS IN THE FIRST SENATE DISTRICT.

CHAPTER 289, LAWS OF 1840.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. The Governor shall nominate, and by and with the consent of the senate, shall appoint five citizens of the city of

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New-York to be commissioners to supervise the expenditure of money collected and received by the health commissioner, resident physician, and health officer of the quarantine establishment, or by any officer of the Marine Hospital at Staten-Island, the Seamen's Retreat, the New-York Hospital, the State Hospital, in the city of New-York, and the New-York Eye Infirmary.

§ 2. The said commissioners shall hold their offices for five years, but may be removed by the senate on the recommendation of the Governor. They shall appoint a secretary, who shall receive an annual salary, to be paid out of the fund hereinafter mentioned. The said commissioners and their secretary shall respectively take and subscribe the oath of office prescribed in the constitution.

§ 3. The said commissioners shall have power, and it shall be their duty,

1. To inquire into the receipts and expenses of the institutions and officers mentioned in the first section of this act, and to examine all their accounts from time to time, and for that purpose to examine, on oath, any officer or person connected with the said institutions, or who has had any transactions with them, or either of them, which oath any one of the said commissioners is hereby authorized to administer.

2. To report to the Comptroller, whenever they discover any abuse or misapplication of any money so received or collected, or any danger of such abuse, or of the loss of any such money.

3. To report to the legislature annually, the condition of the said institutions, and an account of their receipts and expenditures, with such suggestions for the security and proper application of the funds that have been or may be received by either of the said officers or institutions as may seem to them expedient.

§ 4. It shall be the duty of the officers and institutions mentioned in the first section of this act, and of the persons having charge of the said institutions, or in any way concerned in the collection or disbursement of money appropriated to them, to submit their books, papers and accounts, at all reasonable hours, to the examination of the said commissioners, and every wilfull disobedience of this section shall subject the offender to the penalty of two hundred and fifty dollars to be sued for and collected by the said commissioners, in their name of office.

§ 5. Whenever the commissioners aforesaid shall report to the comptroller any abuse or misapplication of any funds as herein provided, or any danger of such abuse, or of any loss, he may in his discretion withhold from the institution so complained of, any appropriation made to them by law until the legislature shall otherwise direct; and if such alleged abuse relate to the moneys collected by any officer or institution mentioned in the first section of this act, the Comptroller shall report the same to the Governor, and may thereupon remove

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such officer or suspend the authority of any such institution to collect such moneys, and designate a proper officer to collect the same.

§ 6. The salary of the secretary of the Commissioners, and such incidental expenses as they may incur in the discharge of their duties, not exceeding five hundred dollars in any one year, on being audited by the Comptroller, shall be paid on his warrant by the Treasurer, out of the surplus of any moneys received from passengers arriving in the city of New York.

§ 7. This act shall take effect immediately on its passage.

Chapter 303

Appropriating \$75,000 for building of New York State Lunatic Asylum. (Fifth section of chapter 310, Laws 1839, repealed.)

See chap. 82, L. 1836; chap. 109, L. 1841.

Chapter 315

Act in relation to "Trustees of the Seaman's Fund and Retreat in the City of New York." Moneys collected from seamen arriving at New York to be paid said trustees. Election of additional trustees. Duties of officers.

See chap. 52, L. 1843.

Abstract of reports of superintendents of the poor. ("Assembly documents," Vol. III, No. 332.)

Report on petition to abolish the poorhouse system in certain counties. ("Assembly documents," Vol. VI, No. 267.)

64th session
1841
Chapter 29

Authorizing supervisors of Wayne county to direct purchase of additional land for poorhouse.

Chapter 30

Incorporating "The Steam Boiler Makers' Beneficial Society of the city of New York."

Chapter 65

Red lights to be shown at night on rafts on Hudson river. Penalty for violation of act to be sued for and recovered against the master of such vessel, by the overseers of the poor in the town where the offense is committed.

Chapter 90

Town of Macomb erected from Morristown and Gouverneur, St. Lawrence county, and moneys to be divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788.

Town of Croghan erected from Warson and Diana, Lewis county, and funds to be divided.	(1841) Chapter 93
See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 160, L. 1848.	
Incorporating "The St. Nicholas Society of the city of New York."	Chapter 100
Incorporating "The Society of The Sons of Herman," New York city.	Chapter 101
Incorporating "The Trustees of the Funds of The Black River Annual Conference" of Methodist-Episcopal church.	Chapter 102
See chap. 174, L. 1847; chap. 215, L. 1872.	
Appropriating \$75,000 for building and furnishing New York State Lunatic Asylum.	Chapter 109
See chap. 82, L. 1836.	
Appropriating \$1,500 to each of the New York Dispensary, Northern Dispensary and to Eastern Dispensary, who shall keep genuine vaccine matter for gratuitous distribution to physicians.	Chapter 116
See chap. 312, L. 1845; chap. 287, L. 1846.	
Incorporating "Young Men's Mutual Benefit Association of the city of Troy."	Chapter 119
Act permitting trustees of Leake and Watts Orphan House in the City of New York to revive suit by executor of John G. Leake vs. executors of Augustine H. Lawrence.	Chapter 132
See chap. 58, L. 1831.	
Reviving act for relief of Shinnecock Indians, passed April 18, 1831, for three years.	Chapter 148
Continuing sections 2 and 3 of chapter 511, Laws 1836, in relation to New York Institution for the Instruction of Deaf and Dumb, for five years from April 1, 1841.	Chapter 163
See chap. 264, L. 1817.	
Amending act passed April 20, 1830, relating to fire limits in New York city. Fire limits extended north to Twenty-eighth street. Regulation as to keeping gunpowder in State under penalty of act demanded.	Chapter 168

(1841)
Chapter 173

Authorizing superintendents of poor of Steuben county to exchange part of poorhouse farm for other land.

Chapter 175

Appropriating \$10,000 and stone from State prison to New York Institution for the Blind for erecting buildings.

See chap. 214, L. 1831.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO CONTINUE AND EXTEND THE BENEFITS
OF INSTRUCTION TO THE BLIND.

CHAPTER 175, LAWS OF 1841.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. For the purpose of levelling and grading the grounds belonging to the New-York Institution for the Blind, providing necessary out-houses, offices and wells, and erecting fences for the division of yards, and around the premises, the sum of five thousand dollars is hereby appropriated; and for the erection and completion of a wing to the main building of the said institution, the further sum of five thousand dollars is hereby appropriated; and the agent of the state prison at Mount-Pleasant is hereby directed to deliver at the prison, to the order of the managers of the said institution, or or any committee duly authorized by them, such rough and untrimmed stone as shall be required by them, not exceeding five thousand dollars in value, at such prices as shall be reasonable.

§ 2. The said moneys hereby appropriated shall not be paid, nor shall the said stone be delivered until the managers of the said institution shall have produced to the Comptroller satisfactory evidence that they have procured and deposited to their credit in some bank in the city of New-York, the sum of seven thousand dollars, to be applied to the erection and completion of the said wing; and on such evidence being produced, the Comptroller shall give his certificate of the fact to the agent of the state prison at Mount-Pleasant, and shall draw his warrant on the Treasurer for the moneys hereby appropriated, in favor of the treasurer of the said institution.

Chapter 176

Authorizing supervisors of Herkimer county to dispose of part of poorhouse lands.

See chap. 40, L. 1840; chap. 211, L. 1844.

Chapter 185

Incorporating "The Shamrock Benevolent Society in the city of New York."

Chapter 196

County of Wyoming erected from Genesee county. Town of Covington divided and Pavilion erected.

Town funds to be divided. County poor property and poor also to be divided. (1841)

See chaps. 63 and 64, L. 1788; chap. 28, L. 1842; chap. 177, L. 1843; chap. 51, L. 1846.

Moiety of penalty for killing partridges, quail and rabbits in close season in Erie, Greene, Monroe, Albany and Rensselaer counties to go to support of poor. Chapter 202

See chap. 279, L. 1848; chap. 194, L. 1849; chap. 511, L. 1859.

Appropriation of \$5,000 annually for three years to trustees of Geneva College, who shall annually, forever, admit to instruction in their medical institution, free of tuition, not exceeding one indigent student from each of the fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth senate districts, as shall be recommended by board of censors of State Medical Society. Chapter 223

See chap. 45, L. 1835.

Authorizing superintendents of poor of Rockland county to sell part of their poorhouse farm. Chapter 231

Commissioners of the land office empowered to make payments of annuities to several tribes of Indians. Chapter 234

See chap. 92, R. L. 1813; chap. 355, L. 1849; chaps. 677 and 679, L. 1892.

Amending Revised Statutes in regard to persons held in slavery. (Sections 3 to 7 of title 7, chapter 20, part I, Revised Statutes, repealed.) Chapter 247

Providing for the management of the fund for the assistance of disabled clergymen and widows and orphans of deceased clergymen of the Evangelical Lutheran Ministerium of the State of New York. Chapter 262

Amending charter of village of Amsterdam. Paupers to be exempt from assessment for highway labor. Chapter 273

See chap. 389, L. 1854.

Authorizing supervisors of Kings county to raise \$3,000 by tax for buildings on poorhouse farm. Chapter 275

Authorizing New York city to raise \$40,000 for extending almshouse buildings. Chapter 276

See chap. 82, L. 1820; chap. 83, L. 1825.

(1841)
Chapter 277

Appropriation of \$15,000 to State Hospital in City of New York.

See chap. 70, L. 1839; chap. 175, L. 1845.

Chapter 278

Five trustees of State Lunatic Asylum to be appointed.

See chap. 82, L. 1836.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT IN RELATION TO THE STATE LUNATIC ASYLUM.

CHAPTER 278, LAWS OF 1841.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. There shall be appointed by the Senate, on the nomination of the Governor, five persons to be trustees of the State Lunatic Asylum, three of whom shall be citizens residing within five miles of the said asylum, all of whom shall hold their offices for three years, and until others are appointed in their places.

§ 2. It shall be the duty of the said trustees, by such committee of their number as they shall appoint, to visit institutions for the keeping and management of lunatics, in this and other states, and inquire into their government, organization and internal arrangements, and it shall be the duty of the Board to submit to the legislature during the first week of its next regular session, a system for the government, discipline and management of the State Lunatic Asylum, and regulations for the admission of patients, so as to secure its benefits equally to all the counties of this state.

§ 3. The trustees of the State Lunatic Asylum shall receive three dollars each per day, for every day actually employed in the business thereof, and their actual and reasonable travelling expenses, to be paid on the warrant of the Comptroller, on the rendering of their accounts.

§ 4. This act shall take effect immediately.

Chapter 316

Authorizing county judges of Westchester county to visit poorhouse of said county.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT AUTHORIZING THE JUDGES OF THE COUNTY OF WESTCHESTER TO VISIT THE POOR-HOUSE OF SAID COUNTY.

CHAPTER 316, LAWS OF 1841.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. The judges of the county courts of the county of Westchester, or any three of them, are hereby authorized to visit the poor-house in that county whenever they shall see fit, and in-

quire into the management thereof, to examine the paupers, keepers and county superintendents touching the same, and to report from time to time to the board of supervisors such facts and suggestions as they may deem advisable, and the keepers and superintendents are hereby required to afford to the said judges all necessary facilities in making their inquiries.

§ 2. No pecuniary compensation shall be allowed the said judges for any service they may render under this act.

Report on petition to abolish the poorhouse system in certain counties. ("Assembly documents," Vol. VII, No. 265.)

Abstract of reports of superintendents of the poor. ("Assembly documents," Vol. VII, No. 277.)

Supervisors of Wyoming county authorized to convey to Genesee county their interest in poorhouse and farm in town of Bethany, Genesee county.

(1841)
65th session
1842
Chapter 28

See chap. 196, L. 1841.

General Society of Mechanics and Tradesmen in City of New York authorized to charge for tuition of pupils other than children of deceased or indigent members now entitled to gratuitous instruction.

Chapter 30

See chap. 113, L. 1811; chap. 283, L. 1888.

Authorizing superintendents of poor of Cayuga county to sell part of poorhouse land and purchase other land.

Chapter 43

Authorizing supervisors of Onondaga county to sell part of poorhouse farm and purchase other land.

Chapter 63

Authorizing supervisors of Lewis county to restore the distinction between town and county poor.

Chapter 81

Act to organize State Lunatic Asylum at Utica. Treasurer thereof to have same powers as superintendents or overseers of the poor in certain cases of lunacy. Duties of poor authorities as to confinement of lunatics. Indigent insane persons, but not paupers, to be admitted in certain cases, and after six months to be supported by counties.

Chapter 135

See chap. 82, L. 1836; chap. 224, L. 1843; chap. 337, L. 1844; chap. 357, L. 1845; chap. 182, L. 1850; chap. 446, L. 1851; chap. 650, L. 1857; chap. 450, L. 1860; chap. 895, L. 1869; chap. 295, L. 1870; chap. 446, L. 1874; chap. 45, L. 1879; chap. 706, L. 1887.

(1842)
Chapter 150

Act to extend to New York city the provisions of common school act. The Public School Society, New York Orphan Asylum, Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum, the two half-orphan asylums, Mechanics' School Society, Institution for the Blind, city almshouse and Association for the Benefit of Colored Orphans' schools shall be subject to board of education of New York city. Sectarian schools not to receive school money.

See chap. 269, L. 1829; chap. 119, L. 1831; chap. 237, L. 1838; chap. 216, L. 1843; chap. 320, L. 1844; chap. 110, L. 1848; chap. 386, L. 1851; chap. 537, L. 1881.

Chapter 192

Incorporating "St. George's German Benevolent Society for the city of New York."

Chapter 194

Town of Oakfield erected from Elba, Genesee county, and poor moneys to be divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788.

Chapter 205

Incorporating "The Brooklyn Benevolent Association."

Chapter 214

Amending Revised Statutes as to duties of superintendents of the poor in the several counties in this State. Said superintendents required to report lists of all paupers relieved to Secretary of State in December of each year.

See chap. 100, L. 1849.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO AMEND THE REVISED STATUTES IN RELATION TO THE DUTIES OF THE SUPERINTENDENTS OF THE POOR IN THE SEVERAL COUNTIES IN THIS STATE.

CHAPTER 214, LAWS OF 1842.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. In addition to the reports which the superintendents of the poor in the several counties in this state are now required by law to make, it shall be their duty, in the month of December in each year, to report to the Secretary of State, in such form as he shall direct, the name, age, sex and native country, of every pauper who shall have been relieved or supported by them during the year preceding the day on which such report shall be made, together with a statement of the causes either

direct or indirect, which have operated to render such person a pauper, so far as the same can be ascertained, together with such other items of information in respect to the character and condition of such paupers, as the Secretary of State shall direct.

(1842)

§ 2. The same penalty for the neglect of any superintendent of the poor to comply with the provisions of this act, as are prescribed in section seventy-eight, Title one, Part one, Chapter twenty of the Revised Statutes, shall be imposed on such superintendent for such neglect.

§ 3. The Secretary of State shall cause this act to be published, together with such forms and instructions for its execution as he shall deem necessary, and cause the same to be distributed to the superintendents of the poor of the several counties in this state, the expense of which shall be paid by the Treasurer on the warrant of the Comptroller; and the Secretary of State shall annually report to the legislature the results of the information obtained in pursuance of this act.

Incorporating "St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum Society in the city of Albany."

Chapter 252

See chap. 485, L. 1847; chap. 63, L. 1850.

Appropriation of \$1,000 annually for five years to New York City Eye Infirmary, and continuing sections 2 and 3 of chapter 245, Laws 1824, as to said institution.

Chapter 254

See chap. 128, L. 1822; chap. 245, L. 1824; chap. 292, L. 1845.

Act for relief of Kings county from support of foreign poor originally landed in New York city. Duty of commissioners of almshouse of New York city in regard to such paupers.

Chapter 257

See chap. 86, R. L. 1813; chap. 195, L. 1847; chap. 537, L. 1881.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT FOR THE RELIEF OF THE COUNTY OF KINGS FROM THE SUPPORT OF FOREIGN POOR.

CHAPTER 257, LAWS OF 1842.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. If any pauper shall hereafter be sent to the poor-house of the county of Kings, and any one of the superintendents of the poor in the said county shall suspect such pauper to be a foreigner, and to have been within the next preceding two years brought from such foreign port, and originally landed in the city of New-York; such superintendent shall notify the

(1842)

other superintendents of the said county; who, or a majority of them, shall inquire into the facts, and if they are of opinion that such pauper is a foreigner, and that he on his original importation was landed in the city of New-York, within two years next preceding as aforesaid, such superintendents, or any of them, may at any time thereafter give notice thereof in writing to the commissioners of the almshouse and bridewell of the city of New-York, or any one of them, which notice shall set forth the name and age of such pauper, and the time when such pauper was landed in the port of New-York, as near as may be, with the name of the vessel in which such pauper arrived, and containing a request to the said commissioners to provide for the relief and support of such pauper.

§ 2. The said commissioners of the alms house and bridewell of the city of New-York, may, at any time after receiving such notice, cause the said pauper to be brought to the said city and there provide for his or her support; and until the said commissioners shall take charge of the support of such pauper, the said superintendents, or their agents, shall provide for his or her relief and support, as in cases of county paupers; and the mayor, aldermen, and commonalty of the said City of New-York, shall pay the said county of Kings a fair and reasonable compensation for the maintenance and support of such pauper, and of such child or children of such pauper as may have been born subsequent to his or her importation, from time of the service of such notice, until the expiration of two years from and after the importation of such pauper.

§ 3. The mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New-York, shall in no case be liable for the support of any pauper, as provided in the preceding section of this act, unless the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty shall have been indemnified for the support of such pauper according to the act entitled "An act to reduce several laws relating particularly to the city of New-York into one act," passed April 9, 1813, or unless the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty shall have compounded for the support of such pauper.

§ 4. If any such pauper shall have been reported in writing to the said mayor or recorder of the said city, by any master or commander of any vessel according to the provisions of the two hundred and fifty-first section of the above mentioned act, such report shall in all cases be conclusive evidence that the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty have been indemnified, or have compounded for the support of such pauper as mentioned in the third section of this act.

§ 5. This act shall take effect immediately.

Chapter 270

Incorporating "The Carvers and Gilders' Benevolent Society" in the city of New York.

Chapter 275

New charter of the city of Albany.

Section 17. Common council to appoint one or more overseers of the poor or poormasters and to select

from aldermen and justices of the peace a "board of magistrates for the relief and support of the poor" to distribute poor funds. Common council to regulate almshouse and appoint officers thereof.

(1842)

Section 18. County supervisors and city common council may enter into contract to abolish distinction between town and county poor and provide for support of county paupers at almshouse in city.

Section 19 provides the manner of support of poor.

By section 20 the mayor and common council shall have charge of almshouse.

Section 21 provides as to custody and disbursement of poor money.

Section 22 provides as to temporary relief to poor; and

Section 23 requires city chamberlain to make yearly reports of poor and poor funds.

Section 27. Excise money shall be paid to city chamberlain for poor fund.

Sections 31 and 32 define vagrants and disorderly persons.

See chap. 77, L. 1870.

Act for inspection of flour sold in city of Utica. Moiety of penalties for violation of act to go to use of city poor.

Chapter 292

See chap. 19, L. 1832; § 8, art. 5, Constitution, 1846; chap. 593, L. 1886.

Authorizing superintendents of the poor of Wayne county to sell a part of poorhouse farm.

Chapter 317

Abstract of returns of superintendents of the poor. ("Assembly documents," Vol. V, No. 121.)

Report of committee relative to support of foreign poor in New York. ("Assembly documents," Vol. V, No. 129.)

Amending act authorizing loan to Monroe county for improvement of poorhouse and farm, passed February 25, 1840, by extending time for repayment of loan and providing for raising funds therefor by tax.

66th session
1843
Chapter 13

(1843)
Chapter 21

Town of Greenboro erected from Redfield, Oswego county, and funds to be divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 61, L. 1848.

Chapter 52

Designating who shall be "Trustees of the Seaman's Fund and Retreat in the City of New York" and replacing act of May 14, 1840.

See chap. 234, L. 1831; chap. 177, L. 1848.

Chapter 114

Moiety of penalty for fishing with torches in Flat brook in town of Canaan, Columbia county, to go to use of poor.

See chap. 194, L. 1849; chap. 593, L. 1886.

Chapter 131

Incorporating "Trustees of the New York Annual Conference" of Methodist-Episcopal Church.

See chap. 240, L. 1866; chap. 338, L. 1882; chap. 379, L. 1887.

Chapter 132
Title 2

New charter of the city of Buffalo.

Sections 11, 13 and 14 provide for appointment of overseers of the poor who shall take oaths of office and execute bonds.

Title 7

Section 20. Certain penalties for violation of health laws to go to support of pest house or of any city hospital.

Section 27. Penalties for sale of flour and meal without inspecting same as provided by article 1, title 1, chapter 17, part I, Revised Statutes.

See chap. 101, L. 1848.

Chapter 153

Incorporating "Johaniter German Association of the city of New York."

Chapter 189

Authorizing superintendents of poor of Schoharie county to sell part of poorhouse farm and purchase wood lot.

Chapter 194

Incorporating "The Bickur Cholem," a benevolent society in the city of New York.

Chapter 208

Authorizing supervisors of Herkimer, Tioga and Saratoga counties to restore distinction between town and county poor.

Chapter 213

Amending subdivision 1 of section 7 of title 4, chapter 14, part I, Revised Statutes, as to marine hospital

funds. Fees to be paid by masters, sailors and passengers from foreign ports. (1843)

See chap. 316, L. 1844; chap. 195, L. 1847; chap. 369, L. 1866; chap. 537, L. 1881.

Incorporating "The New York Society for the Relief of Widows and Orphans of Medical Men." Chapter 214

Amending New York city Common School Law, chapter 150, Laws 1842, which see. Leake and Watts Orphan House also placed under control of board of education of New York city. Chapter 216

See chap. 537, L. 1881.

Appropriation of \$16,100 to State Lunatic Asylum. Chapter 224
See chap. 537, L. 1881.

Annual Report of Secretary of State transmitting abstracts of the returns of superintendents of the poor. ("Assembly documents," Vol. II, No. 38.)

Town of Fine erected from Russell, St. Lawrence county, and funds divided. 67th session
1844
Chapter 73

See chap. 64, L. 1788.

Moiety of penalty for unlawfully assuming powers of master and wardens of port of New York to go to use of Pilots' Charitable Fund, New York City. Chapter 89

See chap. 18, L. 1819; chap. 405, L. 1857; chap. 537, L. 1881.

Moiety of penalty for killing deer or catching trout in close season in Suffolk and Queens counties to go to use of poor. Chapter 109

See chap. 194, L. 1849; chap. 511, L. 1859; chap. 186, L. 1860.

Incorporating "New York Vaccine Institution" in the City of New York." Chapter 115

Incorporating "Odd Fellows' Hall Association of the City of New York." Chapter 126

See chap. 80, L. 1867.

Act in relation to support of poor in Montgomery county. One superintendent of the poor to be elected. Supervisors to appoint keeper of poorhouse, whose powers and duties are set forth. Temporary relief to be granted by supervisors of respective towns. Board of auditors of county poor expenses to be county Chapter 137

(1844) superintendent of poor, county treasurer and county clerk.

See chap. 266, L. 1839; chap. 201, L. 1853.

Chapter 139 Act dissolving Pilots' Charitable Society.

See chap. 201, L. 1817.

Chapter 145 New charter of city of Rochester. Provides for overseers of the poor not exceeding five. Keepers of almshouse and penitentiary. Title 9 (sections 1 to 12) provides as to the support of the poor and of persons likely to become chargeable to city. Title 10 (sections 21 and 22) provides punishment of habitual drunkards, beggars and persons abandoning wives or children. Title 11 (section 8) disposes of fines for violation of health laws toward support of pest house or of any city hospital.

See chap. 262, L. 1850.

Chapter 152 Act for construction of penitentiary and for relief of poor in Albany county. Supervisors may rent city almshouse of common council and farm out almshouse, with inmates thereof, for five years. Board of supervisors and mayor and recorder shall make joint rules in relation to temporary relief to poor by overseers in city and towns.

See chap. 183, L. 1847; chap. 261, L. 1854; chaps. 111 and 290, L. 1855; chap. 139, L. 1858; chaps. 29 and 289, L. 1859; chap. 253, L. 1865; chaps. 399, 574 and 841, L. 1869; chap. 258, L. 1879; chap. 251, L. 1882; chap. 261, L. 1885.

Chapter 153 Trustees of Leake and Watts Orphan Asylum house in New York City may bind out children as apprentices.

Chapter 163 Authorizing boards of supervisors of Jefferson, Chautauqua, Cattaraugus, Otsego and Steuben counties to restore the distinction between county and town poor.

See chap. 176, L. 1848.

Chapter 174 Act for further relief and support of poor in Kings county. Habitual drunkards and beggars to be deemed vagrants and to be committed to poorhouse

or penitentiary at hard labor. Persons abandoning wives or children. Lunatics. Poor and impotent persons. Superintendents of the poor and their term of office. (1844)

See chap. 491, L. 1871; chap. 593, L. 1886.

Act relative to police and criminal courts of city of Hudson. Vagrants defined—to be committed to poor-house or county jail. Fines to be disposed of as in article 3 of title 3, chapter 2, part IV, Revised Statutes. Chapter 177

See chap. 218, L. 1822; chap. 101, L. 1829; chap. 189, L. 1844; chap. 468, L. 1872; chap. 593, L. 1886.

Moiety of penalty for fishing with spears or nets in Owasco lake, Cayuga county, to go to use of county poor. Chapter 184

See chap. 37, L. 1846.

Incorporating "Tompkinsville Mutual Beneficial Society." Chapter 196

Town of Burke erected from Chateaugay, Franklin county, and funds to be divided. Chapter 200

See chap. 64, L. 1788.

Act providing for erection of a new lunatic asylum on county farm in town of Flatbush, Kings county. Chapter 203

Authorizing supervisors of Herkimer county to sell certain lands and to purchase a site and erect new poorhouse. Chapter 211

Incorporating "The New York Benevolent Society of Operative Masons." Chapter 214

Continuing charter of Society for Promoting the Manumission of Slaves, passed February 9, 1808, and renewed by act passed March 24, 1824, to March 1, 1854. Chapter 218

See chap. 19, L. 1808; chap. 113, L. 1824.

Incorporating "Irish Emigrant Society of New York." Chapter 226

Incorporating "Brooklyn Mutual Aid Society." Chapter 231

Incorporating "The Mendelsohn Benevolent Society" in the city of New York. Chapter 235

See chap. 274, L. 1866.

(1844)
Chapter 245

Penalty for steamboats navigating Hudson river exceeding certain speed near Albany to go to use of county poor.

Chapter 271

Incorporating "Deutscher Kranken Verein in the city of New York."

Chapter 279

Appropriations to Albany Medical College and Medical Institution of Geneva College of \$1,000 annually for five years, and to medical department of New York University of \$3,000 a year for five years.

Chapter 299

Incorporating "The Ministers' Relief Association of the Synod of Utica."

Chapter 310

Continuing charter of "Ancient Britons' Benefit Society of City of New York," passed February 27, 1807, and renewed by act passed March 22, 1822, for 21 years hereafter.

Chapter 316

See chap. 23, L. 1807; chap. 74, L. 1822; chap. 27, L. 1864.

Amending chapter 213, Laws 1843, as to marine hospital and funds.

Chapter 330

See chap. 227, L. 1845; chap. 350, L. 1849.

Authorizing superintendents of the poor of Steuben county to sell certain lands and purchase other lands adjoining poorhouse farm.

Chapter 337

Appropriation of \$35,000 to State Lunatic Asylum at Utica in 1844, and \$10,000 in 1845, also additional appropriations of \$3,200.

See chap. 82, L. 1836; chap. 98, L. 1846.

Chapter 345

Incorporating "Albany Society of Brotherly Love."

Report of the Secretary of State with abstract from reports of superintendents of the poor. ("Senate documents," Vol. II, No. 73.)

68th session
1845
Chapter 7

In Lewis county all poor moneys raised at town meetings shall be paid to overseers of poor of towns, who must give bond and account to boards of town auditors.

Chapter 14

Act passed April 27, 1840, for relief of Institution for Instruction of Deaf and Dumb, continued for five years from April 1, 1846, and provision is made for

admission of four additional indigent deaf mutes from each senate district, at annual expense not exceeding \$130 for each pupil. (1845)

See chap. 264, L. 1817.

Act for relief of Shinnecock tribe of Indians, passed April 19, 1831, extended for four years from April 28, 1844. Chapter 15

Act for relief of American Seaman's Friend Society in City of New York. May mortgage Sailors' Home, etc. Chapter 37

See chap. 195, L. 1833.

Act levying tax on dogs in Queens county to be applied as provided by section 1, title 17, chapter 20, part I, Revised Statutes. Chapter 55

See chap. 191, L. 1848.

Appropriation of \$5,000 annually for five years to New York Institution for the Blind, who shall make yearly reports to Legislature. Chapter 58

See chap. 214, L. 1831.

Town of Lloyd erected from New Paltz, Ulster county, and moneys to be divided. Chapter 63

See chap. 64, L. 1788.

State prison at Clinton county. Sale of liquors prohibited within three miles of prison. Moiety of penalty for violation to go to overseers of poor. Chapter 70

See chap. 167, L. 1846; chap. 460, L. 1847; chap. 311, L. 1848; chap. 259, L. 1851; chap. 676, L. 1869.

Confirming acts of certain overseers of poor in town of Dryden, Tompkins county, who have failed to take oaths of office. Chapter 102

Act relative to powers of receivers and committees of lunatics and habitual drunkards. Chapter 112

See 2 R. S., p. 51, T. 2, chap. 5; chap. 417, L. 1877; chap. 245, L. 1880.

Act in relation to appointment of superintendents of the poor in Westchester by boards of supervisors. Superintendents to keep accounts; their pay regu- Chapter 126

- (1845) lated. Payments for supplies and services not to be made till actually furnished or performed.
See chap. 233, L. 1846.
- Chapter 129 Moiety of penalty for fishing with nets in Nine Mile creek, in Onondaga county, to go to superintendents of the poor.
See chap. 194, L. 1849.
- Chapter 140 Act for census or enumeration of inhabitants of State. Returns to include number of paupers, deaf and dumb, blind, idiots and lunatics, and to show age, sex and circumstances.
See chap. 39, L. 1835; chap. 121, L. 1837; chap. 239, L. 1854; chap. 64, L. 1855.
- Chapter 148 Incorporating "The Colored Home" of the city of New York.
See chap. 175, L. 1845; chap. 473, L. 1871.
- Chapter 150 Act for protection and improvement of Seneca Indians residing on Cattaraugus and Allegany reservations.
See chap. 92, R. L. 1813; chap. 365, L. 1847; chap. 703, L. 1871; chaps. 677 and 679, L. 1892.
- Chapter 154 Incorporating "The Brooklyn City Hospital."
See chap. 93, L. 1849; chap. 116, L. 1858.
- Chapter 155 Authorizing boards of supervisors of Essex, Oneida and Dutchess counties to restore distinction between county and town poor.
- Chapter 169 Incorporating "The Trustees and Associates of the Brooklyn Benevolent Society."
See chap. 330, L. 1846.
- Chapter 170 Provisions of title 16 of chapter 20, part I, Revised Statutes, for preservation of game, extended to Ulster county.
See chap. 85, L. 1846; chap. 194, L. 1849.
- Chapter 175 Repealing the several acts in relation to State Hospital in the City of New York (Chapter 70, Laws 1839; Chapter 277, Laws 1841, and Chapter 82, Laws 1840) and directing the treasurer of said hospital to pay back all money appropriated by State with interest

by giving same to Colored Home in City of New York for the erection of a building for support and relief of disabled colored sailors and other infirm and destitute colored people.

See chap. 70, L. 1839; chap. 148, L. 1845.

Section 1. Towns authorized to decide whether they will have one or two overseers of the poor. Such overseers may expend \$10 for relief of any one poor person or family without order from a justice. This section not to apply to Montgomery or Kings counties.

(1845)
Chapter 180.

Section 24. Town auditors, supervisors or superintendents of poor not to audit accounts unless itemized and verified. No part of this act to apply to New York city and county.

See chap. 593, L. 1886; chaps. 224 and 569, L. 1890; chap. 677, L. 1892.

The full text of this act, so far as it relates to the poor, is as follows:

AN ACT TO REDUCE THE NUMBER OF TOWN OFFICERS, AND TOWN AND COUNTY EXPENSES, AND TO PREVENT ABUSES IN AUDITING TOWN AND COUNTY ACCOUNTS.

CHAPTER 180, LAWS OF 1845.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. The electors of each town shall have the power at their annual town meeting, to determine whether they will choose one or two overseers of the poor, and the number determined upon shall be the number to be elected. And such overseers shall have the discretionary right to expend a sum not exceeding ten dollars for the relief of one poor person or family, under section forty-two, title first, chapter twenty, part first of the Revised Statutes, without any order from a justice of the peace therefor. But nothing in this section shall apply to the counties of Montgomery or Kings.

* * * * *

§ 24. No account shall be audited by any board of town auditors or supervisors, or superintendents of the poor, for any services or disbursements, unless such account shall be made out in items, and accompanied with an affidavit attached to, and to be filed with such account, made by the person presenting or claiming the same, that the items of such account are correct and that the disbursements and services charged therein have been in fact made or rendered, and stating that

- (1845) no part thereof has been paid or satisfied. And the chairman of every such board, or either of said superintendents, are hereby authorized to administer any oath or any affidavit required under this section.
- Chapter 183 Incorporating "The Syracuse Orphan Asylum."
- Chapter 195 In relation to extra dividends on stocks held by the State or by charitable institutions, equal to tax paid upon an equal amount of stock not exempt from taxation.
See chap. 402, L. 1882.
- Chapter 200 Incorporating "Freeman's Hall Association of the city of Brooklyn."
- Chapter 221 Incorporating "Brooklyn African Tompkins Association."
- Chapter 224 Incorporating "The Laborers' Union Benevolent Association in the city of New York."
- Chapter 226 Reviving charter of "Society for Relief of Poor Widows with Small Children" until May 1, 1865.
See chap. 148, L. 1810.
- Chapter 227 Act in relation to marine hospital and its funds. Amount of per capita tax on masters, sailors and passengers arriving at New York from foreign ports.
See chap. 4, L. 1806; chap. 537, L. 1881.
- Chapter 251 Incorporating "Hambach Brothers," a mutual benefit assistance society of the city of New York.
- Chapter 256 Amending charter of "Firemen's Benevolent Association of Rochester."
See chap. 185, L. 1837; chap. 78, L. 1860; chap. 475, L. 1863; chap. 140, L. 1864.
- Chapter 264 Authorizing board of supervisors of Schenectady county to appoint one or not more than three superintendents of the poor.
See chap. 257, L. 1854.
- Chapter 268 Incorporating "Shamrock Benevolent Association of the city of Troy."
- Chapter 283 Act for reorganization of almshouse department in city and county of New York. An overseer of the poor to be known as commissioner of the almshouse

department to be appointed by common council for one year, and thereafter to be elected.

See chap. 335, L. 1873; chap. 537, L. 1881.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT FOR THE RE-ORGANIZATION OF THE ALMS HOUSE DEPARTMENT IN THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.

CHAPTER 283, LAWS OF 1845.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. It shall be lawful for the common council of the city of New-York to nominate and appoint one person to be an overseer of the poor thereof, who shall be known and distinguished as the "Commissioner of the Alms House Department," and who shall have the same powers and authority as are now conferred by law upon the "Commissioners of the Alms House and Bridewell of the city of New-York," and hold his office until the first day of May next; at the next charter election for the city of New-York, and annually thereafter, such officer and with the like powers and authority, shall be chosen by the electors of the city of New-York, and he shall receive a salary not less than two thousand dollars a year, to be fixed and paid by the common council in full compensation for his services. Before entering on the duties of his office he shall execute a bond with two securities, to be approved by and delivered to the mayor, in the sum of twenty thousand dollars for the faithful discharge of his office. He shall account to the common council quarterly or oftener if required, and any fraud or embezzlement committed by such commissioner shall be liable to indictment and punishment as a penalty.

§ 2. The said commissioner so to be elected shall hold his office for one year and until another shall be appointed in his place; but the common council may remove the said commissioner from office on satisfactory evidence being produced of incompetency, insufficiency, or any palpable violation of duty, and on reasonable notice to him and an opportunity being afforded to him to make his defence; and on such removal being made, the common council shall immediately proceed to fill the vacancy for the residue of the term.

§ 3. This act shall take effect immediately.

Amending charter of Long Island Railroad Company. Said railroad company to be liable to penalty for failure to erect and maintain fences and cattle guards, to be paid to overseers of poor.

See chap. 178, L. 1834.

(1845)

(1845)
Chapter 292

Appropriation of \$1,000 annually for five years from May 1, 1846, to New York Eye and Ear Infirmary for relief of indigent patients to be paid from United States deposit fund as provided in act for relief of said institution, passed April 12, 1842. Said institution to report annually to the Legislature.

See chap. 128, L. 1822.

Chapter 312

Amending chapter 116, Laws 1841, by appropriating to New York Dispensary and other New York city dispensaries \$1,500 each for year ending December 31, 1844.

Chapter 315

Act in relation to the support of the poor in Wayne county. One superintendent of the poor to be elected annually. Board of supervisors to appoint keeper of poorhouse; his powers and duties defined. Temporary relief to be granted by town supervisors.

See chap. 382, L. 1855.

Chapter 330

Incorporating "Roman Catholic Asylum Society of the city of Rochester."

See chap. 389, L. 1849; chap. 197, L. 1850; chap. 347, L. 1865.

Chapter 357

Act relative to insane persons in Kings county. County superintendents of the poor to approve order of commitment to State lunatic asylum in order to create a charge upon that county.

See chap. 82, L. 1836; chap. 135, L. 1842.

Chapter 365

Moiety of penalty for violation of law for preservation of carp in Hudson river for five years, to go to superintendent of poor. (Repealed chapter 363, Laws 1848.)

See chap. 194, L. 1849.

69th session
1846
Chapter 12

Town of Rice erected from Hinsdale, Cattaraugus county, and funds to be divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 88, L. 1855.

Chapter 13

Board of supervisors of Genesee county to levy tax of \$150 upon that part of town of Pavilion which formerly belonged to Le Roy, to be appropriated to benefit of county poor.

Incorporating "The Warren Free Institute of the city of Troy."

(1846)
Chapter 33

See chap. 140, L. 1859.

Authorizing supervisors of Lewis county to levy tax of \$1,500 to alter and repair poorhouse buildings.

Chapter 38

Reviving charter of St. Andrew's Society of Schenectady for 20 years hereafter.

Chapter 43

See chap. 67, L. 1867.

Moiety of penalty for killing partridges or woodcock in close season in Saratoga county to go to use of poor.

Chapter 64

See chap. 194, L. 1849.

Act providing for erection and establishment of a workhouse in Erie county. Vagrants to be committed there. Appropriation made of avails of poorhouse farm sold under chapter 101, Laws 1836.

Chapter 77

See chap. 11, L. 1847; chap. 391, L. 1852; chap. 368, L. 1880; chap. 135, L. 1882.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE ERECTION AND ESTABLISHMENT OF A WORKHOUSE IN THE COUNTY OF ERIE.

CHAPTER 77, LAWS OF 1846.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. The board of supervisors of the county of Erie, shall be and they are hereby authorized to cause to be erected at such place within the limits of said county as shall be designated in the manner hereinafter mentioned, a suitable building or buildings, to be called "The workhouse of the county of Erie," to be used for the safe keeping and employment of vagrants, disorderly persons, and all prisoners under sentence or conviction (except in those cases of conviction for a felony, in which the party convicted shall be sentenced to be punished by death or imprisonment in a state prison,) who shall be sentenced to confinement at hard labor or to solitary imprisonment by any court held in said county of Erie, or who may be authorized to be confined therein by any of the provisions of this act.

§ 2. The clerk of the said board of supervisors, on receiving a written request to that effect from any five members of the said board, shall immediately call a special meeting of such board; which shall, when called, be a legal meeting of such board, for all lawful purposes, as well as for the purpose of

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proceeding under this act. Such special meeting shall be called by the clerk, by sending by mail to each of the members of said board, a written notice of the time and place of such meeting, at least eight days before the day of such meeting, and publishing a copy of such notice at least six days before such meeting in two public newspapers in said county; but no such meeting shall be informal or illegal on account of any defect in such notice, if four fifths of the members of such board shall attend such meeting. The said board at such special meeting, or at the next annual meeting of such board, shall appoint three commissioners, who, or a majority of whom, after taking the constitutional oath of office, shall, without unnecessary delay, select a proper site for the location of said building or buildings, with proper grounds to be attached thereto, and make a conditional contract for the same, subject to the approval and confirmation of the said board; and to report such location and contract, together with a detailed plan for the construction, management and discipline of said workhouse, and the improvements of such grounds, and the erection of the necessary out-buildings; and also an estimate of the expense of the land for the site and the improvement thereof, and of the construction of the said workhouse and out-buildings, to the board of supervisors of said county at their next annual meeting. In case of a vacancy in the said board of commissioners by death, resignation, removal from said county, refusal or neglect to serve or otherwise, such vacancy shall be filled by an appointment by the first judge of said county, of Erie. The said commissioners shall receive for their services such sum as the board of supervisors shall allow, not exceeding three dollars for each day while actually employed in the discharge of their duties, and such expenses as shall be actually incurred by them in obtaining the necessary plans, estimates and information preparatory to the report to be made by them as aforesaid, such several sums to be paid by the said board of supervisors, and the amount thereof added to the sum to be raised by tax as hereinafter mentioned.

§ 3. Upon such report being made, the said board of supervisors shall examine the same and determine thereupon, and the said board of supervisors may alter, modify, reduce or increase the site, plan or expense of construction of said workhouse as specified in said report, in such manner as to them shall seem fit, expedient or necessary, and shall then determine whether they will authorize such commissioners to procure a site for said workhouse, and erect the same. The said commissioners, whenever they shall be empowered and directed so to do by the said board of supervisors, shall purchase or procure the lands necessary for the site of the said workhouse according to the directions and determination of such board, and shall thereupon proceed to construct the same, at such place and on such plan in all respects, as the said board of supervisors shall, in manner aforesaid, have approved and

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directed; but before either the said commissioners shall enter upon the construction of said workhouse or be entitled to draw or receive any moneys for any of the purposes mentioned in this act, he shall file in the office of the county treasurer of the said county, a bond to the said county of Erie, executed by himself and two sufficient sureties, to be approved by the board of supervisors or said county treasurer, in the penal sum of ten thousand dollars, and conditioned for the full and faithful performance of his duties as such commissioner, and the due accounting to the board of supervisors of said county of Erie, at each annual meeting, for all moneys received by him as such commissioner; if any such bond shall be forfeited the same shall be prosecuted under the direction of said board of supervisors, and all sums recovered for the breach of the condition thereof, applied to the erection, completion and furnishing of said workhouse.

§ 4. The concerns and management of the said workhouse, when completed, shall be under the control and direction of the board of supervisors, through such commissioners and officers as they may appoint for such purpose; and such board of supervisors is hereby authorized to establish and adopt, from time to time, at any annual meeting of said board of supervisors, such rules for the regulation and management of said workhouse, and the support, employment and discipline of the persons confined therein, and to appoint such commissioners and other officers to take charge thereof, and prescribe their compensation and duties as to them may seem proper, just and expedient, and generally to make all such by-laws, rules, regulations and ordinances in relation to the discipline, management and government thereof, as they shall deem expedient; but the person who shall be appointed principal keeper of said workhouse, shall hold his office for the term of three years, unless sooner removed by the said board for incompetency, improper conduct or other cause to be particularly assigned in writing, and entered on the minutes of said board, with the ayes and nays upon the adoption of the resolution for such removal. No such by-laws shall be finally adopted by said board on the same day on which the same shall be first presented to said board for consideration, nor until the same shall have been considered and reported upon by a select committee appointed for that purpose.

§ 5. The said board of supervisors are hereby authorized to borrow, from time to time, on the credit of the county of Erie, such sum or sums of money as shall be necessary to defray all the expenses of procuring the site and completing the erection of said workhouse, outhouses, yard and appurtenances, and of procuring the necessary furniture and fixtures, and other things in and about the same; and it is hereby authorized and required to raise, levy and collect a sum sufficient to re-pay the principal sum so borrowed, in not less than five nor more than ten equal annual installments, and also the interest

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which shall become due on the same, which shall be levied and collected on and from the taxable property in the county of Erie, in the same manner as other county charges are levied and collected; and the said board, or the county treasurer of said county, shall from time to time pay such drafts as may be drawn by the said commissioners, or a majority of them, for the cost of said site and erection of said workhouse, not exceeding the amount at which such cost may have been fixed and determined upon by said board, in case said board of supervisors shall have so fixed and determined the same. The county treasurer of said county, under the direction of the board of supervisors thereof, may execute to the person or persons of whom such moneys may be borrowed, such bond or bonds for the re-payment thereof, as may be necessary or proper; which bonds shall be binding upon the said county of Erie.

§ 6. The expenses of maintaining the said workhouse, over and above all receipts for the labor of persons confined therein, and for the support of prisoners therein, whose support is not chargeable to said county of Erie, shall be audited and paid by the said board of supervisors yearly at their annual meeting, and shall be raised, levied and collected as part of the ordinary expenses of the said county of Erie.

§ 7. Whenever the said workhouse shall, in the opinion of the said commissioners, or a majority of them, be so far completed as to ensure the safe confinement and employment therein of persons intended to be confined therein, they shall make triplicate determinations thereof, under their hands and seals; one of which they shall file in the office of the clerk of the said county of Erie, one other they shall file in the office of the clerk of the recorder's court of the city of Buffalo; and the other they shall cause to be published in the several newspapers published in Erie county.

§ 8. The court of oyer and terminer, or court of general sessions of the peace, or the recorder's court of the city of Buffalo, which shall be first in session after the filing of the said determination, shall, by an order to be entered in its minutes, upon the motion of the district attorney for Erie county, direct all persons then confined in the jail of Erie county, and which by the terms of this act are authorized to be confined in said workhouse, to be transferred to said workhouse, and there to be confined until the term for which they were sentenced to be imprisoned in said jail shall have expired; and in said order shall be inserted the said determination at length; the names of the said persons respectively; the offence or cause for which they were committed; the court by which they were committed; the day of commitment; and the day on which the sentence will expire.

§ 9. The clerk of the court in which said order shall be entered, shall cause two copies of said order to be made, and to be attested by his hand, and the seal of said court, which

he shall deliver to the sheriff of Erie county; said sheriff shall forthwith transfer the persons named in said order to said workhouse, and shall deliver said persons, with one copy of said order, to the principal keeper of said workhouse, and take his receipt therefor; thenceforward the persons named in said order shall be detained and held to labor in said workhouse for the same term of time they would have been required to be detained in said jail if this act had not been passed; and the said sheriff shall from that time be discharged from all liability on account of said persons.

§ 10. After the said determination shall be published as herein before required, every court or magistrate in the county of Erie that shall be authorized by law to sentence or commit any person to the county jail of Erie county as vagrants, disorderly persons, or common prostitutes, or by virtue of a final sentence for any offence, or upon a final conviction on any account whatever, (except for contempt) may sentence such person to be confined in said workhouse; and in addition to any sentence now authorized by law to be pronounced in such case, may sentence such person to be confined at hard labor, or to solitary confinement, in whole or in part, or in part to each, at its discretion.

§ 11. After the said workhouse shall have been completed, the said board of supervisors of Erie county may contract with the board of supervisors of any other county in the present eighth senatorial district, upon such terms as may be agreed upon by said boards respectively, to receive into the said workhouse any person that may be sentenced to confinement therein by any magistrate or court of any such other county for such offences as such court or magistrate may, by law, have a right to sentence to confinement in the jail of the county in which such person may be sentenced; and any officer to whom the process of commitment in such case may be delivered for execution, shall, by virtue of such process, convey such person to the said workhouse, and deliver him to the principal keeper thereof: and such keeper shall detain such person upon such sentence, and shall treat such person in the same manner as if he had been sentenced to like imprisonment therein by any court or magistrate in the county of Erie. After any such contract shall be made by the board of supervisors of said county of Erie, with the board of supervisors of any other county, and so long as the same shall remain in force, the courts and magistrates of such other county shall have the same power, jurisdiction and authority to sentence and commit persons to such workhouse as is or shall be possessed or rightfully exercised by the courts and magistrates of said county of Erie.

§ 12. The first judge of Erie county, the recorder of the city of Buffalo, and the district attorney of the county of Erie, or any two of them, may, in their discretion, make such order for the employment upon said workhouse, while the same is

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in a course of construction, of such persons as may, for the time being, be confined in the jail of Erie county, upon final sentence or summary conviction, or as disorderly persons, or vagrants, as they may deem beneficial to the county of Erie, and such order shall be in writing, and signed by them, and shall be carried into effect by the sheriff of said county.

§ 13. The board of supervisors of said county of Erie shall be and they are hereby authorized, in their discretion, to appropriate any portion of the moneys arising from the sale of the poor-house and farm of said county, or any part of said farm, under the act entitled "An act to authorize the board of supervisors of the county of Erie to sell and convey the poor-house and farm attached thereto, belonging to the county of Erie, and invest the proceeds thereof," passed April 8, 1836, to the erection of such workhouse, or to the payment of any expense or debt incurred under the provisions of this act; and the said board may assign and transfer any mortgage or mortgages taken on such sale, with the bonds accompanying the sale on a sale thereof, to raise moneys to expend under the provisions of this act or as collateral security for any moneys authorized to be borrowed by the provisions of this act.

§ 14. This act shall take effect immediately.

Chapter 81

Board of supervisors of Kings county may authorize superintendents of poor to take charge of new penitentiary and workhouse and provide food and clothing for prisoners.

See chap. 307, L. 1848.

Chapter 83

Moiety of penalty for killing game in Columbia county in close season to go to poor fund.

See chap. 194, L. 1849.

Chapter 85

Penalty for killing game in close season in Ulster county to go to poor fund.

See chap. 194, L. 1849.

Chapter 87

Incorporating "Shamrock Benevolent Society, of the city of Albany."

Chapter 89

Incorporating "The New York Hebrew Assistance Society for the Relief of Widows and Orphans."

Chapter 90

Incorporating "Hudson Orphan and Relief Association in City of Hudson."

See chap. 107, L. 1850.

Chapter 91

Incorporating "Herman's Brothers Benevolent Society" of the city of New York.

Appropriations to State Lunatic Asylum.

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Chapter 98

See chap. 82, L. 1836; chap. 457, L. 1859; chap. 564, L. 1867; chap. 228, L. 1868.

Authorizing removals of paupers in Allegany county poorhouse belonging to towns of Eagle and Pike and that of Portage annexed to Wyoming, to Wyoming county poorhouse at expense of Wyoming county.

Chapter 106

Moiety of penalty for netting pickerel in Otisco lake, Onondaga county, to go to superintendents of poor.

Chapter 111

See chap. 194, L. 1849.

Moiety of penalty for illegal eel fishing in Mecox or Shinnecock bays, in town of Southampton, Suffolk county, to go to overseers of the poor.

Chapter 113

See chap. 194, L. 1849.

Special board of audit of old town of Sparta before division of town, to divide any balance of poor or other funds between towns of North Dansville, Sparta and West Sparta, Livingston county.

Chapter 116

Authorizing supervisors of Onondaga county to purchase additional land for poorhouse farm.

Chapter 126

Act authorizing establishment of "The Western House of Refuge for Juvenile Delinquents." Male children under 18 and female children under 17 who are committed as vagrants or on criminal charges shall be received and may be bound as apprentices or servants.

Chapter 143

See chap. 206, L. 1848; chap. 285, L. 1849; chaps. 24 and 302, L. 1850; chap. 566, L. 1853; chap. 387, L. 1852; chap. 608, L. 1853; chap. 306, L. 1861; chap. 228, L. 1875; chaps. 539 and 593, L. 1886; chap. 546, L. 1896.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A
HOUSE OF REFUGE FOR JUVENILE DELINQUENTS
IN WESTERN NEW-YORK.

CHAPTER 143, LAWS OF 1846.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. The governor of the state of New-York, by and with the consent of the senate, shall, during the present session

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of the legislature, appoint three commissioners for the purpose of selecting a suitable site on which to be erected "The Western House of Refuge for juvenile delinquents;" and the said commissioners shall, within four weeks from the time of their appointment, proceed to examine and determine upon the site aforesaid, and shall locate the same at some suitable place in the interior or western portion of the state. In determining such location, the said commissioners shall take into consideration any proposition which may be made to them, and of the performance of which they shall have satisfactory assurance, to give to the state the lands necessary for the site of said house of refuge or any materials or money to aid in the erection thereof; and any bond or other obligation executed to the people of this state, and delivered to said commissioners to secure any such site, money or materials, for the purposes aforesaid, shall be valid and binding upon the parties executing the same.

§ 2. If the said commissioners shall procure by purchase (or voluntary cession,) the site for said house of refuge, the deed thereof shall be duly executed to the people of this state and delivered to the comptroller, and thereupon the treasurer is hereby directed to pay, on the warrant of the comptroller, to the grantor or grantors of whom the said site shall be purchased, such sum or sums of money as may be required to pay for the site agreeably to the contract of the said commissioners, not exceeding three thousand dollars.

§ 3. At any time, not exceeding two months after the said site shall be obtained by the said commissioners, (who are hereby empowered to contract for the same,) the governor, lieutenant-governor and comptroller, shall appoint three commissioners to contract for the erection and enclosure of the said house of refuge, on such plan and such terms as they may deem just and proper; provided the said plan and the terms of said contract shall be approved by the said governor and lieutenant-governor; and provided also, that said house of refuge shall be built in a plain manner, and that the said governor and lieutenant-governor shall approve no plan for the erection of the building of such house of refuge, which shall in their judgment require more than twenty thousand dollars for the completion of such building; and the said commissioners shall select and designate one of their number who shall superintend the building of the said house of refuge, with a view to the due execution of the work on the part of those with whom the said commissioners shall contract for the erection and enclosure thereof.

§ 4. The said commissioners last mentioned, before they enter on the duties of their office, shall each give his bond to the people of this state, in the penal sum of ten thousand dollars, with two or more sufficient sureties, to be approved of by the comptroller, conditioned for the faithful performance of the duties required of them by this act.

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§ 5. The treasurer is hereby directed to pay to the said commissioners, on the warrant of the comptroller, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, such sum or sums of money as they may from time to time require, for the building of the said house of refuge not exceeding such sum as will, with the sum drawn and paid for the site of said house of refuge, amount to twenty-two thousand dollars, at such time as the same may be wanted by said commissioners, in sums not exceeding five thousand dollars at any one time; and the expenditure of at least four thousand dollars thereof shall be accounted for to the comptroller before any other sum shall be advanced.

§ 6. It shall be the duty of the said commissioners to make a detailed report of all the money received and expended by them by virtue of this act, and of the progress which shall have been made in the erection and enclosure of the said buildings, to the comptroller of this state, on or before the first day of January next, and as often thereafter as the comptroller shall or may, from time to time, require.

§ 7. Each of the said commissioners, first mentioned in this act, shall be allowed for his service and expenses, while actually employed in the duties of his appointment, the sum of two dollars per day, and at the rate of two dollars for every thirty miles necessary travel in the performance of the duties required by virtue of this act.

§ 8. Each of the said commissioners to be appointed by virtue of this act to contract for and superintend the building of the said house of refuge, shall be allowed for his services and expenses, while actually employed in the duties of his office, the sum of two dollars per day.

§ 9. The said commissioners shall, for six weeks, advertise in a newspaper published in each of the cities of Albany, Rochester and Buffalo, and in the villages of Syracuse and Canandaigua, for sealed proposals for erecting and completing the said buildings and enclosure, and shall make a contract for the same with the lowest bidder or bidders, provided such bidder or bidders shall give satisfactory security for the performance of his or their contract or contracts: provided such contract or contracts and such security, shall be approved by the vice-chancellor of the eighth circuit, or the lieutenant-governor. No such bid shall be received unless the same shall be accompanied by a bond to the people of this state, in the penal sum of ten thousand dollars, executed by the person making such bid and by two sureties, (whose sufficiency shall be certified by the comptroller or the first judge of the county in which such sureties reside,) conditioned that the person making such bid will, within twenty days after such bid shall be accepted, enter into a contract according to such bid, and give such security as is above required for the full and faithful performance thereof. In case the condition of such bond shall be broken, the comptroller shall cause such bond to be prose-

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cuted, whenever, in his opinion, the interest of the state shall require it; and in the suit brought thereon, the people of this state shall be entitled to recover the difference between the bid mentioned in the condition of said bond, and the sum mentioned in the bid upon which a contract shall be finally made, and also any other damages which the state may sustain by the breach of the condition of such bond.

§ 10. The governor, lieutenant-governor and comptroller shall appoint, by writing, under their hands and seals, fifteen discreet men, who shall act as managers of the house of refuge, established by virtue of this act, and who shall, on the acceptance of their respective appointment, perform the duties required of them by virtue of this act, without any compensation for their services.

§ 11. The said managers shall be divided by the officers appointing them, into three classes of five each, and the class to which each of such managers shall belong, shall be set forth in the certificate of their appointment. The terms of office of the first class shall expire on the first Tuesday in February, in the year succeeding their appointment; of the second class on the first Tuesday in February in the next year thereafter; and of the third class, on the first Tuesday in February in the succeeding year. Whenever vacancies shall occur in the said board of managers, such vacancies shall be filled by the governor, with the consent of the senate; and the terms of office of such managers shall be such, that they shall hold their office for the term of three years, as near as may be; and that the terms of office of one-third thereof, shall expire on the First Tuesday of February in each year. Such managers shall have power to make all such rules, regulations, ordinances and by-laws for the government, discipline and management of said house of refuge, and the inmates and officers thereof, as to them may appear just and proper.

§ 12. The said managers shall appoint a superintendent of the said house of refuge, and such other officers as they may deem necessary for the interest of the institution, with a view to the accomplishment of the object of its establishment, and economy of its management; and the said managers shall make a detailed report to the legislature of the performance of their duty, on or before the fifteenth day of January in each year.

§ 13. The said managers and superintendent shall receive and take into the said house of refuge, all male children under the age of eighteen years, and all female children under the age of seventeen, who shall be legally committed to the said house of refuge as vagrants, or on a conviction for any criminal offence by any court having authority to make such commitments; the said managers shall have power to place the said children committed to their care, during the minority of such children, at such employments, and cause them to be instructed in such branches of useful knowledge as shall be suitable to their years and capacities; and they shall have

power, in their discretion, to bind out the said children, with their consent, as apprentices or servants, during their minority, to such persons and at such places, to learn such proper trades and employments, as in their judgment will be most for the reformation and amendment, and the future benefit and advantage of such children: provided, that the charge and power of the said managers upon and over the said children, shall not extend, in the case of females, beyond the age of eighteen years, or in the case of males, beyond the age of twenty-one years.

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§ 14. All and singular the clauses and provisions contained in the fourth title of chapter eight of the second part of the Revised Statutes, relating to the covenants to be inserted in the indentures of apprentices and servants, made by the overseers of the poor, shall apply to the apprentices and servants, and the persons to whom they may be bound, under and by virtue of this act.

§ 15. Whenever the said house of refuge shall, in the opinion of the commissioners authorized to be appointed by the third section of this act, be in readiness for the reception of persons committed thereto, the said commissioners shall make, under their hands and seals, duplicate certificates thereof, one of which they shall transmit by mail to the governor of this state, and the other of which they shall cause to be filed in the office of the clerk of the county in which such house of refuge shall be situated. The governor, on receiving such certificate, shall make an order designating the counties which shall thereafter be authorized to send juvenile delinquents to the said house of refuge, and shall file the certificate of such commissioners, and his said order, in the office of the secretary of state. The said secretary of state shall transmit by mail to the first judge and county clerk of each of the counties designated in said order, a certified copy of such certificate and order.

§ 16. From and after the time of making such order, the courts of criminal jurisdiction of the several counties designated in said order, shall sentence to said house of refuge every male under the age of eighteen years, and every female under the age of seventeen years, who shall be convicted before such court of any felony; the said courts, and the several magistrates of the said counties, may in their discretion sentence to said house of refuge, any such male or female who may be convicted before them of any petit larceny, and the courts and magistrates of the county where such house of refuge may be located, may also, in their discretion, send to said house of refuge, any such male or female who may be convicted before them as a vagrant. The board of supervisors of each of said counties, at their annual meeting, shall raise such a sum as shall in their opinion be sufficient to pay to the treasurer of said house of refuge fifty cents per week, for the support, maintenance and care of every person sen-

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tenced in their county to confinement therein; and the treasurer of the said county shall quarterly pay, on the drafts of the treasurer of the said house of refuge, the said sum of fifty cents a week for each person supported in said house of refuge, under a conviction had in such county.

§ 17. For the purpose of reimbursing to the general fund the moneys advanced therefrom under the provisions of this act, the comptroller shall, on or before the first day of June next, apportion to and among the several counties in this state, in proportion to the corrected aggregate valuations of the real and personal estate of such counties, in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, the said sum of twenty-two thousand dollars, and the interest thereon, from the time of the advance thereof, on the said first day of June, to the first day of April then next; and the board of supervisors of the several counties in this state shall, at their next annual meeting, cause the sum so apportioned to their counties respectively, to be levied and collected upon the taxable property of their counties, in the manner that other state and county taxes are collected. The said moneys, when collected, shall be paid to the county treasurers of such counties, and such county treasurers shall, immediately on the receipt thereof, pay over the same to the treasurer of this state, and take his receipt therefor, and shall then procure such receipt to be countersigned by the comptroller.

§ 18. All provisions of existing laws requiring the courts of any of the counties which shall be named in the order to be made by the governor, under the provisions of the fifteenth section of this act, to sentence persons to the house of refuge in the city of New-York, shall be from and after the making of the said order, repealed so far as the same relates to the counties named in the said order, and shall be inconsistent with the provisions of this act.

§ 19. This act shall take effect immediately.

Chapter 154

Moiety of penalty for dredging for oysters in waters of Richmond county to go to use of poor. (Chapter 267, Laws 1840, repealed.)

See chap. 194, L. 1849; chap. 593, L. 1886.

Chapter 161

Incorporating "St. David's Benevolent Society" of cities of New York and Brooklyn.

Chapter 162

Incorporating "Hebrew Mutual Benefit Society," New York city.

Chapter 173

Act providing for election of three superintendents of the poor by the people in Onondaga county. Office of present superintendent of the poor to expire on January 1, 1847.

See chap. 216, L. 1808; chap. 150, L. 1837.

Towns of Nunda and Portage, of Allegany county, annexed to Livingston county. Paupers belonging to annexed towns shall be a charge on Livingston county until removed to Livingston county poorhouse.

(1846)
Chapter 197

See chap. 64, L. 1788.

Repealing section 3 of chapter 126, Laws 1845, relating to appointment of superintendents of poor in Westchester county.

Chapter 233

Act in relation to temporary relief of the poor. Boards of Supervisors of any county except New York and Kings may adopt the provisions of chapter 334, Laws 1845, in regard to temporary relief of poor in Livingston county by passing resolutions to that effect.

Chapter 245

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT IN RELATION TO THE TEMPORARY RELIEF
OF THE POOR.

CHAPTER 245, LAWS OF 1846.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. Whenever the board of supervisors of any county in this state shall by resolution, declare their intention to adopt the provisions of the act entitled "An act in relation to the temporary relief of the poor in the county of Livingston, and such other counties as may adopt the provisions of this act," passed May 14th, 1845, all the provisions of said act shall extend and apply to said county.

§ 2. The provisions of the first section of this act shall not apply to the city and county of New-York, nor to the county of Kings.

Town of West Farms erected from Westchester, Westchester county, and funds and lands to be apportioned.

Chapter 279

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 78, L. 1848; chap. 83, L. 1879; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Appropriations to dispensaries in New York city named in chapter 116, Laws 1841 (passed April 21, 1841), of \$1,500 each for year ending December 31, 1845, from surplus hospital and marine funds.

Chapter 287

(1846)
Chapter 300

Act concerning quarantine of port of New York. Articles 1, 3, 4 and 6 of title 2, chapter 14, part I, Revised Statutes.

See chap. 350, L. 1849; chap. 275, L. 1850; chap. 537, L. 1881; chap. 593, L. 1886.

Chapter 304

Incorporating "The Syracuse Society of Brotherly Love."

Chapter 330

Amending charter of Trustees and Associates of Brooklyn Benevolent Society, chapter 169, Laws 1845 (passed May 10, 1845), by exempting their property from taxation except for local improvements.

Chapter 332

Revising charter of "Butchers' Benevolent Society in City of New York," chapter 143, Laws 1831, for 15 years.

See chap. 54, L. 1815.

Annual report of the Secretary of State relative to poor statistics. ("Assembly documents," 1846, Vol. V, No. 199.)

70th session
1847
Chapter 11

Commissioners of Land Office authorized to permit stone to be taken from quarry on State lands at Black Rock for erection of Erie county workhouse.

See chap. 77, L. 1846.

Chapter 42

Annual appropriation act.—Makes appropriations for annuities to several Indian tribes; \$25,800 to Deaf and Dumb School in New York; \$17,500 to School for the Blind in New York; \$18,765.34 for completion of House of Refuge in Rochester; \$22,500 for New York Hospital; \$10,000 for support of foreign poor in New York city; \$500 to Society for Relief of Children of Poor Widowers and Widows, New York; \$500 for Orphan Asylum, New York; \$500 for Prince Street Orphan Asylum; \$8,000 for House of Refuge in New York City; \$1,500 to each of New York Dispensary, Northern Dispensary (New York), and Eastern Dispensary (New York); \$140 to Institution of Deaf and Dumb of City of New York, for maintenance and education of David Hill,

an Onondaga Indian deaf-mute; \$237.75 to Levi S. Backus, deaf-mute, and \$60 pension to James Minor. (1847)

Authorizing supervisors of Cattaraugus county to recover land adjoining county farm which was included in deed of said farm by mistake. Chapter 54

Amending charter of Syracuse Orphan Asylum, chapter 183, Laws 1845. Name changed to "Onondaga County Orphan Asylum." Chapter 165

See chap. 183, L. 1865.

Providing for distribution of annuity to Onondaga Indians. Chapter 178

See chap. 635, L. 1869.

Act concerning passengers coming to city of New York.—Section 14. Money collected for Marine Hospital to be paid by health commissioners. Chapter 195

Section 16. Commissioners authorized to erect buildings upon Marine Hospital lands.

Chapter 37, Laws 1824, and chapter 257, Laws 1842, entitled "Act for relief of poor of Kings county from support of foreign poor" (passed April 12, 1842) repealed. (Amended by chapter 483, Laws 1847.)

See chaps. 194 and 219, L. 1848; chaps. 37 and 350, L. 1849; chaps. 28 and 339, L. 1850; chap. 523, L. 1851; chaps. 218, 224 and 619, L. 1853; chaps. 224, 426 and 619, L. 1855; chap. 474, L. 1857; chaps. 286 and 579, L. 1863; chaps. 358 and 387, L. 1864; chaps. 382 and 613, L. 1865; chap. 737, L. 1866; chaps. 793 and 857, L. 1868; chap. 808, L. 1869; chap. 384, L. 1870; chap. 302, L. 1873; chaps. 427, 432 and 537, L. 1881; chaps. 145 and 281, L. 1882; chap. 286, L. 1883.

Incorporating "The Rochester City Hospital." Chapter 233

See chap. 250, L. 1857; chap. 547, L. 1881.

Providing for election of superintendents of the poor in Cayuga county by the people thereof. Chapter 245

See chap. 498, L. 1847.

Amending chapter 320, Laws 1844 (passed May 7, 1844), providing for common-school education in New York city by including in section 11 the school of the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents Chapter 252

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in City of New York as participant in share of school moneys.

See chap. 386, L. 1851; chap. 537, L. 1881.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO AMEND AN ACT ENTITLED "AN ACT MORE EFFECTUALLY TO PROVIDE FOR COMMON SCHOOL EDUCATION IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, PASSED MAY 7, 1844.

CHAPTER 252, LAWS OF 1847.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. The act entitled "An act more effectually to provide for common school education in the city and county of New-York," passed May 7, 1844, is hereby amended in the following manner:

The eleventh section of said act shall be amended by inserting after the words "the school of the mechanics' society" the words "the school of the society for the reformation of juvenile delinquents in the city of New York, the school of the mechanics' institute."

§ 2. To determine the shares of school moneys to which the school of the society for the reformation of juvenile delinquents in the city of New-York and the school for the mechanics' institute shall be entitled in accordance with the general provisions of the twelfth section of the act hereby amended; the average number of children who have actually attended such school without charge during the preceding year shall be ascertained by adding together the number of such children present at each morning and evening sessions of said schools and dividing the sum by four hundred and eighty, and all the provisions of said twelfth section inconsistent with this section are hereby repealed so far as they affect the school of the said society for the reformation of juvenile delinquents.

Chapter 258

Appropriating from revenue of Literature and United States Deposit Funds of 1847 and 1848, for each year, \$2,000 to medical faculty of University of New York, \$1,000 to Albany Medical College, \$1,000 to Medical Institution of Geneva College, \$100 to Eye and Ear Infirmary of New York.

See chap. 150, L. 1837.

Chapter 319

Authorizing supervisors of Cattaraugus county to sell their poorhouse farm and acquire another.

Chapter 346

Authorizing supervisors of Kings county to borrow \$8,000 to erect additional buildings on county almshouse premises and raise money by tax to pay loan.

Authorizing supervisors of Schoharie county to borrow \$3,000 from State to rebuild poorhouse.

(1847)
Chapter 371

Amending chapter 234, Laws 1831, providing for sick and disabled seamen (passed April 22, 1831) by appropriating \$10,000 from surplus of mariners' fund to erection of buildings by trustees of Seamen's Fund and Retreat in City of New York for destitute, sick or infirm mothers, wives, sisters and daughters or widows of seamen.

Chapter 373

See chap. 234, L. 1831; chap. 25, L. 1836; chap. 165, L. 1837; chap. 463, L. 1847; chap. 52, L. 1851.

Incorporating "The Buffalo City Hospital."

Chapter 389

Incorporating "New York Society for the Promotion of Education among Colored Children."

Chapter 425

See chap. 320, L. 1844; chap. 396, L. 1849.

Act concerning passengers arriving at ports of entry and landing places in this State north of Albany from other states or foreign countries. Masters of vessels to report lists of passengers to overseers of the poor and pay \$1 tax for poor fund on each passenger. Certain of such persons to be supported by superintendents of poor, who shall make rules for indemnity. Penalties to be sued for by overseers or superintendents of the poor.

Chapter 431

See chap. 195, L. 1847; chap. 405, L. 1849; chap. 116, L. 1851.

Establishing ferry across Cayuga lake from Union Springs to Fayette. Moiety of penalty for neglect to maintain ferry to go to overseers of the poor.

Chapter 457

State Prison Law.—Section 144. Moiety of penalty for selling liquors within three miles of Clinton Prison to go to overseers of poor.

Chapter 460

Section 160. Schedule of acts repealed.

Amending chapter 373, Laws 1847, as to payments to and by trustees of Seamen's Fund and Retreat for support and relief of destitute female relatives of seamen.

Chapter 463

See chap. 52, L. 1851.

(1847)
Chapter 475

Charter of city of Syracuse.—Title 2, Sec. 3. Two overseers of the poor to be elected.

Section 28. They shall give bonds.

Title 3, Sec. 7. Common council to restrain and punish vagrants, erect a workhouse for their confinement, prescribe duties and remove overseers of the poor for official misconduct.

Title 8. Overseers of poor empowered to bind out children, care for lunatics, drunkards, disorderly persons and bastards, with powers of town overseers. Their accounts to be audited by two supervisors, justice of peace and city clerk.

Title 10. Poor funds of town of Salina to be divided and debts apportioned.

See chap. 146, L. 1852; chap. 28, L. 1854.

Chapter 480

Act relating to town superintendents of common schools and amendatory of Revised Statutes, entitled "Of public instruction."

Section 106. Indigent persons sending children to school shall be exempted from liability to provide fuel for schools.

Section 117. Trustees of school districts to return names of any children supported at county poorhouses or orphan asylums in their annual reports.

See chap. 593, L. 1886.

Chapter 488

Amending chapter 195, Laws 1847, concerning passengers in vessels coming to New York city. Marine Hospital transferred to Commissioners of Emigration. Section 5 contains provisions respecting orphan children of alien passengers.

See chap. 195, L. 1847; chap. 350, L. 1849; chap. 523, L. 1851. chap. 218, L. 1853.

Chapter 485

Act providing for public instruction in orphan asylums.

See chap. 63, L. 1850.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR PUBLIC INSTRUCTION IN
ORPHAN ASYLUMS.

(1847)

CHAPTER 485, LAWS OF 1847.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. The treasurer shall pay on the warrant of the comptroller on the first Monday in February in the years eighteen hundred and forty-eight, and eighteen hundred and forty-nine, to the financial agents of the several incorporated orphan asylums which shall come within the provisions of this act their proportion of the sum of three thousand dollars which is hereby set apart for that purpose from the income arising from the investment of the moneys deposited by the United States with the state of New-York, to be annually distributed proportionate to the number of inmates in said asylums between the ages of three and twelve years, and who shall have been enrolled in good faith as members thereof, three months previous to the making the returns; and on presentation of a certificate from the proper officer or officers, who have the inspection or supervision of primary instruction in the place where such asylum may be located, stating that a school has been taught therein by a qualified teacher for four months after having obtained written evidence of competency to teach from such officer or officers.

§ 2. Every such asylum may make all laws, rules and regulations relative to the education and discipline of their inmates, as a majority of the trustees thereof at their annual meetings shall think fit and proper; but such laws, rules and regulations shall not be repugnant to the laws of this state in its policy in reference to public and primary instruction, and shall be subject at all times to the inspection and supervision of the several educational officers of the different villages, towns or cities in which such orphan asylums may be located.

§ 3. No orphan shall be returned as an inmate of any such asylum, or be entitled to any part of the above mentioned appropriation, unless the same be of the above prescribed age and in destitution, and shall have been taught by a teacher qualified in the manner heretofore prescribed by this act reading, writing, arithmetic, or the plain rudiments of a common English education in said asylum, at least four months during the year for which such appropriation shall be claimed.

§ 4. An annual report shall be made and sworn to by the presiding officer of any such asylum, stating the number of inmates thereof, the time spent by them in pursuing studies therein, in what studies they shall have been instructed, and the manner in which the public funds distributed to it shall have been expended, which shall be filed with the secretary of state.

§ 5. This act shall take effect immediately.

(1847)
Chapter 490

Amending section 24 of chapter 180, Laws 1845, reducing number of town officers (passed May 10, 1845) as to audit of accounts by superintendents of poor and repealing section 21 thereof.

See chap. 569, L. 1890.

Chapter 491

Amending Buffalo Orphan Asylum charter and chapter 122, Laws 1839.

See chap. 259, L. 1837; chap. 221, L. 1885.

Chapter 498

Authorizing election of one county superintendent of poor in any county, except New York, upon resolution of board of supervisors. Term of office of such superintendent to be three years.

See chaps. 136, 314 and 327, L. 1848; chap. 207, L. 1849; chap. 29, L. 1850; chap. 118, L. 1856; chap. 124, L. 1858; chap. 237, L. 1861; chap. 298, L. 1862.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE ELECTION OF COUNTY SUPERINTENDENTS OF THE POOR, AND COUNTY TREASURERS, BY THE PEOPLE.

CHAPTER 498, LAWS OF 1847.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. It shall be lawful hereafter for the board of supervisors in any county, at any annual meeting of such board, to direct by resolution that thereafter only one county superintendent of the poor shall be elected in and for such county, who shall hold his office for three years; but in all counties where no such resolution shall have been passed, three county superintendents of the poor shall be elected.

§ 2. Said superintendent or superintendents, and the county treasurer, shall be elected at the general election in November, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, in the same manner that other county officers are now chosen.

§ 3. In counties where only one superintendent of the poor shall be chosen, he shall hold his office for three years, but in counties where three are chosen, one of the said superintendents so elected shall hold his office for one year, one for two years, and one for three years, and the clerk of the county shall, on the first day of January after such election, determine by lot which of said superintendents shall hold his office for one year, which for two, and which for three years, and annually thereafter there shall be elected one superintendent, who shall hold his office for three years.

§ 4. Boards of supervisors shall appoint county superintendents of the poor or county treasurers, to fill vacancies which may happen in such offices.

§ 5. All laws now in force, not inconsistent with the provision of this act, applicable to county superintendents of the poor and county treasurers, shall apply to the officers elected or appointed pursuant to this act, and all laws and parts of laws inconsistent with the provisions of this act, are hereby repealed.

(1847)

§ 6. None of the provisions of this act shall apply to the city and county of New York.

Majority report on bill relative to orphan asylum in the city of Albany. ("Assembly documents," 1847, Vol. VII, No. 217.)

Minority report on bill relative to orphan asylum in the city of Albany. ("Assembly documents," 1847, Vol. VIII, No. 259.)

Annual report on poor statistics. ("Senate documents," 1847, Vol. III, No. 100.)

Annual appropriation act.—Makes appropriations of \$25,000 to Deaf and Dumb Institution, New York; \$17,000 to School for the Blind in New York; \$3,300 for salaries of officers of State Lunatic Asylum; \$16,875 for New York Hospital; \$7,500 for support of foreign poor in city of New York; \$500 for Orphan Asylum, New York; \$500 for Orphan Asylum, Prince street, New York; pension to James Minor, \$50; \$500 to College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York; \$5,230 for annuities to Indians; \$200 to L. S. Backus for furnishing the "Radii" to deaf and dumb persons; also \$900 from income of United States Deposit Fund for Indian schools.

71st session
1848
Chapter 7

Reviving act of 1831 for relief of Shinnecock tribe of Indians, and appropriating \$240 for payment of wages of teacher to Indian children in town of Southampton for three years.

Chapter 39

Repealing chapter 21, Laws 1843, dividing town of Redfield in Oswego county. Town of Greenboro annexed to Redfield, and town funds of former to be delivered to town officers of Redfield.

Chapter 61

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 21, L. 1843.

(1848)
Chapter 76

Orphan asylum societies of Brooklyn to participate in school moneys.

See chap. 303, L. 1834; chap. 95, L. 1835; chap. 530, L. 1874; chap. 255, L. 1875.

Chapter 85

Amending charter of city of Rochester, chapter 199, Laws 1834, as amended by chapter 145, Laws 1844, so that overseers of the poor shall take office on first Monday of April in each year after his election.

See chap. 262, L. 1850.

Chapter 98

Town of Geddes erected from Salina, Onondaga county, and funds to be divided.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 475, L. 1862.

Chapter 106

Charter of city of Auburn.—Two overseers of the poor to be elected. Penalties for violation of excise laws as per title 9, chapter 20, part I, Revised Statutes, to be sued for by overseers of the poor and paid into Cayuga county treasury. Common council empowered to remove overseers of poor for neglect of duty or official misconduct. Such overseers shall have like powers as overseers in towns, and for all purposes relating to maintenance and support of the poor the city shall be one of the towns of the county. Overseers of the poor empowered to support or relieve the indigent, bind out children, care for lunatics and habitual drunkards, bind out disorderly persons, support bastards and conduct bastardy proceedings, enforce excise act, etc. Their accounts to be audited by supervisors, justices of the peace and city clerk of Auburn.

See chap. 246, L. 1850; chap. 431, L. 1859.

Chapter 116

Charter of Oswego.—One or not more than three overseers of the poor to be elected by ballot and give bond. Moneys collected for forfeiture of excise license bonds to be paid into city treasury for use of poor. Overseers to have like powers as in towns. Common council to secure land to erect a workhouse or almshouse and hospital and appoint a superintendent thereof. Fines for violation of certain health laws to be devoted to maintenance of a pesthouse or a city hospital.

See chap. 28, L. 1851; chap. 70, L. 1853; chap. 463, L. 1860.

Providing for distribution of annuities to Cayuga nation of Indians by Comptroller. (1848)
Chapter 122

See chap. 355, L. 1849.

Overseer of the poor of the city of Albany authorized to administer oaths and take affidavits. Wilful false swearing therein to be perjury, to be punished accordingly. Chapter 139

See chap. 275, L. 1842; chap. 329, L. 1864; chaps. 1 and 77, L. 1870; chap. 7, L. 1871; chap. 593, L. 1886; chap. 242, L. 1887.

Town of New Bremen erected from Watson, Lewis county, and funds and debts to be apportioned. Chapter 160

See chap. 64, L. 1788.

Town of Schuyler erected from Plattsburgh, Clinton county, and property to be divided. Chapter 175

See chap. 64, L. 1788.

Boards of supervisors of Livingston, Sullivan, Broome, Cortland, Orange, Allegany, Seneca, Franklin, Onondaga and Ulster counties may restore distinction between town and county poor. All contracts by poor authorities for support of paupers in pursuance of bids at auction shall be absolutely void. Chapter 176

See chap. 163, L. 1844.

Amending chapter 52, Laws 1843, in reference to trustees of Seamen's Fund and Retreat in City of New York, and repealing section 1 of act providing for sick and disabled seamen, chapter 234, Laws 1831. Chapter 177

Dog tax law for Queens county. Surplus after paying for sheep injured to go to use of poor of towns. Chapter 191

Amending charter of New York Institution for the Blind, chapter 214, Laws 1831. Institution to be also for the purpose of affording an asylum and employment for other blind persons. \$15,000 appropriated for 1848 and 1849 for erection of buildings. Chapter 192

See chap. 110, L. 1803; chap. 234, L. 1829; chap. 156, L. 1852.

Appropriation of \$60,000 to supply deficiencies of hospital moneys for Marine Hospital, Staten Island. Chapter 194

See chap. 352, L. 1848.

Appropriation of \$19,700 for Western House of Refuge. Chapter 206

See chap. 143, L. 1846.

(1848)
Chapter 208

Appropriation of \$10,000 for Stockbridge tribe of Indians, now residing in Calumet county, Wisconsin.

See chap. 92, R. L. 1813; chap. 37, L. 1850; chaps. 677 and 679, L. 1892.

Chapter 219

Act for protection of emigrants arriving in State of New York. Commissioners of Emigration given further powers.

See chap. 195, L. 1847; chaps. 320 and 432, L. 1849; chap. 579, L. 1857; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Chapter 240

Amending chapter 51, Laws 1820, relative to the poor in Rensselaer county by reducing the number of superintendents of the poor to be elected, from five to three.

Chapter 252

Appropriating \$1,500 to each of the three dispensaries in the city of New York.

Chapter 260

Annual Supply Act. Appropriates \$500 to the commissioners appointed to supervise the receipts and expenditures of certain charitable institutions in New York and Staten Island for incidental expenses.

See chap. 227, L. 1893.

Chapter 294

Amending chapter 460, Laws 1847, section 99, regulating county and State prisons (passed December 14, 1847), providing that after expiration of term of insane convict sent to State lunatic asylum he may be removed to his own county to be cared for by superintendents of the poor thereof and given \$10 for traveling expenses.

See chap. 460, L. 1847; § 2, chap. 382, L. 1889.

Chapter 307

Supervisors of Kings county authorized to direct superintendents of the poor to take charge of penitentiary and workhouse and provide food and clothing for prisoners. (Amending section 4 of chapter 81, Laws 1846.)

Chapter 314

Amending sections 1 and 3 of chapter 498, Laws 1847, authorizing the election of county superintendents of the poor by the people, so as to allow the election of five superintendents of the poor in Kings county.

Appropriation to New York Institution for Instruction of Deaf and Dumb of amount paid by it (not exceeding \$5,200) previous to July 15, 1847, for clothing State pupils.

(1848)
Chapter 316

General "Act for the incorporation of benevolent, charitable, scientific and missionary societies."

Chapter 319

See chap. 273, L. 1849; chap. 487, L. 1853; chaps. 50 and 218, L. 1854; chap. 302, L. 1857; chap. 242, L. 1860; chaps. 58 and 239, L. 1861; chap. 302, L. 1862; chap. 419, L. 1864; chap. 971, L. 1867; chaps. 51 and 253, L. 1870; chap. 875, L. 1871; chaps. 104, 209 and 649, L. 1872; chap. 453, L. 1875; chap. 190, L. 1876; chap. 252, L. 1879; chaps. 254, 428, 526 and 641, L. 1881; chap. 367, L. 1882; chap. 446, L. 1883; chap. 88, L. 1885; chaps. 546 and 547, L. 1886; chap. 125, L. 1890; chap. 144, L. 1891; chaps. 332 and 338, L. 1893; chap. 559, L. 1895.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT FOR THE INCORPORATION OF BENEVOLENT, CHARITABLE, SCIENTIFIC AND MISSIONARY SOCIETIES.

CHAPTER 319, LAWS OF 1848.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. Any five or more persons of full age, citizens of the United States, a majority of whom shall be citizens of this state, who shall desire to associate themselves for benevolent, charitable, scientific or missionary purposes, may make, sign and acknowledge before any officer authorized to take the acknowledgment of deeds in this state, and file in the office of the secretary of state, and also in the office of the clerk of the county in which the business of such society is to be conducted, a certificate in writing, in which shall be stated the name or title by which such society shall be known in law, the particular business and objects of such society, the number of trustees, directors or managers to manage the same, and the names of the trustees, directors or managers of such society for the first year of its existence, but such certificate shall not be filed unless by the written consent and approbation of one of the justices of the supreme court of the district in which the place of business or principal office of such company or association shall be located, to be endorsed on such certificate.

§ 2. Upon filing a certificate as aforesaid, the persons who shall have signed and acknowledged such certificate, and their associates and successors, shall thereupon by virtue of this act, be a body politic and corporate by the name stated in such certificate, and by that name they and their successors shall and may have succession, and shall be persons in law capable of suing and being sued; and they and their successors

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may have and use a common seal, and the same may alter and change at pleasure; and they and their successors, by their corporate name, shall, in law, be capable of taking, receiving, purchasing and holding real estate, for the purposes of their incorporation, and for no other purpose, to an amount not exceeding the sum of fifty thousand dollars in value, and personal estate, for like purposes, to an amount not exceeding the sum of seventy-five thousand dollars in value, but the clear annual income of such real and personal estate shall not exceed the sum of ten thousand dollars; to make by-laws for the management of its affairs, not inconsistent with the constitution and laws of this state, or of the United States; to elect and appoint the officers and agents of such society, for the management of its business, and to allow them a suitable compensation.

§ 3. The society so incorporated may annually elect from its members its trustees, directors or managers, at such time and place, and in such manner as may be specified in its by-laws, who shall have the control and management of the affairs and funds of said society, a majority of whom shall be a quorum for the transaction of business; and whenever any vacancy shall happen among such trustees, directors or managers, by death, resignation or neglect to serve, such vacancy shall be filled in such manner as shall be provided by the by-laws of such society.

§ 4. In case it shall at any time happen that an election of trustees, directors or managers shall not be made on the day designated by the by-laws, said society for that cause shall not be dissolved, but it shall and may be lawful on any other day to hold an election for trustees, directors or managers, in such manner as may be directed by the by-laws of such society.

§ 5. The provisions of this act shall not extend or apply to any association or individuals who shall in the certificate filed with the secretary of state, or with the county clerk, use or specify a name or style the same as that of any previously existing incorporated society in this state; nor shall they authorize the formation of any corporation which can be incorporated under the act entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation of religious societies," passed April 5, 1813, and the several acts amending the same, or the formation of any secret societies.

§ 6. Any corporation formed under this act, shall be capable of taking, holding or receiving any property, real or personal, by virtue of any devise or bequest contained in any last will or testament of any person whatsoever, the clear annual income of which devise or bequest shall not exceed the sum of ten thousand dollars; provided, no person leaving a wife or child or parent, shall devise or bequeath to such institution or corporation more than one-fourth of his or her estate, after the payment of his or her debts, and such devise or bequest shall be valid to the extent of such one-fourth, and no such

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devise or bequest shall be valid, in any will which shall not have been made and executed at least two months before the death of the testator.

§ 7. The trustees of any company or corporation organised under the provisions of this act, shall be jointly and severally liable for all debts due from said company or corporation, contracted while they are trustees, provided said debts are payable within one year from the time they shall have been contracted, and provided a suit for the collection of the same shall be brought within one year after the debt shall become due and payable.

§ 8. All institutions formed under this act, together with their books and vouchers, shall be subject to the visitation and inspection of the justices of the supreme court, or by any person or persons who shall be appointed by the supreme court for that purpose, and it shall be the duty of the trustees, or a majority of them, in the month of December in each year, to make and file in the county clerk's office where the original certificate is filed, a certificate under their hands, stating the names of the trustees and officers of such association or corporation, with an inventory of the property, effects and liabilities thereof, with an affidavit of the truth of such certificate and inventory, and also an affidavit that such association or corporation has not been engaged directly or indirectly, in any other business than such as is set forth in the original certificate on file.

§ 9. Each corporation formed under this act shall possess the general powers conferred by and be subject to the provisions and restrictions of the third title of the eighteenth chapter of the third part of the Revised Statutes.

§ 10. The legislature may at any time amend, annul or repeal any incorporation formed or created under this act.

Act requiring all superintendents of the poor (except in New York county) hereafter elected to give bonds to be approved by boards of supervisors for faithful discharge of their duties.

Chapter 327

See chap. 498, L. 1847; chap. 116, L. 1849; chap. 12, L. 1850; chaps. 677 and 686, L. 1892.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO REQUIRE SUPERINTENDENTS OF THE POOR TO GIVE BONDS.

CHAPTER 327, LAWS OF 1848.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. Every person hereafter elected to the office of superintendent of the poor, shall, within ten days after his election, give a bond to the supervisors, with two or more sufficient

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sureties, to be approved by the board of supervisors, and in such sum as they shall direct, conditioned that such person shall faithfully execute the duties of his office, and shall pay according to law all moneys which shall come to his hands, as superintendent of the poor, and render a just and true account thereof to the board of supervisors.

§ 2. Such bond with the approbation of the board of supervisors, endorsed thereon by their clerk, shall be filed in the office of the county clerk.

§ 3. This act shall not apply to the city of New-York.

Chapter 337

Commissioners of Emigration to pay Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents in City of New York from passenger fund \$7,333.33 in 1848 and \$8,000 in 1849. \$15,333.33 appropriated from State treasury in case of deficiency in passenger fund.

Chapter 352

Explaining chapter 194, Laws 1848, which appropriated \$60,000 for Marine Hospital, Staten Island.

Chapter 356

Moiety of penalty for illegal fishing in town of Adams, Jefferson county, to be paid to overseers of the poor.

See chap. 194, L. 1849.

Chapter 381

Appropriates \$30,000 to Deaf and Dumb Institution, New York; \$22,500 for New York Hospital; \$10,000 for support of foreign poor in New York City; \$500 to Orphan Asylum, New York; \$500 for Orphan Asylum, Prince street, New York City; \$100 to Eye and Ear Infirmary, New York; \$60 to James Minor, annual pension; \$7,361.67 for annuities to Indians; \$2,000 to Levi S. Backus; also \$1,000 from United States Deposit Fund income for Indian schools.

See chap. 44, L. 1849.

72d session
1849
Chapter 29

Appropriation of \$15,000 to New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb to pay off mortgage on buildings.

See chap. 264, L. 1817.

Chapter 34

Incorporating "The Trustees of the Funds of the Oneida Annual Conference," repealing chapter 70, Laws 1829, changing name of corporation to Trustees of Funds of Genesee Conference, incorporated by chapter

189, Laws 1819, and providing for division of funds (1849)
between both conferences.

Providing for support of Marine Hospital by Chapter 37
transferring \$30,000 of commutation money collected
by Commissioners of Emigration.

See chap. 195, L. 1847.

Revision of Brooklyn city charter. Chapter 47

Title 2, Sec. 30. Common council authorized to raise
\$2,000 by tax for expenses of a city hospital after
same shall have been erected and organized.

See chap. 155, L. 1827; chap. 92, L. 1834; chap. 246, L. 1847;
chap. 144, L. 1850.

Incorporating "The Trustees of the funds of East Chapter 61
Genesee Conference" and funds of Genesee Conference
incorporated by chapter 189, Laws 1819, to be divided.

Amending charter of Brooklyn City Hospital, chap- Chapter 93
ter 154, Laws 1845.

Amending chapter 214, Laws 1842, in relation to Chapter 100
poor laws. Changing form of reports of paupers re-
lieved by superintendents of poor to Secretary of
State.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO AMEND CHAPTER TWO HUNDRED AND
FOURTEEN OF THE LAWS OF EIGHTEEN HUNDRED
AND FORTY-TWO, IN RELATION TO THE POOR
LAWS.

CHAPTER 100, LAWS OF 1849.

*The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate
and Assembly, do enact as follows:*

§ 1. The act entitled "An act to amend the Revised Statutes
in relation to the duties of the superintendents of the poor, in
the several counties in this state," passed April 11, 1842, is
hereby amended by striking out the words "name, age," in
the fifth line of the first section of said act, so as to read "the
sex and native country of every pauper."

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

Extending time for county superintendents of the Chapter 116
poor elected in November, 1848, to take oaths of office
and file bonds. Superintendents hereafter to be
elected to take office January 1 thereafter.

See chap. 327, L. 1848; chaps. 677 and 686, L. 1892.

(1849)
Chapter 139

Incorporating "Life-saving Benevolent Association of New York."

See chap. 41, L. 1851.

Chapter 140

Establishing free schools throughout the State.

See chap. 404, L. 1849; chap. 7, L. 1850; chap. 151, L. 1851; chap. 491, L. 1853; chap. 593, L. 1886.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT ESTABLISHING FREE SCHOOLS THROUGHOUT THE STATE.

CHAPTER 140, LAWS OF 1849.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. Common schools in the several school districts in this state shall be free to all persons residing in the district, over five, and under twenty-one years of age. Persons not residents of a district may be admitted into the schools kept therein, with the approbation, in writing, of the trustees thereof, or a majority of them.

§ 2. It shall be the duty of the several boards of supervisors at their annual meeting, to cause to be levied and collected from their respective counties, in the same manner as county taxes, a sum equal to the amount of state school moneys apportioned to such counties, and to apportion the same among the towns and cities in the same manner as the moneys received from the state are apportioned. They shall also cause to be levied and collected from each of the towns in their respective counties, in the same manner as other town taxes, a sum equal to the amount of state school moneys apportioned to said towns respectively.

§ 3. The trustees of each school district within thirty, and not less than fifteen days preceding the time for holding the annual district meeting in each year, shall prepare an estimate of the amount of money necessary to be raised in the district for the ensuing year, for the payment of the debts and expenses to be incurred by said district for fuel, furniture, school apparatus, repairs and insurance of school house, contingent expenses and teachers' wages, exclusive of the public money and the money required by law to be raised by the counties and towns, and the income of local funds, and shall cause printed or written notices thereof to be posted for two weeks previous to said meeting upon the school house door, and in three or more of the most public places in said district. The trustees shall present such estimate to such meeting, and the voters present who are of full age, residing in such school district, and entitled to hold land in this state, who own or lease real property in such district, subject to taxation for school purposes, or who shall have paid any district tax within two years preceding, or who owns any personal property liable to

(1849)

be taxed for school purposes in such district, exceeding fifty dollars in value, exclusive of such as is exempt from executions and no others, shall vote thereon for each item separately, and so much of said estimate as shall be approved by a majority of such voters present, shall be levied and raised by tax on said district, in the same manner as other district taxes are now by law levied and collected. District collectors shall in all cases, before entering upon the duties of their respective offices, give security to the satisfaction of the trustees, for the faithful discharge of their duties; and all moneys collected by them shall be paid to the trustees of their respective districts.

§ 4. It shall be the duty of the collector, upon receiving his warrant, for two successive weeks, to receive such taxes as may be voluntarily paid to him; and in case the whole amount shall not be so paid in, the collector shall forthwith proceed to collect the same. He shall receive for his services, on all sums paid as aforesaid, one per cent, and upon all sums collected by him after the expiration of the time mentioned, five per cent; and in case a levy and sale shall be necessarily made by such collector, he shall be entitled to traveling fees at the rate of six cents per mile, to be computed from the school house in such district.

§ 5. If the trustees shall neglect to prepare the said estimate within the time herein limited, or shall neglect to post the required notice, it shall be lawful for the meeting to adjourn to such other time as will be sufficient to prepare the said estimate and give the said notice.

§ 6. When the said voters of any district at their annual meeting shall refuse or neglect to raise by tax a sum of money, which added to the public money, and the money raised by county and towns will support a school in said district for at least four months in a year, keep the school house in proper repair and furnish the necessary fuel, then it shall be the duty of said trustees to repair the school house, purchase the necessary fuel, and employ a teacher for four months, and the expense shall be levied and collected in the manner provided in the third* section of this act.

§ 7. Free and gratuitous education shall be given to each pupil, in each of the common, public, ward and district schools in the respective cities of this state, now incorporated or hereafter to be incorporated, including the schools of the public school society in the city of New-York, according to any law now in force in said cities. And by each city, where such free and gratuitous education is not already established, laws and ordinances may and shall without delay be passed providing for, and for securing and sustaining the system in each of their common, public, ward or district schools.

§ 8. All laws and parts of laws inconsistent with the provisions of this act, other than those relating to free schools in any cities in this state are hereby repealed.

*See chapter 404, § 1.

(1849)

§ 9. In case any trustee or other school district officer shall use any money in his hands belonging to such district, and shall not apply the same as directed by law, he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be punished by fine, not exceeding five hundred dollars, or be imprisoned in a county jail not exceeding six months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

§ 10. The electors shall determine by ballot at the annual election to be held in November next, whether this act shall or not become a law.

§ 11. It shall be the duty of the state superintendent of common schools to prepare and furnish to the several town clerks in this state, forms of the poll lists, returns and other necessary proceedings to carry into effect this act, and he shall also furnish, at the expense of the state, to each school district in the state five copies of this act with the forms prepared by him.

§ 12. The ballots to be deposited in the ballot-box shall be in the following form. Those cast in favor of the adoption of this act shall contain the following words:

SCHOOL.

FOR THE NEW SCHOOL LAW.

Those against the adoption of this act shall contain the following words:

SCHOOL.

AGAINST THE NEW SCHOOL LAW.

And the ballots shall be so folded as to conceal all the words except the word school, which latter word shall not be concealed, but shall appear on the ballot as folded.

§ 13. The inspectors of election in the several elections districts shall furnish a separate ballot box into which shall be placed all the ballots given for or against the new school law. The inspectors shall canvass the ballots and make return thereof in the same manner as votes given for the office of the governor and lieutenant-governor are by law canvassed and returned.

§ 14. In case a majority of all the votes in the state shall be cast against the new school law, this act shall be null and void; and in case a majority of all the votes in the state shall be cast for the new school law, then this act shall become a law, and shall take effect on the first day of January eighteen hundred and fifty.

Chapter 152

Incorporating "The St. Vincent's Orphan Asylum Society in the city of Albany."

Chapter 184

Utica city Consolidation Act.—Section 4. An overseer of the poor to be elected, with powers possessed by overseers of towns.

See chap. 164, L. 1856; chap. 18, L. 1862.

Chapter 187

New York city charter amended.—Section 17. Almshouse department to have charge of all matters relating

to almshouse and prisons; the chief officers to be called "governors of the almshouse."

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Section 20. They will be elected every three years by people.

See chap. 86, R. L. 1813; chaps. 246 and 413, L. 1849; chap. 217, L. 1853; chap. 446, L. 1857; chap. 537, L. 1881; chap. 593, L. 1886.

Boards of supervisors, except in New York county, vested with certain legislative powers, including the purchase of real estate necessary for the erection of poorhouses; to erect poorhouses and raise by tax not exceeding \$5,000 in any one year therefor; to abolish or revive the distinction between town and county poor; borrow money to buy real estate or erect buildings, etc.

Chapter 194

See chap. 249, L. 1855; chap. 108, L. 1856; chaps. 13, 38 and 190, L. 1858; chap. 254, L. 1859; chap. 306, L. 1868; chap. 855, L. 1869; chaps. 361 and 597, L. 1870; chaps. 18 and 562, L. 1871; chap. 319, L. 1872; chap. 119, L. 1873; chap. 482, L. 1875; chap. 336, L. 1880; chap. 264, L. 1881; chaps. 677 and 686, L. 1892.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO VEST IN THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS,
CERTAIN LEGISLATIVE POWERS, AND TO PRESCRIBE
THEIR FEES FOR CERTAIN SERVICES.

CHAPTER 194, LAWS OF 1849.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

* * * * *

§ 4. The said boards of supervisors shall have power and they are hereby authorised:

1. At any meeting thereof lawfully assembled, to purchase for the use of said county any real estate, necessary for the erection of buildings, and for the support of the poor of such county.

2. To purchase any real estate necessary for a site for any court house, jail, clerk's or surrogate's office or other public county buildings in said county.

3. To fix upon and determine the site of any such buildings, where they are not already located.

4. To authorise the sale or leasing of any real estate, belonging to such county, and prescribe the mode in which any conveyance shall be made.

5. To remove or designate a new site for any county buildings, when such removal shall not exceed one mile.

6. To cause to be erected necessary buildings for poor houses,

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jails, clerk's and surrogate's offices or other county buildings, and prescribe the manner of erecting the same.

7. To cause to be raised by tax upon such county any sum of money to erect any of the buildings mentioned in this act, not exceeding the sum of five thousand dollars in any one year.

8. To borrow money for the use of such county, to be expended in the purchase of any real estate, or for the erection of any such buildings, and to provide for the payment thereof, with interest, by tax upon such county, within ten years from the date of such loan, in yearly instalments or otherwise.

* * * * *

10. To abolish or revive the distinction between the town and county poor of such county.

* * * * *

14. To require any county officer, or any officer whose salary is paid by the county, to make a report under oath to them, on any subjects or matters connected with the duties of their offices: and the said officers are hereby required to make such report whenever called upon, by resolution of any such board; and if any such officer neglect or refuse to make such report, he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor.

§ 5. None of the powers prescribed in the last section shall be exercised except by a vote of a majority of all the members elected in the county, nor shall such power be exercised under the fifth, tenth and thirteenth subdivisions of said section, without a vote of two thirds of all the members elected to such boards.

* * * * *

Chapter 207

Abolishing office of county superintendent of the poor in Albany county.

Chapter 244

Incorporating "American Female Guardian Society" of New York city to establish houses of industry and houses for friendless women and children; may bind out children entrusted to them with consent of commissioners of the almshouse or surrogate of New York county.

See chap. 159, L. 1851; chap. 249, L. 1857; chap. 754, L. 1872; chap. 285, L. 1881.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO INCORPORATE THE AMERICAN FEMALE GUARDIAN SOCIETY.

CHAPTER 244, LAWS OF 1849.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. From and after the passage of this act the association heretofore known as the "American Female Moral

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Reform and Guardian Society," may take, and shall be known by the name of the "American Female Guardian Society," and shall continue to enjoy all the rights and be subject to all the obligations of said association as fully as though the name thereof had not been changed.

§ 2. Mary Anne Hawkins, Sarah R. J. Bennett, Rebecca McComb, Mary Irene Hubbard, Margaret Dye, Phebe L. Osborne, Elizabeth Eaton, Elmira C. Loveland, Julima C. Angell, Sarah C. Hawkshurst, Phebe Palmer, Mary K. Everts, Eliza C. Ball, Elizabeth Lane, Mary M. Kelly, Julia W. Bleeker, Helen E. Brown, Catharine G. Thorn, and all such persons as now are members of the association called the "American Female Moral Reform and Guardian Society," and all who shall become members of the corporation hereby created, shall be and they are hereby constituted a body corporate by the name of the "American Female Guardian Society," whose object and business shall be by the publication and diffusion of books, papers and tracts, and by other moral and religious means, to prevent vice and moral degradation, and to establish and maintain "Houses of Industry and Home for the relief of friendless, destitute or unprotected females and for friendless or unprotected children.

§ 3. There shall be a board of female managers of the said society who shall select from their number an executive committee consisting of eleven, to conduct the business of the society in the manner prescribed by the constitution and by-laws of the aforesaid association, as the same now exist, or as the same shall be adopted or altered by the corporate body hereby constituted; but the same shall be in accordance with the laws of this state, and such managers shall be elected annually or otherwise as is or may be prescribed by such constitution and by-laws.

§ 4. Said corporation shall have power to purchase and hold real estate sufficient for the actual occupation and necessary uses of the society, and receive by gift, or devise, in the same manner and subject to the same restrictions as provided in the general law for the incorporation of religious and benevolent associations, and to hold and convey such real estate, and shall be deemed to be possessed of the rights and to be subject to the liabilities of corporations according to the provisions of title third, chapter eighteen, part first of the Revised Statutes, so far as the same may be applicable, provided, however that the annual income of any real estate belonging to said corporation shall not exceed the sum of ten thousand dollars.

§ 5. The board of managers shall have power to appoint matrons and such other assistants as they may deem necessary in conducting the domestic and internal concerns of their "House or houses of Industry and Home for the Friendless;" to make any by-laws and regulations for the government of their own proceedings and those of the persons so appointed, and of other inmates of their house or houses; to govern the

(1849)

children under their care and prescribe their course of instruction and management to the same extent and with the same rights as exists in the case of natural guardians.

§ 6. In all cases where a child shall have been surrendered by its natural or other legal guardians to the care and management of the society by any instrument or declaration in writing, it shall be lawful for the said board of managers at their discretion to place such child by adoption or at service in some suitable employment and with some proper person or persons, conformably to the laws of this state, in regard to the binding out of indigent children, provided, that in all such cases the terms of the indenture shall be approved by the commissioners of the alms house or by the surrogate of the city and county of New-York, which approval shall be signified on such indenture by the signature of such commissioners or surrogate; but in every such case the requisite provisions shall be inserted in the indenture or contract of binding, to secure the child so bound such treatment, education, or instruction as shall be suitable and useful to its situation and circumstances in life.

§ 7. The children instructed in the school connected with the houses aforesaid, shall be entitled to draw an annual stipend from the public school fund, according to the average number in attendance, in the same manner as do the children of other benevolent asylums, and the public schools of this state.

§ 8. In case of the death or legal incapacity of a father, or his abandoning and neglecting to provide for his family, the mother shall be deemed the legal guardian of her children, for the purpose of making such surrender as aforesaid; and in all cases where it is not known that there is within the state any person legally authorised to act in the premises the mayor, alms house commissioner, or surrogate of New-York, shall be, *ex officio*, the legal guardians for the like purpose; and such guardianship shall extend, as well to children already in the home of the said society as to those who may hereafter be offered for admission or received therein; and in either case, whether such surrender be made by the mother or by the mayor, alms house commissioner or surrogate of said city, and whether before or after admission into the said home, it shall be deemed a legal surrender, for the purposes and with the true intent and meaning of the fifth section of this act, but no surrender by a mother as provided by this section shall be valid without the consent of the mayor of the city or surrogate of the city and county of New York.

§ 9. There shall be a board of counsellors, consisting of eleven male members, whose duty it shall be to advise the board of managers of said society from time to time, in regard to the business of the association. Five counsellors shall be a quorum for the transaction of business. No purchase or sale, lease or mortgage of real estate, shall be taken by said corporation, without the approval of the majority of the board of counsellors duly certified by the secretary of said board.

§ 10. Stephen H. Tyng, William W. Evarts, Edmund S. Janes, George B. Sheever, Joseph B. Collins, John B. Graham, Lewis Tappan, Amos B. Eaton, Albon P. Man, Francis Schoales, Charles W. Hawkins, shall compose the first board of counsellors, and shall act until the next annual meeting of said association, or corporate body, and until their successors shall be elected; such board of counsellors shall be elected annually, at the annual meeting of the said society, or in such other manner as shall be prescribed by the association; conveyances of real estate shall be executed by a majority of the board of counsellors.

§ 11. The legislature may at any time alter or repeal this act.

§ 12. This act shall take effect immediately.

Act providing for government of department of alms and penitentiary in New York city. Abolishing office of commissioner of almshouse. Governors of the almshouse appointed and their successors to be elected to have charge of almshouse, support and relief of poor, county lunatic asylum, nurseries for poor and destitute children, the penitentiary, city prison and bridewell and other prisons and houses of detention with hospitals connected therewith except sheriff's jail and the house of refuge, with power to bind out children and appoint subordinates; must make annual reports to Legislature. Board of supervisors to raise requisite funds by tax to be paid to said board of governors.

Chapter 246

See chap. 460, L. 1847; chaps. 187 and 413, L. 1849; chap. 329, L. 1850; chap. 510, L. 1860; chap. 335, L. 1873; chap. 537, L. 1881.

Extending charter of Association for Relief of Respectable Aged Indigent Females in City of New York, incorporated by chapter 69, Laws 1815, until March 10, 1870.

Chapter 257

Amending general law for incorporation of benevolent, charitable, etc., societies, chapter 319, Laws 1848.

See chap. 302, L. 1857.

Chapter 273

Appropriation of \$9,000 to Buffalo Hospital of the Sisters of Charity for 1849 and 1850.

Chapter 279

Appropriation of \$8,100 to Western House of Refuge.

Chapter 285

See chap. 143, L. 1846.

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Chapter 293

Incorporating "The Mariners' Family Industrial Society" of the Port of New York.

Chapter 301

Appropriations to medical colleges in New York, Albany, Geneva and Buffalo from United States Deposit Fund, and also \$5,000 to the financial agents of the several incorporated orphan asylums for each of the years 1849 and 1850 subject to chapter 485, Laws 1847. Also appropriates \$1,400 for Indian schools on five reservations.

Chapter 309

Act providing for establishment of hospitals for contagious diseases at Sandy Hook; \$50,000 appropriated to Commissioners of Emigration therefor.

Chapter 321

Act for protection of emigrants, chapter 219, Laws 1848, amended as to emigrant boarding houses.

See chap. 579, L. 1857; chap. 537, L. 1881.

Chapter 340

Troy Police Act.

Section 10. Common council to erect a workhouse for confinement of vagrants.

See chap. 598, L. 1870.

Chapter 350

Amending act concerning passengers coming to city of New York, chapter 195, Laws 1847. Masters of vessels to report to mayor all lunatic, idiot, deaf, dumb, blind or infirm passengers and give an indemnity bond to Commissioners of Emigration. Said commissioners to examine passengers to ascertain paupers or those likely to become such and compel bond for their support and they shall have charge of Marine Hospital. Penalties for violations to go to said hospital.

See chap. 339, L. 1850; chap. 523, L. 1851; chap. 224, L. 1853; chap. 358, L. 1863; chap. 537, L. 1881; chap. 410, L. 1882; chap. 531, L. 1892; chap. 528, L. 1893.

Chapter 355

Repealing chapter 122, Laws 1848, providing for the distribution of annuities due to Cayuga nation of Indians. Commissioners to be appointed to ascertain number and condition of Cayuga Indians who have emigrated west and for their transportation back to New York. (Refers to treaties regarding such annuities made in 1789, 1795 and 1831.)

See chap. 259, L. 1853.

Act authorizing Governor to revive by proclamation act for preservation of public health, chapter 333, Laws 1832, for prevention of cholera.

(1849)
Chapter 364

Superintendents of the poor of Essex county authorized to expend \$750 in enlarging county poor-house, which sum shall be raised by taxation by board of supervisors.

Chapter 365

Appropriating \$5,000 to incorporated orphan asylums in this State in proportion to number of inmates, which said asylums are to report annually.

Chapter 368

See chap. 294, L. 1850.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT MAKING AN APPROPRIATION FOR THE SUPPORT IN PART OF CERTAIN INCORPORATED ORPHAN ASYLUMS IN THIS STATE.

CHAPTER 368, LAWS OF 1849.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. The treasurer shall pay on the warrant of the comptroller to the incorporated orphan asylums in this state, other than in the city of New-York, the sum of five thousand dollars in the proportion hereinafter provided out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

§ 2. Each of said orphan asylums shall annually on or before the first day of January in each year make a report, verified by the oath of its officers showing the number of orphan and destitute children therein, for the past year, said sum shall be divided among said asylums in proportion to the number of such children each may have supported for the time aforesaid, and the comptroller shall draw his warrant on the treasurer for the amount to which each of said asylums may be entitled for its pro rata share of said sum of five thousand dollars.

§ 3. The above amount of five thousand dollars shall be divided among said asylums on or before the first day of July in this year or as soon as a report shall be made of inmates as aforesaid, and in proportion as aforesaid, and if such appropriation be continued, on or before the first day of March in each year.

§ 4. This act shall take effect immediately.

Moiety of penalty for sale of keg oysters in remarked packages to go to use of poor.

Chapter 372

See chap. 72, L. 1859; chap. 593, L. 1886.

(1849)
Chapter 389

Amending charter of Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society of Rochester as to the binding out of children.

See chap. 330, L. 1845.

Chapter 395

Board of supervisors of Kings county to fix compensation of superintendents of the poor in that county.

Chapter 400

Annual supply act.—Six thousand dollars appropriated to Western House of Refuge.

Chapter 404

Amending chapter 140, Laws 1849, establishing free schools in State.

See chap. 151, L. 1851.

Chapter 405

Amending chapter 431, Laws 1847, concerning passengers arriving at ports of entry north of Albany. Masters of vessels to give bonds to superintendents of poor to indemnify against support of persons likely to become paupers, and such superintendents may prosecute such bonds.

See chap. 431, L. 1847; chap. 116, L. 1851.

Chapter 411

Penalties for violation of law requiring steamboats or vessels to carry life-boats to go to county treasurer for use of county poor.

Chapter 413

Act for establishment of a workhouse for employment of persons committed to city prisons and almshouse in New York city. Superintendent to furnish convicts and paupers employment by contract and work to be performed by paupers under pain of expulsion. Paupers and criminals to be kept apart. All paupers capable of performing work to be sent daily from almshouse to workhouse. Children at nurseries also to be suitably employed.

See chap. 187, L. 1849; chap. 329, L. 1850.

Chapter 418

Appropriating \$6,166.13 balance of Marine Fund to trustees of Seamen's Fund and Retreat.

See chap. 234, L. 1831; chap. 52, L. 1851.

Chapter 420

Act for benefit of Indians.—Overseers of the poor in certain cases to sue for pledges unlawfully made by Indians for liquor.

See chap. 92, R. L. 1813; chap. 614, L. 1857; chaps. 401 and 679, L. 1892.

Amending charter of New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, chapter 264, Laws 1817.

(1849)
Chapter 428

Annual appropriation act.—Appropriates \$22,500 for New York Hospital; \$10,000 for support of foreign poor in New York City; \$500 for Orphan Asylum, New York; \$500 for Prince Street, New York, Orphan Asylum; \$25,800 to Deaf and Dumb Institution, New York; \$17,480 to School for the Blind, New York; \$1,000 to Eye and Ear Infirmary of New York; \$1,500 each to three dispensaries in New York city; \$8,000 to Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents, New York city; \$60 annuity to James Minor; \$500 to Colored Orphan Asylum, New York; \$200 to L. S. Backus; \$1,000 for support of emigrant poor in Rensselaer county; \$1,000 for same in Albany county; \$1,000 for same in Oswego county; \$1,000 for same in Monroe county; \$2,000 for same in Washington county (to be paid to superintendents of poor), and \$6,000 to Western House of Refuge.

Chapter 430

Incorporating the "Albany Hospital."

Chapter 431

Amending act for protection of emigrants arriving in this State. Boarding-house keepers to take out licenses. Commissioners of Emigration to employ agents at Albany, Rochester and Buffalo.

Chapter 432

See chap. 219, L. 1848.

Penalties for illegal taking of oysters in town of North Hempstead, Queens county, to be sued for by overseers of the poor of that town for use of poor.

Chapter 435

See chap. 574, L. 1864; chap. 343, L. 1865.

Communication from the Attorney-General recommending measures respecting the introduction of diseases and foreign poor. ("Senate documents," 1849, Vol. III, No. 46.)

Report of Secretary of State respecting poor statistics. ("Senate documents," 1849, Vol. III, No. 83.)

Supervisors of Dutchess county authorized to remove poorhouse.

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1850
Chapter 4

(1850)
Chapter 12

Extending time within which county superintendents of the poor may take oaths of office and file bonds, the penalties whereof to be fixed by boards of supervisors.

Chapter 24

Providing for commitment of juvenile delinquents to house of refuge established by Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents, New York, and to Western House of Refuge, Rochester.

See chap. 126, L. 1824; chap. 143, L. 1846.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT IN RELATION TO JUVENILE DELINQUENTS.

CHAPTER 24, LAWS OF 1850.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. From and after the passage of this act, it shall be the duty of the several courts having criminal jurisdiction, and who shall hold courts within the limits of the fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, and eighth judicial districts of this state, to order all juvenile delinquents by them respectively sentenced, to be removed (and all such delinquents convicted in the first, second and third judicial districts shall be ordered by such court to be removed to and confined in the House of Refuge established by the Society for the reformation of juvenile delinquents in the city of New York,) to the "Western House of Refuge for juvenile delinquents" in the city of Rochester.

§ 2. All convicts under the age of seventeen years who shall be confined in the Auburn or Clinton prisons, and who shall hereafter be ordered by the inspectors of state prisons to be removed to a House of Refuge, shall be removed to said "Western House of Refuge" in the City of Rochester under the same regulations and conditions as is contained in the ninety-first, ninety-second and ninety-third sections of the act entitled "An act for the better regulation of the county and state prisons of this state, and consolidating and amending the existing laws in relation thereto," passed December 14, 1847.

§ 3. All acts, and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act, are hereby repealed.

§ 4. This act shall take effect immediately.

Chapter 27

Amending charter of Society of the New York Hospital.

See chap. 203, L. 1816.

Chapter 29

Office of overseer of the poor established in Herkimer county and powers and duties of such overseers

conferred on the supervisors of the several towns, who shall grant temporary relief from funds to be advanced by superintendents of the poor. Board of supervisors hereafter to appoint one superintendent of the poor who shall reside at poorhouse. Duties of all these officers prescribed. (1850)

See chap. 394, L. 1859; chap. 27, L. 1861; chap. 165, L. 1885.

Appropriation of \$893.66 to Brooklyn Orphan Asylum. Chapter 50

See chap. 95, L. 1835.

Amending chapter 114, Laws 1846 (passed April 30), providing for education of Onondaga and other Indian children. Chapter 51

Appropriating \$500 to St. Vincent's Orphan Asylum of Albany. Chapter 63

See chap. 252, L. 1842.

Amending charter of General Society of Mechanics and Tradesmen of the City of New York, chapter 113, Laws 1811 (passed April 3, 1811). Chapter 68

See chap. 26, L. 1792.

Amending charter of New York Orphan Asylum Society, chapter 179, Laws 1807. Chapter 69

Act relating to harbor masters of port of New York. Penalties for violation of their directions by shipmasters to go to New York Hospital. Chapter 72

See chap. 192, L. 1851; chap. 487, L. 1862; chap. 537, L. 1881.

Appropriation of \$500 to Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum, Brooklyn. Chapter 87

See chap. 303, L. 1834.

Amending charter of Hudson Orphan and Relief Association, chapter 90, Laws 1846. Chapter 107

Expenses incurred for temporary relief of poor in Dutchess county shall be town charges and each town shall bear expense of removal of town paupers to county poorhouse. Chapter 168

Amending charter of Eastern Dispensary of City of New York, chapter 252, Laws 1832 (passed April 25). Chapter 217

(1850)
Chapter 242

Releasing interest of State in proceeds of sale of estate of Amasa Kelson, late of Oneida county, deceased, to "Orphan Asylum Society of Utica" and "The Association for the Benefit of Colored Orphans" in city of New York in equal portions.

Chapter 258

Amending charter of the Northern Dispensary, New York city, chapter 17, Laws 1828, second meeting.

Chapter 260

Act exempting from sale under execution the homestead of a householder having a family to value of \$1,000.

See chap. 417, L. 1877.

Chapter 261

Providing that schools of the several incorporated orphan asylum societies in this State, other than in New York city, shall participate in distribution of common-school moneys.

See § 32, chap. 556, L. 1894.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE BETTER EDUCATION OF THE CHILDREN IN THE SEVERAL ORPHAN ASYLUMS IN THIS STATE OTHER THAN IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

CHAPTER 261, LAWS OF 1850.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. The schools of the several incorporated orphan asylum societies within this state, other than those in the city of New York, shall participate in the distribution of the school monies, in the same manner and to the same extent in proportion to the number of children educated therein, as the common schools in their respective cities or districts.

§ 2. The schools of said societies shall be subject to the rules and regulations of the common schools in such cities or districts, but shall remain under the immediate management and direction of the said societies as heretofore.

Chapter 262

Rochester charter consolidation.—Section 7. One or not more than five overseers of the poor to be elected each year. (Section 9.)

They may be removed from office for malfeasance, after charges preferred. (Section 12.)

The common council to raise annually not exceeding \$6,000 for support of the poor. (Section 102.)

(1850)

Section 246. Mayor and aldermen to be ex officio overseers of the poor, with powers of town overseers. Until erection of city almshouse by tax, indigent persons in said city shall continue to be supported under laws relating to Monroe county. Common council to appoint commissioners and other employes of almshouse and make regulations. Paupers may be employed at labor in almshouse and common council may contract with supervisors of Monroe county for support and care of lunatics, idiots, sick or maimed persons. Excise license moneys and penalties shall constitute part of poor fund. Applications for order for temporary relief to be made to police justice by overseers of the poor. (Sections 247-252.)

Vagrants and others may be committed to almshouse. (Sections 258-59.)

Fines for violation of health laws to be devoted to support of pesthouse or of a city hospital.

See chap. 182, L. 1898.

Act relative to public health in city of New York. Quarantine regulations. The expense of support of aliens and others sick of contagious diseases and sent to Marine Hospital, to be defrayed by city, unless entitled to support by Commissioners of Emigration. Penalties for violation of these health laws to go to health commissioners. (Section 31 of title 3.)

Chapter 275

See chap. 523, L. 1851; chap. 224, L. 1853; chap. 147, L. 1856; chap. 74, L. 1866; chap. 537, L. 1881.

Appropriation of \$5,000 to State Lunatic Asylum. Indigent persons, not paupers, not to be admitted unless they become insane within one year before order of commitment and superintendents of poor or overseers of poor to have notice of application for order of commitment.

Chapter 282

See chap. 82, L. 1836.

Authorizing New York city to borrow \$75,000 to erect workhouse and pay same by raising tax.

Chapter 289

(1850)
Chapter 291

Appropriating \$12,000 to Western House of Refuge.
See chap. 143, L. 1846.

Chapter 294

Amending chapter 368, Laws 1849, making appropriations for certain incorporated orphan asylums.

Chapter 304

Amending chapter 143, Laws 1846, authorizing establishment of House of Refuge for Juvenile Delinquents in Western New York. Males under 16 years convicted of felony may be committed to it.

See chap. 143, L. 1846; ¶ 25, chap. 1, L. 1886.

Chapter 324

Act for preservation of public health in State, except New York city and Brooklyn. Persons sick of infectious diseases may be removed from county poor-house to a pesthouse.

See chap. 224, L. 1853; chap. 169, L. 1854; chap. 475, L. 1859; chap. 143, L. 1861; chap. 790, L. 1867; chap. 761, L. 1868; chap. 835, L. 1869; chaps. 519 and 559, L. 1870; chap. 431, L. 1881; chap. 351, L. 1882; chaps. 270 and 297, L. 1885.

Chapter 329

Extending powers of governors of almshouse, New York city. Potter's field put under their control. Workhouse to be built on Blackwell's Island. They may bind out children as apprentices; transfer from one institution to another. Persons committed as vagrants, after being cured of disease, may be compelled to work six months in workhouse to reimburse the expense of their care and medical treatment.

See chap. 246, L. 1849; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Chapter 333

Act in relation to penitentiary in Onondaga county. Vagrants and persons under 16 years convicted of felony may be committed there. Board of supervisors may contract to receive persons sentenced from Oswego, Jefferson, Oneida, Madison, Cortland, Cayuga and Wayne counties.

See chap. 32, L. 1851; chap. 593, L. 1886.

Chapter 339

Amending chapter 195, Laws 1847, and chapter 350, Laws 1849 (passed April 11), concerning passengers in vessels coming to New York as to penalty for refusal of ship owner to give bond for support of certain alien passengers and as to appropriation by commissioners

of emigration of personal property of orphans of alien passengers dying en route or in Marine Hospital for the use of such minor orphans.

See chap. 523, L. 1851; chap. 224, L. 1853.

Annual appropriation act.—Appropriates \$5,400 for salaries of officers of State Lunatic Asylum; \$22,500 to New York Hospital; \$500 to Orphan Asylum, New York; \$500 to Prince Street, New York, Orphan Asylum; \$20,800 for support and instruction of 160 pupils in Deaf and Dumb Institution, New York, and \$5,000 additional for general purposes of said institution; \$12,480 for support and instruction of 96 pupils in School for the Blind, New York; \$60 annuity to James Minor; \$200 to Levi S. Backus; \$500 for orphan asylums other than in New York city, to be apportioned as per chapter 368, Laws 1849; \$6,000 for Western House of Refuge; \$8,000 for Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents, New York city; \$500 to each of three dispensaries in New York city; \$500 to Brooklyn City Dispensary; \$500 to governor of Albany Hospital for support of dispensary; \$500 to Colored Orphan Asylum, New York, and for annuities to Indian tribes as follows: Onondagas, \$2,430; Cayugas, \$2,300; Senecas, \$500; St. Regis, \$2,131.69.

Act to submit to people at next annual election the question of repeal of acts establishing free schools throughout the State, chapters 140 and 404, Laws 1849.

See chap. 151, L. 1851.

Memorial of the New York Common Council against the bill for the relief of the several counties in this State from the support of foreign poor. ("Assembly documents," 1850, Vol. III, No. 260.)

Report of Secretary of State concerning poor statistics. ("Assembly documents," 1850, Vol. VI, No. 166.)

Oswego city charter amended.—There shall be one or more overseers of the poor, not exceeding three, as com-

(1850)

Chapter 365

Chapter 378

74th session
1851
Chapter 28

(1851) mon council shall direct, who must be electors and residents of city.

See chap. 116, L. 1848; chap. 463, L. 1860.

Chapter 32 Act relative to Onondaga county Penitentiary.

See chap. 338, L. 1850; chap. 202, L. 1851; chap. 399, L. 1869.

Chapter 37 Schenectady city charter amended.—Common council to determine yearly the sums to be raised by tax for defraying expenses of the city poor.

See chap. 293, L. 1833; chap. 67, L. 1857; chap. 385, L. 1862.

Chapter 41 Act increasing number of managers of Life-saving Benevolent Association of New York.

Chapter 52 Creating mayor of New York, president of Chamber of Commerce of New York City, president of the Marine Society of the Port of New York, and board of counsellors of Mariners' Family Industrial Society of said city and their successors a board of trustees for purposes named in acts to provide for sick and disabled seamen, passed April 22, 1831, November 16, 1847, December 14, 1847, and April 11, 1849, and directing trustees of Seamen's Fund and Retreat to pay over \$16,166.31 with interest to said board for an asylum.

See chap. 234, L. 1831; chaps. 172 and 199, L. 1854.

Chapter 64 Amending charter of St. Luke's Hospital, New York city.

See chap. 37, L. 1854; chap. 8, L. 1856; chap. 655, L. 1867; chap. 253, L. 1870.

Chapter 67 Incorporating "The Thistle Benevolent Association of the city of New York."

Chapter 88 Appropriation of \$5,000 for relief of Association for the Benefit of Colored Orphans in the City of New York.

See chap. 232, L. 1838.

Chapter 99 Act for relief of Firemen's Benevolent Association of Buffalo.

See chap. 98, L. 1837.

Chapter 116 Amending act concerning passengers arriving at ports of entry and landing in the State, chapter 431, Laws 1847, requiring reports of passengers by ship

masters in rural districts to overseers of the poor and requiring bonds to county superintendents of the poor to indemnify against such passengers becoming county charges. Overseers or superintendents of poor authorized to sue for penalties. Chapter 405, Laws 1849, repealed. (1851)

Authorizing payment of \$100 annually by Columbia county to Hudson Orphan Relief Asylum. (Amended by chapters 101 and 634, Laws 1853.) Chapter 123

Obtaining money under false pretenses for any alleged charitable or benevolent purpose made a misdemeanor. Chapter 144

See § 568, chap. 676, L. 1881; chap. 593, L. 1886.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT AMENDING THE REVISED STATUTES IN RELATION TO OBTAINING MONEY UNDER FALSE PRETENSES.

CHAPTER 144, LAWS OF 1851.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. Section fifty-three, of article four, of title three, of chapter one, of part four of the Revised Statutes shall be held to apply in addition to those cases to which it is now applicable, to every person who with intent to cheat or defraud another shall designedly, by color of any false token or writing, or by any false pretence obtain the signature of any person to any written instrument, or obtain from any person any money, personal property or valuable thing for any alleged charitable or benevolent purpose whatever.

Act to establish free schools throughout the State.

Chapter 151

See chap. 378, L. 1850; chap. 425, L. 1851; chaps. 12 and 404, L. 1852; chap. 18, L. 1855; chaps. 179 and 180, L. 1856; chap. 324, L. 1874.

Authorizing town of Flushing, Queens county, to raise \$4,000 by tax for purchase of poor farm.

Chapter 158

Amending charter of American Female Guardian Society (chapter 244, Laws 1849) as to surrender of abandoned children to society, and society to share in New York city common school fund.

Chapter 159

Incorporating "Protestant Episcopal Mutual Benefit Society" of New York city.

Chapter 165

See chap. 489, L. 1855.

(1851)
Chapter 170

Incorporating "Swiss Benevolent Society" of city of New York.

Chapter 225

Incorporating "The Ladies Union Aid Society of Methodist Episcopal Church in the City of New York."

See chap. 750, L. 1869; chap. 81, L. 1878; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Chapter 229

Brooklyn city charter amended. \$2,000 to be raised by tax annually for expenses of a city hospital, and \$500 for fire department fund for support of indigent and disabled firemen, their widows and orphans.

See chap. 144, L. 1850; chaps. 298 and 405, L. 1853; chap. 386, L. 1854.

Chapter 230

Appropriation of \$12,000 for Western House of Refuge.

Chapter 246

Incorporating "Asylum for Friendless Boys in the City of New York." May bind out children.

Chapter 254

Appropriating \$50,000 to Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents, New York city, to erect new buildings.

Chapter 267

Incorporating "The Marshall Infirmary in the City of Troy."

Chapter 280

Validating proceedings of superintendents of poor of Niagara county, and also proceedings of board of supervisors of that county in 1829 abolishing distinction between town and county poor.

Chapter 296

Incorporating "The Society for the Relief of the Destitute Children of Seamen" in New York city.

See chap. 297, L. 1857.

Chapter 297

Amending charter of Orphan Asylum Society, Brooklyn. (Chapter 95, Laws 1835, passed April 15th.)

Chapter 303

Penalty for stopping logs floating on Racket river, a public highway, to go to overseers of the poor.

Chapter 322

Secretary of State required to publish and distribute 2,000 copies of all the general laws relating to care of the poor in the several counties.

Chapter 332

Incorporating the "New York Juvenile Asylum." Authorized to bind out children. Board of supervisors of New York county to raise \$50,000 by tax for support

of asylum and city to raise \$40 annually for each pupil, and asylum also to share in city school fund.

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See chap. 547, L. 1853; chap. 387, L. 1854; chap. 57, L. 1856; chap. 43, L. 1858; chap. 309, L. 1861; chap. 94, L. 1863; chap. 245, L. 1866; chap. 588, L. 1873; chap. 410, L. 1882.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO INCORPORATE THE NEW YORK JUVENILE
ASYLUM.

CHAPTER 332, LAWS OF 1851.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Robert B. Minturn, Myndert Van Schaick, Robert M. Stratton, Solomon Jenner, Albert Gilbert, Stewart Brown, Francis R. Tillou, David S. Kennedy, Joseph B. Collins, Benjamin F. Butler, Isaac T. Hopper, Charles Partridge, Luther Bradish, Christopher Y. Wemple, Charles O'Connor, John D. Russ, John Duer, Peter Cooper, Appollos R. Wetmore, Frederick S. Winston, James Kelly, Silas C. Herring, Rensselaer N. Havens, John W. Edmunds, and their associates, are hereby constituted a body corporate by the name of "New-York Juvenile Asylum," and by that name shall have the powers which, by the third title of the eighteenth chapter of the first part of the Revised Statutes, are declared to belong to corporations; and shall be capable of taking by purchase or devise, holding and conveying any estate, real or personal, for the uses and purposes of said corporation; but such real estate shall not exceed the yearly value of twenty thousand dollars, nor be applied to any other purposes than those for which this corporation is created.

§ 2. The objects of this corporation are to receive and take charge of such children between the ages of five and fourteen years, as may be voluntarily entrusted to them by their parents or guardians, or committed to their charge by competent authority, and to provide for their support; and to afford them the means of moral, intellectual and industrial education.

§ 3. The estate and concerns of said corporation shall be managed and conducted by a board of directors, of which board, the mayor and presidents of the boards of aldermen and assistants, and of the board of governors of the almshouse and prison department, of the city of New York, for the time being, shall be ex officio members, in addition to twenty-four other persons hereinafter provided for, which board of directors shall perform the duties required of them by virtue of this act, without any compensation for their services; and the twenty-four persons named in the first section of this act, shall constitute a part of the first board of directors, and shall be divided by lot into three classes of eight each; and the first class shall hold their offices respectively until the second Monday of January,

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which shall be in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three; and the second class shall hold their offices respectively until the second Monday of January, which will be in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four; and the third class shall hold their offices respectively until the second Monday of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five.

§ 4. To supply the vacancies occasioned by the expiration of the term of service of the eight directors, included in the first class, eight directors shall be elected on the second Monday of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, by the members of the said corporation, that is, the directors and such other persons as may have contributed fifty dollars at any one time, or three dollars within the year, to the funds of said corporation. This election shall take place under the direction of three inspectors, to be appointed by the board of directors, and who shall give notice of the time and place of holding such election, by publishing the same in two daily newspapers of the city of New York, for at least two days next preceding said election. The term of office of the eight directors thus elected, shall commence on the second Monday of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, and the said directors so elected, shall hold their offices respectively for three years. Annually thereafter, there shall be elected in the same manner, the same number of eight directors, who shall enter upon and hold their offices for three years as herein above provided in regard to the eight directors elected to fill the vacancies occasioned by the expiration of the term of office of the first class of said directors. The board of directors shall have the power, and it shall be their duty, to fill all vacancies that may occur in their own body, from any cause whatever, and the person so elected to fill a vacancy, shall hold his office for the unexpired term of his immediate predecessor in office.

§ 5. At all the meetings of the board of directors, eight members shall constitute a quorum, for the transaction of ordinary business; but no purchase or conveyance of real estate, nor removal from or appointment to office shall be made, without a quorum of at least thirteen directors.

§ 6. The corporation hereby created, may so soon as may be practicable, procure within the city and county of New-York, suitable building sites and lands, and erect and maintain thereon, an asylum for such children, as under this act, the regulations to be adopted by the board of directors, and the laws of the state and city of New-York, may be entrusted or committed to the care and management of the said corporation; such asylum shall embrace the buildings necessary for the comfortable accommodation of the children therein; for their instruction, moral, intellectual and industrial; and for their general treatment in such manner as may best promote their welfare, and most fully accomplish the beneficent designs and objects of the said corporation; and until such building sites and lands shall

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be procured, and the permanent buildings of the asylum thereon erected and completed for use, the corporation may procure, within the city and county aforesaid, such temporary accommodations as may be necessary for its purposes.

§ 7. The said corporation may receive and take under its care and management:

1. Children between five and fourteen years of age, who, by the consent in writing, of their parents or guardians, shall be voluntarily surrendered and entrusted to it.

2. Children, between five and fourteen years of age, who may be committed to the charge of the corporation, by order of any magistrate or magistrates of the city and county of New-York, as hereinafter provided.

§ 8. Children entrusted to this corporation by the voluntary act of their parents or guardians, shall be deemed to be in the lawful charge and custody of the said corporation; and such surrender shall be evidenced by a writing in form substantially as follows, viz.:

"I, A. B. (father, mother or guardian as the case may be), of C. D., (a boy or girl) aged. years, born in. do hereby surrender and entrust to 'The New-York Juvenile Asylum,' for the period of years, the entire charge, management and control of the said C. D., and do hereby assign to, and invest the said corporation with the same powers and control over the said C. D., as those of which I am possessed."

In presence of.

§ 9. Whenever any child above the age of five and under the age of fourteen years, shall be brought by any policeman of the city of New-York, before the mayor or recorder, or any alderman or other magistrate of the said city, upon the allegation that such child was found in any street, highway or public place in said city, in the circumstances of want and suffering, or abandonment, exposure or neglect, or of beggary, specified and defined in the eighteenth section of the act entitled "An act relative to the powers of the common council of the city of New-York, and the police and criminal courts of said city," passed January 23, 1833, and it shall be proved to the satisfaction of such magistrate, by competent testimony that such child is embraced within the said section, and it shall further appear to the satisfaction of such magistrate by competent testimony or by the examination of the child, that by reason of the neglect, habitual drunkenness or other vicious habits of the parents or lawful guardian of such child, it is a proper object for the care and instruction of this corporation, such magistrate instead of committing such child to the almshouse of said city, or to such other place, if any, as may have been provided by the common council thereof, in his discretion by warrant in writing under his hand, may commit such child to this corporation to be and remain under the guardianship of its directors, until therefrom discharged in manner prescribed by law; such commitment shall be by warrant in substance as follows:

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To A. B., one of the policemen of the city of New-York: You are hereby commanded to take charge of A. B., a child under age of fourteen and above the age of five years, who has been proved to me by competent evidence to be embraced within the eighteenth section of the act entitled "an act relative to the powers of the common council of the city of New-York, and the police and criminal courts of said city," approved January 23, 1833, and who also appears to my satisfaction to be a proper object for the care and instruction of the corporation created by an act entitled "an act to incorporate 'The New-York Juvenile Asylum,'" passed, 1851, and to deliver the said child without delay to the said corporation at its house of reception in this city; and for so doing this shall be your sufficient warrant.

Dated this day of 18 .

But no variance from the preceding form shall be deemed material, provided it sufficiently appear upon the face of the warrant that the child is committed by the magistrate in the exercise of the powers given him by this act.

§ 10. Any order so made by any such magistrate, shall be executed by any policeman to whom it shall be delivered by the magistrate, by conveying the child therein named to the house of reception to be established by this corporation, and such child shall be detained in such house of reception until discharged or removed therefrom in the manner hereinafter provided.

§ 11. Immediately upon the making of any such order, the magistrate making the same shall deliver to a policeman of the city a notice in writing addressed to the father of such child, if its father be living and resident within the city, and if not, then to its mother, if she be living and so resident; and if there be no father or mother of such child resident within the city, then addressed to the lawful guardian of such child, if any, or to the person with whom, according to the examination of the child, and the testimony, if any, received by such magistrate, such child shall reside; in which notice the party to whom the same is addressed shall be informed of the commitment of such child to the house of reception of this corporation, and shall be notified that unless taken therefrom in the manner prescribed by law, within ten days after the service of such notice, the child therein named will be sent to the asylum of this corporation.

§ 12. Such notice shall be served by the policeman to whom it shall be delivered, by delivering the same to the party to whom it shall have been addressed, personally, or by leaving it with some person of sufficient age, at the place of residence or business of such party; and it shall be the duty of such policeman immediately to report the fact, and the time and manner of such service to the magistrate.

§ 13. If the party to whom such notice shall have been addressed, or any other person, shall, within the time therein

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specified, prove to the satisfaction of the magistrate issuing the same, that the circumstances of want and suffering, or other circumstances described in the eighteenth section of the aforesaid act, passed January 23d, 1833, under which such child shall have been found, have not been occasioned by the habitual neglect or misconduct of the parents or lawful guardian of such child then it shall be the duty of such magistrate, by order in writing, addressed to the superintendent of the house of reception of this corporation, to direct such superintendent to deliver such child to the custody of the party named in such order, who shall thereupon be entitled to take such child from the said house of reception.

§ 14. If such proof shall not be produced within the time above prescribed, it shall be the duty of the magistrate by whom the child shall have been committed to the house of reception, to make and transmit to the superintendent thereof, a notice in writing to that effect, and thereupon the child named in such notice shall be removed from such house of reception to the asylum of this corporation.

§ 15. If any child who has been previously arrested and delivered to the parent or guardian, as hereinbefore provided, shall again be found in either of the conditions described in the eighteenth section of the act aforesaid, the magistrate before whom such child is brought, upon proof thereof, may forthwith make a final order for committing such child to the care and instruction of this corporation, without giving the notice provided for in section eleventh of this act.

§ 16. If at any time after a child shall have been committed to the said New-York Juvenile Asylum, as above provided for in this act, it shall be made to appear to the satisfaction of the board of directors of the said asylum that such child was on insufficient cause, false or deficient testimony, or otherwise wrongfully or improvidently so committed, the said board of directors shall, on the application of the parents, guardians, or other protector of such child, discharge the child from the said asylum and restore it to such parents, guardian or protector; and also, if after a child shall have been properly committed to the said New-York Juvenile Asylum, by virtue and in pursuance of the provisions of this act, any circumstances should occur, that in the judgment of the board of directors of the said asylum would render expedient and proper a discharge of such child from the said asylum, having a due regard to the welfare of the child, and the purposes of the asylum, the said board of directors on the application of the parents, guardian or protector of such child, may, in their discretion, discharge the child from the said asylum and restore it to its parents, guardian or protector, on such reasonable conditions as the said board or directors may deem right and proper.

§ 17. The said corporation shall have power, and it shall be their duty, whenever any child entrusted or committed to their charge, shall, by the commission of any infamous crime, or by

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confirmed habits of vagrancy, have become so degraded and debased as to be an improper subject for their care and management, to return such child to the committing magistrate, or other proper authorities, to be disposed of in due course of law.

§ 18. The said corporation shall have power, in its discretion, to bind out or indenture, as clerks or apprentices, to some profession, trade or employment, the children entrusted or committed to its charge; and for a shorter or longer period, not exceeding, however, in the case of girls, the age of eighteen years; and, in that of boys, the age of twenty-one years.

§ 19. No person receiving an apprentice under the provisions of this act, shall be at liberty to assign or transfer the indenture of apprenticeship, or to let out or hire for any period the services of such apprentice, without the consent in writing of the directors of this corporation. In case the master of such apprentice shall be dissatisfied with his or her conduct or behavior, or for any other cause, may desire to be relieved from said contract, upon application, the said directors may, in their discretion cancel the said indenture of apprenticeship; and resume the charge and management of the child so apprenticed, and shall have the same power and authority in regard to it, as before the said indenture was made.

§ 20. If any master shall be guilty of any cruelty, misuse, refusal or neglect to furnish necessary provisions or clothing, or any other violation of the terms of indenture or contract towards any such child so bound to service, such child may make complaint thereof to the board of directors of this corporation, or to two justices of the peace of the county in which such child is so bound to service, or to the mayor, recorder or aldermen of any city in which such child is bound to service, or to any two of them who shall summon the parties before them, and examine into, hear and determine the said complaint; and if upon such examination the said complaint shall appear well founded, they shall by certificate under their hands, discharge such child from his obligation of service, and restore him or her to the charge and management of this corporation in the same manner and with like powers as before the indenture of such child.

§ 21. No person shall accept from any journeyman or apprentice, indenture as aforesaid, any contract or agreement, nor cause him or her to be bound by oath or otherwise during his or her term of service, that such journeyman or apprentice shall not set up his or her trade, profession or employment in any particular place, shop or cellar; nor shall any person exact from any journeyman or apprentice, after his or her term of service is expired, any money or other thing for using or exercising his or her trade, profession or employment in any place.

§ 22. Every security given contrary to the provisions contained in the last preceding section of this act, shall be void, and any money paid or valuable thing delivered for the con-

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sideration, in part or in whole, of any such agreement or exaction, may be recovered back with interest, by the person paying the same; and every person accepting such agreement, causing such obligation, to be entered into, or exacting money or other thing as aforesaid, shall forfeit one hundred dollars to the apprentice or journeyman from whom the same shall have been received.

§ 23. Upon the death of any master to whom any child may have been bound to service, under the provisions of this act, the executors or administrators of such master may, with the consent of the child so bound to service, signify in writing, acknowledged and approved by the board of directors of this corporation, assign the indenture or contract of such service to some other person, which assignment shall transfer to and vest in such assignee all the rights of the original master, and also make him subject to all his obligations.

§ 24. The board of directors of this corporation shall be the guardians of every child, bound or held, for service, by virtue and in pursuance of the provisions of this act. They shall take care that the terms of the contract be faithfully fulfilled, and that such person be properly treated; and it is hereby made their special duty to inquire into the treatment of every such child, and redress any grievance in manner prescribed by law. And it shall be the duty of the master or his assignee, to whom any such child shall be bound to service, and he shall, by the terms of the indenture, be required, as often as once in every six months, to report to the said board of directors, the conduct and behavior of the said apprentice or child so bound to service, and whether such apprentice is still living under the care of the person to whom he was originally bound, and if not, where else he may be.

§ 25. The board of directors of the said corporation, shall on or before the second Monday in January, in each and every year, make a detailed report to the legislature of the state, and the common council of the city of New-York, of the whole number of children received into the asylum during the year, specifying their sex, place of nativity, age, residence, health at the time of admission, state of education, religious instruction, whether their parents are living or dead, temperate or intemperate, the time devoted to instruction, the nature and amount of punishment, the cases of disease, the number apprenticed, or who shall have escaped, died, been restored to parents or guardians, or returned to the committing magistrates during the year, and also such information as they may have received of the conduct of those who have been bound out or apprenticed, as well as the facts generally in relation to the performance of their duties; also their industrial occupations, with their results; the receipts, expenditures, and financial condition of the corporation, and its general operations, with their results.

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§ 26. It shall be the duty of the common council of the city of New-York, by committee or otherwise in its discretion, to visit and inspect the said New-York juvenile asylum twice at least in each year.

§ 27. To provide the pecuniary means for the establishment and support of the said New-York juvenile asylum whenever it shall be proved to the board of supervisors of the city and county of New-York, by the affidavit or affirmation of the president and secretary of the said asylum, that fifty thousand dollars in money or approved securities, have by voluntary subscription or otherwise, been raised for the purposes of such asylum, and deposited to the credit of that corporation in one of the incorporated banks of the city of New-York, or of the banks formed under the general banking law, the said board of supervisors may in their discretion raise and collect a like amount of fifty thousand dollars by tax upon the real and personal property of the said city and county, to be so levied and collected at the same time and in the same manner as the contingent charges and expenses of the said city and county are levied and collected. Such moneys so raised by this corporation, and the said board of supervisors, to be together expended by said corporation in procuring the necessary buildings, sites and lands, in erecting and furnishing the necessary buildings, and in defraying the current expenses of the said asylum, until its permanent buildings shall be completed.

§ 28. In each and every year thereafter, the said board of supervisors shall, in the same manner levy and collect by tax, and pay over to the said New-York juvenile asylum, for the uses and purposes thereof, a sum not exceeding forty dollars per annum, and proportionately for any fraction of a year, for each child which by virtue and in pursuance of the provisions of this act, shall be entrusted or committed to the said asylum from the city and county of New-York, and shall be supported and instructed therein; but the sum so to be collected and paid by the said board of supervisors for each child so received, supported and taught in said asylum, shall, in no case exceed the lowest cost of support and government of a child of the same age, in any of the public institutions at present under the care of the ten governors of the almshouse and prisons department of the said city; nor shall the provisions of this section apply to any child provided for by the twenty-ninth section of this act. The moneys so to be received from the said board of supervisors, together with all other moneys raised by the said New-York juvenile asylum, to be applied to the payment of the current expenses, and for the perfect establishment and general support of the said asylum.

§ 29. Whenever any child properly chargeable upon the fund placed by law at the disposal of the commissioners of emigration, shall agreeable to the provisions of this act, be received, supported and instructed in the said New-York juvenile asylum, the said corporation shall be entitled to receive therefor from

that fund forty dollars per annum, and proportionately for any fraction of a year, for every such child so received, supported and instructed in said asylum; but in no case shall the sum so received exceed the lowest expense to the city and county of New-York, of a child of the same age in any of the public institutions under the charge of the ten governors of the almshouse and prison department of the said city and county.

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§ 30. The schools established and maintained by the New-York juvenile asylum, shall participate in the distribution of the common school fund in the same manner and degree as the common schools of the city and county of New-York.

§ 31. This act shall take effect immediately.

Requiring county treasurer of Fulton county to refund to overseers of the poor surplus of school moneys levied by mistake.

Chapter 341

Authorizing board of supervisors of Kings county to borrow \$25,000 for penitentiary and \$50,000 for new lunatic asylum.

Chapter 350

See chap. 70, L. 1852; chap. 110, L. 1853; chap. 36, L. 1854; chap. 71, L. 1857.

New York city Consolidated School Law.—The schools of Public School Society, New York Orphan Asylum, Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum, the two half-orphan asylums, Mechanics' Society, Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents, Hamilton free school, Leake and Watts Orphan House, almshouse school, Association for Benefit of Colored Orphans, American Female Guardian Society and Society for Promotion of Education among Colored Children to share in school moneys. Several acts repealed.

Chapter 386

See chap. 106, L. 1878; chap. 335, L. 1873.

Rochester city charter amended.—There shall be one or more overseers of the poor, not exceeding five, elected by ballot, and so many keepers of almshouse, workhouse and penitentiary appointed as common council shall direct.

Chapter 389

See chap. 262, L. 1850; chap. 143, L. 1861.

Incorporating "New York House and School of Industry."

Chapter 394

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Chapter 400

Syracuse city charter amended.—Overseers of the poor to receive annual salary in lieu of other compensation; they shall not be interested in supplies. Common council to purchase supplies and make rules for relief of poor and duties of overseers. Their accounts for services and how to be rendered.

See chap. 475, L. 1847; chap. 233, L. 1852; chap. 28, L. 1854.

Chapter 410

\$25,000 annually appropriated for all incorporated hospitals in this State, other than in New York city and other than those provided for by other appropriations. Each of the hospitals participating to make annual reports.

Chapter 446

Authorizing county judges of each county to send all indigent lunatics either to county poorhouse or to State lunatic asylum, in his discretion.

See chap. 82, L. 1836.

Chapter 465

Empowering New York Medical College to found a hospital.

See chap. 206, L. 1850.

Chapter 498

Annual appropriation act.—Appropriates \$22,500 to New York Hospital; \$500 for orphan asylum, Prince street; \$500 for orphan asylum, New York; \$500 for Brooklyn City Dispensary; \$20,800 for support and instruction of 160 pupils in Deaf and Dumb Institution, New York; \$12,480 for support and instruction of 96 pupils in Institution for the Blind, New York, and \$10,000 for general purposes of said Institution for the Blind; \$5,000 for general purposes of Deaf and Dumb Institution, New York; \$60 annuity to James Minor; \$300 to L. S. Backus for furnishing the "Radii" to deaf and dumb persons; \$20,000 for dividends to orphan asylums outside of New York city, pursuant to chapter 368, Laws 1849; \$1,000 each to New York Dispensary, Eastern Dispensary and Northern Dispensary, New York City; Albany Hospital Dispensary, \$1,000; \$250 Williamsburgh Dispensary; Western House of Refuge—for support \$12,000, and for buildings, \$9,000; \$8,000 for juvenile

delinquents; New York city; \$7,361.69 for Indian annuities; \$1,000 for Eye and Ear Infirmary, New York; \$3,000 for Buffalo Orphan Asylum.

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Establishing "The Asylum for Idiots" and appropriating \$6,000 annually for two years.

Chapter 502

See chap. 159, L. 1853; chap. 163, L. 1855; chap. 129, L. 1859; chap. 248, L. 1861; chap. 220, L. 1862; chap. 51, L. 1891; chap. 546, L. 1896.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO ESTABLISH AN ASYLUM FOR IDIOTS, AND
MAKING AN APPROPRIATION THEREFOR.

CHAPTER 502, LAWS OF 1851.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. The governor shall, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, appoint five trustees, who, together with the governor, lieutenant-governor, secretary of state and comptroller, shall be trustees of an institution for the education of idiots, to be called "The Asylum for Idiots," with power to establish rules and regulations for the government of the asylum.

§ 2. The said trustees shall procure a building suitable for the education of such idiots as may be selected by said trustees not exceeding twenty, and they shall have power to employ all the necessary teachers, keepers and assistants.

§ 3. The said number of idiots shall be selected from those whose parents or guardians are unable to provide for their support, some of them from each of the judicial districts of this state, and the trustees are authorized to receive such additional number of idiots as can be conveniently received into the asylum on such terms, and on the payment of such sum as the trustees may deem just.

§ 4. The sum of six thousand dollars in each year, for two years from and after the passage of this act is hereby appropriated out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the support of said asylum, and the trustees are authorized to draw on the comptroller from time to time, but not exceeding in any one year the sum of six thousand dollars.

§ 5. The trustees of this institution shall make an annual report on or before the first day of February in each year, to the legislature, of the condition of the institution.

§ 6. This act shall take effect immediately.

Amending chapter 339, Laws 1850, as to charge of property of deceased alien emigrants leaving minor children, by Commissioners of Emigration; chapter 483, Laws 1847, conferring powers over poor children

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receiving support from them, on said Commissioners of Emigration. Sections 1 and 2 of act concerning passengers coming to New York, chapter 195, Laws 1847 (passed May 5th), as amended by chapter 350, Laws 1849 (passed April 11th), as to reports by masters of vessels and examination by Commissioners of Emigration, among emigrants for idiots, lunatics, deaf, dumb, blind and persons liable to become paupers, and as to bonds for their support; also amending chapter 350, Laws 1849, as to further powers and duties of Commissioners of Emigration.

See chap. 531, L. 1892.

Chapter 532

Superintendents of the poor in each county where there is more than one superintendent and there is a poorhouse, to appoint a keeper and physician of poorhouse.

See chap. 225, L. 1896.

Chapter 534

Act to provide for repayment of \$204,058.98 to certain merchants, masters or owners of vessels paid under protest to New York city health commissioner from mariner's fund.

Chapter 540

Act in relation to superintendent and overseers of the poor in Orleans county.

Chapter 547

Annual supply bill.—Appropriates \$2,144.50 to Oneida Indians in Wisconsin; \$118.50 for removal of Stockbridge Indians to Wisconsin; \$50 to A. G. Johnson for expenses in visiting Institution for the Blind pursuant to joint legislative resolution in 1849; \$2,000 to National Temperance Society for support of Industrial Temperance House, New York City; \$150 for support of insane Indian at State Lunatic Asylum.

Code of Procedure, section 297. In proceedings supplementary to execution, the earnings of judgment debtors having families to support cannot be reached to be applied toward satisfaction of the judgment.

Report of Secretary of State concerning poor statistics. ("Assembly documents," 1851, Vol. V, No. 147.)

Appropriation of \$18,000 for Stockbridge Indians from fund provided for such Indians.

75th session
1852
Chapter 19

See chap. 494, L. 1857; chaps. 677 and 679, L. 1892.

Incorporating "The Association for the Exhibition of the Industry of All Nations" (Crystal Palace in New York). Net proceeds of one day's exhibition to be paid to fire department fund for benefit of widows and orphans of deceased firemen in New York and Brooklyn.

Chapter 56

See chaps. 19 and 21, L. 1853; chap. 174, L. 1854.

Increasing number of State pupils in New York Institution for Instruction of Deaf and Dumb by one additional indigent person from each Senate district, at annual expense of not over \$130 each.

Chapter 97

See chap. 264, L. 1817.

Incorporating the "Fire Department of the city of Utica" as a benevolent association.

Chapter 133

See chap. 237, L. 1833; chap. 302, L. 1858; chap. 194, L. 1873.

Act for the establishment of a poor and workhouse and hospital in city of Syracuse. Common council may contract for support of paupers from the several towns of Onondaga county.

Chapter 146

See chap. 475, L. 1847.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A POOR AND WORK HOUSE AND HOSPITAL IN THE CITY OF SYRACUSE.

CHAPTER 146, LAWS OF 1852.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. There shall be erected and established in, or near the city of Syracuse, a poor and work house, for the reception, maintenance and employment of poor persons.

§ 2. There shall also be erected and maintained in or near said city, a hospital for the sick.

§ 3. The common council of said city is hereby authorized to borrow on the credit of the city corporation, a sum not exceeding sixteen thousand dollars, payable in annual instalments of two thousand dollars each, with annual interest, to be expended in the erection of said poor and work house and hospital, and in the purchase of lots and grounds on which to locate the same, and to be used in connection therewith.

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§ 4. The grounds for the said poor and work house and hospital, shall be selected and purchased by, or under the direction of the said common council; and the conveyance or conveyances of the same, shall be executed to the city corporation; and all the necessary buildings and fixtures shall be erected and constructed under the direction of the common council, or under the superintendence and direction of some person or persons appointed for that purpose by said common council.

§ 5. The management, direction and control of the said poor and work house and hospital, shall be vested in the said common council, who is hereby authorized and empowered to make by-laws and ordinances relative to the admission of the sick into the hospital; to establish rules for the regulation and discipline of the said poor and work house and hospital, respectively; to appoint necessary officers to take charge of the same; to fix their compensation and prescribe their duties; and generally to make all such by-laws and ordinances as said common council shall deem expedient for the government and management thereof.

§ 6. When any person having a settlement in said city, shall apply for relief to the overseers of the poor of said city, or either of them, and it shall appear that such person is in such indigent circumstances as to require any considerable amount of relief, and can be safely removed, said overseers, or either of them, shall cause the poor person to be taken to said poor and work house and hospital, to be relieved, provided for, attended and employed, as the circumstances of the case may require.

§ 7. There shall be appointed by the said common council a person who shall be known and designated as the "superintendent of the poor and work house," who shall, under the direction of the common council, have the control and superintendence of the said poor and work house; he shall hold his office during the pleasure of the common council, and shall receive such compensation as it shall designate; and before he enters upon the duties of said office, he shall execute a bond to the city corporation in such sum, and with such surety or sureties, as the common council shall approve, conditioned that he will in all respects faithfully discharge the duties of his said office, which said bond shall be filed in the city clerk's office.

§ 8. Every person maintained at said poor and work house whose age and health will permit, shall be employed by or under the direction of the said superintendent at such work and labor, and at such place in or near said city as the said superintendent shall direct; the work to be adapted as far as consistent to the capacity of the individual, and in case any such person shall neglect or refuse to perform the work assigned to him or her, by the person in charge on two different occasions such person shall be dismissed from the poor and work house without further relief.

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§ 9. At any time during the erection of said poor and work house and hospital, or either of them, an overseer of the poor of said city to whom any person (being a male) shall apply for relief if the age and health of such person will permit, may direct such person to work and labor in the construction of the necessary buildings and erections, and in fitting up the grounds; and if any such person shall neglect or refuse to work and obey the directions of the person or persons having charge of the work he shall not be entitled to relief.

§ 10. The expenses of the hospital and also the expenses of the poor and work house, over and above all receipts for the labor of those therein maintained, shall be audited by the common council and paid out of the city treasury; and the amount of such expenses or the estimated amount thereof, shall be assessed, levied, collected, and paid into the city treasury in the same manner as other contingent expenses of said city.

§ 11. It shall be lawful for the common council of said city, to enter into an agreement from time to time, with the board of supervisors of Onondaga County, and also an agreement with the several towns of the said county respectively, by and through the respective board of town auditors of such towns, for the support, care and attendance, at said poor and work house and hospital, of paupers chargeable to said county, and allow paupers chargeable to said towns respectively, and pursuant to any such agreement any overseer of the poor of any town, or city, of said county, may cause to be removed to said poor and work house or hospital, as the circumstances of the case may require, any pauper chargeable to said county, or to any of said towns; and such paupers may be maintained, attended, and taken care of, at such poor and work house, or hospital, as the case may be; and all the charges, expenses and accounts of said city corporation for the same shall be audited, and paid by the said county and towns respectively, in the same manner as other expenses for the support of the poor, chargeable to said county and towns respectively.

§ 12. The said common council shall appoint a physician who shall be known and designated as the "physician of the hospital." He shall attend the sick at the hospital, and also take such further charge of the hospital, and perform such medical services for the poor elsewhere, as the common council shall by rule, or otherwise direct: he shall hold his office during the pleasure of, and the compensation which he shall receive for his services shall be determined by the common council. And if required by the common council he shall execute to the corporation an official bond to be approved by the common council in all respects and filed in the city clerk's office.

§ 13. This act is hereby declared a public act, and shall take effect immediately.

Incorporating "The Cayuga asylum for destitute children" at Auburn. Board of supervisors of Cayuga

(1852) county may raise \$1,000 annually by tax for said asylum.

See chap. 69, L. 1862; chap. 56, L. 1874; chap. 236, L. 1882.

Chapter 231 Act in relation to auditing the expenses of the poor and the purchase of supplies in Onondaga county.

Chapter 241 Rochester city charter amended.—Eight thousand dollars to be raised annually for support of poor.

See chap. 262, L. 1850; chap. 143, L. 1861.

Chapter 242 Act in relation to the support of the poor in Jefferson county.

See chap. 122, L. 1858; chap. 573, L. 1865; chap. 195, L. 1866; chap. 24, L. 1888.

Chapter 250 Consolidating the "Asylum for Relief of Children of Poor Widowers and Widows," New York City, with "Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum in the City of New York" under latter name.

See chap. 210, L. 1835; chap. 206, L. 1836.

Chapter 269 Amending charter of Church Charity Foundation in Kings county.

See chap. 338, L. 1855; chap. 428, L. 1868.

Chapter 271 Authorizing trustees of Seaman's Fund and Retreat in New York City to mortgage their property for \$15,000.

See chap. 234, L. 1831.

Chapter 278 Authorizing board of supervisors of Kings county to borrow \$50,000 on credit of county to extend hospital accommodations in connection with county almshouse.

See chap. 255, L. 1853; chap. 92, L. 1855.

Chapter 283 Amending charter of Firemen's Benevolent Association of Buffalo.

See chap. 98, L. 1837; chap. 229, L. 1860.

Chapter 307 Incorporating "The Buffalo Association for the Relief of the Poor."

Chapter 316 Incorporating "Poughkeepsie Female Guardian Society."

See chap. 595, L. 1868; chap. 797, L. 1872.

Chapter 333 Extending charter of New York Institution for the Blind from May 1, 1852, and providing that four

indigent blind persons may be received from each Senate district at State expense. (1852)

See chap. 214, L. 1831; chap. 166, L. 1870.

Act for relief of the Mutual Benefit Society of Cordwainers of the city of New York. Chapter 245

See chap. 20, L. 1808.

Act to ascertain the number and residences of idiots within this State. Duties of assessors, superintendents and overseers of the poor and of Secretary of State thereunder. Chapter 378

The full text of this act is as follows :

AN ACT TO ASCERTAIN THE NUMBER AND RESIDENCES
OF IDIOTS WITHIN THIS STATE.

CHAPTER 378, LAWS OF 1852.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows :

§ 1. The several assessors of the different towns and cities of this state, shall, while making their assessments during the present year, ascertain and set down in proper columns the name, age, sex, place of birth, and condition in respect to health, of all idiots within their assessment districts, not residents of any almshouse, or poor-house, in such form as shall be directed by the secretary of state; and shall, on or before the first day of November next, return the lists and statements so made by them, under their hands, to the county clerk of their respective counties; and the said county clerks shall transmit the same lists and statements to the secretary of state, by mail, on or before the first day of December next.

§ 2. The superintendents of the several county or town poor-houses and almshouse, and the governors of the almshouse in the city of New York, shall, on or before the first day of November next, make out, in such form as the secretary of state shall direct, a list and statement of the idiots under their charge respectively, not embraced in the statements of the assessors of their towns or cities, specifying their names, ages, sex, condition in respect to health, and place of birth, and transmit the same to their respective county clerks, who shall forward the same, by mail, to the secretary of state, on or before the first day of December next.

§ 3. The secretary of state shall prepare instructions and forms for assessors, superintendents and other officers, specified in the previous sections of this act, to enable them to perform the duties therein enjoined, and transmit the same to the several county clerks, whose duty it shall be to forward them to the several officers within their respective counties for

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whom they are intended, either directly or to the town clerks of the towns, to be by them distributed to the assessors of their towns. And the said secretary shall report to the next legislature an abstract of the statements and lists received by him, showing the number, age, sex, place of birth, and condition in respect to health, as far as may be in each town or county in this state.

§ 4. The expenses by the secretary of state, in the execution of this act, shall be deemed and defrayed as the contingent expenses of his office.

Chapter 387

Amending act in relation to House of Refuge for Juvenile Delinquents in Western New York.

See chap. 143, L. 1846.

Chapter 388

Annual appropriation act.—Appropriates \$500 for Buffalo Dispensary; \$300 for Oswego Hospital, for foreign paupers in Whitehall; \$500 for Troy Hospital, for dispensary purposes; \$500 to city of Rochester for hospital and dispensary purposes; \$22,500 for New York Hospital; \$29,960 for Deaf and Dumb Institution, New York; \$12,480 for Institution for the Blind, New York; \$1,000 for Brooklyn City Dispensary; \$1,000 to each of three dispensaries in New York city (New York, Eastern and Northern); \$500 for Williamsburgh Dispensary; \$1,000 for Albany Hospital Dispensary; \$60 annuity to James Minor; \$300 to L. S. Backus; \$8,000 for juvenile delinquents, New York city; \$8,000 for House of Refuge in Western New York; \$35,000 for the orphan asylums in the State, except Leake and Watts Asylum in New York, to be divided by Comptroller; for Indian annuities: Onondagas, \$2,430; Cayugas, \$2,300; Senecas, \$500; St. Regis, \$2,136.69.

Chapter 390

Act providing for education of Indian children on Onondaga reservation.

Chapter 407

Supply bill.—Appropriates \$1,500 for additional support of 10 additional pupils in Idiot Asylum, as per chapter 502, Laws 1851; \$10,000 for Institution for the Blind in New York City, for assessments, sewers, repairs and improvements; \$580 to the commissioners appointed

to supervise the expenditures of certain charitable institutions in New York and Staten Island, for expenses, as per chapter 289, Laws 1850; \$2,080 for New York Institution of Deaf and Dumb, pursuant to chapter 97, Laws 1852; \$350 for support of Indian schools on Cattaraugus reservation, and \$450 for publication of poor laws of this State, under chapter 322, Laws 1851.

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Also \$2,000 for Troy Hospital; \$1,000 to each of the three dispensaries in New York City; \$1,000 to Albany Hospital, for dispensary; \$500 for Buffalo Dispensary; \$500 for dispensary of Troy Hospital; \$300 each for dispensaries of Rochester and Oswego Hospitals; \$500, Williamsburgh Dispensary; \$1,000, Eye and Ear Infirmary of New York; \$30,000 for State Lunatic Asylum at Utica; \$500 to superintendent of poor for Washington county for support of foreign poor, and \$35,000 for orphan asylums of State, except Leake and Watts asylum.

Rochester city charter amended. One overseer of the poor and as many keepers of almshouses as common council shall direct to be appointed by such common council.

76th session
1853
Chapter 16

See chap. 262, L. 1850; chap. 143, L. 1861.

Appropriation of \$4,888.01 for balance due for annuities and interest due the Cayuga Nation West of the Mississippi River.

Chapter 27

Act for better support of the poor in the town of Newburgh, Orange county, by Commissioners of the Almshouse of that town, and office of overseer of the poor therein abolished.

Chapter 44

See chap. 495, L. 1853; chap. 102, L. 1854; chap. 242, L. 1862; chap. 418, L. 1870; chap. 541, L. 1865; chap. 114, L. 1866; chap. 418, L. 1870; chap. 276, L. 1871; chap. 573, L. 1881; chap. 369, L. 1893.

The full text of this act is as follows:

(1853)

AN ACT FOR THE BETTER SUPPORT OF THE POOR IN
THE TOWN OF NEWBURGH, IN THE COUNTY OF
ORANGE.

CHAPTER 44, LAWS OF 1853.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. The town of Newburgh shall not hereafter be subjected to taxation for the support or maintenance of the poor of or in the other towns of the county of Orange; nor shall the other towns of the county of Orange be taxed or required to contribute for the support of the poor of or in the town of Newburgh; but such town of Newburgh, for all the purposes of supporting the poor within its limits, and carrying into effect the laws of the state for the support and relief of indigent persons, shall be a separate and distinct district.

§ 2. The office of overseer of the poor in the town of Newburgh is hereby abolished. There shall be a corporation in the said town by the name of "the commissioners of the almshouse of the town of Newburgh," which shall possess the usual powers of a corporation for public purposes. Henry Wyckoff, David W. Bate, David H. Barclay, George Gearn, Alfred Post, and Eugene A. Brewster, are hereby appointed such commissioners for the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of this act. They shall be divided into three classes, and hold their offices for the periods following, that is to say: David W. Bate and George Gearn shall constitute the first class, and hold their offices until the first Tuesday of April, eighteen hundred and fifty-four; Alfred Post and Eugene A. Brewster shall constitute the second class, and hold their offices until the first Tuesday of April, eighteen hundred and fifty-five; and Henry Wyckoff and David H. Barclay shall constitute the third class, and hold their offices until the first Tuesday of April, eighteen hundred and fifty-six; and upon the expiration of their several terms of office, their places shall be filled by persons duly elected at the annual town meetings held in the town of Newburgh for the year in which such terms of office shall expire, which elections shall be conducted in the following manner, that is to say: each elector may place upon a separate ballot the name of one suitable person, who shall be a citizen of the United States, of full age, and a resident of said town of Newburgh, under the words "for commissioner of the almshouse," and deposit the same in a separate box to be provided for that purpose by the officers who shall preside at such town meetings; and a separate poll list shall be kept of the persons voting for such commissioners; and the two persons having the greatest number of votes, at such elections, shall be declared and deemed to be duly elected. And at every annual town meeting thereafter there shall be elected, in the same manner, two persons as such commissioners. The persons elected shall hold their office for the term of three years, and until others are duly elected in their places.

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§ 3. The said commissioners of the alms-house may sue and be sued in their corporate name, in any of the courts of this state. They shall have the sole and exclusive care and management of the poor in the said town, and shall provide for and maintain the persons enumerated in the fourteenth section of the act concerning "the relief and support of indigent persons," in the manner hereinafter mentioned, and for that purpose they shall have and exercise all the powers and authority now vested by law in the overseers of the poor of towns, and in the superintendents of the poor of counties, not inconsistent with the provisions of this act. They shall also have and possess the powers following:

1. To appoint, by a resolution to be entered upon their minutes, an officer, to be denominated "the superintendent of the poor of the town of Newburgh," together with such other agents as may be necessary in order to carry into effect the purposes of this act, which said superintendent and other agents shall hold their offices during the pleasure of the said commissioners, and receive such fixed annual salary, as a compensation for their services, as the said commissioners may direct.

2. To visit the poor of the said town at their several places of residence, and inquire and examine into their circumstances, the number and ages of the members of their families, the places of their former residences, their employments, for what length of time and to what extent they have been dependent on the public for support, their ability to labor, and the causes of their poverty; and the commissioners may direct either permanent or temporary relief to such poor persons, under such rules and regulations as they may from time to time adopt.

3. To contract for, purchase and provide provisions, fuel, clothing and other necessities for the support of or distribution amongst the poor; and such cattle, stock, furniture and farming utensils for the almshouse and lands hereinafter mentioned, as in their judgment they may deem necessary.

4. To purchase in fee simple, and take a deed of conveyance to the said commissioners in their corporate name, of a farm of land not exceeding one hundred acres, and to erect thereon, if necessary, a building sufficient for the residence and accommodation of the poor of the said town, to be denominated the "alms-house." But the amount of money to be expended by the said commissioners, in the purchase of the said farm and the erection of the said buildings, shall not exceed the sum of eight thousand dollars. And until such farm and buildings can be purchased and provided, as aforesaid, the said commissioners may hire a house and lot of ground for a term of time as a residence for the poor of the said town, at an annual rent not exceeding five hundred dollars.

5. The said commissioners may also cause to be constructed within the said almshouse a cell or cells, or other place or places of confinement, for the temporary imprisonment or detention of vagrants. And the police justice of the town of

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Newburgh is hereby authorized by his warrant, to be directed to and executed by one of the police constables of said town, to commit to the custody of the keeper of the said almshouse, to be confined in such cells or places of confinement, all persons adjudged vagrants, according to the provisions of the act concerning beggars and vagrants.

6. The said commissioners shall also have power to receive from the commissioners of emigration all moneys they may become entitled to receive for and on account of foreign paupers relieved by them, and also from the Supervisor of the town of Newburgh, the excise money received in said town, with all fines, forfeitures and penalties which may accrue to them as such commissioners, together with all moneys raised in the said town, for the support of the poor, which said several sums of money shall be applied by the said commissioners to the support and relief of the poor in said town, according to the provisions of this act.

7. The said commissioners shall also have power, and it shall be their duty, to sue in their corporate name for all violations of the excise laws, committed in said town, in any court having jurisdiction of such suits. All other suits and proceedings which may now by law be prosecuted and maintained, in the name of the overseers of the poor of the town of Newburgh, to enforce civil remedies, shall and may hereafter be prosecuted and maintained, and such remedies may be enforced, in the name of the commissioners of the alms-house of the town of Newburgh.

8. Such commissioners may also appoint one of their body president, and they may also fill all vacancies which may occur amongst their number by death, resignation or otherwise, by appointing some suitable person or persons to fill such vacancy or vacancies, who shall hold their offices for the unexpired terms of the persons whose places have thus become vacant. They shall keep a written record of their proceedings, and may establish rules and regulations for their own government, the government of their superintendent, agent and servants, in the examination of paupers and others applying for or entitled to relief or for admission to the almshouse, and in the distribution of food, fuel, clothing and other necessities among the poor of the town.

9. They shall have power from time to time to borrow all such sums of money as they may deem necessary to carry out the powers vested in them by this act, and to give obligations in their corporate name, to be signed by their president and secretary, for the payment of such sums of money, and of any debts incurred by them as such commissioners, and the town of Newburgh shall be liable for the payment of such obligations.

10. They shall have the powers superintendents of the poor now have in relation to lunatics within said town and to provide for their safe keeping in a proper place in such town, or to send them to a lunatic asylum.

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11. They shall have the same powers as overseers of the poor and county superintendents of the poor now have in relation to bastards, within said town. And all proceedings, to be had in such cases, shall be in their corporate name. And all bonds, required according to the provisions of the statutes relating to bastards, shall be given to them in their corporate name; but nothing in this act contained shall be construed to release or discharge the superintendents of the poor of Orange county from their liability to any person or persons residing in the town of Newburgh, supporting any bastard child already chargeable to said county of Orange, in cases in which they have heretofore compromised with the putative father for such support.

§ 4. The said superintendent of the poor shall keep an office, to be provided for him by the said commissioners, in the village of Newburgh, which shall be open and accessible to those having business therein, at all reasonable hours. He shall devote his time and attention to the discharge of his public duties, and shall, amongst other things, attend the meetings of the said board of commissioners and act as the secretary thereof. He shall aid them in the examination into the circumstances and conditions of the poor persons applying for or entitled to relief, as provided in the second subdivision of section second of this act, and shall keep a record of such examinations. He shall keep the minutes of the proceedings of the commissioners, and an account of their receipts and disbursements, together with the names of the persons relieved, the manner of the relief, and the time when it was rendered, and prepare their annual and other reports. He shall carry into effect the orders and directions of the said commissioner in distributing relief to poor persons, and generally perform all such duties as may be assigned to him from time to time.

§ 5. The said commissioners shall annually, on the first day of November in each year, cause to be prepared a report, containing an exact and accurate account of all moneys received by them, and the sources from whence such moneys were received, during the preceding year; an exact and accurate account of all their expenditures, and of all debts incurred by them, which are unpaid for the same period of time; and the objects for which such debts were incurred, and to which such expenditures were applied, and to the persons to whom they were paid, for the same period of time also; the number of persons admitted and discharged from the alms house; the number of those provided with out door relief; the expenses incurred for keeping and supplying such alms-house, and the expenses incurred for such out-door relief during the year; which said report shall be signed by the said commissioners and superintendents, and filed in the office of the town clerk of such town, and published in two newspapers published in said village of Newburgh.

§ 6. The said Commissioners shall also, on the first day of November in each year, furnish the supervisor of the town of

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Newburgh with a written estimate, to be signed by them, of the amount of moneys which, in their judgment will be required for the support of the poor of said town; which said estimate shall, by the said supervisor, be laid before the board of supervisors of the county of Orange, at their next annual meeting, who shall cause the moneys in such estimate mentioned to be levied and collected on the said town, at the same time and in the same manner as the other taxes are levied and collected; and they shall also, by their warrant, direct and require the collector to pay the same, when collected, to the said commissioners, who shall apply the same to the relief and support of the poor in the manner herein directed.

§ 7. The town of Newburgh shall be entitled to receive from the board of supervisors of the county of Orange, in money, its fair and just proportion of the estimated value of the county poor house, farm and buildings, with the appurtenances and the personal property thereon being, belonging to said county; which proportion shall be in the same ratio to the ascertained value of the said poor house and farm, with the appurtenances and personal property, as the amount of state and county taxes charged upon the town of Newburgh bears to the aggregate amount of state and county taxes charged upon the county of Orange, according to the assessment rolls of the several towns therein, for the year eighteen hundred and fifty-two; for the purpose of ascertaining the value of the said county poor house, farm and personal property, the said board of supervisors shall, on the second day of their next annual meeting, by resolution, appoint one competent and disinterested person as an appraiser; and the said commissioners shall also appoint, by like resolution, one other competent and disinterested person as an appraiser, who shall proceed with all convenient speed to examine the said property, and to estimate and appraise all value of the said real and personal property; which said estimate and appraisal shall be in the form of a report in writing, and shall specify the several pieces and items of property, with the values thereof, and shall be signed by the said appraisers and filed with the clerk of the said board of supervisors; and the aggregate amount of such values shall be deemed and taken to be the true value of such real and personal property. If the said appraisers shall disagree, and become unable by reason thereof to make such report, they shall certify such disagreement in writing, under their hands, to one of the justices of the supreme court, who shall thereupon, by an order to be entered for that purpose, appoint one other competent and disinterested person as an additional appraiser, to estimate and appraise the value of such property; and the said three appraisers shall then proceed to re-examine the said property, and to make an appraisal of the value thereof; and the written report of the said appraisers, or any two of them, made, signed, and filed as hereinbefore mentioned, shall be final and conclusive as to the value of such real and

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personal property. The reasonable fees and expenses of the said appraisers, for making such estimate and appraisal, shall be paid by the board of supervisors, as a part of the county expenses. The said board of supervisors shall cause the first proportion of the town of Newburgh, in the said real and personal property, when estimated and ascertained as aforesaid, to be assessed upon and collected from the other towns of the said county of Orange, excluding the town of Newburgh; and shall cause the same, when so collected, to be paid over to the said commissioners of the almshouse. The appraisers mentioned in this section shall also estimate the number of paupers contained in the Orange county poor-house at the time of such appraisal, and shall set apart as belonging to the town of Newburgh such number of said paupers as shall be equitable, assuming as the basis for such division the proportion which the money apportioned to the town of Newburgh shall bear to the whole amount of county-house property, and such proportion of the principal aforesaid shall be taken to Newburgh, and maintained at the cost of Newburgh.

§ 8. The said commissioners shall apply such moneys to the purchase of the lands for an almshouse, and to defray the expense of erecting buildings thereon, or to the payment and satisfaction of any debt contracted by them for such lands, alms-house and buildings; all other moneys required by them for procuring and paying for such lands, almshouse and buildings, and for furnishing the same with farming stock and utensils and furniture, not exceeding in all the said sum of eight thousand dollars, shall be assessed upon and collected from the town of Newburgh, and paid over to the said commissioners in the manner as provided in section six of this act.

§ 9. The commissioners of emigration of this state shall, from time to time, pay to the said commissioners of the almshouse of the town of Newburgh all moneys expended by them for the support of foreign paupers in the said town out of the commutation moneys in the hands of said commissioners of emigration, according to the provisions of the act "concerning passengers in vessels coming to the city of New-York," passed May fifth, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, and the several acts amending the same.

§ 10. The said commissioners of the almshouse shall receive no compensation, for their services, whatever for any services to be rendered by them under the provisions of this act; but all reasonable and proper expenses, incurred by them in executing their trusts as such commissioners, shall be paid out of any moneys raised for the support of the poor as herein mentioned.

§ 11. Whenever it shall become necessary to take proof of any fact or facts, by affidavits or otherwise, to entitle the said commissioners of the almshouse to receive moneys from the commissioners of emigration, or any other fact, the proof of which may be necessary to enable the said commissioners of

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the almshouse to carry into effect the provisions of this act, such oath may be administered by, and such affidavit taken before, any one of the said commissioners, or of the said superintendent of the poor, who are hereby authorized to administer oaths.

§ 12. It shall not be lawful for the said commissioners of the almshouse, or either of them, or the said superintendent of the poor, to be concerned or interested, directly or indirectly, in the sale of any goods, merchandize or other personal property found, furnished or provided for the use of the poor of the said town of Newburgh; nor shall such commissioners and superintendents, or either of them, take or receive any profit, reward or emolument, for or on account of any goods, merchandize or personal property found, furnished or provided, by any person or persons other than such commissioners, for the use of the poor of said town; every violation of the provisions of this section shall be deemed a misdemeanor, punishable by fine and imprisonment.

§ 13. No person shall be disqualified from acting as judge, justice, witness or juror, by reason of his being a resident, inhabitant or freeholder in said town of Newburgh, in any action or proceeding in which the said commissioners of the almshouse are a party. The inhabitants of the town of Newburgh shall not, after the passage of this act, be entitled to vote for superintendents of the poor of Orange county, at any election for such officer.

§ 14. All the provisions of the Revised Statutes, in relation to the settlement of the poor, and their removal from one county to another, shall be understood to apply to the two divisions into which the county of Orange is divided by this act.

§ 15. This act shall take effect immediately.

Chapter 70

Amending title 1, chapter 20, part I, Revised Statutes, entitled "Of the relief and support of indigent persons," by including the city of Oswego in section 56, which provides that the overseers of the poor of certain cities shall render their accounts to common councils who shall determine yearly the amount to be raised for support of poor.

See chap. 116, L. 1848; chap. 463, L. 1860.

Chapter 72

Confirming sale by city of New York to New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb of certain land in New York city.

Chapter 80

Amending section 22 of title 1, chapter 20, part I, Revised Statutes, in relation to superintendents of the

poor, by providing that no supervisor or county treasurer shall hold office of superintendent of the poor, nor shall any such superintendent be keeper of the poorhouse in any county of the State. (1853)

See chap. 352, L. 1829; chap. 686, L. 1892.

Authorizing Columbia county to pay \$200 annually to Hudson Orphan Relief Asylum, instead of \$100, as per chapter 123, Laws 1851 (passed April 10th). Chapter 101

See chap. 634, L. 1853.

Moiety of penalty for neglect of Thomas Patten and his legal representatives to maintain ferry across Cayuga lake from Union Springs to Fayette to go to use of poor. Chapter 107

Act relating to the deaf and dumb. Superintendent of common schools to continue certain graduates of regular term for three years at New York Institution for Instruction of Deaf and Dumb. Chapter 115

Amending charter of village of Sing Sing, Westchester county.—Penalty of \$25 for sale of liquor without license to be paid to overseers of poor of town of Ossining for temporary relief of poor. Chapter 139

See chap. 96, L. 1813; chap. 568, L. 1880.

Batavia village charter consolidation.—Trustees empowered to remit any poll tax levied upon any indigent person who is sick, lame or infirm, and to discharge any judgment against such a person without payment thereof. Chapter 140

See chap. 199, L. 1884.

Incorporating "The Firemen's Benevolent Association of the village of Le Roy." Chapter 148

See chap. 275, L. 1834; chap. 357, L. 1881.

Syracuse city charter amended.—Two overseers of the poor to be elected, one of whom shall reside and keep his office in the first ward. Chapter 152

See chap. 475, L. 1848; chap. 28, L. 1854; chap. 57, L. 1863.

Appropriating \$20,000 for State Asylum for Idiots. Chapter 159

See chap. 502, L. 1851.

(1853)
Chapter 165

Incorporating "The Junior New York Journeymen Shipwright and Caulkers' Benevolent Association."

Chapter 183

Act requiring police justices in New York city to file records of all convictions of vagrancy.

See chap. 268, L. 1855; chap. 537, L. 1881.

Chapter 185

Act to provide for care and instruction of idle and truant children. Penalty to breach of engagement by master, parent or guardian to send children under 14 to school for four months each year, to be sued for by overseers of the poor. Unless such engagement be made, truant children to be committed until discharged by overseers of the poor and their expenses paid as charges for support of paupers.

See chap. 123, L. 1856; chap. 393, L. 1868; chap. 588, L. 1873; chap. 593, L. 1886.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE CARE AND INSTRUCTION OF IDLE AND TRUANT CHILDREN.

CHAPTER 185, LAWS OF 1853.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. If any child, between the ages of five and fourteen years, having sufficient bodily health and mental capacity to attend the public schools, shall be found wandering in the streets or lanes of any city or incorporated village, idle and truant, without any lawful occupation, any justice of the peace, police magistrates, or justices of the district courts in the city of New-York, on complaint thereof by any citizen on oath, shall cause such child to be brought before him for examination, and shall also cause the parent, guardian or master of such child, if he or she have any, to be notified to attend such examination. And if, on such examination, the complaint shall be satisfactorily established, such justice shall require the parent, guardian or master to enter into an engagement in writing, to the corporate authorities of the city or village, that he will restrain such child from so wandering about, will keep him or her on his own premises, or in some lawful occupation, and will cause such child to be sent to some school, at least four months in each year, until he or she becomes fourteen years old. And such justice may, in his discretion, require security for the faithful performance of such engagement. If such child has no parent, guardian or master, or none can be found, or if such parent, guardian or master refuse or neglect, within a reasonable time, to enter into such engagement, and

(1853)

to give such security, if required, such justice shall, by warrant under his hand, commit such child to such place as shall be provided for his or her reception, as hereinafter directed.

§ 2. If such engagement be habitually or intentionally violated, an action may be brought thereon, by the overseers of the poor or either of them, of such city or village, in the name of the corporate authorities thereof, and on proof of such habitual or intentional violation, the plaintiff shall recover therein a penalty of not more than fifty dollars, with costs. And thereupon, the magistrate or court before whom such recovery shall be had, shall, by warrant, commit such child to the place so provided for his or her reception, as aforesaid.

§ 3. The corporate authorities of every city and incorporated village shall provide some suitable place for the reception of every child that may be so committed, and for the employment of such child in some useful occupation, and his or her instruction in the elementary branches of an English education, and for his or her proper support and clothing. Every child so received shall be kept in such place until discharged by the overseers of the poor or the commissioners of the almshouse of such city or village, and may be bound out as an apprentice by them or either of them, with the consent of any justice of the peace or any of the aldermen of the city, or any trustee of the incorporated village where he may be, in the same manner, for the same periods, and subject to the same provisions in all respects as are contained in the first article and fourth title of the eighth chapter and second part of the Revised Statutes, with respect to children whose parents have become chargeable on any city or town.

§ 4. The expenses of providing and maintaining such place for the reception, clothing, support and instruction of such children, shall be defrayed in the same manner as charges for the support of paupers chargeable upon such city or village; and the corporate authorities of every city and village shall certify to the board of supervisors of the county, at their annual meetings, the amount necessary for said purposes, which amount the said supervisors shall cause to be levied and collected as part of the taxes for the support of the poor, chargeable to such city or village.

§ 5. It shall be the duty of all police officers and constables, who shall find any child in the condition described in the first section of this act, to make complaint to a justice of the peace, as provided in the said section.

§ 6. The fees of justices for services performed under this act shall be the same as allowed by law in cases of vagrancy, and shall be paid by the city or village in which they were rendered.

§ 7. This act shall take effect immediately.

Amending act relative to support of the poor in Montgomery county. Hereafter county poor expenses to be

(1853)

audited by board of supervisors like other county charges.

Chapter 217

New York city charter amended.—Appropriations for support of almshouse department before being made shall be submitted to a special board of commissioners for approval.

See chap. 352, L. 1853; chap. 267, L. 1854; chap. 446, L. 1857; chap. 137, L. 1870; chap. 537, L. 1881.

Chapter 218

Act for protection of emigrant passengers arriving at New York city.

See chap. 195, L. 1847; chap. 619, L. 1853; chap. 593, L. 1886.

Chapter 219

Annual appropriation act.—Appropriated \$29,960 for Deaf and Dumb Institution, New York city; \$16,640 for New York Institution for the Blind; \$60 annuity to James Minor; \$200 to L. S. Backus; \$8,000 for the support of juvenile delinquents in House of Refuge, New York city; \$8,000 for House of Refuge in Western New York; \$10,000 for Asylum for Idiots; \$22,500 (out of auction duties) to New York Hospital; \$500 each (out of auction duties) for Orphan Asylum, New York, and Prince Street Orphan Asylum; \$12,366.69 for Indian annuities.

Chapter 230

Buffalo city charter revision.—An overseer of the poor to be elected for two years and execute official bond, who shall have same powers as town overseers of the poor. All fines for violation of sanitary regulations to be devoted to support of pesthouse or a city hospital. All penalties for violating fire regulations to go to Firemen's Benevolent Association of Buffalo.

See chap. 245, L. 1863; chaps. 18 and 519, L. 1870.

Chapter 232

New York city to raise by tax \$50,000 for asylum for juvenile delinquents; \$385,000 for almshouse; Battery enlargement, \$25,000, and donations, \$15,000.

Chapter 243

Incorporating "De Veaux College for Orphan and Destitute Children."

See chap. 385, L. 1857; chap. 295, L. 1853; chap. 44, L. 1889; chap. 158, L. 1891.

Authorizing board of supervisors of Kings county to borrow \$50,000 to complete hospital and lunatic asylum on the county farm at Flatbush.

(1853)
Chapter 255

See chap. 278, L. 1852.

Appropriating \$230 to Cayuga Nation of Indians for annuity.

Chapter 259

Authorizing board of supervisors of Sullivan county to sell poorhouse farm and raise \$5,000 by tax to purchase another site.

Chapter 296

Incorporating "Syracuse Home Association" for relief of destitute females.

Chapter 321

Incorporating "Widows and Orphans' Fund" of the Associate Presbyterian Church of North America.

Chapter 341

Act to provide for erection of a county poorhouse in Ulster county.

Chapter 342

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE ERECTION OF A COUNTY
POOR HOUSE IN THE COUNTY OF ULSTER.

CHAPTER 342, LAWS OF 1853.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. It shall be lawful for the treasurer of the county of Ulster to borrow, on the credit of said county, such sum of money, not to exceed three thousand dollars, as may be deemed necessary for the purpose hereinafter mentioned, for a term not exceeding three years, and at such rate of interest as may be agreed on, not to exceed seven per cent per annum, and to execute therefor, under his official signature, a bond or bonds, on which the principal and interest shall be made payable in such sum or sums, and at such times and place, as shall be agreed upon and expressed therein.

§ 2. It shall be the duty of the said treasurer to pay the said moneys so borrowed over to the superintendents of the poor of said county, in such installments as he shall think fit, to be used for the purpose of erecting a county poor house in said county; but no subsequent installment after the first shall be paid until the said superintendents shall have accounted for the moneys already drawn and those referred to in the next section to the satisfaction of said treasurer.

§ 3. The said superintendents shall be authorized to apply such further sum to the erection of said poor house as may be due them from the Kingston Mutual Insurance Company, on a policy of insurance on the county buildings recently consumed by fire.

(1853)

§ 4. On notice from the county treasurer that he has taken the necessary steps to raise the said funds, the said superintendents shall proceed to locate the site for said county poor house, upon the county farm of said county, and not far distant from that occupied by the late poor house, and to erect suitable buildings thereon, for the purposes of the county poor of said county; and they shall have full power to enter into contracts for the construction of the same, or for labor and materials for that purpose; but the entire costs of the same shall not exceed the sum of four thousand dollars.

§ 5. It shall be the duty of the said superintendents to make a detailed report of all moneys received and expended by them, in virtue of the provisions of this act, and of the progress made in the erection of said buildings, to the board of supervisors of said county, at their next and subsequent annual meeting or meetings, until the same shall be completed and the whole expense paid.

§ 6. The board of supervisors of said county, at their next or any subsequent annual meeting, shall levy and assess, on the real and personal estate of said county, such sum as shall be necessary to pay the bond or bonds of said county, issued under this act, as shall fall due in the next fiscal year; such tax to be collected and paid over in the manner now provided by law.

§ 7. This act shall take effect immediately.

Chapter 391

Appropriating \$50,000 to Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents in the city of New York to complete their new buildings on site provided by chapter 254, Laws 1851.

See chap. 126, L. 1824.

Chapter 449

Amending charter of village of Attica.—Trustees empowered to remit poll taxes and discharge judgments against indigent persons who are sick, lame or infirm.

Chapter 455

Appropriating \$6,000 to Western House of Refuge to supply deficiency.

Chapter 495

Amending chapter 44, Laws 1853, for support of poor in town of Newburgh, Orange county, by increasing amount to be expended for almshouse from \$8,000 to \$12,000.

Chapter 506

Moiety of penalty for illegal fishing in Lake George to go to overseer of the poor.

See chap. 173, L. 1855.

Chapter 547

Amending charter of New York Juvenile Asylum.

See chap. 332, L. 1851; chap. 588, L. 1873.

Incorporating "The Trustees of the Fund for Aged and Infirm Clergymen of the Protestant Episcopal Church, in the Diocese of New York."

(1853)
Chapter 560

See chap. 15, L. 1887.

Appropriating \$4,000 to Western House of Refuge.

Chapter 566

See chap. 143, L. 1846.

Authorizing supervisor of town of Plattsburgh to sell poorhouse lot and apply proceeds for either poor or school purposes.

Chapter 590

Supply bill. Appropriates \$1,500 for salary of secretary of commissioners to supervise expenditures of certain charitable institutions in New York city, pursuant to chapter 289, Laws 1840, for three years to date. Hereafter no salary to be paid such secretary; \$1,875 for Asylum for Idiots; \$10,000 for New York Institution for the Blind; \$4,611 for Western House of Refuge; \$300 for Poughkeepsie Female Guardian Asylum; \$300 for Cayuga Asylum for destitute children, and \$20,000 for Insane Asylum at Utica.

Chapter 615

Amending chapter 218, Laws 1853, for protection of emigrant passengers arriving at port of New York.

Chapter 619

See chap. 195, L. 1847; chap. 593, L. 1886.

Incorporating village of Yonkers. Penalty for selling liquors without license to be paid to overseers of the poor of the town of Yonkers, and proceeds of forfeited excise bonds to be applied in like manner.

Chapter 621

See chap. 331, L. 1855.

Incorporating the "Orphan Asylum of the Holy Family" society, of the city of Auburn, with power to bind out children.

Chapter 623

Amending chapter 125, Laws 1851, and chapter 101, Laws 1853, so as to permit Columbia county to pay annually \$1,000 to Hudson Orphan Relief Asylum.

Chapter 634

Concurrent resolutions of March 30 and April 4, 1853. (P. 1261.) Directing Secretary of State to publish 7,500 copies of all the laws relating to the support of the poor for distribution.

(1853)

Communication from the Secretary of State in answer to a resolution of the Assembly relative to the poor laws. ("Assembly documents," Vol. I, No. 14.)

Report of Secretary of State concerning poor statistics for 1851 and 1852. ("Assembly documents," Vol. V, No. 120.)

77th session
1854
Chapter 28

Syracuse charter revision. Two overseers of the poor to be elected annually, with similar powers of overseers of towns. The common council may prescribe as to relief of poor. Overseers may commit paupers to poor-house or workhouse.

See chap. 475, L. 1847; chap. 63, L. 1857.

Chapter 36

Authorizing supervisors of Kings county to borrow \$50,000 to complete county penitentiary and \$2,500 to erect washhouse for nursery buildings on county farm.

See chap. 350; L. 1851; chap. 71, L. 1857.

Chapter 37

Amending charter of St. Luke's Hospital, New York City.

See chap. 64, L. 1851.

Chapter 50

Authorizing the mortgaging of real estate of benevolent, charitable, etc., societies, with consent of court.

See chap. 60, R. L. 1813; chap. 319, L. 1848.

Chapter 90

Poughkeepsie city charter. One overseer of the poor to be elected. Penalties for breach of excise bonds to be paid to city chamberlain for use of city poor. Overseer of poor to be paid salary not exceeding \$300 annually, to be fixed by common council and shall have like powers as town overseers.

See chap. 82, L. 1858; chap. 453, L. 1869.

Chapter 102

Amending chapter 495, Laws 1853, for support of poor of town of Newburgh, Orange county. Almshouse commissioners to construct cells for vagrants, provide for keeping of lunatics and bind out children. Keeper of almshouse to require paupers to perform labor of almshouse.

See chap. 44, L. 1853; chap. 132, L. 1856.

Herkimer village charter amended. Trustees empowered to remit poll taxes and discharge judgments against poor persons who are sick or infirm.

(1854)
Chapter 125

Act in relation to moneys levied on masters of vessels arriving at port of New York and disposal thereof by trustees of Seaman's Fund and Retreat.

Chapter 172

See chap. 234, L. 1831; chap. 199, L. 1854; chap. 323, L. 1858.

President of almshouse commission and certain other officers of town of Newburgh, Orange county, to constitute board of appointment of police for said town.

Chapter 173

See chap. 59, L. 1852; chap. 381, L. 1860; chap. 541, L. 1865.

Hudson city charter consolidation. Two overseers of the poor to be elected with similar powers as overseers in towns.

Chapter 179

See chap. 101, L. 1829; chap. 559, L. 1857; chap. 206, L. 1861; chap. 289, L. 1864; chap. 251, L. 1871; chap. 468, L. 1872.

Act relating to county superintendents of the poor. In counties where supervisors lawfully direct there shall be but one superintendent; he shall be elected for three years.

Chapter 188

See 1 R. S., chap. 20, T. 20.

In Orleans county a superintendent of the poor may by resolution of supervisors be also keeper of poorhouse.

Chapter 189

Act in relation to moneys levied on masters of vessels arriving at New York, and disposal thereof by trustees of Seaman's Fund and Retreat and The Mariners' Family Industrial Society Asylum.

Chapter 199

See chap. 234, L. 1831; chap. 172, L. 1854.

Incorporating the "United States Inebriate Asylum" for reformation of poor and destitute inebriates.

Chapter 243

See chap. 576, L. 1855; chap. 184, L. 1857; chap. 935, L. 1871.

Hereafter there shall be but one superintendent of the poor elected in Schenectady county, for term of three years. Supervisors shall appoint keeper and physician to poorhouse. Superintendent of the poor shall not be interested in contracts for supplies for poor.

Chapter 257

See chap. 264, L. 1845; chap. 197, L. 1879.

(1854)
Chapter 263

New York city tax budget to provide \$427,000 for almshouse and \$5,000 for donations.

Chapter 272

Act relating to New York Institution for Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb. Superintendent of Public Instruction to select indigent pupils at expense to State of \$150 each per annum. A certain purchase of land by that institution in New York city declared valid.

See chap. 264, L. 1817; chap. 58, L. 1885; chap. 197, L. 1890.

Chapter 285

Act authorizing individuals to sue for penalties for violation of excise laws upon neglect of overseers of poor to prosecute, but penalties shall be applied as heretofore provided by law.

Chapter 290

Annual Appropriation Act. Appropriates \$25,000 for the several hospitals of the State, pursuant to chapter 410, Laws 1851; \$1,000 to each of the following dispensaries in New York city: New York Dispensary, Northern Dispensary, Eastern Dispensary, Demilt Dispensary and Northwestern Dispensary; \$500 to Albany Dispensary; \$500 to Buffalo City Dispensary; \$5,000 to Ophthalmic Hospital, New York city; \$22,000 to New York Hospital; \$1,000 to Brooklyn Dispensary; \$10,000 to New York Eye and Ear Infirmary; \$700 to Williamsburgh Dispensary; \$35,000 to incorporated orphan asylums of State (except Leake and Watts Asylum, New York city); including the Society for Relief of Destitute Children of Seamen in Richmond county (but not over \$4,500 to any one asylum); \$32,810 to New York Institution for Deaf and Dumb; \$19,440 to Institution for the Blind in New York city; \$60 annuity to James Minor; \$300 to Levi S. Backus for furnishing the "Radii" to the deaf and dumb of this State; \$1,000 for support and education of Indian youths in families of farmers upon designation of Superintendent of Public Instruction; \$8,000 for juvenile delinquents, New York city; \$15,000 for House of Refuge in Western New York; \$17,500 to State Idiot Asylum, and \$7,366.69 for Indian annuities.

Authorizing supervisors of Ulster county to levy tax of \$1,298.98 upon town of Shawangunk to pay judgments recovered against overseers of the poor of that town.

(1854)
Chapter 304

Expenses for temporary relief of poor in city of Buffalo shall be audited by superintendents of the poor annually.

Chapter 316

See chap. 334, L. 1845.

Act for relief of Williamsburgh Dispensary. Quorum of trustees fixed.

Chapter 323

See chap. 810, L. 1872; chap. 468, L. 1879.

Amending chapter 332, Laws 1851, incorporating New York Juvenile Asylum. Board of supervisors of New York city to levy tax to pay said asylum \$60 per annum for each child supported.

Chapter 387

See chap. 332, L. 1851; chap. 588, L. 1873.

Annual Supply Bill. Appropriates \$500 to commissioners for supervising expenditures of certain charitable institutions in first senate district under section 6, chapter 289, Laws 1840; \$300 for support of a lunatic Indian at New York State Lunatic Asylum; \$300 to Poughkeepsie Female Guardian Society; \$4,000 to supply deficiency for Western House of Refuge, and \$30,000 for building a new wing to Western House of Refuge.

Chapter 397

Report relative to poor statistics. ("Assembly documents," Vol. IV, No. 144.)

Act in relation to enumeration of inhabitants of the State, upon blanks to be furnished by the Secretary of State. Title 5 of chapter 3, part I, Revised Statutes, and chapter 239, Laws 1854, amending chapter 140, Laws 1845 (passed May 7th) repealed.

78th session
1855
Chapter 64

See chap. 181, L. 1855; chap. 31, L. 1856; chap. 34, L. 1865; chap. 40, L. 1875.

Board of supervisors of Kings county may borrow \$35,000 to complete lunatic asylum on county farm.

Chapter 92

See chap. 278, L. 1852.

(1855)
Chapter 109

Amending charter of Firemen of City of Brooklyn, chapter 177, Laws 1823 (passed April 16th), and changing name to the "Fire Department of the City of Brooklyn." Its funds to be appropriated to relief of indigent or disabled firemen and their families.

See chap. 177, L. 1823; chap. 378, L. 1864; chap. 249, L. 1865; chap. 368, L. 1871.

Chapter 141

Board of supervisors of New York city and county to raise by tax \$613,450 for almshouse and \$46,000 for donations, also \$15,000 for pay for pupils at New York Juvenile Asylum.

Chapter 159

Act to allow trustees, directors or managers of all incorporated orphan asylums to bind out indigent children surrendered to their care.

See chap. 61, L. 1857; chap. 431, L. 1870; chap. 699, L. 1871; chap. 54, L. 1876; chap. 112, L. 1878; chap. 109, L. 1879; chap. 347, L. 1880; chap. 323, L. 1881; chap. 438, L. 1884; chap. 633, L. 1886.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO ALLOW THE TRUSTEES, DIRECTORS OR MANAGERS OF INCORPORATED ASYLUMS, TO BIND OUT ORPHANS OR INDIGENT CHILDREN SURRENDERED TO THEIR CARE.

CHAPTER 159, LAWS OF 1855.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. The trustees, directors or managers of any incorporated orphan asylum, may bind out any orphan or indigent child if a male, under the age of twenty-one years, or if a female, under the age of eighteen years, which has been or shall be surrendered to the care and custody of said society by the parent or guardian thereof, or placed therein by the superintendent of the poor of the county, or the overseers of the poor of any city or town in the county within which said asylum is located, to be clerks, apprentices or servants, until such child, if a male, shall be twenty-one years old, or if a female, shall be eighteen years old, which binding shall be as effectual as if such child had bound himself with the consent of his father.

§ 2. In case of the death of the father of any indigent child, or in case the father shall have abandoned his family or neglected to provide for them, the mother shall be the guardian of said child for the purpose of surrendering the said child to the care and custody of said society; and in case of the death of both parents, the mayor of the city within which the said asylum may be located, shall be ex-officio the guardian of said

child, for the purpose of enabling said trustees, managers or directors, to bind out such child.

(1855)

§ 3. The provisions of sections eight, nine and ten, of article first of title fourth of chapter eight of part second of the revised statutes, shall apply to all cases of binding under this act.

Appropriating \$40,000 for completion of buildings for New York Asylum for Idiots and requiring counties to provide clothing for such idiots, not exceeding \$20 yearly for each person.

Chapter 163

See chap. 502, L. 1851.

“Act for prevention of intemperance, pauperism and crime.”

Chapter 231

Excise law. Fines for certain violations to be applied for support of poor. Supervisors, superintendents and overseers of poor required to enter complaints for violations in name of people, and fines collected to go to use of poor. Such officers to receive \$2 per day for such services and six cents for each mile traveled.

See chap. 628, L. 1857.

Incorporating “Thomas Asylum for orphan and destitute Indian children,” on Cattaraugus reservation. \$2,000 appropriated for buildings, and \$500 yearly for two years for support of 50 children; and said asylum shall share in appropriations hereafter to be made for incorporated orphan asylums. Said asylum subject to visitation by Superintendent of Public Instruction.

Chapter 233

See chap. 60, L. 1856; chap. 162, L. 1875; chap. 330, L. 1866; chap. 316, L. 1887; chaps. 677 and 679, L. 1892; chaps. 242 and 546, L. 1896.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO INCORPORATE THE THOMAS ASYLUM FOR ORPHAN AND DESTITUTE INDIAN CHILDREN, ON THE CATTARAUGUS RESERVATION, AND TO PROVIDE FOR ITS ESTABLISHMENT AND MAINTENANCE.

CHAPTER 233, LAWS OF 1855.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. For the purpose of establishing and maintaining on the Cattaraugus reservation, an asylum for orphan and destitute Indian children, Eber M. Petit, Chauncey T. Carrier, S. G.

(1855)

Ellis, Elisha Brown, and Asher Wright, white men, and Sylvester Lay, Wallace King, Zachariah L. Jameson, Lewis Seneca, and Joshua Pierce, Indians, and their successors, are hereby constituted a body corporate, by the name of the Thomas Asylum for orphan and destitute Indian children, and shall possess the powers and be subject to the provisions of the third title of the eighteenth chapter and first part of the revised statutes, so far as the same are applicable, and have not been repealed; and shall be capable of taking and holding, by gift, grant or devise, real and personal property, to be applied to the purposes of the corporation, the annual income of which shall not exceed five thousand dollars.

§ 2. The persons above named shall be the first trustees of the said corporation, and shall supply any vacancies which may occur in their number by their own appointment. Six of their number shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.

§ 3. The said trustees may acquire the right to the occupancy and use of land on the Cattaraugus reservation, for the purposes of the corporation, not exceeding fifty acres, either by an act of appropriation by the government of the Seneca nation of Indians, or by lease or purchase from any individual Indian or Indians; but if such land shall at any time cease to be needed for the purposes of said corporation, it shall revert to said government, in case it was received therefrom, on payment of the fair value for such improvements as may have been made thereon; and if it shall have been obtained by purchase from any Indian or Indians, the trustees may sell it, with the improvements thereon, to any Indian or Indians; the proceeds, in either case, to be devoted to the charitable objects of the corporation.

§ 4. The treasurer shall pay, on the warrant of the comptroller, to the order of the superintendent of public instruction, from the general fund, the sum of two thousand dollars, for the purpose of erecting suitable buildings for the accommodation of at least fifty children, either at one place or at separate places, for boys and girls respectively; and the superintendent of public instruction shall issue his order for the same, in successive portions of five hundred dollars each, whenever he shall be certified by the affidavit of the president, clerk, and treasurer of said corporation, that such successive amounts have been expended for said purpose. He shall also pay, in like manner, the sum of five hundred dollars a year, for two years, in quarterly payments, for the support of said children, when the superintendent of public instruction shall be in the same manner certified that fifty such children have been sustained in the said asylum during the quarter for which payment is sought; and in like proportion for any less number which shall have been so sustained; which moneys are hereby appropriated for said purposes.

§ 5. The said asylum shall be entitled to share in the appropriations hereafter to be made to the incorporated asylums in the state, and for this purpose shall be deemed an incorporated orphan asylum of this state.

(1855)

§ 6. The trustees of said asylum shall, on application, select orphan children from each of the several reservations located within this state, and in making such selection, regard shall be had to a just participation in the privileges of this act, by each of said reservations; and, if practicable, reference shall be had to the population residing on each of said reservations in determining such selection.

§ 7. The Thomas Asylum shall at all times be subject to the visitation and control of the superintendent of public instruction, or such board of commissioners for Indian affairs as may hereafter be constituted and appointed by the legislature; and the trustees of said asylum shall annually report to said superintendent of public instruction, or to said commissioners, the condition of their asylum, including a true account of the receipts and disbursements of all moneys which shall come into their hands for the benefit of such asylum.

§ 8. This act shall take effect immediately.

Charter of Jamaica village, Queens county, chapter 168, Laws 1814, amended. One overseer of poor to be elected.

Chapter 264

Amending chapter 183, Laws 1853 (passed April 12th), requiring police justices in New York city to file records of all convictions of vagrancy.

Chapter 268

See chap. 410, L. 1882.

Act requiring all overseers of the poor to give bonds.

Chapter 269

See chap. 569, L. 1890, § 62.

Incorporating "The Hebrew Female Benevolent Society of the Congregation Shearith, Israel in the City of New York."

Chapter 289

Act establishing fire limits in city of Brooklyn. Penalties for violations to go to fire department of said city.

Chapter 332

See chap. 335, L. 1852; chap. 384, L. 1854; chap. 768, L. 1857; chap. 56, L. 1858; chap. 472, L. 1860; chap. 858, L. 1866.

Amending charter of Church Charity Foundation in Kings county. May bind out children.

Chapter 338

Repealing chapter 315, Laws 1845 (passed May 14), in relation to support of poor in Wayne county.

Chapter 382

See chap. 269, L. 1852.

(1855)
Chapter 405

Act to enable the schools of Five Points House of Industry and Ladies' Home Missionary Society of Methodist Episcopal Church in Park street, New York city, to participate in common school fund.

See chap. 160, L. 1866; chap. 258, L. 1872; chap. 597, L. 1880; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Chapter 417

Authorizing county treasurer of Yates county to borrow \$3,000 to pay orders of superintendents of the poor.

Chapter 426

Amending chapter 195, Laws 1847 (passed May 5th), concerning passengers in vessels coming to city of New York. Persons chargeable upon cities, towns or counties, whom Commissioners of Emigration are to provide for, defined.

See chap. 195, L. 1847.

Chapter 459

Incorporating "The Trustees of the Fund for Relief of Widows and Orphans of Deceased Clergymen, and of Aged, Infirm and Disabled Clergymen, of the Protestant-Episcopal Church in the United States of America."

Chapter 468

Incorporating "New York Sandy Hook Pilots' Charitable Fund."

Chapter 474

Act for protection of immigrants, second class, steerage and deck passengers in New York, Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, Buffalo, Dunkirk and Suspension Bridge, as to their transportation from said places.

See chap. 195, L. 1847; chap. 579, L. 1857; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Chapter 488

Moiety of penalty for illegal fishing in Lake Ontario in Jefferson county to go to overseers of the poor.

See chap. 627, L. 1857.

Chapter 489

Changing name of "Protestant Episcopal Mutual Benefit Society," incorporated by chapter 165, Laws 1851 (passed April 12th), to "Protestant Episcopal Brotherhood of New York," for aiding distressed members of the church generally.

Chapter 494

Repealing charter of Sailors and Boatmen's Friend Society, chapter 173, Laws 1835, and appointing trustees to wind up its affairs.

Act for more effectual support and relief of poor in Fulton county. Office of overseer of the poor abolished and his duties conferred on the supervisors of the respective towns of this county, who shall grant temporary relief. In case of absence of supervisor, a justice of the peace to act. Fees regulated. No county superintendent to be elected hereafter, but one superintendent shall be appointed by board of supervisors for one year. He shall be keeper of the poorhouse. Board shall also appoint two persons to visit poorhouse monthly.

See chap. 181, L. 1859; chap. 118, L. 1862; chap. 209, L. 1873; chap. 155, L. 1886.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT FOR THE MORE EFFECTUAL SUPPORT AND
RELIEF THE POOR IN THE COUNTY OF FULTON.

CHAPTER 497, LAWS OF 1855.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. The office of overseer of the poor is abolished in the county of Fulton, and in all the towns thereof, and the powers and duties of such overseers are hereby conferred on the supervisors of the respective towns.

§ 2. The supervisor of each town shall grant all temporary relief, and the same shall be a charge upon the town where the person relieved is a resident. In case of inability, absence, or vacancy in the office, the powers and duties shall be performed by the justice of the peace in such town having the shortest time to serve, and every such supervisor or justice shall receive for the services aforesaid, one dollar and fifty cents per day while actually employed, or twenty-five cents for each order, but in no case to exceed one dollar and fifty cents for all orders granted in one day.

§ 3. No superintendent of the poor shall hereafter be elected in said county. At the annual meeting of the board of supervisors in the fall of one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, one superintendent shall be appointed by said board, who shall hold his office for one year from the first of January following, and shall reside at the poor house, and be the keeper thereof. Said superintendent shall be subject to the direction of the board of supervisors. Whenever a vacancy occurs in the office of superintendent, the county judge, treasurer and clerk, shall appoint until the next annual meeting of the board of supervisors.

(1855)

§ 4. The board of supervisors shall designate two persons, whose duty it shall be to visit the poor house monthly, and examine into the condition of poor therein, and perform such other duties as the board shall prescribe and direct. Said visitors shall be appointed by ballot at the same time, and no ballot shall contain the name of more than one person, and the two persons having the greatest number of votes shall be declared appointed.

§ 5. This act shall take effect immediately.

Chapter 538

Annual Appropriation Act. Appropriates \$25,000 to the several hospitals of State outside of New York city, per chapter 410, Laws 1851; \$36,500 to New York Institution for the Deaf and Dumb; \$25,000 to Institution for the Blind in New York city; \$60, James Minor, annuity; \$300 to Levi S. Backus; \$1,000 for support and education of Indian youths on farms; \$8,000 for juvenile delinquents, New York city; \$20,000 for House of Refuge in Western New York; \$22,500 to New York Hospital; \$35,000 for incorporated orphan asylums of the State, except Leake and Watts, New York; \$1,000 each to New York, Northern, Eastern, Demilt and North-western Dispensaries, New York city, Brooklyn Dispensary and New York Eye and Ear Infirmary; \$500 each to Albany and Buffalo City Dispensaries; \$700 to Williamsburgh Dispensary, and \$7,366.69 for Indian annuities.

Chapter 539

Annual Supply Bill. Appropriates \$1,000 to New York Eye and Ear Infirmary for 1854; \$175 for support of Indian lunatic at State Asylum; \$1,000 to Ophthalmic Hospital, New York city; \$178 to Marshall Infirmary of Troy; \$26,750 to Institution for Deaf and Dumb, New York city; \$700 to Syracuse Home Association; \$7,000 to New York Institution for the Blind; \$35,000 to Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents, for building a female house of refuge; \$13,000 for State Idiot Asylum, and \$31,494.32 and \$6,144 to State Lunatic Asylum.

Act relating to steamboat excursions from New York city. Names and addresses of all passengers to be taken. Moiety of penalty for violation by master of boat to go to overseers of the poor.

See chap. 410, L. 1882.

Rochester city charter, chapter 248, Laws 1854 (passed April 15th), amended. \$11,000 to be raised by tax for 1855 for support and relief of the poor.

See chap. 262, L. 1850; chap. 143, L. 1861.

Incorporating the "Trustees of the Consumption Hospital," in the vicinity of New York city. Their property to be exempt from taxation.

Amending charter of United States Inebriate Asylum, chapter 243, Laws 1854. Institution empowered to retain all inebriates who enter for from three to six months.

See chap. 243, L. 1854; chap. 937, L. 1871.

Report of Secretary of State concerning poor statistics. ("Senate documents," Vol. III, No. 72.)

Report of select committee on resolution of Legislature of Rhode Island in relation to foreign poor. ("Assembly documents," Vol. V, No. 134.)

Adding Ophthalmic Hospital, the hospitals on Ward's Island, Bellevue Hospital and all other hospitals under the charge of the governors of the almshouse, New York city, to those enumerated in chapter 289, Laws 1840 (passed May 13th), to secure faithful expenditure of moneys raised for certain charitable institutions in first senate district.

Exempting property of St. Luke's Hospital, New York city, from taxation.

See chap. 64, L. 1851.

Amending charter of Brooklyn City Hospital, chapter 154, Laws 1845, as to election of trustees.

Confirming acts of Nathan Barrett as superintendent of the poor of Richmond county, notwithstanding his failure to file bond.

(1855)
Chapter 556

Chapter 568

Chapter 572

Chapter 576

79th session
1856
Chapter 4

Chapter 8

Chapter 14

Chapter 25

(1856)
Chapter 30

Charter of village of Hempstead, Queens county. One overseer of the poor to be elected annually, with like powers as overseers in towns.

See chap. 648, L. 1857; chap. 114, L. 1861.

Chapter 55

Reviving charter of Orphan Asylum Society of Utica, chapter 267, Laws 1830, and changing name to "The Utica Orphan Asylum."

See chap. 286, L. 1871.

Chapter 57

Amending charter of New York Juvenile Asylum, chapter 232, Laws 1851, and permitting board of supervisors of New York county to levy tax of \$20,000 for said asylum.

See chap. 43, L. 1858; chap. 309, L. 1861; chap. 245, L. 1866; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Chapter 60

Appropriation of \$1,500 to complete and furnish buildings of the Thomas Asylum for Orphans and Destitute Indian Children.

See chap. 233, L. 1855.

Chapter 83

Continuing charter of General Society of Mechanics and Tradesmen of City of New York, chapter 113, Laws 1811, to April, 1890.

See chap. 80, L. 1872.

Chapter 112

Creating board of auditors in town of Fishkill, Dutchess county, who shall meet annually to examine accounts of commissioners or overseers of the poor and other town officers, and shall publish lists of claims.

Chapter 118

Abolishing office of superintendent of the poor in Putnam county and authorizing supervisors to employ a keeper of county poorhouse and farm.

See chap. 498, L. 1847.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO ABOLISH THE OFFICE OF COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT OF THE POOR IN THE COUNTY OF PUTNAM, AND TO AUTHORIZE THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF SAID COUNTY TO EMPLOY A KEEPER OF THE COUNTY POOR HOUSE AND FARM.

(1856)

CHAPTER 118, LAWS OF 1856.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. The office of county superintendent of the poor of the county of Putnam is hereby abolished, and the provisions of the act passed December sixteenth, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, and all other acts inconsistent with this act, requiring the election of such officers so far as the same apply to the county of Putnam are hereby repealed.

§ 2. The board of supervisors of said county are hereby empowered and authorized to employ on such terms as said board shall deem proper, a keeper of the county poor house of said county, whose duty it shall be to take charge of and superintend the management of the poor house and farm of said county, under the control and direction of said board.

§ 3. This act shall take effect immediately.

Incorporating the "Buffalo Juvenile Asylum." May bind out children. Common council of Buffalo authorized to issue city bonds for \$45,000 in aid of said asylum and also pay from tax levy \$60 for each child from said city, or transferred from county poor house, per annum, for support.

Chapter 123

The Children's Aid and Reform Society of Buffalo may merge into this corporation.

See chap. 759, L. 1857.

Amending chapter 102, Laws 1854, in relation to support of poor in town of Newburgh, Orange county. Commissioners may erect cells in almshouse for imprisonment of vagrants at hard labor.

Chapter 132

Amending charter of city of Rochester. Common council to raise annually by tax \$12,000 for support and relief of the poor.

Chapter 137

See chap. 262, L. 1850; chap. 143, L. 1861.

Act relative to public health and quarantine regulations at port of New York and to the marine hospital. Parts of chapter 275, Laws 1850, and section

Chapter 147

- (1856) 17 of title 5 of chapter 5, part I, Revised Statutes, repealed.
 See chap. 592, L. 1865; chap. 537, L. 1881; chap. 593, L. 1886.
- Chapter 164 Amending charter of city of Utica. One overseer of the poor to be elected. Common council to borrow on city bonds \$4,000 to finish and furnish the city hospital.
 See chap. 184, L. 1849; chaps. 111 and 572, L. 1857; chap. 18, L. 1862.
- Chapter 170 Act to vest in boards of supervisors of Dutchess and Chemung counties power to contract with individuals for support of county poor and to sell poor-house buildings and farms, and to abolish office of superintendent of the poor in those counties.
- Chapter 176 Supervisors of New York county to raise by tax \$165,600 for buildings for almshouse department, and \$107,400 for deficiencies for that department for 1855, also \$10,000 for donations and claims.
- Chapter 181 Incorporating the "Fire Department of the Town of Morrisania," Westchester county, and providing for a charitable fund for relief of indigent or disabled firemen and their families.
 See chap. 86, L. 1864; chap. 478, L. 1870; chap. 613, L. 1873; chap. 329, L. 1874; chap. 537, L. 1881; chap. 593, L. 1886.
- Memorial of superintendents of the poor relative to pauperism and crime. ("Senate documents," Vol. I, No. 17.)
- Annual report of poor statistics by the Secretary of State. ("Assembly documents," Vol. V, No. 214.)
- 80th session 1857 Chapter 3 Annual Appropriation Act for 1856. Appropriates \$200 for support of lunatic Indian; \$500 for books for use of State prison convicts; \$22,500 for New York Hospital; \$38,000 for New York Institution for the Deaf and Dumb; \$25,000 for New York Institution for Blind; \$60 annuity to James Minor; \$300 to Levi S. Backus; \$22,400 to Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents, New York city; \$20,000 for House of Refuge of Western New York;

\$15,000 for State Asylum for Idiots; \$1,000 each to Northern Dispensary, Eastern Dispensary, Demilt Dispensary and Northwestern Dispensary, all in New York city; \$1,500 to New York Dispensary; \$500 each to Albany and Buffalo City Dispensaries; \$1,000 to Brooklyn Dispensary; \$700 to Williamsburgh Dispensary; \$1,000 to New York Eye and Ear Infirmary; \$35,000 for incorporated asylums in this State, except Leake and Watts; \$25,000 to hospitals outside of New York city, per chapter 410, Laws 1851, and \$7,366.69 for Indian annuities. (1857)

Incorporating "The Peter Cooper Union, for the Advancement of Science and Art" in New York city. The governors of the Society of the New York Hospital may appoint one trustee to fill vacancies in office of trustee No. 4. Chapter 31

See chap. 149, L. 1857; chap. 279, L. 1859.

Amending charter of Orphans' Home of the Protestant Episcopal Church in New York by increasing number of directors. Chapter 42

Vagrants in Washington county may be sentenced to imprisonment in county jail for six months at hard labor. Chapter 43

See chap. 152, L. 1844.

Act to relieve Seneca nation of Indians from certain taxes on Allegany and Cattaraugus reservations. Chapter 45

Charter of city of Utica amended. One overseer of poor to be elected. Chapter 50

See chap. 184, L. 1849; chap. 18, L. 1862.

Act in relation to orphan and destitute children. Superintendents and overseers of the poor in counties having no orphan asylums to contract with any other orphan asylums for care of children, but said asylums shall have no power to bind out said children. Chapter 159, Laws 1855, to apply to such children. Chapter 61

See chap. 438, L. 1884; 1 R. S., p. 1, T. 1, chap. 20.

(1857)

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT IN RELATION TO ORPHAN AND DESTITUTE CHILDREN.

CHAPTER 61, LAWS OF 1857.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. It shall be lawful for the superintendents of the poor, in counties in which there shall be no orphan asylum, and the overseers of the poor of towns in such counties, to place the children, chargeable to and supported at the expense of such counties or towns, in any incorporated orphan asylum in any county of the state, upon such terms as shall be agreed upon with the managers or trustees of said asylum, at the proper expense of the counties or towns to which they are properly chargeable.

§ 2. It shall be the duty of the managers of every orphan asylum or other institution authorized to receive and bind out orphan or destitute children, to provide and keep always open for the inspection of all desiring to examine it, a book, in which shall be registered the names, age and parentage, as near as the same can be ascertained, of all children committed to their care or received into such institution, in which book or register shall also be written the time such child left the institution, and if bound out or otherwise, placed out at service, or on trial, the name and occupation of the person with whom it is so placed and his or her place of residence. The managers shall have no power to bind out any person mentioned in the first section.

§ 3. All the provisions of chapter one hundred and fifty-nine of the laws of eighteen hundred and fifty-five, shall apply to the children provided for in this act.

Chapter 62

Amending charter of city of Rochester. One overseer of the poor to be appointed and keeper of almshouse.

See chap. 262, L. 1850; chaps. 128 and 289, L. 1857; chap. 143, L. 1861.

Chapter 63

Charter of Syracuse amended. Two overseers of the poor to be elected, with powers of overseers of towns.

See chap. 28, L. 1854; chap. 26, L. 1885.

Chapter 64

Appropriations for certain state and charitable institutions. \$10,600 to Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents on Randall's Island; \$31,750 to Institution for Deaf and Dumb, New York city; \$10,000 to Nursery for Children of Poor Women in New York

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city; \$10,000 to Woman's Hospital, New York city; \$1,500 to Graham Institute of city of Brooklyn, for support of indigent and respectable aged females; \$300 to Albany Eye and Ear Infirmary; \$10,000 to Buffalo General Hospital; \$227.60 to Cayuga Asylum for Destitute Children; \$500 to Poughkeepsie Female Guardian Society; \$700 to Syracuse Home Association; \$1,000 to Marshall Infirmary of Troy; \$1,000 to Home of the Friendless in city of Albany; \$1,000 to Ophthalmic Hospital, New York city; \$10,000 to Idiot Asylum at Syracuse; \$14,789.31 to Western House of Refuge for Juvenile Delinquents; \$10,000 to American Female Guardian Society, New York city, for their "Home of the Friendless;" \$58,000 to State Lunatic Asylum at Utica, and \$500 to New York Hospital; which sums, when accepted by said corporations, shall constitute a lien upon and continue and remain, together with all subsequent appropriations therefor, a charge upon the real and personal estates of said corporations, other than such as are now held and owned by the State in whole or in part or by any municipal corporations of the State—to be enforced and collected whenever in the opinion of the Legislature the interest of the State or the protection of the charities embraced with such institutions respectively may render it necessary, or to be released at option of the State.

See chap. 264, L. 1817; chap. 190, L. 1869; chap. 787, L. 1857.

Supervisors of New York county to raise \$843,800 for almshouse, \$15,000 for donations and \$8,000 for Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents.

Chapter 66

Schenectady charter, chapter 37, Laws 1851, amended. Common council to raise annually by tax \$17,000 for defraying the expenses of the poor and other charges.

Chapter 67

See chap. 293, L. 1833; chap. 385, L. 1862.

Act for removal of quarantine station and \$150,000 appropriated therefor, to be repaid by sale of lands in town of Castleton, Staten Island.

Chapter 68

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Chapter 70

Changing name of The Nursery for the Children of Poor Women to "The Nursery and Child's Hospital" and giving it power to hold property.

See chap. 650, L. 1866; chap. 163, L. 1871; chap. 50, L. 1881.

Chapter 71

Authorizing board of supervisors of Kings county to borrow \$25,000 to complete county penitentiary.

See chap. 350, L. 1851.

Chapter 89

Act for better support of poor in town of Fishkill, Dutchess county. Office of overseer of the poor abolished and five commissioners for support of poor to be elected, who shall each receive \$25 per annum for their services. Their duties enumerated.

See chap. 186, L. 1882; chap. 145, L. 1883; chap. 22, L. 1890.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT FOR THE BETTER SUPPORT OF THE POOR
IN THE TOWN OF FISHKILL, IN THE COUNTY OF
DUTCHESS.

CHAPTER 89, LAWS OF 1857.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. The office of overseer of the poor, in the town of Fishkill, county of Dutchess, is hereby abolished. There shall be five commissioners for the support of the poor in said town, who shall have and possess all the powers and authority now vested by law in the overseers of poor in towns, or which may hereafter be vested in them; and they shall perform all the duties required by the same, and shall be elected in the following manner, viz: At the annual town meeting in said town in the spring of eighteen hundred and fifty-eight, and at every subsequent annual town meeting in said town, each elector of said town may, on a separate ballot endorsed "Commissioners of the poor," vote for five persons, who shall be electors and residents of said town, to be deposited in a separate box, to be provided by the canvassers of such election; and the said canvassers shall select from the persons so voted for, one person in each election district, who shall have received a larger number of votes for such commissioner than any other resident of the same election district; and the five persons so elected shall be declared by said canvassers, commissioners of the poor of the town of Fishkill for the ensuing year. And until such election, as provided above, Isaac Brinckerhoff, Henry Churchill, Levi L. Van Kleeck, Theodore V. W. Anthony and William Seward, shall be such commissioners.

§ 2. The said commissioners shall, on the last Thursday preceding the annual meeting of the board of supervisors of the

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county of Dutchess, submit to the board of auditors of the town of Fishkill, a report, containing an exact and accurate account of all moneys received by them, and the sources from which such moneys were received during the preceding year; an exact and accurate account of all their expenditures, and of all debts incurred by them which are unpaid for the same period of time, and the objects for which such debts were incurred, and to what such expenditures were applied, together with the names of the persons to whom they were paid for the same period of time, the number and names of those provided with permanent relief, the number and names of those provided with temporary relief; which said report shall be signed by the said commissioners for the support of the poor, filed in the office of the town clerk of such town, and published in the papers printed, or in circulars, or both.

§ 3. The said commissioners shall also, on the last Thursday preceding the annual meeting of the board of supervisors of the county of Dutchess, furnish the supervisor of the town of Fishkill with a written estimate, to be signed by them, of the amount of moneys that, in their judgment, will be required for the support of the poor of said town; said estimate shall, by the said supervisor, be laid before the board of supervisors of the county of Dutchess, at their next annual meeting, who shall cause the moneys in such estimate mentioned, to be levied and collected in the said town, at the same time, and in the same manner as the other taxes are levied and collected; and they shall, also, by their warrant, direct and require the collector to pay the same over to the supervisor of the said town, who shall distribute the same between the several said commissioners, according to the need of each district, to be applied by them to the relief and support of the poor, in the manner herein directed.

§ 4. They shall also have and possess the following power: to visit the poor of said town (each in his own election district,) inquire and examine into their circumstances, the places of their former residences, their employments, and the causes of their poverty; and the commissioners, or any of them, may direct either permanent or temporary relief to such poor persons, under such rules and regulations as they may from time to time adopt, in conformity to existing statutes on the subject; and a majority of said commissioners may fill all vacancies that may occur in their number.

§ 5. It shall not be lawful for the said commissioners, for the support of the poor, to be concerned or interested, directly or indirectly, in the sale of any goods, merchandise, or other personal property found, furnished or provided for the use of the poor of the town of Fishkill; nor shall such commissioners, or either of them, take or receive any profit, emolument or reward for, or on account of any goods, merchandise, or personal property found, furnished or provided by any person or persons other than such commissioners, for the use of the poor

- (1857) of said town. Every violation of the provisions of this section, shall be deemed a misdemeanor, punishable by fine and imprisonment.
- § 6. The said commissioners shall each receive for their services the sum of twenty-five dollars per annum, for any and all services they may render under the provisions of this act, and shall receive no other fees, compensation or emolument whatever.
- § 7. The supervisor of said town shall cause this act to be publicly posted, in printed handbills, in at least ten different places in said town.
- § 8. This act shall take effect immediately.
- Chapter 100 Act to prevent animals from running at large in town of White Plains, Westchester county. Proceeds of sale of impounded animals, after payment of fees of poundmaster and expenses of sale, to be paid to overseers of the poor in case owner does not claim same within six months.
See chap. 351, L. 1866.
- Chapter 141 Incorporating the "Turnverein, in the City of New York," an educational and charitable society.
See chap. 22, L. 1871.
- Chapter 166 Act annexing town of Ossian, Allegany county, to Livingston county. Paupers belonging to said town to be removed from Allegany county poorhouse to Livingston county by superintendents of poor of latter county.
See chaps. 63 and 64, L. 1788; R. S., p. 1, chap. 2, T. 4, § 53.
- Chapter 167 Penalty upon non-residents of town of Islip, Suffolk county, for taking shell fish from any part of Great South bay, in said town, for sale out of said town, to go to overseers of the poor of said town.
See chap. 549, L. 1874.
- Chapter 180 Supply bill for 1856. Appropriates \$3,000 to E. W. Leavenworth for land bought of him by trustees of State Asylum for Idiots.
- Chapter 181 Suffolk, Kings and Queens county highway law, chapter 56, Laws 1830 (passed February 23d), amended. Paupers, idiots and lunatics not liable to one day's assessment for highway labor.
See chap. 56, L. 1830; chap. 422, L. 1860; chap. 514, L. 1864; chap. 593, L. 1866.

Amending charter of United States Inebriate Asylum, chapter 243, Laws 1854, as amended by chapter 576, Laws 1855. Name changed to "New York State Inebriate Asylum." Poor and destitute inebriates to be employed at some useful labor for their support.

See chap. 935, L. 1871.

Conferring power upon trustees of Rochester Home for the Friendless to bind out children.

See chap. 312, L. 1858.

Amending charter of Syracuse Orphan Asylum (now called "Onondaga County Orphan Asylum"), chapter 183, Laws 1845, by permitting it to hold real estate to amount of \$50,000 and personal property to amount of \$75,000.

Act to regulate the business of purchasing rags, rope and metals in city of Albany. All moneys received for licenses and penalties shall go to support of poor of said city.

See chap. 275, L. 1842; chap. 77, L. 1870.

Providing for appointment of agent of Onondaga Indians to distribute annuities.

See chap. 92, R. L. 1813; chap. 73, L. 1858; chaps. 677 and 679, L. 1892.

Amending charter of Trustees of the Episcopal Fund of the Diocese of New York, chapter 307, Laws 1845, by enabling them to hold real estate not exceeding yearly value or income of \$15,000.

Amending charter of American Female Guardian Society of New York city, chapter 244, Laws 1849, regarding commitments of vagrant children. Society may bind out children.

See chap. 105, L. 1878; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Rochester City Hospital may acquire title to lands in Western cemetery, Rochester, and remove bodies.

See chap. 233, L. 1847.

Charter of village of Le Roy, Genesee county, consolidated. Trustees empowered to remit poll taxes

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Chapter 186

Chapter 187

Chapter 193

Chapter 233

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Chapter 250

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and judgments against indigent persons who are sick, lame or infirm.

See chap. 91, L. 1869; chap. 390, L. 1873; chap. 175, L. 1874; chap. 276, L. 1880; chap. 166, L. 1883; chap. 339, L. 1889; chap. 70, L. 1892.

Chapter 253

Incorporating "The Trustees of the New York Universalist Relief Fund" of this State.

Chapter 290

Moiety of penalties for taking trout in any of the inland public waters of this State, other than by hook and line, to go to use of poor.

See chap. 511, L. 1859.

Chapter 297

Managers of the Society for the Relief of Destitute Children of Seamen may bind out children.

See chap. 296, L. 1851.

Chapter 302

Amending act for incorporation of benevolent, charitable, etc., societies, chapter 319, Laws 1848, as amended by chapter 273, Laws 1849 (passed April 7).

See chap. 239, L. 1861.

Chapter 303

Modifying exemption laws on judgments rendered for a claim accruing for work performed in a family as a domestic. In such case there shall be no exemption to amount of \$50.

See chap. 107, L. 1858; chap. 157, L. 1842.

Chapter 304

Incorporating "The Brooklyn Eastern District Fire Department" and providing for a "firemen's benevolent fund."

See chap. 384, L. 1854; chap. 478, L. 1859; chap. 249, L. 1865; chap. 593, L. 1886.

Chapter 352

The Sisters of Charity of St. Vincent de Paul, incorporated by chapter 319, Laws 1848, authorized to erect and maintain a hospital in New York city and hold real estate of value of \$300,000.

Chapter 385

Amending charter of De Veaux College for Orphan and Destitute Children, chapter 243, Laws 1853. May bind out children.

Chapter 406

Incorporating the "American Emigrant Aid and Homestead Company" capital stock \$200,000.

Chapter 410

Incorporating the "Provident Fund Society," of New York city.

See chap. 229, L. 1858; chap. 840, L. 1867.

Act for better regulation of Buffalo Fire Department. Penalty for impersonating a fireman to go to Buffalo Firemen's Benevolent Association.

See chap. 230, L. 1853; chap. 519, L. 1870; chap. 593, L. 1886.

(1857)
Chapter 437

Amending charter of city of New York. Section 25 provides for continuance of the executive department known as the "almshouse department," the chief officers thereof being called "governors of the almshouse." They shall submit estimates for appropriations to board of apportionment. They shall not be interested in any city contracts, etc. (Section 28.) Shall hold office for 2 years. (Section 21.) (Section 54 repeals several former acts.)

Chapter 446

See chap. 510, L. 1860; chap. 137, L. 1870; chap. 335, L. 1873; chap. 537, L. 1881; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Animals straying upon highways in Westchester county may be impounded and in case owner fails to claim balance of proceeds of sale within 6 months, same shall be paid to overseers of the poor.

See chap. 920, L. 1867.

Chapter 447

Incorporating the "Industrial School of Rochester" for poor and destitute children.

See chap. 290, L. 1886.

Chapter 457

Act relating to purchase of supplies for support of poor and other inmates of public institutions in Kings county. Board of supervisors to make rules and appoint a store keeper and assistants and may borrow money to make such purchases. Supervisors, superintendent of poor, store keepers and others not to be interested in such contracts.

See chap. 391, L. 1869.

Chapter 511

Penalties for illegal fishing in Crooked lake to be sued for by superintendents of the poor.

See chap. 163, L. 1858; chap. 285, L. 1859; chap. 54, L. 1860; chaps. 335 and 474, L. 1862.

Chapter 514

Chaplains of Marine Hospital on Staten Island to receive \$600 each annual compensation.

See chap. 69, L. 1814.

Chapter 515

(1857)
Chapter 537

Charter of village of Homer, Cortland county, revised. Trustees empowered to remit poll taxes and discharge judgments against indigent persons who are sick, lame or infirm.

See chap. 290, L. 1835; chap. 283, L. 1866; chap. 318, L. 1883.

Chapter 541

Annual Appropriations for 1857. Appropriates \$200 for support of Mark Jack, lunatic Indian; \$22,500 for New York Hospital; \$38,000 for New York Institution for Deaf and Dumb; \$32,400 for New York Institution for Blind; \$60 annuity to James Minor; \$20,000 for House of Refuge, Western New York; \$22,400 to Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents, New York city; \$15,000 for State Asylum for Idiots; \$1,500 to New York Dispensary; \$1,000 each to Northern, Eastern, Demilt and Northwestern Dispensaries in New York City and to New York Infirmary for Women and Children; \$500 each to Albany Dispensary and to Albany Eye and Ear Infirmary and Dispensary; \$1,000 each to Buffalo City and Brooklyn Dispensaries; \$700 to Williamsburgh Dispensary; \$1,000 to New York Eye and Ear Infirmary; \$500 each to Poughkeepsie Female Guardian Society, Albany Home of the Friendless and Rochester Home of the Friendless; \$1,000 to Syracuse Home Association; \$35,000 for incorporated orphan asylums in State (except Leake and Watts); \$1,000 to Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children; \$25,000 for hospitals outside of New York city but including the Woman's Hospital in said city, under chapter 410, Laws 1851, and \$7,366.69 for payment of annuities to Indians.

Chapter 545

Authorizing auditors of town of Henrietta, Monroe county, to audit claim of committee of Jabez Armstrong, an habitual drunkard, appointed on application of overseers of the poor of said town.

Hudson city charter amended. Two overseers of the poor to be elected who shall perform such duties as shall be imposed upon them by common council.

(1857)
Chapter 559

The general statutory provisions relating to overseers of the poor shall not apply to overseers in city of Hudson.

Penalties under section 34 of charter amended shall be paid into city treasury.

See chap. 179, L. 1854; chap. 6, L. 1858; chap. 468, L. 1872.

Act confirming election of Anson Congdon and Rodman Freeborn as superintendents of the poor of Allegany county in 1856.

Chapter 563

Act establishing a metropolitan police district in New York, Kings, Westchester and Richmond counties.

Chapter 569

Penalties for liquor selling on Sunday to go to benefit of police contingent fund hereby authorized.

See chap. 403, L. 1864.

Appropriation of \$501 each to Clarkson F. Crosby, James C. Hopkins, Theodore Stuyvesant, Hezekiah Baker and David O'Keefe, Jr., for their services in January and February, 1856, and expenses in collecting statistics in regard to mode of procedure in criminal courts, penitentiaries, almshouses, etc., of New York and Brooklyn cities and report to Legislature.

Chapter 570

Amending chapter 219, Laws 1848, and chapter 474, Laws 1855, for protection of emigrants.

Chapter 579

See chap. 195, L. 1847; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Act to prevent animals from running at large in town of Yonkers, Westchester county. Proceeds of sales of impounded animals, after payment of fees and expenses, if not claimed by owners within 6 months, to go to overseers of the poor.

Chapter 582

See chap. 331, L. 1855.

Carthage, Jefferson county, village charter revision.

Chapter 584

Paupers, idiots and lunatics to be exempt from highway poll tax.

See chap. 283, L. 1841; chap. 425, L. 1866.

(1857)
Chapter 588

Incorporating "The Brooklyn Industrial School Association, and Home for Destitute Children." May bind out children.

Chapter 614

Amending act for benefit of Indians, chapter 420, Laws 1849.

See chap. 679, L. 1892.

Chapter 621

Skaneateles (Onondaga county) village charter revision.

Paupers, idiots and lunatics exempt from poll tax.

Chapter 628

Act to suppress intemperance and to regulate the sale of intoxicating liquors. Certain penalties for violation of this State excise law to go to use of poor. Title 9 of chapter 20, Part I, Revised Statutes, and chapter 231, Laws 1855, repealed.

See chap. 143, L. 1858; chaps. 280 and 362, L. 1859; chap. 274, L. 1860; chap. 161, L. 1862; chaps. 286 and 308, L. 1863; chap. 427, L. 1865; chap. 436, L. 1866; chaps. 232, 413 and 927, L. 1867; chap. 856, L. 1869; chap. 175, L. 1870; chap. 332, L. 1871; chap. 143, L. 1872; chaps. 549 and 646, L. 1873; chaps. 327 and 444, L. 1874; chaps. 419 and 420, L. 1877; chap. 109, L. 1878; chap. 429, L. 1880; chap. 340, L. 1883; chap. 30, L. 1884; chap. 444, L. 1885; chap. 679, L. 1887; chaps. 265, 401 and 677, L. 1892.

Chapter 648

Amending section 3 of chapter 30, Laws 1856, relating to village of Hempstead, Queens county, by substituting "overseers of poor" for "supervisor" in certain places.

Chapter 651

Amending constitution of the Jews' Hospital, in New York.

Chapter 673

Appropriating \$30,000 for loan to Commissioners of Emigration for support of Ward's Island Institution and Marine Hospital, to be repaid from commutation funds.

Chapter 732

Moiety of penalties for illegal fishing in Oneida lake and its tributaries to go to superintendent of the poor.

See chap. 464, L. 1859; chap. 214, L. 1861.

Chapter 759

Amending charter of Buffalo Juvenile Asylum, chapter 123, Laws 1856. Board of supervisors of Erie county to convey 10 acres of poorhouse farm to said asylum or equivalent in money.

Act establishing fire limits in eastern district of city of Brooklyn. All fines and penalties under this act to be sued for by fire department of eastern district of Brooklyn and for use of their fund.

(1857)
Chapter 768

See chap. 332, L. 1855; chap. 472, L. 1860.

Appropriates \$4,000 for support of schools for Indian children; \$750 for expenses, for 1856 and 1857, of commissioners to supervise certain charitable institutions under chapter 289, Laws 1840, and reappropriates \$50,000 for temporary hospital for yellow fever patients upon removal of quarantine station.

Chapter 784

Appropriations for 1857 to certain State and charitable institutions, viz.: \$15,000 additional to Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents, Randall's Island; \$3,000 to Asylum for Idiots at Syracuse; \$29,000 to New York Institution for Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, to complete their buildings, upon the conveyance by the directors of all their real estate to the State, and \$1,000 for expenses of three commissioners to be appointed by Governor to examine affairs of said institution and report to Legislature with advice as to best method to be adopted by State for its government; \$1,000 for Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children; \$1,500 for Troy Hospital for pesthouse; \$1,500 for Albany Hospital for smallpox hospital; \$2,000 each to Marshall Infirmary of Troy and to Albany Lunatic Asylum, provided said institutions receive twelve pauper lunatics from Rensselaer and Albany counties; \$500 to Life-Saving Benevolent Association of New York for medals for life saving; \$1,000 to Ophthalmic Hospital of New York city; \$500 each to Brooklyn Central Dispensary and Brooklyn Homeopathic Dispensary; \$1,500 to Buffalo Asylum for Widows and Lying-in Women and Foundlings, and \$1,500 to St. Joseph's Male Orphan Asylum in City of Buffalo.

Chapter 787

(1857)
Chapter 801

Incorporating "Woman's Hospital of the State of New York" in New York city and to enable the trustees of the Lying-in Hospital of city of New York, incorporated March 1, 1799, to appropriate its funds to Woman's Hospital.

See chap. 119, L. 1858; chap. 343, L. 1855; chap. 147, L. 1888.

Report of select committee appointed by the Senate under a resolution adopted February 7, 1856, to visit after the adjournment of the Legislature all charitable institutions supported or assisted by the State and all city and county jails, and to examine into the condition of the said establishments, their receipts and expenditures, their methods of instruction, and the government, treatment and management of the inmates, the conduct of the trustees, directors and other officers of the same, and all other matters pertaining to their usefulness and good government ("Senate documents," Vol. I, No. 8. This is republished in Vol. I of the Board's 37th annual report, to the Legislature of 1904.)

Concurrent resolution, Jan. 16, 1857. That 5,000 extra copies of the report of the select committee of the Senate for visitation of the county poorhouses, jails and penitentiaries, be printed and distributed.

81st session
1858

Report concerning poor statistics. ("Senate documents," Vol. IV, No. 131.)

Chapter 6

Two overseers of the poor of the city of Hudson to be elected for terms of one year.

See chap. 179, L. 1854; chap. 468, L. 1872.

Chapter 19

Incorporating "Long Island College Hospital of the City of Brooklyn."

See chap. 181, L. 1862; chap. 458, L. 1864; chap. 954, L. 1867; chap. 135, L. 1879; chap. 324, L. 1885.

Chapter 21

Amending charter of Orphans' Home of Protestant Episcopal Church, New York city.

See chap. 319, L. 1848.

Chapter 23

Appropriating \$68,742 to repair State Lunatic Asylum, destroyed by fire in July, 1857.

Allowing New York Northern, Eastern, Demilt and Northwestern Dispensaries, New York city, to change times of annual meetings. (1853)
Chapter 30

Board of supervisors, New York county, shall annually levy tax for New York Juvenile Asylum to pay \$75 for each child committed from New York city, and permitting said board to raise \$20,000 by tax to buy land for said asylum. Chapter 43

See chap. 332, L. 1851; chap. 309, L. 1861; chap. 245, L. 1866; chap. 588, L. 1873; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Amending charter of St. Andrew's Society of city of Albany, chapter 174, Laws 1821. Chapter 53

Incorporating "The Fire Department of the village of Rondout," Ulster county, with relief fund. Chapter 63

See chap. 199, L. 1899; chap. 325, L. 1879.

Fixing salary of agent for taking census of and paying annuities to Onondaga Indians on Allegany and other reservations at \$150 annually. Chapter 73

See chap. 233, L. 1857; chap. 679, L. 1892.

Amending charter of city of Poughkeepsie, chapter 90, Laws 1854, and chapter 358, Laws 1855. Overseer of the poor to report quarterly to common council of moneys received and paid out and shall contract with reliable physician to attend city paupers for one year. Chapter 82

See chap. 151, L. 1859; chap. 193, L. 1860; chap. 453, L. 1869.

In Seneca county hereafter there shall be only one overseer in each town, who shall hold office two years. Chapter 96

Amending charter of Brooklyn City Hospital, chapter 154, Laws 1845. Chapter 116

Amending charter of State Woman's Hospital, chapter 801, Laws 1857. Chapter 119

Amending act for support of poor in Jefferson county, chapter 242, Laws 1852. There shall be but one overseer in each town hereafter, who shall act in conjunction with supervisor, except in town of Watertown, in granting temporary relief. Chapter 122

See chap. 573, L. 1865.

(1858)
Chapter 124

Act in relation to election of superintendents of the poor in Kings county. County divided into 5 districts, from each of which a superintendent shall be elected.

See chap. 498, L. 1847; chap. 446, L. 1862.

Chapter 156

Act relating to superintendents of poor in Queens county, who shall report statistics and their accounts quarterly to board of supervisors, who shall meet to examine and audit.

See chap. 350, L. 1860.

Chapter 186

Supervisors of Oswego county may raise \$1,000 annually by tax for Oswego Orphan Asylum.

Chapter 200

Extending charter of firemen of the city of New York, chapter 40, Laws 1798, to May 1, 1880.

Chapter 206

Agent of Onondaga Indians and supervisor of town of Onondaga may employ physician for said Indians and the Legislature shall annually appropriate \$300 for that purpose, and supervisors of Onondaga county may also appropriate money from certain Indian funds therefor.

See chap. 92, R. L. 1813; chap. 134, L. 1861.

Chapter 217

Amending poor laws of Oneida county to enable superintendents of poor to establish a provision depot in Utica.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT AMENDING THE POOR LAWS OF ONEIDA COUNTY, TO ENABLE THE SUPERINTENDENTS OF THE POOR TO ESTABLISH A STORE OR PROVISION DEPOT IN THE CITY OF UTICA.

CHAPTER 217, LAWS OF 1858.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. The superintendents of the poor of Oneida county shall have power, and are hereby authorized, from time to time, to purchase and procure, in anticipation, and to keep on hand such articles of provision, fuel, articles or things as they may deem advisable, for the purpose of supplying and affording relief to such poor persons or paupers, who, through sickness or disability, are by law entitled thereto; also to hire a store, place or depot for such purpose, and if necessary, to employ

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a suitable agent or agents to take charge thereof, and apply in a due and prudent manner such relief, on the written orders of the overseers of the poor of said city, as hereinafter provided, under such restrictions and regulations as the superintendents shall or may legally prescribe. The amount paid by said superintendents for the use of storehouse and for the service of said agent or agents, shall not exceed six hundred dollars in any one year; and no intoxicating liquors of any kind whatsoever, shall be purchased by said superintendents, for, or kept at said store, place or depot.

§ 2. Whenever the superintendents of the poor shall decide to establish such store or depot, they shall be lawfully authorized, and it is hereby made their duty, to make all such purchases in the name of the said county of Oneida, in a prudent and economical manner, and when so procured they shall be deposited in such place, store or depot, as shall have been by them provided, to be, by their agent or agents, delivered to such poor or pauper persons, on order of the overseer of the poor, at the wholesale or cost price of such provisions, fuel, articles or things; they are also required, and it is hereby made their duty, to keep or cause to be kept, a true and accurate account of all provisions, fuel, articles or things, by them purchased as aforesaid, together with the wholesale or cost prices thereof, and of all moneys drawn, used or expended for the same, and make report thereof to the board of supervisors of said county, within five days after the commencement of each annual session of said board of supervisors, giving an account of all services rendered, and supplies furnished; stating the time and nature of such services, the amount, quantity and quality of the articles furnished, to whom and the time when delivered, and the cost thereof, duly verified by the oath of such superintendents of the poor, and of their agent or agents; and no accounts by them rendered shall be audited or allowed by the board of supervisors for any supplies claimed to have been purchased or distributed, or for any services rendered, unless the same shall be made out in items, with dates, stating the time, the quantity and quality of the articles furnished and distributed; the wholesale or cost price thereof, together with the character and amount of services for which such charge is made; and then, not unless accompanied with an affidavit duly executed and sworn by the superintendent of the poor, and of their agents; that they have not either directly or indirectly, individually or collectively, been interested in any supplies furnished or distributed by them, or any of them, and they have not received any money, promises or gifts, from any person or persons, from whom or through whom such provisions, fuel, articles or things, shall or may have been purchased or procured. And the said superintendents, at the time of making said reports, shall submit to said board of supervisors, all orders upon which provisions, fuel or other articles or things, have been delivered under this act.

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§ 3. The agent or agents of the superintendents of the poor, shall keep a book in which shall be entered the quality and quantity, together with the wholesale or cost price of each article purchased; they are also required to keep an account, in items, of all provisions, articles or things, by them delivered; and to whom, on the order of the overseer of the poor, and render a just and true account thereof to the superintendents of the poor, when so required.

§ 4. It shall be lawful for the superintendents of the poor, or their agent or agents, to dispose of, on their own order, or to sell any of the provisions, fuel, articles or things, that shall or may be purchased pursuant to the requirements of this act, to any private person or persons, employees, societies or others, except upon an order duly issued by the overseer of the poor; and no order shall be by him granted or issued; unless for the relief of the person or persons therein named.

§ 5. It shall be lawful for the overseer of the poor of the city of Utica, in said county, under the directions of the said superintendents, to give temporary relief by giving orders upon such articles and things as may be thus procured by said superintendents; and all orders for temporary relief given by said overseer, shall be truly dated, and shall specify the person in whose favor given, the articles and things to be delivered on the order, and the quantity of each article or things, and the total amount in dollars and cents, and shall be drawn upon the articles and things thus provided by the said superintendents, and on such place or places so provided as the said superintendents shall from time to time designate.

§ 6. After said superintendents have established such depot, and while it shall be continued, it shall not be lawful for the overseer of the poor of the city of Utica to draw any order for temporary relief on any other store or stores, but if the said superintendents of the poor shall fail to cause any provisions, articles or things, delivered on the orders of said overseer to be delivered at the cost or wholesale prices thereof, then the said overseer may apply to the first judge of the county of Oneida for an order to be directed to said superintendents, requiring them to show cause before him, at court or at chambers, on not more than five nor less than three days notice, why said provisions, articles or things, should not be delivered at the cost or wholesale price thereof. And for this purpose the said county judge shall have jurisdiction and full power and authority to hear and determine said matter, and to enforce his decision by mandamus, and by fine not exceeding ten dollars for each offence.

§ 7. The overseers of the poor of said city shall keep a book to be provided by the superintendents of the poor, in which he shall enter the name of every person for whose relief he shall issue his order as aforesaid, the date of each application, the age, nativity and probable cause of pauperism of such applicant, and the amount of relief granted to each. Such order,

when issued, shall contain the date, the amount for which drawn, the name of the person relieved and shall designate whether for provisions, fuel, or such other articles as the necessities of the applicant may require. He shall also enter the same upon the stub or margin of such order remaining in his book, which he shall retain in his possession, and deliver to the clerk of the board of supervisors when so required.

(1853)

§ 8. The superintendents of the poor of said county are hereby authorized to make and ordain such rules and by-laws as they may think necessary for the purpose of regulating and carrying into effect the powers granted to them under the provisions of this act. The superintendents shall audit all accounts of such articles and things bought by them by virtue and in pursuance of this act, from time to time, as they audit all accounts for articles and things bought for the poor house, and shall draw orders on the county treasurer to pay therefor.

§ 9. All provisions of law inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

§ 10. This act shall take effect immediately.

Amending charter of Provident Fund Society of New York City, chapter 410, Laws 1857.

Chapter 229

Act relating to auditing of poor expenses and purchase of supplies in Cayuga county.

Chapter 233

See chap. 273, L. 1869; chap. 605, L. 1872.

Act requiring county charges for maintaining the poor in Chemung county to be audited by board of supervisors.

Chapter 250

Incorporating the "Turnverein, of the City of Brooklyn," eastern district.

Chapter 265

See chap. 46, L. 1868; chap. 202, L. 1888.

Changing name of "The Fire Department of the city of Utica" to "The Firemen's Benevolent Association of the city of Utica."

Chapter 302

See chap. 138, L. 1852.

Board of supervisors of New York county to raise by tax \$605,000 for almshouse, \$15,000 for donations, \$8,000 for Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents, and \$100,000 for hospital building on Blackwell's Island.

Chapter 305

Authorizing Rochester Home for the Friendless to bind out children.

Chapter 312

(1858)
Chapter 323

Amending act relating to moneys levied on masters of vessels arriving at New York and disposal thereof by Trustees of Seamen's Fund and Retreat, chapter 199, Laws 1854, as to amount of hospital moneys.

See chap. 234, L. 1831.

Chapter 324

Authorizing New York city to convey land on 49th and 50th streets and 4th and Lexington avenues, New York, to New York State Woman's Hospital for \$1.

See chap. 249, L. 1891.

Chapter 328

Appropriates \$300 to Levi S. Backus for newspaper for deaf and dumb persons and \$7,500 to furnish State Asylum for Idiots.

Chapter 333

Annual Appropriation Act. Appropriates \$200 for support of insane Indian Mark Jack; \$20,000 for New York Hospital; \$33,000 for New York Institution for Deaf and Dumb; \$27,000 for New York Institution for the Blind; \$25,000 for House of Refuge of Western New York; \$15,000 for Idiot Asylum; \$24,000 for Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents; \$60 annuity to James Minor; \$300 to Levi S. Backus; \$30,000 for incorporated orphan asylums (except Leake and Watts); \$15,000 for hospitals outside of New York city, but including the Woman's Hospital therein; \$1,000 to Buffalo Asylum for Widows and Lying-in Women and Foundlings; \$1,000 for Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children; \$1,000 for New York Eye and Ear Infirmary; \$500 for Albany Eye and Ear Infirmary; \$1,000 for New York Dispensary; \$750 each for Northern, Eastern, Demilt and Northwestern Dispensaries and New York Infirmary for Women and Children, all in New York city; \$750 for Buffalo City Dispensary; \$575 each for Brooklyn Dispensary and Brooklyn Central Dispensary; \$500 for Williamsburgh Dispensary; \$400 for Albany Dispensary, and \$7,366.69 for Indian annuities.

Act for protection and civilization of St. Regis Indians. Commissioner to be appointed to distribute annuities.

(1858)
Chapter 363

See chap. 92, R. L. 1813; chap. 364, L. 1859; chap. 325, L. 1861.

Annual report on poor statistics. ("Assembly documents," Vol. I, No. 10.)

Act relating to Oneida county poorhouse. Present farm near Rome may be sold by board of supervisors and another purchased.

82d Session
1859
Chapter 6

Whitesborough village, Oneida county, charter amended. Paupers, idiots and lunatics exempt from poll tax.

Chapter 10

See chap. 566, L. 1890; chap. 687, L. 1892.

Authorizing board of supervisors of Clinton county to sell present poorhouse farm and acquire another.

Chapter 24

Extending charter of fire department of city of Albany, chapter 20, Laws 1844, to May 1, 1880.

Chapter 27

See chap. 77, L. 1870.

Charter of village of Moravia, Cayuga county. Paupers, idiots, lunatics and persons whom trustees of village of Moravia, Cayuga county, may exempt by reason of indigence, not assessable for poll tax.

Chapter 44

Amending charter of Troy Orphan Asylum, chapter 61, Laws 1835.

Chapter 47

Peekskill village, Westchester county, charter consolidation. Trustees may remit poll taxes and discharge judgments against indigent persons who are sick, lame or infirm.

Chapter 62

Canton, St. Lawrence county, village charter amended. Paupers, idiots and lunatics in the village of Canton, St. Lawrence county, exempt from poll tax.

Chapter 70

See chap. 545, L. 1865; chap. 159, L. 1872.

Amending chapter 372, Laws 1849, regulating the sale of keg oysters. Moiety of penalties for selling unmarked packages of oysters to go to superintendents or overseers of the poor or in New York city to the governors of the almshouse.

Chapter 72

(1859)
Chapter 118

Legalizing resolution of the common council of New York city, which directs lease by city for 20 years of block of ground bounded by 48th and 49th streets and 4th and Lexington avenues, New York city, for yearly rent of \$1 to the Orphans' Home.

Chapter 129

Providing that the Superintendent of Public Instruction shall be, *ex officio*, a trustee of the State Asylum for Idiots.

See chap. 502, L. 1851.

Chapter 134

Amending chapter 157, Laws 1842, extending exemption of household furniture and working tools from distress for rent and from sale under execution to team of householder and food for team.

See chap. 417, L. 1877.

Chapter 181

Amending chapter 497, Laws 1855, as to support and relief of poor in Fulton county. Superintendent of the poor hereafter to be appointed by board of supervisors, and maximum amount of temporary relief in each town may be fixed by said board.

See chap. 497, L. 1855; chap. 118, L. 1862; chap. 155, L. 1886.

Chapter 229

Penalties for fishing with seines in Fulton, Hamilton or Saratoga counties to go to poor fund.

See chap. 474, L. 1862.

Chapter 254

Boards of supervisors to determine compensation for conveying juvenile delinquents to houses of refuge and lunatics to insane asylums.

See chap. 194, L. 1849.

Chapter 278

New York Institution for the Blind authorized to sell its real estate between 33d and 34th streets and 8th and 9th avenues, New York city, and apply proceeds as follows: \$100,000 to be invested for benefit of the institution; \$8,000 to immediate relief of 30 of the adult blind of said institution, and balance used to purchase other real estate for said institution or invested for its use and benefit.

See chap. 214, L. 1831; chap. 411, L. 1862.

Amending chapter 31, Laws 1857, in relation to Peter Cooper Union, New York city, and repealing parts thereof not hereby reenacted.

See chap. 410, L. 1882.

(1859)
Chapter 279

Repealing chapter 163, Laws 1858, relative to preservation of fish in Crooked lake.

See chaps. 335 and 474, L. 1862.

Chapter 285

Incorporating "President and Managers of Brigham Hall," a hospital for the insane at Canandaigua, Ontario county.

Chapter 292

Incorporating the "Fire Department of the village of Elmira." Certain funds to be applied to relief of indigent and disabled firemen and their families.

See chap. 185, L. 1850; chap. 390, L. 1866; chap. 139, L. 1864.

Chapter 322

Board of supervisors of Montgomery county may authorize the superintendents of the poor to grant temporary relief not exceeding \$25 to county paupers other than at poorhouse in cases where expense will be saved the county.

See chap. 497, L. 1872.

Chapter 323

Incorporating "The Fire Department of the city of Syracuse." Certain funds to be applied to relief of indigent and disabled firemen or their families.

See chap. 63, L. 1857; chap. 8, L. 1876; chap. 26, L. 1885.

Chapter 329

Act to provide for payment of excise moneys and penalties collected in town of Newburgh, Orange county, to the commissioners of the almshouse of said town.

See chap. 628, L. 1857.

Chapter 362

Amending chapter 368, Laws 1858, for protection and civilization of St. Regis Indians.

See chap. 325, L. 1861.

Chapter 364

Amending charter of Orphan Asylum Society in New York city and continuing its existence to April 10, 1880.

See chap. 179, L. 1807; chap. 19, L. 1809; chap. 159, L. 1829.

Chapter 367

(1859)
Chapter 378

Incorporating "St. Joseph's Asylum, in the city of New York."

See chap. 33, L. 1886.

Chapter 381

Every county treasurer shall annually pay 10 per cent. of all excise moneys received by him to the New York State Inebriate Asylum to be expended in building asylum at Binghamton.

See chap. 27, L. 1861.

Chapter 386

Act requiring county treasurers to file report of moneys and securities in their hands belonging to infants and others. Penalty of \$500 for neglect to report to be paid the State for use of county poor.

See 1 R. S. p. 1, T. 2, chap. 12, art. 2.

Chapter 394

Two overseers of the poor to be elected in each town in Herkimer county to discharge duties devolving formerly on supervisors acting as overseers of the poor for temporary relief of the poor.

See chap. 29, L. 1850; chap. 7, L. 1868.

Chapter 431

One overseer of the poor to be elected in the city of Auburn with like powers as overseers in towns, in relation to support and relief of poor, binding out of children, support of bastards, etc. He must make monthly reports to common council. Common council empowered to build a hospital or pesthouse and board of health to audit bills for support and care of patients therein.

See chap. 106, L. 1848; chap. 273, L. 1869.

Chapter 460

Act authorizing the town of Schroepfel, Oswego county, to purchase a farm and erect a town poor-house, at annual expense of \$875 for four years.

See chap. 282, L. 1863.

Chapter 464

Amending chapter 732, Laws 1857, for preservation of fish in Oneida lake and its tributaries.

See chap. 214, L. 1861; chap. 474, L. 1862; chap. 462, L. 1863.

Chapter 478

Amending charter of fire department of eastern district of city of Brooklyn, chapter 304, Laws 1857.

See chap. 249, L. 1865; chap. 224, L. 1868.

Supervisors of New York county to raise by tax \$8,000 for Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents, \$665,000 for almshouse department, \$115,250 for almshouse buildings and repairs, \$15,000 for donations and \$25,000 for Foundling Hospital.

(1859)
Chapter 489

Chapter 143, Laws 1858, amending act to suppress intemperance and to regulate sale of intoxicating liquors; chapter 628, Laws 1857, so far as applicable to Oneida and Onondaga counties, repealed.

Chapter 494

Appropriates \$200 for support of insane Indian at State Lunatic Asylum; \$33,000 to New York Institution for Instruction of Deaf and Dumb; \$27,000 to New York Institution for the Blind; \$25,000 for House of Refuge of Western New York; \$18,000 for Idiot Asylum; \$30,000 for incorporated orphan asylums (except Leake and Watts), including Society for Relief of Destitute Children of Seamen in Richmond county, Poughkeepsie Home of the Friendless, Rochester Home of the Friendless, Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless in New York city, Women's and Children's Hospital, New York city, and Albany Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless; \$24,000 for Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents, New York city; \$60 annuity to James Minor; \$300 to Levi S. Backus; \$25,000 to New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, New York city, in lieu of appropriation of \$29,000 by chapter 787, Laws 1857, and of all claim to appropriation of \$5,000 for years 1858 and 1859, and Commissioners of Land Office are required to reconvey to said institution all lands conveyed by said institution to the State in pursuance of chapter 787, Laws 1857; \$300 to treasurer of Onondaga county for relief of Onondaga Indians in pursuance of chapter 206, Laws 1858; \$15,000 for the several hospitals in this State outside of New York city, pursuant to chapter 410.

Chapter 500

(1859)

Laws 1851; \$600 for Colored Home, New York city; \$15,000 for New York Hospital; \$700 for Buffalo Asylum for Widows and Lying-in Women and Foundlings; \$700 each for New York Eye and Ear Infirmary and New York Dispensary; \$500 each for Northern, Eastern, Demilt and Northwestern Dispensaries, New York city, New York Infirmary for Women and Children and Buffalo City Dispensary; \$25,000 for House of Refuge in New York; \$400 each for Brooklyn Dispensary and Brooklyn Central Dispensary; \$375 for Williamsburgh Dispensary; \$300 each to Albany Dispensary, Troy Hospital Dispensary and Marshall Infirmary Dispensary, Troy; \$250 to Syracuse Home Association; \$5,000 to Western House of Refuge; \$1,000 to Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children, and \$7,366.69 for Indian annuities.

Chapter 508

Appropriates \$3,000 for Widows and Orphans' Fund of New York Fire Department in city of New York and \$50,000 for temporary accommodations for yellow fever sufferers during removal of quarantine station at New York.

Chapter 511

Act for protection of deer, partridge, quail and trout. Moiety of penalty for violation to go to use of poor.

See chaps. 186 and 384, L. 1860.

Report of Committee on Ways and Means relative to relief and maintenance of emigrant paupers. ("Assembly documents," Vol. IV, No. 171.)

Annual report of the Secretary of State on poor statistics. ("Assembly documents," Vol. III, No. 101.)

83d session
1860
Chapter 8

Act in relation to poorhouse and paupers in Dutchess county. Commissioners appointed to sell poorhouse farm and purchase another near center of county.

See chap. 10, L. 1861.

Chapter 22

Authorizing superintendent of poor of Genesee county to be keeper of county poorhouse and lunatic asylum, subject to rules of board of supervisors.

Amending chapter 279, Laws 1853, for construction of workhouse in Monroe county so that boards of supervisors of Livingston, Steuben, Chemung, Tioga, Niagara, Yates, Seneca, Ontario, Wayne, Orleans and Genesee counties may contract with board of supervisors of Monroe county for support of criminals from former counties in said workhouse.

(1860)
Chapter 23

Amending charter of village of Dunkirk in Chautauqua county. One overseer of the poor to be elected.

Chapter 35

See chap. 386, L. 1852; chap. 479, L. 1867.

Authorizing Oneida county board of supervisors to levy tax of \$4,500 yearly for 4 years to build poor-house on county farm at Rome. In case loan cannot be obtained by commissioners, State Comptroller to loan \$18,000.

Chapter 41

Act for preservation of fish in Hemlock lake, in Livingston and Ontario counties, and in Crooked lake, in Steuben and Yates counties. Fines for fishing with nets to go to support of poor.

Chapter 54

See chap. 514, L. 1857; chaps. 335 and 474, L. 1862.

The Corporation for the Relief of Widows and Children of Clergymen of the Protestant Episcopal Church in State of New York may own property to amount of \$200,000.

Chapter 77

See chap. 49, L. 1898.

Charter of Firemen's Benevolent Association of Rochester, chapter 185, Laws 1837, as amended by chapter 256, Laws 1845, further amended and name of corporation changed to "Fire Department of the City of Rochester," to accumulate fund for relief of indigent members.

Chapter 78

See chap. 475, L. 1863; chap. 185, L. 1864.

Trustees of village of Warsaw, Wyoming county, may remit poll tax and discharge judgments against indigent persons who are sick, lame or infirm.

Chapter 83

Amending section 22 of article 2 of title 5, chapter 6, part III, Revised Statutes, by including one sewing

Chapter 152

(1860)

machine in a dwelling house as exempt from execution.

Chapter 153

Amending chapter 384, Laws 1854, consolidating Brooklyn, Williamsburgh and Bushwick and authorizing levy of annual tax of \$1,500 for fire department funds of western and eastern districts of city of Brooklyn and \$3,000 for the city dispensaries.

See chap. 863, L. 1873.

Chapter 183

Act relating to overseer of the poor of the city of Rochester. He may examine applicants for relief, under oath, and settle bastardy proceedings. All city excise license fees shall be paid to city treasurer for relief of poor and all excise license fees in each town of Monroe county shall go to town overseers of poor, but Monroe county shall continue to pay New York State Inebriate Asylum 10 per cent. of such moneys.

See chap. 262, L. 1850; chap. 243, L. 1861.

Chapter 186

Act for preservation of moose, deer, birds and fish. Game Laws. Moiety of fines for violation thereof and fines for hunters and fishermen trespassing on cultivated lands to go to overseers of poor. Act not to apply to Lakes Erie, Ontario, Cayuga, Seneca or Champlain, or Niagara or St. Lawrence rivers. Chapter 511, Laws 1859, repealed.

See chap. 384, L. 1860; chap. 474, L. 1862.

Chapter 191

Act relating to insane patients in Rensselaer County Lunatic Asylum. Superintendents of poor in that county and overseers of poor in Troy and the several towns of said county shall have the same power to send insane paupers to that asylum as they have to send to asylum at Utica. Rensselaer county treasurer to pay Marshall Infirmary expenses of indigent insane quarterly, who may hereafter be confined in Rensselaer County Lunatic Asylum, and board of supervisors required to raise sufficient funds annually therefor.

Authorizing board of supervisors of Kings county to borrow \$50,000 to build addition to lunatic asylum on county farm.

(1860)
Chapter 211

See chap. 205, L. 1865; chap. 756, L. 1867; chap. 502, L. 1869.

Authorizing town of Hannibal, Oswego county, to raise \$1,000 annually by tax for four years to purchase farm and erect town poorhouse thereon.

Chapter 217

See chap. 51, L. 1862.

Moiety of penalty for killing game or birds on Luzerne lake, in Warren county, to go to overseers of poor of town of Luzerne.

Chapter 223

Amending charter of Firemen's Benevolent Association of Buffalo, chapter 98, Laws 1837. Relief fund provided for indigent and disabled firemen and their families. (Chapter 166, Laws 1862, amending said act of 1837, repealed.)

Chapter 229

Amending charter of Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents in city of New York, chapter 126, Laws 1824. Vagrants may be committed to society's house of refuge.

Chapter 241

See chap. 593, L. 1886.

Amending chapter 569, Laws 1857, establishing Metropolitan Police District. Proceeds of fines, penalties, gifts and proceeds of sales of unclaimed goods to go to "Police Life Insurance Fund." Annuities from said fund may be paid to disabled or superannuated members of the families of those killed while on duty.

Chapter 259

See chaps. 41 and 403, L. 1864; chap. 335, L. 1873; chap. 537, L. 1881; chap. 593, L. 1886.

Incorporating "Rose Beneficent Association of the City of New York."

Chapter 262

Commissioners of excise required to report annually to the boards of supervisors of the several counties amounts of all license fees and fines and penalties collected under chapter 628, Laws 1857.

Chapter 274

(1860)
Chapter 275

Authorizing board of supervisors of Cattaraugus county to sell county poorhouse farm in town of Machias and purchase site for new poorhouse in another part of county.

See chap. 479, L. 1865.

Chapter 278

Authorizing board of supervisors of Montgomery county to sell poorhouse farm and buy new site.

Chapter 298

Superintendent of the poor and keeper of the poorhouse in Genesee county subject to rules of board of supervisors, authorized to contract to receive insane persons from any place in the State into the insane asylum connected with Genesee county poorhouse and may maintain actions for their support.

Chapter 302

Act for preservation of fish in certain bays and streams in Monroe county. Fines and penalties for violations to be paid to overseers of the poor.

See chap. 474, L. 1862.

Chapter 307

Confirming title of lands owned by General Society of Mechanics and Tradesmen of city of New York under its charter, chapter 26, Laws 1792, and by chapter 113, Laws 1811.

Chapter 316

Amending charter of Hebrew Benevolent Society of New York city, chapter 14, Laws 1832, with power to bind out children, etc. Mayor of New York city authorized to convey land to said society for erection of an asylum for orphans, half-orphans and indigent children.

See chap. 230, L. 1874; chap. 410, L. 1882; chap. 34, L. 1883.

Chapter 344

Act relating to support of the poor in Rensselaer county. Superintendents of the poor divided into two classes—one auditing and the other acting. Duties of each class defined.

See chap. 216, L. 1862; chap. 486, L. 1863; chap. 590, L. 1875; chap. 593, L. 1886.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT RELATING TO THE SUPPORT OF THE POOR OF
RENSSELAER COUNTY.

(0981)

CHAPTER 344, LAWS OF 1860.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. From and after the passage of this act, the two superintendents of the poor having the shortest time to serve, shall be designated auditing superintendents, and shall be competent to do no other acts officially than those prescribed in this act. The third superintendent of the poor, being the one having the longest term to serve, shall be designated the acting superintendent of the poor; shall discharge all the duties required by law, from a county superintendent of the poor; together with all other duties required by this act, from the acting superintendent of the poor. And hereafter there shall be elected at the general election preceding the expiration of the term of office of each of said two first named superintendents of the poor, one auditing superintendent of the poor, to fill that office for three years; and at the general election preceding the expiration of the term of the third named superintendent of the poor, there shall be elected one acting superintendent of the poor, who shall fill that office for three years.

§ 2. The acting superintendent of the poor so elected, shall give bail in the amount required by the board of supervisors from a county superintendent of the poor, and his bonds shall be approved by said board as now required by law in such case.

§ 3. The (acting and) auditing superintendent* of the poor shall, on the first Wednesday of every month, meet at the house of industry, or the office of the acting superintendent, at the court house, in said county, and then and there audit, examine and allow, or disallow, every claim, account, bill or demand, presented by the acting superintendent, or any other person or persons, against the acting superintendent, or the board of superintendents, for the support of the county poor, or for any service, subsistence, supplies or maintenance of the county poor of said county, or for the support of any or all the inmates of the house of industry.

§ 4. They shall keep a book in the office of the acting superintendent of the poor, in the court house, in Rensselaer county, in which shall be entered a full and correct statement of all articles purchased for the care, support and maintenance of the inmates of said house of industry; or for the management and cultivation of the farm, and for the keeping of the team or teams, cattle and stock upon the same, together with the name of the person or persons of whom the same was purchased; and the price thereof; another book in which all articles sold shall be entered, with the price, names of the purchasers and date of said purchase; and a third book in which shall be entered at length every contract, whether writ-

*So in the original.

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ten or verbal, and the names of the contracting parties; and a fourth book, in which shall be entered the name, age, sex, previous habits, nativity, last place of residence and name of committing officer, of every pauper inmate, together with the name of the town or city to which they are severally chargeable.

§ 5. The said books shall be open for the examination of every taxpayer of said county, from ten o'clock in the morning to twelve at noon, and from one till four o'clock in the afternoon of every day except Sundays, legal holidays and election days.

§ 6. The said auditing superintendents shall each receive four dollars for every monthly meeting for auditing said accounts, and twenty cents for every mile necessarily traveled to attend said meetings, reckoning only one way, which bills shall be audited and allowed by the board of supervisors as other accounts are allowed, and no more than four dollars per month and said travel fees for one journey shall be allowed.

§ 7. The acting superintendent shall, immediately upon the passage of this act, make an estimate of the beef, flour, pork, fuel of all kinds, rice, coffee, tea, sugar, cloth, clothing, boots, shoes, leather, fish, salt, candles, soap, lumber, grain, seeds, and every other article of use or subsistence, the annual consumption of which at the house of industry exceeds twenty-five dollars; and shall advertise under the notice of "proposals for supplies at the house of industry," for twenty days in two daily and in two weekly newspapers, having the largest circulation, published in the county, for sealed proposals to furnish the kind, quality and quantity of the articles of subsistence, estimated to be needed for the keeping of inmates of the said house of industry for six months; and at the end of every six months the said acting superintendent shall renew the said estimate and advertisements. No purchases except those provided for in this act shall be made by the said acting superintendent.

§ 8. At the next monthly meeting of the said superintendents, after the expiration of the said twenty days, the said sealed proposals shall be opened by the said acting superintendent in the presence of at least one of the auditing superintendents, and the contract or contracts shall be awarded to the lowest bidder or bidders, who shall furnish ample security for the performance of the said contract or contracts. A guarantee shall accompany each proposal, signed by the bidder and one other responsible party, that in case said proposal is accepted, said bidder will enter into contract as required, and in case said contractor shall fail to perform his contract, it shall be the duty of the acting superintendent forthwith to re-advertise for the supplies called for by the contract, in the manner prescribed in section seven of this act.

§ 9. Nothing contained in this act shall be construed as forbidding said superintendent from purchasing in open market

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such articles as may be necessary in the event of the neglect of a contractor or contractors to comply with their contracts, nor from purchasing articles not required to be purchased by contract.

§ 10. The acting superintendent of the poor shall appoint the keeper of the house of industry, who shall be the manager of the county farm; and a physician of the said house of industry, who shall hold their offices until the said acting superintendent shall remove them. The annual salaries of the said acting superintendent, keeper and physician, shall be fixed by the board of supervisors at their annual meeting and shall be neither increased or diminished during their term of office.

§ 11. No money shall be paid nor draft delivered to any contractor, or to any other person for articles furnished under the contracts before mentioned, or for any other property furnished by any person, until the said articles shall have been actually delivered at the house of industry, and the same shall have been examined and their weight or measure ascertained to the satisfaction of the said superintendent.

§ 12. Any superintendent who shall be interested in any way, directly or indirectly, in any contract for supplies of subsistence or other articles, except as herein provided, or shall make any false or fraudulent entry in any of the books before mentioned, or neglect or disregard any of the duties herein prescribed, shall be deemed guilty of malfeasance of official duty; and it shall be the duty of the governor, upon sufficient proof of the fact, to remove him from office. Any vacancy so occurring shall be filled in the manner now provided by law.

§ 13. The county treasurer shall pay no draft for and in behalf of the support of the poor of the county of Rensselaer, unless the same shall have been drawn by the acting superintendent of the said county, and the same shall have been countersigned by at least one of the auditing superintendents; nor shall he pay any draft of said superintendents, except to discharge a liability incurred pursuant to the provisions of this act.

§ 14. No produce of the county farm or garden, nor any of the stock kept thereon, nor any other property of whatever name or nature, upon or pertaining to the same, shall be sold by any other person than the acting superintendent aforesaid, and such sales shall be only for cash paid upon the delivery of the said property by the purchaser; nor shall any or either of said superintendents be interested, directly or indirectly, as a purchaser in any such purchases or bargains.

§ 15. The keeper of the said house of industry shall keep a book in which the labor of any and every pauper in said house of industry shall be daily noted when such labor is performed, provided it exceeds one hour in duration, together with the kind of labor, whether it be on the farm, or in the domestic labor of the kitchen or otherwise; unless otherwise ordered by the board of supervisors.

(1860)

§ 16. The physician to the said house of industry shall be required to keep a book in which shall be entered the name, age, sex, nativity, name of disease, date of commencement, date of discharge and termination of the disease of every pauper inmate requiring medical attendance, which book shall be subject to the control and inspection of the board of superintendents.

§ 17. At the commencement of every annual meeting of the board of supervisors, the said superintendents shall report, in the manner now required by law, their doings as such officers, and shall lay upon the table of the clerk of said board all their books, vouchers, memorandums, and all other papers relating to the administration of the affairs of said house of industry, together with any suggestions they may see fit to make for its improvement, or the condition of the pauper inmates of the same.

§ 18. All laws and parts of laws inconsistent with the provisions of this act, are hereby repealed.

§ 19. This act shall take effect immediately.

Chapter 350

Repealing chapter 156, Laws 1858, relating to superintendents of the poor in Queens county.

Chapter 376

Incorporating "Trustees of the Parochial Fund of the Protestant Episcopal Church in Diocese of New York."

See chap. 495, L. 1867; chap. 161, L. 1882.

Chapter 377

Incorporating the Turnverein in town of Morrisania, Westchester county, by name of "Morrisania Turnverein."

Chapter 382

Amending charter of Association for Relief of Respectable Aged Indigent Females in City of New York, chapter 69, Laws 1815, and extended by chapter 308, Laws 1830, and chapter 257, Laws 1849, to permit association to hold property to value of \$300,000.

Chapter 383

Amended chapter 296, Laws 1853, authorizing sale of Sullivan county poorhouse.

See chap. 194, L. 1849.

Chapter 384

Act for preservation of moose, deer, birds and fish. Moiety of fines to go to overseers of poor. (Chapter 511, Laws 1859, repealed.)

See chap. 186, L. 1860; chap. 146, L. 1861; chap. 474, L. 1862.

Chapter 412

Appropriates \$200 for support of lunatic Indian at asylum; \$800 to Cattaraugus County Baptist Associa-

(1860)

tion for completion of church for Indians on Allegany Reservation in town of Bucktooth, Allegany county; \$37,500 to New York Institution for Instruction of Deaf and Dumb; \$27,000 for New York Institution for the blind; \$10,000 to American Female Guardian Society of New York City; \$18,000 to Idiot Asylum; \$25,000 for House of Refuge of Western New York; \$300 to Onondaga county treasurer for relief of Onondaga Indians under chapter 206, Laws 1858; \$600 for Colored Home, New York city; \$25,000 for female department building for House of Refuge in New York; \$19,000 for Western House of Refuge buildings; \$24,000 for Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents; \$60 annuity to James Minor; \$300 to Levi S. Backus for furnishing papers to the deaf and dumb; \$1,000 to Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian children, and \$7,361.69 for Indian annuities.

Authorizing State Comptroller to hold Tonawanda Indian Reservation in trust for Tonawanda band of Seneca Indians.

Chapter 439

See chap. 92, R. L. 1813.

Amending charter of State Lunatic Asylum, chapter 135, Laws 1842, as to salaries of treasurer and resident officers.

Chapter 450

See chap. 82, L. 1836, chap. 595, L. 1867.

One or more overseers of the poor of Oswego to be elected—the number to be determined by common council. Common council to appoint keepers of almshouse and workhouse. Overseers of poor to give bond and be subject to direction of common council. Overseers' duties defined. Common council to raise annually by tax funds for the poor and to maintain the hospital and pest house in said city, and may erect an almshouse under supervision of commissioners they may appoint.

Chapter 463

See chaps. 51 and 471, L. 1866; chap. 228, L. 1870; chap. 127, L. 1877.

(1860)
Chapter 464.

Appropriates \$13,355 to New York Institution for Deaf and Dumb; reappropriates \$2,000 to Marshall Infirmary of Troy, made by chapter 787, Laws 1857; appropriates \$5,500 to New York Idiot Asylum; \$10,880 to State Lunatic Asylum, and also \$1,400 for salaries; \$1,000 to Elizabeth Knapp for Juvenile Retreat in Albany, and \$70.25 to Superintendent of Public Instruction for expenses of investigating Institution for the Blind.

Chapter 465

Appointing commissioners to ascertain damages caused by destruction of Marine Hospital and other buildings and property at quarantine by fire on September 1 and 2, 1858, and supervisors of Richmond county to levy tax for amount of loss sustained by individuals.

See chap. 37, L. 1861.

Chapter 470

Act to provide against unsafe buildings in New York city. Fines and penalties for violation of this building law to be paid to treasurer of fire department of city of New York.

See chap. 356, L. 1862; chap. 537, L. 1881.

Chapter 472

Act to establish fire limits in eastern district of Brooklyn. Fines and penalties for violations to be recovered by board of trustees of Fire Department of Eastern District of Brooklyn for firemen's fund.

See chap. 509, L. 1864; chap. 332, L. 1855; chap. 768, L. 1867.

Chapter 491

Relieving Tonawanda Indians from certain taxes on their reservation and to prevent intrusions thereon.

See chap. 92, R. L. 1813; chap. 204, L. 1821.

Chapter 501

Act prohibiting theatrical exhibitions in New York city on Sunday; \$500 penalty for violation to go to Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents, New York city.

See chap. 410, L. 1882; chap. 593, L. 1886.

Chapter 509

Supervisors of New York county to levy tax of \$639,150 for almshouse department, \$107,049 for almshouse buildings and repairs, \$8,000 for Society for

Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents and \$3,300 for Deaf and Dumb Asylum. (1860)

Abolishing almshouse department in New York city and creating Department of Public Charities and Correction, under supervision of four commissioners to be appointed by city comptroller. Their powers and duties defined. (Section 25 of chapter 446, Laws 1857 (passed April 14th), amending charter of New York city in relation to almshouse department, repealed.) Chapter 510

See chap. 246, L. 1849; chap. 586, L. 1864; chap. 242, L. 1866; chaps. 53 and 177, L. 1868; chaps. 238 and 376, L. 1869; chaps. 607 and 810, L. 1871; chap. 479, L. 1872; chap. 588, L. 1873.

Annual report of Secretary of State on poor statistics. ("Assembly documents," Vol. II, No. 171.)

Repealing chapter 8, Laws 1860, relating to poor-house and paupers in Dutchess county. 84th session
1861
Chapter 10

Appropriating \$50,000 for supplies and provisions for suffering people of Kansas. Chapter 17

Act in relation to support of the poor in Herkimer county. Board of supervisors may restore distinction between town and county poor, and thereafter all excise moneys to be given to town overseers of the poor. Chapter 27

See chap. 29, L. 1850; chap. 381, L. 1859.

Amending chapter 112, Laws 1855, for better regulation of firemen in city of New York. Chapter 32

See chap. 44, L. 1862; chap. 249, L. 1865; chap. 537, L. 1881.

Confirming acts of M. M. Olmstead as superintendent of poor of Cayuga county, who failed to take oath of office. Chapter 47

Legalizing acts of Orsen Ames, Loren Goulding and John Sayles as superintendents of poor in Oswego county as though they were duly elected. Chapter 50

Authorizing the Supreme Court to permit the leasing or sale of the real estate of benevolent, charitable societies or orphan asylums. Chapter 53

See chap. 319, L. 1848.

(1861)
Chapter 62

Trustees of the village of Panama, Chautauqua county, may remit poll taxes levied upon indigent persons, sick, lame or infirm.

See chap. 168, L. 1861; chap. 371, L. 1862.

Chapter 65

Act for relief of New York State Inebriate Asylum. Trustees may issue bonds secured by mortgage of their real estate for \$60,000 to build asylum.

See chap. 381, L. 1859.

Chapter 72

Incorporating "The Veteran Scott Life Guard" for relief of indigent Mexican War veterans, their widows and children.

Chapter 79

Providing that superintendent of the poor of Livingston county shall be ex officio keeper of county poorhouse.

Chapter 90

Changing name of Society for the Education of Poor Children and the Relief of Indigent Persons of the Jewish Persuasion, incorporated by chapter 112, Laws 1831, to "Hebrew Relief Society."

Chapter 114

Repealing section 3 of act relating to village of Hempstead, Queens county, chapter 30, Laws 1856, and providing that town of Hempstead shall have three overseers of the poor, one of whom shall reside in village of Hempstead.

Chapter 125

Trustees of the village of Watkins, Tompkins county, empowered to remit poll taxes and discharge judgments against indigent persons who are sick, lame or infirm.

Chapter 126

Authorizing the election of only one overseer of the poor in town of Saugerties, Ulster county, at a salary of \$150 annually.

See chap. 426, L. 1880.

Chapter 127

Amending section 1, title 5, chapter 20, part I, Revised Statutes, by providing that persons "who shall abandon or neglect to support their wives or children" shall be considered disorderly persons.

Chapter 134

Amending act for relief of Onondaga Indians, chapter 206, Laws 1858. Onondaga county board of super-

visors required to employ physician for sick and indigent Indians and procure medicines and food for them at expense of county.

(1861)

See chap. 206, L. 1858; chap. 679, L. 1892.

Amending charter of fire department of city of Watertown, chapter 322, Laws 1850, as amended by chapter 330, Laws 1859, by making provision for a "firemen's fund" for aid to injured firemen and to pay their funeral expenses.

Chapter 135

Rochester city charter amended. One overseer of poor to be appointed by common council, who shall have power to examine applicants for relief under oath and settle bastardy cases. Common council may raise annually \$12,000 for support and relief of city poor (section 85). The mayor and aldermen shall be ex officio overseers of the poor with powers of town overseers in relation to support and relief of poor, the binding out of pauper children, disorderly persons, etc. Common council may when expedient build an almshouse at city expense and may employ persons to take charge thereof and provide labor for tenants of almshouse and care for lunatics and contract with supervisors of Monroe county for support and care of lunatics and others. Fines for violation of health laws to be devoted to support of pest house of any city hospital hereafter established.

Chapter 143

See chap. 262, L. 1850; chap. 64, L. 1864; chap. 553, L. 1865; chap. 14, L. 1880.

Trustees of the village of Kingston empowered to remit poll taxes and discharge judgments against indigent persons who may be sick, lame or infirm.

Chapter 145

Act for preservation of game in Suffolk and Queens counties. Penalties and fines for fishermen and hunters trespassing upon resident or cultivated lands to go to use of poor.

Chapter 146

See chap. 898, L. 1867; chap. 488, L. 1892.

(1861)
Chapter 164

Incorporating "The Children's Home Society" in Troy.

See chap. 101, L. 1866.

Chapter 173

Act for preservation of fish in Canandaigua lake in Ontario and Yates counties. Penalties to go for support of county poor.

See chap. 474, L. 1862; chap. 462, L. 1863; chap. 898, L. 1867; chap. 785, L. 1868.

Chapter 176

Authorizing board of supervisors of Greene county to divide all surplus excise moneys in county treasury among the towns, after deducting what is necessary for support of the poor in said county and also the 10 per cent. for State Inebriate Asylum.

Chapter 188

Incorporating the "Artists' Fund Society of the city of New York," a charitable society.

Chapter 195

Incorporating the "German Hospital in the City of New York."

See chap. 234, L. 1866.

Chapter 201

Annual appropriation act. Appropriates \$60 for annuity to James Minor; \$300 for relief of Onondaga Indians; \$1,000 for Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children; \$200 for support of insane Indian in State Lunatic Asylum; \$37,500 for Institution for Instruction of Deaf and Dumb in City of New York; also \$13,355.98 to same institution; \$27,000 for Institution for the Blind, New York City; \$24,000 for Society for Reformation of Juvenile delinquents, New York city; \$25,000 for House of Refuge of Western New York; \$18,000 for Idiot Asylum; \$25,000 for Woman's Hospital, New York city, New York Infirmary for Indigent Women and Children, Buffalo Lying-in Hospital of the Sisters of Charity, and to incorporated hospitals outside of New York city, to be divided as per chapter 410, Laws 1851; \$40,000 to be divided between the incorporated orphan asylums of State, except Leake and Watts, and including Society for Relief

of Destitute Children of Seamen in Richmond county, Five Points House of Industry, New York city, Colored Orphan Asylum, New York city, Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless, New York city, Poughkeepsie Home for the Friendless, Albany Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless, Syracuse Home Association, Watertown Home for Destitute, Friendless and Orphan Children and the Rochester Home for the Friendless; \$5,000 for Brooklyn Industrial School Association and Home for Destitute Children; \$5,000 for Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum, New York city, and \$7,361.69 for Indian annuities.

(1861)

Two overseers of the poor to be elected in the city of Hudson.

Chapter 206

See chap. 179, L. 1854; chap. 468, L. 1872.

Conferring additional corporate powers on Malone village, Franklin county. Disorderly persons to be sentenced to county poorhouse at hard labor at expense of village.

Chapter 228

See chap. 218, L. 1858.

Reducing number of overseers of the poor in Ontario county to one in each town. Overseers in town of Seneca to receive \$300 per annum salary.

Chapter 234

See chap. 69, L. 1889.

Board of supervisors of Oswego county may determine what number of superintendents of poor, not exceeding three, shall be elected for term of three years each, one to go out of office each year.

Chapter 237

See chap. 498, L. 1847.

Amending chapter 319, Laws 1848, for incorporation of benevolent and charitable societies, as amended by chapter 273, Laws 1849, and chapter 302, Laws 1857, as to certificates of incorporation.

Chapter 239

Appropriating \$10,000 to purchase additional land for Idiot Asylum.

Chapter 248

See chap. 502, L. 1851; chap. 220, L. 1862.

(1861)
Chapter 262

Released State's interest in land in town of Prattsburgh, Steuben county, to superintendents of the poor of that county.

Chapter 266

Supply bill. Appropriates \$3,885.52 to State Lunatic Asylum; \$53.38 to Onondaga Indian agent for annuities under chapter 178, Laws 1847, and \$25 to Cayuga Indian agent for annuities; \$25,786 to Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents; \$1,500 to Children's Friend Society of Albany; \$50,000 to Woman's Hospital of State of New York, and \$12,000 for Western House of Refuge.

See chap. 465, L. 1862.

Chapter 272

Common council of Buffalo empowered to buy land and erect new pesthouse and sell old one.

See chap. 230, L. 1853; chap. 519, L. 1870.

Chapter 278

Authorizing Buffalo General Hospital to hold and sell real estate.

Chapter 293

Supervisors of New York county to raise by tax \$5,000 for city dispensaries, \$30,000 for donations, \$30,000 for Orphan Asylum of Hebrew Benevolent Society and \$8,000 for Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents.

See chap. 410, L. 1882.

Chapter 306

Amending act authorizing establishment of House of Refuge for Juvenile Delinquents in Western New York, chapter 143, Laws 1846.

See chap. 409, L. 1874; chap. 536, L. 1875; chap. 470, L. 1893; chap. 546, L. 1896.

Chapter 309

Board of supervisors of New York county authorized to raise \$20,000 additional in aid of New York Juvenile Asylum.

See chap. 332, L. 1851; chap. 588, L. 1873.

Chapter 318

Amending charter of city of Brooklyn as consolidated by chapter 384, Laws 1854, by authorizing annual tax of \$1,500 for fire departments of western and eastern districts and \$3,000 to be divided among city dispensaries.

Attorney to be appointed to distribute annuities to the St. Regis Indians. (Chapter 143, Laws 1841, chapter 368, Laws 1858, and chapter 364, Laws 1859, repealed.)

(1861)
Chapter 325

See chap. 92, R. L. 1813; chaps. 677 and 679, L. 1892; chap. 229, L. 1893.

Brooklyn city consolidation act, chapter 384, Laws 1854, amended by providing for payment out of city treasury \$135.16 for dry goods, etc., for Idle and Truant Home.

Chapter 328

See chap. 149, L. 1862; chap. 508, L. 1867; chap. 863, L. 1873.

Annual report of Secretary of State on poor statistics. ("Assembly documents," Vol. II, No. 60.)

Authorizing board of supervisors of Kings county to provide for relief of families of volunteers.

85th session
1862
Chapter 1

Act legalizing certain ordinances of the city of New York, passed in 1861, in aid of the families of volunteers from that city serving in the Union army.

Chapter 2

Creating Board of Alms in town of Little Falls, Herkimer county, consisting of supervisor, the president of the village of Little Falls and a town commissioner of alms to be elected annually. Said board to appoint an overseer of alms at \$300 annual salary and also treasurer of town poor fund at \$30 annual salary. Office of overseer of poor of said town abolished.

Chapter 4

See chap. 157, L. 1877.

Authorizing village of Yonkers to raise \$6,000 for relief of families of volunteer soldiers from said village.

Chapter 13

See chap. 767, L. 1857; chap. 673, L. 1868.

Authorizing common council of Buffalo to raise \$50,000 for relief of volunteer soldiers and their families.

Chapter 14

See chap. 230, L. 1853.

An overseer of the poor in Utica to be elected and give bond. He shall have powers of town overseers.

Chapter 18

See chap. 30, L. 1873.

(1862)
Chapter 21

State Treasurer directed to receive and distribute moneys from United States Government assigned by volunteers for the benefit of their families.

See chap. 23, L. 1839; chap. 683, L. 1892.

Chapter 31

Legalizing tax in Tioga county of \$6,500 for enrolling volunteer soldiers and for aid to their families.

Chapter 32

Legalizing tax levy in 1861 in city of Syracuse of \$10,000 for support of families of volunteers.

Chapter 33

Authorizing Westchester county treasurer to issue county bonds for \$50,000 for relief of families of volunteers.

Chapter 42

Authorizing the city of Poughkeepsie to borrow \$10,000 for relief of families of soldiers.

Chapter 43

Paupers, idiots and lunatics in Boonville, Oneida county, to be exempt from assessments for highway labor.

Chapter 50

Act for relief of families of volunteers in town of German Flats, Herkimer county.

Chapter 51

Repealing chapter 217, Laws 1860, which authorized town of Harrisburgh, Oswego county, to purchase farm and erect poorhouse thereon.

Chapter 69

Amending section 13 of chapter 297, Laws of 1852, incorporating the Cayuga Asylum for Destitute Children. Board of supervisors of Cayuga county may levy tax to pay sums which may be contracted to be paid said asylum for care of children paupers, and said asylum shall share in moneys appropriated by State according to chapter 368, Laws 1849, to orphan asylums.

Chapter 76

Authorizing town of Little Falls in Herkimer county, to reimburse expenditures for families of volunteer soldiers.

Chapter 84

Authorizing poormasters of town of Gorham, Ontario county, to convey lands held by them for cemetery purposes.

Chapter 101

Act relating to support and custody of indigent insane persons of Genesee county at lunatic asylum connected with county poorhouse.

See chap. 82, L. 1836; chap. 161, L. 1863; chap. 446, L. 1874; chap. 142, L. 1877.

Authorizing election of three superintendents of the poor in Genesee county, who shall appoint keeper of poorhouse.

(1862)
Chapter 102

Act for protection of fish in Niagara river above the falls. Moiety of penalties to go to superintendent of the poor.

Chapter 107

See chap. 898, L. 1867.

Incorporating the "Fire Department of the City of Schenectady" with fund for relief of indigent or disabled firemen or their families.

Chapter 109

See chap. 293, L. 1833; chap. 385, L. 1862; chap. 203, L. 1891.

Amending chapter 180, Laws 1859, relating to relief of poor in Fulton county. Superintendent of the poor to be hereafter appointed by board of supervisors for term of three years; he shall reside at and be keeper of poorhouse.

Chapter 118

See chap. 497, L. 1855; chap. 155, L. 1886.

Commissioners appointed to build bridge across Mohawk river, between towns of Manheim and Danube, who may borrow \$9,000 on credit of said towns. Any final surplus shall be paid to the supervisors thereof for the poor funds.

Chapter 124

One overseer of the poor in Rochester to be appointed by common council.

Chapter 132

See chap. 557, L. 1871; chap. 14, L. 1880.

Acts of Grove Bradley and John B. Strong, as superintendents of the poor of Cayuga county since January 1, 1860, confirmed.

Chapter 141

See chap. 348, L. 1872.

Incorporating "Newburgh Home for the Friendless," with power to bind out children.

Chapter 146

Amending charter of Firemen's Benevolent Association of Buffalo, chapter 98, Laws 1837, and repealing sections 1 and 2 of chapter 229, Laws 1860.

Chapter 166

Office of overseer of poor in Richmond county abolished and his duties conferred on town overseers of poor. Superintendents of the poor to grant temporary relief to poor instead of town overseers.

Chapter 170

See chap. 330, L. 1870; chap. 266, L. 1881.

(1862)
Chapter 181

Amending charter of Long Island College Hospital, Brooklyn, chapter 19, Laws 1858.

Chapter 185

Act to provide for payment of bonds issued by city of New York for volunteer soldiers' family aid fund.

Chapter 189

Incorporating "The Mutual Aid Society of the East Genesee Annual Conference."

Chapter 195

In Columbia county one county superintendent of the poor to be elected annually.

Chapter 200

Act for relief of families of volunteers from town of Salisbury, Herkimer county.

Chapter 201

Act to authorize town of Manheim, Herkimer county, to reimburse moneys expended in assisting volunteers and their families.

Chapter 203

Authorizing town of Herkimer, Herkimer county, to reimburse expenditures by relief committee to families of volunteers.

Chapter 204

Act for relief of families of volunteers in town of Morristown, St. Lawrence county.

Chapter 209

Act for relief of families of volunteers in town of Southeast, Putnam county.

Chapter 216

Amending chapter 344, Laws 1860, relating to support of poor in Rensselaer county. Board of supervisors to appoint keeper and physician of house of industry on county farm. Acting superintendent to grant temporary relief to poor in city of Troy who are county charges.

Chapter 220

Reorganizing State Asylum for Idiots at Syracuse. See chap. 502, L. 1851; chap. 739, L. 1867; chap. 72, L. 1878; chap. 546, L. 1896.

Chapter 240

Incorporating "The Fire Department of Village of Corning," Steuben county, with relief fund for indigent and disabled firemen and their families.

See chap. 163, L. 1849.

Chapter 242

Amending chapter 44, Laws 1853, for support of poor in town of Newburgh, Orange county.

Chapter 247

Authorizing city of Brooklyn to issue bonds for moneys advanced to equip volunteers and support their families.

Act to enable the industrial schools of the Children's Aid Society of New York city to participate in common school fund.

See chap. 410, L. 1882.

(1862)
Chapter 258

Act to regulate and license places of amusement in the cities and incorporated villages of this State. Penalties for violations in New York city to go to Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents; and elsewhere, for benefit of the poor.

Chapter 281

See chap. 126, L. 1824; chap. 836, L. 1872; chap. 537, L. 1881; chap. 410, L. 1882; chap. 593, L. 1886.

Incorporating "The Fire Department of Village of Owego," with relief fund for indigent and disabled firemen and their families.

Chapter 297

See chap. 111, L. 1851; chap. 389, L. 1880.

Amending section 1 of chapter 498, Laws 1847, in relation to superintendents of the poor, as to number of superintendents and their powers.

Chapter 298

See chap. 686, L. 1892.

Appropriating \$10,000 for meeting house and school-house, of Stockbridge Indians.

Chapter 320

Amending existing laws relative to fishing with nets in Crooked lake, in Steuben and Yates counties. Moiety of penalty for violation to go to use of county poor.

Chapter 335

See chap. 514, L. 1857; chap. 488, L. 1892.

Authorizing sale of public lands in town of Hempstead, Queens county. Proceeds to be invested and one-third of annual income to go to use of town poor.

Chapter 350

See chap. 522, L. 1866.

Amending sections 5 and 6 of chapter 200, Laws 1839, extending benefits of instruction to the blind, in relation to county expenses for State pupils from each county and also as to visitation of New York Institution for the Blind by Superintendent of Public Instruction.

Chapter 351

Act for building inspection, New York city. Penalties for violation to go to treasurer of the Fire De-

Chapter 356

(1862)

partment of city of New York. (Chapter 470, Laws 1860, repealed.)

See chap. 273, L. 1863; chap. 466, L. 1864; chap. 625, L. 1871; chap. 537, L. 1881.

Chapter 360

Renewing charter of New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, incorporated by chapter 264, Laws 1817, for 25 years from April 1, 1862.

Chapter 362

Authorizing supervisors of Orleans county to raise \$10,000 for relief of families of volunteer soldiers.

See chap. 264, L. 1868.

Chapter 385

Keepers of hospitals and one overseer of the poor in Schenectady to be appointed by the common council annually, the latter for one year term. Common council to raise \$17,000 for various purposes, including the defraying of the expenses of city poor. Overseers to have same powers as overseers of towns, except that the board of magistrates shall act on applications of poor persons for relief or support. City excise license moneys, after payment of one-tenth to New York State Inebriate Asylum, to be applied to support of poor. Fines for violation of health laws to be also devoted to the support of the city poor.

See chap. 308, L. 1863; chap. 694, L. 1870; chap. 62, L. 1873.

Chapter 411

Incorporating "Blind Mechanics' Association," New York city.

Ten thousand dollars appropriated from State treasury, and New York Institution for Blind authorized to pay said association \$8,000.

Section 1 of chapter 193, Laws 1848, amending charter of New York Institution for Blind, repealed.

See chap. 468, L. 1867; chap. 278, L. 1859.

Chapter 420

Incorporating "The Union Home and School" for the education and maintenance of children of volunteers unprovided for.

See chap. 243, L. 1866; chap. 309, L. 1870; chap. 39, L. 1872; chap. 155, L. 1877; chap. 293, L. 1885.

Incorporating "The Fire Department of the Village of Batavia" with funds for relief of indigent and disabled firemen and their families.

(1862)
Chapter 429

See chap. 140, L. 1853; chap. 195, L. 1884.

Act to reduce expenses of criminal proceedings in town and village of Binghamton, Broome county. So much of all fines and penalties received by justices of the peace as shall be for benefit of the poor of town or county shall be paid to a superintendent of the poor for the benefit of such poor.

Chapter 433

See chap. 182, L. 1853; chap. 291, L. 1867.

Appropriates \$60 for annuity to James Minor, pursuant to chapter 200, Laws 1815; \$300 to Levi S. Backus, pursuant to chapter 329, Laws 1838; \$300 for relief of Onondaga Indians, pursuant to chapter 206, Laws 1858; \$200 for support of insane Indian; \$52,356 to Institution for Instruction of Deaf and Dumb, New York city; \$30,000 for New York Institute for the Blind; \$24,000 for Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents, New York city; \$25,000 for House of Refuge of Western New York; \$18,000 for Idiot Asylum; \$25,000 for Women's Hospital, New York city, New York Infirmary for Indigent Women and Children, Buffalo General Hospital, Buffalo Lying-in Hospital of the Sisters of Charity and the several incorporated hospitals outside of New York city, to be divided as per chapter 410, Laws 1851; \$40,000 for incorporated orphan asylums, except Leake and Watts, including Society for Relief of Destitute Children of Seamen in Richmond County, Forest Orphan Institute at Maspeth, Queens county, Five Points House of Industry, New York City, Colored Orphan Asylum, New York city, Female Guardian Society and Home for Friendless, New York city, Nursery and Child's Hospital, New York city, Poughkeepsie Home for the Friendless, Albany Guardian Society

Chapter 435

(1862)

and Home for the Friendless, Syracuse Home Association, Watertown Home for Destitute, Friendless and Orphan Children, and Rochester Home for the Friendless; and \$7,361.67 for annuities to Indians.

Chapter 440

Amending charter of "Society for the Relief of Poor Widows with Small Children," chapter 148, Laws 1810.

Chapter 458

Appropriates \$25,000 to Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents, Randall's Island; \$350 for expenses of assembly committee appointed to examine into affairs of the Institution for the Blind, and \$30,000 for transportation, care and hospital supplies for sick and wounded soldiers of this State; and repealing proviso attached to grant of \$1,500 to Children's Friend Society in Albany under chapter 266, Laws 1861.

Chapter 461

Authorizing supervisors of New York county to raise by tax \$6,000 for city dispensaries, \$37,386 for donations and \$8,000 for Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents.

Chapter 473

Authorizing county superintendents and overseers of the poor in the several counties, except New York county, to redeem real estate which may have been seized by them pursuant to title 1, chapter 20, part I, Revised Statutes, as is now possessed by judgment creditors upon executions. Procedure established.

Chapter 477

Idiots, paupers, lunatics, habitual drunkards and criminals shall not be subject to military duty.

See § 268, chap. 80, L. 1870.

Chapter 474

Act for preservation of moose, deer, birds and fresh water fish. Moiety of penalties to go to use of poor. Chapter 514, Laws 1857; chapter 163, Laws 1858; chapters 229, 285 and 464, Laws 1859; chapters 196, 199, 146, 302, 54, 186 and 384, Laws 1860, and chapters 173 and 214, Laws 1861, repealed.

See chap. 462, L. 1863; chaps. 288 and 426, L. 1864; chap. 813, L. 1866; chap. 898, L. 1867; chap. 488, L. 1892.

Act defining and regulating powers of captain and harbor masters of port of New York. All fines and penalties collected hereunder to be applied to New York Hospital. All inconsistent acts repealed.

(1862)
Chapter 487

See chap. 586, L. 1865; chap. 461, L. 1877; chap. 410, L. 1882; chap. 357, L. 1883; chap. 593, L. 1886.

Annual report of Secretary of State on poor statistics. ("Senate documents," Vol. IV, No. 65.)

Act authorizing the levying of a tax in the several counties and towns of this State, to repay moneys expended for bounties or equipments of volunteers or for aid to their families.

86th session
1863
Chapter 15

See chaps. 40, 76, 104, 197 and 353, L. 1863; chap. 133, L. 1864; chap. 215, L. 1869.

Act legalizing taxes imposed in 1862 by boards of supervisors, for bounties to volunteers or for support and maintenance of their families.

Chapter 16

Act providing for issue of bonds of city of New York for \$500,000 for soldiers' family aid fund and other bonds for similar purpose in accordance with resolution of common council of August 5, 1862. Said bonds to be paid from moneys collected by tax levy in New York city.

Chapter 25

Act legalizing ordinances of New York city making appropriations of upwards of \$500,000 for relief of families of volunteers.

Chapter 26

Authorizing common council of Buffalo to issue bonds for \$50,000 to repay money from contingent funds used solely for assistance of families of volunteers.

Chapter 29

Act relating to the support of the poor in the several towns of Montgomery county. Town boards to appoint one overseer of poor for each town, who shall thereafter be elected for two-year terms, who shall exercise duties now devolving on the several supervisors. Moneys to be raised annually at town meetings for temporary relief of poor. Poor sent to county house

Chapter 42

- (1863) shall be county charges. Overseers to receive \$1.50 per day and give bond and make report to superintendent of poor and keeper of poorhouse annually. Board of supervisors to appoint keeper of poorhouse who shall be superintendent of county poor at \$500 salary.
See chap. 681, L. 1866.
- Chapter 44 Incorporating "The Trustees of the Sands' Fund," New York city.
- Chapter 46 Amending Chapter 15, Laws 1863, by extending authority to the several cities of the State to issue bonds for aid to volunteers' families.
- Chapter 55 Authorizing supervisors of town of Wawarsing, Ulster county, to borrow money upon credit of town for support of the poor and for relief of families of volunteers in the army, etc., and issue bonds for \$3,000 therefor.
- Chapter 59 Incorporating the "Trustees of the Parochial Fund of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the diocese of Western New York."
See chap. 429, L. 1868; chap. 845, L. 1871; chap. 310, L. 1873; chap. 500, L. 1875; chap. 124, L. 1884; chap. 144, L. 1885; chap. 106, L. 1887.
- Chapter 65 Authorizing city of Syracuse to issue bonds for \$20,000 to aid in support of families of volunteers from said city.
See chap. 63, L. 1857.
- Chapter 76 Act providing that liabilities incurred by Military Aid Society of town of Essex, Essex county, to extent of \$250, for relief to families of volunteers, etc., shall be a town charge.
See chap. 15, L. 1863.
- Chapter 82 Separating the insane asylum of Monroe county from the poorhouse and vesting control of the asylum in board of supervisors, who shall appoint a warden. Said warden may contract with any individual of said county or any town thereof or with city of Rochester

for support of the insane and may demand Monroe county insane paupers from State lunatic asylum. Restrictions as to admission of Monroe county indigent insane or lunatics into State asylum. (1863)

Incorporating "The St. Patrick Benevolent Society of the town of Yonkers." Chapter 87

Act for protection of Tonawanda band of Indians on Tonawanda Reservation. The proportionate share of said band to \$500 annuity under treaty of September 12, 1815, shall hereafter be paid to treasurer of said band. Chapter 283, Laws 1861, repealed. Chapter 90

See chap. 92, R. L. 1813; chap. 839, L. 1867; chap. 394, L. 1873; chap. 316, L. 1884; chap. 593, L. 1886; chaps. 677 and 679, L. 1892.

Board of supervisors of New York county to levy tax for \$90 per annum for each child committed to New York Juvenile Asylum, thus amending section 28 of chapter 332, Laws 1851, as amended by chapter 43, Laws 1858. Chapter 94

See chap. 588, L. 1873; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Amending charter of "Children's Friend's Society" of Albany. Chapter 98

Rochester city charter, chapter 143, Laws 1861, amended. Chapter 121

Common council to raise annually \$15,000 for support and relief of the poor.

See chap. 557, L. 1871; chap. 14, L. 1880.

Incorporating "The Davenport Institution for Female Orphan Children," in town of Bath, Steuben county. Chapter 132

Appropriates \$60 for annuity to James Minor; \$300 for relief of Onondaga Indians; \$200 for support of Mark Jack, insane Indian; \$62,856 to Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, New York city; \$300 for supplying the "Radii" to the deaf and dumb; \$30,000 to New York Institution for the Blind; \$24,000 for Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delin- Chapter 135

- (1863) quents, New York city; \$25,000 for House of Refuge of Western New York; \$18,000 for Asylum for Idiots at Syracuse, and \$7,361.67 for Indian annuities.
- Chapter 138 Incorporating "The Church Home of the City of Troy."
- Chapter 161 Amending chapter 101, Laws 1862, in relation to support and custody of insane persons in Genesee county. County insane to be received in lunatic asylum connected with county poorhouse.
See chap. 751, L. 1871.
- Chapter 172 Town auditors to examine accounts of overseers of the poor annually.
See chap. 305, L. 1840; chaps. 432 and 569, L. 1890; chap. 677, L. 1892.
- Chapter 184 \$3,000,000 appropriated for bounties for enlistment of volunteers in Union army. One-half of the monthly pay of volunteers having families or dependent relatives to be allotted for benefit of such family or relative.
See chap. 277, L. 1861; chaps. 2 and 182, L. 1864.
- Chapter 197 Authorizing board of supervisors of Orleans county to apportion moneys raised by tax for support of families of volunteers under chapter 15, Laws 1863.
- Chapter 205 Incorporating "The St. Joseph's German Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society of Rochester and Monroe County," with power to bind out children.
See chap. 198, L. 1869; chap. 98, L. 1870.
- Chapter 210 Appropriates \$15,000 for wants of sick and wounded volunteers to surgeon-general; \$8,000 to Western House of Refuge; reappropriates unexpended balance of \$30,000 appropriated by chapter 458, Laws 1862, for benefit of sick, wounded, discharged and furloughed soldiers of this State; appropriates \$5,000 for Blind Mechanics' Association, New York city; \$50,000 for Women's Hospital of State of New York; \$3,000 to Prison Association of city of New York; \$10,000 for Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute; \$3,000 for Union

(1863)

Home and School for Education and Maintenance of Children of Volunteers in city of New York; \$10,000 for Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society of Brooklyn; \$5,000 for Troy Orphan Asylum; \$2,500 for St. Mary's Orphan Asylum, Troy; \$1,000 for St. Vincent's Orphan Asylum, Albany; \$1,000 for Albany Guardian Society and Home of the Friendless; \$1,000 for Society for Relief of Orphan and Destitute Children, Albany; \$1,000 for Hudson Orphan Relief Association; \$2,000 for Utica Orphan Asylum; \$2,000 for St. John's Orphan Asylum, Utica; \$1,000 for Oswego Orphan Asylum; \$5,000 for Watertown Home for Destitute, Friendless and Orphan Children; \$1,000 for Rochester Orphan Asylum; \$2,500 for St. Mary's Hospital, Rochester; \$1,500 for St. Joseph's Boys' Orphan Asylum, Buffalo; \$1,000 for Providence Lunatic Asylum; \$1,000 for Buffalo Orphan Asylum; \$500 for Church Charity Foundation, Buffalo; \$102.05 for Colored Orphan Asylum, New York city; \$10,000 to be divided among New York Ophthalmic Hospital, New York Eye and Ear Infirmary, New York Ophthalmic Infirmary, Demilt Dispensary, New York Dispensary, Northern Dispensary, Eastern Dispensary, Northwestern Dispensary, New York Infirmary Dispensary, Bond Street Homeopathic Dispensary (New York city), Brooklyn Dispensary, Brooklyn Central Dispensary, Williamsburgh Dispensary, Albany Dispensary, Dispensary of Troy Hospital, Buffalo City Dispensary and all other incorporated dispensaries in the State; \$7,500 for Orphan Home and Asylum of Protestant Episcopal Church in New York; \$7,500 for Female Academy of the Sacred Heart of Manhattanville, New York county, for schoolhouse for indigent children; \$25,000 for division among Women's Hospital in city of New York, New York Infirmary for Indigent Women and Children, St. Mary's Hospital (Rochester),

(1863)

Buffalo General Hospital, Buffalo Lying-In Hospital of Sisters of Charity and the several incorporated hospitals outside of New York city; \$2,000 to Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children; \$40,000 for the incorporated orphan asylums of this State, except Leake and Watts Asylum, including those named in similar appropriation by chapter 435, Laws 1862, and also the Union Home and School for Children of Volunteers (New York city), Brooklyn Industrial School Association and Home for Destitute Children and the Industrial School of the city of Rochester. In counties having no orphan asylums, their proportion to be paid to boards of supervisors of counties making provision for orphan children and homes provided other than at almshouses.

Chapter 213

Act providing for tax upon town of South Bristol, Ontario county, for moneys paid in aid of families of volunteers.

Chapter 215

In Monroe county the county treasurer shall pay over to the overseers of the poor of the several towns the amount of fines received by him from the justices of the peace of the several towns for the use of the poor of such towns.

See chap. 337, L. 1860.

Chapter 223

Incorporating "The Soldiers' Home."

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO INCORPORATE "THE SOLDIERS' HOME."

CHAPTER 223, LAWS OF 1863.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Lieutenant-General Winfield Scott, Major-General Geo. B. McClellan, Major-General John E. Wool, Washington Hunt, Francis Kernan, Millard Fillmore, August Belmont, Wm. B. Astor, Benj. N. Huntington, J. Sullivan Thorne, Rev. Francis Winton, D. D., John H. Brower, George Beach, John Bowditch, David Rumsey, Charles P. Wood, Thomas W. Olcott, William E. Dodge, A. B. Conger, Erastus Corning, Charles P. Daly, Nathan C. Ely, John S. Gould, Robert P. Getty, George Dayton, Gouverneur Kemble, Oswald Ottendorfer, Hamilton

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Fish, Edwin D. Morgan, John T. Hoffman, John Anderson, David Banks, Jr., James B. Nicholson, William Cassidy, Dean Richmond, Amasa J. Parker, Wm. Curtis Noyes, George Dawson, John W. Avery, Samuel Sloan, Brigadier-General James S. Wadsworth, Thomas H. Faile, Bradish Johnson, John Stryker, John B. Hall, Henry Grinnell, John Kelly, John F. Seymour, Daniel E. Delevan, Thurlow Weed, Elias B. Holmes, Peter Rowe, George G. Scott, Wm. C. Beardsley, D. B. St. John, J. Dean Hawley, J. Oakley Vanderpool, Geo. Opdyke, Lockwood L. Doty, Daniel Devlin, Edward Dodd, Wm. A. Wheeler, Joseph Mullin, Amaziah B. James, Robert Lansing, Wm. H. Ferry, Peter A. Porter, Elias W. Leavenworth, Samuel G. Andrews, Peter Cagger, Isaac Sherman, William Kelly, John A. King, Alexander Stewart, Gen. C. W. Sanford, Right Rev. Bishop Hughes, Rev. D. Weston, Robert B. Minturn, Rev. Morgan Dix, Martin Grover, Smith Ely, Jr., Frederick Juliand, Thomas Stephens, together with such persons as may be hereafter associated with them, and their successors are hereby constituted a body corporate, by the name of "The Soldiers' Home," for the purpose of providing a home and maintenance for officers and soldiers who have served, are now serving, or may hereafter serve in the volunteer forces raised or furnished by or from the State of New York, who, by reason of wounds or other disabilities received or produced in the service of the United States, or of the State of New York, shall be unable to support themselves, and all who having been honorably discharged shall be decrepid or homeless in their old age.

§ 2. The affairs of the corporation hereby created shall be managed by a board of sixteen trustees, who shall be residents of the State of New York, and of which board the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Comptroller, and Secretary of State shall be *ex officio* members. Said trustees, other than said *ex officio* members, shall hold their offices for three years, and until others are elected in their places. The first board of trustees other than said *ex officio* members thereof, shall be elected by the persons named in the first section of this act, at a meeting to be called by a notice signed by a majority of them; four shall be elected for the term of one year, or until others are elected in their places; four for two years, or until others are elected in their places; and four for three years, or until others are elected in their places. The trustees may, from time to time, establish by-laws for the admission of members, the conduct of the affairs of the corporation, and government of "The Soldiers' Home," hereby incorporated, provided such by-laws are not inconsistent with the Constitution of the United States, the Constitution and laws of this State and this charter. They may provide for the election of trustees, the filling of vacancies among the trustees, the circumstances which shall cause a vacancy, and also for the appointment or election of such officers and employees as they may, from time to time, deem necessary, except

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so far as such election or appointment is prescribed by this act, and also the compensation or salaries of such officers and employees.

§ 3. The corporation hereby created shall possess the general powers, and be subject to the general liabilities enumerated in the third title of the eighteenth chapter of the first part of the Revised Statutes, so far as the same are applicable. It shall also have power to receive and disburse funds, and to purchase or take by gift, deed, devise, bequest, or otherwise, any real or personal estate, for the uses and purposes of said corporation, subject to the provisions of law; and shall have full power to grant, bargain, lease, encumber or dispose of the same, or any part thereof, provided, however, that all moneys arising from any such grant, lease, incumbrance or disposal, shall be appropriated to the objects and purposes of said corporation. The property of said corporation shall be exempt from taxation and assessment.

§ 4. The trustees shall elect from their own body a president, secretary and treasurer, who shall hold their offices for one year, and until others are elected in their places. The treasurer, before he shall enter upon the duties of his office, shall execute a bond to the people of the State of New York in the penalty of one hundred thousand dollars, to be approved by said board of trustees, conditioned for the faithful performance of his duties as such treasurer, which bond shall be filed in the office of the Comptroller of the State. Said treasurer shall not, directly or indirectly, receive any interest or profit from any funds in his hands. The trustees shall select for the practical management of the home, officers or soldiers who have served honorably and received an honorable discharge, giving preference to those who have been actually disabled by wounds or other causes, but whose mental faculties are unimpaired. There shall be appointed by the trustees for this purpose a governor, lieutenant governor, surgeon, chaplain and steward, and such supernumeraries as may be needed. The trustees shall have power to remove such officers and supernumeraries at their discretion, and to establish such rules, consistent with the act, as they may deem proper for the government of the household.

§ 5. The interior management of the home shall be conducted on strict military principles, and according to army regulations; the inmates shall wear their uniforms, two suits of which shall be furnished yearly to each person by the Quartermaster-General of the State.

§ 6. The trustees shall have the power to select the site for the home, and to accept donations of land or other property for the same, and also power to contract for and superintend the erection of all necessary buildings.

§ 7. The flags of the different regiments of New York volunteers shall, on their return from the field, be deposited

in a hall of honor, or chapel, to be provided for this purpose in the erection of the building or buildings for said home. A place shall also be provided for the preservation and display of all other trophies taken by said volunteers, where the same shall be placed and kept.

§ 8. The trustees shall make an annual report to the legislature of the affairs, and of their acts, giving an account of all donations and appropriations received, of all disbursements and debts, with a list of officers, employees and inmates.

§ 9. The trustees shall receive no compensation for their services under this act.

§ 10. This act shall take effect immediately.

Governor authorized to appoint agents to provide additional means of relief for sick, wounded, discharged or furloughed soldiers of this State, etc. \$200,000 appropriated.

Chapter 224

See chap. 392, L. 1864.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO PROVIDE ADDITIONAL MEANS OF RELIEF
FOR THE SICK AND WOUNDED SOLDIERS OF THE
STATE OF NEW YORK IN THE UNITED STATES
SERVICE.

CHAPTER 224, LAWS OF 1863.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. The Governor of this State is hereby authorized to appoint suitable persons as agents of the State, whose duty it shall be to provide additional means of relief for the sick, wounded, furloughed and discharged soldiers of this State, who shall have been, are now or may hereafter be engaged in the United States service, while being transported to and from their homes; to ascertain the names and condition of all patients belonging to this State, in the United States hospitals, within such limits as the Governor may designate; to keep a register of the same, and to furnish information to all who make inquiry concerning them; to facilitate the removal of the bodies of deceased soldiers to the friends of such deceased, when such action is desired, and to perform such other duties for the relief of the sick and wounded soldiers of this State as the Governor may designate and require; to make reports to the Governor of his or their transactions and expenditures, with vouchers duly verified on oath. The compensation of said agents to be fixed by the Governor.

§ 2. The Governor may appoint such number of surgeons, or other agents, as from time to time may be required, for the

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care, comfort and removal of the sick and wounded soldiers belonging to the State of New York. The compensation of such agents shall be commensurate with the services rendered, and to be fixed by the Governor.

§ 3. The sum of two hundred thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated for the purpose of carrying this act into effect, and the same shall be paid out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to be paid on the order of the Governor and disbursed under his directions, for the purposes aforesaid; the Governor to account to the Comptroller for the money that shall be expended in pursuance of this act.

§ 4. The Comptroller of this State, on the order of the Governor, is hereby authorized and directed to pay such accounts for services rendered, or disbursements made under this act, as, after being verified on oath, and audited in the same manner as other military accounts, shall be approved by the Governor, and he is further authorized on the written order of the Governor to place in the hands of the agents of the State such sums of money as may be required to meet the foregoing requirements, at the discretion of the Governor, first requiring the said agents to give ample security for a proper disbursement of the funds.

§ 5. This act shall take effect immediately.

Chapter 227

Board of supervisors of New York county authorized to levy tax for \$7,000 for city dispensaries, \$1,500 for New York Homeopathic Dispensary, \$40,000 for donations, \$50,000 for erection of Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum, \$8,000 for Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents and \$15,000 for Home of Mercy, New York.

Chapter 245

Buffalo city charter, chapter 230, Laws 1853, amended.

Term of office of overseers of poor of Buffalo to be two years, who, with their clerks, shall be appointed by common council and must give bond.

See chap. 230, L. 1853; chap. 519, L. 1870.

Chapter 256

Authorizing overseers of the poor of town of Wilmington, Essex county, to borrow \$300 for support of poor.

Chapter 271

Incorporating the "Johaniter German Association of the city of New York," a benevolent society.

Authorizing sale of poorhouse farm of town of Schroepfel, Oswego county, and apply proceeds to payment of town debts incurred for relief of families of volunteers, etc.

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Chapter 282

Act for better support of poor in city of Poughkeepsie. City hereafter to support its own poor, through six commissioners of the almshouse. Office of overseer of the poor in said city abolished. The commissioners shall appoint a superintendent of the poor and purchase farm and erect city almshouse.

Chapter 286

See chap. 195, L. 1847; chap. 90, L. 1854; chap. 49, L. 1864; chap. 143, L. 1868; chap. 453, L. 1869; chap. 628, L. 1857.

Incorporating "Lithographers' Benevolent Association of the city of New York."

Chapter 293

Incorporating "St. Peter's Rondout German Roman Catholic Orphan Association."

Chapter 295

Orphan Asylum Society, New York city, authorized to take and hold real and personal property.

Chapter 296

See chap. 179, L. 1807.

Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society of Rochester incorporated by chapter 330, Laws 1845, authorized to take and hold property.

Chapter 299

Act applying excise moneys collected in Schenectady county to support of the poor of the city or town where collected.

Chapter 308

See chap. 385, L. 1862; chap. 628, L. 1857.

Act to provide for care and education of indigent deaf-mute children at New York Institution for the Deaf and Dumb at expense of counties from which they were sent.

Chapter 325

See chap. 264, L. 1817; chap. 708, L. 1866; chap. 725, L. 1867; chap. 180, L. 1870; chap. 548, L. 1871; chap. 253, L. 1874; chap. 213, L. 1875; chap. 331, L. 1876; chap. 275, L. 1884; chap. 36, L. 1892.

Authorizing supervisors of Tompkins county to levy tax of \$4,500 for bounties to volunteers and support of their families.

Chapter 353

See chap. 15, L. 1863.

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Chapter 353

Act establishing quarantine and defining duties of health officer of port of New York. Floating hospital to be maintained for yellow fever sufferers, etc.

See chap. 195, L. 1847; chap. 398, L. 1864; chaps. 592 and 613, L. 1865; chap. 751, L. 1866; chap. 543, L. 1867; chap. 722, L. 1871; chap. 534, L. 1885; chaps. 77 and 341, L. 1888; chaps. 486 and 677, L. 1892; chap. 661, L. 1893.

Chapter 404

Every county officer receiving money by way of fine or penalty or otherwise, in which his county or any town or city therein is interested, shall make annual report under oath to board of supervisors and pay same over to county treasurer subject to disposition of said board. Neglect of officer a misdemeanor.

See chap. 341, L. 1864; chaps. 677 and 686, L. 1892.

Chapter 448

Incorporating "The Society for the Protection of Destitute Roman Catholic Children in the city of New York," with power to bind out children. It must report annually to the Legislature, and made subject to visitation of common council of New York city.

See chap. 647, L. 1866; chap. 83, L. 1871; chap. 218, L. 1875; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Chapter 462

Amending act for preservation of moose, deer, birds and fresh-water fish, chapter 474, Laws 1862. Chapter 464, Laws 1859, and chapters 173 and 214, Laws 1861, reenacted.

See chap. 898, L. 1867.

Chapter 472

Incorporating the "Ancient Order of Hibernians' Benevolent Society" of New York city.

Chapter 475

Amending charter of Firemen's Benevolent Association of Rochester, chapter 185, Laws 1837, as amended by chapter 256, Laws 1845, and chapter 78, Laws 1860, as to fund for disabled firemen.

See chap. 140, L. 1864.

Chapter 486

Amending chapter 344, Laws 1860, relating to support of poor of Rensselaer county, as to compensation of auditing superintendents.

Chapter 488

Incorporating "Father Matthew United Benevolent Total Abstinence Benefit Society" of New York city.

See chap. 327, L. 1871.

Incorporating "The Olive Benevolent Society of city of New York."

(1863)
Chapter 491

Act providing for relief to indigent families of volunteers. Town boards in towns and the common councils in cities to constitute relief boards with power to grant relief at expense of their respective towns or cities.

Chapter 514

See chap. 8, L. 1864.

Concurrent resolution, January 29, 1863. Appointing a special committee from senate and assembly to draft a bill for establishment of a hospital and asylum for wounded and disabled volunteer soldiers from this State.

Communication from Secretary of State relative to new edition of poor laws. ("Senate documents," Vol. V, No. 103.)

Annual report of Secretary of State on poor statistics. ("Assembly documents," Vol. IX, No. 230.)

Incorporating "The Roosevelt Hospital," of New York city, with presidents of New York Hospital, College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York Eye Infirmary, Demilt Dispensary and New York Institution for the Blind, and their successors, as five of the nine trustees named in will of James H. Roosevelt, deceased, as incorporators.

87th session
1864
Chapter 4

See chap. 410, L. 1882; chap. 97, L. 1894.

Authorizing board of supervisors of New York to bond the county for \$946,700, known as "soldiers' substitute and relief redemption bonds" to take up "soldiers' substitute and relief fund bonds," due September 1, 1864.

Chapter 7

See chaps. 11 and 396, L. 1864.

Authorizing the levying of taxes in the different towns, cities and counties to repay moneys borrowed for bounties to volunteers or for aid to their families, etc. Also amending section 1 of chapter 514, Laws

Chapter 8

(1864) 1863, as to relief to indigent families of volunteers by boards of relief of the several towns and cities.

See chaps. 72, 293 and 390, L. 1864; chaps. 29 and 41, L. 1865; chap. 315, L. 1867; chap. 629, L. 1875.

Chapter 27 Charter of Ancient Britons' Benefit Society of city of New York, chapter 23, Laws 1807, as amended by chapter 74, Laws 1822, and chapter 310, Laws 1844, continued in force for 21 years more.

Chapter 30 Authorizing common council of city of Syracuse to borrow \$20,000 on city bonds to aid in support of families of volunteers of said city.

Chapter 38 Changing name of "The Watertown Home for Destitute, Friendless and Orphan Children" to "The Jefferson County Orphan Asylum."

Chapter 45 Incorporating "The St. Anne's Total Abstinence and Beneficial Society of the City of Brooklyn."

Chapter 48 Empowering Shiloh Lodge No. 17 of Independent Order of Benai Berith, of city of Albany, to hold property for charitable purposes to amount of \$8,000.

Chapter 49 Amending chapter 286, Laws 1863, for better support of poor in city of Poughkeepsie.

See chap. 453, L. 1869.

Chapter 58 American Seaman's Friend Society in city of New York empowered to hold property to amount of \$150,000.

See chap. 195, L. 1833; chap. 150, L. 1885.

Chapter 61 Act to prohibit superintendents of the poor of Oswego county from auditing their own accounts, but the said accounts shall be audited by board of supervisors.

Chapter 64 Amending chapter 143, Laws 1861, Rochester city charter.

Common council may raise annually \$20,000 for support and relief of poor.

See chap. 14, L. 1880.

Chapter 72 Amending chapter 8, Laws 1864, authorizing levying of taxes in towns, cities and counties for bounties to volunteers and relief to their families.

Paupers, lunatics and idiots exempted from poll tax.

(1864)
Chapter 110

Incorporating the "New Brooklyn Turnverein," Brooklyn.

Chapter 123

See chap. 114, L. 1871.

Relieving from auction duties all sales made for relief of sick and wounded soldiers.

Chapter 131

Incorporating city of Elmira.—One overseer of the poor to be elected for one year term, with powers of town overseers and salary of \$300 per year. He must give bond and present estimate of amount required for poor fund annually to common council, who must levy tax therefor.

Chapter 139

See chap. 370, L. 1875.

Incorporating "Fire Department of the City of Rochester" and amending and consolidating acts relating to Fireman's Benevolent Association of Rochester and said department. Said department to accumulate a fund for relief of indigent members, etc., and may purchase a firemen's burial lot in Mount Hope cemetery and expend annually sufficient money for four patients at any one time in Rochester City Hospital and St. Mary's Hospital of Rochester.

Chapter 140

See chap. 185, L. 1837; chap. 78, L. 1860; chap. 80, L. 1868; chap. 9, L. 1879; chap. 72, L. 1887.

Commissioners of public charities and correction of city of New York to erect upon city land an asylum for inebriates and employ physicians, officers and attendants, and all the city excise monies (except 10 per cent payable to State Inebriate Asylum at Binghamton) shall be applied to use of said city asylum.

Chapter 141

See chap. 470, L. 1867; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Legalizing acts of board of supervisors of Sullivan county in relation to paying or borrowing money or issuing bonds for relief of drafted men, their substitutes or families.

Chapter 169

Name of New York Infirmary for Indigent Women and Children changed to "New York Infirmary for

Chapter 178

- (1864) Women and Children," and it is empowered to establish a "Woman's Medical College of the New York Infirmary for Women and Children" and grant diplomas conferring title of doctor of medicine.
See chap. 101, L. 1877.
- Chapter 196 Act for better regulation and discipline of New York State Inebriate Asylum.
See chap. 381, L. 1859.
- Chapter 201 Legalizing acts of commissioners appointed by chapter 79, Laws 1863, in relation to purchase of land for addition to Dutchess county poorhouse farm.
- Chapter 230 Changing name of New York Medical College for Women, incorporated by chapter 123, Laws 1863, to "New York Medical College for Women and Hospital for Women and Children," by empowering it to hold property to amount of \$100,000 for hospital and other purposes.
- Chapter 235 Legalizing bonds of town of Oyster Bay for procuring substitutes for indigent men of family, drafted in the army from said town.
- Chapter 272 Incorporating "Trustees of Masonic Hall and Asylum Fund," F. and A. M., of State of New York, to build and maintain a Masonic hall in New York city, and also to found an asylum for relief of indigent Masons, their widows and orphans.
See chap. 317, L. 1866; chap. 249, L. 1871; chap. 503, L. 1873; chap. 350, L. 1877; chap. 55, L. 1885; chap. 105, L. 1890.
- Chapter 273 Act for admission of Rudolph Mussehl, an alien son of a New York State volunteer, as a State pupil in New York Institution for the Blind.
- Chapter 277 Act creating board of trustees for town of Morrisania, Westchester county. They may appoint the overseer of the poor and fix his compensation. Treasurer of board of trustees to receive and disburse poor funds. Said board may raise money by tax for support and maintenance of the poor.
See chap. 42, L. 1868; chap. 184, L. 1869; chap. 613, L. 1873; chap. 537, L. 1881.

(1864)
Chapter 280

Appropriates \$200 for support of insane Indian; \$300 for relief of Onondaga Indians; \$300 for supplying the "Radii" to the deaf and dumb; \$60 annuity to James Minor; \$61,565 to New York Institution for Instruction of Deaf and Dumb; \$30,000 to New York Institution for the Blind; \$28,000 for Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents; \$30,000 for House of Refuge of Western New York; \$21,000 for Asylum for Idiots, Syracuse, and \$7,361.67 for Indian annuities.

Authorizing Kings county board of supervisors to increase salary of superintendent of poor for eastern district of Brooklyn to \$2,000 per annum.

Chapter 306

See chap. 863, L. 1873.

Authorizing common council of Albany to fund a debt of \$100,000 for relief granted to indigent families of drafted soldiers.

Chapter 329

See chap. 275, L. 1842.

Authorizing village of Cohoes to raise \$4,800 by tax for relief of families of substitutes in army.

Chapter 330

See chap. 352, L. 1855; chap. 912, L. 1869.

Authorizing Kings county board of supervisors to borrow \$1,000,000 for relief of volunteers' families and enlistment of soldiers.

Chapter 331

Amending chapter 404, Laws of 1863, requiring each town, city and county officer in the several counties receiving money for fines and penalties to report annually to boards of supervisors.

Chapter 341

See chaps. 677 and 686, L. 1892.

Authorizing commissioners of land office to convey certain lands in Buffalo to the Charity Foundation of the Protestant Episcopal Church in city of Buffalo.

Chapter 345

See chap. 57, L. 1875.

Appropriates \$10,500 for lunatic asylum, Utica; \$273.45 for reporting testimony before Senate committee investigating New York Institution for the Blind; \$175.90 for expenses of delegation of New York

Chapter 347

- (1864) Institution for Deaf and Dumb on their recent visit to the Capitol, and \$50,000 for quarantine accommodations.
- Chapter 349 Authorizing New York city to convey lands between Third and Lexington avenues and Seventy-sixth and Seventy-seventh streets, New York city, to Hebrew Benevolent Society of city of New York.
- Chapter 350 Incorporating "The American Literary Fund Association" for charitable purposes.
- Chapter 364 Incorporating "The Society for Protection of Destitute Roman Catholic Children at the city of Buffalo," with power to bind out children.
See chap. 701, L. 1865; chap. 256, L. 1866; chap. 891, L. 1868; chap. 567, L. 1881; chap. 460, L. 1886.
- Chapter 367 Incorporating "Cascadilla Place," at Ithaca, Tompkins county, to furnish medical treatment to indigent patients.
- Chapter 373 Amending charter of Firemen of Village of Brooklyn, chapter 177, Laws 1823, as amended by chapter 109, Laws 1855, by providing that exempt firemen must have discharge certificate to share in relief funds.
See chap. 368, L. 1871.
- Chapter 386 Amending chapter 244, Laws 1838, in relation to New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, by requiring boards of supervisors of counties from which county pupils are elected to raise \$30 annually to clothe each pupil.
See chap. 214, L. 1831.
- Chapter 390 Amending section 7 of chapter 8, Laws 1864, requiring persons receiving money for relief of families of soldiers, etc., in towns, cities and counties to account under oath for such funds, etc.
- Chapter 399 Levying State tax of $2\frac{1}{8}$ mills on each \$1 of valuation, to be held by the State Treasurer for payment of bounties to volunteers or of appropriations to their families.

Appropriates \$40,000 to the several counties for orphan asylums (except Leake and Watts), including Society for Relief of Destitute Children in Richmond county, Forest Orphan Institution (Queens county), Brooklyn Industrial Association and Home for Destitute Children, Williamsburgh Industrial School in eastern district of city of Brooklyn, Nursery and Child's Hospital, Union Home for education and maintenance of children of volunteers, Female Guardian Society and Home for Friendless, Free School for Indigent Female Children (at Manhattanville, New York city), Home for Friendless (Newburgh), Home for Friendless (Poughkeepsie), Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless (Albany), Syracuse Home Association, Jefferson county orphan asylum, Cayuga Asylum for Destitute Children, Home for the Friendless (Rochester), Ontario county orphan asylum, Canandaigua and other orphan asylums, and where a county has no orphan asylum, to board of supervisors for maintenance of orphans outside of poorhouse; \$3,300 to Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children; \$3,000 to Union Home and School for education of children of volunteers, and authorizing supervisors of New York county to raise by tax \$5,000 additional for said Union Home; \$3,000 for Ladies' Educational Union, New York city; \$1,000 for Mariners' Family Industrial Society in port of New York; \$10,000 for Blind Mechanics' Association to revive appropriation by chapter 411, Laws 1862; \$2,500 for St. Vincent de Paul Orphan Asylum and School, Syracuse; \$2,500 for Ontario county orphan asylum; \$2,500 for Colored Orphan Asylum, New York city; \$1,000 for Utica Orphan Asylum; \$1,000 for St. Mary's Orphan Asylum, Troy; \$1,000 for House of the Friendless, New York City; \$750 each for St. Patrick's Female Orphan

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Asylum (Rochester), St. Vincent's Orphan Asylum (Albany), Albany Orphan Asylum, Cayuga Asylum for Destitute Orphan Children, Oswego Orphan Asylum, Rochester Orphan Asylum, and Albany Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless, Albany; \$500 for Hudson Orphan and Relief Association; \$250 for Home for the Friendless, Newburgh; \$1,000 for St. John's Asylum, Utica; \$1,500 for St. Joseph's Boys' Orphan Asylum, Buffalo; \$2,000 for Society for Protection of Destitute Roman Catholic Children, New York city; \$1,000 for Providence Lunatic Asylum, Buffalo; \$750 each for Buffalo Orphan Asylum and Jefferson county orphan asylum; \$50,000 for the several hospitals of the State outside of New York City, but including the Woman's Hospital, Jewish Hospital and New York Infirmary for Indigent Women and Children, and also St. Mary's Hospital (Rochester), Soldiers' Home in Elmira, Rochester City Hospital, Buffalo General Hospital and Buffalo Lying-In Hospital of Sisters of Charity; \$600 for New York Ophthalmic Hospital; \$500 for New York Eye and Ear Infirmary; \$1,800 for New York Dispensary; \$1,000 for Northern Dispensary; \$1,000 for Bond Street Homeopathic Dispensary; \$1,500 for Eastern Dispensary; \$700 for German Dispensary; \$500 for Dispensary of Troy Hospital; \$700 for Northwestern Dispensary; \$400 for New York Infirmary Dispensary; \$100 for Central Homeopathic Dispensary; \$200 for Northeastern Dispensary; \$250 for Manhattan Dispensary; \$600 for Brooklyn Dispensary; \$100 for Brooklyn Homeopathic Dispensary; \$350 for New York Homeopathic Dispensary; \$600 for Williamsburgh Dispensary; \$350 for Buffalo City Dispensary; \$1,400 for Demilt Dispensary, New York City; \$15,000 to New York Hospital; \$1,000 to Rochester City Hospital; \$2,000 for St. Mary's Hospital, Rochester; \$500

for Jews' Hospital, New York city; \$2,500 to Ladies' Soldiers Aid Society of Ithaca for destitute and orphan children of soldiers; \$15,000 for New York Institution for the Blind; \$3,000 for Prison Association of New York; \$10,000 for Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents, and \$500 for Charity Foundation of Protestant Episcopal Church in Buffalo.

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See chap. 641, L. 1865; chap. 774, L. 1868.

Amending chapter 569, Laws 1857, as amended by chapter 259, Laws 1860, in relation to Metropolitan police district in New York, Kings, Westchester and Richmond counties and parts of Queens county. Penalty for selling liquor on Sunday and Election day to go to police fund. "Police Life Insurance Fund" to be accumulated from penalties under this act, from which annuities may be paid disabled policemen and pensions to their widows and minor children.

Chapter 403

See chaps. 74 and 84, L. 1866; chap. 806, L. 1867; chap. 535, L. 1868; chap. 335, L. 1873; chap. 636, L. 1874; chap. 537, L. 1881; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Supervisors of New York county authorized to levy tax for city dispensaries, \$10,000; for Blind Mechanics' Association, \$10,000; \$30,000 for donations for charitable purposes, including House of Mercy, foot of West 86th street, \$5,000; \$60,000 for interest on volunteer soldiers' family aid fund bonds; \$40,000 for Inebriate Asylum, New York city; \$8,000 for Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents; \$25,000 for St. Joseph's Asylum, and \$15,000 to Society for Protection of Destitute Roman Catholic Children of city of New York.

Chapter 405

See chap. 410, L. 1882.

Idiots, lunatics and paupers exempt from highway poll tax in the village of Cortland, Cortland county.

See chap. 342, L. 1889.

Chapter 406

Act providing for sale and conveyance of any interests in real estate belonging to lunatics.

Chapter 417

See chap. 627, L. 1869; chap. 37, L. 1870; chap. 245, L. 1880.

(1864)
Chapter 418

Secretary of New York State Medical Society to arrange series of questions concerning condition and treatment of the insane in poor houses, almshouses, insane asylums and other institutions in this State, and transmit same to each county judge, who shall appoint a physician to visit such institutions and, after examination, make report thereon to said secretary who shall report to next Legislature. Secretary's Compensation to be \$300.

Chapter 419

Act requiring officers of hospitals, orphan asylums, benevolent and charitable institutions or other similar institutions not under the control of the State, receiving moneys from State Treasury, to make annual reports to State Comptroller. Comptroller shall withhold moneys appropriated where reports are not so made.

See chap. 319, L. 1848.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT REQUIRING OFFICERS OF SCIENTIFIC AND
ELEEMOSYNARY INSTITUTIONS TO MAKE ANNUAL
REPORTS.

CHAPTER 419, LAWS OF 1864.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. No moneys shall be paid from the treasury of this State pursuant to an act of the legislature making appropriation to any hospital, orphan asylum, benevolent association, educational, scientific, charitable, or other similar institution not under control of the State, until the president and secretary, or the managers of such institution, shall have made a report to the comptroller of the operations, purposes, financial condition, expenditures, and management of such institution. The said report shall bear date on the first day of October, in each year, and shall include the details of the action of the managers for the entire year previous and particularly of the disposition of moneys appropriated by the legislature for the maintenance of said institution, and shall be verified by the affidavit of the officers making the same. It shall be the duty of the comptroller to withhold moneys appropriated for the benefit of any such hospital, asylum, association, or institution, the managers of which shall not have complied with this requirement; and he shall transmit such reports, or a copy of them, to the legislature, together with his annual report.

Amending chapter 474, Laws 1862, Game Law, by providing that license to kill deer may be given by a justice of the peace of Suffolk county, on payment of fee of \$10, to be paid to overseers of the poor.

See chap. 474, L. 1862; chap. 898, L. 1867; chap. 488, L. 1892.

(1864)
Chapter 426

Authorizing superintendents of the poor of Steuben county to sell certain lands and purchase others.

Chapter 449

Amending charter of Long Island College Hospital, chapter 19, Laws 1858, as to quorum of board of regents.

Chapter 458

Changing name of "The New York Eye Infirmary," incorporated by chapter 128, Laws 1822, to "The New York Eye and Ear Infirmary," and granting power to said corporation to treat indigent persons afflicted with ear diseases.

Chapter 460

See chap. 389, L. 1874.

Authorizing New York Magdalen Benevolent Society to hold real estate to amount of \$100,000 and increase number of its managers to fifty.

Chapter 461

Amending sections 52 and 53 of chapter 356, Laws 1862, for regulation and inspection of buildings and prevention of fires in New York city. Suits for penalties to be brought in name of Buildings Department and paid over to Fire Department.

Chapter 466

See chap. 625, L. 1871; chap. 537, L. 1881.

Act to enable the Children's Aid Society of city of New York to hold real and personal estate unlimitedly.

Chapter 515

See chap. 319, L. 1848; chap. 70, L. 1865; chap. 163, L. 1867; chap. 468, L. 1868; chap. 212, L. 1869; chap. 198, L. 1870.

Supervisors of towns continued vested with disbursement of school moneys and with duties conferred upon commissioners of common schools by chapter 287, Laws 1829, entitled "An act relative to moneys in hands of overseers of the poor."

Chapter 555

See chap. 556, L. 1894.

Amending act creating Department of Public Charities and Correction and abolishing almshouse in New

Chapter 586

(1864)

York city, chapter 510, Laws 1860, as to persons committed to city prison.

Concurrent resolution, March 4, 1864. That Governor, Secretary of State and Comptroller may expend from appropriation of \$200,000 of 1863, made for relief of sick and wounded soldiers, \$25,000 for proper reception of returning volunteers and for comfort and health of recruits at places of enlistment.

Concurrent resolution, March 22, 1864. Authorizing Regents of the University to exhibit portions of their natural history collection at Metropolitan fair in aid of sanitary commission to be opened in New York city on March 28, 1864.

Concurrent resolution March 18, 1864. Authorizing chief of bureau of military statistics to send collection of battle flags and trophies for exhibition at said Metropolitan fair.

Annual report of Secretary of State on poor statistics. ("Assembly documents," Vol. VIII, No. 198.)

88th session
1865
Chapter 1

Authorizing city of Syracuse to bond itself for \$20,000 to aid in support of families of volunteers in said city.

Chapter 3

Incorporating "The Home for Disabled Soldiers."

Chapter 15

Authorizing Governor to appoint State agents to relieve sick, wounded, furloughed and discharged soldiers of this State and appropriating \$200,000.

See chap. 185, L. 1866.

Chapter 52

Authorizing trustees of Seaman's Fund and Retreat, New York city, to mortgage their real estate for \$30,000.

See chap. 234, L. 1831.

Chapter 53

Act for temporary relief of poor in town of Saratoga Springs, Saratoga county. Hereafter only one overseer of the poor to be elected. Salary \$200.

Chapter 70

Board of supervisors of New York county to levy tax annually of \$10,000 for Children's Aid Society of city of New York.

See chap. 515, L. 1864; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Elmira city charter, chapter 139, Laws 1864.—One overseer of the poor to be elected.

See chap. 370, L. 1875.

(1865)
Chapter 86

Incorporating "New York Infant Asylum" in New York city or vicinity, with power to bind out children.—Supervisors of New York county to levy tax annually of \$60 for each infant, \$75 for each child over two years and under 10 years old, and \$100 for older children, intrusted to said asylum from city of New York. Similar amounts to be paid asylum from Commissioners of Emigration for children received from them. Asylum to report annually to board of supervisors of New York county. Its board of managers may receive children on contract with superintendents of poor of other counties.

Chapter 106

See chap. 263, L. 1872; chap. 213, L. 1876; chap. 90, L. 1877; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Incorporating fire department of town of New Lots, Kings county, with fund for relief of indigent and disabled firemen and families.

Chapter 130

See chap. 788, L. 1867; chap. 529, L. 1874; chap. 558, L. 1875; chap. 279, L. 1876; chaps. 412 and 413, L. 1885.

Making office of superintendents of the poor in Washington county salaried at \$100 each per annum.

Chapter 163

Amending charter of Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents in city of New York, Chapter 126, Laws 1824.

Chapter 172

See chap. 410, L. 1882; chap. 711, L. 1894.

Confirming proceedings of common council of Buffalo in borrowing \$30,000 for assistance to families of volunteers.

Chapter 243

Creating Metropolitan fire district of New York city and Brooklyn, with department relief fund, with exclusive right to recover fines and penalties in aid of such fund imposed by chapter 356, Laws 1862.

Chapter 249

See chap. 408, L. 1867; chap. 137, L. 1870; chap. 865, L. 1872; chap. 335, L. 1873; chap. 537, L. 1881; chap. 410, L. 1882.

(1865)
Chapter 257

Incorporating "The Father Mathew United Benevolent Total Abstinence Benefit Society, Branch Number One, of the city of New York."

Chapter 266

Act for better regulation and discipline of New York State Inebriate Asylum. Penalties for selling liquors, opium or tobacco to inmates to go to asylum.
See chap. 381, L. 1859.

Chapter 279

Confirming bonds of Richmond county for \$75,000 for payment of drafted men and for support of their families.

Chapter 288

Incorporating "Fireman's Benevolent Association of Village of Flushing," with relief fund.

Chapter 308

Amending charter of Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum in city of Brooklyn, chapter 303, Laws 1834.

Chapter 314

Amending chapter 197, Laws 1864, in relation to dog tax, so far as relates to Cortland county. Surplus of tax after paying for damages to sheep to be used in support of common schools.
See chap. 244, L. 1862.

Chapter 329

Incorporating "Albany Iron Moulders' Association."
See chap. 117, L. 1885.

Chapter 342

Authorizing establishment of Willard State Asylum for the insane paupers. \$75,000 appropriation therefor.

Chapter 351

Appropriates \$200 for support of insane Indian; \$61,565 for Institution for Deaf and Dumb; \$45,000 for Institution for the Blind; \$21,000 for State Asylum for Idiots; \$35,000 for Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents in city of New York; \$35,000 for House of Refuge of Western New York; \$300 for relief of Onondaga Indians; \$300 to Levi S. Backus, and \$7,361.67 for Indian annuities.

Chapter 353

No insane female convicts hereafter to be sent to asylum at Utica and those there to be removed to Sing Sing or Clinton prisons. Discharging insane persons from poorhouses or county asylums without order of court to be a misdemeanor.

See chap. 82, L. 1836; chap. 343, L. 1867; chap. 446, L. 1874.

One poormaster for each ward in Lockport to be elected. The overseers of the poor shall have like powers as overseers of towns of Niagara county.

(1865)
Chapter 365

See chap. 542, L. 1866; chap. 824, L. 1867; chap. 809, L. 1868; chap. 410, L. 1881; chap. 277, L. 1883; chap. 120, L. 1886.

Amending chapter 195, Laws 1847, concerning passengers coming in vessels to city of New York. Commissioners of Emigration to exercise same powers concerning poor children or bastards receiving aid from said commissioners as are now conferred upon commissioners of public charities and correction in New York city.

Chapter 382

Amending charter of Sisters of Charity of St. Vincent de Paul, chapter 319, Laws 1848, by authorizing the establishment of a seminary of learning.

Chapter 393

Incorporating "The Evangelical Lutheran St. John Orphans' Home of the city of Buffalo," with power to bind out indigent children.

Chapter 422

See chap. 555, L. 1874.

Amending section 5, chapter 628, Laws 1857, to suppress intemperance and regulate the sale of intoxicating liquors. Orange county excise commissioners authorized to pay excise license fees, over amount required to be paid to Inebriate Asylum at Binghamton, to supervisors of respective towns for support of the poor.

Chapter 427

Incorporating "Longshoremen's Mutual Benevolent and Protective Society Number Two of city of Brooklyn."

Chapter 437

Incorporating "St. James Roman Catholic Benevolent Society of the city of Brooklyn."

Chapter 504

Act to prevent fly and purse net fishing in certain waters in Suffolk county. Moiety of fines for violations to go to support of poor.

Chapter 518

See chap. 721, L. 1871.

Amending section 3 of title 2, chapter 11, part I, Revised Statutes. Two overseers of the poor to be elected in each town.

Chapter 522

See chap. 30, L. 1866; chap. 791, L. 1868; chap. 395, L. 1873; chap. 503, L. 1880; chap. 568, L. 1890; chap. 677, L. 1892.

(1865)
Chapter 541

Newburgh city incorporated.

Said city with the town of Newburgh to constitute one poor district, and chapter 103, Laws 1853, to continue in force except as hereby amended. The superintendent shall be named superintendent of the poor of the city and town of Newburgh. Two of the commissioners of the almshouse to be elected by town electors and the other commissioners by electors of the city. Said commissioners to make estimates annually of sums required for support of poor to supervisors.

See chap. 114, L. 1885; chap. 223, L. 1894.

Chapter 545

Charter of village of Canton, St. Lawrence county, chapter 192, Laws 1845, amended. Paupers, idiots and lunatics exempted from poll tax.

Chapter 552

Ratification of thirteenth amendment to United States Constitution abolishing slavery in the United States.

Chapter 553

Rochester city charter, chapter 143, L. 1861, amended.

One overseer of the poor to be appointed in Rochester. Common council may raise annually \$30,000 for support and relief of poor.

See chap. 435, L. 1867; chap. 557, L. 1871; chap. 14, L. 1880.

Chapter 554

Establishing "Capital Police District of the State of New York" and providing for a life insurance fund and for payment of annuities to disabled policemen and to their widows and orphans.

See chaps. 329 and 483, L. 1866; chap. 794, L. 1867; chap. 723, L. 1868; chaps. 320, 897 and 912, L. 1869; chaps. 77, 419, 520 and 692, L. 1870; chap. 250, L. 1871; chap. 593, L. 1886.

Chapter 559

Manufacturers of firkins and tubs for butter to brand weight thereon. Unbranded firkins and tubs not to be used in selling butter. Moieties of penalties to go to use of poor.

See chap. 202, L. 1884; chap. 183, L. 1885.

Chapter 573

Amending chapter 242, Laws 1852, in relation to support of poor in Jefferson county. Hereafter there

shall be but one overseer in each town. His duties defined.

(1865)

Sections 1 and 2 of chapter 122, Laws 1858, repealed.

See chap. 195, L. 1866.

Authorizing the establishment of "New York State Institution for the Blind." \$100,000 appropriated.

Chapter 587

See chap. 214, L. 1831; chaps. 320 and 744, L. 1867; chap. 66, L. 1868; chap. 166, L. 1870.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE
NEW YORK STATE INSTITUTION FOR THE BLIND.

CHAPTER 587, LAWS OF 1865.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. The governor of the State of New York, by and with the consent of the senate, shall, during the present session of the legislature, appoint five commissioners for the purpose of selecting a suitable site on which to be erected the New York State Institution for the Blind.

§ 2. The said commissioners, by and with the approbation of the governor, shall have power to select and procure a site for the location of said institution; such power to be exercised first by selecting or designating any property of the state, or upon which it has a lien, suitable for that purpose, or, if there be no such property, then by accepting, or receiving, or purchasing such site.

§ 3. If the said commissioners shall procure by purchase or by judicial proceeding, obtain the site for said institution, and a deed thereof shall be duly executed and delivered to the people of this state, the treasurer is hereby directed to pay, on the warrant of the comptroller, to the grantor or grantors of whom the said site shall be purchased as aforesaid, such sum or sums of money as may be required to pay for said site, not exceeding thirty thousand dollars.

§ 4. At any time after such site shall be obtained by the said commissioners, the governor, secretary of state and comptroller shall appoint three commissioners to contract for the erection of buildings for such institution, if the erection of buildings be necessary, on such plan and on such terms as they, in connection with the state officers aforesaid, may deem just and proper; the said last mentioned commissioners shall superintend the erection thereof.

§ 5. The said last mentioned commissioners, before entering upon the duties of their office, shall give their bonds, with good and sufficient sureties, to be approved by the governor and comptroller, to the people of this state, in the penal sum of ten

(1865)

thousand dollars, conditioned for the faithful performance of the duties required of them by this act.

§ 6. The treasurer is hereby directed to pay to the said last mentioned commissioners, on the warrant of the comptroller, such sum or sums of money as may be appropriated for said institution, and necessary for the purposes of this act; the same to be paid in installments, not exceeding the sum of ten thousand dollars at any one time; and the expenditure of each installment shall be accounted for to the comptroller, before any succeeding installment shall be paid.

§ 7. It shall be the duty of the said last mentioned commissioners to make a detailed report of all the money received by them by virtue of this act, and of the progress which shall have been made in the erection of such institution, to the comptroller, on or before the first day of January next, and as often thereafter as the comptroller shall from time to time require.

§ 8. Each of said last mentioned commissioners shall be allowed and paid the sum of five dollars per day for each and every day necessarily spent in the discharge of his duties, as well as all mileage, at the same rate as allowed to the members of the legislature.

§ 9. The commissioners named or provided for in the first section of this act, shall have the power, and they are hereby authorized, if, in their judgment, the same be expedient, to hire or lease a suitable building to be used for the blind of this state, until such time as the building herein provided for shall be finished and ready for occupation.

§ 10. As soon as suitable accommodations shall be provided, the governor shall, by and with the consent of the senate, appoint nine trustees, two from the first judicial district and one from each of the other judicial districts, who shall take charge of said institution. Such trustees shall serve without pay and shall hold their offices for three years and until others are appointed.

§ 11. Application for admission into such institution shall be made to a justice of the supreme court or of the court of common pleas or to a county judge in the county where such applicant shall reside. Such justice or judge shall hear the application and make due inquiry into the pecuniary circumstances of such applicant, or of the parents or guardians thereof, and if it shall be proved to his satisfaction that such person or the parents or guardians of such person are unable to pay for the support thereof, and that such county is entitled to send such person to such institution, he may make his order to that effect, and thereupon such person shall be sent to and admitted into such institution for a term not exceeding seven years.

§ 12. The persons who shall be entitled to the benefits of this institution shall be admitted in the order of their applica-

(1865)

tion for admission, except that the blind children of those who shall have died in the military service of the United States, or from wounds or injuries received therein during the present rebellion, shall in all cases have a preference; except however that each county shall be entitled to admission for its blind population in indigent circumstances in the same proportion which the whole number of its blind population shall bear to the whole blind population of the state, which proportion shall be determined by the trustees; provided however, that for each person sent by any county, such county shall pay the annual sum of fifty dollars towards the support of such person.

§ 13. Said trustees shall, as soon after their appointment as may be, meet and organize by choosing one of their number as president and appointing a secretary. They shall have power to make by-laws and rules and regulations for the transaction of their business, and for the regulation and management of said institution, which institution shall be wholly under their control; and as soon as may be necessary, they shall appoint some suitable person as superintendent, and such other officers and employees as may be necessary to properly carry on the business of said institution, and fix the compensation thereof.

§ 14. Said trustees shall keep full and complete records of all their proceedings, and also of the business and daily transactions of such institution, in books to be provided for that purpose; and shall annually make report thereof to the legislature, in and during the month of January.

§ 15. The sum of one hundred thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated for the purposes of this act.

§ 16. This act shall take effect immediately.

Amending chapter 358, Laws 1863, in relation to quarantine and health office for port of New York.

Chapter 592

See chap. 482, L. 1862; chap. 593, L. 1886.

Appropriates \$10,000 for State Lunatic Asylum; \$15,000 for New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb; \$22,128 for New York Institution for the Blind; \$10,000 for Western House of Refuge; \$1,800 to heirs of S. D. Willard for expenses of investigation of condition of insane poor under chapter 418, Laws 1864.

Chapter 598

Authorizing supervisors of New York county to raise by tax \$10,000 for Children's Aid Society of city of New York.

Chapter 605

Authorizing Howard Mission and Home for Little Wanderers to hold property to amount of \$150,000.

Chapter 635

(1865)
Chapter 641

Appropriates \$45,000 for destitute and orphan children, to be divided among the several counties according to equalized valuations, and the sum thus awarded to each county shall be paid incorporated orphan asylums therein except Leake and Watts Orphan Asylum, including all those mentioned in similar appropriations by chapter 401, Laws 1864 (except Jefferson County Orphan Asylum and Home for the Friendless, Newburgh), and also including Home for the Friendless, New York, Protestant Orphans' Home, New York city, and Davenport Asylum at Bath; \$2,000 for St. Mary's Hospital, Rochester; \$1,000 for Rochester City Hospital; \$5,000 for Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children; \$500 for St. Mary's Orphan Asylum at Clifton, Richmond county; \$2,000 for Blind Mechanics' Association; \$1,000 for Society for Relief of Destitute Children of Seamen, in Richmond county; \$2,500 for Colored Orphan Asylum, New York city; \$1,000 for School of St. Mary's Church, New York city; \$3,000 for Ladies' Educational Union, New York city; \$1,000 for Home of the Friendless, New York city; \$3,000 for Prison Association of New York; \$15,000 for Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents, New York City; \$12,000 for Western House of Refuge; \$1,000 for St. Vincent's Male Orphan Asylum, Utica; \$1,000 for Jefferson County Orphan Asylum; \$1,000 for Cayuga Asylum for Destitute Orphan Children; \$1,000 for St. Joseph's Boys' Orphan Asylum, Buffalo; \$500 for Le Couteulx St. Mary's Asylum for Deaf and Dumb, Buffalo; \$4,000 for Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless, Albany; \$1,000 for Hudson Orphan Relief Association; \$2,500 for Ladies' Soldiers' Aid Society, Ithaca; \$500 for Providence Lunatic Asylum, Buffalo; \$1,000 for Buffalo Widow, Lying-in Women and Foundling

(1865)

Hospital; \$55,000 for the hospitals of the State outside of New York city, but including Women's Hospital, Jews' Hospital, New York Infirmary for Indigent Women and Children, Soldiers' Home, Ladies' Relief Association at Elmira, St. Mary's Hospital, Rochester, Rochester City Hospital, Buffalo General Hospital and the Lying-in Hospital of the Sisters of Charity, Buffalo, to be divided between them in proportion to the number of beneficiary patients; \$1,800 for New York Ophthalmic Hospital; \$500 for New York Eye and Ear Infirmary; \$1,500 for Women's Infirmary at Washington Heights; \$1,000 for Northern Dispensary; \$1,000 for Bond Street Homeopathic Dispensary; \$1,000 for Eastern Dispensary; \$1,000 for German Dispensary; \$600 for Demilt Dispensary; \$300 for Homeopathic Dispensary on Seventh street, New York city; \$700 for Northwestern Dispensary; \$400 for New York Infirmary Dispensary; \$100 for Central Homeopathic Dispensary; \$200 for Northeastern Dispensary; \$150 for Manhattan Dispensary; \$350 for New York Homeopathic Dispensary; \$600 for Brooklyn Dispensary; \$150 for Brooklyn Central Dispensary; \$100 for Brooklyn Homeopathic Dispensary; \$500 for Williamsburgh Dispensary; \$500 for Dispensary of Tröy Hospital; \$350 for Buffalo City Dispensary; \$1,500 for New York Dispensary; \$1,500 for Hamilton College, and \$6,000 for Idiot Asylum. The provisions of chapter 401, Laws 1864, making the amounts thereby or thereafter to be appropriated to the institutions therein named a lien against their real estate, are hereby repealed.

Moiety of penalty for shooting wild fowl from steam pleasure yachts in Long Island sound to go to overseers of the poor.

See chap. 898, L. 1867; chaps. 488 and 677, L. 1892.

New York supervisors authorized to levy tax for \$11,000 for city dispensaries, of which \$1,000 shall be

Chapter 642

Chapter 646

(1865)

paid to Manhattanville Dispensary; \$60,000 for donations; \$15,000 for Society for Protection of Destitute Roman Catholic Children in New York city; \$1,000 for Orphans' Home and Asylum; \$1,000 for Demilt Dispensary; \$2,000 for New York Fire Department Fund; \$3,000 for Rose Hill Ladies' Relief Association; \$1,000 for New York Infirmary for Women and Children; \$2,000 for Five Points House of Industry; \$2,000 for Five Points Mission; \$500 for Sick Assistance Society; \$24 for Ladies' Women Aid Society; \$614 for Home for the Friendless; \$1,065.79 for Orphans' Home; \$350 for Orphan Asylum; \$5,000 for Ladies' Educational Union; \$20,000 for House of Good Shepherd; \$600 for New York Asylum for Lying-in Women; \$10,000 for New York Infant Asylum; \$4,000 for Ladies' Union Aid Society; \$5,000 for House of Mercy; \$2,500 for New York Women's Infirmary; \$45,000 for interest on Volunteer Soldiers' Family Aid Fund bonds, and \$8,000 for Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents.

Chapter 678

Act for preservation of fish and wild ducks in and upon waters of Cayuga lake. Penalty for violation to be recovered as provided by section 21 of chapter 474, Laws 1862.

See chap. 813, L. 1886.

Chapter 679

Act for preservation of fish in certain waters in Rensselaer county. Moiety of penalties to go to superintendent of the poor.

See chap. 898, L. 1867.

Chapter 701

Amending charter of Society for Protection of Destitute Roman Catholic Children, Buffalo, chapter 364, Laws 1864, as to transfer of children from Erie county poorhouse.

Chapter 706

Continuing charter of St. David's Benefit and Benevolent Society of the city of New York, chapter 162, Laws 1838, for 21 years hereafter.

Act in relation to the fund of the Fire Department of the city of New York.

See chap. 633, L. 1866.

(1865)
Chapter 717

Common council of the city of Brooklyn to raise annually \$4,000 for Long Island College Hospital.

See chap. 384, L. 1854; chap. 863, L. 1873.

Chapter 721

Act to regulate the storage of crude petroleum and its products within the limits of any city. Fines to be devoted to use of the poor, except that in New York and Brooklyn such fines shall go to widows and orphans' fund of fire department.

See chap. 872, L. 1866; chaps. 612 and 742, L. 1871; chap. 537, L. 1881.

Chapter 773

Concurrent resolution, January 17, 1865. Urging our Senators and Representatives in Congress to amend United States Constitution by passing thirteenth amendment abolishing slavery.

Concurrent resolution, February 3, 1865. Ratifying thirteenth amendment to United States Constitution.

Annual report of the Secretary of State on poor statistics. ("Assembly documents," Vol. 7, No. 147.)

Authorizing board of supervisors of St. Lawrence county to change poorhouse site and levy tax of \$40,000 to erect new buildings.

89th session
1866
Chapter 23

Amending charter of village of Batavia, Genesee county, chapter 140, Laws 1853. Trustees empowered to convey water to site of New York State Institution for the Blind.

Chapter 29

See chap. 140, L. 1853; chap. 380, L. 1868; chap. 195, L. 1884, title 9, § 15.

Act relative to town elections, amending section 3, article 1, title 2 of chapter 11, part I, Revised Statutes. Provides for annual election in each town of one or two overseers of the poor except in Richmond and Kings counties.

Chapter 30

See chap. 522, L. 1865; chap. 569, L. 1890.

Amending charter of city of Oswego by striking out the words "overseers of the poor" and inserting in lieu thereof "four commissioners of public charity,"

Chapter 51

(1866)

and creating new title XI entitled "Of the Commissioners of Public Charity" wherein their powers and duties are defined.

See chap. 463, L. 1860; chap. 471, L. 1866.

Chapter 74

Creating metropolitan sanitary district coextensive with metropolitan police district in the city of New York. The metropolitan board of health may require reports from public dispensaries, hospitals, asylums, infirmaries, prisons and schools.

See chap. 956, L. 1867; chap. 140, L. 1882.

Chapter 89

Amending chapter 641, Laws 1865, by making appropriation of \$1,000 to "Buffalo Widow, Lying-in Women and Foundling Hospital" available to "St. Mary's Lying-in Women's Hospital at Buffalo."

Chapter 90

Conferring power upon Five Points House of Industry in New York city to educate and bind out children.

See chap. 405, L. 1855.

Chapter 101

Changing name of Children's Home Society of Troy to "Day Home."

Chapter 112

Act for preservation of Otsego lake bass, in Otsego lake, Otsego county. Moiety of penalty to go to support of county poor.

See chap. 898, L. 1867; chap. 488, L. 1892.

Chapter 114

Amending chapter 541, Laws 1865, incorporating city of Newburgh. Town of Newburgh and city of Newburgh to constitute one poor district under act chapter 103, Laws 1853, under supervision of the commissioners of the almshouse of the city and town of Newburgh. The town to elect two commissioners and the city to elect other commissioners.

See chap. 168, L. 1878.

Chapter 125

Reviving and extending charter of the New York Female Assistance Society to the year 1900.

See chap. 218, L. 1840.

Chapter 136

Amending subdivision 4, section 4, title 1, chapter 13, part I, Revised Statutes, by exempting "every poorhouse, almshouse, house of industry and every

house belonging to a company incorporated for the reformation of offenders or to improve the moral condition of seamen and the real and personal property used for such purposes belonging to or connected with the same." from taxation. (1866)

Empowering board of health of town of Yonkers to acquire real estate to cost of \$5,000 and to erect buildings thereon for reception of persons sick with infectious or contagious diseases or under quarantine. Chapter 165

See chap. 86, L. 1868.

Exempting property of Father Matthew's Total Abstinence Benefit Society of South Brooklyn from taxation. Chapter 171

Act for better protection of seamen in port of New York in relation to sailors' boarding house licenses. Chapter 184

See chap. 434, L. 1877; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Amending chapter 15, Laws 1865, so as to permit relief of destitute disabled soldiers and providing for maintenance of "Temporary Home" at Ira Harris Hospital, Albany, \$70,000 appropriated. Chapter 185

See chap. 255, L. 1867.

Amending chapter 242, Laws 1852, repealing chapter 573, Laws 1865, in relation to support of poor in Jefferson county. Hereafter only one overseer of the poor to be elected in each town who shall, except in town of Watertown, act with supervisor in granting temporary relief. Chapter 195

See chap. 242, L. 1852; chap. 817, L. 1873; chap. 24, L. 1888.

Incorporating "The Sisters of the Poor of St. Francis." Chapter 201

See chap. 29, L. 1885.

Incorporating village of Edgewater, Richmond county. Board of trustees to appoint one superintendent of the poor at salary not exceeding \$150 with same powers possessed by superintendents of the poor of Richmond county. Chapter 214

See chap. 517, L. 1867; chap. 674, L. 1870.

(1866)
Chapter 234

Amending charter of German Hospital in city of New York, chapter 195, Laws of 1861.

See chap. 386, L. 1881.

Chapter 239

Incorporating "Poughkeepsie Associated Fire Department," with fund for relief of disabled and indigent firemen and their families.

See chap. 90, L. 1854; chap. 68, L. 1873.

Chapter 242

Amending chapter 510, Laws 1860, creating department of public charities and correction in New York city by authorizing city comptroller to pay moneys to said department, in accordance with chapter 10, Laws 1865, in anticipation of action of supervisors and Legislature, and to issue bonds therefore.

Chapter 243

Amending chapter 420, Laws of 1862, incorporating Union Home and School for education and maintenance of children of volunteers.

See chap. 39, L. 1872.

Chapter 244

Authorizing boards of town auditors of towns of Oyster Bay and North Hempstead, Queens county, to appropriate \$12,000 of Jones' Fund for support of the poor, for erection of poor farm in Oyster Bay.

Chapter 245

Amending chapter 332, Laws 1851, incorporating New York Juvenile Asylum. Asylum empowered to bind out children.

See chap. 588, L. 1873; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Chapter 251

Act for preservation of fish in Kinderhook lake and adjacent waters in Columbia county. Moiety of penalties to go to overseer of the poor.

See chap. 292, L. 1867; chap. 524, L. 1873.

Chapter 255

Incorporating "German Sick and Relief Society of Newburgh," Orange county.

Chapter 256

Amending charter of Society for Protection of Destitute Roman Catholic Children, Buffalo, chapter 364, Laws 1864.

See chap. 567, L. 1881.

Chapter 274

Amending charter of Mendelssohn Benevolent Society of New York city, chapter 235, Laws 1844, by

permitting society to hold real estate to amount of (1866)
\$25,000.

See chap. 274, L. 1866.

Incorporating "The Guild of the Holy Cross, New Chapter 288
York."

Conferring jurisdiction over New York Medical Chapter 294
College for Women and Hospital for Women and
Children upon Regents of University.

See chap. 123, L. 1863.

Consolidating charter of village of Middletown, Chapter 314
Orange county. Trustees empowered to remit poll
taxes and discharge judgments against indigent per-
sons unable to work.

Act enabling lodges and chapters of free and ac- Chapter 317
cepted masons to take, hold and convey real estate.

See chap. 272, L. 1864; chap. 176, L. 1869, chap. 471, L. 1870;
chap. 419, L. 1885; chap. 417, L. 1873.

Appropriating \$25,000 to commissioners of quaran- Chapter 365
tine.

Act for relief of Seamans' Fund and Retreat in New Chapter 369
York City. President thereof may sue for per capita
tax upon mariners arriving at port of New York and
for penalties on masters of coasting vessels for non-
payment of hospital money.

See chap. 234, L. 1831; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Incorporating "Board of Trustees of the Firemen's Chapter 382
Widow and Orphan Fund of the Village of Jamaica,"
Queens county.

Amending charter of Elmira Fire Department, cer- Chapter 390
tain funds to be applied to relief of disabled firemen.

See chap. 322, L. 1859; chap. 239, L. 1883; chap. 31, L. 1885.

Act for the protection of oysters in waters of Rich- Chapter 404
mond county. Moiety of penalties for dredging on
natural beds or for planting or taking off oysters and
clams by non-residents of State to go to support of
county poor. Chapter 575, Laws 1864, repealed.

See chap. 453, L. 1880; chap. 593, L. 1886.

(1866)
Chapter 410

Authorizing Trustees of Seaman's Fund and Retreat in New York city to mortgage their hospital lands for \$50,000.

See chap. 234, L. 1831.

Chapter 425

Amending chapter 584, Laws 1857, in relation to village of Carthage, Jefferson county. Paupers, idiots and lunatics exempt from poll tax.

See chap. 215, L. 1868; chap. 834, L. 1869.

Chapter 436

Amending chapter 628, Laws 1857, to suppress intemperance and regulate sale of liquors as to Rockland county. In that county excise moneys to be disbursed by town supervisors of the poor.

Chapter 464

Act to regulate fishing in Wells Lake, at Luzerne, Warren county. Moiety of penalties to go to support of county poor.

See chap. 898, L. 1867; chap. 488, L. 1892.

Chapter 471

Amending charter of city of Oswego. Commissioners of Public Charity to maintain hospital and erect and control almshouse. Their powers and duties enlarged.

See chap. 463, L. 1860.

Chapter 476

Appropriation act. Appropriates \$8,000 for State Lunatic Asylum, \$200 for maintenance of Mark Jack, insane Indian, and \$600 for support of female convicts, \$35,000 to Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents, New York city, \$35,000 for House of Refuge of Western New York, \$61,565 for Institution for Deaf and Dumb, \$45,000 for New York Institution for the Blind, \$21,000 for State Asylum for Idiots, \$300 for relief of Onondaga Indians, \$300 to L. S. Backus for the "Radii" to the deaf and dumb, \$60 annuity to James Minor, and \$7,361.67 for annuities to Indians.

Chapter 483

Amending chapter 554, Laws 1865, in relation to Capitol Police District by including Schenectady.

See chap. 803, L. 1867; chap. 70, L. 1870; chap. 250, L. 1871.

Chapter 484

Establishing Niagara Frontier Police District, composed of city of Buffalo and town of Tonawanda, Erie

county, and town of Wheatfield, Niagara county, with (1866)
life insurance fund, from which annuities may be paid
to disabled policemen, their widows and orphans.

See chap. 230, L. 1853; chap. 232, L. 1867; chap. 720, L. 1871.

Amending charter of city of Lockport, chapter 365, Chapter 542
Laws 1865. One overseer of the poor to be elected
annually with same powers as overseers of poor of
towns.

See chap. 365, L. 1865; chap. 218, L. 1877; chap. 120, L. 1886,
T. 15, § 277.

Act in relation to Superintendents of Poor in On- Chapter 568
tario county. Provides for three superintendents in-
stead of two.

See chap. 498, L. 1847.

Regulating sale of intoxicating liquors in Metro- Chapter 578
politan Police District, New York city. Excise license
fees and penalties to be appropriated to Police Depart-
ment, except portion going to State Inebriate Asylum.

See chap. 569, L. 1857; chaps. 77, 889 and 926, L. 1867; chaps.
10, 468 and 853, L. 1868; chaps. 8 and 175, L. 1870; chap. 537,
L. 1881.

Creating Board of Auditors in town of La Grange, Chapter 612
Dutchess county, to examine accounts of overseers of
the poor.

Changing name of "The Jews' Hospital of City of Chapter 627
New York" to "The Mount Sinai Hospital."

See chap. 651, L. 1857.

Act relating to benevolent fund of late Volunteer Chapter 633
Fire Department in city of New York. "The Trustees
of Exempt Firemen's Benevolent Fund of City of New
York" incorporated.

See chap. 717, L. 1865; chap. 962, L. 1867; chap. 297, L. 1870;
chap. 742, L. 1871; chap. 64, L. 1877; chap. 89, L. 1879; chap.
410, L. 1882.

Incorporating "Women's College of Physicians and Chapter 642
Surgeons" in city of New York, and authorizing estab-
lishment of a hospital in connection therewith.

(1866)
Chapter 647

Directing Board of Supervisors of New York county to raise \$50,000 for Society for Protection of Destitute Roman Catholic Children in city of New York, and also yearly the sum of \$50 per capita for persons maintained there and exempting its property from taxation.

Chapter 650

See chap. 448, L. 1863; chap. 428, L. 1867; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Directing Board of Supervisors of New York county to raise annually from \$60 to \$100 for each child supported at Nursery and Child's Hospital of the city of New York, and \$10,000 appropriated by section 1 of chapter 646, Laws 1865, to New York Infant Asylum, is transferred to Nursery and Child's Hospital.

Chapter 666

See chap. 70, L. 1857; chap. 366, L. 1869; chap. 643, L. 1874; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Authorizing appointment of commissioners to locate Hudson River Asylum for the Insane.

Chapter 673

See chaps. 5 and 93, L. 1867.

New York State Inebriate Asylum authorized to appoint policemen to retake escaped inebriates.

Chapter 681

See chap. 381, L. 1859; chap. 625, L. 1873.

Montgomery county supervisors' contract with keeper of poorhouse for support of paupers therein and for sale of poorhouse farm confirmed. After December, 1866, county paupers to be distributed among the towns who shall thereafter support their own poor. Overseers of poor of towns to contract for their support. Office of keeper of county poorhouse abolished after January 1, 1867, and one county superintendent of poor to be elected for three years term. Incurable lunatics and insane persons to be supported at county expense at State asylum or elsewhere.

Chapter 699

See chap. 42, L. 1863; chap. 138, L. 1869.

Rochester city charter, chapter 143, Laws 1861, amended. Common council to raise funds for support of children maintained at House for Idle and Truant Children.

See chap. 557, L. 1871; chap. 14, L. 1880.

Increasing appropriation for support of children placed in New York Institution for Instruction of Deaf and Dumb, for two years, beginning September 1, 1866, pursuant to chapter 325, Laws 1863, to \$200 per capita yearly.

(1866)
Chapter 708

Authorizing supervisors of Kings county to borrow \$100,000 for support of the poor.

Chapter 719

Amending section 25 of chapter 277, Laws 1864, creating board of trustees for town of Morrisania, Westchester county. Board authorized to raise money by tax for support of town poor, but only by special ballots if in excess of \$2,000.

Chapter 733

See chap. 42, L. 1868.

Owners and captains of vessels arriving at New York to care for lunatic, idiot, deaf, dumb, blind, maimed, infirm or sick indigent persons at their own expense until delivered to Commissioners of Emigration, under \$500 penalty for each violation.

Chapter 737

See chap. 195, L. 1847; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Supply Bill. Appropriates \$2,000 for Asylum for Insane Convicts, \$12,400 for State Lunatic Asylum, \$22,500 for Institution for Instruction for Deaf and Dumb, New York city, \$22,414.66 for New York Institution for the Blind, \$6,000 for State Asylum for Idiots, at Syracuse, \$19,922.36 for Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents, New York city, \$10,000 for Western House of Refuge, and \$50,000 for Quarantine Station at New York. Also \$50,000 for support of insane poor, according to chapter 342, Laws 1865, and \$2,000 for commissioners appointed to select site for New York State Institution for the Blind.

Chapter 748

Act relative to quarantine in New York port and appropriating \$400,000 (to be afterwards reimbursed to State treasury from sale of lands and Richmond county bonds held by State), for erection of marine hospital, etc.

Chapter 751

See chap. 358, L. 1863; chap. 543, L. 1867; chap. 832, L. 1868; chap. 722, L. 1871; chap. 486, L. 1892; chap. 677, L. 1892; chap. 661, L. 1893.

(1866)
Chapter 756

Creating "The Metropolitan Fire Department Relief Fund" for sick, disabled and indigent firemen and their families.

See chap. 742, L. 1871; chap. 537, L. 1881.

Chapter 759

Incorporating "The Journeymen Blank Book Binders' Benevolent Union of the city of New York."

Chapter 760

Incorporating the "Social Turnverein" in city of Rochester.

Chapter 774

Appropriations to charitable institutions. \$80,000 to orphan asylums and homes for the friendless. To be divided pro rata among the several counties and to be paid to following institutions in proportion to number of persons maintained by each county, except Cayuga, viz: Albany Orphan Asylum, Albany Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless, the Association of the Sheltering Arms in city of New York, the Brooklyn Orphan Asylum, the Brooklyn Industrial School Association and Home for Destitute Children, the Buffalo Orphan Asylum, the Cayuga Asylum for Orphans, the Children's Day Home at Troy, the Colored Orphan Asylum, New York city, the Colored Home in New York city, Davenport Institution for Female Orphans at Bath, Evangelical Lutheran St. John's Home, Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless, New York city; Five Points Home of Industry, Forest Orphan Institute, Free School for Indigent Female Children attached to the Academy of the Sacred Heart, New York city; Hebrew Benevolent Society, Home for Destitute Children of Seamen in Richmond county, Home for the Friendless at Newburgh, Home for the Friendless at Poughkeepsie, Home for the Friendless at Auburn, Home for the Friendless at Rochester, Hudson Orphan Asylum, Industrial School at Rochester, Jefferson County Orphan Asylum, Juvenile Guardian Society, New York city; Juvenile Retreat at Albany, Le Couteulx St. Mary's Deaf and

(1866)

Dumb Asylum at Buffalo, New York Orphan Asylum Society, Nursery and Child's Hospital, New York city; Ontario County Orphan Asylum, Onondaga County Orphan Asylum, Orphan Home and Asylum of Protestant Episcopal Church, New York City; Oswego Orphan Asylum, Protestant Half-orphan Asylum, New York city; Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum in Brooklyn, Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum, New York city; Rochester Orphan Asylum, Society for Protection of Destitute Roman Catholic Children, New York city; St. John's Orphan Asylum, Utica; St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum, New York city; St. Joseph Asylum, Buffalo; St. Joseph's German Catholic Asylum, Rochester; St. Mary's German Catholic Asylum, Buffalo; St. Mary's Orphan Asylum, Canandaigua; St. Mary's Boys' Orphan Asylum, Rochester; St. Mary's Orphan Asylum at Dunkirk, St. Patrick's Female Orphan Asylum, Rochester; St. Peter's German Roman Catholic Association, Rondout; St. Vincent's Orphan Asylums at Albany and Troy, St. Vincent Female Orphan Asylum, Buffalo; St. Vincent's Infant Orphan Asylum, Buffalo; St. Vincent's Male Orphan Asylum, Utica; St. Vincent de Paul Orphan Asylum, Syracuse; Syracuse Home Association, Church Charity Foundation Brooklyn; Church Charity Foundation of Protestant Episcopal Church, Buffalo; Troy Orphan Asylum, Troy Catholic Male Orphan Asylum, Union Home and School for Education and Maintenance of Children of Volunteers, New York city; Utica Orphan Asylum, Williamsburgh Industrial School, and to the other orphan asylums and homes for the friendless of the State (except Leake & Watts Orphan Asylum, New York city).

Seven thousand dollars appropriated to Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children; \$1,000 for House of Reception for Orphans and Half-orphans at Mariner's Harbor, Richmond county; \$7,000 for

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Ladies' Educational Union; \$7,000 for Union Home and School for Education and Maintenance of Children of Volunteers, New York city; \$1,000 for Juvenile Guardian Society, New York city; \$1,000 for St. Mary's Church and \$1,000 for Church of St. Bridget in city of New York, and \$1,000 for Church of the Immaculate Conception, New York city, for maintenance of schools under their charge.

Fifty-five thousand dollars for hospitals in New York State, except in New York city, but including Women's Hospital, Jews' Hospital, New York Infirmary for Women and Children; Soldiers' Home and Ladies' Relief Association, Elmira; St. Mary's Hospital, Rochester; Rochester City Hospital; Buffalo General Hospital and St. Mary's Lying-In Hospital, Buffalo, to be divided between them in certain proportions: \$12,000 for Society of New York Hospital, \$2,000 for New York Ophthalmic Hospital, \$500 for New York Eye and Ear Infirmary, \$2,000 for Women's Infirmary at Washington Heights, \$2,000 for Cascadilla Place Infirmary, \$2,000 for New York Dispensary, \$2,000 for Bond Street Homeopathic Dispensary, \$1,000 for Demilt Dispensary, \$1,000 for Northern Dispensary, \$1,000 for Eastern Dispensary, \$1,000 for New York Homeopathic Dispensary, \$800 for German Dispensary, \$300 for Homeopathic Dispensary on Seventh Street, \$400 for New York Infirmary Dispensary, \$200 for Northeastern Dispensary, \$100 for Manhattan Dispensary, \$700 for Brooklyn Dispensary, \$200 for Brooklyn Central Dispensary, \$150 for Brooklyn Homeopathic Dispensary, \$600 for Williamsburgh Dispensary, \$500 for Troy Hospital Dispensary, \$400 for Buffalo City Dispensary.

Chapter 782

Section 1 of chapter 157, Laws 1842, amended by providing exemption of household furniture and working tools from sale under execution.

See chap. 417, L. 1877.

Authorizing city of Brooklyn to raise money—
\$2,366.57 and \$151.96 for Truant Home.

(1866)
Chapter 855

Establishing fire limits in the city of Brooklyn.
Fines and penalties to go to Brooklyn fire department
for use of its fund.

Chapter 858

See chap. 332, L. 1855; chap. 632, L. 1868; chap. 591, L. 1869;
chap. 316, L. 1870.

Act amending act to regulate the storage of crude
petroleum and its products in any city in this State,
passed June 15, 1865. City authorities shall make
ordinances for storage of kerosene oil, etc., and pro-
vide fines for violation thereof, to be devoted to the
poor of such cities, except in New York and Brooklyn,
where such fines shall go to the widows and orphans'
fund of the city fire department, and in city of Buffalo
to treasurer of Firemen's Benevolent Association.

Chapter 872

See chap. 773, L. 1865; chap. 742, L. 1871; chap. 537, L. 1881.

Amending and reducing to one act, the several acts
relating to buildings and the keeping and storage of
combustibles in New York city.

Chapter 873

All penalties collected to go to the uses and purposes
of the Metropolitan fire department.

See chap. 939, L. 1867; chaps. 533 and 634, L. 1868; chap.
625, L. 1871; chap. 169, L. 1880; chaps. 467 and 537, L. 1881;
chap. 410, L. 1882.

Board of Supervisors of New York county author-
ized to levy tax for 1866 and pay city dispensaries
\$8,000. Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delin-
quents, \$8,000. Inebriate asylum, New York city, in-
corporated by chapter 141, Laws 1864, \$100,000.
Donations, \$10,000. Ladies' Union Relief Association
for care of indigent soldiers and their families, \$5,000.
Ladies' Union Aid Society, \$4,000. Colored Home of
New York city, \$10,000. To pay taxes and assess-
ments upon property of certain churches and benevo-
lent societies, \$8,478.84. \$500 to widow of Charles
Merlet, fireman. \$3,000 for balance of donation for

Chapter 876

(1866)

Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents, \$5,000 for Institution of Mercy, \$800 for Mariners' Family Industrial Society of the Port of New York, \$2,000 for Ophthalmic Hospital, \$3,000 for Ladies' Home Mission, \$3,000 for Five Points House of Industry, \$4,000 for St. Luke's Hospital, \$3,000 for Magdalen Female Benevolent Society, \$5,000 for Mission Home and School, \$5,000 for German American School Society in 19th ward, \$5,000 for New York Juvenile Guardian Society, \$1,000 for St. Luke's Home for Indigent Females, \$3,000 more for Ophthalmic Hospital, \$5,000 for House of Mercy, \$5,007.21 for American Seaman's Friend Society for Arrearages of taxes and assessments on "Sailor's Home," \$5,000 for Hospital of Sisters of St. Francis, \$1,000 for Female Sick Assistance Society, \$5,000 for Nursery and Child's Hospital and \$3,000 for Women's Infirmary Association, at Washington Heights.

Concurrent resolutions asking Congress gratuitously to provide such number of hulks or vessels not now in use, as may be necessary for temporary quarantine purposes in port of New York, passed Assembly January 22, 1866, and Senate January 24, 1866.

Concurrent resolution asking Congress to aid in erection of hospitals and warehouses for quarantine purposes in the port of New York, passed Assembly January 22, 1866, and Senate January 25, 1866.

90th session -
1867
Chapter 5

Act to approve location of Hudson River Asylum for the Insane near Poughkeepsie.

See chaps. 19, 33 and 93, L. 1867.

Chapter 19

Authorizing, Poughkeepsie to borrow money to pay for land given to people of the State of New York as site for Hudson River Insane Asylum.

See chap. 93, L. 1867.

Chapter 29

Authorizing board of supervisors of Ontario county to annually raise money by tax to pay for support of certain children at the Ontario Orphan Asylum.

Authorizing Dutchess county to borrow money to pay for lands to be given as site for Hudson River Asylum for the Insane. (1867)
Chapter 33

See chap. 93, L. 1867.

Act to amend act to incorporate city of Elmira, passed April 7, 1864, and acts amending the same. Chapter 39
Section 1 of title 2 provides for election of one overseer of the poor.

See chap. 139, L. 1864; chap. 825, L. 1867.

Act to incorporate "St. Augustine's Mutual Benefit and Benevolent Society of the town of Morrisania," county of Westchester. Chapter 86

Act to establish and organize "Hudson River State Hospital for the Insane." Chapter 93

See chap. 666, L. 1866; chaps. 5, 19 and 33, L. 1867; chap. 337, L. 1870; chap. 380, L. 1887; chap. 132, L. 1890.

Act to incorporate "The German Tailor Benevolent Society of Brooklyn, E. D." Chapter 112

Amending act to organize State Lunatic Asylum for insane convicts, passed April 8, 1858. Chapter 113

See chap. 130, L. 1858; chap. 446, L. 1874.

Act to incorporate "The Samaritan Home for the Aged of the city of New York." Chapter 122

See chap. 789, L. 1869; chap. 134, L. 1874; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Act to confirm incorporation of "Father Mathew Total Abstinence Benefit Society of South Brooklyn" and acts of such society. Chapter 125

See chap. 488, L. 1863; chap. 327, L. 1871.

Act providing for transfer of certain indigent children of Columbia county from poorhouse to the Hudson Orphan and Relief Association and also as to duties of superintendents of the poor of Columbia county. Chapter 142

Authorizing supervisors of New York county to appropriate \$30,000 to Children's Aid Society of New York city for industrial school of said city for destitute children. Chapter 163

See chap. 515, L. 1864; chap. 410, L. 1882.

(1867)
Chapter 167

Authorizing superintendents of poor of Otsego county to lease or sell and convey certain real estate and purchase other real estate and confirm purchases heretofore made.

Chapter 202

Act providing for sale of poorhouse property belonging to city of Syracuse.

Chapter 230

Act authorizing board of supervisors of Livingston county to hear and pass claim of Thomas B. Clapp, late overseer of poor of town of Mount Morris.

Chapter 232

Act regarding Niagara frontier police district, amending act passed April 10, 1866. § 19. Certain excise license fees, fines and penalties to be paid to county treasurer for benefit of county poor; balance to go to police fund.

See chap. 484, L. 1866; chap. 720, L. 1871.

Chapter 255

Appropriating \$100,000 to maintain the "temporary home" in Albany for sick and disabled soldiers honorably discharged from United States service and also for maintenance of military agencies.

Chapter 291

Act to incorporate city of Binghamton.

Title III. § 1. Provides for election of one overseer of the poor.

§ 11. Overseers of poor shall hold office one year and possess all powers and authority of overseers of poor in other towns of State and be subject to same duties.

See chap. 358, L. 1871; chap. 25, L. 1883; chap. 313, L. 1884; chap. 290, L. 1885; chap. 159, L. 1886; chap. 644, L. 1887.

Chapter 315

Authorizing board of supervisors of St. Lawrence county to raise by county tax sufficient sum to refund to such towns as have furnished relief under section 21 of chapter 8, Laws of 1864, such sums as they have expended thereunder.

Chapter 320

Appropriates \$100,000 for completion of New York Institution for the Blind at Batavia.

See chap. 587, L. 1865.

Chapter 322

Incorporating "The Soldiers' Home of the city of Brooklyn."

Incorporating "The Trustees of Peabody Education Fund;" amended by chapter 498, Laws of 1867.	(1867) Chapter 329
Incorporating the "German Mission House Association of the port of New York."	Chapter 331
Act to exempt counties of New York and Kings from provisions of chapter 353 of Laws of 1865, entitled act amending act in relation to State Lunatic Asylum, passed April 10, 1865.	Chapter 343
See chap 353, L. 1865; chap. 410, L. 1882.	
Act enlarging and extending business and powers of Albany Guardian Society.	Chapter 366
Authorizing city of Brooklyn to raise \$1,362.96 for truant home.	Chapter 370
Act concerning removal of female vagrants to The Protestant Episcopal House of Mercy, New York; the Roman Catholic House of Good Shepherd, 89th street; or Magdalen Female Benevolent Asylum and Home for Fallen Women.	Chapter 409
See chap. 410, L. 1882.	
Dutchess County Excise Law. By section 9 all fees for licenses and penalties to go to poor of county.	Chapter 413
§ 13. All fees for licenses and penalties in Poughkeepsie to be paid to city almshouse commissioners.	
See chap. 357, L. 1868.	
Act for relief of Society for Protection of Destitute Roman Catholic Children in New York city, amending chapter 647, Laws of 1866.	Chapter 423
See chap. 410, L. 1882.	
Act for support and relief of poor and for government of poor department in Erie county.	Chapter 461
See chap. 164, L. 1873; chap. 363, L. 1880.	
Act amending charter of the Blind Mechanics' Association.	Chapter 463
Amending act to establish Asylum for Inebriates in New York city and providing for the government thereof. Passed April 8, 1864.	Chapter 470
Amending charter of village of Dunkirk, title 6, section 13. Provision made for election of overseer of	Chapter 479

(1867)

poor and by title 6, section 19, it is provided that the overseer of poor shall not be interested in the buying or distribution of supplies.

See chap. 396, L. 1885.

Chapter 481

Annual Supply Bill. Appropriations made for commissioners of quarantine and maintenance of quarantine established, \$50,000;

\$6,500 for State Lunatic Asylum;

\$14,300 for Willard Insane Asylum;

\$2,000 for medical superintendent and treasurer of Hudson River State Hospital for Insane;

\$10,000 for State Lunatic Asylum;

\$44,900 for Institution for Instruction of Deaf and Dumb in New York city, for maintenance and education of State pupils appointed by superintendent of public instruction for last fiscal year and for prevention of deficiency for current fiscal year;

\$30,000 for Society for Reformation of Juvenile Convicts in New York city for last fiscal year and for enlargement of buildings;

\$12,000 for Western House of Refuge and to prevent deficiency for current fiscal year;

\$8,000 for State Asylum for Idiots, for deficiency of last fiscal year and for current fiscal year;

\$8,000 for the Blind Mechanics' Association;

\$2,000 for location of Hudson River State Insane Hospital;

\$3,000 for superintendent of New York State Institution for Blind;

\$5,000 for Cascadilla Place at Ithaca;

\$5,000 for managers of Hudson River State Hospital;

\$3,000 for Prison Association of New York State.

See chap. 733, L. 1872.

Chapter 495

Amending act for incorporating trustees of parochial fund of Protestant Episcopal church in diocese of New York.

See chap. 376, L. 1860.

Amending act incorporating trustees of Peabody Education Fund, passed April 12, 1867, chapter 329.

(1867)
Chapter 498

Annual report of the Secretary of State on poor statistics. ("Assembly documents," Vol. VII, No. 165.)

Incorporating "The New York Homeopathic Medical College Hospital" in the city of New York.

Chapter 510

See chap. 515, L. 1868.

Amending chapter 819 of Laws of 1866 incorporating village of New Brighton.

Chapter 511

Sec. 18. Board of trustees shall appoint and fix salary of one superintendent of the poor of said village, said salary not exceeding \$150 per annum. Keeper of Richmond county poorhouse shall receive and support at expense of county all paupers sent by said village superintendent of the poor. No person except superintendent to be appointed as aforesaid shall after passage of this act have power to act as superintendent of poor within said village.

See chap. 791, L. 1871; chap. 140, L. 1872.

Incorporating village of Hart's Falls in Rensselaer county.

Chapter 512

§ 13. Miscellaneous provisions. Trustees empowered to remit poll tax levied upon any indigent person who is physically disabled and discharge him from payment thereof.

See chap. 203, L. 1877; chap. 75, L. 1881.

Act furthering protection of female employees in New York city. No property now exempt by law shall be exempt from levy or sale under an execution issued upon a judgment obtained in any court in New York city for work, labor or services done by any female employee when such amount does not exceed \$15 exclusive of costs.

Chapter 516

See chap. 33, L. 1878; chap. 245, L. 1880; chap. 537, L. 1881.

Amending act incorporating village of Edgewater, Richmond county, passed March 22, 1866.

Chapter 517

§ 12. One superintendent of poor to be elected by trustees.

(1867)

§ 18. Appointment by board of trustees of superintendent of poor for said village, holding office one year, subject however to removal by board of trustees. Salary not to exceed \$500 per annum. Superintendent endowed with same powers as are now enjoyed by superintendents of poor in Richmond county. Superintendent must be appointed as aforesaid in order to hold office. Keeper of county poorhouse shall receive and support at county's expense all paupers sent by said superintendent of village.

§ 27. Superintendents of poor of towns of Middletown and Southfield shall continue to hold office until the expiration of their terms of office.

See chap. 214, L. 1866; chap. 674, L. 1870.

Chapter 519

Annual Appropriation Act. Appropriates \$15,000 for asylum for insane convicts; \$10,800 for officers and certain convicts of State Lunatic Asylum; \$4,500 for Hudson River State Hospital; \$40,000 for House of Refuge for Juvenile Delinquents in New York city; \$35,000 for House of Refuge of Western New York; \$63,365 for Institution of Deaf and Dumb; \$45,000 for New York Institution for the Blind; \$25,200 for State Asylum for Idiots; \$300 for relief of Onondaga Indians; \$300 for Levi S. Backus and other deaf mutes; \$60 for James Minor for his annuity and \$7,361.67 annuities to Indians.

See chap. 26, L. 1868.

Chapter 543

Act concerning quarantine in port of New York and amending existing acts relative thereto.

See chap. 358, L. 1863; chap. 751, L. 1866; chap. 722, L. 1871; chaps. 486 and 677, L. 1892; chap. 661, L. 1893.

Chapter 546

Authorizing board of supervisors of Kings county to borrow \$135,000 for erection of an addition to lunatic asylum of said county.

Chapter 586

Act enabling board of supervisors of New York county to raise money by tax for the city of New York and in relation to expenditures thereof, viz.:

\$12,000 for city dispensaries;

Donations:

(1867)

\$5,000 for St. Francis Hospital; \$5,000 for Ladies' Union Aid Society; \$5,000 for St. Joseph's Asylum; \$5,000 for House of Good Shepherd; \$5,000 for New York Women's Medical College and Hospital in New York city; \$5,000 for Society for Relief of Destitute Children of Seamen; \$5,000 for Ladies' Union Relief Association; \$25,000 for House of Mercy on condition that same amount shall be raised from private sources; \$5,000 for Ladies' Home Mission, Five Points; \$20,000 for Five Points House of Industry on condition that same amount be raised by private subscription; \$1,500 for New York Female Assistance Society; \$30,000 for Institute of Mercy in Houston street on condition that same amount can be raised by private subscription; \$10,000 for St. Bridget's school; \$5,000 for St. Stephen's school, 28th street; \$5,000 for St. Gabriel's school, 37th street; \$5,000 for Holy Innocent's school, 37th street near Broadway; \$5,000 for school attached to St. Peter's church; \$5,000 for St. Mary's school of the 7th and 13th wards; \$5,000 for St. Teresa's school in Rutgers street; \$5,000 for school attached to Transfiguration church; \$5,000 for Young Men's Christian Association of New York; \$3,000 for New York Prison Association; \$20,000 for blind of New York city; \$25,000 for New York Society for Relief of Ruptured and Crippled on condition that same amount shall be raised from private sources; \$15,000 for Northwestern Dispensary on same condition as above; \$8,000 for Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents; \$100,000 for Inebriates' Asylum in New York city.

See chap. 335, L. 1873; chap. 537, L. 1881.

Incorporating "St. Gabriel's Temperance Benevolent Society of New York."

Chapter 590

(1867)
Chapter 595

Act amending chapter 450, Laws 1860, to amend act organizing State Lunatic Asylum and to provide for better care, maintenance and recovery of insane.

See chap. 82, L. 1836.

Chapter 633

Authorizing Syracuse Magdalen Society to sell and convey real estate.

Chapter 638

Authorizing New York Society for Relief of Ruptured and Crippled to hold real and personal estate.

See chap. 835, L. 1872; chap. 37, L. 1877; chap. 528, L. 1886.

Chapter 645

Authorizing board of supervisors of Kings county to borrow \$75,000 for additional building for nursery, care and charge of poor children of said county.

Chapter 655

Authorizing St. Luke's Hospital in New York city to hold and convey certain lands for benefit of trustees of St. Luke's Retreat in New York city.

See chap. 64, L. 1851.

Chapter 657

Religious corporation may purchase and hold grounds for purpose of erecting mission houses for temporary accommodation and relief of the poor, free hospitals and asylums for relief of sick, aged and indigent, and dispensaries of medicine for the poor.

See chap. 18, L. 1784; chap. 79, L. 1801; chap. 60, R. L. 1813.

Chapter 683

Act for preservation of eels in certain waters in Suffolk county; one-half of penalty for violation to go to use of poor of town of East Hampton.

See chap. 488, L. 1892.

Chapter 713

Incorporating "The German Mechanics and Benevolent Association" of village of Lyons, in Wayne county.

Chapter 724

Act in relation to support of certain poor in Fulton county. Authorizing superintendent of poor of Fulton county to remove to Fulton county poorhouse all poor persons residing in Hamilton county liable for support of Fulton county; such poor shall be subject to all laws applicable to other poor in said Fulton county.

Chapter 725

Act to increase compensation authorized by act, chapter 325, Laws of 1863, providing for care and education of indigent deaf mutes under twelve years old.

Expenses for board, tuition and clothing of children under twelve years of age placed in New York Institution for Deaf and Dumb shall be estimated at \$230 per capita. (1867)

Authorizing overseers of poor of town of Skaneateles to receive certain bequests thereunder and by last will and testament of David Hall, deceased, and requiring them to give security therefor. Chapter 734

Act amending act passed April 12, 1862 (repealed by chapter 546, Laws 1896), to reorganize State Asylum for Idiots, and providing for government and management thereof. The seventeenth section of this act is amended as follows: Supervisors in any county in State compelled to raise \$30 annually per capita for furnishing clothing for State pupils received into asylum. Said sum must be paid over to treasurer of asylum before April 1st of each year. Duty of Superintendent on reception of any pupil to notify clerk of board of supervisors of county from which pupil has been sent. Chapter 739

See chap. 220, L. 1862; chap. 546, L. 1896.

Act defining objects of New York State School for the Blind to provide for its management. Primary object of institution to furnish to blind children the best facilities for acquiring a good education and to train them in useful profession or manual art, by means of which they may obtain a livelihood; also through its industrial department to provide employment for those who, after the completion of their course, have been unable to obtain it elsewhere. Chapter 744

See chap. 587, L. 1865; chap. 616, L. 1872; chap. 463, L. 1873.

Appropriations for certain public and charitable institutions, to be divided among the several counties, in proportion to their respective valuations, as established by the State board of equalization; and the sums thus awarded to each county, except the county of Cayuga, shall be paid to the following incorporated orphan Chapter 751

(1867)

asylums and institutions, in proportion to the number of orphans and homeless persons maintained in them during the present fiscal year, namely:

The Albany Orphan Asylum, Albany Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless, Association of the Sheltering Arms in the city of New York, Brooklyn Industrial School Association of the Eastern District, Brooklyn Industrial School Association and Home for Destitute Children, Brooklyn Orphan Asylum, Buffalo Orphan Asylum, Cayuga Asylum for Destitute Orphan Children, Children's Day Home at Troy, Church Charity Foundation of Brooklyn, Church Charity Foundation of the Protestant Episcopal Church of Buffalo, Colored Home in the city of New York, Colored Orphan Asylum in the city of New York, Davenport Institution for Female Orphans at Bath, Evangelical Lutheran St. John's Home, Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless in the city of New York, Five Points House of Industry, Forest Orphan Institute, Free School for Indigent Female Children, attached to the Academy of the Sacred Heart in the city of New York, Hebrew Benevolent Society, Home for Destitute Children of Seamen in the county of Richmond, Home for the Friendless at Auburn, Home for the Friendless at Newburgh, Home for the Friendless at Poughkeepsie, Home for the Friendless at Rochester, Home for Homeless Girls in the city of New York, Home for the Homeless at Utica, Hudson Orphan and Relief Association, Industrial School at Rochester, Jefferson County Orphan Asylum, Juvenile Retreat at Albany, Le Couteulx St. Mary's Deaf and Dumb Asylum at Buffalo, New York Orphan Asylum Society, Nursery and Child's Hospital in the city of New York, Onondaga County Orphan Asylum, Ontario County Orphan Asylum, Orphan's Home and Asylum of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the city

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of New York, Oswego Orphan Asylum, Protestant Half Orphan Asylum in the city of New York, Rochester Orphan Asylum, Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum in Brooklyn, Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum in the city of New York, St. Barnabas' House of New York, St. John's Orphan Asylum at Utica, St. Joseph's German Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum of Rochester, St. Joseph's Male Orphan Asylum at Buffalo, St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum in the city of New York, St. Mary's Boys' Orphan Asylum at Rochester, St. Mary's German Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum at Buffalo, St. Mary's Orphan Asylum at Canandaigua, St. Mary's Orphan Asylum at Clifton, St. Mary's Orphan Asylum at Dunkirk, St. Patrick's Female Orphan Asylum at Rochester, St. Peter's German Roman Catholic Association at Rondout, St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum at Buffalo, St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum at Troy, St. Vincent's Infant Orphan Asylum at Buffalo, St. Vincent's Male Orphan Asylum at Utica, St. Vincent's Orphan Asylum at Albany, St. Vincent de Paul Orphan Asylum at Syracuse, Syracuse Home Association, Troy Roman Catholic Male Orphan Asylum, Troy Orphan Asylum, Union Home and School for the Education and Maintenance of the Children of Volunteers in the city of New York, Utica Orphan Asylum, by whatever name they may be known, and to the other orphan asylums and homes for the friendless and destitute of the State, except the Leake and Watts orphan asylum in the city of New York. In the counties having no asylum or institution for the maintenance and education of indigent orphans and homeless persons, the aforesaid dividend shall be paid to the order of the board of supervisors of each of the several counties of this State.

The amount appropriated to the Cayuga asylum for orphans and to the home for the friendless at Auburn,

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shall be divided equally between said institutions without regard to the number of inmates.

For the Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children, for the maintenance and instruction of one hundred children, or a proportionate amount for a smaller number, five thousand dollars.

For the Church of the Transfiguration, in the city of New York, to aid in the maintenance of the schools under its charge, one thousand dollars.

For St. Mary's Congregation, in the city of New York, to aid in the maintenance of the free schools under its charge, one thousand dollars; for the Church of the Immaculate Conception in the city of New York, to aid in the maintenance of the schools under its charge, one thousand dollars; and for the Church of St. Bridget in the city of New York, for the maintenance of the free schools under its charge, one thousand dollars.

For the Children's Aid Society in the city of New York, two thousand dollars.

For the hospitals of the State, except the New York hospital, the Bellevue hospital, the St. Luke's hospital, in the city of New York, but including the Women's hospital, the Mount Sinai hospital, the New York Infirmary for Women and Children, the Hospital of the Poor of St. Francis, the Ladies' Relief Association of Elmira for the Soldiers' Home, the St. Mary's Hospital at Rochester, the Rochester City Hospital, the Buffalo General Hospital, The St. Mary's Widows' Lying-in Women's and Foundling Hospital, at Buffalo, to be divided among these institutions in proportion to the number of beneficiary patients in them for whom no other provision has been made, and the time that such patients shall have been under treatment during the present fiscal year, fifty-five thousand dollars.

For the Sisters of Charity at Rochester, for St.

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Mary's Hospital in that city, in full for the expenditures for the care of soldiers and the reception of soldiers, under the direction of Dr. Backus, medical officer of the post, eight thousand dollars.

For the New York Ophthalmic Hospital, one thousand dollars; New York Eye and Ear Infirmary, five hundred dollars; Women's Infirmary on Washington Heights, two thousand dollars; Cascadilla Place Infirmary, two thousand dollars; Bond Street Homœopathic Dispensary, two thousand dollars; Brooklyn Central Dispensary, two hundred dollars; Brooklyn Dispensary, seven hundred dollars; Brooklyn Homœopathic Dispensary, four hundred dollars; Buffalo City Dispensary, four hundred dollars; Central Dispensary in the city of New York, one hundred dollars; Demilt Dispensary, one thousand dollars; Dispensary of the Long Island College Hospital, eight hundred dollars; Dispensary of the New York Medical College and Hospital for Women, four hundred dollars; Dispensary of the Troy Hospital, five hundred dollars; Eastern Dispensary in the city of New York, one thousand dollars; Eclectic Medical College Dispensary, four hundred dollars; German Dispensary in the city of New York, six hundred dollars; Homœopathic Dispensary, on Seventh Street, in the city of New York, three hundred dollars; Homœopathic Medical College Dispensary, four hundred dollars; Manhattan Dispensary, one hundred dollars; New York Dispensary, eight hundred dollars; New York Homœopathic Dispensary, one thousand dollars; New York Infirmary Dispensary, four hundred dollars; Northeastern Dispensary in the city of New York, three hundred dollars; Northern Dispensary in the city of New York, eight hundred dollars; Northwestern Dispensary in the city of New York, six hundred dollars; Williamsburgh Dispensary, five hundred dollars; Saint Barnabas House, on Mulberry Street,

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in the city of New York, one thousand dollars; New York Medical College and Hospital for Women, three thousand four hundred dollars; Ladies' Educational Union, five thousand dollars; Union Home and School for Education and Maintenance of the Children of Volunteers, five thousand dollars; Troy Roman Catholic Male Orphan Asylum, five thousand dollars; St. Vincent de Paul Orphan Asylum and School at Syracuse, five thousand dollars; St. Stephen's Church, in Twenty-eighth street, in the city of New York, to aid in the maintenance of schools under its charge, one thousand dollars; St. Gabriel's Church, in Thirty-seventh street, in the city of New York, for the maintenance of the schools under its charge, one thousand dollars; Church of the Holy Innocents, for the maintenance of the school under its charge, one thousand dollars; House of the Good Shepherd, one thousand dollars; New York Magdalen Female Benevolent Society, one thousand dollars.

Chapter 806

Act enabling board of supervisors of New York county to raise money by tax for certain county purposes. \$100,000 for board of commissioners of public charities and correction. Board of metropolitan police authorized to place any surplus money remaining from funds contributed by New York county to metropolitan police fund in New York city; also like moneys contributed by city of Brooklyn to be placed in same metropolitan fund for procuring "office of inspector of metropolitan police" in Brooklyn. Ten per cent. of all moneys paid over to chamberlain of New York city by treasurer of board of excise, and received before April 1, 1868, paid to New York State Inebriate Asylum at Binghamton as now required by law—provided that trustees of said asylum shall within 60 days after passage of this act make and execute a conveyance to New York State by deed duly acknowledged

and recorded, of all real estate and appurtenances thereto, owned by asylum in Broome county in said State, which conveyance said trustees are hereby empowered to make.

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§ 16. Board of metropolitan police authorized to pay out a sum not exceeding \$300 to disabled members of force or to their families in case of death from injuries while discharging their duties.

§ 17. For license for boats kept for hire, all oyster and fishing boats, private boats and yachts, fee of one dollar each to be charged, which sum shall be paid into fund from which expenses of metropolitan police are paid.

§ 22. License fees and penalties arising from all sales of boats or vessels to be placed to credit of metropolitan police fund.

See chap. 569, L. 1857; chap. 335, L. 1873; chap. 537, L. 1881; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Act enabling county of Onondaga to obtain a supply of water for county poorhouse.

Chapter 812

See chap. 224, L. 1849.

Amending act preventing animals running at large in public highways, passed April 23, 1862, to create a short bar to actions arising under said act.

Chapter 814

§ 1. Penalties for violation of said act shall be a forfeiture of five dollars for each horse, swine or cattle and one dollar for each sheep found running at large in public highways, to be recovered by civil action by any inhabitant of town, in his name or in name of overseers of poor of town.

See chap. 459, L. 1862; chap. 424, L. 1869; chap. 776, L. 1872; chap. 245, L. 1880.

Act regulating taking of fish in Bay of Henderson, Jefferson county, and Oneida lake, Madison county. One-half fines imposed for violations of said act to be paid to overseer of poor for use of poor.

Chapter 827

See chap. 488, L. 1892.

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Chapter 829

Act incorporating "Operative Plasterers' Mutual Protective Benevolent Trade Society of the city of New York."

Chapter 836

Act declaring Deer river a public highway.

§ 10. Penalties for the violation of highway laws shall be paid to overseer of poor of town of Dickinson for use of poor.

See chap. 593, L. 1886.

Chapter 840

Further amending an act incorporating Provident Fund Society of New York city.

See chap. 410, L. 1857.

Chapter 843

Incorporating "Inebriates' Home for Kings county."

See chap. 483, L. 1868; chap. 514, L. 1871; chap. 637, L. 1872; chap. 797, L. 1873; chap. 627, L. 1875; chap. 169, L. 1877.

Chapter 880

Protecting persons traveling up Fourth avenue in New York city. One-half penalties for violation of provisions of said act by New York and Harlem Railroad Co. shall be given to the commissioners of charities and correction.

See chap. 263, L. 1831; chap. 919, L. 1869; chap. 225, L. 1871; chap. 702, L. 1872; chap. 537, L. 1881.

Chapter 889

Providing for the application of moneys hereafter collected in the metropolitan excise district for certain fines and from licenses for sale of liquors.

See chap. 578, L. 1866; chap. 175, L. 1870; chap. 537, L. 1881.

Chapter 898

Amending and consolidating several acts relating to preservation of moose, wild deer, birds and fresh water fish.

§ 20. One-half penalties for violation of provisions of act shall be given to overseers of poor for use of poor in town in which conviction is made.

§ 23. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with provisions of this act are hereby repealed except chapter 173 of Laws of 1861, which is hereby continued in full force and effect.

See chap. 474, L. 1862; chap. 785, L. 1868; chap. 424, L. 1874; chap. 488, L. 1892.

Chapter 927

Act in relation to excise moneys collected in Montgomery county. Board of excise commissioners of

(1867)

Montgomery county shall, after deducting ten per cent. of the moneys collected by them, for the New York State Inebriate Asylum according to provisions of act suppressing intemperance and regulating sale of liquors, passed April 16, 1857, and within twenty days after receipt of such moneys by them, pay to overseers of poor of each town in said county of Montgomery an amount of said excise moneys equal to sum contributed by such town, for licenses, penalties and forfeitures.

Overseers of poor of respective towns in said county of Montgomery shall apply money to support of poor of said towns.

See chap. 628, L. 1857.

Amending and consolidating several acts relating to charter of village of Churchville in Monroe county.

Chapter 941

Title 7, § 4. Remission of poll tax by trustees upon any indigent person who is physically disabled and the discharge of any judgment recovered against any such person without payment thereof.

Act providing for appointment of a board of State Commissioners of Public Charities and defining their duties and powers. Governor to appoint eight commissioners. Said commissioners shall have power to examine financially and otherwise the condition of the institutions they shall be authorized to visit and to inquire into and examine their methods of instruction. Commissioners required to visit at least once a year all charitable and correctional institutions of State excepting prisons receiving State aid, and to ascertain whether money appropriated for their aid has been beneficially expended; also some, or at least one, of said commissioners shall at least once during first two years of their appointment, and at least once during each two years thereafter, visit and examine conditions of each

Chapter 951

(1867)

city or county alms or poorhouse and report annually to legislature.

See chaps. 571 and 661, L. 1873; chaps. 467 and 593, L. 1886; § 11, art. 8, const. 1894; chaps. 225 and 546, L. 1896; chap. 437, L. 1897; chaps. 359 and 536, L. 1898; chaps. 368, 504 and 632, L. 1899; chaps. 49 and 769, L. 1900; chaps. 252 and 356, L. 1902.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE APPOINTMENT OF A
BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS OF PUBLIC CHARITIES,
AND DEFINING THEIR DUTIES AND POWERS.

CHAPTER 951, LAWS OF 1867.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Within thirty days after the passage of this act, the Governor, by and with the consent of the Senate, shall appoint eight persons, one residing in each judicial district of the State, to be called and known as the board of State commissioners of public charities.

§ 2. One of the persons so appointed shall hold his office for one year, one for two years, one for three years, one for four years, one for five years, one for six years, one for seven years and one for eight years, as indicated by the Governor on making the nomination; and all appointments thereafter, except to fill vacancies, shall be made for eight years.

§ 3. Before entering upon their duties, the said commissioners shall respectively take and subscribe to the constitutional oath required of other State officers, which shall be filed in the office of the Secretary of State, who is hereby authorized and directed to administer such oath. The said commissioners shall have power to elect a president out of its own number, and such other officers and agents as it may deem proper, and to adopt such by-laws and regulations for the transaction of its business and the management of its affairs as it may consider expedient.

§ 4. The said commissioners shall have full power at all times to look into and examine the condition of the several institutions which they may be authorized by this act to visit, financially and otherwise; to inquire and examine into their methods of instruction, and the government and management of their inmates; the official conduct of trustees, directors and other officers and employees of the same; the condition of the buildings, grounds and other property connected therewith, and into all other matters pertaining to their usefulness and good management; and for these purposes they shall have free access to the grounds, buildings and all books and papers relating to said institutions; and all persons now or hereafter in any manner connected with the same, are hereby directed and

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required to give such information, and afford such facilities for inspection, as the said commissioners may require; and any neglect or refusal on the part of any officer or person connected with such institution, to comply with the requirements of this section, shall subject the offender to a penalty of two hundred and fifty dollars, to be sued for and collected by the said commissioners, in their name of office.

§ 5. The said commissioners, or some one of them, are hereby authorized and required, at least once in each year, and as much oftener as they may deem necessary, to visit all the charitable and correctional institutions of the State, excepting prisons, receiving State aid, and ascertain whether the moneys appropriated for their aid are or have been economically and judiciously expended; whether the objects of the several institutions are accomplished; whether the laws in relation to them are fully complied with; whether all parts of the State are equally benefited by said institutions, and the various other matters referred to in the fourth section of this act; and report in writing to the Legislature, at the opening of each annual session of the same, the result of their investigations, together with such other information and recommendations as they may deem proper.

§ 6. The said commissioners, or some one of them, shall also, at least once during the first two years of their appointment, and also once during each two years thereafter, visit and examine into the condition of each of the city and county alms or poor-house, and shall possess all the powers relative thereto, as mentioned in the fourth section of this act; and shall report to the legislature, in writing, the result of their examination, in connection with the annual report above mentioned.

§ 7. Whenever any charitable or correctional institution, subject to the inspection herein provided for, require State aid for any purpose other than their usual expenses, the said commissioners, or some one of them, shall inquire carefully and fully into the ground of such want, the purpose or purposes for which it proposed to use the same, the amount which will be required to accomplish the desired object, and into any other matters connected therewith; and in the annual report of each year they shall give the result of such inquiries, together with their own opinions and conclusions relating to the whole subject.

§ 8. The said commissioners, or any one of them, are hereby authorized to administer oaths and examine any person or persons in relation to any matters connected with the inquiries authorized by this act.

§ 9. The said board of commissioners shall have power and they are hereby authorized to appoint a clerk, who shall hold his office during their pleasure, with a salary not exceeding fifteen hundred dollars per annum, who shall, when required, act as an accountant, from time to time, as they may have oc-

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casion to investigate the financial or other affairs of any of the institutions affected by this act, or the accounts or official conduct of any of their officers; and when acting as such accountant, he shall, in addition, be allowed his actual traveling expenses.

§ 10. The trustees of the capitol, or, in case of their inability, the trustees of the new State hall, shall assign to the said board a suitable room for their accommodation.

§ 11. The said commissioners, or some or any one of them, shall attend upon the sessions of the legislature whenever any committee of either house shall require their attendance.

§ 12. The said board of commissioners shall be furnished by the Comptroller with journal, account books, blanks and stationery.

§ 13. The said commissioners shall receive no compensation for their time or services, but the actual expenses of each one of them, while engaged in the performance of the duties of their office, and any actual outlay for any necessary aid or assistance required in examinations or investigation, on being made out and verified by the affidavit of the commissioner making the charge, shall be paid quarterly by the Treasurer, on the warrant of the Comptroller, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, and the clerk of the board shall be paid in like manner.

§ 14. No member of the board of said commissioners shall be, directly or indirectly, interested in any contract for building, repairing or furnishing any of the institutions which by this act they are authorized to visit and inspect, nor shall any trustee or other officers of any of the institutions embraced in this act, be eligible to the office of commissioner hereby created.

§ 15. This act shall take effect immediately.

Chapter 954

Amending act incorporating Long Island College Hospital of city of Brooklyn.

See chap. 19, L. 1858; chap. 7, L. 1881.

Chapter 956

Act relating to metropolitan board of health and to duties and powers of said board and salaries of subordinates.

§ 3. Said board to have charge of persons sick with pestilential and infectious diseases and shall have power to provide for and pay expenses of needy poor.

See chap. 74, L. 1866; chap. 433, L. 1871; chaps. 107 and 335, L. 1873; chap. 636, L. 1874; chap. 537, L. 1881; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Chapter 962

Amending chapter 633 of Laws of 1866, in relation to benevolent fund of late volunteer fire department in New York city.

See chap. 297, L. 1870; chap. 537, L. 1881.

Incorporating "Rochester Iron Molder's Association."

(1867)
Chapter 967

Concurrent resolution, passed February 9, 1867, appointing joint committee to investigate the past management and present condition of New York State Inebriate Asylum.

Concurrent resolution, passed February 15, 1867, relative to printing extra copies of the annual report of the trustees of the New York State Institution for the Blind.

Concurrent resolution, passed January 18, 1867, relative to pensions by Congress for soldiers of the war of 1812.

Annual report of Secretary of State on poor statistics. ("Assembly documents," Vol. VII, No. 145.)

Amending chapter 394, Laws of 1859, amending poor laws of Herkimer county.

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1868
Chapter 7

Towns (except Little Falls) to elect by ballot, one overseer of the poor each, to hold office for one year.

Each overseer to receive annual compensation fixed by town auditors, not exceeding \$50 except in town of German Flats, which shall not exceed \$100.

Supervisor of town to perform duties of overseer of poor in case of inability of said overseer to serve, who shall be subject to same obligation and penalties.

In case of a vacancy in office of overseer, the justices of the peace shall appoint a suitable person to hold office until another is elected and qualified.

Act founding "The Presbyterian Hospital in city of New York."

Chapter 15

See chap. 44, L. 1868; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Extending powers of French Benevolent Society and amending chapter 211 of Laws of 1819.

Chapter 31

Amending act founding a Presbyterian hospital in the city of New York (chapter 15, Laws 1868).

Chapter 44

(1868)
Chapter 46

Amending act incorporating the Turnverein of city of Brooklyn, Eastern District (chapter 265, Laws 1858).

Chapter 53

Authorizing exchange of public property for public uses, between Commissioners of Emigration and Commissioners of Public Charities and Corrections of New York city.

See chap. 195, L. 1847; chap. 510, L. 1860.

Chapter 66

Appropriating \$100,000 for completion of New York State Institution for the Blind at Batavia.

See chap. 587, L. 1865.

Chapter 80

Incorporating "Protectives" Number One of the city of Rochester.

§ 5. Members of the corporation shall enjoy rights and privileges secured by act amending and consolidating several acts relating to firemen's benevolent associations of Rochester and the fire department of Rochester, passed April 8, 1864, same as though this act had not been passed.

See chap. 14, L. 1873.

Chapter 86

Authorizing supervisor and justices of peace of town of Yonkers, Westchester county, to convey certain real estate in town of Yonkers to Yonkers Hospital Association.

Chapter 97

Incorporating "Trustees of the Minard Fund for the Benefit of Widows and Orphans of Deceased Preachers of the Genesee Annual Conference."

See chap. 189, L. 1819.

Chapter 104

Act relative to changing name of society from "The Benevolent, Dramatic and Musical Association" to "The Asylum for Aged and Infirm Hebrews."

See chap. 150, L. 1879.

Chapter 137

Changing the title of "The New York Woman's Infirmary Association" to "The New York Homeopathic Infirmary for Women."

Chapter 143

Amending chapter 286 of Laws of 1863, providing for better support of poor in Poughkeepsie, Dutchess

county. Amount to be expended by commissioners of almshouse for farm and buildings increased to \$10,000.

(1868)

Regulating expenditures for poor purposes in Seneca county. Board of Supervisors of Seneca county shall at annual meeting audit and settle all accounts incurred for relief of county poor.

Chapter 145

Said board empowered to make contracts for poor supplies, to afford temporary relief through overseers. Overseers and superintendents bound to observe and obey wishes of board. Superintendents of poor to be subordinate to board of supervisors. Superintendents of poor to make annual statement of moneys received by them for county poor.

Poor officials not to be interested in furnishing supplies.

Overseers of poor to keep a record book, giving accurate statement of all money received or expended by them. An annual statement must be made by them to supervisors of each town, who in turn must deliver same to clerk of board of supervisors on or before first annual meeting.

See chap. 12, L. 1878.

Authorizing additional facilities for interment of pauper dead in New York city. Commissioners of public charities authorized to purchase additional burial ground in New York State, suitable for public cemetery for amount not exceeding \$75,000. Custody and management of said ground to be held under provisions of law creating department of public charities and corrections in said city. City cemetery stock created, issued and to be sold to highest bidder. Board of supervisors of New York county to raise annual tax to pay principal and interest of stock.

Chapter 177

See chap. 510, L. 1860.

Incorporating the "The Bickur Cholim Benevolent Society of the city of Newburgh."

Chapter 225

(1868)
Chapter 228

Appropriating \$10,000 to supply State Lunatic Asylum with water.

See chap. 82, L. 1836; chap. 98, L. 1846.

Chapter 245

Incorporating "Exempt Firemen's Association of the city of Albany," and relating to fund of fire department of said city.

See chap. 197, L. 1867; chap. 748, L. 1871.

Chapter 258

Incorporating "The Friendly Society of St. Ambrose Church in the city of New York."

See chap. 410, L. 1882.

Chapter 264

Providing for payment of certain fines and penalties collected in city of Newburgh, Orange county, to commissioners of the almshouse of said city and town.

See chap. 541, L. 1865.

Chapter 275

Act changing name of "The New York Ladies' Educational Union" to "The Patriot Orphan Home."

Chapter 313

Consolidating and amending several acts relating to village of Honeoye Falls and enlarging powers of corporation.

Title 7, section 4. Trustees to remit poll tax and to discharge judgments against any indigent person unable to work.

Chapter 328

Amending and continuing in force until March 10, 1890, an act incorporating the Association for Relief of Respectable, Aged Indigent Females in New York city, passed March 10, 1815, and acts continuing in force and amending same.

See chap. 69, L. 1815; chap. 449, L. 1873; chap. 116, L. 1878; chap. 88, L. 1889.

Chapter 341

Incorporating Ocean Rock Division number thirty of the Sons of Temperance, located at Louisville, St. Lawrence county.

Chapter 357

Amending act suppressing intemperance and regulating sale of intoxicating liquors in Dutchess county, passed April 17, 1857. Penalties received for violation of act, by supervisors in towns in Dutchess county, shall go to county poor; like money received by mayor

of Poughkeepsie shall go to commissioners of almshouse of said city. (1868)

Relating to care and custody of children committed to the house provided by city of Rochester for reception of idle and truant children. Chapter 393

See chap. 185, L. 1853.

Incorporating "Walworth Hose Association of the village of Saratoga Springs" for the purpose of raising a fund to be devoted to the maintenance of members who, by sickness or accident, become incapacitated. Chapter 420

Further amending charter of the Church Charity Foundation of Long Island, in Kings county, passed April 14, 1852, and extending territorial limits thereof. Chapter 428

See chap. 269, L. 1852; chap. 478, L. 1888.

Providing for incorporation of trustees for management and care of certain funds now held by Protestant Episcopal Church, in Diocese of Western New York. Chapter 429

See chap. 509, L. 1875; chap. 106, L. 1887; chap. 308, L. 1888.

Act for suppression of trade in and circulation of obscene literature, illustrations, advertisements and articles of immoral use, and obscene advertisements of patent medicines. One-third of penalties for violation of said act to go to Female Guardian Society in city and county of New York, if conviction is made in said city and county, if in any other county in State, said money shall go to orphan asylum in said county; if there is more than one orphan asylum in said county, it shall be divided equally between them; if there are none, it shall go to the superintendent of poor of said county for benefit of county poor. Chapter 430

See chap. 747, L. 1872; chap. 593, L. 1886.

Incorporating the "The West Albany Mechanics' Relief Association of the city of Albany." Chapter 449

Incorporating the "Fulton Benevolent Association of the city of New York." Chapter 457

Appropriating \$30,000 from New York city excise funds to aid in construction of the Newsboys' Lodging Chapter 468

(1868) House of the Children's Aid Society, in New York city, and for relief thereof.

See chap. 515, L. 1864; chap. 578, L. 1866; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Chapter 483

Amending act incorporating Inebriates' Home for Kings county, passed May 9, 1867.

Metropolitan excise board to pay \$200,000 to Inebriates' Home, for erection of buildings and improvement of grounds of said home.

Ten thousand dollars to be paid annually thereafter for maintenance of same by said excise board. Also fines collected for violation of excise law in Kings county to be paid to home.

See chap. 843, L. 1867; chap. 514, L. 1871; chap. 797, L. 1873; chap. 169, L. 1877.

Chapter 515

Amending chapter 510, Laws of 1867, and changing title of New York Homeopathic Medical College Hospital, in New York city, to "The New York Homeopathic Hospital."

Chapter 525

Amending certificate of incorporation of New York Ophthalmic Hospital.

See chap. 341, L. 1879.

Chapter 526

Incorporating "The New York Orthopædic Dispensary" in New York city.

Chapter 535

Amending sections 66 and 67 of Metropolitan Police Law, chapter 403, Laws of 1864, concerning the Police Life Insurance Fund.

See chap. 389, L. 1878; chap. 537, L. 1881.

Chapter 554

Authorizing Comptroller to invest moneys belonging to Cornell Endowment Fund.

See chap. 585, L. 1865.

Chapter 567

Incorporating "The Brooklyn Eye and Ear Hospital."

Chapter 587

Incorporating "Women's Aid Association of the city of Albany."

Chapter 595

Amending act passed April 15, 1852, incorporating the Poughkeepsie Female Guardian Society. Name changed to "The Poughkeepsie Orphan House and Home for the Friendless."

See chap. 595, L. 1852.

Conferring additional corporate powers upon village of Ellenville, Ulster county.

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Chapter 615

Title III, section 32. Trustees empowered to remit poll tax and discharge judgments against indigent persons unable to work.

See chap. 221, L. 1858; chap. 37, L. 1873; chap. 49, L. 1880; chap. 433, L. 1888; chap. 44, L. 1893.

Amending act (chapter 858, Laws 1866), establishing fire limits and for the more effectual prevention of fire in Brooklyn.

Chapter 632

§ 42. All fines and penalties incurred shall be sued for and recovered with costs of suit, in any court of record within New York State, by fire department of Brooklyn, and for use of fund of such department.

See chap. 591, L. 1869; chap. 140, L. 1871.

Incorporating "The German Benevolent Society of Staten Island."

Chapter 638

Providing for more effectual protection of fruit growers against trespassers.

Chapter 645

Moiety of penalties to be paid to overseer of poor for support of county poor.

See chap. 593, L. 1866.

Enabling Conrad Poppenhusen to found the "Conrad Poppenhusen Association," an institution in village of College Point, Queens county, for protection of infants.

Chapter 667

See chap. 128, L. 1890.

Authorizing board of supervisors of Kings county to include in next year's tax levy \$50,000 to reimburse amount borrowed for support of poor.

Chapter 700

Authorizing supervisor of Lowville, Lewis county, to purchase burial lots, for burial of deceased town poor, for sum not exceeding \$300. Overseer of poor to prescribe regulations for burials in Lowville Rural Cemetery.

Chapter 701

Supply Bill. Appropriates \$100,000 for Hudson River State Asylum for the Insane; \$75,000 for Willard Asylum for the Insane; \$59,000 for New York State Institution for the Blind; \$2,000 for Board of State

Chapter 717

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Commissioners of Public Charities; \$177.76 for Maintenance of Mark Jack, an insane Indian; \$2,000 for Asylum for Insane Convicts; \$31,629.78 for Institution for Instruction of Deaf and Dumb, State pupils; \$22,942.12 for New York State Institution for Blind, for State pupils; \$4,000 for State Asylum for Idiots; \$3,500 for Western House of Refuge; \$5,000 for State Asylum for Insane; \$50,000 for maintenance of Soldiers' Home at Albany; \$982.61 for Stephen Maxson, for fees as medical agent for relief of sick and wounded soldiers.

See chap. 2, L. 1869; chap. 492, L. 1870; chap. 733, L. 1872.

Chapter 738

Amending act passed April 8, 1861, amending and consolidating several acts relating to city of Rochester, concerning annual taxes, extending assessment rolls and conveyances of said city.

Finance committee may require estimates of amount of money necessary to be raised for support and relief of the poor of said city.

See chap. 143, L. 1861; chap. 14, L. 1880.

Chapter 745

Act confirming and rendering valid the official and corporate acts of the Northwestern Dispensary, in New York city.

Chapter 774

Providing for payment of appropriations heretofore made to the Dispensary of the Troy Hospital.

Chapter 775

Act authorizing magistrates in New York city to commit orphans and friendless children to the care of society known as Shepherd's Fold of the Protestant Episcopal Church in New York State.

See chap. 269, L. 1871; chap. 99, L. 1872; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Chapter 785

Amending an act consolidating acts for preservation of moose, wild deer, birds and fresh water fish, passed May 13, 1867.

§ 20. Moiety of penalties to go to overseers of poor.

§ 27. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with provisions of this act are hereby repealed, except chapter 173, Laws of 1861.

See chap. 898, L. 1867; chap. 909, L. 1869; chap. 488, L. 1892.

Amending act incorporating city of Lockport, passed April 11, 1865, and act amendatory thereto, passed April 12, 1866.

§ 1. Provides for election of one overseer of poor.

See chap. 365, L. 1865; chap. 835, L. 1869; chap. 387, L. 1873; chap. 120, L. 1886.

Appropriations to charitable institutions: For orphan asylums, homes for the friendless, and other charitable institutions of like character, for their maintenance, eighty thousand dollars, to be paid as follows, namely: The said amount shall be divided among the several counties in proportion to their respective valuations, as established by the State Board of Equalization of Assessments; and the sums thus awarded to each county shall be paid to the following incorporated orphan asylums and institutions, in proportion to the number of orphans and homeless persons maintained in them during the present fiscal year, namely: The Albany Orphan Asylum, Albany Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless, American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless in the city of New York, Association of the Sheltering Arms in the city of New York, Brooklyn Industrial Association of the Eastern District, Brooklyn Industrial School Association and Home for Destitute Children, Brooklyn Orphan Asylum, Buffalo Orphan Asylum, Cayuga Asylum for Destitute Orphan Children, Church Charity Foundation of Brooklyn, Church Charity Foundation of the Protestant Episcopal Church of Buffalo, Colored Home in the city of New York, Evangelical Lutheran St. John's Orphan Home at Buffalo, Five Points House of Industry, Forest Orphan Institute at Mespath, Free School for Indigent Female Children attached to the Academy of the Sacred Heart at Manhattansville, Hebrew Benevolent Society in the city of New York, Home for Destitute Children of Seamen in the County of Richmond, Home for the Friendless at Auburn, Home

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for the Friendless at Newburgh, Home for the Friendless at Poughkeepsie, Home for the Friendless at Rochester, Home for Homeless Girls in the city of New York, Home for the Homeless at Utica, Hudson Orphan and Relief Association, Industrial School at Rochester, Jefferson County Orphan Asylum, Juvenile Retreat at Albany, Ladies' Educational Union in the city of New York, Le Couteulx St. Mary's Deaf and Dumb Asylum at Buffalo, New York Orphan Asylum Society, Nursery and Child's Hospital in the city of New York, Onondaga County Orphan Asylum, Ontario County Orphan Asylum, Orphan's Home and Asylum of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the city of New York, Oswego Orphan Asylum, Protestant Half-Orphan Asylum in the city of New York, Rochester Orphan Asylum, Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum in Brooklyn, Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum in the city of New York, St. John's Orphan Asylum at Utica, St. Joseph's German Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum at Rochester, St. Joseph's Male Orphan Asylum at Buffalo, St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum in the city of New York, St. Mary's German Catholic Orphan Asylum at Buffalo, St. Mary's Orphan Asylum at Canandaigua, St. Mary's Orphan Asylum at Clifton, St. Mary's Orphan Asylum at Dunkirk, St. Patrick's Female Orphan Asylum at Rochester, St. Peter's German Roman Catholic Association at Rondout, St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum at Buffalo, St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum at Troy, St. Vincent's Infant Orphan Asylum at Buffalo, St. Vincent's Male Orphan Asylum at Utica, St. Vincent de Paul Orphan Asylum at Syracuse, Southern Tier Orphan's Home at Elmira, Syracuse Home Association, Troy Orphan Asylum, Troy Roman Catholic Male Orphan Asylum, Union Home and School for the Education and Maintenance of the Children of Volunteers in the city of New York, Utica Orphan Asylum, by what-

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ever name said institutions are known, and to the other orphan asylums and homes for the friendless and destitute in this State, except the Leake and Watts Orphan Asylum in the city of New York. In the counties having no asylum or institution for the maintenance and education of indigent orphans and homeless persons, the aforesaid dividend shall be paid to the order of the board of supervisors of each of such counties.

For Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children, for the maintenance and instruction of one hundred Indian children, or a proportionate amount for a smaller number, five thousand dollars; Masonic Asylum at Havana, one thousand dollars; Day Home, one thousand dollars; Evangelical Lutheran St. John's Orphan Home, at Buffalo, one thousand dollars; St. Mary's Boy's Orphan Asylum, in Rochester, one thousand dollars, St. Vincent's Orphan Asylum in Albany, three thousand dollars; Troy Catholic Male Orphan Asylum, six thousand five hundred dollars; for the hospitals of the State, except the New York Hospital, the Bellevue Hospital and the St. Luke's Hospital, in the city of New York, to be divided among those institutions in proportion to the number of beneficiary patients in them, for whom no other provision has been made, and the time that such patients shall have been under treatment during the present fiscal year, fifty-five thousand dollars. For the New York Ophthalmic Hospital, two thousand five hundred dollars; New York Eye and Ear Infirmary, one thousand dollars; New York Homœopathic Infirmary for Women, one thousand dollars; Cascadilla Place Infirmary, three thousand dollars; Bond Street Homœopathic Dispensary, one thousand five hundred dollars; Northeastern Dispensary of New York, five hundred dollars; Central Homœopathic Dispensary in the city of New York, one hundred dollars; Demilt Dispensary of New

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York, one thousand dollars; Dispensary of the New York Medical College for Women, five hundred dollars; Northern Dispensary of New York, five hundred dollars; Homœopathic Medical College Dispensary, seven hundred and fifty dollars; Eastern Dispensary of the city of New York, one thousand dollars; Eclectic Medical Dispensary, on East Twenty-sixth street in the city of New York, one thousand dollars; German Dispensary in the city of New York, six hundred dollars; Hoffman Dispensary in the city of New York, seven hundred and fifty dollars; New York Homœopathic Dispensary on Thirty-fourth street, in the city of New York, one thousand five hundred dollars; New York Infirmary Dispensary, five hundred dollars; Brooklyn Dispensary, seven hundred dollars; Brooklyn Central Dispensary, three hundred dollars; Brooklyn Homœopathic Dispensary, four hundred dollars; Williamsburgh Dispensary, seven hundred and fifty dollars; Dispensary of the Long Island College Hospital, five hundred dollars; Dispensary of the Troy Hospital, five hundred dollars; Buffalo City Dispensary, five hundred dollars; Albany Dispensary, five hundred dollars; Dispensary at Poughkeepsie, four hundred dollars. The sum of one hundred dollars, appropriated in the year eighteen hundred and sixty-seven for the Central Dispensary in the city of New York, is hereby reappropriated to the Central Homœopathic Dispensary; and made payable to the order of E. R. Still.

For the Rochester City Hospital, six thousand five hundred dollars; Long Island College Hospital, three thousand dollars; Buffalo General Hospital, five thousand dollars; St. Mary's Lying-in Women's Hospital at Buffalo, for the repairs of roof blown off, one thousand five hundred dollars; St. Peter's Hospital in Brooklyn, three thousand dollars; Marshall Infirmary,

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for its lunatic department, one thousand dollars; Women's Hospital of the State of New York, ten thousand dollars; New York Medical College and Hospital for Women and Children, ten thousand dollars; St. Francis Asylum in Buffalo, one thousand dollars; Southern Tier Orphan's Home at Elmira, two thousand dollars; House of Reception at Mariner's Harbor, one thousand dollars; Hospital of the Poor of St. Francis of New York, three thousand dollars; Juvenile Asylum for Orphan Girls of the Sisters of Charity in Brooklyn, four thousand dollars; St. Mary's Deaf and Dumb Asylum at Buffalo, seven hundred and fifty dollars; News Boy's Lodging House of the Children's Aid Society, one thousand dollars; Home for Incurables in the city of New York, one thousand dollars; Ladies' Union Aid Society for the Benefit of Aged and Infirm Men and Women, one thousand dollars; Troy Hospital, six thousand five hundred dollars; Albany Eye and Ear Infirmary, on condition that ten thousand dollars shall be contributed to it from other sources, four thousand dollars; Blind Mechanics' Association in the city of New York, three thousand dollars; St. Barnabas House in the city of New York, one thousand dollars; Davenport Institute for Female Orphans at Bath, five hundred dollars; Union Home and School for the Orphan Children of Our Volunteers, the sum of fifty dollars per head (not to exceed ten thousand dollars) for each orphan maintained by it, or in that proportion, for the time such orphan is maintained; and the amount received by it under this appropriation is hereby declared to be a lien in favor of the State, upon the real estate owned by it. For the New York Ladies' Educational Union, five thousand dollars ("Patriot Orphan Home"), the sum of five thousand dollars, which sum, if received, is hereby declared to be a lien upon the real estate owned

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by it. For the Colored Orphan Asylum of the city of New York, twenty-five thousand dollars, to be paid out of the Metropolitan Excise Fund. For the Ladies' Benevolent Society of the city of Schenectady, for the education and maintenance of indigent children under their charge, to be paid to their treasurer for the purpose aforesaid, five hundred dollars. For the charity week-day schools of the State, to be paid on the warrant of the Comptroller, pro rata, according to the number of scholars instructed in them without charge during the last fiscal year, to be divided by the Comptroller on the first day of July next, on certificates duly verified by affidavit, fifty thousand dollars.

When the comptroller has reason to believe that a false report or return has been made by any institution or school entitled to draw a share of the public moneys herein appropriated, he is hereby authorized to appoint at the expense of the State, an agent to investigate the facts in the case, and if such report or return is found to be false in any particular, he is further authorized to modify or withhold entirely the portion to which such institution or school would have been entitled, and to divide the same among the remaining institutions.

Chapter 830

Annual Appropriation Act. Appropriations for support of government.

Appropriates \$16,000 for Asylum for Insane Convicts; \$10,000 for State Lunatic Asylum, for salaries of officers; \$250 for maintenance of Mark Jack, an insane Indian; \$600 for maintenance of female convicts; \$4,000 for salaries of officers of Hudson River State Hospital for Insane; \$40,000 for Society for Reformation; \$35,000 for Western House of Refuge; \$72,065 for Institution for Deaf and Dumb; \$45,000 for New York Institution for Blind, for State pupils; \$25,000 for State Asylum for Idiots; \$300 for relief of Onon-

daga Indians; \$500 for Levi S. Backus, a deaf-mute, and supplying "Radii" to others; \$60 for James Minor, for his annuity; \$7,361.67 for Indian annuities; \$18,000 from (Cornell University) College Land Scrip Fund, pursuant to chapter 585, Laws of 1865; \$2,700,000 from Metropolitan Police Fund; \$1,200,000 from Metropolitan Fire Department Fund.

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See chap. 669, L. 1869.

Act in relation to sale of Marine Hospital Grounds.

Chapter 832

See chap. 751, L. 1866; chap. 722, L. 1871.

Incorporating "The St. Francis Monastery" of Brooklyn.

Chapter 851

See chap. 258, L. 1884.

Providing for government of city of New York.

Chapter 853

Making appropriations to charitable institutions as follows:

Eclectic Medical Dispensary on Twenty-sixth street, one thousand dollars; New York Homœopathic Dispensary in Thirty-fourth street, one thousand dollars; Homœopathic Medical Dispensary in Twentieth street, one thousand dollars; New York Homœopathic Dispensary in Eleventh street, one thousand dollars; Dispensary of the New York Medical College for Women, one thousand dollars; Hoffman Dispensary of the city of New York, one thousand dollars; Branch Homœopathic Dispensary, Tompkins Square, one thousand dollars; St. Vincent's Hospital in Eleventh street, near Seventh avenue, three thousand dollars; Blind Mechanics' Association, six thousand dollars; School attached to St. Joseph's Church in Leroy street, three thousand dollars; Industrial School in Forty-second street, three thousand dollars; Ladies' Union Aid Society, five thousand dollars; Home for the Friendless in Twenty-ninth street, ten thousand dollars; St. Lawrence Parochial School, five thousand dollars; Colored Home in Sixty-third street, two thousand five hundred dollars; Ladies' Union Relief Association, ten thousand

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dollars; Lying-in Asylum in Marion street, three thousand dollars; New York Medical College and Hospital for Women and Children, five thousand dollars; St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum, five thousand dollars; School attached to St. Theresa's Church in Rutgers street, three thousand dollars; Nursery and Childs' Hospital, three thousand dollars; New York Female Assistance Society, five thousand dollars; Five Points Mission, five thousand dollars; House of Mercy, Horatio Potter, President, five thousand dollars; School of St. Dominick, in Second street, five thousand dollars; Industrial School of Protestant Reformed Dutch Church in Thirty-fourth street, five thousand dollars; Samaritan Home for the Aged, three thousand dollars; Sisters of Mercy, for the completion of the building of the Industrial Home in Eighty-first street, commenced with the means furnished by the city of New York, and designed for the support and education of the destitute children of the soldiers who died in the late war, and all others, without distinction of creed or nativity, twenty-five thousand dollars, on condition that an equal amount be raised by private subscription within the year eighteen hundred and sixty-eight; Hospital of Sisters of St. Francis, five thousand dollars; School attached to St. Nichols Church, five thousand dollars; Blind, twenty-five thousand dollars, to be disbursed to the blind of the city of New York, under the direction of the commissioners of Public Charities and Correction; House of the Good Shepherd, for the erection of a building on their own premises, at the foot of Eighty-ninth street, East river, twenty-five thousand dollars; Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents, eight thousand dollars.

See chap. 383, L. 1870; chap. 335, L. 1873; chap. 537, L. 1881.

Chapter 891

Amending chapter 364 of the Laws of 1864, incorporating Society for the Protection of Destitute Roman Catholic Children in city of Buffalo.

Annual report of Secretary of State on poor statistics. ("Assembly documents," Vol. IX, No. 88.)	(1868)
Amending act passed March 24, 1860, incorporating the German Liederkranz of New York city.	92d session 1869 Chapter 48
Act legalizing and confirming certain proceedings taken to incorporate "The Holy Angels' Infirmary Academy and Industrial School for Benevolent, Charitable and Scientific Purposes," in Erie county.	Chapter 50
Providing additional buildings for lunatics in city of New York.	Chapter 56
See chap. 120, L. 1870; chap. 410, L. 1882.	
Requiring accounts of Superintendent of Poor of Allegany county to be audited by Board of Supervisors, in same manner as accounts of other officers and persons.	Chapter 63
Changing name of "Young Men's Hebrew Benevolent Association in the city of New York," to "Hebrew Benevolent Fuel Association."	Chapter 64
Authorizing "The Society for the Relief of Poor Women with Small Children" to take and hold real and personal property.	Chapter 66
Appropriation of \$45,000 made for immediate completion of and furnishing of portions of Willard Asylum for the Insane, near Ovid, N. Y.	Chapter 87
Fixing salary of overseer of poor, in city of Utica, at \$1,200 annually.	Chapter 104
See chap. 18, L. 1862.	
Incorporating village of Williamsville.	Chapter 129
§ 35. Trustees may remit poll tax and discharge judgments against any indigent person unable to work.	
Repealing section 6 of act passed April 19, 1866, confirming certain proceedings of board of supervisors of Montgomery county, and in relation to support of poor of said county. Charges for local and transient poor to be town charges.	Chapter 138
Incorporating "The Baptist Home of Brooklyn, N. Y."	Chapter 144

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Chapter 159

Act relating to Firemen's Benevolent Association, of Buffalo, and regulating number of trustees thereof.

See chap. 98, L. 1837; chap. 466, L. 1874.

Chapter 161

Incorporating "The Deaconess Institution of the Evangelical Lutheran Church."

See chap. 440, L. 1875; chap. 106, L. 1884.

Chapter 175

Incorporating "The Trustees of the Episcopal Fund of the Diocese of Long Island."

Chapter 184

Amending act passed April 22, 1864, creating board of trustees for Morrisania, county of Westchester, and defining its powers.

§ 25. Board of trustees to raise money by tax for support and maintenance of poor of said town.

See chap. 277, L. 1864; chap. 691, L. 1870.

Chapter 190

Authorizing classification of directors of New York Institution for Instruction of Deaf and Dumb, and relating to said institution, and releasing State lien on its real estate, under chapter 64, Laws of 1857.

See chap. 264, L. 1817.

Chapter 198

Amending chapter 205 of the Laws of 1863, being an act relating to "The St. Joseph German Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society of Rochester and Monroe County."

Chapter 205

Act confirming official acts of Robert James, an overseer of the poor of town of Steuben, Oneida county.

Chapter 207

Amending charter of Western Homeopathic Dispensary, in city of New York.

Chapter 212

Twenty thousand dollars to be paid by Metropolitan Excise Board for relief of Boys' and Girls' Lodging House of Children's Aid Society of New York city.

See chap. 515, L. 1864.

Chapter 238

Authorizing Commissioners of Public Charities and Correction of New York city to establish an industrial school on Hart's Island.

See chap. 510, L. 1860; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Chapter 259

Act enabling board of supervisors of Kings county to equalize salaries of the several superintendents of poor in said county.

Revising charter of city of Auburn.

Title III, § 5. Provides for the election of one overseer of the poor.

Title V, § 61. Overseer of the poor to have same powers and to be subject to same restrictions and liabilities as overseers of poor in county of Cayuga. His office must be located in central part of town, to be approved by common council; he shall render a monthly report to said council, stating in detail all appropriations, expenditures and allowances made by him to any office during month.

Title XVI, § 202. Indigent persons in said city and chargeable to same shall be supported and relieved in same manner as provided by law in respect to county of Cayuga.

§ 203. Overseers of poor elected under this act for city of Auburn, shall possess all power and authority of overseers of poor in several towns of State, relating to binding out of children, support and relief of indigent persons, care and keeping of lunatics, care of drunkards, etc., and shall be subject to same duties, obligations and liabilities.

§ 204. All poor accounts audited by supervisors, justices of peace and city clerk, in same manner and at same time accounts are audited in several towns in Cayuga county by respective town boards. All accounts against Cayuga county shall be audited by supervisors of said county.

§ 205. Overseer of poor shall keep his office in central and convenient part of city, to be approved by common council, and shall make his report at time and in manner prescribed by Title V, section 61 of this act. He shall, except as herein provided, be subject to provisions of act relating to auditing expenses for support of poor and the purchase of supplies in Cayuga county.

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§ 206. Said overseer shall receive salary or annual compensation to be determined upon by common council.

See chap. 53, L. 1879.

Chapter 285

Amending act passed March 29, 1824, incorporating Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents in New York city.

See chap. 126, L. 1824.

Chapter 295

Act appropriating annually \$1,000 each for support of dispensaries in city of Brooklyn, as follows: Brooklyn Central Dispensary, Brooklyn City Dispensary, Brooklyn Eclectic Dispensary, Williamsburgh Dispensary, Brooklyn Homœopathic Dispensary and Long Island College Dispensary.

See chap. 384, L. 1854.

Chapter 354

Incorporating "The Wayside Industrial Home," in New York city.

Chapter 362

Act for relief of Chamberlain Institute, Randolph, Cattaraugus county.

Chapter 366

Amending act passed April 17, 1866, relating to Nursery and Child's Hospital, of New York city.

See chap. 650, L. 1866; chap. 643, L. 1874.

Chapter 376

Establishing a ward for surgical and medical treatment for persons wounded or ill, in New York city, south of Canal street, under supervision of Commissioners of Public Charities and Correction, in said city.

See chap. 510, L. 1860; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Chapter 378

Incorporating "The Margarettsville Retreat" for the insane.

Chapter 391

Amending act, chapter 511, Laws of 1857, relating to purchase of supplies for support of poor and other inmates of public institutions of Kings county, as to storekeepers, etc.

Chapter 398

Incorporating "The Trustees of the Episcopal Fund of the Diocese of Albany."

Chapter 411

Act for better protection of minors. All orphan asylums, admitting minor children required to keep

a record of reception, containing a brief history of children, from birth until disposed of by institution, by apprenticeship or otherwise taken care of. Such record shall be open to inspection of any citizen of State. Names of children admitted to such institutions shall not be changed.

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Bond to be given for kindly treatment of children apprenticed.

An annual report to be presented to the Legislature, under oath of some of its principal officers, showing that this act has been complied with.

Penalty for violation of this act by any of officers of institution shall be sum of \$100, to be recovered by Attorney-General.

See chap. 116, L. 1874; chap. 130, L. 1875; chap. 122, L. 1876; chap. 428, L. 1877; chap. 585, L. 1880; chap. 438, L. 1884.

Incorporating "The Presbyterian Home for Aged Women in the city of New York."

Chapter 413

See chap. 531, L. 1869; chap. 118, L. 1872.

Authorizing appointment of commissioners to locate an asylum for the insane, in western New York, in Eighth Judicial District.

Chapter 414

Amending act passed May 9, 1867, amending act passed April 23, 1862, to prevent animals from running at large in public highways. Penalties for violation of this act shall be forfeiture of \$5 for every horse, swine or cattle, and \$1 for every sheep so found, to be recovered by civil action by any inhabitant of town in his own name or in name of overseer of poor.

Chapter 424

See chap. 459, L. 1862; chap. 245, L. 1880.

Incorporating "Association for Relief and Protection of Friendless Children of German Origin" in New York city of Brooklyn.

Chapter 427

Incorporating "Chapin Home for the Aged and Infirm" in New York city.

Chapter 461

See chap. 489, L. 1880.

Incorporating the "Independent Turnverein" in city of Brooklyn.

Chapter 508

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Chapter 509

Authorizing board of supervisors of Kings county to borrow \$75,000 for erecting addition to almshouse and also erection of a workhouse for said county.

Chapter 515

Incorporating "Grand Lodge of the Independent Order of Good Templars of the State of New York."

See chap. 123, L. 1872.

Chapter 547

Increasing powers of The Sisterhood of St. Mary.

Chapter 566

Reorganizing fire department of city of Brooklyn. Eastern and western districts of city to continue district widows' and orphan funds. Office of boards of trustees continued, known and designated hereafter as "Trustees of the Widows' and Orphans' Fund of Eastern and Western Districts of city of Brooklyn."

See chap. 384, L. 1854; chap. 249, L. 1865; chap. 316, L. 1870; chap. 863, L. 1873; chaps. 127 and 593, L. 1886.

Chapter 567

Authorizing purchase of farm for town poor of town of Hempstead, Queens county, at expense of \$8,000.

Chapter 578

Amending act passed April 8, 1795, incorporating Contributors of New York Dispensary. Name changed to "The New York Dispensary," and branches authorized.

See chap. 61, L. 1795; chap. 536, L. 1892.

Chapter 584

Creating the "Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital" in New York city.

See chap. 349, L. 1884; chap. 533, L. 1894.

Chapter 635

Amending chapter 178, Laws of 1847, providing for distribution of annuity due to Onondaga Indians.

See chap. 144, L. 1891.

Chapter 645

Appropriation Act. Appropriates \$4,000 for Hudson River State Asylum; \$10,850 for State Lunatic Asylum; \$14,300 for Willard Asylum for Insane; \$40,000 for Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents; \$35,000 for House of Refuge of Western New York; \$105,000 for Deaf and Dumb Institution; \$45,000 for New York Institution for the Blind; \$35,000 for New York State Institution for Blind, at Batavia; \$5,000 for Commissioners of Public Charities, for salaries and

expenses; \$25,000 for State Asylum for Idiots; \$2,160 for interest on Stockbridge Indian debt; \$300 for Onondaga Indians; \$500 for Angell Matthewson, to supply "Radii" to deaf-mutes in State; \$60 for James Minor, for his annuity, under chapter 200, Laws of 1815; \$7,361.67 Indian annuities.

See chap. 414, L. 1870.

Incorporating "The Buffalo Turnverein."

Chapter 658

See chap. 12, L. 1894.

Relating to House of Mercy, New York.

Chapter 699

See chap. 370, L. 1871.

Incorporating "New York Seamen's Association."

Chapter 705

Incorporating city of Watertown, Jefferson county.

Chapter 714

Title 4, § 29. One overseer of poor to be elected to hold office for one year. Overseer of poor shall possess all powers and perform all duties within said city, now possessed and performed by overseer of poor in town of Watertown, and shall receive same compensation, payable in same manner, from same source.

For purposes of support and maintenance of poor, said city shall be deemed one of the towns of Jefferson county.

See chap. 452, L. 1870; chap. 810, L. 1871.

Amending chapter 4, Laws of 1810, vesting certain powers in freeholders and inhabitants of village of Montgomery, Orange county. Trustees empowered to remit poll tax of any indigent person unable to work.

Chapter 734

Amending act, chapter 225, Laws of 1851, incorporating Ladies' Union Aid Society of Methodist Episcopal Church in New York city.

Chapter 750

Authorizing Trustees of Seamen's Fund and Retreat to lease a portion of lands belonging to said Retreat.

Chapter 752

See chap. 234, L. 1831.

Authorizing board of supervisors of Kings county to borrow \$75,000 for erecting an addition to almshouse and also for erecting a workhouse for said county.

Chapter 765

Authorizing board of supervisors of Kings county to include in next year's tax levy \$50,000 to reimburse amount borrowed for support of poor.

Chapter 767

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Chapter 789

Amending chapter 122, Laws of 1867, incorporating Samaritan Home for Aged of New York city.

Chapter 808

Amending act passed April 13, 1853, to amend several acts relating to powers and duties of Commissioners of Emigration, and for Regulation of Marine Hospital.

Chapter 809

See chap. 195, L. 1847; chap. 475, L. 1871; chap. 537, L. 1881.

Incorporating "Brooklyn Eclectic Dispensary."

See chap. 335, L. 1876.

Chapter 811

Authorizing superintendents of poor of Kings county to prosecute all bastardy bonds and recognizances given by disorderly persons and take proceedings against persons abandoning their wives and children.

Chapter 812

Incorporating "The Knights of St. Patrick of the city of New York."

Chapter 822

Supply Bill. Appropriates \$1,000 for dispensary of Troy Hospital; \$10,000 for Western House of Refuge; \$30,000 for Utica Insane Asylum; \$8,000 for State Asylum for Idiots; \$3,075 for commissioners of public charities for salaries and expenses; \$125,000 for Hudson River Hospital for Insane; \$4,000 for Thomas Orphan Asylum for Indian children; \$50,000 for maintenance of quarantine establishment; \$50,000 for Soldiers' Home at Albany; \$939 for J. G. Orton, late secretary and treasurer of New York State Institution for Blind; \$50,000 for New York Institution for Deaf and Dumb; \$14,000 for New York State Institution for Blind at Batavia for furniture, etc.; \$3,000 for State Asylum for Idiots; \$52,500 for Willard Insane Asylum for supplies, etc.; \$85,771.34 reappropriation for orphan asylums and homes for the friendless in certain counties. Thanksgiving Hospital at Cooperstown shall receive sum hereby appropriated to Otsego county.

See chap. 120, L. 1871.

Chapter 835

Amending chapter 365, Laws of 1865, incorporating city of Lockport.

One overseer of poor to be elected by general ballot. Payment for certain excise licenses and penalties to be

made to treasurer of Niagara county for benefit of poor of such county.

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See chap. 120, L. 1886.

Extending powers of boards of supervisors except in New York and Kings county. Boards of supervisors empowered and required to audit accounts of superintendents of poor of county and to examine accounts of subordinate officers. . Repealed by chapter 686, Laws of 1892 (County Law).

Chapter 855

See chap. 194, L. 1849; chap. 482, L. 1875; chap. 432, L. 1870; chaps. 274 and 695, L. 1871; chap. 285, L. 1872; chap. 323, L. 1873; chap. 260, L. 1874; chaps. 30, 250 and 299, L. 1882; chap. 141, L. 1884; chap. 326, L. 1885; chaps. 23, 677 and 686, L. 1892.

Appropriations for certain public and charitable institutions as follows: To orphan asylums, homes for the friendless, and other charitable institutions of like character, for their maintenance, \$150,000, to be paid as follows: The said amount to be divided among the several counties in proportion to their several valuations fixed by law; and the sums thus awarded to each county to be paid to the following incorporated orphan asylums and institutions, in proportion to the number of orphans and homeless persons maintained in them during the year:

Chapter 857

Albany Orphan Asylum; Albany Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless; American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless, New York; Brooklyn Industrial School Association, Eastern District; Brooklyn Industrial School Association and Home for Destitute Children; Brooklyn Orphan Asylum; Cayuga Asylum for Destitute Orphan Children; Chapin Home, New York; Children's Day Home, Troy; Church Charity Foundation, Brooklyn; Church Charity Foundation of the Protestant Episcopal Church, Buffalo; Colored Home, New York; Colored Orphan Asylum, New York; Evangelical Lutheran St. John's Orphan Home, Buf-

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falo; Five Points House of Industry; Forest Orphan Institute, Maspeth; Hebrew Benevolent Society, New York; Home for Destitute Children of Seamen in the County of Richmond; Home for the Friendless, Auburn; St. Patrick's Institute under the Sisters of Charity for Destitute Children, Newburgh; Home for the Friendless, Poughkeepsie; Home for the Friendless, Rochester; Home for the Friendless, Schenectady; Home for Friendless Girls, New York; Home for the Homeless, Utica; Hudson Orphan and Relief Association; Industrial School, Rochester; Jefferson County Orphan Asylum; Juvenile Retreat, Albany; Children's Friend Society, Albany; Ladies' Benevolent Society, Schenectady; Ladies' Educational Union, New York; Le Couteulx St. Mary's Deaf and Dumb Asylum, Buffalo; New York Orphan Asylum Society; Free School for Indigent Female Children attached to the Academy of the Sacred Heart, Manhattanville; Nursery and Child's Hospital, New York; Society for the Relief of Half-Orphan and Destitute Children, New York; Onondaga County Orphan Asylum; Ontario County Orphan Asylum; Orphan's Home and Asylum of the Protestant Episcopal Church, New York; Rochester Orphan Asylum; Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum, Brooklyn; Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum, New York; St. Barnabas Home, New York; St. John's Orphan Asylum, Utica; St. Joseph's German Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum, Rochester; St. Joseph's Male Orphan Asylum, Buffalo; St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum, New York; St. Mary's German Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum, Buffalo; St. Mary's Orphan Asylum, Canandaigua; St. Mary's Orphan Asylum, Clifton; St. Mary's Orphan Asylum, Dunkirk; St. Patrick's Female Orphan Asylum, Rochester; St. Peter's German Roman Catholic Association, Rondout; St. Vincent de Paul Orphan Asylum, Syracuse; St.

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Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Buffalo; St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Troy; St. Vincent's Infant Orphan Asylum, Buffalo; St. Vincent's Male Orphan Asylum, Utica; St. Vincent's Orphan Asylum, Albany; Southern Tier Orphan's Home, Elmira; Susquehanna Valley Home and Industrial School for Indigent Children, Binghamton; Syracuse Home Association; Thomas Orphan Asylum; Troy Orphan Asylum; Troy Roman Catholic Male Orphan Asylum; Union Home and School for the Education and Maintenance of the Children of Volunteers, New York; Utica Orphan Asylum; Davenport Orphan Asylum, Bath; by whatever name said institutions are known, and to the other orphan asylums and homes for the friendless and destitute persons in this State, except the Leake and Watts Orphan Asylum in the city of New York. In the counties having no asylum or institution for the maintenance and education of indigent orphans and homeless persons, the aforesaid dividend to be paid to the order of the treasurer of each of such counties.

For the Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children, for the education and maintenance of one hundred children, at the rate of \$85 per capita, \$8,500; for the Roman Catholic Reformatory, at the city of Buffalo for the care and maintenance of juvenile delinquents committed to said institution, three thousand five hundred dollars; for the charity week-day schools of the State, to be paid on the warrant of the Comptroller, pro rata, according to the number of scholars instructed in them, without charge, during the last fiscal year, to be divided by the Comptroller on the first day of July next, on certificates duly verified by affidavit, \$50,000.

To be paid out of the Metropolitan Excise Fund the following, viz.: For the James Street Industrial School, for care and maintenance of orphan children, \$10,000;

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for the New York Seamen's Association, for the erection of a new building for reading room and exchange, \$30,000, upon condition, however, that a like amount be raised by individual subscription; for the Colored Orphan Asylum in the city of New York in full for the completion of the new asylum building, \$30,000; for the Juvenile Guardian Society of New York, \$10,000; for the New York Ophthalmic Hospital for the erection of a new hospital building, \$30,000, and the Metropolitan Excise Commissioners are hereby directed to pay the several amounts into the State treasury for the purposes herein set forth; for the New York State Inebriate Asylum at Binghamton, \$63,158, to be paid to the treasurer of said asylum by the Metropolitan board of excise, and the treasurer of said board of excise is hereby authorized and directed to pay the same to the treasurer of said asylum out of the first moneys received by him for excise licenses granted in the city of New York, from and after the first day of May, eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, but it is hereby declared that this appropriation is in place and in full of the appropriation made in section four, chapter 853 of the Laws of 1868, which was not paid; for the Society for the Relief of Aged and Indigent Women in the city of New York, \$5,000, to be taken from the Metropolitan Excise Fund; for the New York Medical College for Women, for building and increase of accommodations, ten thousand dollars, to be paid out of the Metropolitan excise fund; for the "Convent of the Sisters of Mercy, Brooklyn," for the education and maintenance of orphan children, \$5,000, to be paid out of the excise money raised in the county of Kings; for the "House of the Good Shepherd in the city of New York," for the care and maintenance of fallen women committed to said institution by the magistrates of said city, \$10,000, to be paid from that portion of the Metropolitan Excise

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Fund derived from the city of New York; for the Providence Lunatic Asylum of Buffalo, \$3,000; for the Day Home at Troy, \$4,000 to meet deficiency caused by an error in the charity bill of 1868; for the Father Mathew Total Abstinence Benevolent Society No. 1 of South Brooklyn, \$5,000, to be taken from that portion of the Metropolitan Excise Fund derived from the city of Brooklyn; for Hospital of Sisters of St. Francis, Fifth street, New York. \$3,000, to be taken from that part of the Metropolitan Excise Fund which is derived from the city of New York; for the Manhattanville Dispensary in the city of New York, \$1,000; for the Sister's Hospital in Eleventh street, city of New York, \$3,000, to be taken from that part of the Metropolitan Excise Fund, which is derived from the city of New York; for the Oswego City Orphan's Asylum, to assist in building additional buildings for school purposes, \$3,000; for the Brooklyn Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum, \$5,000 to be taken from that portion of the Metropolitan Excise Fund derived from the city of Brooklyn; for the House of the Good Shepherd, located in the city of Brooklyn, \$10,000, to be paid from the Metropolitan Excise Fund derived from the city of Brooklyn; for the hospitals of the State, except the New York Hospital, Bellevue Hospital and St. Luke's Hospital in the city of New York, to be divided among them in proportion to the number of beneficiary patients in them and the time that such patients shall have been under treatment during the present fiscal year, for which no other provision has been made, \$75,000.

For the New York Ophthalmic Hospital, \$2,500; for the New York Eye and Ear Infirmary, \$1,000; for the New York Dispensary for the treatment of cancer, \$1,000; for the New York Homeopathic Infirmary for Women, \$1,000; for the Northeastern Dispensary of the city of New York, \$500; for the Bond Street

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Homeopathic Dispensary, \$1,500; for the Eclectic Medical Dispensary in the city of New York, \$2,500; for the Demilt Dispensary, \$1,000; for the Homeopathic Medical College Dispensary, \$1,000; for the Dispensary of the New York Medical College for Women, \$500; for the Northern Dispensary of the city of New York, \$500; for the German Dispensary of the city of New York, \$600; to Evangelical Lutheran St. John's Orphan Home of Buffalo, \$3,000; for the New York Homeopathic Dispensary, \$2,000; for the Western Homeopathic Dispensary of the city of New York, \$600; for the Eastern Dispensary of the city of New York, \$1,000; for the Western Dispensary for women and children in the city of New York, \$300; for the New York Infirmary Dispensary, \$500; for the Dispensary at Poughkeepsie, \$800; for the Albany Dispensary, \$700; for the Dispensary of the Troy Hospital, \$500; for the Buffalo City Dispensary, \$500; for the Buffalo Homeopathic Dispensary, \$500; for the Yorkville Dispensary in the city of New York, \$1,000; for the Harlem Dispensary in the city of New York, \$1,000; for the Branch Tompkins Square Homeopathic Dispensary, \$1,000; for the Brooklyn City Dispensary, \$700; the Brooklyn City Dispensary, \$500; the Williamsburgh Dispensary, \$750, and the Brooklyn Homeopathic Dispensary, \$500; Long Island College Hospital Dispensary, \$500; Albany Hospital Dispensary, \$1,000; for the Eclectic Medical Dispensary of the city of Brooklyn, \$500; for the construction of a wing to the Rochester City Hospital, \$5,000.

Chapter 875

Providing for government of New York county. Provides for appropriation of \$2,000 for Magdalen Female Benevolent Asylum. Real estate of New York Hospital except building used for hospital purposes shall be liable to taxation in same manner as other property.

See chap. 410, L. 1882.

Providing for government of New York city. Provides for tax levy to pay \$15,000 for annual contributions to 15 public dispensaries and \$504,000 for donations to certain charitable institutions named in the act.

(1869)
Chapter 876

See chaps. 10 and 383, L. 1870; chap. 335, L. 1873; chap. 537, L. 1881; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Amending act passed May 9, 1868, to amend and consolidate several acts relating to preservation of moose, wild deer, birds and fresh water fish. Moiety of penalties for violation of this act to go toward support of town poor.

Chapter 909

See chap. 785, L. 1868; chap. 910, L. 1869; chap. 721, L. 1871; chap. 488, L. 1892.

Incorporating city of Cohoes.

Chapter 912

Title III, § 1. One overseer of poor to be elected.

Title VI, § 3. Said overseer of poor to be elected for one year, having same powers and subject to same restrictions and liabilities as overseers of poor in towns of Albany county and for all purposes relating to maintenance and support of poor, the city shall be one of towns of said county.

See chap. 79, L. 1872; chap. 260, L. 1891.

Annual report of the Secretary of State on poor statistics. ("Assembly documents," Vol. VI, No. 79.)

93d session
1870
Chapter 1

Act authorizing common council of city of Albany to issue bonds for \$235,000 for purpose of reimbursing city for moneys paid for erection of new almshouse, etc.

Incorporating "The Trustees of the Fund for the Support of the Aged and Infirm Clergymen of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the Diocese of Albany."

Chapter 14

Incorporating "The Trustees of the Fund for the Widows and Orphans of Deceased Clergymen of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the Diocese of Albany."

Chapter 15

Act authorizing city of Buffalo to purchase certain lands and to convey same to New York State as a site for an insane asylum and to raise money for such purchases.

Chapter 18

See chap. 230, L. 1853.

(1870)
Chapter 21

Act changing name of "The Hebrew Benevolent Society of the city of New York" to "The Hebrew Benevolent and Orphan Asylum Society of the city of New York."

See chap. 267, L. 1878.

Chapter 25

Incorporating city of Rome.

Title II, § 1, provides for election of one overseer of poor.

Title IV, § 3. Overseer of poor to have same duties and powers as like officers in Oneida county, except as otherwise provided. Overseer of poor shall receive as salary an annual sum not exceeding \$800 to be fixed by common council. Said officer not to receive any fee or reward for any services. He shall be subordinate to common council, rendering thereto a monthly report stating all cases of temporary relief and manner of same. Any further relief in cases reported as above must be under supervision of council. He must give security by bond or otherwise for performance of his duties as council shall prescribe.

Chapter 36

Poor expenses to be levied by Board of Supervisors upon city as hitherto upon town of Rome.

Chapter 51

Appropriating \$88,621.46 to pay off present indebtedness of Hudson River State Hospital for the Insane.

Amending chapter 319, Laws of 1848, for incorporating benevolent, charitable, scientific and missionary societies.

See chap. 518, L. 1890; chaps. 378 and 677, L. 1892; chap. 559, L. 1895.

Chapter 64

Authorizing Commissioners of Sinking Fund of New York city to lease to Foundling Asylum of the Sisters of Charity in New York city a piece of land belonging to mayor, aldermen and commonalty of said city for purpose of erecting a Foundling Asylum thereon.

See chap. 112, L. 1871; chap. 635, L. 1872; chap. 43, L. 1877.

Chapter 77

Amending act passed April 22, 1865, combining into one, several acts relating to city of Albany and several

acts amendatory thereof; also repealing act establishing a capital police district and providing for government thereof.

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Title III, § 10. Overseer of poor to be appointed biennially by Mayor and Common Council, said Council regulating salary and prescribing powers and duties of said overseer.

Title III, § 12, subd. 31. Common Council to have power in relation to the almshouse and officers thereof and to appoint during pleasure on nomination of mayor, such officers as they may deem necessary for good government of almshouse and the poor within the same and the city.

See chap. 173, L. 1876; chap. 298, L. 1883.

Act relating to The Ladies' Home Society of the Baptist Churches in the City of New York."

Chapter 85

Amending act, chapter 205, Laws of 1863, incorporating St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum Society of Rochester, N. Y., Monroe county.

Chapter 98

Incorporating "The Trustees of the Fund for Aged and Infirm Clergymen of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the Diocese of Long Island."

Chapter 100

Incorporating "The Trustees of Central New York Conference," of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

Chapter 101

Incorporating "The Ladies' Aid Society of the city of New York."

Chapter 102

See chap. 215, L. 1872.

Incorporating "The Old Ladies' Retreat in the city of Poughkeepsie."

Chapter 104

Incorporating "The Trustees of the Orphan House and Industrial School of the Holy Saviour, at or near Cooperstown," N. Y.

Chapter 105

Contract for maintenance of orphans and destitute children in said orphan house may be made by supervisors of any county or overseers of poor of any town within the State.

See chap. 340, L. 1891.

(1870)
Chapter 120

Act in addition to act providing additional buildings for lunatics in New York city passed March 17, 1869. New York city to raise \$400,000 additional for lunatic asylum on Ward's Island.

Chapter 137

Act reorganizing local government of New York city.

§ 30. Department of Public Charities and Correction created.

§ 80. Department of Public Charities and Correction to be composed of board of five persons, appointed by mayor for a term of five years, receiving salary now designated to such office. Said board shall possess all powers and discharge all duties now conferred upon such department by special laws and by provisions of chapter 510 of Laws of 1860 and amendatory acts.

See chap. 383, L. 1870; chap. 574, L. 1871; chap. 335, L. 1873; chap. 537, L. 1881; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Chapter 166

Act amending act passed April 16, 1852, to continue in force an act incorporating the New York Institution for the Blind passed April 21, 1831, and to extend benefits of said institution. Provides for reception of State pupils.

See chap. 214, L. 1831; chap. 166, L. 1871; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Chapter 175

Regulating sale of intoxicating liquors. License fees in towns and villages payable to poor fund for support of town poor.

See chaps. 305, 332 and 380, L. 1871; chaps. 249, 549 and 863, L. 1873; chaps. 145 and 472, L. 1879; chaps. 164 and 466, L. 1881; chaps. 126 and 410, L. 1882; chap. 156, L. 1884; chap. 161, L. 1890; chaps. 265, 401 and 677, L. 1892; chap. 112, L. 1896.

Chapter 180

Relating to the care and education of deaf mutes at Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf Mutes.

See chap. 325, L. 1863; chap. 555, L. 1864; chap. 548, L. 1871.

Chapter 193

Incorporating "The St. John the Baptist Benevolent Society of the City of New York."

Chapter 198

Aiding Boys' and Girls' Lodging Houses of the Children's Aid Society of New York city. Supervisors of New York county to levy tax of \$20,000 therefor.

See chap. 515, L. 1864.

Incorporating the "Roman Catholic Temperance Society of St. Raymond's Church of the town of Westchester in Westchester county and State of New York."

(1870)
Chapter 220

Amending and making additions to act revising charter of city of Oswego, chapter 463, Laws of 1860. Provides for four Commissioners of Public Charities and so many keepers of almshouses as Common Council shall direct from time to time.

Chapter 228

Act for preservation of shell fish in South Bay, Suffolk county. Moiety of penalties received for violation of provisions of this act, after deducting one-half of expenses for prosecutions, to be paid to overseers of poor of town where prosecution took place, for support of town poor.

Chapter 234

See chap. 89, L. 1875; chap. 593, L. 1886; chap. 308, L. 1890; chap. 408, L. 1892.

Amending act allowing the several towns of this State to raise more money for support of roads and bridges and to raise compensation of Commissioners of Highways and other town officers. Overseers of poor to receive \$2 per day for their services, thus amending subd. 1 of § 53 of title 4 of part 1 Revised Statutes.

Chapter 242

See chap. 615, L. 1857; chap. 569, L. 1890.

Act amending charter of St. Luke's Hospital in New York city incorporated under provisions of act incorporating benevolent, charitable, scientific and missionary societies, passed April 12, 1848.

Chapter 253

See chap. 64, L. 1851; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Amending act incorporating Association for the Benefit of Colored Orphans in New York city, passed April 16, 1838.

Chapter 256

Annual Supply Bill. Appropriates \$16,000 for Asylum for Insane Convicts; \$11,850 for State Lunatic Asylum, Mark Jack and Female Convicts; \$40,000 for Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents; \$35,000 for House of Refuge of Western New York; \$105,000 Institution for Deaf and Dumb; \$25,000 for

Chapter 281

(1870) State Asylum for Idiots; \$45,000 for New York Institution for Blind; \$38,000 for New York State Institution at Batavia; \$5,500 for State Commissioners of Public Charities. Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, Comptroller and Attorney General constituted members ex officio of said State Commissioners of Public Charities. \$300 for Onondaga Indians; \$60, James Minor, annuity; \$500 to be paid, semi-annually to Angell Matthewson for supplying "Radii" to deaf mutes in this State.

See chap. 576, L. 1871.

Chapter 295 Amending act organizing State Lunatic Asylum and to provide more effectually for care, maintenance and recovery of the insane, chapter 135, Laws of 1842.

Chapter 297 Amending section 7 of act relating to the benevolent fund of the late Volunteer Fire Department in New York city, chapter 633, Laws of 1866, as amended by chapter 962, Laws of 1867.

See chap. 89, L. 1879; chap. 537, L. 1881.

Chapter 298 Amending chapter 585, Laws of 1868, incorporating Workingmen's Protective Union.

Chapter 302 Incorporating "The Eastern District Hospital of the City of Brooklyn."

Chapter 309 Act relative to the Union Home and School for the education and maintenance of the children of Volunteers, New York city, to levy annual tax for said children maintained therein.

See chap. 420, L. 1862; chap. 143, L. 1873; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Chapter 320 Act providing for support of certain dispensaries in city of Brooklyn. It shall be the duty of the joint board of aldermen and supervisors of the city of Brooklyn, hereafter to levy and raise annually in the same manner as taxes are now required by law to be levied, the sum of fifteen hundred dollars to be paid to the Brooklyn Central Dispensary for its support; Brooklyn City Dispensary, fifteen hundred dollars; Brooklyn Eclectic Dispensary, fifteen hundred dollars; Brooklyn

Homœopathic Dispensary, fifteen hundred dollars; (1870)
 Williamsburgh Dispensary, fifteen hundred dollars;
 Long Island College Hospital Dispensary, fifteen hundred dollars;
 St. Peter's Dispensary, fifteen hundred dollars;
 Eye and Ear Hospital of the city of Brooklyn, fifteen hundred dollars;
 Gates Avenue Homœopathic Dispensary, fifteen hundred dollars;
 Eastern District Hospital of the city of Brooklyn, fifteen hundred dollars;
 and Brooklyn Dental Infirmary, fifteen hundred dollars.

See chap. 295, L. 1869.

Authorizing corporations to change their names, Chapter 322
 passed April 21, 1870. Amended by chapter 280, Laws of 1876.

See chap. 76, L. 1874; chap. 280, L. 1876; 1 R. S. part 1, chap. 18, title 4; chap. 38, L. 1891; chap. 687, L. 1892.

Act in relation to superintendents of poor in towns Chapter 330
 of Middletown, Southfield and Castleton, in Richmond County, and their powers and duties. Provisions of chapter 170, Laws of 1862, as to temporary relief of poor made applicable to said towns.

Appropriating \$250,000 for the Hudson River State Hospital for the Insane and amending act of organization. Chapter 337

See chap. 93, L. 1867; chap. 264, L. 1875.

Amending act revising charter of city of Auburn, Chapter 339
 chapter 273, Laws of 1869. Overseer of poor subject to this act shall have same powers, perform same duties and be subject to same restrictions as overseers in any town in Cayuga county. His office to be located in a central and convenient part of city approved by Common Council. At first regular meeting of Common Council said overseer shall render to Council a monthly report of expenditures.

Establishing and organizing "The Buffalo State Asylum for the Insane." Chapter 378

See chap. 414, L. 1869; chap. 132, L. 1890.

(1870)
Chapter 380

Appropriating \$49,250 to pay present indebtedness of the Willard Asylum for the Insane.

Chapter 382

Making further provision for government of New York county. \$1,621.95 to be appropriated for the Protestant Episcopal House of Mercy for support of Fallen Women.

See chap. 410, L. 1882.

Chapter 383

Making further provision for government of New York city, makes appropriations as follows: For relapsing fever hospital, forty thousand dollars; salary of warden of city prisons, five thousand dollars; salary of physician of city prisons, three thousand dollars; clerk in the department of commissioners of charities and correction, three thousand five hundred dollars; blind, twenty-five thousand dollars; New York Dispensary, one thousand dollars; Northern Dispensary, one thousand dollars; Eastern Dispensary, one thousand dollars; Demilt Dispensary, one thousand dollars; Northeastern Dispensary, three thousand dollars; Northwestern Dispensary, five thousand dollars; Yorkville Dispensary, one thousand dollars; Harlem Dispensary, one thousand dollars; Manhattanville Dispensary, one thousand dollars; Hoffman Dispensary, two thousand dollars; Eclectic Dispensary, one thousand dollars; Dispensary of the New York Medical College for Women, one thousand dollars; New York Homœopathic Dispensary, one thousand dollars; Bond Street Homœopathic Dispensary, five thousand dollars; Branch Homœopathic Dispensary, Tompkins square, one thousand dollars; Northeastern Homœopathic Dispensary, two thousand five hundred dollars; New York Homœopathic College Dispensary, one thousand dollars; Western Homœopathic Dispensary, two thousand five hundred dollars; Central Dispensary, two thousand dollars; German Dispensary, one thousand dollars; Western Dispensary for Women and Children, one

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thousand dollars; Infirmary of the New York College of Dentistry, one thousand dollars; New York Dispensary for Diseases of the Throat and Chest, two thousand dollars; Orthopædic Dispensary, ten thousand dollars; Metropolitan Homœopathic Dispensary, ten thousand dollars, on condition that said dispensary shall be located in the vicinity of Canal street and East Broadway, in the city of New York; Dispensary of the New York Ophthalmic and Aural Institute, one thousand dollars; St. Vincent's Hospital, ten thousand dollars; Saint Vincent de Paul Orphan Asylum, fifteen thousand dollars; Five Points Mission, five thousand dollars; Ladies' Union Aid Society, five thousand dollars; Ladies' Union Relief Association, ten thousand dollars; Orphan Asylum, corner of Prince and Mott streets, five thousand dollars; Sisters of Saint Dominick Asylum, five thousand dollars; Hahnemann Hospital, ten thousand dollars; Women's Medical College and Hospital, ten thousand dollars; Prison Association of New York, six thousand dollars; Hospital of Saint Frances, ten thousand dollars; Saint Joseph's Orphan Asylum, five thousand dollars; Society for the Relief of Destitute Children of Seamen, five thousand dollars; New York Infirmary for Women and Children, ten thousand dollars; Saint Joseph's Home, three thousand dollars; Blind Mechanics' Association, five thousand dollars; Female Assistance Society, five thousand dollars; Patriots' Orphan Home, five thousand dollars; Shepherd's Fold, five thousand dollars; German Mission Society, five thousand dollars; Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents, eight thousand dollars; Wayside Industrial Home, five thousand dollars; New York Dorcas Society, three thousand dollars; Home for the Friendless, ten thousand dollars; Sisters of St. Joseph's Church, Fourth street, five thousand dollars; Ladies' Christian Union, three thousand dollars; House of the Good Shepherd, twenty-five

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thousand dollars, on condition that a like amount shall be raised by private subscription before the said sum shall be payable; New York Foundling Hospital, one hundred thousand dollars; Union Home and School, five thousand dollars; Association for Befriending Children, three thousand dollars; New York Hospital for Diseases of the Nervous System, two thousand dollars; Society for the Relief of the Ruptured and Crippled, seven thousand five hundred dollars; and for the Society for Indigent and Crippled Blind, in Seventh avenue, six thousand dollars.

See chap. 213, L. 1871; chap. 335, L. 1873; chap. 537, L. 1881; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Chapter 384

Act appointing and designating Commissioners of Emigration and amending act concerning passengers in vessels coming to New York city. Mayors of New York city and Brooklyn, the president of the German Society of New York City, and the president of the Irish Emigrant Society of New York city shall be ex officio additional Commissioners of Emigration.

See chap. 195, L. 1847; chap. 302, L. 1873; chap. 537, L. 1881.

Chapter 418

Act providing for the payment of board and maintenance of vagrants committed to almshouse of city and town of Newburgh and amending chapter 44, Laws of 1853.

See chap. 283, L. 1878.

Chapter 424

Act in relation to poor statistics. Acts (Secs. 75-78 of Chap. 20, Title I, Part 1, Revised Statutes) relating to annual reports extended to and made applicable to Commissioners of Public Charities and Correction for city and county of New York, the Superintendent of the almshouse of Albany county, Keeper of the Poor House of Putnam county and Superintendents of Poor appointed by Board of Supervisors of Fulton, Herkimer and Jefferson counties, the commissioners of the almshouse elected in cities of Newburgh and Poughkeepsie, and all poor officers elected or appointed in other

cities of State under Special Legislative Acts. Newburgh and Poughkeepsie Almshouse Commissioners shall make annual reports on December 1st to Superintendent of Poor of their respective counties.

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Superintendents of poor in the several counties of the State, the Superintendent of Almshouse of Albany county, the Keeper of the Poor House of Putnam county, and Commissioners of Public Charities and Correction of city and county of New York are required to make annual reports for their respective counties to the Secretary of State on or before January 10th, upon poor statistics.

Secretary of State required to make annual report to Legislature.

Superintendents of Poor directed to procure poor statistics in counties having no almshouse or in which distinction between town and county poor have been revived, in order that the annual report may be made.

The Secretary of State authorized and required to publish this act, together with all the general and special poor laws now in force in this State, and to distribute same to superintendents and overseers of poor, and keepers of almshouses in this State, also to town and city clerks, county clerks and clerks of Boards of Supervisors of this State.

See chap. 410, L. 1882; chap. 225, L. 1896; chaps. 48, 222 and 507, L. 1897; chaps. 337 and 536, L. 1898; chaps. 83 and 462, L. 1899; chaps. 24, 345 and 475, L. 1900; chaps. 103 and 664, L. 1901; chap. 117, L. 1901.

Amending act passed April 5, 1855, allowing trustees, directors or managers of incorporated asylums to bind out orphans or indigent children surrendered to their care and to provide for the custody of such children. Managers of orphan asylums and homes may bind out children to be clerk's apprentices or servants until such child, if a male, shall be 21 years old, if a female, until 18 years. In case of death or neglect of

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- (1870) father of indigent child, the mother may act as guardian for surrendering of child to care and custody of institution. In case the child be an orphan, the mayor or supervisor of town in which institution is located to act as guardian in binding out children. Father or mother may commit guardianship of child to asylum upon terms agreed by both.
- See chap. 159, L. 1855; chap. 438, L. 1884.
- Chapter 433 Amending charter of the Industrial School Association of Brooklyn, Eastern District. It may establish a home for friendless females and bind out children.
- Chapter 437 Reviving the charter of St. Andrews' Society of city of Schenectady, chapter 67, Laws of 1807.
- Chapter 439 Authorizing commissioners of sinking fund of New York city to lease to Hahnemann Hospital, in New York city, a piece of land belonging to mayor, aldermen and commonalty of said city for erecting a public hospital thereon.
- Chapter 441 Approving action of commissioners appointed in pursuance of chapter 414, Laws of 1869, to locate an asylum for the insane in Western New York in Eighth Judicial District in city of Buffalo.
- Chapter 452 Amending act incorporating city of Watertown, chapter 714, Laws of 1869. An overseer of poor to be elected by general ballot.
- Chapter 472 Incorporating "The Society for the Aid of Friendless Women and Children," in city of Brooklyn.
- See chap. 648, L. 1887.
- Chapter 474 Establishing "The State Homeopathic Asylum for the Insane at Middletown," Orange county.
- See chap. 237, L. 1871; chaps. 414 and 446, L. 1874; chap. 132, L. 1890.
- Chapter 479 Incorporating "The Wyoming Benevolent Institute."
- See chap. 522, L. 1872.
- Chapter 492 Annual Supply Bill. Appropriates \$10,000 for expenses of investigation of charges against John Arts, Superintendent of Poor in Rensselaer county; \$10,000 for counsel fee in case of John Arts; \$2,500

printing fee in case of John Arts; \$10,000 for Institution for Improved Instruction of Deaf Mutes; \$300 for Onondaga Indians; \$5,000 for New York Institution for Blind at Batavia; \$118,000 for Willard Asylum, for extension or completion of wing building for idiots, dock, fuel and salaries; \$25,000 for furniture and maintenance of Willard Asylum; \$8,000 for Hudson River State Hospital for Insane; \$1,500 for Commissioners to locate insane asylum in Western New York; \$40 for Mark Jack's support at State Lunatic Asylum, Utica; \$48,821.02 for Utica Lunatic Asylum. (1870)

See chap. 733, L. 1872.

Revising charter of city of Buffalo. One overseer of poor to be elected. Supervisors and overseers of poor to have same powers and duties as said officers in towns of county of Erie, except as otherwise provided. Overseer of Poor with advice and consent of common council may appoint a deputy, to hold office during pleasure of his superior officer. Chapter 519

See chap. 105, L. 1891.

Act consolidating the Hebrew Relief Society, the Hebrew Female Benevolent Society of the Congregation Shearith Israel, of New York city, into one Society to be known as the "Hebrew Relief Society." Chapter 536

Amending chapter 285, Laws of 1868, appointing Commissioners of Fisheries for State of New York. Penalties for illegal fishing to be recovered by Commissioners. Chapter 567

See chap. 721, L. 1871; chap. 309, L. 1879; chap. 144, L. 1891; chaps. 488 and 677, L. 1892.

Authorizing sale of lands belonging to and occupied by the Seamen's Retreat on Staten Island. Chapter 569

See chap. 234, L. 1831; chap. 430, L. 1876; chap. 207, L. 1877.

Amending act incorporating, and other acts relating to city of Troy. Overseer of poor to be elected. Chapter 598

See chap. 30, L. 1880.

Act relating to Monroe County Insane Asylum. Chapter 633

See chap. 80, L. 1863.

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Chapter 668

Chapter 704

Incorporating "The Ladies' Helping Hand Association of the City of New York."

Making appropriations for certain public and charitable institutions. The following amounts are hereby appropriated for the several purposes specified, namely: For orphan asylums, homes for the friendless and other charitable institutions of like character, for their maintenance, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, to be paid as follows, namely: The said amount shall be divided among the several counties in proportion to their respective valuations, as the same are established by law; and the sums thus awarded to each county shall be paid to the following incorporated orphan asylums and institutions, in proportion to the number of orphans and homeless persons maintained in them during the present fiscal year, namely: Albany Orphan Asylum; Albany Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless; American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless of the city of New York; Association for the Relief of Respectable Aged Indigent Females, New York; Society of Our Lady of Refuge, Buffalo; Brooklyn Industrial School Association and Home for Destitute Children; Brooklyn Industrial School Association, Eastern District; Buffalo Orphan Asylum; Cayuga Asylum for Destitute Children; Chapin Home for the Aged and Indigent, New York; Charity Foundation of the Protestant Episcopal Church, Buffalo; Children's Aid Society, New York; Children's Friend Society, Albany; Children's Home Society (Day Home), Troy; Church Charity Foundation of Long Island; Colored Home, New York; Colored Orphan Asylum, New York; Convent of the Sisters of Mercy, Brooklyn; Davenport Female Orphan Asylum; Evangelical Lutheran St. John's Orphan Home, Buffalo; Five Points House of Industry; Five Points Mission, New York; Free School Academy of the

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Sacred Heart, Manhattanville; Hebrew Benevolent and Orphan Asylum Society; Home for Friendless Girls, New York; Home for the Friendless, Auburn; Home for the Friendless, Buffalo; Home for the Friendless, Newburgh; Home for the Friendless, Rochester; Home for the Friendless, Schenectady; Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Brooklyn; House of the Good Shepherd, Brooklyn; House of the Good Shepherd, New York; House of Mercy, New York; House of Reception, Mariners' Harbor; Howard Colored Orphan Asylum, Brooklyn; Hudson Orphan and Relief Association; Institution of Mercy, East Houston street, New York; Institution of Mercy (Orphan Asylum), Eighty-first street, New York; Jefferson County Orphan Asylum; Ladies' Union Relief Association, New York; Ladies' Union Aid Society, New York; Ladies' Benevolent Society, Schenectady; LeCouteulx St. Mary's Deaf and Dumb Asylum, Buffalo; Nursery and Child's Hospital, New York; New York Magdalen Benevolent Society; New York Juvenile Guardian Society; Orphan Asylum Society, Brooklyn; Orphan Asylum Society, New York; Orphan Asylum Society of the Holy Trinity Church, Brooklyn, Eastern Division; Orphan Home and Asylum of the Protestant Episcopal Church, New York; Orphans' Home, St. Peter's Church, Albany; House of Shelter, Albany; Onondaga County Orphan Asylum; Ontario County Orphan Asylum; Oswego Orphan Asylum; Orphan House of the Holy Saviour, Cooperstown; Patriot Orphan Home; Poughkeepsie Orphan House and Home for the Friendless; Protestant Episcopal Church Home, Rochester; Providence Lunatic Asylum, Buffalo; Rochester Industrial School; Rochester Orphan Asylum; Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum, Brooklyn; Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum, New York; Sheltering Arms, New York; Sisters of the Order of St. Dominick (asylum), New York; Society for the

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Relief of Destitute Children of Seamen; Society for the Relief of Half-orphan and Destitute Children, New York; Society for the Protection of Destitute Children, Buffalo; Society for the Protection of Destitute Roman Catholic Children, New York; Southern Tier Orphan Asylum; St. Barnabas House, New York; St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum, New York; St. Joseph's German Roman Catholic Asylum, Rochester; New St. Joseph's Male Orphan Asylum, Buffalo; St. John's Female Orphan Asylum, Utica; St. Luke's Home for Indigent Christian Females, New York; St. Mary's Boys' Orphan Asylum, Rochester; St. Mary's German Orphan Asylum, Buffalo; St. Mary's Orphan Asylum, Canandaigua; St. Mary's Orphan Asylum, Clifton; St. Mary's Orphan Asylum, Dunkirk; St. Patrick's Female Orphan Asylum, Rochester; St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum for Destitute Children, Newburgh; St. Peter's German Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum, Rondout; St. Stephen's Catholic Orphan Asylum, New York; St. Thomas' Orphan Asylum, Batavia; St. Vincent de Paul Orphan Asylum, Syracuse; St. Vincent Female Orphan Asylum, Albany; St. Vincent Female Orphan Asylum, Buffalo; Rochester House for Idle and Truant Children; St. Vincent Female Orphan Asylum, Troy; St. Vincent Infant Orphan Asylum, Buffalo; St. Vincent Male Orphan Asylum, Albany; St. Vincent Male Orphan Asylum, Utica; Susquehanna Valley Home and Industrial School for Indigent Children; Syracuse Home Association; Thomas Orphan Asylum for Destitute Indian Children; Troy Catholic Male Orphan Asylum; Troy Orphan Asylum; Utica Orphan Asylum; Union Home and School for Children of Our Volunteers, New York; by whatever name such institutions are known; and to the other orphan asylums and homes for the friendless and destitute persons in this State, except the Leake and Watts Orphan Asylum in

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the city of New York. In the counties having no asylum or institution for the maintenance and education of indigent orphans and homeless persons, the aforesaid dividend shall be paid to the order of the treasurer of each of such counties.

For Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children, eight thousand five hundred dollars; Roman Catholic Reformatory, Buffalo, three thousand five hundred dollars; Charity Week-day Schools of the State, seventy-five thousand dollars; James Street Industrial School of the city of New York, three thousand dollars; Female Academy of the Sacred Heart, Albany, three thousand dollars; Rev. E. M. Smith, Brooklyn, for aid to complete a college in Brooklyn for the education of destitute and neglected youth, five thousand dollars; Orphan Asylum, Oswego, five thousand dollars; Onondaga County Orphan Asylum, three thousand dollars; St. Vincent de Paul Orphan Asylum, Syracuse, three thousand dollars; Convent of Sisters of Mercy, Brooklyn, five thousand dollars; Brooklyn Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum, ten thousand dollars; Day Home of Troy, two thousand dollars; St. Vincent Female Orphan Asylum of Troy, one thousand dollars; Sisters of the Order of St. Ursula, East Morrisania, three thousand dollars; Hebrew Benevolent Society, Albany, five hundred dollars; Orphan Asylum of the House of the Good Shepherd, Haverstraw, two thousand dollars; Troy Catholic Male Orphan Asylum, five thousand dollars; Ontario County Orphan Asylum, five thousand dollars; Society for the Protection of Destitute Roman Catholic Children, New York, fifty thousand dollars; St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Buffalo, one thousand dollars; Mariners' Family Industrial Society of the Port of New York, two thousand five hundred dollars; Southern Tier Orphan Home, Elmira, five thousand dollars; Sisters of Charity, Newburgh, five thousand dollars; Sisters of Charity, Port Jervis, five

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thousand dollars; Home for the Friendless, Auburn, fifteen hundred dollars; Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum, Houston and Mulberry streets, New York, five thousand dollars; St. Elizabeth's Hospital and Home, Utica, two thousand five hundred dollars; Brooklyn Howard Colored Orphan Asylum, one thousand five hundred dollars; Pitt Street Industrial School of the city of New York, three thousand dollars; Institute of Mercy, Greenbush, three thousand dollars; Association for the Benefit of Colored Orphans in the city of New York, two thousand dollars; Susquehanna Valley Home and Industrial School for Indigent Children, five thousand dollars; St. Mary's Institute, Roundout, five hundred dollars; Orphan Asylum, Prince and Mott streets, New York, three thousand dollars; Wayside Industrial Home, New York, two thousand dollars; Christian Brothers' Academy, Albany, five thousand dollars; Syracuse Home Association, seven hundred and fifty dollars; Brooklyn Orphan Asylum, Cumberland street, ten thousand dollars; for the hospitals of the State, except the New York Hospital, Bellevue Hospital and St. Luke's Hospital in the city of New York, to be divided among them in proportion to the number of beneficiary patients in them, and the time that such patients shall have been under treatment during the present fiscal year, for which no other provision has been made, seventy-five thousand dollars; Women's Medical College and Hospital, New York, ten thousand dollars; St. Vincent's Hospital, Eleventh street, New York, five thousand dollars; Troy Hospital, five thousand dollars; St. Peter's Hospital, Brooklyn, five thousand dollars; St. Mary's Widows' and Lying-in Hospital, Buffalo, two thousand five hundred dollars; St. Peter's Hospital, Albany, five thousand dollars; Hospital of St. Francis, of the city of New York, five thousand dollars; Jefferson County Orphan Asylum, one thousand dollars; New York Ophthalmic Hos-

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pital, two thousand five hundred dollars; New York Eye and Ear Infirmary, one thousand dollars; New York Dispensary for the Treatment of Cancer, one thousand dollars; Northeastern Dispensary of the city of New York, one thousand five hundred dollars; Bond Street Homœopathic Dispensary, one thousand five hundred dollars; Eclectic Medical Dispensary in the city of New York, two thousand five hundred dollars; Demilt Dispensary, one thousand dollars; Homœopathic Medical College Dispensary, one thousand dollars; Dispensary of the New York Medical College for Women, five hundred dollars; Northern Dispensary of the City of New York, five hundred dollars; German Dispensary of the city of New York, six hundred dollars; New York Homœopathic Dispensary, two thousand dollars; Western Homœopathic Dispensary of the city of New York, fifteen hundred dollars; Eastern Dispensary of the city of New York, one thousand dollars; Western Dispensary for Women and Children, in the city of New York, three hundred dollars; New York Infirmary Dispensary, five hundred dollars; Dispensary at Poughkeepsie, eight hundred dollars; Albany City Dispensary, one thousand dollars; Dispensary of the Troy Hospital, five hundred dollars; Buffalo City Dispensary, five hundred dollars; Yorkville Dispensary, in the city of New York, one thousand dollars; Harlem Dispensary in the city of New York, one thousand dollars; Branch Tompkins Square Homœopathic Dispensary, one thousand dollars; Brooklyn City Dispensary, seven hundred dollars; Williamsburgh Dispensary, seven hundred and fifty dollars; Brooklyn Homœopathic Dispensary, five hundred dollars; Long Island College Hospital Dispensary, five hundred dollars; Albany Hospital Dispensary, one thousand dollars; Gates Avenue Homœopathic Dispensary, Brooklyn, five hundred dollars; Metropolitan

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Homœopathic Dispensary, in the city of New York, two thousand dollars; Morrisania Homœopathic Dispensary, five hundred dollars; Northeastern Homœopathic Medical and Surgical Dispensary, New York, three thousand dollars; Manhattan Dispensary Association, two thousand dollars; St. Peter's Dispensary, Brooklyn, five hundred dollars; Hahnemann Hospital, New York city, twenty thousand dollars; New York Dispensary, six thousand dollars; New York Ophthalmic and Aural Institute, one thousand dollars; Rochester City Hospital, fifteen thousand dollars; Buffalo Homœopathic Dispensary seven hundred and fifty dollars; German Ladies' Aid Society in the city of New York, five thousand dollars; Troy Orphan Asylum, five thousand dollars; Marshall Infirmary, of Troy, ten thousand dollars; Evangelical Lutheran St. John's Orphan Home, Buffalo, three thousand five hundred dollars; Jane Grey School, Mount Morris, Livingston county, ten thousand dollars; Home for the Homeless, Utica, five thousand dollars; Northwestern Dispensary in the city of New York, one thousand dollars; Western House of Refuge, Rochester, fifteen thousand dollars; S. R. Smith Infirmary of Richmond county one thousand dollars; Albany City Hospital, five thousand dollars; St. Mary's Hospital, Rochester, fifteen thousand dollars; St. Joseph's Hospital, Syracuse, three thousand dollars; Mount Sinai Hospital in the city of New York, ten thousand dollars; Nursery and Child's Hospital, twenty-five thousand dollars; Society for the Relief of the Ruptured and Crippled in the city of New York, ten thousand dollars; Long Island College Hospital, Brooklyn, five thousand dollars; Tonawanda Baptist Church of the Band of Senecas, two thousand dollars; Cayuga Asylum for Destitute Children, five thousand dollars; Ingham University, at Le Roy, five thousand dollars; St. Mary's Orphan Asylum, Dunkirk,

one thousand dollars; Rochester House for Idle and (1870)
 Truant Children, six thousand dollars; Brooklyn
 Truant Home, five thousand dollars; Juvenile Guardian
 Society, of New York, ten thousand dollars; Chapin
 Home, ten thousand dollars; Fifth Avenue Roman
 Catholic Orphan Asylum, New York city, five thousand
 dollars.

Incorporating "The Trustees of the Manhattan Dis- Chapter 721
 pensary of the city of New York."

See chap. 33, L. 1872.

Incorporating "The Noah Benevolent Widows' and Chapter 724
 Orphans' Association."

Amending chapter 139, Laws of 1864, incorporating Chapter 755
 city of Elmira. One overseer of the poor to be elected
 by city at large.

See chap. 370, L. 1875.

Enabling trustees of the Episcopal Fund of the Chapter 783
 Diocese of Albany to obtain an equitable portion of the
 Episcopal Fund of the Diocese of New York.

Annual report of the Secretary of State on poor
 statistics. ("Assembly Documents," Vol. VI, No. 124.)

Act for the relief of The Free Medical and Surgical 94th session
 Dispensing Association of the city of Buffalo. 1871
 Chapter 2

Act incorporating "The American Home Missionary Chapter 21
 Society."

Act authorizing Board of Supervisors of Suffolk Chapter 26
 county to borrow, in addition to amounts now author-
 ized by law, \$35,000 for poor house and farm.

Act changing name of Brooklyn Homeopathic Dis- Chapter 27
 pensary to "The Brooklyn Homeopathic Hospital,"
 authorizing it to sell, mortgage or lease its property and
 to establish and maintain a hospital and to increase
 the number of trustees.

See chap. 387, L. 1882.

Amending act incorporating the "Ladies Washington Chapter 37
 Association of Hempstead, Queens County," passed
 April 22, 1869.

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Chapter 48

Incorporating "The Odd Fellows' Hall Association of Watertown."

See chap. 350, L. 1876.

Chapter 49

Amending act incorporating the city of Rome, chapter 25, Laws of 1870. One overseer of poor to be elected.

See chap. 576, L. 1875.

Chapter 52

Amending acts relating to dog taxes so far as relates to city and town of Lockport, Niagara County, and making money thus received a common fund to pay for injuries upon sheep occasioned by dogs in said city and town collectively.

§ 2. Balance of money remaining in common fund for two years after damages arising from injuries to sheep to be paid to county treasurer of Niagara County for support of county poor as long as county poor shall be supported by the county at large.

See chap. 244, L. 1862; chap. 365, L. 1865; chap. 120, L. 1866.

Chapter 62

Act relating to Ladies' Union Aid Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church in New York city.

Chapter 83

Amending act incorporating "The Society for the Protection of Destitute Roman Catholic Children in the City of New York," chapter 448, Laws of 1863. Name changed to "The New York Catholic Protectory."

See chap. 410, L. 1882.

Chapter 86

Amending charter of the Sisters of Charity of St. Vincent de Paul, a corporation created and organized under and pursuant to laws of this State by chapter 319, Laws of 1848.

§ 3. Town overseers of the poor in any town in Westchester county may send such patients to hospital as are charge upon town, and town sending such patients shall pay for their care and maintenance, the charges being audited and paid in same manner as other town charges.

See chap. 235, L. 1871.

Chapter 91

Incorporating the "Bund Sorgenfrei" of New York city, for charitable purposes.

Incorporating "The Corning Foundation for Christian Work in the Diocese of Albany." (1871)
Chapter 101

See chap. 34, L. 1890.

Act legalizing and confirming the official acts of Charles C. Barrett and John W. Bell as overseers of poor in town of Lenox, Madison county. Chapter 108

Confirming a certain lease of New York city real estate made by Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of New York City to Foundling Asylum of Sisters of Charity of New York City. Chapter 112

Amending section 4 of chapter 123 of the Laws of 1864, entitled Act incorporating the New Brooklyn Turnverein. Chapter 114

Amending act creating and defining powers of Board of Trustees for Town of Morrisania, Westchester county. Chapter 144

§ 24. Said board empowered to provide suitable places for reception of persons sick with infectious or contagious diseases in said town, also for all sick persons unable to provide for themselves and to provide for their medical care and necessities and for these purposes trustees may erect buildings at expense not exceeding \$45,000. Said Board to be invested with duties of Board of Health.

See chap. 277, L. 1864; chap. 773, L. 1871.

Reappropriating \$25,000 for benefit of The Nursery and Child's Hospital of the city of New York, appropriated by chapter 704, Laws of 1870. Chapter 163

Amending chapter 166 of the Laws of 1870; an act amending act continuing in force an act incorporating the New York Institution for the Blind. Provides for the reception of blind pupils from Queens and Suffolk counties. Chapter 166

See chap. 214, L. 1831.

Act in aid of Boys and Girls Lodging Houses of Children's Aid Society of New York city. New York county to annually raise \$30,000 by tax for said society. Chapter 180

See chap. 410, L. 1882.

(1871)
Chapter 194

Amending act incorporating and defining powers and duties of a police department of and for city of Brooklyn.

§ 20. Pensions of policemen, widows and minor children of policemen to be paid out of Brooklyn Police Life Insurance Fund.

§ 48. Contains provisions as to establishment of said fund.

Chapter 201

See chap. 194, L. 1871; chap. 363, L. 1872; chap. 863, L. 1873.

Incorporating "The St. Patrick's Literary and Benevolent Association of the City of Rochester."

Chapter 235

Act supplementary to act passed March 10, 1870, amending Charter of The Sisters of Charity of St. Vincent de Paul.

See chap. 86, L. 1871.

Chapter 237

Amending section 11 of chapter 474, Laws of 1870, establishing a Homeopathic Asylum for the Insane at Middletown, N. Y.

See chap. 733, L. 1872; chap. 452, L. 1874.

Chapter 249

Exempting real estate used as an asylum by the Trustees of the Masonic Hall and Asylum Fund from taxation.

See chap. 272, L. 1864; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Chapter 250

Repealing act establishing a Capital Police District and providing for government thereof and providing for settling affairs of said district, distributing the surplus fund thereof and disposing of Capital Police Life Insurance Fund.

See chap. 554, L. 1865.

Chapter 251

Amending act amending and consolidating act relating to charter of city of Hudson. Overseers of poor before taking office to file official bonds in sum of no less than \$2,500 with sureties justifying in amount of bonds.

See chap. 179, L. 1854; chap. 468, L. 1872.

Chapter 253

Act to protect harbors adjoining Long Island Sound in Suffolk county.

§ 5. Prosecutions for penalties may be made in name of overseer of poor of town of Brookhaven or of Smith-

town. Moiety after deducting one-half for the expenses of prosecution to go to support of town poor. (1871)

Amending act incorporating Association for the Benefit of Colored Orphans in New York City. Chapter 255

See chap. 232, L. 1838; chaps. 306 and 637, L. 1872.

Authorizing trustees of the Society known as The Shepherd's Fold of the Protestant Episcopal Church in New York State to place for adoption or to bind out children committed to care of said society in certain cases and authorizing board of supervisors of New York county to appropriate money thereto. Chapter 269

See chap. 775, L. 1868; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Act increasing the powers of the Rochester St. Mary's Hospital of the Sisters of Charity. Chapter 273

Act providing for better support of poor in city and town of Newburgh, Orange county. Chapter 276

Annual report of commissioners of almshouse of Newburgh to be made, after 1871, on March 1st of each year.

All penalties for violation of excise laws may be sued for and recovered by commissioners of almshouse of city or town of Newburgh by civil action, said penalties to be applied to support of city or town poor.

Excise money of city or town to be paid to almshouse commissioners for support of city or town poor, also fines for drunkenness.

See chap. 44, L. 1853; chap. 739, L. 1871.

Act incorporating "The Society of the Sisters of St. Joseph, of the City of Troy." Chapter 280

Amending act revising and amending act incorporating the Orphan Asylum Society in City of Utica, passed March 26, 1856. Chapter 286

Act increasing the corporate powers of The Havens Relief Fund Society. Chapter 301

Act providing for the disposal of excise moneys in Niagara county. Excise moneys to be paid to county treasurer within thirty days after receiving it and to be expended under direction of Board of Supervisors for support of poor of Niagara county. Chapter 305

(1871) Pay of excise board to be audited and paid as any other county charge.

Provisions of chapter 175, Laws of 1870, and act amendatory thereto not inconsistent therewith, shall be applicable to county of Niagara.

See chap. 175, L. 1870; chap. 306, L. 1878.

Chapter 316 Act relative to the Institute of St. Paul the Apostle. May lease land in New York city from commissioners of the sinking fund of said city.

Chapter 324 Incorporating "The Sisterhood of Grey Nuns."

See chap. 528, L. 1872; chap. 353, L. 1875.

Chapter 327 Amending act incorporating the Father Mathew United Benevolent Total Abstinence Benefit Society, passed May 5, 1863.

Chapter 367 Act to prevent the taking of fish from Lake Salubria in town of Bath, Steuben county.

Action for the recovery of forfeiture imposed by this act may be brought by any person before justice of peace. One-half of penalties recovered to go to support of poor of town of Bath.

See chap. 488, L. 1892.

Chapter 368 Act amending chapter 378, Laws of 1864, amending charter of the firemen of the village of Brooklyn.

Exempt firemen must procure discharge certificate before being entitled to relief from funds of said corporation.

See chap. 177, L. 1864.

Chapter 380 Act providing for the disposal of excise moneys in town of Allegany.

Excise moneys to be paid to county treasurer for relief of said county poor.

See chap. 175, L. 1870.

Chapter 395 Act relating to persons who abandon or threaten to abandon their families in Kings county.

All such persons who leave their wives and families without adequate support, to be brought before a justice, and if found guilty said justice shall compel

offenders to pay specified sums of money weekly for support of their families. Persons complained of shall enter into bonds as security for good behavior and assurances to pay weekly sums. If default occurs in securities said persons shall be confined in county jail until surety be found or until discharged by law. Wife can appear as witness in case of trial. Moneys recovered from said trial to be applied and expended for support of wife and children of offender. (1871)

See chap. 171, L. 1882; chap. 620, L. 1886; chap. 533, L. 1892.

Act incorporating "Our Home Hygienic Institute of Dansville, New York." Chapter 407

Act incorporating the "Friars Minor of the Order of St. Francis." Chapter 408

Act incorporating the "Lutheran Emigrants' House Association of New York." Chapter 414

Incorporating the "St. George's Brotherhood, of the Town of Flushing, Queens County." Chapter 416

Amending charter of "The Odd Fellows' Asylum of the State of New York." Chapter 451

See chap. 496, L. 1871.

Act revising the charter of Long Island City. Chapter 461

Title II, § 1. One overseer of the poor to be elected. Term of office two years. Salary, \$500 per annum.

Title XI, § 1. Overseer of poor of Long Island City to have and exercise same powers and duties as overseers of poor in several towns of this State.

See chap. 540, L. 1886.

Amending chapter 148, Laws 1845, incorporating the Colored Home of City of New York. Chapter 473

Act providing for relief and support of poor of Kings county, and to change the name of office of superintendents of the poor therein to office of Commissioners of Charities. Chapter 491

See chap. 114, L. 1874.

Amending charter of the Odd Fellows' Asylum of State of New York. Chapter 496

See chap. 451, L. 1871.

(1871)
Chapter 514

Amending act incorporating the Inebriates' Home for Kings County, passed May 9, 1867, and act amendatory thereof passed April 30, 1868.

See chap. 843, L. 1871; chap. 797, L. 1873; chap. 169, L. 1877.

Chapter 548

Amending act relating to care and education of deaf mutes passed April 12, 1870, and amendatory of an act to provide for the care and education of indigent deaf mutes under the age of twelve years, passed April 25, 1863. Provides for care of indigent deaf mutes in Le Couteulx St. Mary's Institution at Buffalo.

See chap. 325, L. 1863.

Chapter 561

Amending charter of city of Brooklyn.

§ 10. City of Brooklyn to raise by annual tax a further sum of \$5,000 towards defraying the expenses of St. Peter's Hospital in said city.

See chap. 384, L. 1854; chap. 863, L. 1873.

Chapter 565

Authorizing "The Brooklyn Children's Aid Society" to acquire and hold additional real estate for society uses to an amount not exceeding \$100,000.

Chapter 574

Amending act reorganizing local government of city of New York; passed April 5, 1870.

§ 80. Department of Public Charities and Correction hereafter to have for its head a board of five persons who shall possess all powers and discharge all duties now conferred upon such department except in case of modification or repeal. Said Commissioners to be appointed by the mayor for the term of five years, each commissioner receiving an annual salary equal to salary designated to commissioners of taxes and assessments of New York city.

See chap. 137, L. 1871; chaps. 95, 112, 335 and 758, L. 1873; chap. 363, L. 1879; chap. 537, L. 1881; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Chapter 582

Act authorizing city of Brooklyn to pay out of funds raised by it certain assessments for opening or widening of Sackett street, laid on property of the Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum of city of Brooklyn.

Chapter 583

Act providing for the local government of the city and county of New York.

§ 6. Appropriations for private or sectarian schools or institutions prohibited, such prohibition shall not apply to foundling asylum of Sisters of Charity. Said restrictions not to affect certain exemptions from assessments, nor prevent appropriations authorized for 68 named asylums, dispensaries, hospitals, infirmaries and other institutions and societies now provided for by law. (1871)

Excise moneys also to be appropriated for charitable purposes.

See chap. 473, L. 1872; chap. 335, L. 1873; chap. 537, L. 1881.

Authorizing Commissioners of Public Charities and Correction of New York city to commit persons committed to their care by police magistrates and to commit persons asking for commitments as vagrants. Chapter 607

§ 1. Said Commissioners may commit to any of the institutions under their charge other than penal for a period not exceeding six months, persons committed to their charge and also vagrants asking for commitment.

§ 2. Commissioners of said department to have same powers in respect to apprenticing minor children committed to their care as the managers of the house of refuge for juvenile delinquents now possess.

See chap. 510, L. 1860; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Incorporating fire department of village of Middletown, Orange county. Chapter 636

§ 6. Funds of said corporation which shall arise from certificates, money paid by insurance companies in pursuance of law, donations or income of such funds, shall be appropriated by said trustees for relief of indigent and disabled firemen and their families in such manner as trustees may direct.

See chap. 314, L. 1866; chap. 46, L. 1872; chap. 670, L. 1887.

Appropriating \$1,000 for relief of Brooklyn Central Dispensary. Chapter 687

Appropriating \$250,000 for the Hudson River Hospital for the Insane. Chapter 691

See chap. 93, L. 1867.

(1871)
Chapter 699

Act authorizing State Board of Commissioners of Public Charities, managers, directors or trustees of any asylum, hospital, or other charitable institution to investigate charges or complaints respecting the conduct of superintendents, assistants, subordinate officers or servants. The presiding officers of such boards are empowered to administer oaths and compel attendance of witnesses.

See chap. 159, L. 1855; chap. 593, L. 1886; chap. 546, L. 1896.

Chapter 713

In relation to the chronic pauper insane.

Act authorizing Board of State Commissioners of Public Charities to hear and determine applications made to them by county superintendents of poor of the several counties of this State, and said board may file determination relieving counties from sending pauper insane to Willard Asylum. Said board may revoke such determination and must file same in office of county clerk making such application and notice thereof must be given to poor superintendents. Commissioners may direct removal of chronic pauper insane to Willard Insane Asylum.

See chap. 342, L. 1865; chaps. 126 and 273, L. 1890.

Chapter 715

Supply Bill. Appropriates \$500 for St. Mary's Parish, Rondout, for destitute children; \$20,000 for Monroe County Insane Asylum; \$52,976 for State Lunatic Asylum at Utica; \$21,000 for Hudson River State Hospital; \$1,500 for compilation of poor laws pursuant to chapter 424, Laws of 1870; \$28,000 for New York State Institution for the Blind, Batavia; \$150,000 for Buffalo State Asylum; \$25,000 for Institution for Improved Instruction of Deaf Mutes, New York city; \$3,072.34 for support of disabled soldiers at Bath; \$170,500 for Willard Asylum; \$12,754 for printing Wade's Code of Poor Laws of New York State pursuant to concurrent resolution passed March, 1871; \$200 for John Callahan, State Agent for Sick and Wounded Soldiers at Alexandria, Virginia; \$300 for Niagara county for

support of Insane Indian Women; \$30,000 for Western House of Refuge; \$30,000 for Idiot Asylum at Syracuse; \$1,500 for Insane Asylum of Western New York. (1871)

See chap. 733, L. 1872; chap. 785, L. 1873.

Appropriation Act. Appropriates \$11,850 for State Lunatic Asylum; \$40,000 for Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents; \$40,000 for Western House of Refuge; \$243,500 for following public charities: Chapter 718

Institution for Deaf and Dumb.....	\$105,000 00
New York Institution for the Blind.....	45,000 00
Institution for the Blind, Batavia.....	35,000 00
Willard Asylum	28,000 00
State Asylum for Idiots.....	25,000 00
State Commissioners of Public Charities, for salaries and expenses.....	5,500 00

\$243,500 00

\$300 for relief of Onondaga Indians; \$400 for Charles Bowen for supplying "New York State Radii" and "Deaf Mutes' Journal."

See chaps. 541 and 633, L. 1872.

Amending chapter 519, Laws of 1870, revising charter of Buffalo. Chapter 719

Provision made for election of one overseer of poor. Term of office two years.

See chaps. 2 and 828, L. 1872; chap. 672, L. 1881; chap. 105, L. 1891.

Act establishing a police department in city of Buffalo and providing for its government. Establish- Chapter 720
ment of police life insurance fund. Treasurer, mayor and comptroller of Buffalo created trustees of fund with power to invest whole or part of it most advantageously. Trustees shall succeed the present trustees of the Niagara frontier police district life insurance fund. Said named fund shall be delivered over on demand to police board. Permanently disabled or superannuated members of police force allowed an annuity of \$150 chargeable upon said fund.

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Widows or children, under sixteen years of age, of members killed in discharge of duty shall receive an annuity chargeable to fund, and fixed by trustees, not however exceeding \$150. Said annuity may be recalled at any time deemed advisable by said board of trustees.

See chap. 519, L. 1870; chap. 308, L. 1872; chap. 513, L. 1873; chaps. 104 and 554, L. 1874; chap. 436, L. 1880; chap. 105, L. 1891.

Chapter 721

Act amending and consolidating the several acts relating to preservation of moose, wild deer, birds and fish.

§ 38. Moiety of penalties recovered under this act to go to the county poor.

See chap. 488, L. 1892.

Chapter 725

Act for relief of surviving members of first regiment of New York Volunteers who served in Mexican War.

Chapter 780, Laws of 1870, continued in force and \$5,000 more appropriated.

Chapter 736

Act for better support of poor in city of Poughkeepsie.

See chap. 453, L. 1869; chap. 497, L. 1874.

Chapter 737

Act providing for election of an auditor in Kings county who shall audit all bills incurred by commissioners of charities.

Chapter 739

Amending act for better support of poor in city and town of Newburgh, passed April 4, 1871.

See chap. 44, L. 1853.

Chapter 742

Act relative to storage of combustibles in New York city.

§ 14. Fines to go to New York Fire Department Relief Fund. Payments from said fund provided for.

See chap. 633, L. 1866; chap. 186, L. 1877; chap. 119, L. 1879; chaps. 292 and 410, L. 1882.

Chapter 750

Incorporating "The Trustees of the Estate Belonging to the Diocese of Long Island" of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

See chap. 766, L. 1872.

Chapter 751

Repealing chapter 161, Laws of 1863, in relation to support of indigent insane persons in Genesee county.

Board of Trustees of town of Morrisania, Westchester county, authorized to provide places for persons sick with infectious diseases and erect buildings at expense not exceeding \$45,000 and issue bonds.

See chap. 277, L. 1864.

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Chapter 773

Incorporating "The National Prison Association of the United States of America."

Chapter 792

Comptroller of New York city authorized to borrow \$100,000 to provide pest houses for contagious diseases under direction of commissioners of public charities and correction of said city.

See chap. 510, L. 1860.

Chapter 801

Incorporating the "Zimmerman's Verein number One of the city of New York."

Chapter 812

City of Albany required to raise annually \$1,000 for Albany City Hospital Dispensary and \$1,000 for St. Peter's Dispensary.

Chapter 841

Amending charter of trustees of the Parochial Fund of the Protestant Episcopal Church in Diocese of Western New York, chapter 59, Laws of 1863.

Chapter 845

Authorizing Rochester Orphan Asylum to have three additional trustees.

Chapter 851

See chap. 104, L. 1838.

Incorporating the "Trustees of Thomas Wildey Encampment number thirty-nine of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows of the State of New York."

Chapter 864

See chap. 254, L. 1873.

(See page 674.)

Making appropriations for certain public and charitable institutions.

Chapter 869

No sum to be paid to any hospital, home for the friendless or educational institution till the president, secretary or managers of the same shall have filed a report pursuant to the provisions of chapter 419 of the Laws of 1864.

For orphan asylums, homes for the friendless, and other charitable institutions of like character, for their maintenance, \$150,000, to be paid as follows: Said

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amount to be divided among the several counties in proportion to their respective valuations; and the sums thus awarded to each county to be paid to the following incorporated orphan asylums and institutions, in proportion to the number of orphans and homeless persons maintained in them during the fiscal year:

The Albany Orphan Asylum; Albany Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless; American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless of the city of New York; Association for the Relief of Respectable Aged Indigent Females, New York; Society of Our Lady of Refuge, Buffalo; Brooklyn Industrial School Association and Home for Destitute Children; Brooklyn Industrial School Association, Eastern District; Buffalo Orphan Asylum; Cayuga Asylum for Destitute Children; Chapin Home for the Aged and Indigent, New York; Charity Foundation of the Protestant Episcopal Church, Buffalo; Children's Aid Society, New York; Children's Friend Society, Albany; Children's Home Society (Day Home), Troy; Church Charity Foundation of Long Island; Colored Home, New York; Convent of the Sisters of Mercy, Brooklyn; Davenport Female Orphan Asylum; Evangelical Lutheran St. John's Orphan Home, Buffalo; Five Points House of Industry; Five Points Mission, New York; Free School Academy of the Sacred Heart, Manhattanville; Hebrew Benevolent and Orphan Asylum Society; Home for Homeless Girls, New York; Home for the Friendless, Auburn; Home for the Friendless, Buffalo; Home for the Friendless, Newburgh; Home for the Friendless, Rochester; Home for the Friendless, Schenectady; Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Brooklyn; House of the Good Shepherd, Brooklyn; House of the Good Shepherd, New York; House of Mercy, New York; House of Reception, Mariner's Harbor; Howard Colored Orphan Asylum, Brook-

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lyn; Hudson Orphan and Relief Association; Institution of Mercy, East Houston street, New York; Institution of Mercy (Orphan Asylum), Eighty-first street, New York; Jefferson County Orphan Asylum; Ladies' Union Relief Association, New York; Roman Catholic Reformatory, Buffalo; Ingleside Home, Buffalo; Ladies' Union Aid Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church, New York; Ladies' Benevolent Society, Schenectady; Le Couteulx St. Mary's Deaf and Dumb Asylum, Buffalo; Ladies' Union Benevolent Society, Ithaca; Nursery and Child's Hospital, New York; New York Magdalen Benevolent Society; New York Juvenile Guardian Society; Orphan Asylum Society, Brooklyn; Orphan Asylum Society, New York; Orphan Asylum Society of the Holy Trinity Church, Brooklyn, Eastern Division; Orphan House and Asylum of the Protestant Episcopal Church, New York; Orphans' Home of St. Peter's Church, Albany; House of Shelter, Albany; Onondaga County Orphan Asylum; Ontario County Orphan Asylum; Oswego Orphan Asylum; Orphan House of the Holy Saviour, Cooperstown; Patriot Orphan Home; Poughkeepsie Orphan House and Home for the Friendless; Protestant Episcopal Church Home, Rochester; Providence Lunatic Asylum, Buffalo; Rochester Industrial School; Rochester Orphan Asylum; Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum, New York; Sheltering Arms, New York; Sisters of the Order of St. Dominick (asylum), New York; Society for the Relief of Destitute Children of Seamen; Society for the Relief of Half-orphan and Destitute Children, New York; Society for the Protection of Destitute Children, Buffalo; Society of the Sisters of St. Joseph, Troy; Society for the Protection of Destitute Roman Catholic Children, New York; Southern Tier Orphan Asylum; St. Barnabas' House, New York; St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum, New York; St. Joseph's German Roman

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Catholic Asylum, Rochester; New St. Joseph's Male Orphan Asylum, Buffalo; St. John's Female Orphan Asylum, Utica; St. Luke's Home for Indigent Christian Females; St. Mary's Boys' Orphan Asylum, Rochester; St. Mary's German Orphan Asylum, Buffalo; St. Mary's Orphan Asylum, Canandaigua; St. Mary's Orphan Asylum, Clifton; St. Mary's Orphan Asylum, Dunkirk; St. Patrick's Female Orphan Asylum, Rochester; St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum for Destitute Children, Newburgh; St. Peter's German Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum, Rondout; St. Stephen's Catholic Orphan Asylum, New York; St. Thomas' Orphan Asylum, Batavia; St. Vincent de Paul Orphan Asylum, Syracuse; St. Vincent Female Orphan Asylum, Albany; St. Vincent Female Orphan Asylum, Buffalo; Rochester House for Idle and Truant Children; St. Vincent Female Orphan Asylum, Troy; St. Vincent Infant Orphan Asylum, Buffalo; St. Vincent Male Orphan Asylum, Albany; St. Vincent Male Orphan Asylum, Utica; Susquehanna Valley Home and Industrial School for Indigent Children; Syracuse Home Association; Thomas Orphan Asylum for Destitute Indian Children; Troy Catholic Male Orphan Asylum; Troy Orphan Asylum; Utica Orphan Asylum; Union Home and School for Children of Our Volunteers, New York; Male Orphan Asylum of the Church Charity Foundation, Buffalo; Female Orphan Asylum of the Church Charity Foundation, Buffalo; by whatever name said institutions are known; and to the other orphan asylums and homes for friendless and destitute persons in this State, except the Leake and Watts Orphan Asylum in the city of New York. In the counties having no asylum or institution for the maintenance and education of indigent orphans and homeless persons, the aforesaid dividend shall be paid to the order of the treasurer of each of such counties.

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Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children, for the education and maintenance of one hundred children, at the rate of eighty-five dollars per capita, eight thousand five hundred dollars. And to the Indian Mission School, on the Allegany Reservation, on the order of its principal, three hundred dollars. Home for the Friendless, Schenectady, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five dollars; Syracuse Home Association, one thousand five hundred dollars; Sisters of Mercy, Brooklyn, five thousand dollars; St. Vincent Female Orphan Asylum, Buffalo, five thousand dollars; St. Mary's Boys' Orphan Asylum, Rochester, seven thousand five hundred dollars; Home of the Friendless at Albany, one thousand five hundred dollars; St. Vincent de Paul Asylum of Syracuse, two thousand two hundred and twenty-five dollars; Providence Lunatic Asylum, Buffalo, one thousand one hundred and twenty-five dollars; Sisters of St. Ursula, of East Morrisania, three thousand dollars; Asylum of Our Lady of Refuge, Buffalo, seven hundred and fifty dollars; Rochester Female Charitable Society, seven hundred and fifty dollars; Ontario Orphan Asylum, Canandaigua, three thousand dollars; Onondaga County Orphan Asylum, two thousand two hundred and twenty-five dollars; St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum, Newburgh, five thousand dollars in addition to the amount in the general appropriation; Chapin Home for the Aged and Infirm, New York city, ten thousand dollars; Women's Aid Society, and Home for Training Girls in New York city, three thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars; to be paid when the managers of said societies shall have filed with the Comptroller a report of its operations, financial condition and management since its incorporation; such report to be in lieu of the report required by the first section of this act and the law therein mentioned. Dispensary and Hospital

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Society of the Women's Institute of the city of New York, seven thousand five hundred dollars; House of the Good Shepherd, Rockland county, fifteen thousand dollars; Home of the Friendless, Auburn, two thousand dollars; Oswego Orphan Asylum, Oswego, five thousand dollars; St. Mary's Orphan Asylum at Dunkirk, three thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars; St. Michael's Female Free School, Flushing, Queens county, eighteen hundred and seventy-five dollars; St. Michael's Male Free School, Flushing, Queens county, eighteen hundred and seventy-five dollars; Southern Tier Orphan Home at Elmira, five thousand dollars; Evangelical Lutheran St. John's Orphan Home, Buffalo, five thousand dollars; Le Couteulx St. Mary's Deaf and Dumb Asylum, Buffalo, fifteen hundred dollars; Orphan Asylum Society of the city of Brooklyn, seven thousand five hundred dollars; Buffalo Hospital of the Sisters of Charity, seven thousand five hundred dollars; Ingle-side Home of Buffalo, seven thousand five hundred dollars; S. R. Smith Infirmary of Richmond county, seven hundred and fifty dollars; Troy Orphan Asylum, three thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars; Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum of the city of Brooklyn, ten thousand dollars; Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum in the city of New York, ten thousand dollars; Society for the Aid of Friendless Women and Children, Brooklyn, ten thousand dollars; Hebrew Benevolent Society of the city of Albany, five hundred dollars; Hebrew Benevolent Society of the city of Brooklyn, E. D., five hundred dollars; Mariner's Family Industrial Society of the port of New York, seven thousand five hundred dollars; Hudson Orphan and Relief Association, five thousand dollars; Orphan Asylum connected with St. Patrick's Church, corner Prince and Mott streets, New York city, seven thousand five hundred dollars; Ladies' Union Benevolent Society of Ithaca, for the charitable

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purposes of the institution, ten thousand dollars, to be paid on affidavit of the president and treasurer of said society, presented to the Comptroller, that a like sum of ten thousand dollars has been raised by subscription and paid into the treasury of the society; Working Women's Protective Union, for the equipment of a building for its use, the sum of eleven thousand two hundred and fifty dollars, when the sum of fifteen thousand dollars shall have been raised by private subscription to the same object, and upon satisfactory proof to the Comptroller that said sum of fifteen thousand dollars has been actually paid to said Union; Troy Catholic Male Orphan Asylum Association, five thousand dollars; St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Troy, one thousand dollars; Rochester Home for Idle and Truant Children, three thousand dollars; Rochester Orphan Asylum, seven thousand five hundred dollars; St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum, Rochester, one thousand dollars; Rochester Home for the Friendless, one thousand dollars; St. Patrick's Female Orphan Asylum, Rochester, one thousand dollars; New York Female Magdalen Benevolent Society, three thousand dollars; Sisters of the Order of St. Dominick, New York, five thousand dollars; Sisters of Charity at Rondout, for aid to build an orphan asylum, six thousand dollars; Jefferson County Orphan Asylum, fifteen hundred dollars; Society for the Relief of Destitute Children of Seamen, one thousand five hundred dollars; Sailors' Home, Tonawanda, five hundred dollars; Poughkeepsie Orphan House and Home for the Friendless, three thousand dollars; St. Joseph's Institute on Fourth street, New York city, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; House of the Good Shepherd, Brooklyn, eleven thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; St. Peter's Institute on Barclay street, New York city, one thousand five hundred dollars; De La Salle Institute,

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New York city, one thousand five hundred dollars; Pitts Street Industrial School in the city of New York, for the care and maintenance of destitute children, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; Institute for Destitute Children of the village of Greenbush, five hundred dollars; New York House of Mercy, Eighty-second street, New York, ten thousand dollars; St. Vincent Male Orphan Asylum, Utica, eleven thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; Utica Orphan Asylum, three thousand dollars; Home for the Friendless, Utica, three thousand dollars; St. Luke's Home at Utica, three thousand dollars; St. Elizabeth Hospital and Home at Utica, three thousand dollars; Homœopathic Lying-in Asylum in the city of Brooklyn, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars, to be paid when the managers of the said asylum shall have filed with the Comptroller a report of its operations, financial condition and management since its incorporation, such report to be in lieu of the report required by the first section of this act; charity week day schools of the State, to be paid on the warrant of the Comptroller pro rata, according to the number of scholars instructed in them without charge during the last fiscal year, to be divided by the Comptroller on the first day of July next, on certificates duly verified by affidavit, seventy-five thousand dollars; Industrial School for Children, situated on South Third near Fourth street, in the eastern district of the city of Brooklyn, seven hundred and fifty dollars; St. Bonaventure's College and Sisters of Charity, Allegany, seven thousand five hundred dollars; Susquehanna Valley Home and Industrial School for Indigent Children, twenty thousand dollars; St. Mary's Orphan Asylum and Academy, Canandaigua, three thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars; Catholic Reformatory of Buffalo, five thousand dollars; Union Home and School in the city of New York for the care and main-

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tenance of orphan children of volunteer soldiers and sailors, seven thousand five hundred dollars; Twenty-first Ward Mission and Industrial School Association of the city of New York, to aid in the erection of buildings, payable on the order of the treasurer, fifteen thousand dollars; St. Joseph's Home for Old and Indigent Ladies, Fifteenth street and Seventh ave., in the city of New York, three thousand dollars; St. Joseph German American Industrial School, located on the corner of One Hundred and Twenty-ninth street and Ninth ave., Manhattanville, in the city of New York, three thousand dollars; House of the Good Shepherd in the city of New York, ten thousand dollars; Christian Brothers' Academy at Albany, three thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars; Female Academy of the Sacred Heart, Albany county, for the purpose of providing accommodation for free scholars, five thousand dollars; Juvenile Guardian Society of New York, ten thousand dollars; James Street Industrial School, in the city of New York, five thousand dollars; Young Ladies' Institute at Auburn, New York, three thousand dollars; Cayuga Asylum for Destitute Children, one thousand five hundred dollars; St. Mary's Reformatory School, Court street, Brooklyn, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; Day Home, Troy, five thousand dollars; Rochester Industrial School, three thousand dollars; Society for the Protection of Destitute Roman Catholic Children, New York, five thousand dollars; Patriot Orphan Home of New York, two thousand dollars; Association of the Old Ladies' Home of the city of Poughkeepsie, eighteen hundred and seventy-five dollars; St. Mary's School for Girls, Albany, seven hundred and fifty dollars; Cary Collegiate Seminary, Oakfield, three thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars; St. Ann's Reformatory School of the fifth ward of the city of Brooklyn, five thousand dollars; hospitals of

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the State, except the New York hospital, Bellevue hospital, and St. Luke's hospital, in the city of New York, to be divided among them in proportion to the number of beneficiary patients in them, and the time that such patients shall have been under treatment during the present fiscal year, for which no other provision has been made, seventy-five thousand dollars; House of Shelter of the city of Albany, three thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars; German Charity School in charge of the Sisters of St. Francis, corner of Sherman and Robin streets, Albany, twenty-two hundred and fifty dollars; St. John's College, Brooklyn, for the education of Destitute Children, two thousand five hundred dollars; Mount Sinai Hospital, in the city of New York, five thousand dollars; St. Mary's Widows and Lying-in Women's Hospital, Buffalo, eighteen hundred and seventy-five dollars; St. John's Riverside Hospital of Yonkers, five thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; New York Dispensary for Diseases of the Throat and Chest, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; Dispensary located at Manhattanville, in the city of New York, one thousand five hundred dollars; German American Dispensary of the city of New York, six hundred dollars; St. Peter's Hospital, Brooklyn, three thousand dollars; New York State Hospital for Diseases of the Nervous System, three thousand dollars; New York Society for the Relief of the Ruptured and Crippled, three thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars; Northeastern Homœopathic Dispensary, New York city, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; Hahnemann Hospital of the city and State of New York, twenty-two thousand five hundred dollars; Northeastern Homœopathic Medical and Surgical Dispensary of the city of New York, eleven hundred and twenty-five dollars; Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute at Troy, three thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars;

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Infirmary of the New York College of Dentistry, three thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars; Cancer Hospital of the city of New York, one thousand one hundred and twenty-five dollars; Hoffman Dispensary of the city of New York, one thousand five hundred dollars; New York Eye and Ear Infirmary, New York city, one thousand five hundred dollars; New York Ophthalmic and Aural Institute, two thousand dollars; New York Dispensary, New York city, ten thousand dollars; Women's Hospital of the State of New York, three thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars; St. Barnabas Hospital, Poughkeepsie, eight hundred dollars; St. Francis Hospital of the Sisters of the Poor in the city of New York, seven thousand five hundred dollars; Dorcas Society of Peekskill, one thousand dollars; Albany City Homœopathic Dispensary, five thousand dollars; St. Joseph's Hospital at Syracuse, seven thousand five hundred dollars; Albany City Hospital, five thousand dollars; Nursery and Child's Hospital, in the county of Richmond, eighteen thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars; Central Dispensary, New York city, three thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars; Brooklyn Orthopædic Infirmary, three hundred and seventy-five dollars; Parochial School attached to the Church of St. Peter and St. Paul, situate on Second street, near South Third street, in the city of Brooklyn, seven hundred and fifty dollars; Parochial School attached to the Church, situate on North Sixth street, between Fifth and Sixth streets, in the city of Brooklyn, seven hundred and fifty dollars; Parochial School attached to St. Joseph's Church, in the city of Brooklyn, five thousand dollars; St. Patrick's Parochial School, Kent avenue, Brooklyn, three hundred and seventy-five dollars; Long Island College Hospital, thirty-seven hundred and fifty dollars; Brooklyn Ecclectic Dispensary, seven hundred and fifty dollars; New

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York Seamen's Association, ten thousand dollars; Mor-
risania Homœopathic Dispensary, five hundred dol-
lars; St. Peter's Hospital, Albany, five thousand dol-
lars; Western Dispensary for Women and Children,
New York city, seven hundred and fifty dollars; Sisters
of Charity of the Troy Hospital, ten thousand dollars;
St. Mary's Hospital, Rochester, seven thousand five
hundred dollars; Rochester City Hospital, fifteen thou-
sand dollars; Northern Dispensary of the city of New
York (Eighth avenue), five thousand dollars; New
York Dispensary for Diseases of the Skin, five thou-
sand dollars; Buffalo Homœopathic Dispensary, five
hundred and sixty-five dollars; Buffalo Free Medical
and Surgical Dispensary, three hundred and seventy-
five dollars; Brooklyn Dispensary, seven hundred and
fifty dollars; General Hospital, Buffalo, seven thousand
five hundred dollars; House of Rest for Consumptives,
Tremont, Westchester county, two thousand five hun-
dred dollars; Home of the Aged and Orphan of the
Church Charity Foundation of Long Island, in the city
of Brooklyn, five thousand dollars; Orthopædic Dis-
pensary of the city of New York, five thousand dollars;
Western Homœopathic Dispensary, one thousand eight
hundred and seventy-five dollars; Western Homœo-
pathic Dispensary for Women and Children, three hun-
dred and seventy-five dollars; Wayside Industrial
Home, one thousand dollars; Children's Fold, New
York city, one thousand dollars; St. Vincent Hospital,
New York city, five thousand dollars; Brooklyn Hom-
œopathic Hospital, ten thousand dollars; to be paid
when the managers of the said asylum hospital shall
have filed with the Comptroller a report of its opera-
tions, financial condition and management since its
incorporation, such report to be in lieu of the report
required by the first section of this act and the law
therein mentioned; St. Mary's Female Hospital, Brook-

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lyn, five thousand dollars; Home for the Aged under the care of the Little Sisters of the Poor in the city of Brooklyn, ten thousand dollars; New York Ophthalmic Hospital, two thousand five hundred dollars; New York Dispensary for the treatment of Cancer, one thousand dollars; Northeastern Dispensary of the city of New York, one thousand five hundred dollars; Bond Street Homœopathic Dispensary, one thousand five hundred dollars; Eclectic Medical Dispensary in the city of New York, two thousand five hundred dollars; Demilt Dispensary, two thousand five hundred dollars; Homœopathic Medical College Dispensary, one thousand dollars; Dispensary of the New York Medical College for Women, five hundred dollars; German Dispensary of the city of New York, six hundred dollars; New York Homœopathic Dispensary, two thousand dollars; Eastern Dispensary of the city of New York, one thousand dollars; New York Infirmary Dispensary, five hundred dollars; Dispensary at Poughkeepsie, eight hundred dollars; Albany City Homœopathic Dispensary, one thousand dollars; Dispensary of the Troy Hospital, five hundred dollars; Buffalo City Dispensary, five hundred dollars; Yorkville Dispensary, in the city of New York, one thousand dollars; Harlem Dispensary in the city of New York, one thousand dollars; Branch Tompkins Square Homœopathic Dispensary, one thousand dollars; Brooklyn City Dispensary, seven hundred dollars; Williamsburgh Dispensary, one thousand dollars; Dispensary of the Brooklyn Homœopathic Hospital, one thousand dollars; Long Island College Hospital Dispensary, five hundred dollars; Albany Hospital Dispensary, one thousand dollars; St. Peter's Hospital Dispensary, Albany, seven hundred and fifty dollars; Gates Avenue Homœopathic Dispensary, Brooklyn, five hundred dollars; German Medical Society of Williamsburgh to be applied to the purchase of medicines and

(1871) surgical appliances for indigent patients, gratuitously treated by said society, and the members thereof, two hundred and twenty-five dollars; St. Peter's Dispensary, Brooklyn, five hundred dollars; Manhattan Dispensary of New York, three thousand dollars; Association for befriending children, five thousand dollars; Buffalo Orphan Asylum, two thousand dollars.

See chap. 33, L. 1872.

Chapter 875

Authorizing the incorporation of Trades Unions and Societies of Workingmen under Benevolent and Charitable Corporation Act.

See chap. 319, L. 1848; chap. 971, L. 1867.

Chapter 934

Act relative to apprentices and employers.

See 2 R. S. part 2, chap. 8, title 4, art. 1; chap. 437, L. 1888; chap. 284, L. 1893.

Chapter 935

Amending charter of United States Inebriate Asylum, for reformation of poor and destitute inebriates, chapter 243, Laws of 1854, and to amend acts in relation to New York State Inebriate Asylum. Governor to appoint 15 trustees.

Annual report of the Secretary of State on poor statistics. ("Assembly Documents," Vol. VII, No. 46.)

95th session
1872
Chapter 2

Amending act revising charter of city of Buffalo.

§§ 33, 35. At special election to be held in and for Buffalo on first Tuesday of February, 1872, an overseer of poor to be elected to hold office until first Monday in June, 1874.

See chap. 519, L. 1870; chap. 318, L. 1889; chap. 105, L. 1891.

*On November 3, 1874, the following section was added to article VIII of the Constitution of 1846, to go into effect January 1, 1875.

"§ 10. Neither the credit nor the money of the state shall be given or loaned to or in aid of any association, corporation or private undertaking. This section shall not, however, prevent the legislature from making such provision for the education and support of the blind, the deaf and dumb, and juvenile delinquents, as to it may seem proper. Nor shall it apply to any fund or property now held, or which may hereafter be held by the state for educational purposes."

Amending act incorporating the Manhattan Dispensary of New York city, passed May 6, 1870. Name changed to the "Union Dispensary of the city of New York."

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Chapter 33

Said trustees may apply for and receive \$3,000 appropriated to said corporation by chapter 861, Laws of 1871.

Act changing name of Flatbush Avenue Industrial School and Nursery to "The Brooklyn Nursery."

Chapter 37

Act providing that appeals may be made by either party interested to county court from decisions of county superintendents of the poor. Notice of said appeal must be made within thirty days and decision on appeal to be final.

Chapter 38

See 1 R. S. part 1, chap. 20, title 1; chap. 225, L. 1896.

Amending chapter 420, Laws of 1862, incorporating the Union Home and School for the education and maintenance of the children of volunteers.

Chapter 39

Amending act amending and consolidating charter of village of Middletown, Orange county, passed march 31, 1866.

Chapter 46

Section 32, of title III, provides for remission of poll tax of any indigent person unable to work and discharge of judgments against such persons by board of trustees.

Act relating to superintendents of the poor. Persons who have been elected superintendents of the poor and have failed to file official bond, may file same within thirty days after passage of this act and their previous official acts shall be confirmed. This act not to affect proceedings already instituted.

Chapter 48

See 1 R. S. part 1, chap. 20, title 1.

Amending certificate of incorporation of the Mid-night Mission of New York city.

Chapter 49

Amending act incorporating city of Cohoes, chapter 912, Laws of 1869.

Chapter 79

Title 6, § 3. One overseer of the poor to be appointed by common council of city of Cohoes who shall have

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same powers and duties as overseers of poor of towns of Albany county. Said overseer of poor to report under oath and in detail, at first monthly meeting of common council, all appropriations, expenditures, etc., of his office. Overseer empowered to administer oaths and to settle bastardy cases. Term of office one year with salary of \$800 per annum.

See chap. 440, L. 1876; chap. 369, L. 1887; chap. 671, L. 1892.

Chapter 82

Act preventing ice to be cut or removed from Chautauqua lake within certain distances of a certain highway.

Penalty for violation of said act to be \$25, which shall go to benefit of poor of town of Ellicott.

See chap. 71, L. 1878.

Chapter 99

Act enabling the Shepherd's Fold of the Protestant Episcopal Church in New York State to take and hold real estate to amount of \$100,000.

See chap. 775, L. 1868.

Chapter 104

Act providing that no director or trustee of any charitable or benevolent institution shall receive compensation for services rendered.

See chap. 319, L. 1848.

Chapter 105

Act for division of town of Huntington in Suffolk county, and the erection of new town of Babylon, from southern part of said town and for apportionment of town property and debts.

§ 6. The town farm situated at Long Swamp is hereby directed to be sold and the proceeds apportioned between the said two towns.

See chap. 64, L. 1788; chap. 530, L. 1860.

Chapter 123

Amending act incorporating the Grand Lodge of the Independent Order of Good Templars of State of New York, passed May 3, 1869.

Chapter 129

Amending charter of city of Troy.

Title 2, § 1. One overseer of city poor to be elected.

Title 3, § 3. Duty of common council to establish regulations for department of the poor.

Title 4, § 12. Overseer of the poor to keep a record of orders for relief given by him.

(1872)

No accounts to be audited unless accompanied by order.

Act incorporating city of Kingston.

Chapter 150

Title 4, § 52. One commissioner of alms to be appointed in each ward by the common council, who shall be a resident thereof and a freeholder of said city, and who shall serve without compensation.

Title 6, § 59. The said alms commissioners to be divided into three classes and upon first appointment to hold their offices for the following length of time. Those appointed respectively from the first, fourth and seventh wards, one year each; those appointed respectively from the second, fifth and eighth wards, two years each; those appointed respectively from the third, sixth and ninth wards, three years each. Thereafter as their term of office expires, successors to be appointed by common council shall hold office for full term of three years except when appointed to fill vacancies they shall only hold for the unexpired term.

Powers and duties of commissioners of almshouse.— To have sole care and management of said city poor and shall have and exercise all power and authority now invested in overseers of poor of towns and superintendents of poor in counties. To appoint superintendent of the poor who shall hold office during pleasure of commissioners and shall receive a fixed annual salary. To visit poor house and to make inquiry concerning its inmates and make provisions for their relief. To purchase "almshouse" and to construct cells in or near almshouse for the temporary detention or imprisonment of vagrants. To receive excise moneys collected in city, with all fines, forfeitures and penalties, together with all moneys raised in city for support and relief of city poor. Commissioners may sue for violation of excise

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laws. Commissioners to keep a written record of proceedings and to make rules and regulations for their own government and that of their subordinates, for examination of applicants for admission and distribution of supplies. Commissioners to have powers now enjoyed by superintendents of poor in relation to lunatics and insane persons and their keeping.

Powers and duties of poor superintendent.—To keep an accessible office assigned to him by Commissioners and shall discharge his public duties, including attending meetings of board of commissioners and to act as Secretary thereof. He shall aid commissioners in examination of poor and do all clerical work of board.

Commissioners to file in city clerk's office an annual report, giving a detailed account of their expenditures and their work during the year and shall also furnish Mayor of Kingston with a written estimate of expenses to be required by them for the support of city poor during the ensuing year. State Commissioners of Emigration to pay all expenses for support of foreign paupers in said city.

Commissioners of almshouse not to be interested in sale of goods for use of poor nor shall they receive any compensation. City of Kingston to be a separate district for support of poor and to receive from Supervisors its proportion of value of county poor house, etc. Supervisors shall audit and allow amount to be raised for purchase and establishment of almshouse.

Chapter 161

Act for protection of taxpayers against the frauds, embezzlements and wrongful acts of public officers and agents.

See chap. 526, L. 1879; chaps. 245 and 435, L. 1880.

Chapter 197

Incorporating "The Society of St. Vincent de Paul in the city of New York."

Chapter 202

Act to legalize the issue of certain bonds by the city of Rochester for purpose of raising money for relief of sufferers by the Chicago Fire.

Act releasing the interest of the People of New York State in certain real estate in New York city to the Five Points House of Industry.

See chap. 405, L. 1855.

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Chapter 258

Act incorporating "The Ulster General Hospital" in city of Kingston.

Chapter 261

Amending chapter 106, Laws of 1865, incorporating the New York Infant Asylum.

Chapter 263

Act incorporating "The Trustees of the Home for the Destitute Children of Madison County."

Chapter 276

Amending act passed April 1, 1871, amending act passed April 16, 1838, incorporating the association for the benefit of colored orphans in New York city.

Chapter 306

See chap. 232, L. 1838; chap. 145, L. 1884.

Act confirming and legalizing action of board of supervisors of Cayuga county in relation to number of superintendents of poor in Cayuga county. One superintendent of poor to be elected for three years who shall be sole superintendent at expiration of term of office of present incumbents. Chapter 141, Laws of 1862, repealed so far as it conflicts herewith.

Chapter 348

Amending charter of the Orphan Asylum Society in New York city incorporated April 7, 1807.

Chapter 372

See chap. 184, L. 1879.

Amending act incorporating the city of Kingston, chapter 150, Laws of 1872, providing that the overseers of the poor heretofore elected in the former town of Kingston who shall be residents of said city, shall respectively continue in office as overseers of the poor, in respect to that part of the former town embraced in said city, until the commissioners of the almshouse of the city of Kingston shall have perfected their organization and given notice to said overseers to that effect, and that bills of overseers of poor occurring before organization of common council and before the giving notice that said almshouse commissioners have perfected their organization shall be audited as accounts against the city.

Chapter 388

(1872)
Chapter 395

Act incorporating "The Society of Members of the New York Stock Exchange for Mutual Relief," in city and county and State of New York.

See chap. 116, L. 1879.

Chapter 450

Act to legalize action of the common council of city of Syracuse in borrowing and donating money to aid the sufferers by fire at Chicago.

Chapter 451

Act incorporating "The St. Patrick's Temperance and Benevolent Society of Kingsbridgeville, in the county of Westchester.

Chapter 468

Act revising, amending and consolidating the several acts in relation to the charter of the city of Hudson.

§ 4. Two overseers of poor to be chosen by ballot of electors of said city.

§ 22. Overseer shall perform all duties imposed upon them by common council, which council shall make all needful rules for the regulation of said officers. The general provisions of law relating to overseers of the poor not to apply to overseers in city of Hudson.

See chap. 563, L. 1873; chap. 501, L. 1875.

Chapter 473

Amending section 6 of chapter 583 of the Laws of 1871, act making provision for the local government of city and county of New York. Following amendment made: substituting word "Reformation" for word "Relief" where it occurs in section applying to "The Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents."

See chap. 583, L. 1871.

Chapter 497

Amending section 1 of chapter 323 of the Laws of 1859, defining powers and duties of the superintendents of the poor in Monroe County. It shall be the duty of the superintendent of the poor of Monroe County, through overseers of poor, to grant temporary relief to paupers other than at county house when authorized by a majority of board of supervisors of said county. No compensation for services to be received by overseer of poor unless by a written order of superintendent of poor.

Amending act incorporating the New England Society
in the city of New York passed April 15, 1833. (1872)
Chapter 515

Revising and amending the act incorporating the
Wyoming Benevolent Institute, passed April 28, 1870. Chapter 522

Amending chapter 324, Laws of 1871, incorporating
the Sisterhood of Grey Nuns in New York State. Chapter 528

Appropriation Act. Chapter 541

Appropriates \$11,000 for salaries for State Lunatic
Asylum; \$250 for support of Mark Jack, insane Indian,
and \$600 for support of insane female convicts at above
institution; \$8,000 for salaries in Hudson River State
Hospital for the Insane; \$300 for Onondaga Indians'
relief; \$250 for Niagara County for support of Susan
Green, an insane Indian; \$500 for supplying the "Mex-
ico Independent" to State deaf mutes; \$105,000 for
Institution for Deaf and Dumb in New York city;
\$45,000 for Institution for Blind in New York city;
\$40,000 for Juvenile Delinquents; \$40,000 for House of
Refuge of Western New York; \$32,000 for State Idiot
Asylum, Syracuse; \$9,000 for salaries for Willard In-
sane Asylum; \$35,000 for Institution for the Blind,
Batavia; \$5,000 for State Commissioners of Public
Charities for salaries and expenses; \$7,362.67 for
Indian annuities.

Section 9 of chapter 342, Laws of 1865, relating to
price for board at Willard Asylum, amended.

See chaps. 642, 760 and 765, L. 1873.

Amending charter of Society of St. John Land, Suf-
folk county, incorporated under provisions of an act
for the incorporation of benevolent, charitable, scien-
tific and missionary societies. Chapter 562

Act requiring city of Albany to raise and pay an
annual sum of \$1,000 for the support of the Albany
City Dispensary. Chapter 592

Amending act to revise charter of city of Auburn,
chapter 273, Laws of 1869. Chapter 605

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Overseer of poor to hold office for two years and shall have the same powers and duties as overseers of poor in Cayuga county. He must at first monthly meeting of common council give a report to said council stating in detail all expenditures, appropriations and allowances made to him.

Overseer of poor shall, except as herein otherwise provided, be subject to provisions of the act relating to the auditing of expenses for the support of the poor and the purchase of supplies in county of Cayuga.

See chap. 53, L. 1879.

Chapter 608

Act for the preservation of fish in the waters of Steele's Creek and McGowan's Creek in Herkimer county. Fines collected for violation of this law to be paid to overseer of the poor.

See chap. 121, L. 1873; chap. 488, L. 1892.

Chapter 616

Amending chapter 744, Laws of 1867, defining objects of the New York State Institution for the Blind and providing for its management.

Chapter 635

Amending charter of the Foundling Asylum of the Sisters of Charity in New York city.

See chap. 64, L. 1870; chap. 644, L. 1874.

Chapter 641

Incorporating "The Auburn City Hospital."

Chapter 644

Amending chapter 319, Laws of 1848, for incorporation of benevolent, charitable, scientific and missionary societies.

Chapter 659

Act for the preservation of shell fish in town of North Hempstead in Queens county. Moieties of penalties collected for violations of this act to go to poor of North Hempstead.

See chap. 468, L. 1869.

Chapter 670

Act relative to the care and education of deaf mutes. Provisions of existing law to apply to Le Couteulx St. Mary's Institution of Buffalo.

See chap. 555, L. 1864.

Chapter 671

Amending act incorporating the Journeymen's Ship Joiners' Benevolent Association of New York city, passed April 13, 1840.

Authorizing commissioners of public charities and correction in New York city to acquire title to portions of Ward's Island and the water rights surrounding the same.

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Chapter 679

See chap. 510, L. 1860; chap. 342, L. 1884.

Act providing means for the support of the Inebriates' Home for Kings county and the better government thereof, out of excise moneys in said county.

Chapter 687

See chap. 843, L. 1867; chap. 627, L. 1875; chap. 169, L. 1877.

Act in relation to the service of surrogates' citations on lunatics and idiots.

Chapter 693

See chap. 245, L. 1880.

Act incorporating "The New York Homeopathic Surgical Hospital" in New York city.

Chapter 695

See chap. 64, L. 1875.

Amending act to amend charter of Buffalo Orphan Asylum.

Chapter 709

See chap. 259, L. 1837; chap. 221, L. 1885.

Supply Bill.

Chapter 733

Appropriates \$300 to County of Niagara for Support of Susan Green, an insane Indian; \$131,000 for Willard Asylum for Insane; \$50,000 for Buffalo State Asylum for Insane; \$10,000 for New York State Institution for the Blind at Batavia; \$47,690.98 for Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents and repealing chapter 724, Laws of 1871, so that certain license fees shall hereafter be paid said society in New York city; \$5,000 for New York Asylum for Idiots at Geddes; \$66,300 for Inebriate Asylum at Binghamton; \$158,000 for Hudson River State Hospital for the Insane; \$52,929.60 for New York State Lunatic Asylum at Utica; \$10,000 for Homeopathic Asylum for the Insane at Middletown, and releasing conditions of former appropriations to said asylum by chapter 237, Laws of 1871; \$20,000 for New York Orthopædic Dispensary; \$1,949.78 for Brooklyn City Hospital; \$200,000 for State Reformatory at Elmira; \$20,000 for Western House of Refuge.

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Any city or county may send to incorporated hospital within said city or county sick indigent persons requiring medical treatment.

State Comptroller not to pay any sum for erecting new buildings, for reformatories or asylums until plans are submitted to and approved by him.

Comptroller to visit asylums, and examine books of account.

Comptroller may appoint examiner who shall be invested with his powers if he is unable to act himself.

Comptroller to withhold unpaid balance of money appropriated for benefit of any asylum or reformatory if he deems that said money is not being properly and economically expended.

See chaps. 336 and 760, L. 1873; chaps. 323 and 452, L. 1874; chap. 634, L. 1875; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Chapter 747

Act for the suppression of the trade in and circulation of obscene literature, illustrations, advertisements and articles of immoral use, obscene advertisements of patent medicines and to repeal chapter 430, Laws of 1868. Moiety of fine for violation of this act, if offending person be convicted in city and county of New York shall go to treasurer of the Homeopathic Dispensary in said city and county, and should conviction be in the county of Kings, one-half to go to the Brooklyn Homeopathic Hospital. In every other county in State, one-half of the said fine to go to treasurer of the orphan asylum of said county if there be any institution in the county.

Judge to charge grand jury at each term of court to take notice of all offenses committed in violation of this act. It shall be the duty of all poor superintendents and commissioners of charities and correction to prosecute and recover the penalties under this act.

See chap. 777, L. 1873; chap. 593, L. 1886.

Chapter 753

Incorporating "The French Emigration Society of New York."

Act for the relief of the American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless of the city of New York in aid of its industrial schools and other departments of charity. New York city to raise \$25,000 annually therefor.

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Chapter 754

See chap. 244, L. 1849; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Amending act to incorporate the Poughkeepsie Female Guardian Society.

Chapter 797

See chap. 316, L. 1852.

Amending act to incorporate the House of the Evangelists in New York city, passed May 6, 1870.

Chapter 806

Authorizing the construction of a sewer in the county of Kings from the county buildings at Flatbush in said county.

Chapter 809

See chap. 59, L. 1873.

Act in relation to the Williamsburgh Dispensary to change the corporate title thereof to the Brooklyn Eastern District Dispensary and Hospital and to define and enlarge its powers. City of Brooklyn to raise annually \$3,000 therefor.

Chapter 810

See chap 323, L. 1854.

Amending act to revise charter of city of Buffalo passed April 28, 1870, amended April 25, 1871, January 12, 1872, and to amend section 45 of chapter 719 of the Laws of 1871.

Chapter 828

Erie county treasurer to present to common council detailed estimate of moneys appropriated for temporary relief for city poor. He shall pay over to city treasurer all moneys remaining in county treasury and shall make weekly payments to said treasurer of all money belonging to said fund thereafter collected.

No further appropriation to be made by Supervisors of Erie county for the temporary relief of the poor of the city of Buffalo. All moneys required for said purpose shall be taken from the general fund.

See chap. 519, L. 1870; chap. 105, L. 1891.

Act relating to the New York Society for the relief of the Ruptured and Crippled. New York city to pay

Chapter 835

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\$125 annually for each crippled child supported in said Society's hospital.

See chap. 638, L. 1867; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Chapter 836

Act to regulate places of public amusement in the city of New York.

Penalty for public exhibitions without a license to be sued for and recovered by the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents in New York city for their own use.

See chap. 158, L. 1875; chap. 116, L. 1876; chap. 590, L. 1880; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Chapter 873

Act to establish and maintain an institution for the relief of indigent and disabled soldiers and sailors of New York State. "The New York Soldiers' Home" incorporated.

See chap. 48, L. 1878; chap. 407, L. 1879; art. 4, chap. 227, L. 1893; chap. 900, L. 1896; chap. 769, L. 1900.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO ESTABLISH AND MAINTAIN AN INSTITUTION FOR THE RELIEF OF INDIGENT AND DISABLED SOLDIERS AND SAILORS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK.

CHAPTER 873, LAWS OF 1872.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. The twenty-one persons named in this section, and their successors, are hereby constituted a body corporate, by the corporate name of the New York Soldiers' Home, and invested with all the powers, rights, functions, duties and liabilities of corporations as the same are declared by the Constitution of this State and defined by title third of chapter eighteen of part first of the Revised Statutes, and by this act, to wit: Henry A. Barnum, John C. Robinson, Henry W. Slocum, William Johnson, John Hammond, James McQuade, William F. Rodgers, John B. Murray, James Jourdan, William M. Gregg, John H. Martindale, David C. Stoddard, Clinton D. McDougall, J. B. Kiddoo, Timothy Sullivan, Adolph Nolte, John C. Carmichael, N. M. Curtis, Joseph Forbes, James E. Jones, and Edmund L. Cole.

§ 2. The above named persons, when qualified as herein provided, and their duly qualified successors, shall be trustees of the said corporation, and shall hold office until their successors shall have been duly appointed and qualified. Within ten days after the passage of this act, the above named

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persons shall meet in the office of the Secretary of State at Albany, and, in his presence, draw lots for terms of office; three to hold for one year, three for two years, three for three years, three for four years, three for five years, three for six years, and three for seven years, respectively, from the first day of May, eighteen hundred and seventy-two; and if any trustee be absent, the Secretary of State shall act as proxy and draw lots for such absentee. After the expiration of such terms of office, respectively, the succeeding full terms shall be seven years. The Secretary of State shall file in his office a certificate of the determination of the terms of office by lot as aforesaid, and furnish to each trustee a copy thereof, and each of said trustees shall take and file with the Secretary of State the constitutional oath of office, and thereupon they shall become the trustees of said corporation. The Governor, Attorney General and Comptroller shall be ex officio, members of said board of trustees.

§ 3. The Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall, annually thereafter, appoint three trustees of said corporation to take the places of those whose terms of office shall expire as provided in section two; he shall also, in like manner, fill any vacancy in the office of trustee of said corporation that may occur, other than by expiration of term of office, and any such appointment, made during the vacation of the Senate, shall be held valid until the action of the Senate thereon. Any trustee failing to qualify, as herein provided, within one month from notice of his appointment, shall be held to have declined said appointment, and the Governor may thereupon appoint another person to fill such vacancy. A trustee removing, permanently, from the State shall be held to have vacated his said office; and for misconduct, neglect of duty, or any act or acts showing the unfitness of any trustee to fill such office, such trustee may be removed from such office, by the Governor, on the written application for such removal of two thirds of the members of such board, setting forth the grounds of such application for removal; but a copy of such application for removal shall be served on the trustee so recommended for removal, and he shall have reasonable time and opportunity to be heard on his own behalf, before the Governor, upon the question of such removal.

§ 4. The said trustees shall, from their own number, by a majority ballot or vote, choose one trustee to be president, another to be secretary, and another to be treasurer, and when thus organized, said board shall have the power, and it shall be their duty, to establish, organize, control and manage an institution under the said name of the New York Soldiers' Home for the relief, maintenance, support and protection of meritorious invalid or disabled persons who served in the army or navy during the war of the rebellion, and were

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honorably discharged therefrom, and who were enlisted in the State of New York, or, if enlisted elsewhere, shall have been a resident of said State for four months, at the time of such person's application for admission to said institution; the board of trustees to have the discretionary power to decide upon the acceptance of every applicant for admission to the benefits of said institution, and to dismiss for misconduct or other adequate cause, any of the persons admitted to said institution. The treasurer of such corporation shall, before entering upon the duties of the office, execute and file, in the office of the Comptroller of the State, his bond, with such sureties and in such penalty as shall be approved by the Comptroller, with the condition that he shall well and faithfully perform and discharge the duties of treasurer of said corporation, and well and truly account for, pay over and deliver to the persons legally entitled to the same, or to said corporation, all moneys, securities and property which shall come to his possession or control as such treasurer.

§ 5. The said board of trustees shall appoint a governor, lieutenant-governor, surgeon, chaplain, steward and such supernumeraries as they may deem necessary for the proper internal management of said institution, and may remove these officers and supernumeraries, or any of them, at their discretion. These officers and supernumeraries shall be persons who served in the army or navy of the United States during the war of the rebellion, and who have been honorably discharged therefrom, preference being given to those who were disabled by wounds or otherwise during their term of service. The said board of trustees shall establish such rules as they may deem necessary for the government of such institution and the admission of inmates, not inconsistent with the provisions of this act.

§ 6. The corporation hereby created shall have power to receive and disburse funds, and to purchase or take, by gift, deed or devise, bequest or otherwise, any real or personal estate for the uses or purposes of said corporation, and shall have full power to grant, bargain, lease, incumber or dispose of the same or any part thereof; provided, however, that all moneys arising from any such grant, lease, incumbrance or disposal, shall be appropriated to the objects and purposes of said corporation, and all gifts, bequests, donations, purchases, sales, leases or incumbrances, shall be immediately reported to the Comptroller of the State, and shall be set forth in detail in their annual report; and the title to all real estate acquired by said board of trustees for the said institution shall vest in the State of New York. All donations and contributions to the said corporation (except such lands as shall be appropriated as the site of such institution) shall be converted into money, and be invested in the public stocks of the United States, the State of New York, or of any of the cities of the

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State, and shall form the capital of an endowment fund, to be known as "The New York Soldiers' Home Endowment fund," the income of which only may be used and applied to defraying the current expenses of said institution. The board of trustees of said corporation shall be the trustees of said fund, and shall have power to make all necessary agreements and contracts, and to take all necessary and proper legal proceedings to protect and administer said fund for the purposes intended by this act. It shall be the duty of the Comptroller of the State, at least four times in each year, and as often as he shall deem proper, to examine or cause to be examined, the books, accounts, vouchers, correspondence, papers and property of said corporation, and express annually, in his report to the Legislature, his opinion upon the management and transactions of said trustees, with such suggestions as shall appear to him to be necessary and proper.

§ 7. The board of trustees may procure, by purchase, lease, or donation, an appropriate site for buildings for said institution in a rural, agricultural district, with a proper quantity of land, and may thereon construct, or cause to be constructed, appropriate and commodious buildings and structures for the institution, and finish and furnish the same ready for use.

§ 8. The board of trustees shall hold regular meetings at least once in three months, and such other meetings by adjournment or upon the call of the president as shall be required for the proper and efficient management of the affairs and business of the corporation; and the president shall, upon the written request of any five of the trustees, call a special meeting of the board, for the purpose of transacting such business only as shall be stated in said written request, a notice of which shall be duly served in writing upon every member of said board. Said trustees shall receive no compensation for their services as such trustees except the actual traveling expenses incurred in attending the meetings of the Board, and except a just compensation to one of their number who shall be selected as treasurer, to whom reasonable compensation may be allowed, to be fixed by the board of trustees.

§ 9. The board of trustees shall annually make a report of all the transactions and business of said corporation, including an itemized, fiscal account of all receipts and expenditures for the year ending on the first day of December in each year; which report shall, on or before the fifteenth day of December in each year, be transmitted to the Governor, to be by him submitted to the Legislature.

§ 10. This act shall take effect immediately.

Act to incorporate the "Fresco Painters' Benevolent and Protective Union of the city and county of New York."

Chapter 877

Concurrent resolution relative to granting aid to the American Printing House for the Blind in the District of Columbia, passed May 10, 1872.

96th session
1873
Chapter 30

Act to create a board of charities in and for the city of Utica.

See chap. 18, L. 1862; chap. 91, L. 1878; chap. 12, L. 1893.

Chapter 35

Act to re-enact and amend chapter 866, Laws of 1872, incorporating the city of Yonkers.

Title 2, § 1. Provision made for a Commissioner of Charities.

§ 11. Commissioner of charities to be nominated and appointed by the mayor and common council whose term of office shall be subject to pleasure of council.

Commissioner before entering upon office to file official bond with the city clerk insuring a faithful performance of duty and to pay out according to city law and ordinance all money coming into his hands as Commissioner of Charities. Common council to prescribe his duties and appropriate money for aid to the poor. Existing laws applicable to overseers of poor in towns to apply to Commissioner of Charities appointed pursuant to this title.

Chapter 55

Authorizing the Washington Street and State Asylum Railroad Company of the city of Binghamton to construct a railroad through grounds of the New York State Inebriate Asylum upon the consent of a majority of trustees of said Asylum.

Chapter 62

Amending act to amend and consolidate the several acts relative to the city of Schenectady, passed April 21, 1862, and act amendatory thereof.

One overseer of poor to be appointed by common council for one year.

See chap. 385, L. 1862; chap. 134, L. 1888; chap. 97, L. 1889; chap. 294, L. 1890.

Chapter 68

Amending act creating Poughkeepsie Fire Department.

Hereafter all members of Poughkeepsie Fire Department to constitute "The Poughkeepsie Associated Fire Department" for the purpose of establishing "The Poughkeepsie Associated Fire Department Fund" for

the relief of disabled and indigent firemen and their families in said city. (1873)

See chap. 239, L. 1866.

Act to confirm and legalize the official acts of the directors of the Odd Fellows' Relief and Benevolent Association of city of Syracuse during 1871, 1872, 1873 and to transfer the real and personal property of said association to Mutual Benefit Association of Syracuse. Chapter 71

Act incorporating "The Faxon Hospital" in the city of Utica. Chapter 88

See chap. 407, L. 1889.

Authorizing board of supervisors of Washington county to purchase for the maintenance of said county poor one hundred acres of land and to raise by tax \$700 to defray expense of purchase. Chapter 116

Act passed May 9, 1872, for the preservation of fish in Steele's Creek and McGowan's Creek, Herkimer county, so amended that the fines for violation of the act to be paid to overseer of the poor. Chapter 121

See chap. 488, L. 1892.

Amending chapter 97, Laws of 1869, incorporating the trustees of the Minard Fund for the benefit of widows and orphans of deceased preachers of the Genesee Annual Conference. Chapter 142

See chap. 142, L. 1868; chap. 302, L. 1877.

Amending act passed April 21, 1870, relative to the Union Home and School for the education and maintenance of the children of volunteers. Tax to be levied in every county of the State for maintenance of children in said Home. Chapter 143

Amending act relating to support and relief of poor and for government of the poor department in Erie county. Chapter 164

See chap. 461, L. 1867.

Act continuing in force and amending chapter 138 of the Laws of 1852, incorporating the firemen of the city of Utica as a benevolent association. Chapter 194

See chap. 138, L. 1852; chap. 41, L. 1874; chap. 108, L. 1878.

(1873)
Chapter 209

Providing for election of superintendent of poor of Fulton county.

See chap. 497, L. 1855; chap. 155, L. 1886.

Chapter 231

Amending charter of the West Side German Dispensary in New York city.

See chap. 427, L. 1892.

Chapter 233

Penalties and fines for violations of any of the ordinances of board of trustees of village of Peekskill for the prevention of fires to go to the relief of indigent and disabled firemen or the families of the fire department of said village.

See chap. 62, L. 1859; chap. 117, L. 1883.

Chapter 246

Authorizing board of supervisors of Schenectady county to sell its poorhouse farm and buildings and to remove such poor house.

Chapter 247

Authorizing supervisor of town of Johnsburgh, Warren county, to sell and convey town poor lot and the avails of such sale to go to support of common schools of town.

Chapter 252

Authorizing common council of the city of Cohoes to raise an annual tax of \$1,000 for support of Cohoes Hospital.

Chapter 302

Act creating Board of Commissioners of Emigration and to confer certain powers thereon. Commissioners not to support any person able to earn living, for more than two years.

See chap. 195, L. 1847; chap. 410, L. 1882; chap. 286, L. 1886.

Chapter 309

Authorizing almshouse commissioners of city of Poughkeepsie to raise \$15,000 for purpose of building addition to almshouse building.

Chapter 310

Act enabling the trustees of parochial fund of the diocese of Western New York to convey lands situated in diocese of Central New York.

See chap. 59, L. 1863.

Chapter 335

Reorganizing the local government of New York city.

§ 26. Department of public charities and correction created. Reports to be made to mayor every three

months or oftener if so desired and mayor to receive any information he may demand.

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§ 74. Board of public charities and correction composed of three persons. Commissioners except those first appointed to hold office for six years unless removed.

Bureau of Charities to have charge of all matters relating to persons not criminals. Bureau of Correction to have charge of all matters relating to criminals.

§ 75. No money belonging to city, or city and county of New York, to be appropriated to religious or denominational schools.

§ 106. Annual salaries of president of the department of charities and correction \$6,500 and of commissioners of charities and corrections, other than the president, \$5,000 each.

See chap. 537, L. 1881; chap. 410, L. 1882; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Incorporating "O. K. Lodge number six hundred and seventy-two, Independent Order of Good Templars."

Chapter 347

Exempting from taxation the real estate of the Home of Incurables, in the county of Westchester.

Chapter 348

See chap. 410, L. 1882.

Amending act passed March 29th, 1824, to incorporate the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents in New York city.

Chapter 359

See chap. 410, L. 1882.

In relation to the revision and amendment of act incorporating the village of Port Jervis.

Chapter 370

Legal voters of said village may direct, by resolution, trustees to purchase burial ground for poor at a sum not exceeding \$500 and title thereof to be invested in said town.

See chap. 268, L. 1866; chap. 116, L. 1877; chaps. 225 and 461, L. 1879.

Moiety of fines for illegal fishing in waters lying within or bordering on Schuyler, Steuben, Chemung, Seneca, Yates and Ontario counties to go to town poor.

Chapter 381

See chap. 33, L. 1874; chap. 488, L. 1892.

(1873)
Chapter 387

Amending act incorporating city of Lockport, chapter 365, Laws of 1865. One overseer of poor to be elected.

See chap. 120, L. 1886.

Chapter 417

Act enabling lodges of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows to take, hold and convey real and personal estate.

See chap. 317, L. 1866.

Chapter 443

Authorizing the trustees of Willard Asylum for the Insane to appoint a fourth assistant physician.

See chap. 342, L. 1865, chap. 446, L. 1874.

Chapter 446

Incorporating "The Mt. Morris Hospital in the city of New York."

Chapter 449

Amending act incorporating an association for the relief of respectable, aged, indigent females in New York city, chapter 69, Laws of 1815, and acts amending the same.

Chapter 457

Incorporating "The New York Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews" and authorizing other corporations, incorporated societies, or other associations, to give and transfer property to or wholly to consolidate with the corporation hereby created.

See chaps. 214 and 267, L. 1878.

Chapter 463

Amending section 14 of chapter 744 of the Laws of 1867, defining the objects of the New York State Institution for the Blind and to provide for its management.

Chapter 503

Amending act incorporating the trustees of the Masonic Hall and Asylum Fund, chapter 272, Laws of 1864.

Chapter 511

Authorizing Oneida county treasurer to borrow \$15,000 on faith and credit of said county to supply deficiency in the judiciary and poor fund.

Chapter 563

Amending act, revising, amending and consolidating act relating to charter of city of Hudson, chapter 468, Laws of 1872.

§ 4. Two overseers of poor to be elected by ballot by city electors.

§ 22. Common Council to define their duties and make all needful rules for overseers of the poor.

(1873)

The general provisions of statute relating to overseers of poor not to apply to overseers of poor of city of Hudson.

See chap. 379, L. 1876.

Authorizing commissioners of almshouse of city of Kingston to borrow \$25,000 for erecting an almshouse and to issue bonds therefor.

Chapter 567

Act further defining the powers and duties of the Board of State Commissioners of Public Charities and to change the name of the Board to "The State Board of Charities."

Chapter 571

See chap. 951, L. 1867; chaps. 467 and 593, L. 1886; chap. 283, L. 1889; chap. 546, L. 1896.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT FURTHER TO DEFINE THE POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE BOARD OF STATE COMMISSIONERS OF PUBLIC CHARITIES, AND TO CHANGE THE NAME OF THE BOARD TO THE STATE BOARD OF CHARITIES.

CHAPTER 571, LAWS OF 1873.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. The commissioners now in office, appointed pursuant to the act entitled "An act to provide for the appointment of a board of commissioners of public charities and defining their duties and powers," passed May twenty-third, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, and their successors to be hereafter appointed, shall constitute a board to be called "The State Board of Charities," and such board and commissioners shall have the powers conferred by said law and all amendments thereof, together with such further powers and duties as are hereinafter mentioned; and all provisions of said laws not inconsistent herewith shall apply to said board and to the said commissioners respectively. Such a board shall cause a record to be kept of its proceedings by its secretary or other proper officer. It shall have power to make and use an official seal and alter the same at pleasure, and its proceedings and copies of all papers and documents in its possession or custody may be authenticated in the usual form, under its official seal and the signature of its president and secretary, which may be used as evidence in all courts and places in this State, in like manner as similar certificates by the secretary of State or any other public officer.

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§ 2. Such board may, by its orders, from time to time, define the duties of its officers, and regulate the discharge of its functions; and shall, also, provide for the holding of, at least, four meetings during each year, which shall be public. Six members of the board, regularly convened, shall constitute a quorum. The failure, on the part of any commissioner appointed as aforesaid, to attend any three successive public meetings of the board above provided for, during any calendar year, may be treated by the Governor as a resignation by such non-attending commissioner, and the vacancy be filled; and the annual reports of said board shall give the names of each commissioner present at each of the said public meetings of the said board.

§ 3. One additional member of said board, who shall reside in the county of Kings, and two who shall reside in the county of New York, shall be appointed for the term of eight years, in the same manner as is provided in respect to the present commissioners.

§ 4. The said board or any one or more of said commissioners are hereby authorized, whenever they may deem it expedient, to visit and inspect any charitable, eleemosynary, correctional or reformatory institution in this State, excepting prisons, whether receiving State aid or maintained by municipalities or otherwise, and, also, to visit and inspect any incorporated or private asylums, institutions, homes or retreats, licensed for the detention, treatment and care of the insane, or persons of unsound mind, as hereinafter provided for.

§ 5. If, in the opinion of said board, or any three members thereof, any matter in regard to the management of affairs of any institution, subject to the visitation of said board, or to any inmate of any such institution, or person in any way connected therewith, requires legal investigation or action of any kind, notice thereof may be given by the board or any three members thereof to the attorney-general; and it shall be his duty thereupon to make inquiry and take such proceedings in the premises as he may deem necessary and proper, and to report his action and the results thereof to the said board without delay.

§ 6. Said board shall have authority to require from the managers and from the officers in charge of any institution it is authorized to visit, any information which said board may require in the discharge of its duties, and may prepare regulations according to which and provide blanks upon which such information shall be furnished by any such officers and managers in a clear, uniform and prompt manner, for use by such board.

§ 7. The said board shall be authorized to collect (and as far as it may think advantageous to embody in its annual reports) such information, both in this State and elsewhere, as it may deem proper, relating to the best manner of dealing

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with those who require assistance from the public funds, or who receive aid from private charity; and to make such suggestions, from time to time, as to any legislation or action which may be desirable in regard thereto. The said board may also, from time to time, in its reports to the legislature, present such views in regard to the best method of caring for the pauper and destitute children distributed through the various institutions of this State, or are without the instruction and guidance which the public welfare demands; and, also, to furnish in tabulated statements, as nearly as possible, the numbers, sex, age and nativity of those in this State, and in the several counties thereof, which are in any way receiving the aid of public or private organized charity, with any other particulars they may deem proper.

§ 8. The said board shall have power, by a resolution to be entered on its minutes, subject to such terms and regulations as it may prescribe, to designate three or more suitable persons in any county to act as visitors, in said county, of the several poorhouses and other institutions therein, subject to the visitation of the board, in aid of and as representatives of said board, except such institutions as have a board of managers appointed by the State; and all officers and others in charge of such institutions shall admit to such institutions all such persons so designated, upon a production of a copy of said resolution, certified by the president or secretary of said board, to visit, examine and inspect the grounds and buildings of every institution, and every part thereof, and all its hospitals and other arrangements, and to have free access to all its inmates. Any officer, superintendent or person in charge of any such institution, who shall refuse to admit any person so designated, or shall refuse to give said visitors all requisite facilities for the examination and inspection as herein provided for, shall be subject to a penalty of two hundred and fifty dollars for each such refusal, which penalty may be sued for and recovered in the name of the people of the State, by the attorney-general, and the sum so recovered shall be paid into the treasury of this State.

§ 9. No person, association or corporation shall establish or keep an asylum, institution, house or retreat for the care, custody or treatment of the insane, or persons of unsound mind, without first obtaining a license therefor from the said State board of charities, provided that all persons, associations or corporations who, at the time of the passage of this act, are engaged in keeping such asylums, institutions, houses or retreats, or in keeping insane persons, or persons of unsound mind, for compensation or hire, shall obtain such license within three months thereafter; and provided further, that this section shall not apply to any State asylum or institution, or any asylum or institution established or conducted by any county, or by any city or municipal corporation chartered by the leg-

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islature; and provided, also, that it shall not apply to cases where insane persons, or persons of unsound mind, are detained and treated at the houses of their families or relatives.

§ 10. Every application for such license shall be accompanied by a plan of the premises proposed to be occupied, to be drawn on a scale of not less than one-eighth of an inch to a foot, with a description of the situation thereof, and the length, breadth and height of, and a reference by figure or letter to every room and apartment therein, and a statement of the quantity of land not covered by any building annexed to such house and appropriated to the exclusive use, exercise and recreation of the patients proposed to be received therein, and also a statement of the number of patients proposed to be received into such house, and whether the license so applied for is for the reception of male or female patients, or for both, and if for the reception of both, of the number of each sex proposed to be received into such house, and for the means by which the one sex may be kept distinct and apart from the other. And it shall not be lawful for said board to grant any such license without having first, either collectively or by a committee thereof, visited the premises proposed to be licensed, and, being satisfied by such examination that they conform to the description of the application, and are otherwise fit and suitable for the purposes for which they are designed to be used.

§ 11. Whenever said State board of charities, upon the application of any person, association or corporation, made as provided by the preceding section of this act, and examination of the building and means employed, or proposed to be employed, to take care of insane persons, or persons of unsound mind, by such person, association or corporation, shall determine that the same are sufficient and proper for such purpose, the said board is hereby authorized and required to grant such license, and to make such conditions, terms and regulations, in regard thereto, as shall seem meet and proper for the care and protection, health and comfort, and for the inspection and examination of all insane persons, or persons of unsound mind, so lodged, boarded, kept or detained in such asylum or institution, and of all insane persons, or persons of unsound mind, in the charge or keeping of such person, association or corporation; which said license shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the county in which such asylum or institution is situated. The said board may revoke the license of any asylum or institution, issued under the provisions of this act, for reasons deemed satisfactory to said board; but such revocation shall be in writing and filed as aforesaid, and notice thereof given in writing to the person, association or corporation to whom such license was given.

§ 12. After the expiration of three months from the passage of this act, any person or persons who shall conduct or main-

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tain any private insane asylum or institution, and the officers of any corporation who shall conduct or maintain such private asylum or institution without having obtained a license as herein provided, or for more than thirty days after the revocation of such license, or shall receive any patient after notice of such revocation, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and it shall be the duty of the district attorney of the proper county to proceed against such offender as may be provided by law.

§ 13. The Governor shall nominate, and by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoint an experienced and competent physician, to be called the State commissioner in lunacy, who shall hold his office for five years, and receive an annual salary of four thousand dollars, and traveling expenses not to exceed one thousand dollars, to be paid on presentation of vouchers to the Comptroller; and who shall ex-officio be a member of the State board of charities, and shall make full report of all his official acts and visitations to the said board, from time to time, under such regulations as the said board may prescribe. The said board shall furnish such assistance as the said commissioner may, in their opinion, require to aid him in the proper and efficient discharge of the duties of his office.

§ 14. It shall be the duty of such commissioner to examine into and report to said board the condition of the insane and idiotic in this State, and the management and conduct of the asylums and other institutions for their custody. The duties of said commissioner and those of said board in regard to the insane shall be performed, as far as practicable, so as not to prejudice the established and reasonable regulations of such asylums and institutions aforesaid; and it shall be the duty of the officers and others respectively in charge thereof to give the members of said board and such commissioner at all times free access to and full information concerning the insane and their treatment therein. It shall also be the duty of such commissioner, under the direction of said board, to inquire and report, from time to time, as far as he may be able, the results of the treatment of the insane of other States and countries, together with such particulars pertaining thereto as he may deem proper, or the said board may require; and he shall perform such other duties as the board may, from time to time, prescribe. The authority conferred upon said board and commissioners to issue compulsory process for the attendance of witnesses, administer oaths and to examine persons under oath, is hereby conferred upon said commissioner of lunacy in all cases where there is, in the opinion of the board or said commissioner, from information given to the board or to the said commissioner, or otherwise, reason to believe that any person is unjustly deprived of liberty, or is improperly treated in any asylum, institution or establishment in this State for the custody of the insane, and he shall report the testimony taken in

- (1873) any investigation to the said board with his opinions and conclusions thereon without delay. The said board of commissioners may, in their report, from time to time, to the legislature, suggest any improvements they think desirable for the care and treatment of the insane, with such facts and information pertaining thereto as they may deem expedient and proper, and such report shall be made annually on or before the fifteenth day of January.

§ 15. This act shall take effect immediately.

Chapter 587

Act in relation to the State Lunatic Asylum.

See chap. 760, L. 1873; chap. 446, L. 1874.

Chapter 588

Establishing a commission in and for the city and county of New York to be known and designated as the commission of charitable correction, and to define its powers and jurisdiction.

See chap. 510, L. 1860; chap. 82, L. 1874; chap. 537, L. 1881.

Chapter 604

Incorporating the "Union Hospital of the city of New York."

Chapter 625

Reorganizing the New York State Inebriate Asylum and to provide for the better support and maintenance of same. Proceedings for admission of indigent inebriates defined.

See chap. 381, L. 1859; chap. 446, L. 1874; chap. 280, L. 1879.

Chapter 638

Establishment of Rensselaer Police District.

§§ 63 and 64. Fines imposed by Police Board upon members of police force by way of discipline to be paid to treasurer and to be deposited to credit of The Rensselaer Police Life Insurance Fund. Annuities not exceeding \$150 to be given to disabled members or their families therefrom.

See chap. 598, L. 1870; chap. 328, L. 1880; chap. 670, L. 1892.

Chapter 643

Appropriation Act.

Appropriates \$15,000 for salaries of officers of State Lunatic Asylum; \$250 to Mark Jack, an insane Indian, at State Lunatic Asylum; \$8,000 to Hudson River State Hospital for the Insane; \$300 for Onondaga Indians; \$650 for supplying "Mexican Independent" to deaf mutes of State; \$111,000 for support of pupils at Institution for Deaf and Dumb in New York; \$9,000 for sup-

port of thirty pupils at Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf Mutes in New York; \$45,000 for support of 150 pupils for one year at Institution for Blind at New York; \$40,000 for Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents; \$40,000 for House of Refuge of Western New York; \$32,000 for State Idiot Asylum at Syracuse; \$40,000 for maintenance of Institution for the Blind, Batavia; \$5,000 and salary of Secretary and expenses of State Commissioners of Public Charities; \$7,361.67 for Indian annuities; \$10,500 for Willard Asylum for Insane.

(1873)

See chap. 679, L. 1873; chap. 594, L. 1875; chap. 32, L. 1876; chap. 683, L. 1892.

Amending charter of the Northeastern Homeopathic Medical and Surgical Dispensary in New York city.

Chapter 652

Providing for support and care of State paupers.

Chapter 661

See chap. 951, L. 1867; chap. 464, L. 1874; chap. 308, L. 1875.

Incorporating "The Stuyvesant Medical Institute for Diseases of the Lungs and Throat."

Chapter 696

Moiety of penalty for illegal brook trout fishing within counties of Tioga and Tompkins to go to use of poor of town in which the recovery is had.

Chapter 740

See chap. 352, L. 1874; chap. 534, L. 1879; chap. 488, L. 1892.

Act supplemental to act passed April 30, 1873, reorganizing local government of New York city. Board of police of police department of New York city empowered to grant pensions from the police life insurance fund to widows of deceased members of metropolitan police force.

Chapter 755

See chap. 335, L. 1873; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Board of Estimate and Apportionment may revise estimates and provide for charitable objects and raise tax therefor.

Chapter 758

See chap. 335, L. 1873; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Supply Bill.

Chapter 760

Appropriates \$7,500 for support of pupils at Institution for Deaf Mutes; \$10,020 for support of pupils at the Le Couteulx St. Mary's Institution; \$12,525.44

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for Managers and the Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents; \$300 for New York Institution for Deaf and Dumb, \$5,000 for New York Orthopædic Dispensary; \$30,000 for New York Infant Asylum; \$60,000 for Willard Asylum; \$10,000 for New York Inebriate Asylum; \$38,192.78 for State Lunatic Asylum; \$16,000 for Western House of Refuge; \$200,000 for Hudson River State Hospital; Trustees New York State Institution for the Blind may expend for maintenance, repairs, furniture or books, any money received or to be received by them from any source except the State Treasury; \$200,000 for Buffalo State Asylum; \$6,000 for New York State Asylum for Idiots; \$8,500 for Thomas Asylum for Orphan Indian Children; \$200 for John P. Hendricks, Indian Representative; \$10,000 for New York State Institution for the Blind; \$250 for support of Susan Green, an insane Indian woman, at Willard Asylum; \$150,000 for Homeopathic Asylum at Middletown; \$142 for annuities to Stockbridge Indians; \$933.38 for State Lunatic Asylum at Utica; \$1,267.36 for city of Utica for local assessment on State Lunatic Asylum.

See chap. 193, L. 1876; chap. 275, L. 1877; chaps. 677 and 686, L. 1892.

Chapter 774

Incorporating the "New York State Retreat for the Blind," subject to visitation of State Board of Public Charities, chapter 747, Laws of 1872.

Chapter 797

Amending act incorporating the Inebriate Home for Kings County, chapter 843, Laws of 1867, and amendatory acts passed April 13, 1868, and April 15, 1871.

Chapter 817

Act to provide for the support of the poor in the county of Jefferson.

See chap. 589, L. 1880; chap. 24, L. 1888; chap. 90, L. 1893.

Chapter 820

Amending act suppressing intemperance and to regulate sale of intoxicating liquors passed April 16, 1857. Penalties imposed except those provided by sections 15 and 19, to be sued for by overseer of poor and sums recovered to go to support of county poor.

In case person whose duty it is to prosecute violator of act neglects his duty, within ten days any person may prosecute offender in name of overseers of poor of town where act is violated. (1873)

See chap. 628, L. 1857; chap. 401, L. 1892.

Authorizing the purchase of a farm for the town poor of town of Dix, in Schuyler county. Chapter 828

Legalizing the adoption of minor children by adult persons. Chapter 830

Creating the "West Side Infirmary for Diseases of the Eye and Throat" in New York city. Chapter 852

Amending charter of city of Brooklyn. Chapter 863

Title 2, § 23. \$39,500 to be included in estimates for 19 named hospitals and dispensaries, of Brooklyn.

Title 2, §§ 40 and 41. Fines imposed upon members of the police force to be deposited, together with all rewards and fees, and to constitute "The Police Life Insurance Fund," which sums of money are to be advantageously invested from time to time for objects of fund.

Pensions are to be granted to disabled members of police or to the widows of deceased members, out of the police life insurance fund.

Title 13, §§ 20, 21. Fines imposed upon members of fire department, also all rewards, fees and proceeds of gifts, to be paid to credit of the Firemen's Insurance Fund, to be invested from time to time for benefit of said fund.

Pensions to be granted from The Firemen's Insurance Fund to disabled firemen and widows of deceased members of fire department.

See chap. 335, L. 1876; chap. 283, L. 1877; chap. 376, L. 1878; chaps. 61 and 666, L. 1887.

Exempting from taxation real estate owned by the House of Rest for Consumptives. Chapter 866

See chap. 650, L. 1874.

Act for the relief of the Home for Fallen and Friendless Girls in city of New York. \$150 for each girl Chapter 868

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supported by said institution to be annually paid out of New York city excise funds.

See chap. 410, L. 1882.

Chapter 869

Act for the relief of the Woman's Hospital of the State of New York. \$25,000 out of New York city excise funds to be paid this hospital.

Chapter 871

Authorizing the consolidation of the Hahnemann Hospital and the New York Medical College and Hospital for Women to be known as "Hahnemann Hospital and New York Medical College for Women."

See chap. 230, L. 1864; chap. 439, L. 1870; chap. 64, L. 1875; chap. 490, L. 1892.

Concurrent resolution, passed May 21, 1873, proposing amendment to article 8 of constitution, by adding thereto sections 10 and 11, providing as follows:

"§ 10. Neither the credit nor the money of the state shall be given or loaned to or in aid of any association, corporation or private undertaking. This section shall not, however, prevent the legislature from making such provision for the education and support of the blind, the deaf and dumb, and juvenile delinquents, as to it may seem proper. Nor shall it apply to any fund or property now held or which may hereafter be held by the state for educational purposes.

"§ 11. No county, city, town or village shall, hereafter, give any money or property or loan its money or credit, to or in aid of any individual, association, or corporation, or become, directly or indirectly, the owner of stock in or bonds of any association or corporation, nor shall any such county, city, town or village be allowed to incur any indebtedness, except for county, city, town or village purposes. This section shall not prevent such county, city, town or village from making such provision for the aid or support of its poor as may be authorized by law."

These proposed amendments were adopted by vote of the people November 3, 1874, and went into effect January 1, 1875.

See Laws of New York, 1881, Vol. 1, p. 964.

Concurrent resolution directing the Board of State Commissioners of Public Charities to examine into the causes of the increase of crime, pauperism and insanity and report statistics to the next Legislature, passed May 29, 1873.

- Amending act passed April 10, 1873, continuing in force and amending chapter 138, Laws of 1852, incorporating the firemen of the city of Utica as a benevolent association. 97th session 1874 Chapter 41
- Amending chapter 207, Laws of 1852, to incorporate the Cayuga Asylum for Destitute Children. Chapter 56
- See chap. 236, L. 1882.
- Act to repeal chapter 588, Laws of 1873, establishing the commission of charitable correction in and for city of New York. Chapter 82
- Amending chapter 491, Laws of 1871, providing for the relief and support of poor of Kings county and changing name of office of superintendents of poor to Commissioners of Charities of Kings county. Chapter 114
- Authorizing the common council of the city of Albany to borrow \$350,000 for city purposes, including \$10,000 to be disbursed for four city dispensaries and \$16,500 for outdoor relief of city poor, also to issue bonds and to provide for their payment. Chapter 115
- Act relating to mendicant and vagrant children. Chapter 116
- See chap. 411, L. 1869; chap. 593, L. 1886.
- Act to provide for lease of land in New York city to the Samaritan Home for the Aged of New York city. Chapter 134
- See chap. 122, L. 1867.
- Funds of the Fire Department of Village of Saugerties arising from certificates, donations, fees, penalties, etc., to be used for the relief of indigent and disabled firemen or their families. Chapter 138
- See chap. 262, L. 1855.
- Act to establish the "Evangelical Italian Orphan Asylum" in New York city. Chapter 182
- Act in relation to the New York Institution for the Blind, permitting it to take and hold property, both real and personal. Chapter 226
- See chap. 214, L. 1831.
- Amending act passed April 12, 1860, supplementary to an act incorporating the Hebrew Benevolent Society of New York city, passed February 2, 1832. Chapter 230
- See chap. 410, L. 1882.

(1874)
Chapter 231

Moiety of penalties for illegal fishing in that portion of the Wallkill river lying in Orange and Ulster counties to go to poor of said counties.

See chap. 191, L. 1876; chap. 534, L. 1879; chap. 488, L. 1892.

Chapter 251

Act for the relief of the Hebrew Benevolent and Orphan Asylum Society of New York city and to authorize changes in conditions of leases to said society by city of New York.

Chapter 253

Act relative to care and education of deaf mutes.

Application for any deaf mute child within the State between six and twelve years of age to be made by parent or guardian to town or city supervisor for admission into any of the deaf mute institutions of the State. In case applicant shall be unable to pay expenses in institution, it shall be duty of supervisor to grant a permit or order placing child in one of the charitable institutions deemed advisable by him.

See chap. 264, L. 1817; chap. 325, L. 1863.

Chapter 273

Enabling the Edwin Forrest Home, a corporation under Pennsylvania Laws, to take, hold and convey real estate and releasing to said corporation the interest of this State in certain lands whereof Edwin Forrest died seized.

Chapter 323

Supply Bill.

Appropriates \$732.91 for services of Francis C. Barlow in examination of Hudson River State Hospital and the State Reformatory at Elmira, on order of Governor pursuant to Senate resolution; \$3,000 for State Board of Charities for investigation of cause of increase of crime, pauperism and insanity, pursuant to concurrent resolution of 1873; \$885 for Onondaga Indians; \$140,000 for Willard Insane Asylum; \$1,500 for New York State Asylum for Idiots; \$34,003.92 for State Lunatic Asylum at Utica; \$10,200 for support, etc., of pupils at Le Couteulx St. Mary's Institution for Instruction of Deaf Mutes; \$17,450 for State Inebriate

(1874)

Asylum at Binghamton; \$300,000 for State Reformatory at Elmira; \$150,000 for Buffalo State Asylum for the Insane; \$140,000 for Hudson River State Hospital; \$11,141 for State Homeopathic Insane Asylum; \$8,500 for Thomas Asylum and \$2,500 additional sum; \$9,199.29 for Western House of Refuge; \$18,000 for Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents; \$5,000 for State Institution for the Blind; \$13,565.83 for Institution for Improved Instruction of Deaf Mutes in New York city; \$16,000 for Susquehanna Valley Home and Industrial School for Indigent Children; \$5,000 for Mariner's Family Industrial Society of port of New York. Governor authorized to appoint two superintending builders at salary of \$8,000 per annum to take charge of the construction of The Buffalo State Insane Asylum, the State Reformatory at Elmira, The Hudson River State Insane Hospital and the State Homœopathic Insane Asylum at Middletown.

Comptroller authorized to visit asylums or reformatories, and may examine their records and accounts; also to subpoena to attend before him witnesses whom he shall examine as to the affairs of the institution. In case of his inability to visit he may appoint a substitute and invest him with his own power but said substitute must report to him fully in writing.

Comptroller may withhold unpaid balance if he deems sums appropriated are not being expended advantageously.

Expenses of visitation and examination of witnesses to be paid from appropriations made to said institutions.

Comptroller to report to Legislature in detail all proceedings had and information collected as to said reformatories and asylums.

See chaps. 677 and 686, L. 1892.

Incorporating "The Home for Christian Care."

See chap. 410, L. 1882.

(1874)
Chapter 336

Penalties for illegal fishing in Cortland county to be given to support of poor.

See chap. 534, L. 1879; chap. 488, L. 1892.

Chapter 389

Act to amend and supplementary to act incorporating the New York Eye Infirmary, chapter 128, Laws of 1822, and act amendatory thereof, passed April 30, 1864. Name changed to "New York Eye and Ear Infirmary." Treatment of indigent persons provided for.

See chap. 170, L. 1894.

Chapter 398

Appropriation Act.

Appropriates \$15,250 for State Lunatic Asylum; \$8,000 for Hudson River Hospital for the Insane; \$300 for Onondaga Indians; \$250 for support of Susan Green, an insane Indian, at Willard Asylum; \$650 for "Mexico Independent," for the deaf and dumb; \$8,500 for State Inebriate Asylum at Binghamton; \$111,000 for Deaf and Dumb Institution in New York; \$9,000 for Institution for Improved Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb in New York; \$45,000 for support of blind at Institution for the Blind in New York; \$40,000 for Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents; \$40,000 for House of Refuge, Western New York; \$36,000 for State Idiot Asylum at Syracuse; \$9,000 for Le Couteulx St. Mary's Institution; \$10,500 for Willard Asylum; \$40,000 for Institution for the Blind, Batavia; \$5,000 for State Commissioners of Public Charities, for salaries; \$5,000 for State Commissioner in Lunacy; \$7,361.67 for Indian annuities.

Chapter 411

Authorizing county of Essex to borrow \$5,000 for the purpose of improving county poor house and to issue bonds and to provide for payment of same.

Chapter 414

Act relating to the commitment of indigent and pauper insane to the State Homeopathic Insane Asylum at Middletown.

See chap. 474, L. 1870; chap. 446, L. 1874.

Chapter 446

Act to revise and consolidate the State Statutes, relating to the care and custody of the Insane, the man-

agement of the asylums for their treatment and keeping, and the duties of the State Commissioner in Lunacy.

(1874)

See title 3, chap. 82, L. 1836; title 8, chap. 130, L. 1858; title 4, chap. 342, L. 1865; title 5, chap. 93, L. 1867; title 6, chap. 414, L. 1869; title 7, chap. 474, L. 1870; chaps. 264 and 574, L. 1875; chaps. 121 and 267, L. 1876; chaps. 47 and 86, L. 1878; chaps. 280 and 407, L. 1879; chaps. 164 and 245, L. 1880; chaps. 49 and 190, L. 1881; chap. 193, L. 1883; chaps. 27 and 515, L. 1884; chap. 178, L. 1885; chaps. 27, 318 and 593, L. 1886; chap. 629, L. 1887; chaps. 56 and 283, L. 1889; chaps. 40, 126 and 273, L. 1890; chaps. 247 and 614, L. 1893; chap. 545, L. 1896; chaps. 380, 634 and 676, L. 1900; chap. 137, L. 1901; chaps. 326 and 330, L. 1904.

Act reappropriating certain moneys to the State Homeopathic Insane Asylum at Middletown, N. Y.

Chapter 452

Amending act providing for the support and care of State paupers, chapter 661, Laws of 1873. State Board of Charities authorized to contract with authorities of not more than 15 counties or cities in State for the reception of State paupers in poor houses of such counties or cities, and to make rules and regulations for their care and discipline. Said board may transfer paupers from one almshouse to another as it shall deem advisable.

Chapter 464

See chap. 225, L. 1896.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO AMEND AN ACT ENTITLED "AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE SUPPORT AND CARE OF STATE PAUPERS," PASSED JUNE SEVENTH, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND SEVENTY-THREE.

CHAPTER 464, LAWS OF 1874.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section two of the act entitled "An act to provide for the support and care of State paupers," passed June seventh, eighteen hundred and seventy-three, is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

§ 2. The state board of charities is hereby authorized, from time to time, on behalf of the State, to contract, for such time and on such terms as it may deem proper, with the authorities of not more than fifteen counties or cities of this State, for the

(1874)

reception and support, in the poor-houses or other suitable buildings of such counties or cities respectively, of such paupers as may be committed to such poor houses, as provided by this act. The said board may establish rules and regulations for the discipline, employment, treatment and care of such paupers and for their discharge. Every such contract shall be in writing, and be filed in the office of the said board. The poor-houses or other buildings so contracted for with the authorities of any county or city, while used for the purposes herein mentioned, shall be appropriately designated by the said board and shall be known as State almshouses. The said board may from time to time direct the transfer of any such paupers from one alms-house to another, and may give notice from time to time to counties to which almshouses they shall send paupers.

§ 2. The fifteenth section of the said act, passed June seventh, eighteen hundred and seventy-three is amended by adding thereto as follows: And also for clerk hire, and the compensation of an assistant secretary for said board to be certified and allowed in like manner. The assistant secretary shall discharge such duties as the board may designate, and in case of a vacancy in the office of secretary of said board, or in his absence or illness, the duties of the office of secretary in the meantime may be discharged by such assistant secretary.

§ 3. This act shall take effect immediately.

Chapter 466

Amending act in relation to the Firemen's Benevolent Association of Buffalo and to regulate number of trustees.

See chap. 159, L. 1869; chap. 261, L. 1894.

Chapter 480

Fourteen thousand five hundred dollars to be included in the Brooklyn city tax of 1875, for the relief of seven certain hospitals and dispensaries in the city of Brooklyn.

See chap. 863, L. 1873; chap. 583, L. 1888.

Chapter 489

Amending chapter 306, Laws of 1861, authorizing the establishment of The House of Refuge for Juvenile Delinquents in Western New York. Hereafter board and clothing of persons sent from Western House of Refuge to the penitentiary to be paid by State.

Chapter 492

Incorporating "The Home for the Friendless in Northern New York."

See chap. 863, L. 1873; chap. 583, L. 1888.

Amending charter of the city of Poughkeepsie.

(1874)
Chapter 497

Title 2, § 1. Six commissioners of the almshouse to be elected by city at large.

Title 2, § 15. Term of office to be one year and until their successors shall qualify.

Title 5, § 1. On or before first day of November in each year the almshouse commissioners shall estimate and certify to common council the amount of money required for expenses of their department for the ensuing year. Estimates to be published and one week later common council shall revise the same or cause amount to be raised by general tax and credit to department.

Title 11, §§ 1-15. City of Poughkeepsie to be a distinct and separate district for the purpose of supporting the poor. Two commissioners of almshouse to be elected in city of Poughkeepsie who are to appoint a Superintendent of Poor. Various provisions made for support of poor and powers and duties of poor officers.

Act conferring certain powers on The Children's Fold of city of New York to place children into families. Board of supervisors of New York county to levy annual tax in aid of this institution.

Chapter 506

See chap. 410, L. 1882.

Amending chapter 422, Laws of 1865, incorporating the Evangelical Lutheran St. John's Orphan Home in city of Buffalo.

Chapter 555

Amending chapter 863, Laws of 1873, amending charter of city of Brooklyn, and its various amendments.

Chapter 589

All fines upon members of fire department, fees, rewards, proceeds of gifts, to be paid into treasury to the credit of the Firemen's Insurance Fund. Trustees of this fund authorized to invest money.

See chap. 633, L. 1875; chaps. 49 and 583, L. 1888.

Amending acts in relation to orphan asylum societies at Brooklyn, chapter 76, Laws of 1848. In-

Chapter 590

(1874)

dustrial schools to share the public school moneys, same as orphan asylums.

Chapter 642

Excise moneys derived from licenses for sale of liquors by excise commissioners to be appropriated by board of estimate and apportionment of New York city, to whatever benevolent, charitable or humane institutions may seem to such board deserving or proper.

See chap. 175, L. 1870; chap. 401, L. 1892.

Chapter 643

Amending chapter 650, Laws of 1866, relative to the Nursery and Child's Hospital in New York city, and amended by chapter 366, Laws of 1869. New York county to levy annual tax for said hospital.

See chap. 410, L. 1882.

Chapter 644

Amending charter of the foundling asylum of the Sisters of Charity in New York city. Provides for annual contribution by New York city by tax levy.

See chap. 410, L. 1882.

Chapter 650

Amending act exempting from taxation real estate owned by House of Rest for Consumptives, passed June 28, 1873.

See chap. 410, L. 1882.

98th session
1875

Chapter 20

Amending chapter 291, Laws of 1867, incorporating city of Binghamton.

Three hundred dollars to be raised annually for hospital purposes.

See chap. 214, L. 1888.

Chapter 42

Amending chapter 79, Laws of 1835, incorporating the Ithaca Mechanics' Society.

Chapter 44

Authorizing county of Essex to borrow \$3,600 for the improvement of the county poorhouse and to issue bonds and provide for the payment thereof.

Chapter 45

Amending chapter 143, Laws of 1861, amending and consolidating the act relative to the charter of the city of Rochester.

Overseer of Poor of Rochester empowered to administer oaths and to examine under oath any person applying to him for relief. He shall have power to

settle cases of bastardy as now conferred on superintendents of the poor, and shall possess powers and authority of overseers of poor in towns of this State. (1875)

See chap. 14, L. 1880.

Fines for illegal fishing near any fishway established by the State, to be given to relief of poor. Chapter 55

See chap. 285, L. 1868; chaps. 488 and 677, L. 1892.

Act enabling the Charity Foundation of the Protestant Episcopal Church in city of Buffalo to sell and convey certain lands. Chapter 57

Act concerning the Hahnemann Hospital of the city and county of New York. Chapter 64

See chap. 871, L. 1873; chap. 490, L. 1892.

Moiety of penalties for illegal shell fishing in South Bay, Suffolk county, to be paid to the superintendents of the poor of the county. Chapter 89

Penalties for neglect of duty on part of any of the bay constables in towns of Brookhaven, Islip, Babylon and Huntington, to be paid to overseers of poor.

See chap. 593, L. 1886.

Authorizing city of Buffalo to issue bonds for \$30,000 to supply deficiency in poor department of said city. Chapter 90

Authorizing the Supervisors of Kings county to meet deficiencies in the appropriations made for the relief and support of the poor for the year 1875. Chapter 109

Act for the incorporation of societies for the prevention of cruelty to children. Chapter 130

See chap. 411, L. 1869; chap. 122, L. 1876; chap. 30, L. 1886; chap. 490, L. 1888; chap. 291, L. 1892; chap. 105, L. 1894; chap. 559, L. 1895; chap. 264, L. 1898.

Act providing for a better system of records of the inmates of poorhouses and almshouses. Copies to be sent to State Board of Charities. Chapter 140

See chap. 193, L. 1876; 1 R. S. part 1, chap. 20, title 1; chap. 225, L. 1896.

Fines for illegal fishing in Genesee river and its branches in Allegany county to go to use of the poor. Chapter 154

See chap. 524, L. 1875; chap. 534, L. 1879; chap. 488, L. 1892.

(1875)
Chapter 162

Reorganizing the Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children, on the Cattaraugus reservation, and to provide for its management and maintenance. Eight thousand five hundred dollars to be annually appropriated therefor.

See chap. 233, L. 1855; chap. 679, L. 1892.

Chapter 173

Providing for the better care of pauper and destitute children at asylums and not at county poorhouses.

See chap. 266, L. 1876; R. S. part. 1, chap. 20, title 1; chap. 225, L. 1896.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE BETTER CARE OF
PAUPER AND DESTITUTE CHILDREN.

CHAPTER 173, LAWS OF 1875.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. On and after January first, eighteen hundred and seventy-six, it shall not be lawful for any justice of the peace, police justice or other magistrate to commit any child, over three and under sixteen years of age, as vagrant, truant or disorderly, to any county poor-house of this State, or for any county superintendent or overseer of the poor, or other officer, to send any such child as a pauper to any such poor-house for support and care, unless such child be an unteachable idiot, an epileptic or paralytic, or be otherwise defective, diseased or deformed, so as to render it unfit for family care; but such justice of the peace, police justice or other magistrate, and also such county superintendent or overseer of the poor, or other officer, shall commit or send such child or children not above exempted to some orphan asylum or other charitable or reformatory institution, as now provided for by law.

§ 2. It shall be the duty of the county superintendents of the poor, or other proper officers charged with the support and relief of indigent persons of the several counties of this state, in which there are county poor-houses, to cause the removal of all children between the age of three and sixteen years (not exempted by the first section of this act) from their respective poor-houses, on or before the first day of January, eighteen hundred and seventy-six, and also to cause the removal of those who may hereafter come under the care and control, or hereafter be born in such poor-houses, before they shall have arrived at the age of three years, and provide for their support and care in families, orphan asylums or other appropriate institutions as now provided for by law; and the boards of supervisors of the several counties are hereby required to take such action in the matter as may be necessary

to carry out the provisions of this act. In placing any such child in any such institution, it shall be the duty of the officer, justice or person placing it there to commit such child to an orphan asylum, charitable or other reformatory institution that is governed or controlled by officers or persons of the same religious faith as the parents of such child, as far as practicable.

(1875)

Moiety of fines for illegal fishing in Hoffman pond in Claverack, Columbia county, also in Round lake, Saratoga county, to go to town poor.

Chapter 186

See chap. 488, L. 1892.

Incorporating Hornellsville Fire Department. By section 6, certain funds are to be applied to relief of indigent and disabled firemen.

Chapter 187

See chap. 288, L. 1867.

Moiety of penalties for fishing in Summer Hill lake, its inlet or outlet, in town of Summer Hill, Cayuga county, to go to poor fund.

Chapter 201

See chap. 534, L. 1879; chap. 488, L. 1892.

Act providing for the care and education of indigent deaf mutes under age of twelve years and for their reception into the various State deaf and mute institutions.

Chapter 213

See chap. 555, L. 1864.

Amending chapter 448, Laws of 1863, charter of the Society for the Protection of Destitute Roman Catholic Children, New York city.

Chapter 218

See chap. 410, L. 1882.

Providing for aid and support of poor in Erie, Kings and New York counties. Boards of supervisors to raise annually sufficient funds for support of poor and may make payments to charitable and reformatory institutions.

Chapter 221

See chap. 410, L. 1875; chap. 410, L. 1882; chap. 583, L. 1888.

Authorizing the establishment of a female department to the Western House of Refuge for Juvenile Delinquents. Seventy-five thousand dollars appropriated.

Chapter 228

See chap. 143, L. 1846.

The full text of this act is as follows:

(1875)

AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A FEMALE DEPARTMENT TO THE WESTERN HOUSE OF REFUGE FOR JUVENILE DELINQUENTS.

CHAPTER 228, LAWS OF 1875.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. The managers of the Western House of Refuge for Juvenile Delinquents are hereby authorized to erect and furnish a suitable building for a female department of the Western House of Refuge for Juvenile Delinquents, large enough to accommodate one hundred girls, to be under the same management as the said house of refuge, and to be located on the farm belonging to the State on which said house of refuge now stands; and the said managers shall contract for the erection and inclosure of the said building on such plans and such terms as they may deem just and proper, provided the said plans and the terms of said contract shall be approved by the Governor and Comptroller of the State of New York; and the said managers shall select and designate three of their number, who shall superintend the erection of said building, with a view to the due execution of the work on the part of those with whom the said managers shall contract for the erection and inclosure thereof.

§ 2. The State Treasurer is hereby directed to pay to the treasurer of the said board of managers, on warrant of the comptroller, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, such sum or sums of money as they may from time to time require for the erection of said building, not exceeding the sum of seventy-five thousand dollars, at such time as the same may be needed by said managers, in sums not exceeding five thousand dollars at any one time, and the expenditure of at least four thousand dollars thereof shall be accounted for to the Comptroller before any other sum shall be advanced.

§ 3. It shall be the duty of the said managers to make a detailed report of all the money received and expended by them by virtue of this act, and of the progress which shall have been made in the erection and inclosure of the said building, to the Comptroller of this State, on or before the first day of January next, and as often thereafter as the Comptroller shall or may from time to time require.

§ 4. The said managers shall for three weeks advertise in a newspaper published in each of the cities of New York, Albany, Buffalo, Rochester and Syracuse, for sealed proposals for erecting and completing said building and inclosure, and shall make a contract for the same with the lowest bidder or bidders, provided such bidder or bidders shall give satisfactory security for the performance of his or their contract or contracts, provided that such contract or contracts and such

security shall be approved by the Comptroller or Governor. No such bid shall be received unless the same shall be accompanied by a bond to the People of the State, in the penal sum of ten thousand dollars, executed by the person making such bid, and by two sureties, whose sufficiency shall be certified by the first judge of the county in which such sureties reside, conditioned that the person making such bid will, within twenty days after such bid shall be accepted, enter into a contract according to such bid, and give such security as is above required for the full and faithful performance thereof. In case the conditions of such bond shall be broken, the Comptroller shall cause such bond to be prosecuted, whenever, in his opinion, the interests of the State shall require it; and in the suit brought thereon the People of this State shall be entitled to recover the difference between the bid mentioned in the condition of said bond and the same mentioned in the bid upon which a contract shall be finally made, and also any other damages which the State may sustain by the breach of the condition of said bonds.

§ 5. No part of the moneys hereby appropriated shall be paid by the Comptroller until plans for the erection of the building shall have been presented and approved by the said managers and a contract made for the erection thereof, at a total cost of not more than seventy-five thousand dollars, which contract shall stipulate to complete the building, ready for occupancy at once, and without further outlay; and the person or persons entering into said contract shall bind themselves in bonds of not less than eighty thousand dollars, with two good and sufficient sureties, to be approved by the Comptroller, to erect and complete the said building in the manner and for the sum hereinbefore provided.

§ 6. Instead of letting the construction of said building by contract, as before provided, said managers may, with the approval of the Governor and Comptroller, construct such building under the supervision of a superintendent appointed for that purpose, and any expenditure made by them for that purpose shall be audited by the Comptroller, and paid by the Treasurer out of the moneys hereby appropriated for the construction of such building.

§ 7. The managers and superintendent shall receive and take into said house of refuge all female children under the age of sixteen who shall be legally committed to said house of refuge as vagrants, or on a conviction of any criminal offense by any court having authority to make such commitments. The said managers shall have power to place the said children committed to their care, during the minority of such children, at such employments and cause them to be instructed in such branches of useful knowledge as shall be suitable to their years and capacities; and they shall have power, in their discretion, to bind out the said children, with their consent, as apprentices or servants, during their minority, to such per-

(1875)

(1875)

sons, and at such places, to learn such proper trades and employment, as in their judgment will be most for the reformation and the future benefit and advantage of such children, provided that the charge and power of said managers upon and over said female children shall not extend beyond the age of eighteen years.

§ 8. Whenever the said department for females of the Western House of Refuge shall, in the opinion of the managers, be in readiness for the reception of persons committed thereto, the said managers shall make duplicate certificates thereof, one of which shall be transmitted by mail to the Governor of this State, and the other of which shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the county of Monroe. The Governor, on receiving such certificate, shall make an order authorizing courts in the fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth judicial districts of the State to send female delinquents to the said house of refuge, and shall file the certificate of such managers and his order in the office of the Secretary of State; the said Secretary of State shall transmit by mail to the first judge and county clerk of each of the counties included in the judicial districts designated in said order a certified copy of such certificate and order.

§ 9. From and after the time of making such order, the courts of criminal jurisdiction of the several counties in the judicial districts designated in said order, shall sentence to the said house of refuge every female under the age of sixteen years who shall be convicted before such court of any felony; the said courts and the several magistrates of the said counties may, in their discretion, sentence to the said house of refuge any such female who may be convicted before them of petit larceny, prostitution or disorderly conduct.

§ 10. All provisions or existing laws, requiring the courts in any of the judicial districts named in the order to be made by the Governor under the provisions of the ninth section of this act, to sentence persons to the house of refuge in the city of New York, shall be, from and after the making of the said order, repealed, so far as the same relates to the counties embraced in the said order and shall be inconsistent with the provisions of this act.

§ 11. All acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

§ 12. This act shall take effect immediately.

Chapter 236

Moiety of penalties for throwing cinders, ashes, refuse or garbage into Long Island Sound given to county poor of Westchester and Queens counties.

See chap. 276, L. 1877; chap. 593, L. 1886.

Chapter 255

Amending chapter 76, Laws of 1848, relating to orphan asylum societies in Brooklyn, as to division of ten per cent of excise money of said city.

Act in relation to the Hudson River Insane Hospital at Poughkeepsie, The State Homeopathic Insane Hospital at Middletown and the Buffalo State Asylum for the Insane, as to appointment of building superintendents, etc., and 'repealing sections 4 and 5, of chapter 347 of the Laws of 1870.

See chap. 446, L. 1874.

(1875)
Chapter 264

Act for incorporation of societies or clubs for benevolent and certain other lawful purposes.

Chapter 267

See chap. 368, L. 1865; chap. 53, L. 1876; chap. 98, L. 1880; chap. 474, L. 1885; chap. 536, L. 1888; chaps. 68 and 536, L. 1890; chap. 597, L. 1892; chap. 465, L. 1893.

Penalties for illegal fishing in Salmon river and Deer creek, Oswego county, to be given to town poor.

Chapter 272

See chap. 488, L. 1892.

Moiety of penalties for illegal fishing in Lawson's and McCulloch's lakes, Albany county, to go to poor fund.

Chapter 306

See chap. 488, L. 1892.

Amending chapter 661, Laws of 1873, as to support and care of State paupers; removal of paupers, upon satisfactory proof of their indigency, to State almshouse, provided for, and duties of State Board of Charities therein prescribed.

Chapter 308

See chap. 225, L. 1896.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO AMEND CHAPTER SIX HUNDRED AND SIXTY-ONE OF THE LAWS OF EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND SEVENTY-THREE, ENTITLED "AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE SUPPORT AND CARE OF STATE PAUPERS."

CHAPTER 308, LAWS OF 1875.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section four of chapter six hundred and sixty-one of the laws of eighteen hundred and seventy-three, entitled "An act to provide for the support and care of State paupers," is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

§ 4. The county judge and justices of the peace of the several counties of this State, and all police justices and county superintendents of the poor on satisfactory proof being made

(1875)

that the person so applying for relief is a State pauper, as defined by the first section of this act, shall by warrant cause such person to be removed or conveyed to the nearest State alms-house, and such pauper shall be maintained therein until duly discharged. All testimony taken in any such proceeding shall be forwarded by mail within five days thereafter to the secretary of the State Board of Charities. A verified statement of the expenses incurred by the person in making such removal shall be sent to the said secretary. And the State Board of Charities shall examine and audit the same and allow such expenses as have been actually and necessarily incurred in making such removal; provided that no allowance shall be made to any person for their time or service in making such removal. All such accounts for expenses in making such removals shall be paid by the State Treasurer on the warrant of the Comptroller, to the person incurring the same; but no such account shall be paid until it shall be certified and allowed by the said State Board of Charities.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

Chapter 321

Fines for illegal taking of fish from Oak Orchard creek in Genesee and Orleans counties and all lakes, ponds, streams or other waters in county of Orleans, to go to town poor fund.

See chap. 534, L. 1879; chap. 488, L. 1892.

Chapter 326

Amending charter of Newburgh, chapter 541, Laws of 1865, also chapter 551, Laws of 1872. Fines for drunkenness or violation of the excise laws to go to commissioners of the almshouse of town and city of Newburgh for support of poor.

See chap. 55, L. 1876; chap. 163, L. 1878.

Chapter 344

Moiety of penalties for illegal fishing for suckers in Schuyler's lake, Otsego county, to go to town poor fund.

See chap. 534, L. 1879; chap. 488, L. 1892.

Chapter 353

Amending charter of The Sisterhood of Grey Nuns in New York State, chapter 324, Laws of 1871.

See chap. 4, L. 1876.

Chapter 355

Incorporating "The Protectorate and Reformatory for Destitute Children from Oneida and adjacent counties," with power to bind out children.

Chapter 370

Amending and consolidating act relating to city of Elmira.

§ 4. One overseer of poor to be elected by city at large.

(1875)

§ 36. Overseer of poor to give security for his faithful performance of duty and to account for all moneys passing through his hands. Must report monthly to Common Council.

§ 37. Poor overseers of Elmira to possess powers and authority of overseers of poor in towns of the State, relative to relief of the indigent, the binding out of children, care of lunatics, etc.

§ 38. Charges against Elmira to be audited by supervisors of said city in same manner as in the towns of Chemung county by the respective town boards and all county charges to be audited in same manner as accounts of towns by board of supervisors of said county.

§ 39. Said overseer of poor to receive an annual compensation to be determined upon by common council.

Annual Appropriation Act.

Chapter 373

Appropriates \$15,000 for State Lunatic Asylum; \$8,000 for Hudson River Hospital for the Insane; \$300 for Onondaga Indians; \$8,500 for Thomas Asylum; \$200 for Deaf Mutes' Journal; \$111,000 for Institution for Deaf and Dumb in New York; \$15,000 for Institution for Improved Instruction for Deaf Mutes; \$9,000 for Central New York Institution for Deaf Mutes; \$45,000 for Institution for the Blind in New York; \$40,000 for Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents; \$45,000 for House of Refuge of Western New York; \$36,000 for Idiot Asylum at Syracuse; \$9,000 for Le Couteulx St. Mary's Institution; \$11,000 for Willard Insane Asylum; \$40,000 for Institution for Blind at Batavia; \$6,500 for State Inebriate Asylum; \$32,500 for State Board of Public Charities, for salaries and care of State paupers; \$7,361.67 for Indian annuities; \$5,000 for State Commissioner in Lunacy.

See chaps. 13 and 193, L. 1876.

(1875)
Chapter 382

Moiety of penalties for illegal fishing in Cooper's lake, in town of Woodstock, Ulster county, to go to poor fund of Ulster county.

See chap. 400, L. 1876; chap. 534, L. 1879; chap. 488, L. 1892.

Chapter 402

Moiety of penalties for violations of laws for preservation of fish, eels and shell fish in town of East Hampton, Suffolk county, to go to town poor.

See chap. 593, L. 1886.

Chapter 404

Authorizing appropriations by city of New York for the poor adult blind in New York city, not provided for in public or private institutions.

See chap. 112, L. 1873; chap. 410, L. 1882; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Chapter 410

Amending chapter 221, Laws of 1875, providing for aid and support of poor in Erie, Kings and New York counties.

Term "poor" defined.

Chapter 435

Consolidating The Albany City Dispensary Association with The Albany City Homeopathic Hospital, and to be known as "The Albany City Homeopathic Hospital and Dispensary."

Chapter 440

Amending charter of the Deaconess Institution of the Evangelical Lutheran Church, chapter 169, Laws of 1861, as to executive committee for Orphans' Farm School.

See chap. 161, L. 1869.

Chapter 452

Amending chapter 319, Laws of 1848, act for incorporation of benevolent, charitable, scientific and missionary societies, and acts amendatory thereof, as to increase in number of trustees.

Chapter 464

Act providing houses of detention in the several counties of this State for the safe-keeping and proper care of women and children charged with offenses and held for trial, and for detention of persons held as witnesses.

Chapter 466

Act exempting property of the Society of the New York Hospital, from taxation.

See chap. 410, L. 1882; chap. 462, L. 1889.

Act enabling the Buffalo General Hospital to change the number of its trustees.

(1875)
Chapter 469

Act conferring on Boards of Supervisors further powers of local legislation and administration and to regulate compensation of supervisors.

Chapter 482

Boards of Supervisors empowered,

1. To purchase real estate for establishments for the care of pauper idiots, paupers incurably insane and other indigent persons for whose support the county is liable.

2. To fix salaries of county officers and their subordinates.

To direct payment of fines and penalties in towns to supervisors thereof for support of town poor or to superintendents of county poor if paupers are county charges.

To provide for preservation of game and fish and prescribe penalties for violations.

See chaps. 488 and 686, L. 1892.

Act relating to benevolent fund of late volunteer fire department of late town of Morrisania, now the Twenty-third Ward of New York city.

Chapter 498

Amending charter of the trustees of the parochial fund of the Protestant Episcopal Church in Diocese of Western New York.

Chapter 500

See chap. 59, L. 1863.

Amending charter of the city of Hudson, chapter 468, Laws of 1872.

Chapter 501

One overseer of poor to be elected and provides personal liability of overseers of poor for disbursements in excess of the annual appropriation for relief of poor.

See chap. 379, L. 1876.

Authorizing various associations and societies incorporated under laws of New York State for purpose of taking care of and protecting destitute infant minor children, to bind out by indenture destitute children in their keeping.

Chapter 522

See chap. 438, L. 1884.

(1875)

The full text of this act is as follows :

AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE VARIOUS ASSOCIATIONS AND SOCIETIES INCORPORATED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, FOR THE PURPOSE OF TAKING CARE OF AND PROTECTING DESTITUTE INFANT MINOR CHILDREN, TO BIND OUT BY INDENTURE DESTITUTE CHILDREN WHO ARE IN THEIR CARE AND KEEPING.

CHAPTER 522, LAWS OF 1875.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows :

Section 1. Every society or association incorporated under the laws of this State for the purpose of taking care of and protecting destitute infant minor children, may, with the consent of any justice of the Supreme Court, or of the county judge in the county wherein such society or association may be situated, such consent to be expressed in writing on the indentures, bind out any destitute minor child or children which have been in their care and keeping for three months, of the age of eight years and upward, by indenture, to serve as clerk, apprentice or servant in any profession, trade or employment; if a male, for a period which shall not be beyond his twenty-first year, and if a female, for a period which shall not be beyond her eighteenth year.

§ 2. Such indenture shall be executed under seal and signed by such officer of such society or association as shall be authorized by the directors or trustees of such society or association to sign such indenture, and shall be signed also by the person employing such apprentice or minor child.

§ 3. The age of every infant so bound and the sum of money paid or agreed for, with, or in relation to the binding out of such minor child shall be inserted in the indenture, and such age shall be taken prima facie to be the true age without further proof thereof.

§ 4. The indenture shall contain an agreement on the part of the person to whom such child shall be bound, that he will cause such child to be instructed to read and write, and if a male, shall cause him to be instructed in the general rules of arithmetic, and shall contain such other provisions for the benefit of such infant as shall be deemed proper by any of the officers or trustees of said society or association, and which shall be agreed to by such person receiving such infant.

§ 5. Should such employer fail at any time to provide suitable and proper board, lodging and medical attendance, or shall fail to perform any of the provisions of said indenture on his part, said apprentice, individually, or any person on his behalf, may bring an action against said employer to recover damages sustained by reason of such failure; and if proved to the satisfaction of the court and the court shall deem it a

proper case, the court shall direct said indentures to be canceled, and may impose a judgment upon such employer not exceeding one thousand dollars and not less than one hundred dollars, and said judgment shall be collected and paid over to said society or association, which formerly had the custody of such child, to be used for the benefit of such minor in such manner as the trustees thereof shall direct.

(1875)

§ 6. This act shall take effect immediately.

Providing that the Commissioners of Excise of towns and villages in Orange county (except city and town of Newburgh) shall pay over to supervisor of towns all excise moneys which shall be paid from time to time to the overseers of poor for use of poor of towns.

Chapter 533

Amending chapter 306, Laws of 1861, authorizing establishment of House of Refuge for Juvenile Delinquents in Western New York.

Chapter 536

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO FURTHER AMEND CHAPTER THREE HUNDRED AND SIX OF THE LAWS OF ONE THOUSAND EIGHT HUNDRED AND SIXTY-ONE, ENTITLED "AN ACT TO AMEND THE ACT PASSED MAY EIGHTH, ONE THOUSAND EIGHT HUNDRED AND FORTY-SIX, ENTITLED 'AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE HOUSE OF REFUGE FOR JUVENILE DELINQUENTS IN WESTERN NEW YORK.'"

CHAPTER 536, LAWS OF 1875.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. The third section of chapter three hundred and six of the laws of eighteen hundred and sixty-one, entitled "An act to amend the act passed May eighth, eighteen hundred and forty-six, entitled 'An act authorizing the establishment of the House of Refuge for Juvenile Delinquents in Western New York,'" is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

§ 3. At the expiration of the period limited by the said order, or sooner if the said managers shall direct it, the superintendent or keeper of the said penitentiary shall return such delinquent to the custody and care of the superintendent of the said house of refuge to be further dealt with according to the laws, rules and regulations ordained for its government. During the confinement of all such persons sent from the said Western House of Refuge to the penitentiary, the State shall pay for the board and clothing of such persons as were heretofore sentenced, or are now in, or may hereafter be

- (1875) sent to such penitentiary, at the same rate as paid for other State prisoners confined in said penitentiary, not exceeding one dollar and fifty cents per week for such board.
§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.
- Chapter 573 Penalties for using barrels for the sale of apples, pears and potatoes of a size less than that prescribed by this act, to go to the use of the town poor, amending chapter 178, Laws of 1862.
See chap. 337, L. 1887.
- Chapter 574 Amending chapter 446, Laws of 1874, act revising and consolidating statutes of State, relating to care of the insane and management of asylums for their treatment and keeping, and duties of State Commissioners of Lunacy.
See chap. 273, L. 1890.
- Chapter 576 Amending Charter of city of Rome, chapter 25, Laws of 1870, and chapter 49, Laws of 1871.
§ 2. One overseer of poor to be elected.
- Chapter 578 Amending charter of the city of Yonkers, passed June 1, 1872.
§ 3 of Title 11 amended as follows: All laws applicable to overseers of poor in towns, to apply to commissioners of charities appointed pursuant to this title and such commissioners shall have and possess all powers which overseers of poor of towns now have or which shall be conferred on them by law.
See chap. 35, L. 1873; chap. 184, L. 1881.
- Chapter 590 Amending chapter 344, Laws of 1860, relating to support of poor of Rensselaer county and to define term of office of acting superintendent and auditing superintendents of poor now in office under said act.
- Chapter 626 Act relating to powers and duties of Board of Commissioners of Charities of Kings county.
See chap. 284, L. 1880; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.
- Chapter 627 Act relating to the Inebriates' Home for Kings county and to amend chapter 687, Laws of 1872, pro-

viding means of support of Inebriates' Home, Kings County.

(1875)

See chap. 843, L. 1867; chap. 169, L. 1877.

Amending charter of city of Brooklyn, passed June 28, 1873.

Chapter 633

Title 2, § 23. Amount to be raised and paid to 19 certain hospitals and dispensaries therein named, \$39,500.

Title 12, § 60. Commissioners of Fire Department of Brooklyn authorized to receive and collect all license fees provided for in their department and to deposit same in city treasury for use and benefit of Firemen's Insurance Fund.

See chap. 583, L. 1888.

Annual Supply Bill.

Chapter 634

Appropriates \$12,500 for Institution for the Blind at Batavia; \$5,000 for care of State paupers pursuant to chapter 661, Laws of 1873; \$1,500 for State Idiot Asylum at Syracuse; \$2,500 for Mariners' Family Industrial Society; \$35,000 for Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents; \$35,000 for House of Refuge of Western New York; \$56,000 for Willard Insane Asylum; \$50,277.47 for State Lunatic Asylum at Utica; \$100,000 for Reformatory at Elmira; \$123,800 for Homeopathic Asylum for the Insane, Middletown; \$150,000 for Buffalo Insane Asylum; \$50,000 for Hudson River Insane Hospital.

See chap. 2, L. 1876; chap. 486, L. 1892.

Repealing chapter 353, Laws of 1875, act amending charter of the Sisterhood of Grey Nuns in New York State, chapter 324, Laws of 1871.

99th session
1876
Chapter 4

Act in relation to the Central New York Institution for Deaf Mutes at Rome. Institution to be provided for State pupils on appointment of Superintendent of Public Instruction.

Chapter 13

See chap. 213, L. 1875.

Confirming official acts of Walter W. Allen, a Superintendent of Poor of Seneca county, and to enable him to take and file his oath of office.

Chapter 17

(1876)
Chapter 33

Fixing compensation of overseer of poor of town of Rhinebeck, Dutchess county, at \$100 per annum.

Chapter 54

Providing for the reporting of persons in the various benevolent institutions at county expense to clerk of board of supervisors by the officers of such institution.

See chap. 159, L. 1855.

Chapter 99

Authorizing the Patriot Orphan Home to convey certain real estate in town of Flushing, Queens County, to the New York Infant Asylum for a nominal consideration.

Chapter 109

Enabling Commissioners of Almshouse of city of Kingston to borrow sum not exceeding \$5,000 for current relief of poor and to provide for its payment by general city tax.

Chapter 116

Amending chapter 158, Laws of 1875, amending chapter 836, Laws of 1872, regulating places of amusement in New York city. Charitable and religious exhibitions excepted from provisions of act.

Chapter 121

Act regulating appointment of trustees of the State Homeopathic Insane Asylum at Middletown by State Senate on nomination of Governor.

See chap. 446, L. 1874.

Chapter 122

Act to prevent and punish wrongs to children. Occupation of children in theatrical and certain other employments made a misdemeanor.

See chap. 411, L. 1869; chap. 593, L. 1886; chap. 676, L. 1881.

Chapter 133

Act providing for the removal from office by Governor of any County Superintendent of the Poor charged with misconduct. Offender to be given a copy of charge against him and opportunity to defend himself. The Governor to direct testimony or examination.

See chap. 28, L. 1849; chaps. 677 and 681, L. 1892.

The full text of this act is as follows:

(1876)

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE REMOVAL OF CERTAIN OFFICERS, AND TO AMEND PROCEEDINGS IN RELATION THERETO.

CHAPTER 133, LAWS OF 1876.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. The Governor may remove any county treasurer, county superintendent of the poor, or notary public for misconduct or malversation in office at any time within the term for which such officer shall have been appointed or elected, giving to him a copy of the charges against him, and an opportunity of being heard in his defense before such removal shall be made as in proceedings for a removal of a sheriff; and in any such case the Governor may direct testimony to be taken, or an examination to be made in the manner now prescribed by law in proceedings for the removal of a sheriff, and in any case in which the approval or assent of the Governor is or may be necessary as a condition of removal of any officer, the Governor may direct testimony to be taken, or an examination to be made in the manner aforesaid.

§ 2. In any order directing the taking of testimony or an examination in a proceeding for the removal of any officer, the Governor may direct that the judge or commissioner, in reporting the evidence shall also report the material facts which he deems to be established by the evidence, and in any case where in his judgment the public interests may require it, the Governor may direct a hearing on the evidence taken in any such examination before a judge of the supreme court, or a county judge, and a report by such judge of his conclusions on the questions of fact or law involved in the case, and may assign a judge for such hearing.

§ 3. This act shall take effect immediately.

Authorizing sale of part of the poor house farm, in Oswego county, by common council of city of Oswego.

Chapter 154

Authorizing city of Buffalo to issue certificates of indebtedness to amount of \$30,000 to supply deficiency in the poor department of the city.

Chapter 172

Amending chapter 77, Laws of 1870, amending act combining into one the several acts relating to Albany city.

Chapter 173

§ 15. Almshouse expenses to be audited and paid by provision to be made by common council.

Amending chapter 35, Laws of 1873, amending charter of city of Yonkers. A hospital or pest house may

Chapter 179

(1876)

be erected under ordinance of common council, to be under control of city Board of Health.

Chapter 190

Amending chapter 319, Laws of 1848, relating to the incorporation of benevolent, charitable, scientific and missionary societies. The corporate existence of said societies may be extended by the filing of a certificate made and signed by majority of trustees of such corporation declaring term of extension not to be more than 50 years, in office of Secretary of State and a duplicate of same in office of County Clerk where original certificate of incorporation was filed.

Chapter 192

Annual appropriation act.

Appropriates \$6,600 for State Inebriate Asylum; \$15,000 for State Lunatic Asylum; \$300 for Onondaga Indians; \$300 for Deaf Mutes' Journal; \$102,000 for pupils at Deaf and Dumb Institution, New York; \$15,000 for pupils at Institution for Improved Instruction of Deaf Mutes, New York; \$12,000 for pupils at Le Couteulx St. Mary's Institution, Buffalo; \$8,500 for Thomas Asylum; \$54,000 for pupils at New York Institution for the Blind; \$40,000 for Society for Juvenile Delinquents; \$55,000 for House of Refuge of Western New York; \$36,000 for State Idiot Asylum at Syracuse; \$10,500 for Willard Insane Asylum; \$8,000 for Hudson River State Hospital for the Insane; \$8,000 for State Homeopathic Asylum; \$40,000 for Institution for the Blind at Batavia; \$37,500 for State Commissioners of Public Charities; \$7,361.67 for Indian annuities.

Chapter 193

Supply Bill.

Appropriates \$10,000 for Institution for the Blind at Batavia; \$50,850 for Middletown Homeopathic Insane Asylum; \$100,500 for Willard Insane Asylum; \$25,809.88 for New York State Lunatic Asylum, Utica; \$35,000 for Syracuse State Idiot Asylum; \$6,000 for Binghamton Inebriate Asylum; \$152,755.92 for Hud-

son River State Hospital for the Insane; \$121,000 for Buffalo State Insane Asylum; \$26,600 for Randall's Island Society for Juvenile Delinquents; \$30,000 for Western House of Refuge; \$2,120.81 for Rome Institution for Deaf Mutes; \$110,000 for Elmira Reformatory. (1876)

Incorporating the "Great Tribe of the Independent Order of Red Men of the State of New York." Chapter 202

Amending charter of the New York Infant Asylum, chapter 106, Laws of 1865. Board of Supervisors of New York county to levy tax for support of infants maintained. Chapter 213

See chap. 410, L. 1882.

Amending chapter 173, Laws of 1875, providing for the better care of pauper and destitute children and for the removal of minor children from poor houses to orphan asylums, private homes. Chapter 266

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO AMEND CHAPTER ONE HUNDRED AND SEVENTY-THREE OF THE LAWS OF EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND SEVENTY-FIVE, ENTITLED "AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE BETTER CARE OF PAUPER AND DESTITUTE CHILDREN."

CHAPTER 266, LAWS OF 1876.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section two of chapter one hundred and seventy-three of the laws of eighteen hundred and seventy-five, entitled "An act to provide for the better care of paupers* and destitute children," is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

§ 2. From and after the passage of this act it shall be the duty of the county superintendents of the poor, or other proper officers charged with the support and relief of indigent persons of the several counties of this State in which there are county poor-houses to cause the removal of all children between the ages of three and sixteen years (not exempted by the first section of this act) from their respective poor houses, and also to cause the removal of those who may hereafter come under their care and control, or hereafter be born in such poor-

*So in original.

- (1876) houses, before they shall have arrived at the age of three years, and provide for their support and care in families, orphan asylums or other appropriate institutions, as now provided for by law, and the boards of supervisors of the several counties are hereby required to take such action in the matter as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this act.
§ 2: This act shall take effect immediately.
- Chapter 267 Amending chapter 446, Laws of 1874, revising and consolidating the State statutes relating to care and custody of the insane, the management of asylums for their treatment and keeping, and the duties of the State Commissioner in Lunacy.
See chap. 245, L. 1880.
- Chapter 270 Incorporating "The Grand Army of the Republic Soldiers' Home of New York."
See chap. 75, L. 1877; chap. 48, L. 1878; art. 4, chap. 227, L. 1893; chap. 900, L. 1896; chap. 769, L. 1900.
- Chapter 280 Amending chapter 322, Laws of 1870, authorizing corporations to change their names upon application to the Supreme Court.
See chap. 687, L. 1892.
- Chapter 304 The Orphan Asylum Society of City of Brooklyn vested with title to real estate occupied by it in that city.
See chap. 95, L. 1835.
- Chapter 326 Authorizing Board of Supervisors of Kings county to raise \$10,000 for temporary relief of out door poor and \$16,000 to pay deficiencies in the salary account of the Commissioners of Charities.
- Chapter 331 Act in relation to the Western New York Institution for Deaf Mutes. Superintendent of Public Instruction may send State pupils and supervisors and overseers of poor of towns may also send children.
See chap. 325, L. 1863; chap. 331, L. 1876.
- Chapter 335 Amending section 3, title 2, of amended charter of city of Brooklyn passed June 28, 1873, by providing that amount to be paid to Brooklyn Eclectic Dispensary be raised to \$1,500.
See chap. 809, L. 1869; chap. 863, L. 1873; chap. 583, L. 1888.

Act supplementary to chapter 492, Laws of 1874, incorporating Home for the Friendless in Northern New York as to consent to adoption of children placed under its care.

(1876)
Chapter 343

Amending chapter 421, Laws of 1874, Compulsory Education Law, in regulating the employment of children under fourteen years of age in business.

Chapter 372

See chap. 671, L. 1894; chap. 606, L. 1896; chap. 459, L. 1903.

Act preventing deposit of mud, earth, soil, ashes or refuse in the North or Hudson River and to prevent the filling up the navigable waters of said river. Penalties for the violation of act to go to county poor. In case steam boats or tugs should tow mud scows to prohibited place of deposit of refuse they shall be jointly liable and fined accordingly, penalties for same going to benefit of county poor.

Chapter 376

See chap. 456, L. 1879; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Amending act revising, amending and consolidating act relating to city of Hudson and to repeal chapter 501, Laws of 1875. Overseer of poor to be elected who shall perform all duties and obey all rules imposed by Common Council. General provision of statute relating to overseers of poor not to apply to overseers of poor of Hudson. Any overseer of poor making disbursements for the relief of poor, exceeding the annual appropriation, to be personally liable for the excess which shall not be audited by Common Council.

Chapter 379

See chap. 468, L. 1872.

Amending chapter 290, Laws of 1855, regulating police of Rensselaer county. Moneys collected by overseers of poor from forfeiting recognizances to go to benefit of town poor and within twenty days after collection, a report stating amount and name of person from whom collected to be delivered to town clerk. All fines, paid to justices, police justices or magistrates, to be paid to overseer of poor, for benefit of town poor.

Chapter 390

See chap. 593, L. 1886.

(1876)
Chapter 391

Act relating to the inspection and running of steam-boats on Chautauqua Lake.

§ 17. Moiety of penalties for violation of this act to go to poor fund.

Chapter 395

Act for the protection and propagation of fish in waters of Tonawanda Creek, Genesee county. Moiety of penalties for violation of act to be given to town poor.

See chap. 534, L. 1879; chap. 488, L. 1892.

Chapter 397

Legalizing act of Board of Supervisors of Niagara county concerning duties and compensation of Superintendent of Poor of said county and to confer further duties and powers on said board.

Chapter 420

Providing for the maintenance, support and government of the poor in Queens county. Superintendent of the Poor to be annually appointed by Board of Supervisors.

See chap. 417, L. 1883.

Chapter 430

Amending chapter 569, Laws of 1870, authorizing sale of lands belonging to and occupied by the Seaman's Retreat on Staten Island.

Chapter 443

Supplemental to act revising charter of city of Syracuse and amendatory acts.

Overseers of poor and their assistants to administer oaths in all matters pertaining to duties of their office and to elicit statements of facts from applicants for relief, etc. Salary of assistant overseer not to exceed \$1,000 per annum.

See chap. 26, L. 1885.

Code of Remedial Justice, §§ 458-467, relating to parties prosecuting and defending as poor persons. Such persons not liable for costs or fees.

§§ 1389-1404. Exemption of property from levy and sale by virtue of execution, etc. Additional exemptions for householders. Pension moneys also exempted.

See chap. 178, L. 1880; chaps. 112 and 170, L. 1891; chap. 202, L. 1891.

Concurrent resolution passed April 21, 1876, requesting Senators and Representatives in Congress from this State to endeavor to secure legislation for the protection of emigrants and for the security of cities, towns and counties of State, the laws of this State heretofore enacted, for the protection of emigrants and preventing their becoming a charge upon any city, town or county in State on ground that such laws are in violation of the Constitution, having been declared void by the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States.

(1876)
Page 490

An order of the Supreme Court of New York State authorizing "The Juvenile Retreat of the city of Albany" to assume the name of "The Orphans' Home of St. Peter's Church, in the City of Albany." December 28, 1875.

Page 492

Charter of city of Syracuse amended. Office of overseer of poor of first ward abolished and his powers and duties vested in overseer of poor at large of said city.

100th session
1877
Chapter 19

See chap. 63, L. 1857; chap. 26, L. 1885.

Authorizing Kings county to raise \$40,000 for the continuance of relief supplies to the out door poor.

Chapter 30

Amending section 1 of chapter 638, Laws of 1867, authorizing the New York Society for the Relief of the Ruptured and Crippled to hold real estate to the amount of \$250,000 and personal property to the amount of \$750,000, but trustees and officers shall not receive any compensation.

Chapter 37

See chap. 528, L. 1886.

Act releasing to the following charitable institutions in New York city the interest of the People of New York State, in certain personal property formerly of James Kelly, of New York City, deceased: Nursery and Child's Hospital, Society for the Relief of Poor Widows with Small Children, Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital, House of Rest for Consumptives, Institution of Mercy

Chapter 40

(1877)

for St. Joseph's Industrial Home for Destitute Children, Eighty-first street and Madison avenue, Nuns of the Order of St. Dominick of the City of New York, for Industrial School of the Sisters of St. Dominick, Union Home and School for the Education and Maintenance of the Children of Our Volunteers who are left unprovided for, St. James' Church, for St. James' Industrial Home, Home for Incurables, St. Stephen's Home for Children, Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor of the City of New York, New York Ophthalmic Hospital, Sisters of the Poor of St. Francis, Samaritan Home for the Aged of the City of New York, equally, share and share alike.

See chap. 64, L. 1870; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Chapter 43

Act in relation to the Foundling Asylum of the sisters of charity in New York city. May purchase real estate to the amount of \$75,000 and draw compensation from city funds for each mother with nursing infant cared for by said asylum.

See chap. 64, L. 1870; chap. 410, L. 1882; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Chapter 45

Act enabling commissioners of almshouse of city of Kingston to borrow money not exceeding \$10,000 and to provide for its payment. Said funds to be used for relief of poor by payment for labor in breaking stone for city streets as far as possible.

See chap. 150, L. 1872.

Chapter 59

Providing for the Superintendent of the Poor of Otsego county to be keeper of the poor house of said county.

Chapter 64

Amending section 7 of chapter 633, Laws of 1866, in relation to the benevolent fund of the late volunteer fire department in New York city, as amended by chapter 962, Laws of 1867, and further amended by chapter 297, Laws of 1870. Application of foreign fire insurance premium tax.

See chap. 89, L. 1879.

Incorporating the "Grand Lodge of the Ancient Order of United Workmen of the State of New York."

(1877)
Chapter 74

See chap. 69, L. 1878.

Amending chapter 270, Laws of 1876, to incorporate the Grand Army of the Republic Soldiers' Home of New York State.

Chapter 75

See chap. 227, L. 1893; chap. 900, L. 1896; chap. 769, L. 1900.

Authorizing Common Council of city of Buffalo to appropriate \$29,000 for the deficiency in poor fund of 1876 of said city.

Chapter 83

Act to further amend charter of New York Infant Asylum, chapter 106, Laws of 1865. Authorizes annual tax by Board of Supervisors of New York county to pay thirty-eight cents per day for each child maintained by said asylum.

Chapter 90

See chap. 410, L. 1882; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Providing for making, to the New York Infirmery for Women and Children, annual allowances and payments for the care and maintenance of lying-in and nursing women out of New York city funds.

Chapter 101

See chap. 178, L. 1864; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Incorporating the "Veteran Guard of the City of New York."

Chapter 126

Revising charter of the city of Oswego, as amended by chapter 463, Laws of 1860. Board of Commissioners of Charity to report their expenditures monthly to common council, which report is to be published with proceedings of said council.

Chapter 127

See chap. 169, L. 1883; chap. 265, L. 1888; chap. 30, L. 1890; chap. 432, L. 1894.

Annual Appropriation Act.

Chapter 128

Appropriates \$6,600 for the State Inebriate Asylum; \$15,000 for the State Lunatic Asylum; \$300 for the Onondaga Indians; \$650 for Deaf Mutes' Journal; \$159,000 for five institutions for support and instruction of deaf mutes; \$8,500 for Thomas Asylum; \$54,000 for New York Institution for Blind; \$40,000 for Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents; \$55,000

(1877) for Western House of Refuge; \$45,000 for State Idiot Asylum at Syracuse; \$12,000 for Willard Insane Asylum; \$9,500 for Hudson River State Insane Hospital; \$8,000 for State Homeopathic Asylum; \$4,500 for Institution for the Blind at Batavia; \$37,500 for State Board of Charities; \$7,371.67 for Indian annuities.

Chapter 142 Amending chapter 101, Laws of 1862, in relation to support and custody of indigent insane persons in Genesee county as to admission of indigent insane persons to county asylum connected with poor house.

Chapter 155 Amending chapter 420, Laws of 1862, incorporating the Union Home and School for the Education and Maintenance of the Children of Volunteers. Authorized to hold real and personal property of net annual income of \$100,000.

Chapter 157 Repealing certain provisions of chapter 4, Laws of 1862, securing better application of funds to relieve the poor in town of Little Falls, Herkimer county, and to make the overseer of alms of said town the overseer of the poor therein.

See chap. 537, L. 1881.

Chapter 169 Providing means for the support and government of the Inebriates' Home for Kings county and to amend acts relating thereto, chapter 843, Laws of 1867, April 30, 1868, and chapter 514, Laws of 1871, chapter 687, Laws of 1872, and chapter 627, Laws of 1875.

Chapter 184 Enabling the Orphans' Home and Asylum of the Protestant Episcopal Church, in New York, to acquire and hold real and personal estate, each to amount of \$300,000.

Chapter 186 Amending chapter 742, Laws of 1871, in relation to storage and keeping of combustible material in New York city, the use and control of fire alarm telegraph and other purposes connected with the prevention and extinguishment of fires therein and imposing certain powers and duties on board of fire commissioners in said city. All fines imposed by board of commissioners

of fire department upon its members, rewards, fees, gifts, license fees, etc., to be deposited by treasurer in the New York fire department relief fund.

(1877)

Treasurer of benevolent fund of late volunteer fire department to pay over certain money to treasurer of relief fund herein created. Retiring members of department to receive a pension in case of total disqualification for service or a compensation for limited service in case of partial disability. Unmarried widows or children under 16 years of age of deceased firemen to receive annual annuity of \$300 or such sum as trustees shall specify.

Life Insurance Fund created from monthly contributions of members of force. In case of death of member \$1,000 to be paid to widow or legal representative. In case of deficiency in insurance fund the monthly donations to be one dollar more per member and if further funds are necessary to meet demand of deceased members. A sum not exceeding \$5,000 may be paid over to insurance fund from the relief fund. Chapter 765, Laws of 1866 repealed.

See chap. 742, L. 1871; chap. 119, L. 1879.

Enabling the trustees of the Seaman's Fund and Retreat in the city of New York to borrow \$5,000.

Chapter 195

See chap. 234, L. 1831.

Amending chapter 569, Laws of 1870, authorizing the sale of lands belonging to and occupied by the Seaman's Retreat on Staten Island.

Chapter 207

Supplementary to chapter 349, Laws of 1855, incorporating the Oswego Fire Department of the city of Oswego and acts amending the same.

Chapter 226

Principal realized from sale or investment of property of said department to be a permanent fund, to be kept invested by common council and interest or income to go to the relief of disabled members or their families.

See chap. 363, L. 1891.

(1877)
Chapter 241

Preventing the making and publication of false or deceptive statements in relation to the business of fire insurance. Penalties for violation of this act to go to benefit of county poor.

See chap. 466, L. 1853.

Chapter 248

Requiring the superintendents of the poor of Genesee county to convey to board of supervisors of said county the lands and appurtenances known as the poor house farm in town of Bethany in said county.

Chapter 275

Supply Bill.

Appropriations: \$100,378 for Willard Insane Asylum; \$36,058.89 for Utica Insane Asylum; \$69,578.85 for Hudson River State Hospital; \$38,150 for Middletown State Homeopathic Insane Asylum; \$12,000 for State Idiot Asylum, Syracuse; \$50,158.11 for House of Refuge for Western New York; \$2,364.18 for Le Couteux St. Mary's Institution, Buffalo; \$8,400 for Western New York Institute for Deaf Mutes at Rochester; \$27,567.05 for Society for Juvenile Delinquents, Randall's Island; \$25,000 for New York Catholic Protector; \$190,549 for Elmira Reformatory.

See chap. 36, L. 1878; chap. 272, L. 1879.

Chapter 283

Annual statements and estimates of city of Brooklyn to include \$46,000 for twenty-two certain Brooklyn hospitals and dispensaries therein named, on condition that medical aid shall be given to poor who may apply for it gratis.

See chap. 863, L. 1873; chap. 583, L. 1888.

Chapter 294

Authorizing town of Mooers, Clinton County, to borrow \$2,000 and issue bonds therefor for relief of poor of towns suffering on account of late conflagration in town and to levy and collect tax for the payment of same.

Chapter 296

Act providing for the removal of eel weirs and other devices for taking fish from the Delaware river or tributaries and to prevent maintenance of such devices.

Penalties for violation of provisions of act to go to county poor fund. (1877)

See chap. 488, L. 1892.

Repealing chapter 142, Laws of 1873, amending chapter 97, Laws of 1869, incorporating the trustees of the Minard fund for the benefit of widows and orphans of deceased preachers of the Genesee Annual Conference. Chapter 302

Legalizing and confirming titles of Edwin Carr and Maurice Nelan to certain lands in Bethany, Genesee county, N. Y., which were heretofore conveyed to them by the Superintendents of the Poor of said county. Purchase price to be paid into county poor fund. Chapter 331

Appropriating \$100,000 toward the completion of the Buffalo State Asylum and \$50,000 for the Hudson River State Hospital for a new building. Chapter 336

See chap. 648, L. 1865.

To amend chapter 264, Laws of 1817, incorporating the members of the New York Institution for the Instruction of Deaf and Dumb. Chapter 343

Amending chapter 272, Laws of 1864, incorporating the trustees of the Masonic Hall and Asylum Fund. Chapter 350

See chap. 55, L. 1885; chap. 105, L. 1890.

Relating to the maintenance of the chronic insane poor of Clinton county. Authorizing removal of chronic insane paupers from Willard State Asylum to county house. Chapter 360

See chap. 126, L. 1900.

Authorizing the Orange county Asylum for the Chronic Insane to receive patients or inmates from adjoining counties. Chapter 363

Relating to the St. Joseph's Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf Mutes at Fordham, Westchester county. State pupils to be appointed by Superintendent of Public Instruction. Chapter 378

Act for the protection of dairymen and to prevent deception in sales of butter. Imitation butter to be Chapter 415

(1877)

marked. Moiety of fines to be collected for violations of provisions of act to go to benefit of county poor.

See chap. 202, L. 1884; chap. 676, L. 1881.

Chapter 428

Act for the protection of children and to prevent and punish certain wrongs to children. Minors under 14 years not to be allowed in drinking or concert saloons, etc. Begging by children prohibited.

See chap. 411, L. 1869; chaps. 496 and 676, L. 1881; chap. 593, L. 1886.

Chapter 434

Amending chapter 184, Laws of 1866. Act for the better protection of seamen in port and harbor of New York. Keepers of saloons and hotels not to ship seamen. There shall be a board of commissioners for licensing sailors' hotels or boarding houses in New York city and Brooklyn, consisting of six persons, chosen by six maritime and charitable associations.

Chapter 438

Creating a police pension fund for disabled and retired policemen in city of Brooklyn.

See chap. 863, L. 1873; chap. 476, L. 1883; chap. 632, L. 1886; chap. 232, L. 1887; chap. 583, L. 1888.

Code of Civil Procedure.

§ 340. County courts have jurisdiction, concurrently with Supreme Court, over the persons and estates of incompetents.

§ 383. An action for a penalty must be brought within three years.

§§ 426-9. Service of a summons upon an infant or incompetent must also be made upon his guardian or committee, or a special guardian appointed by the court. In certain cases personal service upon a lunatic may be dispensed with.

§§ 458-67. Parties prosecuting and defending as poor persons, who may petition for leave to so prosecute; contents of petition, when and how leave granted and assignment of counsel by court; upon leave being granted, such person not liable for fees or costs. Annulment of leave. Petition for leave to defend, con-

(1877)

tents of petition; proceedings thereon. Appeals in such cases. Costs in favor of poor persons to go to counsel.

§ 549. Order for arrest of defendant may be granted in civil action to recover a fine or penalty, for misconduct or neglect in office or to recover funds belonging to the State or any public or governmental interest wrongfully converted to defendant's use.

§ 554. Incompetents and infants under 14 years, if arrested, to be discharged.

§ 637. Warrant of attachment may issue against a public officer, for peculation.

§ 843. Where an officer, board or committee may be authorized to take testimony, such officer or member of such board or committee may administer oaths for that purpose.

§ 854. An officer, board or committee authorized to hear and determine a matter may subpoena witnesses.

§§ 921-2. Documentary evidence. Official certificates, evidence.

§ 1030. A resident officer or an attendant, assistant, teacher or other person actually employed in a State asylum for lunatics, idiots or habitual drunkards, upon claiming exemption, may be excused from trial jury duty.

§ 1268. Discharge of a judgment against a bankrupt.

§§ 1389-1404. Exemption against property. Property exempt from levy and sale.

Concurrent Resolution.

Pages 558 and 559

Relating to the Soldiers' Home for the State of New York. Official returns of 35 of the 60 counties of State show that there are 641 veteran soldiers and sailors in the county poor houses of the State.

A farm of 240 acres in vicinity of Bath, Steuben county, having been purchased for home for disabled soldiers and sailors and private subscription raised for erecting buildings thereon,

(1877)

Resolved, That if the institution be completed by private subscription at a cost for land and buildings of not less than \$100,000, the State will provide for adequate maintenance and proper support of the disabled inmates as one of the charities of the State.

101st session
1878

Chapter 12

Amending chapter 145, Laws of 1868, regulating the expenditures for poor purposes in Seneca county.

Chapter 24

Name of the Woman's Aid Society and Home for Training Young Girls changed to "The Free Home for Destitute Young Girls."

Chapter 29

Name of the Woman's Aid Society and Home for State Lunatic Asylum; \$6,600 for State Inebriate Asylum; \$7,361.67 for Indian annuities; \$300 for Onondaga Indians; \$163,625 for six named institutions for Deaf Mutes; \$8,500 for Thomas Asylum; \$49,500 for New York Institution for the Blind; \$40,000 for Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents; \$70,000 for Western House of Refuge; \$45,000 for State Idiot Asylum, Syracuse; \$12,350 for Willard Insane Asylum; \$8,000 for Hudson River State Hospital; \$8,000 for State Homœopathic Asylum; \$35,000 for Institution for Blind at Batavia; \$37,500 for State Board of Charities.

See chap. 61, L. 1879.

Chapter 47

Act in relation to the powers and duties of the State Commissioner in Lunacy.

See chap. 446, L. 1874; chap. 283, L. 1889; chap. 273, L. 1890.

Chapter 48

Authorizing the transfer to the State of the Soldiers' Home and the appointment of a board of trustees for its completion and control.

See chap. 270, L. 1876; chap. 677, L. 1892; chap. 227, L. 1893; chap. 900, L. 1896; chap. 769, L. 1900; chap. 227, L. 1893, §§ 40-44; chap. 900, L. 1896; chap. 769, L. 1900.

Chapter 69

Amending chapter 74, Laws of 1877, incorporating the Grand Lodge of the Ancient Order of United Workmen in New York State.

Amending chapter 220, Laws of 1862, reorganizing the State Asylum for Idiots and to provide for its management and government.

(1878)
Chapter 72

Amending chapter 225, Laws of 1851, incorporating the Ladies' Union Aid Society of the Methodist Episcopal church, New York city. Name changed to "The Methodist Episcopal Church Home in the city of New York."

Chapter 81

In relation to the officers and medical staff of Willard Insane Asylum.

Chapter 86

See chap. 446, L. 1874.

Amending chapter 30, Laws of 1873, creating a board of charities in and for the city of Utica.

Chapter 91

See chap. 18, L. 1862.

Amending chapter 249, Laws 1857, amending act incorporating the American Female Guardian Society.

Chapter 105

See chap. 410, L. 1882.

Amending chapter 194, Laws of 1873, continuing in force and amending chapter 138, Laws of 1852, incorporating the firemen of the city of Utica as a benevolent association.

Chapter 108

Amending chapter 628, Laws of 1857, suppressing intemperance and regulating sale of liquors and amendatory acts. Penalties for violations of act to go to benefit of town poor or county poor.

Chapter 109

See chap. 401, L. 1892.

Amending chapter 159, Laws of 1855, allowing trustees, directors or managers of incorporated asylums to bind out children surrendered to their care whether orphans or indigent children.

Chapter 112

See chap. 438, L. 1884.

The full text of this act is as follows:

(1878)

AN ACT TO AMEND CHAPTER ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY-NINE OF THE LAWS OF EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND FIFTY-FIVE, ENTITLED "AN ACT TO ALLOW THE TRUSTEES, DIRECTORS OR MANAGERS OF INCORPORATED ASYLUMS TO BIND OUT ORPHANS OR INDIGENT CHILDREN SURRENDERED TO THEIR CARE.

CHAPTER 112, LAWS OF 1878.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section one of chapter one hundred and fifty-nine of the laws of eighteen hundred and fifty-five, entitled "An act to allow the trustees, directors or managers of incorporated asylums to bind out orphans or indigent children surrendered to their care," is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

§ 1. The trustees, directors or managers of any incorporated orphan asylum (or other incorporated institution for the care of friendless children) may bind out any orphan or indigent child, if a male, under the age of twenty-one years, or, if a female, under the age of eighteen years, which has been or shall be surrendered to the care and custody of said society by the parent or guardian thereof (or which has been left to its care with no provision for its support, for the space of one year), or placed therein by the superintendent of the poor of the county, or the overseers of the poor, or board of charities of any city or town in the county within which said asylum is located, to be clerks, apprentices or servants, until such child, if a male, shall be twenty-one years old, or, if a female, shall be eighteen years old, which binding shall be as effectual as if such child had bound himself with the consent of his father.

§ 2. Section two of the said act is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

§ 2. In case of the death of the father of any indigent child, or in case the father shall have abandoned his family or neglected to provide for them (during a period of six months), the mother shall be guardian of said child for the purpose of surrendering the said child to the care and custody of said society; and in case of the death of both parents, the mayor of the city, or county judge of the county within which the said asylum may be located, shall be, ex-officio, the guardian of said child for the purpose of enabling said trustees, managers or directors to bind out such child, but this act shall not apply to cases where testamentary guardians have been appointed by either parent.

§ 3. When a child or children shall have been placed under the care and custody of any incorporated charitable institution, and supported in part or in whole by the city of New York, by taxes imposed for that purpose, shall be considered as deserted, then if no inquiry has been made about their welfare

and no board has been paid by parents or guardian for the space of one year, any judge of a court of record, in the county where such child or children may be taken care of, is authorized and empowered, on application of the charitable institutions having the charge of such child or children, to order their adoption by suitable persons named by said institution, or their transfer to any incorporated non-sectarian institution or society to be selected by parties or persons seeking homes or occupation for children, if said societies shall consent to receive them; and the said named societies, when consenting to receive such child or children, may bind out such child or children as set forth in sections one and two of this act.

(1878)

§ 4. This act shall take effect immediately.

Amending chapter 328, Laws of 1868, to amend and continue in force an act incorporating an association for the relief of respectable, aged, indigent females in New York city, chapter 69, Laws of 1815, and acts continuing in force and amending same.

Chapter 116

See chap. 224, L. 1885.

Authorizing common council of city of Buffalo to increase appropriation for the support of the poor for 1878 by \$23,000 to meet deficiency for year 1877.

Chapter 130

Providing that the superintendent of the poor of Yates county may be keeper of said county poor house.

Chapter 135

Enabling the Home for Incurables in New York City to take and hold real estate to the amount of \$250,000.

Chapter 137

Amending section 2, chapter 33, Laws of 1878, amending chapter 516, Laws of 1867, relating to the further protection of female employes in New York city and providing for arrest of defendants in actions for work, labor and services upon return of execution unsatisfied.

Chapter 175

See chap. 245, L. 1880; chap. 537, L. 1881.

Incorporating "District Number One of the Independent Order of Benai Berith," a charitable corporation, and authorizing other corporations, incorporated societies and associations to give and transfer property or to consolidate with corporation hereby created.

Chapter 188

See chap. 390, L. 1882; chap. 100, L. 1885.

Authorizing the commissioners of the sinking fund of the city and county of New York to convey certain

Chapter 214

(1878) lands in said city to the Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews of New York.

See chap. 457, L. 1873.

Chapter 217

Act for the relief of the Buffalo Eye and Ear Infirmary. Board of Supervisors of Erie county authorized to appropriate annually therefor not exceeding \$2,500 in any one year.

Chapter 220

Act for the protection of dairymen and milk dealers and to prevent deception in sale of milk. Moiety of penalty to go to the overseer of the poor in the town where the offense is committed, for the benefit of the poor.

See chap. 202, L. 1884; chap. 183, L. 1885; chap. 676, L. 1881.

Chapter 250

Act securing better application of funds to relieve the poor of the town of Plattsburgh, Clinton county. Town Board of Alms constituted and duties defined.

Chapter 252

Supply bill.—Appropriates \$5,000 for examination by State Comptroller of asylums and other charitable institutions; \$82,361 for Soldiers and Sailors' Home at Bath; \$19,250 for Homœopathic Insane Asylum at Middletown; \$85,000 for Hudson River State Hospital; \$55,634.14 for State Lunatic Asylum, Utica; \$53,000 for Willard Insane Asylum (all laws authorizing appointment of Building Superintendent and fixing salary of Building Superintendent of Willard Asylum, repealed); \$175,000 for Buffalo State Asylum; \$48,569.91 for Society for Juvenile Delinquents; \$16,250 for Western House of Refuge; \$18,000 for State Idiot Asylum; \$9,179.80 for St. Joseph's Institute; \$3,299.05 for Western New York Institution for Deaf Mutes; \$566.67 for Central New York Institution for Deaf Mutes; \$50,000 for New York Catholic Protectory; \$30,000 for Seaman's Retreat Hospital on Staten Island; \$2,500 for State Inebriate Asylum at Binghamton.

See chap. 272, L. 1879; chap. 648, L. 1866.

Chapter 267

Act to dissolve the Jews' Orphan and Indigent Asylum in New York and for the division of its property

between the Hebrew Benevolent and Orphan Asylum Society of New York city and the Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews of New York.

(1878)

See chap. 21, L. 1870; chap. 457, L. 1873; chap. 150, L. 1879.

To repeal chapter 418, Laws of 1870, providing for the payment of the board of vagrants committed to the alms house of the city and town of Newburgh, Orange county.

Chapter 283

In relation to property and families of absconding persons.

Chapter 304

Balance of moneys received from real and personal estates of absconding persons, after payment of taxes, assessments and repairs, etc., on real estate to be applied by the poor officers to support of wife, child or persons abandoned. Officer, whether superintendent of the poor, overseer of the poor, or commissioner of charities, in charge of such funds realized from real and personal estate to give security for faithfulness and to account to court of sessions for all moneys received and paid out.

See 1 R. S., part 1, chap. 20, title 1.

Incorporating "The General Council of the Methodist Episcopal Ministers' National Mutual Aid Association" and to provide for the organization of subordinate chapters.

Chapter 313

Act reducing the number of managers of the Charity Foundation of the Protestant Episcopal Church in city of Buffalo.

Chapter 332

Act declaring the real property owned and occupied by certain classes of charitable corporations, institutions or societies in city of Brooklyn, Kings county, discharged from all assessments for local improvements.

Chapter 364

See chap. 863, L. 1873; chap. 622, L. 1886; chap. 583, L. 1888.

Amending chapter 1863, Laws of 1873, to amend charter of city of Brooklyn. Provides that \$51,000 be annually appropriated to various hospitals and dispensaries in Brooklyn, 26 in number therein named, on

Chapter 376

(1878)

condition that they shall contract to render medical and surgical aid to the poor of said city.

See chap. 863, L. 1873; chap. 583, L. 1888.

Chapter 384

Amending chapter 126, Laws of 1824, incorporating the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents in New York city, as amended by chapter 241, Laws of 1860, as to disposition of children who are crippled, deaf, blind, epileptic, imbecile or in failing health.

Chapter 389

Creating a police pension fund for disabled and retired policemen in city of New York.

See chap. 527, L. 1879; chap. 330, L. 1882; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Chapter 401

Act supplemental to chapter 306, Laws of 1862, preventing and punishing fraud in use of stamps, brands, labels and trade marks. Moiety of penalties for misdemeanor in using false marks indicating manufacture, or as to character or quality of goods, to be applied to support of county poor.

See chap. 593, L. 1886; chap. 677, L. 1892; chap. 692, L. 1893.

Chapter 404

Act providing for the support, treatment and care of pauper, destitute and delinquent children under sixteen years of age. Not to be committed to poor houses but to be placed in families or orphan asylums. Powers of State Board of Charities in connection therewith defined.

See chap. 240, L. 1879; 1 R. S., part 1, chap. 20, title 1; chap. 225, L. 1896; chap. 264, L. 1898.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE SUPPORT, TREATMENT AND CARE OF PAUPER, DESTITUTE AND DELINQUENT CHILDREN.

CHAPTER 404, LAWS OF 1878.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. It shall not be lawful for any justice of the peace, boards of charities, police justice or other magistrate to commit any child under sixteen years of age as vagrant, truant or disorderly, to any jail, county poor-house or alms-house, but such

(1878)

justices of the peace, boards of charities, police justices or other magistrates shall commit such child or children to some reformatory or other institution, as provided for in the case of juvenile delinquents; nor shall it be lawful for any county superintendent or overseer of the poor, board of charity or other officer, to send any child between the ages of two and sixteen years, as a pauper, to any county poor house or alms-house for support and care, or to retain any child, between the ages of two and sixteen years, in such poor-house or alms-house, but such county superintendents, overseers of the poor, boards of charities or other officers shall provide for such child or children in families, orphan asylums, hospitals or other appropriate institutions, as now provided by law. The boards of supervisors of the several counties and the board of estimate and apportionment of the county of New York are hereby directed to take such action in the matter as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this act. When any such child is committed to any orphan asylum or reformatory, it shall, if practicable, be committed to an asylum or reformatory that is governed or controlled by persons of the same religious faith as the parents of such child.

§ 2. Upon the complaint in writing of any two members of the state board of charities, or any one member together with the secretary of the state board of charities, that any such child or children are not properly cared for, or are improperly detained in any institution or family, in the care of which said child or children have been placed and are, the county judge of the county in which such institution is situated, or such family resides, or any justice of the supreme court, shall forthwith, by order in writing, transfer or have transferred such child or children to some organized institution in the same or any other county, but subject always to the other provisions of this act.

§ 3. Any violation of this act is hereby declared a misdemeanor, punishable according to the statute for such offense.

§ 4. This act shall take effect immediately.

Amending chapter 140, Laws of 1864, to amend and consolidate acts relating to the Firemen's Benevolent Association of Rochester and the Fire Department of the city of Rochester, as to firemen's burial lot and care of disabled firemen in the hospitals.

See chap. 72, L. 1887.

Amending charter of city of Lockport, chapter 365, Laws of 1865.

Overseer of the poor to have same powers and duties and subject to same restrictions as overseers of towns

102d session
1879
Chapter 9

Chapter 25

(1879) in Niagara county and for purposes relating to support of poor it shall be one of the towns of said county. Common council may require overseer to execute and file with city clerk a bond for his faithful performance of duty, etc., and may require additional security. Failure to execute bond and to give additional security to result in said office being declared vacant.

See chap. 120, L. 1886.

Chapter 41

In relation to the temporary relief of the poor in town of Kingston, Ulster county. Powers and duties of single overseer. Money may be borrowed until next tax levy.

See chap. 343, L. 1879; chap. 25, L. 1882.

Chapter 45

Amending chapter 135, Laws of 1842, organizing the State Lunatic Asylum and to make further provision for the care, maintenance and recovery of the insane. Managers to serve without compensation.

Chapter 53

Revising charter of city of Auburn.

§§ 4-5. Two commissioners of charity and police to be elected for a term of two years each.

§ 71. Commissioners of charity and police with mayor ex officio to constitute a board of charities and police of city of Auburn. Their powers and duties defined.

Board to have powers and to execute duties of overseer of poor of towns and may appoint superintendent of charities and clerk. Said superintendent to investigate all cases of persons applying for assistance and relief. Board to make rules for relief of the poor, take charge of all commitments to county poor house, etc. To audit claims for the relief of poor and make publication of same when audited. Board may borrow money and issue bonds for payment of same. Members of board to receive no compensation under this act.

See chap. 54, L. 1879; chap. 450, L. 1904.

Chapter 72

Act securing better application of funds to relieve poor in town of German Flats, Herkimer county.

Town board to appoint a town board of alms and an overseer of the poor. Their powers and duties defined.

(1879)

In relation to the temporary relief of the poor in town of Haverstraw, Rockland county, by one overseer to be elected at annual town meeting.

Chapter 74

"The Henry Keep Home" incorporated for the purpose of the reception, boarding, relief and care of destitute men, women and children at Watertown, Jefferson county.

Chapter 77

Amending chapter 64, Laws of 1877, to amend section 7, chapter 633, Laws of 1866, in relation to the benevolent fund of the late volunteer fire department in New York city as amended by chapter 962, Laws of 1867, and chapter 297, Laws of 1870. Said corporation to receive tax on foreign fire insurance company premiums.

Chapter 89

See chap. 410, L. 1882.

Act relating to and to reduce the expenses of the government of Long Island city. Money to be raised annually by general tax for maintenance of the poor, etc.

Chapter 100

Establishing the fiscal year of all State asylums, hospitals, charitable and reformatory institutions, to begin October 1.

Chapter 109

See chap. 461, L. 1871; chap. 194, L. 1890; chap. 645, L. 1893; § 40; chap. 546, L. 1896.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO ESTABLISH THE FISCAL YEAR OF STATE CHARITABLE, ELEEMOSYNARY AND REFORMATORY INSTITUTIONS.

CHAPTER 109, LAWS OF 1879.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. The fiscal year of all State asylums, hospitals, charitable and reformatory institutions in this State, shall commence on the first day of October in each year, and close on the thirtieth day of September, inclusive, next succeeding; and the annual reports of said institutions heretofore required for the use of government shall be made for the fiscal year

(1879) as herein established; provided, however, that the first report made by any of said institutions, after the passage of this act, shall be for the period commencing with the commencement of the fiscal year as heretofore established to and including the thirtieth day of September, eighteen hundred and seventy-nine.

§ 2. All acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

Chapter 116

Providing for the dissolution of "The Society of Members of the New York Stock Exchange for Mutual Relief in the City, County and State of New York," under chapter 395, Laws of 1872, and for distribution of its property and effects among its members.

Chapter 119

Amending act, chapter 186, Laws of 1877, amending chapter 742, Laws of 1871, relating to the storage of combustibles in New York city, and the New York Fire Department. All fines, fees, rewards and gifts relating to fire department to be paid into the New York Fire Department Relief Fund. Treasurer of the Metropolitan Relief Fund to pay over all moneys to the credit of said fund to the treasurer of the Fire Department Relief Fund to be applied to purposes of its own fund.

Pensions may be granted to retired members of department for a partial disability.

Annuity to be paid to unmarried widows, or if no widow, to children under sixteen years of age of deceased firemen. A life insurance fund to be created from the monthly contributions of the firemen. Payment of \$1,000 to widow or representatives of deceased firemen. In case of excessive mortality in the department, monthly assessments of firemen may be increased and if insufficient \$5,000 may be transferred from the relief fund to the life insurance fund.

Chapter 135

Amending section 6 of chapter 19, Laws of 1858, incorporating the Long Island College Hospital of city of Brooklyn, as amended by chapter 458, Laws of 1864.

See chap. 324, L. 1885.

Appropriation act.—Appropriates \$15,000 for State Lunatic Asylum; \$7,361.67 for Indian annuities; \$300 for relief of Onondaga Indians; \$75,000 for New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home; \$173,500 for six deaf and dumb institutions; \$8,500 for Thomas Asylum; \$50,000 for Institution for the Blind in New York; \$35,000 for Institution for the Blind at Batavia; \$40,000 for Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents; \$70,000 for Western House of Refuge; \$45,000 for State Idiot Asylum; \$15,000 for State Custodial Asylum; \$12,100 for Willard Insane Asylum; \$8,000 for State Homeopathic Asylum; \$8,000 for Hudson River State Hospital; \$37,500 for State Board of Charities for support of State paupers and salaries and expenses of its officers.

(1879)
Chapter 148

Empowering and authorizing The Asylum for Aged and Infirm Hebrews to transfer and deliver all its funds to The Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews.

Chapter 150

See chap. 104, L. 1868; chap. 267, L. 1878.

Amending chapter 465, Laws of 1875, as amended by chapter 359, Laws of 1876, requiring payment of certain premiums to fire departments of cities and incorporated villages by fire insurance companies not organized under laws of New York State but doing business therein.

Chapter 153

See chap. 690, L. 1892.

Amending section 3 of chapter 312, Laws of 1838, appointing trustees of the Jones' Fund for the support of the poor of towns of Oyster Bay and North Hempstead, Queens county, as to their incorporation.

Chapter 180

Amending charter of the Orphan Asylum Society in New York city, chapter 372, Laws of 1872.

Chapter 184

Act relating to ambulances. Right of way on street.

Chapter 186

See chap. 593, L. 1886; chap. 676, L. 1881, § 432.

(1879)
Chapter 189

Act incorporating the "Grand Lodge of the Empire Order of Mutual Aid of the State of New York."

Chapter 197

In relation to duties of Superintendent of Poor of Schenectady county; abolishing office of keeper of poor house, and as to making appropriations for the support of the poor by board of supervisors.

Chapter 198

Amending charter of fire department of city of Binghamton, chapter 294 of the Laws of 1869.

General business and object of corporation to accumulate a fund for relief of indigent firemen, unable to work, exempt firemen, and the families of same and to purchase and keep in order a suitable burial lot for firemen.

Chapter 199

Making appropriations amounting to \$77,500 for the support of the State Soldiers and Sailors' Home at Bath, for the construction and furnishing of buildings therefor and for other similar purposes.

Chapter 227

Act for the protection of life and limb. Occupants of places of amusement not to allow knife and sword throwing or discharge of fire arms at human beings. Fines for violations to go to county poor.

See ¶ 54, § 593, L. 1886; § 427, chap. 676, L. 1881.

Chapter 240

Amending chapter 404, Laws of 1878, providing for the support, treatment and care of pauper, destitute and delinquent children under sixteen years. Religious faith of parents to govern selection of asylum.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO AMEND CHAPTER FOUR HUNDRED AND FOUR OF THE LAWS OF EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND SEVENTY-EIGHT, ENTITLED "AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE SUPPORT, TREATMENT AND CARE OF PAUPER, DESTITUTE AND DELINQUENT CHILDREN."

CHAPTER 240, LAWS 1879.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section one of chapter four hundred and four of the laws of eighteen hundred and seventy-eight, entitled "An act to provide for the support, treatment and care of pauper,

destitute and delinquent children," is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

(1879)

§ 1. It shall not be lawful for any justice of the peace, boards of charities, police justice or other magistrate, to commit any child under sixteen years of age as vagrant, truant or disorderly, to any jail, county poor-house or alms-house, but such justices of the peace, boards of charities, police justices or other magistrates shall commit such child or children to some reformatory or other institution, as provided for in the case of juvenile delinquents; but in case of any such commitment such justice of the peace, board of charities, police justice or other magistrate shall immediately give notice to the superintendents of the poor or other authorities having charge of the poor of the county in which said commitment was made, giving the name and age of the person committed, to what institution, and the time for which committed; nor shall it be lawful for any county superintendents or overseer of the poor, board of charity or other officer to send any child between the the* ages of two and sixteen years as a pauper to any county poor-house or alms-house for support and care, or to retain any child between the ages of two and sixteen years in such poor-house or alms-house; but such county superintendents, overseers of the poor, boards of charities or other officers shall provide for such child or children in families, orphan asylums, hospitals or other appropriate institutions, as now provided by law. The boards of supervisors of the several counties, and the board of estimate and apportionment of the county of New York, are hereby directed to take such action in the matter as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this act. When any such child is committed to any orphan asylum or reformatory, it shall, when practicable, be committed to an asylum or reformatory that is governed or controlled by persons of the same religious faith as the parents of such child.

§ 2. The second section of said act is hereby repealed.

§ 3. This act shall take effect immediately.

Authorizing the formation of a body corporate to be known as the "Firemen's Benevolent Association of the village of Little Falls."

Chapter 243

Amending charter of the Society of the New York Hospital.

Chapter 244

See chap. 44, L. 1810.

Amending chapter 319, Laws of 1848, for incorporation of benevolent, charitable, scientific and missionary societies.

Chapter 252

Amending section 10, chapter 152, Laws of 1844, for the construction of a penitentiary and in relation to the

Chapter 258

* So in the original.

(1879)

relief of the poor in Albany county. Rules for temporary relief of poor.

Chapter 272

Supply bill.—Appropriates \$281.80 for support of Charles Pierce, insane Indian; \$250 for support of Catharine Osunkerline, insane Indian woman; \$5,000 for State Board of Charities for State paupers; \$50,000 for New York State Reformatory at Elmira; \$4,984.79 for Central New York Institution for Deaf Mutes at Rome; \$3,964.59 for Institution for Deaf Mutes at New York; \$12,000 for New York State Asylum for Idiots; \$100,000 for Willard Insane Asylum; \$50,000 for Hudson River State Hospital; \$63,000 for Buffalo State Insane Asylum. Applicants for admission into State Asylums must reside in State at least one year before time of application. \$75,000 for State Homeopathic Insane Asylum; \$5,000 for Institution for Blind at Batavia; \$40,000 for Western House of Refuge; \$20,035 for Society for Juvenile Delinquents; \$50,000 for New York Catholic Protectory for Juvenile Delinquents; \$30,500 for Seaman's Retreat Hospital, Staten Island.

See chaps. 46 and 418, L. 1880; chap. 362, L. 1882; chaps. 33 and 110, L. 1883; chap. 551, L. 1884; chaps. 486 and 677, L. 1892; chap. 661, L. 1893.

Chapter 280

Abolishing the New York State Inebriate Asylum and establishing the Binghamton Asylum for the Chronic Insane and providing for its management under visitation of the State Board of Charities.

See chap. 625, L. 1873; chap. 446, L. 1874; chap. 61, L. 1880; chap. 151, L. 1881; chap. 215, L. 1886; chap. 427, L. 1889; chap. 132, L. 1890; chap. 276, L. 1892; chap. 3, L. 1894; chap. 545, L. 1896.

Chapter 286

Providing for the payment of salaries of certain employes of Commissioners of Charities of Kings county.

Chapter 303

Authorizing the managers of St. John's Riverside Hospital, Yonkers, N. Y., to create an endowment fund.

Chapter 340

Act to consolidate the Buffalo Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children and the Erie County

Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, under name of "Queen City" Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children. (1879)

Amending chapter 525, Laws of 1868, of amended charter of New York Ophthalmic Hospital. Chapter 341

Amending chapter 41, Laws of 1879, relating to the temporary relief of the poor in town of Kingston, Ulster county. Chapter 343

Providing for the transfer of insane inmates of the New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home to State insane asylums. Chapter 407

See chap. 677, L. 1892; chap. 227, L. 1893.

Amending charter of the Society for the Relief of Orphan and Destitute Children in city of Albany, chapter 94, Laws of 1831. Chapter 420

In relation to the raising of funds for the relief of the poor of town of Plattsburgh, Clinton county. Chapter 435

See chap. 471, L. 1894.

Reducing the number of trustees of the Metropolitan Throat Hospital in New York city. Chapter 438

Authorizing the benevolent society in New York city known as the Maimonides Benevolent Society, to buy, hold and dispose of land for cemetery purposes. Chapter 440

Authorizing the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund of city and county of New York to renew a lease of certain lands in New York City to the Orphans' Home and Asylum of the Protestant Episcopal Church in New York. Chapter 457

Fixing scope of by-laws of the Brooklyn Eastern District Dispensary and Hospital. Chapter 468

See chap. 323, L. 1854.

Authorizing the Board of Supervisors of Kings county to reimburse Andrew Zeiser for expenses incurred by him to establish and maintain his right to office known as Commissioner of Charities of Kings county, and for payment of his salary. Chapter 470

See chap. 473, L. 1883; chap. 617, L. 1886.

(1879)
Chapter 475

Amending chapter 151, Laws of 1825, reviving and continuing the charter of the "German Society of the city of New York."

See chap. 232, L. 1882.

Chapter 479

Relating to the relief of the poor in town of Water-vliet, Albany county. One overseer of the poor. Powers and duties.

Chapter 507

Appropriation of \$17,500 from the general fund, made to the Buffalo Insane Asylum.

Chapter 513

Providing for the payment of pensions to widows or children of officers or members of the uniformed force of the fire department of New York city from relief fund created by chapter 742, Laws of 1871, and amendatory acts.

See chap. 410, L. 1882.

Chapter 520

Amending charter of city of Kingston, chapter 150, Laws of 1872. One commissioner of alms in each ward to be elected. Annual estimate of moneys required for maintenance of city poor to be furnished to city mayor by alms commissioners in addition to other sums for lunatics, deaf mutes, blind, insane and idiotic persons. City of Kingston to be a separate district for support of poor. Common council to make annual estimate of expenses for poor and city purposes and levy tax.

Chapter 527

Amending chapter 389, Laws of 1878, creating a police pension fund for disabled and retired policemen in New York city.

Chapter 534

Act for the preservation of moose, wild deer, birds, fish and other game. Moiety of penalties for violation to go to county treasurer instead of to poor authorities.

Chapter 542

Amending Code of Civil Procedure.

§ 1391. Certain additional personal property exempt from levy and sale by virtue of an execution.

Page 624

Concurrent resolution passed January 30, 1879. Relative to the furnishing of 500 condemned army overcoats to the inmates of the Soldiers and Sailors' Home

at Bath, Steuben county, by Commissary General of Ordnance.

(1879)

Amending chapter 143, Laws of 1861, amending and consolidating charter of city of Rochester.

103d session
1880
Chapter 14

§ 6. One overseer of the poor to be appointed.

§ 8. From four to six city physicians to be elected by common council for one year each to attend the sick poor of the city under the direction of a poor committee of the common council.

§ 11. Overseer of poor may be removed from office for misdemeanor or neglect of duties but an opportunity of being heard in defense first to be given to him.

§ 79. Overseer of poor empowered to administer and examine under oath any person applying to him for relief and shall possess all the powers and authority of poor overseers in towns.

§ 81. Finance committee of common council may require estimates of amount needed for the support and relief of the poor.

§§ 236-240. Mayor and aldermen of said city to be overseers of poor and shall possess all the powers and authority of overseers of poor in towns of this State in relation to support and relief of indigent persons, the binding out of children, care of lunatics, etc.

Poor until otherwise provided for to be supported and relieved in manner as provided by law in respect to Monroe county.

When common council shall deem it expedient an almshouse may be erected and they may make rules and regulations for the proper government of its inmates. Said council may also compel poor house tenants to labor and may contract for care of lunatics, etc., with supervisors of Monroe county and others.

Amending amended charter of the city of Troy, chapter 598, Laws of 1870.

Chapter 30

(1880)

Six commissioners of charities to be elected by common council, two for one year, two for two years, and two for three years.

Persons elected and appointed commissioners of charities for one, two and three years respectively, to continue in office until their successors have been appointed and have taken oath of office, and thereafter term of office to be three years. Common council shall annually after election of said six commissioners elect two persons as commissioners of charities for three years.

Commissioners to appoint superintendent of the poor, three city physicians and clerk of board of charities. Commissioners to direct temporary relief of poor and to obtain a monthly report from religious societies of poor persons relieved.

Board of charities to render a yearly report to the common council of all expenditures in regard to city poor.

City tax annually to be raised on taxable property for poor expenses. Office of present overseer of poor abolished.

See chap. 332, L. 1880; chap. 182, L. 1898.

Chapter 61

Providing for the appointment of two additional trustees of the Binghamton Asylum for the Chronic Insane and making an appropriation of \$67,860 for such asylum.

See chap. 280, L. 1879.

Chapter 63

In relation to the office of overseer of poor of town of Stony Point, Rockland county. Salary not to exceed \$100 per annum.

Chapter 77

Amending chapter 497, Laws of 1874, to amend and to consolidate act relating to charter of city of Poughkeepsie. Six almshouse commissioners to be elected by city at large for one year.

City of Poughkeepsie not to be subject to taxation for support of poor in towns of Dutchess county but

shall be a separate and distinct district for the relief of its own poor.

See chap. 523, L. 1883.

In relation to the overseers of the poor of town of Hempstead, Queens county.

Chapter 93

Annual appropriation act.—Appropriates \$15,000 for State Lunatic Asylum; \$7,361.67 for Indian annuities; \$300 for Onondaga Indians (relief); \$650 for Deaf Mutes' Journal; \$75,000 for New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home; \$156,150 for six certain deaf and dumb institutions; \$8,500 for Thomas Asylum; \$45,000 for New York Institution for Blind; \$35,000 for Institution for Blind at Batavia; \$40,000 for Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents; \$70,000 for Western House of Refuge; \$45,000 for State Asylum for Idiots; \$15,000 for Custodial Asylum; \$12,100 for Willard Asylum; \$7,500 for Binghamton Asylum; \$8,000 for Hudson River State Hospital; \$8,000 for State Homeopathic Asylum; \$37,500 for State Board of Charities.

Chapter 141

Amending chapter 446, Laws of 1874, revising and consolidating the statutes of the State relating to the care and custody of the insane, the management of the insane asylums and the duties of the State Commissioner in Lunacy.

Chapter 164

Code of Civil Procedure.

Chapter 178

See chap. 448, L. 1876; chap. 522, L. 1880.

Section 1590. Partition by guardian of infant, committee of lunatic, etc.

Section 1591. Contents of petition.

Section 1592. Court may authorize partition of infants and lunatics' interest in lands.

Section 1593. Effect of releases by such guardian or committee.

Section 1638. An infant or incompetent person cannot bring an action to compel determination of a claim to real property.

(1880)

Section 1647. An action against a widow to determine her dower interest cannot be brought against an infant or incompetent.

Section 1743. An action may be brought to have a marriage contract declared void when one of the parties was an idiot or lunatic, or when one or both had not attained the age of legal consent.

Section 1744. An action to annul marriage contract may be maintained by infant or by its parent or guardian.

Section 1746. Such action may be commenced by any relative of an idiot.

Section 1747. When such action to be commenced where party was a lunatic.

Section 1748. Action by next friend of idiot or lunatic.

Section 1749. A child of a marriage annulled on ground of idiocy or lunacy of one of its parents is a legitimate child of the other parent of sound mind.

Section 1755. How next friend of infant or lunatic allowed to sue.

Section 1775. Complaint in action by or against corporations.

Section 1776. When proof of corporate existence unnecessary.

Section 1777. Misnomer of corporation, when waived.

Section 1779. When foreign corporation may sue.

Section 1780. When foreign corporations may be sued.

Section 1781. Action against directors of corporations for misconduct.

Section 1782. By whom such action to be brought.

Section 1783. Construction of this article.

Section 1784. Action by judgment creditors against corporations for sequestration.

Section 1785. Action to dissolve corporation, for what causes.

(1880)

Section 1786. By whom such action to be brought.

Section 1787. Temporary injunction.

Section 1788. Appointment of receiver.

Section 1789. Powers and duties of temporary receiver.

Section 1790. Making stockholders parties.

Section 1791. When separate action may be brought against them.

Section 1792. Proceedings in either action.

Section 1793. Judgment and distribution of corporate property.

Section 1795. Liability of directors and stockholders.

Chapter 15, title 2, article 4, sections 1797 to 1803. Action by people to annul existence of a corporation.

Chapter 15, title 2, article 5, sections 1805 to 1813. Provisions applicable to actions against corporations compelling officers and agents to testify. Injunction staying action by creditors. Orders appointing receivers. Judicial suspension or removal of officers.

Section 1888. Actions upon official bonds of public officers.

Sections 1925 to 1931. Actions against public officers.

Section 1925. Actions by taxpayers to prevent waste.

Section 1926. Actions by overseers and superintendents of the poor to recover penalties and damages and enforce liabilities or duties under contract made with them.

Section 1927. Actions against overseers and superintendents of the poor.

Sections 1948 to 1956. Actions by the people against usurpers of an office or franchise.

Sections 1961 to 1968. Actions by the people for a fine, penalty or forfeiture or upon a forfeited recognition.

Sections 1969 to 1976. Actions by the people founded on the spoliation or other misappropriation of public property.

(1880)

Section 1990. Public officers not required to give security for costs or damages except where specially required by law so to do.

Sections 2149 to 2187. Discharge of an insolvent from his debts.

Sections 2320 to 2344. Proceedings for appointment of a committee of a lunatic, idiot or habitual drunkard.

Section 2324. Duties of overseers and superintendents of the poor to apply for appointment of such committee when incompetent has property which may be endangered and no relative has applied.

Sections 2345 to 2364. Proceedings for disposition of real estate of an infant, lunatic, idiot or habitual drunkard.

Section 2382. Effect of lunacy in arbitration proceedings.

Sections 2419 to 2431. Proceedings for voluntary dissolution of a corporation.

Section 2463. Corporations are not subject to proceedings supplementary to an execution against property. Nor can property exempt by law from levy and sale under an execution, nor property held in trust for the judgment debtor, not created by himself, nor his earnings rendered within sixty days next before institution of proceedings where they are necessary for use of his family, be reached in proceedings against individuals.

Section 2526. Method of service of citations from Surrogates' Courts upon corporations, infants and incompetents.

Sections 2530 and 2531. Proceedings for appointment of special guardians of infants and incompetents in Surrogates' Courts.

Sections 2862 and 2863. A justice of the peace has jurisdiction in an action for a fine or penalty not exceeding \$200.

(1880)

Section 2865. An action before a justice of the peace may be brought by or against a town or county officer in his official character.

Section 2875. All fines imposed by justices of the peace for contempt must within ten days after collection be paid for benefit of the poor to the overseer or superintendent of the poor of the town, city or district wherein the fines are imposed, unless the boards of supervisors direct payment of such fines to the supervisor of the town, in a case where so authorized by law.

Section 2895. An order of arrest may be granted by a justice of the peace in an action to recover a fine or penalty.

Section 2976. Justice imposing fines must enter in his docket book the amount thereof, etc., and such minute is deemed a judgment against the delinquent in favor of the officer to whom the fines are directed to be paid by section 2875 of this act.

Section 2978. The justice must, within ten days after he receives a fine, pay same to the officer to whom the fines are directed to be paid, by section 2875, for the use of the poor.

Section 3082. Action against person suffering animals to stray on highways. An overseer or superintendent of the poor may bring such action.

Section 3083. Penalties in such actions.

Sections 3084 to 3115. Proceedings thereon and rights and duties of poor officers.

Section 3092. Out of proceeds of sale of impounded animals after deducting costs and expenses, \$1 penalty for each sheep or goat and \$5 penalty for each horse, cow or other animal shall be paid to officer named in section 2875, for use of poor.

Section 3094. If surplus of proceeds of sale of impounded animals are not claimed within one year, same must be paid for benefit of poor as prescribed in section 2875.

- (1880) Section 3215. District courts in New York city have jurisdiction in actions to recover penalties less than \$200, and in actions brought by direction of the Commissioners of Public Charities and Correction of said city or of an overseer of the poor upon certain bastardy or abandonment bonds.
- Chapter 181 Authorizing the reception and treatment in Bellevue Hospital of persons who do not reside in New York city.
See chap. 410, L. 1882.
- Chapter 192 "The German Masonic Temple Association of the city of New York" incorporated.
See chap. 400, L. 1889.
- Chapter 193 Incorporating the "Board of Trustees of the Fire Department of the city of Troy."
Object of corporation to be the providing, maintenance and control of a fund for the relief of indigent and disabled firemen and of the widows and orphans of deceased firemen.
See chap. 598, L. 1870; chap. 670, L. 1892.
- Chapter 223 Act for the better protection of the traveling public. Penalties for neglect of duty on part of railroad conductors or brakemen acting as policemen, to arrest gamblers playing on trains, to be given to county poor.
See chap. 140, L. 1850; chap. 593, L. 1886; chap. 565, L. 1890; chaps. 677 and 687, L. 1892.
- Chapter 229 Amending section 3 of chapter 312 of the Laws of 1838, appointing trustees of the Jones Fund for the support of poor of towns of Oyster Bay and North Hempstead in Queens county.
- Chapter 244 Relating to poor overseers of town of Flushing, Queens county.
- Chapter 265 Enabling respective towns in Rensselaer county to reduce number of town officers.
The electors in each town in said county empowered at their annual town meeting or at a special meeting to determine by ballot whether they will choose one or two poor overseers for their respective towns.

Amending chapter 519, Laws of 1870, to amend charter of city of Buffalo. All fines for violation of fire laws shall be paid into the Firemen's Benevolent Association of Buffalo for use of association.

(1880)
Chapter 271

Money required by chapter 178, Laws of 1849, to be paid to city treasurer of Buffalo, shall be paid to treasurer of Firemen's Benevolent Association of Buffalo, and bond to be executed and delivered to him.

Providing for the creation of a board of charities and corrections of Kings county and for the appointment of the commissioners thereof and their subordinates.

Chapter 284

See chap. 325, L. 1887; chap. 106, L. 1892; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Amending chapter 30, Laws of 1880, amending charter of city of Troy. Six commissioners of charities to be elected by common council. Persons to be eligible to election as commissioners of charities must be electors in said city and not members of common council.

Chapter 332

Commissioners not to receive compensation nor to be interested in contracts for relief of poor. Commissioners to appoint annually a superintendent of the poor with salary of \$1,500 who shall execute to the city of Troy a bond for the faithful and honest discharge of his duty. He shall be a member of the board of health ex officio. Commissioners may appoint a clerk to assist superintendent who shall give bond likewise. Orders for temporary relief of poor to be given by said commissioners.

See chap. 359, L. 1897; chap. 182, L. 1898.

Providing for the reporting of appointments or commitments to the benevolent institutions of the State excepting Kings county, by judges and poor officials to clerks of boards of supervisors. Poor houses also excepted.

Chapter 347

See chap. 159, L. 1855; chap. 273, L. 1881.

Relating to the Central New York Institution for Deaf Mutes at Rome, N. Y. Twelve pupils may be con-

Chapter 355

- (1880) tinued in said institution for a period not exceeding three years, for the purpose of receiving a course of instruction in the higher branches.
See chap. 469, L. 1890.
- Chapter 363 Amending chapter 461, Laws 1867, relating to the support and relief of poor and government of poor department in county of Erie.
See chap. 461, L. 1867.
- Chapter 376 Incorporating the Grand Lodge Knights of Pythias of New York State.
See chap. 307, L. 1891.
- Chapter 406 Incorporating the Grand Council of Royal Templars of Temperance of New York State and to provide for organization of select councils.
- Chapter 423 Amending chapter 5, title 2, part 2, of Revised Statutes of New York State. Supreme Court may compel specific performance of lunatic's contract made when he was capable to contract.
See chap. 267, L. 1885.
- Chapter 426 Amending chapter 126, Laws 1861, authorizing the election of one overseer of the poor in town of Sauger-ties, Ulster county. Salary fixed at \$300 annually.
- Chapter 429 Regulating the use of intoxicating liquors in poor houses, juvenile reformatories, protectories, houses of refuge, jails, penitentiaries and prisons. Introduction of intoxicants to such institutions except on written requisition of medical officer, made a misdemeanor.
See chap. 628, L. 1857; chaps. 401 and 677, L. 1892.
- Chapter 436 Establishing a police department in the city of Buffalo and providing for its government.
§ 33. Police life insurance fund created. Annuities to disabled members chargeable upon said fund, or in case of death an annual annuity given to the widow while unmarried, or if no widow, to child or children under sixteen years of age.
See chap. 519, L. 1870; chap. 720, L. 1871; chap. 359, L. 1883; chap. 105, L. 1891.

(1880)
Chapter 439

Amending chapter 415, Laws 1877, for the protection of dairymen, and for the prevention of deception in sales of butter. Oleomargarine law. Moiety of penalties for violation to go to support of county poor.

See chap. 202, L. 1884; chap. 183, L. 1885; chap. 593, L. 1886.

Chapter 464

Incorporating the "National Tent of the National Order of Rechabites."

Chapter 478

Relating to the temporary relief of the poor of town of Ulster, Ulster county.

Chapter 489

Amending chapter 461, Laws 1869, incorporating the Chapin Home for the Aged and Infirm in city of New York.

Chapter 502

Amending charter of the Society for the Relief of Half-Orphan and Destitute Children in city of New York. Chapter 272, Laws 1837.

Chapter 504

Board of supervisors to designate upon application of any town, duly made by vote of electors at annual town meeting, the number of overseers of poor of town, not to exceed two.

See chap. 482, L. 1875; chap. 686, L. 1892.

Chapter 521

Amending chapter 335, Laws 1873, reorganizing local government of New York city.

Salaries of commissioners of department of public charities and corrections fixed at \$5,000 each.

See chap. 335, L. 1873; chap. 410, L. 1882; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Chapter 532

Creating a board of estimate for county of Kings and city of Brooklyn, and to prescribe manner in which appropriations shall be made for support of government of said county and city.

Estimates of commissioners of charities for amount of money necessary to meet expenses of said commissioners for following year to be annually submitted to board of estimate, who shall revise same and fix amount to be so raised.

See chap. 863, L. 1873; chap. 583, L. 1888.

(1880)
Chapter 549

Supply bill.—\$3,000 for the removal of infirm alien paupers to the countries whence they came and authorizing State Board of Charities to remove alien paupers; \$35,000 for Reformatory at Elmira; \$75,000 for Homœopathic Asylum at Middletown; \$15,000 for Buffalo Insane Asylum; \$15,000 for Hudson River State Asylum; \$16,050 for Seamen's Retreat Hospital.

Chapter 272, Laws 1879, amended as follows: "Hereafter no pauper who has not resided within the State for at least one year next prior to application for his or her admission into any State asylum for the idiotic, blind, insane or deaf and dumb, shall be admitted as an inmate therein."

See chap. 362, L. 1882; chap. 491, L. 1883.

Chapter 585

Act for the prevention of accidents to children. Stealing rides on cars and omnibuses forbidden.

See chap. 140, L. 1850; chap. 411, L. 1869; chaps. 677 and 687, L. 1892; § 426, Penal Code.

Chapter 586

Incorporating the "Supreme Council of Royal Templars of Temperance" and to provide for the organization of select councils and a grand council for New York State.

Chapter 588

Organizing a night medical service in city of New York and to provide medical assistance in cases of sudden illness and accident during night time.

See chap. 410, L. 1882.

Chapter 589

To exempt town of Henderson from provisions of chapter 817, Laws 1873, providing for support of poor in Jefferson county, and to confirm action of legal voters of said town in election of an overseer of poor.

Chapter 590

Provisions of chapter 836, Laws 1872, regulating places of public amusement in New York city, not to apply to Young Men's Hebrew Association of Harlem, as long as revenue of property of said association be given to its support and to the charitable, religious and social purposes of said association.

See chap. 410, L. 1882.

Act for the relief of the Five Points House of Industry in New York city. The city to raise by tax annually \$52 for each child supported by said institution.

See chap. 405, L. 1855; chap. 410, L. 1882.

(1880)
Chapter 597

Name of Association for Befriending Children changed to "Association for Befriending Children and Young Girls," and provision made for support of persons cared for by association. Allowance to be paid by New York city for each inmate provided for.

See chap. 410, L. 1882.

Chapter 598

Amending section 2 of chapter 954, Laws of 1867, to amend charter of Long Island College Hospital of city of Brooklyn, chapter 19, Laws of 1858, as to membership of said society.

104th session
1881
Chapter 7

Authorizing the Charity Organization Society of Buffalo to acquire and dispose of lands to the amount of \$300,000.

Chapter 11

Act to render valid and confirm the charter of Montgomery Benevolent Society of Port Chester, Westchester county.

Chapter 20

Requiring all certificates of incorporations hereafter filed pursuant to law, either in Secretary of State's office or in office of any county clerk, to be recorded therein, and regulating fees therefor.

Chapter 22

See chap. 156, L. 1882; 1 R. S. part 1, title 3, chap. 18; chap. 563, L. 1890; chap. 677, 683 and 687, L. 1892.

Authorizing the transfer of insane persons from public institutions in New York city to, and their maintenance in, State lunatic asylums.

Chapter 49

See chap. 446, L. 1874; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Amending chapter 70, Laws 1857, to amend charter of the Nursery for the Children of Poor Women, by exempting its property from taxation.

Chapter 50

See chap. 410, L. 1882.

Appropriating \$38,000 to the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents in New York city.

Chapter 64

Appropriating \$15,000 to the New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home, for construction of a new hospital.

Chapter 69

(1881)
Chapter 73

Authorizing the Ruben's Widow and Orphans Benevolent Society of New York, and the Phoenix Widow and Orphan Aid Society to buy, hold and dispose of land for cemetery purposes, at Cypress Hills cemetery in Kings county.

Chapter 85

Authorizing the appointment by the governor of commissioners to select a site for the State home for the blind.

See chap. 362, L. 1882.

Chapter 111

Act to supply the poorhouse and insane asylum of Livingston county with pure and wholesome water.

Chapter 112

Permitting the Charity Organization Society of Buffalo to receive in trust from Benj. Fitch, founder of the Crèche of that city, other property, and authorizing the uses and trusts upon which such property may be conveyed.

Chapter 129

Amending chapter 482, Laws 1875, conferring on board of supervisors further powers of local legislation and administration. Boards of supervisors may direct the payment of all fines and penalties imposed by justices of peace in their respective towns to the supervisors of each town, and money thus received to be applied to town or county poor.

Chapter 136

Appropriation of \$30,000 made for the support and care of State paupers.

Chapter 140

Further amending chapter 259, Laws 1837, charter of Buffalo Orphan Asylum.

See chap. 221, L. 1885.

Chapter 148

Enabling railroad companies to acquire right of way over land in Richmond county, belonging to the people of the State, including Seamen's Retreat.

See chap. 140, L. 1850; chap. 565, L. 1890; chaps. 677 and 687, L. 1892.

Chapter 151

Appropriation of \$75,000 made for the Binghamton Asylum for the Chronic Insane.

See chap. 280, L. 1879.

Amending chapter 113, Laws of 1811, relative to the General Society of Mechanics and Tradesmen in New York city.

(1881)
Chapter 155

Creating a police pension fund for disabled and retired policemen and their widows and orphans in city of Yonkers.

Chapter 158

See chaps. 35 and 163, L. 1873; chap. 34, L. 1887.

Amending chapter 17, Laws 1828, incorporating the contributors to the Northern Dispensary of New York city.

Chapter 162

Revising charter of city of Yonkers.

Chapter 184

Title II, §§ 9-10. One commissioner of charities to be appointed and to hold office during pleasure of common council.

Title X, §§ 1-2. All laws applicable to overseer of poor in towns to apply to the commissioner of charity, and said commissioner to have and possess all powers of poor overseers. His duties to be prescribed by common council in relation to temporary relief of poor, and may appropriate money for such purpose.

Annual appropriation act.—\$7,361.67 for Indian annuities; \$300 for relief of Onondaga Indians; \$650 for Deaf Mutes' Journal; \$70,000 for Soldiers and Sailors' Home; \$159,750 for support of deaf and dumb pupils at six institutions; \$8,500 for Thomas Asylum; \$80,000 for instruction of blind at two institutions; \$140,000 for Society for Juvenile Delinquents and Western House of Refuge (\$70,000 each); \$45,000 for Idiot Asylum; \$15,000 for Custodial Asylum; \$15,000 for State Asylum for Lunatics; \$12,100 for Willard Asylum; \$7,500 for Binghamton Asylum; \$8,000 for Hudson River Hospital; \$8,000 for Buffalo Asylum; \$8,000 for State Homœopathic Asylum; \$52,500 for State Board of Charities.

Chapter 185

To provide for the establishment of a house of refuge for women, \$100,000 appropriated.

Chapter 187

See chap. 314, L. 1884; chap. 17, L. 1887; chap. 238, L. 1890; chap. 704, L. 1892; chap. 41, L. 1893; chap. 546, L. 1896.

(1881)
Chapter 189

Authorizing the commissioners of the sinking fund of New York city to lease to The Mount Sinai Hospital, in New York city, ground in New York city for the erection of additional buildings thereon for hospital purposes.

See chap. 410, L. 1882; chap. 553, L. 1892.

Chapter 190

In relation to the officers and medical staff of Willard Insane Asylum, and to provide for the appointment of a committee for the discharge of patients in said asylum.

See chap. 446, L. 1874.

Chapter 203

Authorizing the superintendents of the poor in the several counties in the State and other poor officials to bury the bodies of honorably discharged soldiers, sailors or marines, who shall hereafter die without leaving means to defray funeral expenses, at expense not to exceed \$35 each.

See chap. 247, L. 1883; chap. 319, L. 1884; chap. 34, L. 1885; chap. 216, L. 1887; chap. 225, L. 1896, art. v; chap. 24, L. 1900; chap. 96, L. 1903.

Chapter 218

Authorizing the New York Orthopædic Dispensary to establish and maintain a hospital.

Chapter 221

Organizing a night medical service in city of Brooklyn, and to provide medical assistance in cases of sudden illness and accident during the night.

See chap. 863, L. 1873; chap. 583, L. 1888.

Chapter 240

Authorizing the Board of Supervisors of Orange county to borrow \$40,000 for the support of county poor.

Chapter 254

Further amending chapter 319, Laws 1848, for incorporation of benevolent, charitable, scientific and missionary societies, and amendatory acts.

See chap. 319, L. 1848.

Chapter 256

Act concerning charitable, benevolent and beneficiary associations, societies and corporations. Reports of fraternal insurance societies to Insurance Department.

See chap. 593, L. 1886.

Amending chapter 170, Laws 1862, relating to superintendents of poor and temporary relief in Richmond county.

(1881)
Chapter 266

Authorizing the commissioners of the sinking fund of city and county of New York to lease certain lands in the city of New York to the German Hospital and Dispensary of New York city.

Chapter 272

See chap. 410, L. 1882.

Amending chapter 347, Laws 1880, providing for the reporting of appointments or commitments to the benevolent institutions of the State, excepting county of Kings. Sworn statements of accounts of expenses to be presented annually to boards of supervisors.

Chapter 273

Authorizing such women and girls as are vagrants or convicted of a misdemeanor as a first offense, to be sent to the Shelter for Homeless Women in the city of Syracuse.

Chapter 278

See chap. 413, L. 1887; chaps. 53 and 355, L. 1893.

Relating to the American Female Guardian Society as to adoption of children.

Chapter 285

See chap. 244, L. 1849.

Amending chapter 463, Laws 1874, providing for the maintenance of prisoners sent to the Monroe county penitentiary from several towns and city of Rochester in said county.

Chapter 291

All fines imposed and received by magistrates or police justice and superintendent of penitentiary of said county to belong to poor fund to be applied to use of town poor, except in city of Rochester, where they are to be applied to police fund, and in village of Honeoye Falls, to be credited to general village fund.

Act compelling employers of females to provide them with seats, and to permit the use of same to such an extent as shall be reasonable for the preservation of their health.

Chapter 298

Amending and consolidating charter of village of Johnstown and amendatory acts. Trustees empowered

Chapter 303

(1881)

to remit poll tax and judgments discharged against indigent persons, sick, lame or infirm.

Chapter 315

Act releasing to the trustees of the Philadelphia Eye and Ear Infirmary any claim the State of New York may have to the estate of Ann Margaret Shinn, deceased.

Chapter 323

Conferring upon the State Charities Aid Association the power to visit, inspect and examine any of the State charitable institutions, county poorhouses and town poorhouses and city almshouses within the State, and said association shall make annual reports to State Board of Charities.

See chap. 159, L. 1855; chap. 635, L. 1893; chaps. 225 and 546, L. 1896.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO CONFER UPON THE STATE CHARITIES AID ASSOCIATION THE POWER TO VISIT, INSPECT AND EXAMINE ANY OF THE STATE CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS, COUNTY POOR-HOUSES AND TOWN POOR-HOUSES AND CITY ALMS-HOUSES WITHIN THE STATE.

CHAPTER 323, LAWS OF 1881.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Any justice of the supreme court of the judicial district, within whose boundaries any of the public charitable institutions of the state hereinafter referred to is located, is hereby authorized to grant on written application of the board of managers of the State Charities Aid Association, a corporation organized under chapter three hundred and nineteen of the laws of eighteen hundred and forty-eight, and amendatory acts, through its president or other designated officer, to such persons as may be named in said application, orders for the purpose of enabling them or any of them to visit, inspect and examine in behalf of said association, in the county in which the visitor so appointed shall reside, any of the county poorhouses, and town poor-houses and city alms-houses within the state, and located within such judicial district. Each of such orders shall specify the institution or institutions to be visited, inspected and examined, and the names of the persons by whom the visitation, inspection and examination are to be made, and shall be in force for one year from the date on which it shall have been granted, unless sooner revoked.

§ 2. It shall be the duty of any and all persons in charge

of each and every poor-house or alms-house, embraced in the order specified in the first section of this act, to admit any or all of the persons named in the said order of the justice of the supreme court, into every part of such institution, and to render the said persons so named in said order every facility within their power to enable them to make in a thorough manner their visit, inspection and examination, which are hereby declared to be for a public purpose, and to be made with a view to public benefit. Obedience to the order herein authorized shall be enforced in the same manner and with like effect as obedience is enforced to an order or mandate made by a court of record.

(1881)

§ 3. It shall be the duty of the said corporation to make an annual report to the state board of charities.

§ 4. This act shall take effect immediately.

Amending charter of the Firemen's Benevolent Association of the village of Le Roy, chapter 148, Laws 1853.

Chapter 357

Appropriation of \$75,000 for additional buildings for the Western House of Refuge, and for furnishing the same.

Chapter 366

See chap. 551, L. 1884.

Authorizing the board of audit to hear and determine certain claims arising out of the construction of the Hudson River State Hospital for the Insane.

Chapter 381

Amending charter of city of Rome, chapter 25, Laws 1870. One overseer of poor to be appointed by common council.

Chapter 384

See chap. 312, L. 1887; chap. 646, L. 1887.

Amending charter of the German Hospital in New York city, passed April 13, 1861, chapter 234, Laws 1866.

Chapter 386

Amending section 34, part 1, title 2, article 3d of the Revised Statutes, as to filling vacancies in office of overseer of the poor.

Chapter 391

See chap. 267, L. 1885; 1 R. S., part 1, title 3, chap. 11, art. 3, § 34; chap. 569, L. 1890.

Regulating proceedings before the superintendents of the poor, with reference to the settlement of paupers.

Chapter 398

See 1 R. S., part 1, title 1, chap. 20; chap. 225, L. 1896.

Preventing discriminations against any person on account of his race, creed or color.

Chapter 400

See chap. 677, L. 1892; chap. 692, L. 1893; § 383, Penal Code.

(1881)
Chapter 404

Incorporating "The Methodist Episcopal Hospital in city of Brooklyn."

See chap. 471, L. 1888.

Chapter 410

Amending charter of city of Lockport and amendatory acts. Chapter 365, Laws 1865.

One overseer of poor to be elected.

See chap. 120, L. 1886.

Chapter 417

Incorporating "The Ladies' Benevolent Society of Staten Island."

Chapter 427

Act for the inspection of alien emigrants and their effects by the commissioners of emigration to ascertain who among them are paupers or otherwise liable to become public charges, and to retransport such emigrants.

See chap. 195, L. 1847; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Chapter 428

Act relating to the investment of funds of charitable and benevolent institutions and corporations.

See chap. 319, L. 1848.

Chapter 432

Act to raise money for the execution of the inspection laws of New York State.

Head tax of \$1 on alien passengers coming into port of New York, to be paid by masters and owners of vessels

See chap. 195, L. 1847; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Chapter 442

Code of Criminal Procedure.

Section 39. Courts of sessions in counties other than New York have jurisdiction to hear and determine appeals from justices' orders respecting support of bastards, to examine into the circumstances of persons committed to prison as parents of bastards and to discharge them in cases provided by law, to try and determine complaints under provisions of law respecting masters, apprentices and servants, to compel relatives of poor persons and committees of estates of lunatics to support such persons, to exercise powers in relation to estates of persons absconding and leaving families chargeable to the public.

See chap. 60, L. 1882.

Sections 84 to 99. Security to keep the peace.

(1881)

Section 239. A grand juror may be challenged if a minor or insane.

See chap. 279, L. 1892.

Section 375. A trial juror may be challenged if a minor or insane.

Sections 658 to 662. Inquiry into insanity of the defendant before trial or after conviction. If found insane, defendant to be sent to State lunatic asylum at expense of county from which he was sent, but the county may recover such expenses from his estate or from a relative, town, city or county, bound to provide for him.

See chap. 360, L. 1882.

Section 689. Disposal of stolen property. If not claimed in six months, to be delivered to County Superintendent of the Poor, or in New York to Commissioners of Charities and Corrections, for benefit of poor.

See chap. 410, L. 1882.

Sections 838 to 860. Proceedings before magistrates respecting bastards.

See chap. 410, L. 1882.

Section 840. Superintendents or overseers of the poor may initiate proceedings.

Sections 861 to 880. Appeals from orders of magistrates respecting bastards.

See chap. 410, L. 1882.

Sections 881 to 886. Enforcement of undertaking for support of bastard or its mother or for appearance on appeal.

See chap. 410, L. 1882.

Sections 887 to 898. Proceedings respecting vagrants and truant children.

See chap. 410, L. 1882; chap. 220, L. 1888; chap. 711, L. 1894.

Sections 888 and 889. Commitment of vagrant children to county almshouses. They may be bound out by poor officers.

See chap. 220, L. 1888; chap. 711, L. 1894.

(1881)

Section 892. Commitment of adult vagrants to poorhouse at hard labor.

See chaps. 360 and 410, L. 1882; chap. 657, L. 1886.

Section 893. Commitment of begging children to poorhouse until bound out.

See chap. 410, L. 1882; chap. 220, L. 1888.

Sections 899 to 913. Proceedings against disorderly persons.

See chaps. 360 and 410, L. 1882; chap. 143, L. 1892.

Section 905. County superintendents of the poor or town overseers may prosecute forfeited undertakings for support of wives and children of disorderly persons and for keeping the peace.

See chap. 410, L. 1882.

Section 910. The court may authorize superintendents or overseers of the poor, or in New York city the commissioners of charities and correction to bind out disorderly persons.

See chap. 410, L. 1882.

Sections 914 to 926. Proceedings respecting the support of poor persons unable to work by their parents or children.

Powers and duties of overseers of the poor and commissioners of charities and correction in New York city thereunder defined.

See chap. 410, L. 1882; chap. 220, L. 1888.

Sections 927 to 940. Proceedings respecting masters, apprentices and servants.

See chap. 410, L. 1882; chap. 220, L. 1888.

Section 939. Upon death of a master of an apprentice bound to him by poor officials, the legal representatives of the master may assign the contract of service to another.

Chapter 473

Act in relation to certain State pupils at Central New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes and Le Cousteulx St. Mary's Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, institutions for the instruction of deaf-mutes at Rome and Buffalo.

Supply bill.—\$4,000 for State Board of Charities; \$9,000 for Homœopathic Insane Asylum at Middletown; \$10,000 for Willard Insane Asylum; \$21,100 for Buffalo State Asylum; \$30,000 for Batavia Asylum for the Blind; \$3,450 for Thomas Asylum; \$50,000 for Elmira Reformatory; \$150,000 for Commissioners of Emigration; \$5,000 for Soldiers and Sailors' Home; \$112.50 for New York Institution for the Blind.

See chap. 50, L. 1882; chap. 440, L. 1883.

(1881)
Chapter 475

To provide for the annexation of North Brothers Island in Queens county to the city and county of New York, for confirming such title and providing for erection of a hospital for contagious diseases thereon, and for payment of construction thereof by the city of New York.

See chap. 63, L. 1788; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Chapter 478

To provide for the election of one overseer of the poor in towns of Goshen and Wallkill, Orange county, and to fix their compensation at \$275 each annually.

Chapter 494

Amending chapter 428, Laws 1877, for the protection of children and to prevent and punish certain wrongs to children, and to repeal chapter 48, Laws 1859.

See chap. 411, L. 1869; chap. 593, L. 1886.

Chapter 496

Further amending chapter 319, Laws 1848, for incorporation of benevolent, charitable, scientific and missionary societies and amendatory acts.

See chap. 325, L. 1894.

Chapter 526

Authorizing State Board of Audit to hear, audit and determine claims for work done and material furnished for the Hudson River Insane Hospital, to make awards therefor.

See chap. 444, L. 1876.

Chapter 534

Authorizing the Egerton Orphan Asylum of city of Baltimore, Md., to take and hold real and personal estate in New York State.

See chap. 622, L. 1881.

Chapter 542

(1881)
Chapter 546

Relating to the New York Christian Home for Intemperate Men and to increase its powers.

See chap. 523, L. 1888.

Chapter 547

Amending charter of the Rochester City Hospital, chapter 233, Laws 1847.

Chapter 549

Amending chapter 307, Laws 1845, incorporating the trustees for the management and care of the fund for the support of the episcopate of the diocese of New York.

Chapter 550

Amending chapter 460, Laws of 1879, to amend chapter 123, Laws 1854, promoting medical science.

Governors and managers of hospitals may deliver bodies of deceased persons to professors of medical colleges for dissection in certain cases, if bodies are unclaimed, etc.

See chap. 443, L. 1883; chap. 280, L. 1887; chap. 661, L. 1893.

Chapter 567

Amending chapter 256, Laws of 1866, to amend charter of the Society for the Protection of Destitute Roman Catholic Children in the city of Buffalo.

See chap. 364, L. 1864.

Chapter 570

Amending chapter 482, Laws 1875, conferring on board of supervisors further powers of local legislation and administration. Supervisors authorized to purchase real estate for establishments for care of paupers, idiots, paupers incurably insane and other indigent persons, for whose support the county is responsible, and issue bonds for payment therefor.

See chap. 686, L. 1892.

Chapter 573

Authorizing the commissioners of the almshouse of city and town of Newburgh, Orange county, to borrow money for erecting and improving buildings for the better care of poor of said city and town.

See chap. 44, L. 1853.

Chapter 574

Authorizing superintendents and overseers of the poor to administer oaths and take affidavits from applicants for relief.

See 1 R. S. part 1, title 1, chap. 20; chap. 593, L. 1886; chap. 225, L. 1896.

Appropriation of \$50,000 to pay the indebtedness of the New York State Reformatory at Elmira, providing for the sale of goods on hand thereat, forbidding the purchase of goods and changing its system of labor.

See chap. 408, L. 1869; chap. 711, L. 1887.

(1881)
Chapter 585

Appropriation of \$8,000 for the support and maintenance of the Seamen's Retreat Hospital on Staten Island.

See chap. 234, L. 1831.

Chapter 596

Authorizing the Egerton Orphan Asylum of city of Baltimore, Md., to take and hold and convey real and personal estate in New York State.

See chap. 542, L. 1881.

Chapter 622

Appropriation of \$10,000 for the Buffalo State Asylum for the Insane.

See chap. 378, L. 1870.

Chapter 627

Authorizing all benevolent, charitable, religious, scientific and missionary societies to take and hold real estate to amount of \$200,000, and personal estate to like amount, but clear annual income of both shall not exceed \$50,000.

See chap. 319, L. 1848.

Chapter 641

Providing that any superintendent of the poor of Lewis county may be keeper of the poorhouse of said county.

See chap. 86, L. 1885.

Chapter 645

The Penal Code.

Chapter 676

Section 20. An act done by an idiot, imbecile, lunatic or insane is not a crime. A person cannot be tried or punished for a crime while in a state of idiocy, imbecility, insanity or lunacy, so as to be incapable of understanding the proceeding or making his defense.

See chap. 384, L. 1882.

Section 21. But a person is not excused from criminal liability on such ground except upon proof that at time of committing the act he did not know the nature and quality of the act, or that he was doing wrong.

See chap. 384, L. 1882.

(1881)

Of crimes by and against the executive power of the State.

Section 42. Acting in a public office without having taken and filed his oath of office is a misdemeanor.

Sections 48 and 49. Taking unlawful fees or reward by a public officer is a misdemeanor.

See chap. 336, L. 1890.

Section 50. Taking fees by a public officer for services not rendered a misdemeanor.

Section 56. Intrusion into public office to which the intruder has not been duly elected or appointed, or continuing to act after expiration of term of office a misdemeanor.

Section 57. Refusal of a public officer to surrender books and papers pertaining to the office to his successor a misdemeanor.

Other offenses against public justice.

Section 114. Injury to, destruction, concealment or falsification of public records by an officer, or appropriation to his own use of public funds or property, is a felony.

Section 115. Commission by a ministerial officer of unlawful act tending to hinder justice a misdemeanor.

Section 116. Neglect by an officer to receive a person in his official custody a misdemeanor.

Section 117. Neglect by an officer to perform a duty enjoined by law a misdemeanor.

Section 118. Delay by an officer to take person arrested before a magistrate a misdemeanor.

See chap. 442, L. 1881.

Section 119. Making arrests without lawful authority so to do a misdemeanor.

See chap. 384, L. 1882; chap. 272, L. 1892.

Section 165. Auditing and payment of claims known to be false by a public officer a felony.

See chap. 662, L. 1892.

(1881)

Section 166. Abetting in the auditing or payment of false claims, or in converting public money or property, a felony.

Section 270. Proceeds of commodities exposed for sale on Sunday, after seizure and sale thereof on one day's notice, to be paid to the overseers of the poor, for the use of poor of town or city.

See chap. 358, L. 1883.

Section 287. Abandonment by parent or custodian of child under six years of age a felony.

See chap. 325, L. 1892.

Section 288. Unlawfully omitting to provide for minors by persons charged with their maintenance a misdemeanor.

See chap. 46, L. 1884; chap. 31, L. 1886; chap. 145, L. 1888; chap. 325, L. 1892; chap. 171, L. 1894.

Section 289. Willfully causing or permitting a minor's life to be placed in danger or his or her health or morals impaired is a misdemeanor.

See chap. 145, L. 1888.

Section 290. Admitting children under fourteen years, unaccompanied by guardian to theatre or saloon a misdemeanor.

See chap. 46, L. 1884; chap. 31, L. 1886; chap. 170, L. 1889.

Section 291. Male children under sixteen years and females under fourteen years found begging or homeless or destitute, or living with a convicted criminal, or who frequent the company of thieves or prostitutes or theatres and saloons unaccompanied, or are vagrants, must be arrested and committed to charitable or reformatory institutions.

See chap. 46, L. 1884; chap. 31, L. 1886; chap. 145, L. 1888; chap. 417, L. 1890; chap. 217, L. 1892; chap. 711, L. 1894.

Section 292. A person employing or exhibiting such a child referred to in last section as a dancer, gymnast, rider or acrobat, in begging, peddling, street singing or playing, is guilty of a misdemeanor.

See chap. 46, L. 1884; chap. 31, L. 1886; chap. 309, L. 1892.

(1881)

Section 293. Any agent or officer of any incorporated society for the prevention of cruelty to children, may arrest children specified in sections 291 and 292.

See § 56, chap. 442, L. 1881; chap. 145, L. 1888.

Section 332. All property offered for disposal at lotteries is forfeited to the State, and district attorneys are required to sue for and recover the same in behalf of the people, and after sale thereof, to pay proceeds and all moneys collected in such suits into the county treasury, for the benefit of the poor.

Section 336. Keeping of gambling apparatus within buildings occupied in whole or in part by any incorporated benevolent or charitable society prohibited.

Section 340. Exacting payment of money won at gambling forbidden, under forfeiture of five times the value thereof, to be recovered in a civil action, by the persons charged with support of the poor in the place where offense was committed, for the benefit of the poor.

Section 341. Fine of not less than five times the value lost or won to be imposed upon person who wins or loses at play, or by betting the sum of \$25 or upwards within twenty-four hours, to be recovered in a civil action by poor officers for benefit of poor.

See § 56, chap. 442, L. 1881.

Section 377. Unlawful confinement or unkind treatment or neglect of duty towards any idiot, lunatic or insane person under confinement a misdemeanor.

Section 432. Willful obstruction of an ambulance a misdemeanor.

Section 434. Willful exposure to a contagious disease in a public place a misdemeanor.

Section 445. Maintaining private insane asylums without a license a misdemeanor.

Section 470. A public officer who misappropriates public money or falsifies his accounts, or willfully omits to pay over to the proper officer on demand public money placed in his hands, is guilty of a felony.

Section 672. Fraudulently presenting bills or claims to public officers for payment is a felony.

(1881)

Section 691. The person of an habitual criminal shall be at all times subject to supervision of the supervisors and overseers of the poor of the town where he may be found.

See § 514, chap. 442, L. 1881.

Concurrent resolution passed June 16, 1881, proposing amendment to section 11, article 8, of the Constitution, prohibiting loan or use of public money for private purposes and restricting the indebtedness of counties, cities, towns and villages. This section shall not prevent such counties, cities, towns and villages from making such provision for the aid or support of its poor as may be authorized by law. No county containing a city of more than one hundred thousand inhabitants, nor any such city, shall be allowed to incur any indebtedness which shall exceed ten per centum of its assessed valuation.

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At special term of supreme court for city and county of New York, April 18, 1881. "The United States Revenue Marine Relief Society" changed its corporate name to the "United States Revenue Marine Relief Association."

Page 975

Providing for the election of an overseer of the poor in the town of Deerpark, Orange county, and to fix his compensation at \$300 annually.

105th session
1882
Chapter 4

Amending chapter 41, Laws of 1879, in relation to the temporary relief of the poor in the town of Kingston, Ulster county.

Chapter 25

Act for the support of the poor in the town of Oswegatchie, St. Lawrence county. Office of overseer of the poor abolished and a corporation created in said town by name of "The Superintendents of the poor of the town of Oswegatchie."

Chapter 28

Act to merge the corporation of the "Trustees of the Funds for the Floating Hospital of St. John's Guild of

Chapter 33

(1882) New York City" into the corporation of "St. John's Guild."

Chapter 39 Enabling the town of Watervliet to pay for the support and maintenance of certain of its poor in hospitals in city of Albany, and to provide means therefor.

Chapter 50 Amending chapter 475, Laws of 1881, to appropriate \$30,000 for the New York State Asylum for the Blind at Batavia.

Chapter 78 Authorizing the Board of Supervisors of Greene county to borrow \$25,000 by issuing the bonds of said county, for building a poorhouse, and to provide for the payment of such bonds.

Chapter 86 Authorizing the commissioners of the land office to sell and convey to the New York, Lackawanna and Western Railroad Company, a right of way across the lands occupied by the New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home.

See chap. 244, L. 1855; chap. 478, L. 1884; chap. 254, L. 1885.

Chapter 104 Incorporating "The Trustees of the John F. Slater Fund."

Chapter 127 Incorporating "The Christmas Fund of the Protestant Episcopal Church, in the Diocese of Western New York."

Chapter 135 Amending chapter 368, Laws of 1880, to amend chapter 77, Laws of 1846, providing for the erection and establishment of a workhouse in Erie county.

Chapter 139 Incorporating "The Charity Organization Society of the city of New York."

Chapter 142 Authorizing the Board of Supervisors of Orange county to borrow \$35,000 and to levy upon the taxable property of said county (excepting the city and town of Newburgh), and to collect the same as other taxes are levied and collected, a sum sufficient to pay the principal and interest upon the money borrowed under this act, when same shall become due and payable, and such sum to be chargeable upon the poor fund.

Authorizing the Commissioners of Emigration to contract with the carriers of emigrants for the expense caused to the State by their being brought to the port of New York.

See chap. 195, L. 1847.

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Chapter 145

Authorizing the Buffalo Orphan Asylum to hold real and personal property.

Chapter 150

See chap. 259, L. 1837; chap. 221, L. 1885.

Amending section 8 of chapter 376, Laws of 1860, for the incorporation of the Trustees of the Parochial Fund of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the Diocese of New York.

Chapter 161

Amending chapter 395, Laws of 1871, in relation to persons who abandon or threaten to abandon their families in Kings county.

Chapter 171

The justice of the peace or the police justice before whom a person charged with abandoning or threatening to abandon his wife and children is found guilty, shall order a certain sum of money to be paid weekly by said offender for the support of his family.

Authorizing the board of audit to hear, audit and determine the claim of the managers of the Western House of Refuge for Juvenile Delinquents, for certain expenses made by them for such institution, and to make an award therefor not exceeding \$10,925 and interest.

Chapter 177

See chap. 444, L. 1876.

Amending chapter 492, Laws of 1874, for the incorporation of the Home for the Friendless in Northern New York.

Chapter 181

Amending chapter 89, Laws of 1857, for the better support of the poor in town of Fishkill, Dutchess county. Office of overseer of poor abolished and one commissioner for the support of the poor in said town to be appointed by town board.

Chapter 186

See chap. 145, L. 1883; chap. 22, L. 1890.

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Chapter 215

Oleomargarine law.—Regulating the manufacture and sale of any form of imitation butter and lard, or any form of imitation cheese, for the prevention of fraud, and the better protection of the public health.

Moiety of penalties for violation to be paid to the town or county poor fund.

See chap. 214, L. 1882; chap. 677, L. 1892; chap. 332, L. 1893.

Chapter 232

Amending chapter 475, Laws of 1879, to amend chapter 151, Laws of 1825, revising and continuing in force the charter of the German Society in New York City.

Chapter 236

Amending chapter 56, Laws of 1874, to amend chapter 207, Laws of 1852, incorporating the Cayuga Asylum for Destitute Children.

Board of Supervisors of Cayuga county to raise annually a sum not exceeding \$6,000 for the benefit of said society.

Chapter 270

Annual appropriation act.—\$7,361.67 for Indian annuities; \$300 for the relief of the Onondaga Indians; \$80,000 for The New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home at Bath; \$191,250 for six named institutions for deaf mutes; \$10,000 for Thomas Asylum; \$50,000 for The New York Institution for the Blind; \$30,000 for The Batavia Institution for the Blind; \$70,000 for the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents; \$70,000 for the Western House of Refuge; \$49,500 for the State Asylum for Idiots; \$15,000 for the Custodial Asylum; \$15,000 for the State Asylum for Lunatics; \$11,850 for the Willard Asylum for the Insane; \$9,500 for the Hudson River State Hospital; \$8,000 for the State Homœopathic Insane Asylum; \$7,500 for the Binghamton Chronic Insane Asylum; \$8,000 for the Buffalo State Insane Asylum; \$5,000 for the Commissioner in Lunacy; \$48,500 for the State Board of Charities for care of State paupers, salary of secretary and expenses.

Chapter 281

Enabling the Commissioners of Emigration to exclude from the benefits of the State emigrant institu-

- tions at Castle Garden and Ward's Island, such steamship companies as will not contribute to the maintenance of said institutions. (1882)
- See chap. 195, L. 1847.
- Incorporating the "Vassar Brothers Hospital" in the city of Poughkeepsie. Chapter 298
- See chap. 290, L. 1883.
- Incorporating "The Actors' Fund of America." Chapter 327
- See chap. 104, L. 1892; chap. 275, L. 1893.
- Amending chapter 389, Laws of 1878, creating a police pension fund for disabled and retired policemen in New York city, and to provide for the equalization of pensions. Chapter 330
- See chap. 410, L. 1882.
- Act relating to the proof of age of children. Chapter 340
- See § 828, chap. 448, L. 1876.
- Act for the appointment of commissioners to inquire and report as to the condition of the Onondaga Indians, and to negotiate with them a treaty and report the same to the legislature. Chapter 345
- See chap. 491, L. 1883; chap. 92, R. L. 1813.
- Act supplemental to chapter 431, Laws of 1881, to amend chapter 324, Laws of 1850, for the preservation of public health, and chapter 790, Laws of 1867. to amend act for the preservation of public health. Chapter 351
- Section 6. Paupers in any county poorhouse of the State afflicted with contagious diseases to be removed from county poorhouse to a suitable place designated by Board of Health within the county, and shall be supported at the expense of the county until returned to poorhouse.
- Supply bill.—The officers of each State hospital, asylum, charitable or reformatory institution and the State Commissioner in Lunacy, the State Board of Charities and the State Board of Health shall render to the Comptroller, annually, a detailed, itemized account of all their several receipts and expenditures. Chapter 362

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Appropriations.—\$2,500 for the commissioners appointed under chapter 85, Laws of 1881, to select a site for a State home for the blind; \$2,046.18 for the removal of alien paupers; \$30,000 for the State Reformatory at Elmira; \$2,000 for Thomas Asylum; \$14,000 for New York Asylum for Idiots; \$25,000 for Binghamton Chronic Insane Asylum; \$37,386.46 for Hudson River State Hospital; \$13,800 for Willard Insane Asylum; \$12,500 for Buffalo Insane Asylum; \$12,000 for the Homœopathic Asylum at Middletown; \$761.89 for Central New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes at Rome; \$10,732.13 for the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents; \$20,850 for the Western House of Refuge.

Comptroller authorized to sell the real estate and premises known as the Seamen's Retreat, on Staten Island, with the exception of six acres occupied by the Mariners' Family Asylum.

See chap. 186, L. 1883; chap. 551, L. 1884.

Chapter 376

Incorporating "The National Division of the Sons of Temperance of North America."

Chapter 386

Act appropriating \$16,000 for the construction of a sewer for the Buffalo State Insane Asylum.

See chap. 96, L. 1884; chap. 151, L. 1885.

Chapter 387

Authorizing the Brooklyn Homœopathic Hospital to increase the number of its trustees to fifty.

See chap. 27, L. 1871.

Chapter 390

Amending chapter 188, Laws of 1878, for the incorporation of District No. 1, of the Independent Order of Benai Berith and authorizing other corporations, incorporate societies, or other associations to give and transfer property to or wholly to consolidate with the corporation hereby created.

Chapter 394

Incorporating Luther M. Wheeler Post, No. 92, Grand Army of the Republic.

Chapter 395

Enabling the town of Watervliet to pay \$4,743.92 owing by it to five certain hospitals in the city of

Albany, for the support and care of certain of its poor therein.

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The Banking Law.—Page 700, chapter 11. Prohibitions against unauthorized banking.

Chapter 409

Sections 307 and 309. Whoever shall circulate bank bills under one dollar, or bank bills payable otherwise than in money, shall forfeit the nominal amount of bill to any person who shall sue for same in the name of overseers of the poor of the town where the offense was committed.

Section 311. All penalties prescribed by this chapter, where no other provision is made, shall be paid to the county treasurer for the use of the county poor.

See chap. 689, L. 1892.

New York city Consolidation Act.

Chapter 410

Section 34. Police and fire departments and department of public charities and correction established.

See chap. 275, L. 1892; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 39. The head of the department of public charities and correction shall be called the board of public charities and correction, composed of three commissioners holding office for six years.

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 47. Heads of department not to exceed appropriations.

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 48. Their power to appoint and remove subordinates.

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 49. Departments to report quarterly to mayor.

See chap. 62, L. 1887; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 52. Salaries of commissioners of public charities and correction fixed at \$5,000 each.

See chap. 747, L. 1894; chap. 516, L. 1884; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

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Sections 55 to 65. Various provisions as to duties and obligations of public officers.

See chap. 335, L. 1873; chap. 327, L. 1893; chap. 747, L. 1894; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 85. Common council may make ordinances and ordain penalties for violation thereof.

See chap. 11, L. 1833; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 106. Mayor to appoint heads of departments and fill vacancies.

See chap. 43, L. 1884; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 108. Mayor may remove heads of departments subject to approval of Governor.

See chap. 73, L. 1884; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 115. Mayor to grant licenses to board emigrants and revoke same.

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 169. Payments to be made by chamberlain to commissioners of emigration out of duty upon alien passengers, of so much as may be necessary for execution of State inspection laws; balance to be paid into United States Treasury.

See 22 U. S. Stat. at Large, 214; 23 Id. 232; 24 Id. 414; 15 Id. 566; 26 Id. 1084.

Sections 187 and 188. Commissioners of the sinking fund authorized to lease for nominal sums certain city lands to Mount Sinai Hospital and to the German Hospital and Dispensary.

Section 189. Heads of departments to submit annual estimates to board of estimate and apportionment. Duties of board thereon.

See chaps. 295, 297, 386 and 531, L. 1884; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 194. The board of estimate and apportionment shall annually include in its final estimate: sub. 8, such sum, not exceeding \$20,000 for relief of poor blind, as is included in estimate of Department of Public Charities and Correction; sub. 12, not exceeding \$3,000 for night medical service; sub. 21, \$2 per week

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for each child committed to American Female Guardian Society and \$25,000 additional; \$150 for each child supported by New York Society for Relief of the Ruptured and Crippled; \$18 to \$25 per month for mothers cared for during child birth at New York Infirmary for Women and Children; \$2 per week for each child at Children's Fold; \$150 for each child at Union Home and School for Education and Maintenance of Children of Volunteers; \$50 for each State pupil from the city at New York Institution for the Blind; \$70,000 for Children's Aid Society; thirty-eight cents per day for infants and \$18 per month for mother and infant at Foundling Asylum of Sisters of Charity, and same sums for New York Infant Asylum; \$5 per week for lying-in women, and \$10 per month for infants and children at Nursery and Child's Hospital; \$5,000 for Shepherd's Fold of Protestant Episcopal Church; \$110 each on average number of persons annually maintained by New York Catholic Protectory, Hebrew Benevolent Society, New York Juvenile Asylum, Roman Catholic House of the Good Shepherd, Magdalen Female Benevolent Asylum and Home for Fallen Women, and Protestant Episcopal House of Mercy; \$52 for each child at Five Points House of Industry, and \$1 per week for each child at Association for Befriending Children and Young Girls, and such other sums as are or may be directed by law to be raised and paid for charitable purposes or to private or incorporated societies, asylums, hospitals, homes or institutions.

See chap. 249, L. 1857; chap. 722, L. 1865; chap. 471, L. 1872; chap. 429, L. 1873; chap. 101, L. 1877; chap. 105, L. 1878; chaps. 50 and 706, L. 1881; chap. 239, L. 1882; chaps. 82 and 91, L. 1884; chap. 485, L. 1889; chap. 388, L. 1891; chaps. 424 and 723, L. 1893; chaps. 25, 192, 501 and 517, L. 1894; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 195. The board of estimate and apportionment shall include in their annual estimates, necessary appropriations for aid and support of the poor, and

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pay such portion thereof as they may deem proper to the various charitable or reformatory institutions in said county, in aid of poor cared for therein, to which said board was authorized to appropriate money in 1874, and to the extent then authorized only.

See § 230, chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 208. Authorizes payment out of city excise moneys \$150 per capita per annum, for support of girls at Home for Fallen and Friendless Girls.

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 210. Board of estimate and apportionment authorized to appropriate all excise moneys to benevolent and charitable institutions rendering gratuitous aid to the poor. Term "poor" in this connection defined. Only per capita allowances to be made to such institutions hereunder, except that American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless, the Children's Aid Society and the Shepherd's Fold of Protestant Episcopal Church, shall receive only the same amounts as provided by other provisions of law.

See chap. 249, L. 1885; chap. 178, L. 1889; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 216. All actions to recover penalties except as otherwise provided, shall be brought in name of corporation and not in that of any department, and shall be conducted by corporation attorney, subject to the control of corporation counsel.

See chap. 331, L. 1893; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 258. Board of police empowered to provide for lodging of vagrants and indigent persons.

See chap. 378, L. 1897.

Section 283. Superintendent of police and each police captain given supervision over pawnbrokers, venders, junkshop keepers, dealers in second-hand merchandise, intelligence office keepers and auctioneers.

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Sections 303 and 304. Police commissioners to constitute board of trustees of police pension fund. Their powers and duties defined.

See chap. 330, L. 1882; chap. 180, L. 1884; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 305. Declares what police pension fund shall consist of.

See chap. 389, L. 1878; chap. 330, L. 1882; chap. 180, L. 1884; chap. 364, L. 1885; chap. 552, L. 1888; chap. 532, L. 1890; chap. 351, L. 1891; chap. 539, L. 1892; chap. 529, L. 1893; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Sections 306 to 309. Provisions as to payments from said fund.

See chap. 389, L. 1878; chap. 330, L. 1882; chap. 180, L. 1884; chap. 364, L. 1885; chap. 575, L. 1888; chap. 531, L. 1890; chaps. 52, 82 and 178, L. 1892; chap. 326, L. 1893; chap. 536, L. 1894; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 385. The Department of Public Charities and Correction to have management of institutions upon Blackwell's, Ward's, Randall's and Hart's Islands, of all prisons and places for detention of prisoners and all city hospitals, except those conducted by Department of Public Health, especially of the almshouse and workhouse, of nurseries for poor children, and of the County Lunatic Asylum, the lunatic asylum on Ward's Island and of the potter's field, also of the penitentiary and city prison, and various prisons and houses of detention, but shall have no power over House of Refuge, nor Juvenile Delinquent Asylum, nor House of Detention of Witnesses, nor the county or sheriff's jail.

See chaps. 262 and 342, L. 1884; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 387. The Bureau of Charities shall have charge of all matters relating to persons not criminals.

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 388. An industrial school on Hart's Island authorized for commitment of children.

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

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Section 390. Reception hospital south of Canal street directed to be provided.

See chap. 149, L. 1888; chap. 198, L. 1890; chap. 612, L. 1895; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 391. Asylum for inebriates authorized.

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 392. All fines for intoxication or disorderly conduct to be paid to this department in connection with said asylum.

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 394. Estates of inebriates liable for their support in said asylum.

See chaps. 545 and 548, L. 1896.

Section 395. Transfer from almshouse to inebriate asylum.

See chaps. 545 and 548, L. 1896.

Section 396. Transfer of insane persons to any State lunatic asylum and payment of expenses thereof.

See chaps. 545 and 548, L. 1896.

Section 397. Discharge of persons from inebriate asylum.

See chaps. 545 and 548, L. 1896.

Section 398. Transfers from almshouse and vagrants, etc., to workhouse at hard labor.

See chaps. 545 and 548, L. 1896.

Sections 401 and 402. Paupers to be paid for their labor and to be kept separated from criminals.

See chap. 612, L. 1895; chap. 378, L. 1897.

Section 405. Daily transfer from almshouse to workhouse of persons capable of performing work.

See § 712, chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 406. Children in nurseries to be kept suitably employed.

See §§ 662 and 664, chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 408. Board may add to or improve buildings on Randall's and Blackwell's Islands and at Bellevue Hospital and provide additional potter's field.

See § 672, chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

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Section 409. Board may bind out children.

See § 664, chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 410. Board may bind out disorderly persons.

See §§ 662 and 664, chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 416. Board may permit non-residents to be treated at Bellevue Hospital upon compensation being paid therefor.

See § 678, chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 417. Transfer to Shepherd's Fold of Protestant Episcopal Church.

See §§ 664-666, chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 418. Board authorized to apply for annual appropriation of \$20,000 for relief of poor adult blind and provisions made for distribution of not exceeding \$50 per capita per annum to poor adult blind not inmates of institution.

See § 676, chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 419. Certain general laws relating to reports of superintendents of the poor in counties to the Secretary of State made applicable to this Board. Annual report to Secretary of State upon statistics of the poor to be made on or before January 10th upon blanks to be furnished by Secretary of State.

See § 140, chap. 225, L. 1896; § 662, chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 420. As to legal settlement of paupers.

See §§ 40-67, chap. 225, L. 1896; § 662, chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 421. Compulsion of parents and children of sufficient ability to support poor persons unable to work. How enforced.

See § 683, chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 422. Prosecution of bastardy bonds by Board.

See § 684, chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 423. Abandonment bonds to be approved by Board.

See §§ 685 and 686, chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

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Section 431. Board of fire commissioners to bring actions to recover fines and penalties under chapter XI relating to fire department, through its attorney and same to be paid to treasurer of fire department relief fund.

See chap. 249, L. 1865; § 731, chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 515. Penalties for violation of building laws (sections 466 to 514 hereof) to be collected by fire department attorney and held by city comptroller as a special fund.

See chap. 456, L. 1885; chap. 566, L. 1887; § 647, chap. 378, L. 1897.

Sections 518 to 521. Fire department relief fund and pensions.

See chap. 370, L. 1885; §§ 789-792, chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 532. Trustees of Exempt Firemen's Benevolent Fund of city of New York to receive, until 1888, the percentage of tax on foreign fire insurance companies doing business in said city.

See chap. 513, L. 1879; chap. 431, L. 1887; chap. 444, L. 1893; § 808, chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 550. Board of health empowered to erect hospital for contagious diseases North Brothers' Island.

See § 1170, chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 570. Board of health may require reports from public dispensaries, hospitals, asylums, schools and other public institutions.

See § 1169, chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 617. Board of health may sue for fines and penalties for violation of health laws.

See § 1259, chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 625. Such fines and penalties when collected to go to credit of health department.

See § 1265, chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 787. Penalties for not complying with orders of harbor master in relation to vessels under his con-

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trol, to be recovered in name of the treasurer of the New York Hospital for use of the hospital.

See §§ 847 and 848, chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 824. The following property is exempted from taxation, under various conditions:

Subdivision 2. Real estate of Masonic Hall and asylum fund.

Subdivision 4. Unproductive portion of property of Society of New York Hospital.

Subdivision 5. Real estate of House of Rest for Consumptives.

Subdivision 6. Real estate of Home for Incurables.

See chap. 429, L. 1884.

Subdivision 7. Property of Friendly Society of St. Ambrose Church.

Subdivision 8. Property of St. Luke's Hospital.

See chap. 546, L. 1892.

Subdivision 10. Property of Roosevelt Hospital, Presbyterian Hospital, Clinton Hall Association, etc.

Subdivision 11. Property of New York Catholic Protectory.

Subdivision 12. Property of Children's Aid Society.

Subdivision 13. Property of Samaritan Home for the Aged.

See chap. 398, L. 1885.

Subdivision 14. Real estate of Ladies' Union Aid Society of Methodist Episcopal Church.

Subdivision 15. Property of Nursery for Children of Poor Women.

See § 905, chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 1062. Sectarian schools or schools refusing to permit official visitation as herein prescribed shall not share in public school moneys.

See § 1151, chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 1063. Schools of Five Points House of Industry, of Ladies' Home Missionary Society of Methodist

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Episcopal Church and industrial schools of Children's Aid Society shall participate in common school moneys.

See § 1152, chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 1066. New York Orphan Asylum school, Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum school, the schools of the two half-orphan asylums, the school of Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents, school for Leake and Watts Orphan's House, school connected with city almshouse, school of Association for Benefit of Colored Orphans, the schools of American Female Guardian Society and of New York Infant Asylum, New York Juvenile Asylum and of Nursery and Child's Hospital, etc., to participate in apportionment of school moneys.

See § 1154, chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 1069. Board of education required to distribute a ratable part of school money to New York Institution for the Blind for each blind pupil regardless of age.

See § 1161, chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Sections 1098 to 1102. Proceedings for commitment of habitual drunkards to the City Inebriate Asylum upon complaint by relatives or by commissioners of public charities and correction.

Section 1126, subdivision 8. Jurisdiction of Court of Common Pleas and of Superior Court of New York city to extend to custody of persons and estates of incompetents and habitual drunkards.

See chap. 946, L. 1895; § 5, art. 6, Const. 1895; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 1285. Jurisdiction of district courts of city to extend to:

Subdivisions 7 and 11. Actions to recover penalties not exceeding \$250.

Subdivision 8. Actions upon bastardy and abandonment bonds.

See § 1364, chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 1290. Action to recover penalties must be brought in the district where the violation occurred.

See § 1370, chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 1304. Orders for arrest of defendant may be granted by a district court in an action for a fine or penalty or for embezzlement by a public officer.

Section 1348. Procedure in actions by people brought by overseers of the poor or by commissioners of public charities and correction upon bastardy and abandonment bonds, regulated.

Section 1405. In actions in district courts brought by females for services where they recover judgment for not over \$50 no property of defendant is exempt from execution and if executed is returned *nulla bona*, a body execution must issue.

Section 1424. Amount of costs in district courts in actions brought by working women.

Sections 1454 to 1456. Persons abandoning or neglecting to provide, according to their means, for their wives and children, may be proceeded against as disorderly persons. Upon conviction orders to be made specifying weekly sums to be paid to commissioners of charities and correction for family support. How orders enforced.

See §§ 685 and 686, chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 1463. Commitment of children abandoned by parents to almshouse.

See chap. 220, L. 1888.

Section 1464. Destitute habitual drunkards, beggars, prostitutes, etc., deemed vagrants.

See Code Crim. Pro., § 887.

Section 1465. Commitment of vagrants to almshouse or penitentiary.

See Code Crim. Pro., § 892.

Section 1466. Commitment of prostitutes to Protestant Episcopal House of Mercy, Roman Catholic House

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of the Good Shepherd or Magdalen Female Benevolent Asylum and Home for Fallen Women.

See chap. 353, L. 1886; § 668, chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 1498. Warrant for commitment of father of a bastard must be for city prison.

See Code Crim. Pro., §§ 852, 856 and 857.

Section 1499. Warrant for vagrants, who are improper persons to be sent to almshouse, must be for committal to city prison or penitentiary.

See Code Crim. Pro., § 892.

Section 1500. An apprentice committed by law must be sent to city prison.

See Code Crim. Pro., § 930.

Section 1501. Undertakings given by disorderly persons may be prosecuted in name of the corporation and amounts collected shall be paid into city treasury for benefit of the poor.

See Code Crim. Pro., § 905.

Section 1502. Undertakings in bastardy proceedings may be prosecuted by corporation.

See Code Crim. Pro., §§ 882 and 885.

Section 1564. No vagrant shall be discharged before expiration of his term of commitment except by order of two commissioners of charities and correction.

Sections 1594 to 1632. As to commitment of children to incorporated institutions: Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents, American Female Guardian Society, New York Juvenile Asylum, Home for Christian Care, New York Catholic Protectory, Hebrew Benevolent Society, Shepherd's Fold of Protestant Episcopal Church and New York Infant Asylum.

See § 668, chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 1999. Penalty for exhibiting or theatrical performance without license to go to Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents.

See chap. 249, L. 1885; § 1473, chap. 378, L. 1897.

Section 2001. License fees for circus, theatre, etc., to be paid to Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents. (1882)

See chap. 249, L. 1885; § 1475, chap. 378, L. 1897.

Section 2005. Said society may proceed by injunction to prevent opening of theatre, etc., without license.

See chap. 249, L. 1885; § 1479, chap. 378, L. 1897.

Section 2006. Exhibitions for charitable and religious purposes need not be licensed.

See chap. 243, L. 1894; § 1480, chap. 378, L. 1897.

Section 2007. Penalty for Sunday exhibitions to go to said last named society.

See chap. 249, L. 1885; § 1481, chap. 378, L. 1897.

Section 2009. Fines for admission of minors under fourteen years, unaccompanied by an adult, to places of amusement to be paid to said Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents.

See chap. 249, L. 1885; § 1482, chap. 378, L. 1897.

Sections 2032 to 2048. Powers and duties of commissioners of emigration.

See chap. 619, L. 1853; 22 U. S. Stat. L. 214; 23 Id. 332; 24 Id. 414; 25 Id. 633; 26 Id. 1084.

Section 2042. Commissioners of emigration to inspect all foreign immigrants, to ascertain and arrest habitual criminals, paupers, incompetents or imbeciles or destitute deaf, dumb, blind or infirm or orphans or persons having infectious or contagious diseases.

See chap. 427, L. 1881; and U. S. statutes referred to above.

Section 2043. Commissioners of emigration to collect poll tax of \$1 on each immigrant.

See U. S. statutes referred to above.

Section 2049. License required for boarding immigrants.

Section 2064. All lunatic, idiotic, deaf, dumb, blind, maimed, infirm or sick indigent persons over sixty years, who are passengers on vessels arriving at port of New York, shall be cared for at expense of captains,

(1882)

owners or agents of the vessels under penalty of \$500 until delivered to commissioners of emigration.

Section 2074. Board of commissioners for licensing sailors' hotels or boarding houses to consist of six persons, selected by American Seamen's Friend Society and five other maritime corporations.

Section 2084. The president of the Seamen's Fund and Retreat in city of New York authorized to sue for head money from sailors arriving at port of New York and for penalties imposed by law on masters of coasting vessels for nonpayment of hospital money.

1883
106th session
Chapter 25

Amending the charter of the city of Binghamton, chapter 291, Laws of 1867. One overseer of the poor to be elected for three years, except in case of a vacancy, and shall possess all the powers and authority of overseers of the poor in the several towns of this State and county, and shall be subject to the same duties, obligations and liabilities.

See chap. 214, L. 1888.

Chapter 34

Amending chapter 316, Laws of 1860, supplementary to the act incorporating the Hebrew Benevolent Society in New York city.

See chap. 14, L. 1832.

Chapter 40

Act preventing baby farming. Licenses to be procured for boarding two or more infants.

See chaps. 661, 667 and 692, L. 1893.

Chapter 44

Amending chapter 367, Laws of 1876, to amend and make additions to chapter 463, Laws of 1860, revising the charter of the city of Oswego.

Person to be eligible to office of commissioner of public charity must be a resident and elector for the district for which he is elected.

Chapter 58

Act for the relief of the Corporation for the Relief of Widows and Children of Clergymen of the Protestant Episcopal Church of New York State.

See chap. 49, L. 1898.

- Amending act establishing a police force in Richmond county (chapter 497, Laws 1870). (1883)
Chapter 96
- Police pension fund created for the relief of retired disabled members of the force, or unmarried widows and minor children of deceased members.
- Regulating and providing for the purchase of supplies and auditing of accounts for the county institutions in the county of Erie. Chapter 103
- See chap. 318, L. 1885; chap. 235, L. 1888.
- Amending chapter 496, Laws of 1879, incorporating the Supreme Council of the Catholic Mutual Benefit Association. Chapter 127
- Authorizing the board of supervisors of Ontario county to make and execute an undertaking to the Geneva National Bank indemnifying and saving said bank harmless, in case it shall pay to the superintendents of the poor of Ontario county for the benefit of Catharine Brady, an indigent lunatic, \$462 deposited by her in said bank. Chapter 135
- Amending chapter 186, Laws of 1882, to amend chapter 89, Laws of 1857, relating to the better support of the poor in the town of Fishkill, Dutchess county. Office of overseer of the poor of said town is abolished and one commissioner invested with the authority of overseers of the poor in towns to be elected. Chapter 145
- Incorporating the fund for the relief of disabled firemen of the city of Albany. Chapter 173
- See chap. 77, L. 1870; chap. 332, L. 1885; chap. 411, L. 1886.
- Amending the certificate of incorporation of the New York Ophthalmic Hospital. Chapter 180
- Act to secure the better application of funds for the relief of the poor in the town of Herkimer, Herkimer county. Chapter 181
- Board of alms of the town of Herkimer and one overseer of the poor to be appointed. Powers and duties defined.

(1883)
Chapter 186

Act confirming the sale of property lately possessed and occupied by the trustees of the Seamen's Fund and Retreat on Staten Island to the Marine Society of the city of New York. Made pursuant to chapter 362, Laws of 1882.

Chapter 193

Amending chapter 446, Laws of 1874, revising and consolidating the statutes of the State relating to the care and custody of the insane, the management of the asylums for their treatment and safekeeping and the duties of the State Commissioner in Lunacy.

Chapter 198

Authorizing the commitment of infants who are a county charge to the House of Shelter and St. Vincent Female Orphan Asylum, in the city of Albany.

Chapter 203

Act for the protection of a sewer to be built for The Buffalo State Asylum for the Insane through the streets of the city of Buffalo, running from the hospital buildings of such asylum to the Niagara river.

See chap. 446, L. 1874.

Chapter 243

Annual appropriation act.—Appropriates \$7,361.67 for Indian annuities; \$30,000 for Elmira Reformatory; \$300 for the relief of the Onondaga Indians; \$650 for the Deaf-Mutes Journal; \$80,000 for State Soldiers and Sailors' Home; \$20,000 for State Board of Health; \$82,000 for Institute for Deaf and Dumb, New York; \$22,500 for Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf Mutes, New York; \$22,500 for Le Couteulx St. Mary's Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf Mutes; \$28,750 for Central New York Institution for Deaf Mutes; \$33,225 for St. Joseph's Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf Mutes; \$25,000 for Western New York Institution for Deaf Mutes; \$10,000 for Thomas Asylum; \$50,000 for Institution for the Blind in New York; \$30,000 for Institution for the Blind in Batavia; \$70,000 for Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents; \$70,000 for Western House of Refuge; \$53,500 for State Idiot Asylum; \$15,000 for Custodial Asylum; \$15,000 for State Asylum for Lunatics; \$11,850 for Willard Asylum for the Insane; \$9,500 for Hudson River State

Hospital; \$8,000 for State Homœopathic Asylum for the Insane; \$7,500 for Binghamton Asylum for Chronic Insane; \$8,000 for Buffalo State Asylum for Insane; \$5,000 for the Commissioner in Lunacy; \$48,500 for the State Board of Charities for support of State paupers, expenses and salaries. (1883)

Amending chapter 203, Laws of 1881, authorizing the burial of the bodies of any honorably discharged soldiers, sailors or marines, who shall hereafter die without leaving sufficient means to defray funeral expenses. Chapter 247

Board of supervisors to designate official for this purpose and a \$15 headstone to be placed at each such grave.

See chap. 225, L. 1896, art. v; chap. 24, L. 1900; chap. 96, L. 1903.

Empowering the recorder of the city of Oswego to sentence and commit certain female convicts to the custody and keeping of "The Woman's Reform Association of Oswego," to transfer such prisoners and to empower said association to receive and hold such convicts. Chapter 256

See chap. 463, L. 1860.

Providing for the election of one overseer of the poor in the town of East Chester, Westchester county, and to fix his compensation at \$350 per annum. Chapter 260

Act amending chapter 516, Laws of 1836, incorporating the Elmira Mechanics' Society as amended by chapter 170, Laws of 1869. Chapter 284

Amending laws relating to alien immigrants and to secure an improved administration of alien immigration. Commissioners of immigration appointed. Their powers and duties defined. Chapter 286

See chap. 195, L. 1847.

Amending chapter 298, Laws of 1882, incorporating the Vassar Brothers Hospital in the city of Poughkeepsie. Chapter 290

Amending chapter 243, Laws of 1853, incorporating the De Veaux College for Orphan and Destitute Children. Chapter 295

See chap. 44, L. 1889; chap. 158, L. 1891.

(1883)
Chapter 298

Act to provide for the government of the city of Albany.

Title 3, section 14, subdivision 31. The common council empowered to make laws in relation to the almshouse.

Title 4, sections 19 and 21. One overseer of the poor, a superintendent of the almshouse and one city physician and six district physicians to be appointed biennially by the mayor.

Title 14. The city physician shall receive an annual salary of \$1,200 payable monthly out of the almshouse fund. Said physician must visit daily the almshouse, hospital and other buildings on the almshouse farm and administer to the sick. He may appoint one resident physician to assist him in his duties at the almshouse farm. A monthly report must be given by him to the mayor, giving an account of the pauperism in the almshouse, persons admitted to the pesthouse, lunatic asylum and hospital, etc. The superintendent of the almshouse to receive a salary of \$2,500 per year. His powers and duties defined. He shall have charge and control of the poor and the appointment of deputies and assistants (with approval of the mayor), the employment of pauper inmates and the purchase of supplies. He shall give to the common council a detailed quarterly statement of the affairs relating to the relief of the poor, etc.

Title 16. Overseer of the poor to receive an annual salary of \$2,000 and may have an assistant at salary of \$900. His powers and duties defined.

Section 13. Each district physician to receive a salary of \$400 per annum.

See chap. 218, L. 1884; chap. 299, L. 1885; chap. 182, L. 1898.

Chapter 299

Providing for the enrollment of the militia for the organization and government of the National Guard of New York State and for the public defense and entitled the Military Code.

Article 1

Persons exempt from military duty.

Section 6. Idiots, lunatics, paupers, vagabonds, habit-

ual drunkards and persons convicted of infamous crimes.

(1883)

See chap. 559, L. 1893.

Act to protect the waters of Lake George and Schroon lake in this State. Offensive matter not to be cast into waters.

Chapter 331

Moiety of penalties for violation to be given to town poor.

See chap. 116, L. 1885; chap. 314, L. 1888.

Act to provide for the appointment of a captain of the port of New York and harbor masters of said port and to define and regulate the powers, duties and compensation of said officers and to repeal chapter 487, Laws of 1862. Fines for violation of this act to be applied to the use of the New York Hospital.

Chapter 357

See chap. 410, L. 1882; chap. 199, L. 1888; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Incorporating "The Brooklyn Methodist Episcopal Church Home," in the city of Brooklyn.

Chapter 363

Amending title 3, chapter 10, article I, section 1030, of the Code of Civil Procedure.

Chapter 400

A resident officer of or an attendant, assistant, teacher, or other person actually employed in a State asylum for lunatics, idiots or habitual drunkards to be exempted from jury duty.

See chap. 448, L. 1876.

Amending chapter 166, Laws of 1874, incorporating the Maritime Association of the port of New York.

Chapter 407

Repealing the provisions of chapter 420, Laws of 1876, relating to the appointment of county superintendents of poor of Queens county and to provide for their election.

Chapter 417

Enabling the commissioners of public charities and correction of New York city to expend \$25,000 in the purchase of land outside New York county for purpose of furnishing additional facilities for the care and maintenance of the inmates of the institutions under the control of said commissioners and to regulate the control thereof.

Chapter 423

(1883)
Chapter 443

Amending chapter 550, Laws of 1881, to amend chapter 460, Laws of 1879, which amends chapter 123, Laws of 1854, to promote medical science.

It shall be lawful for officers of public hospitals and almshouses to deliver dead bodies to medical colleges for dissection under certain conditions herein named. Relatives, however, may claim bodies.

See chap. 280, L. 1887; chap. 661, L. 1893.

Chapter 446

Amending chapter 319, Laws of 1848, for the incorporation of benevolent, charitable, scientific and missionary societies.

Chapter 461

Amending chapter 863, Laws of 1873, to amend the charter of the city of Brooklyn.

The Firemen's Insurance Fund created. Pensions given to exempt and disabled members of the department and, in case of death, to their widows while unmarried and their minor children.

See chap. 583, L. 1888.

Chapter 473

Authorizing the board of supervisors of Kings county to pay the legal services and other expenses incurred by Andrew Zeizer in his contest as commissioner of charities in said county.

See chap. 470, L. 1879.

Chapter 476

Amending chapter 438, Laws of 1877, creating a police pension fund for disabled and retired policemen in the city of Brooklyn.

Chapter 491

Supply bill.—Appropriates \$1,631.12 for commissioners inquiring into the condition of the Onondaga Indians; \$6,000 for Willard Insane Asylum; \$27,524.08 for New York State Lunatic Asylum; \$20,000 for Binghamton Insane Asylum; \$12,600 for Buffalo Insane Asylum; \$4,250 for Hudson River State Hospital; \$5,000 for State Homœopathic Asylum at Middletown; \$2,000 for the Thomas Asylum; \$2,800 for the State Asylum for Insane Criminals at Auburn; \$24,000 for the State Reformatory at Elmira; \$2,000 for the removal of infirm alien paupers; \$7,400 for the purchase of land for the water supply of the Soldiers and Sailors' Home at Bath; \$1,244.35 for the Seamen's Fund and Retreat.

Authorizing the Comptroller and Secretary of State to compromise and settle claim of State against the trustees of St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum at Corning.

(1883)
Chapter 520

Making appropriations for the payment of awards made by the State board of audit.

Chapter 521

Appropriates \$2,373.70 to Sherman W. Knevals executor of the estate of Wyllys H. Warren, deceased, for extra work and materials furnished in the construction of the Hudson River State Hospital and \$142.42 for interest thereon.

Amending charter of the city of Poughkeepsie.

Chapter 523

Sections 3 and 4. Six almshouse commissioners to be elected.

Section 19. All officers elected under this act except school and almshouse commissioners and constables shall hold office until their successors shall qualify.

Sections 198 to 212. City of Poughkeepsie not to be taxed for the support of town or county poor.

The almshouse commissioners shall meet and organize as a board. Their powers and duties defined.

All penalties for violations of excise law committed in the city of Poughkeepsie shall be applied to the support of said city poor. Duties of superintendent of poor defined.

See chap. 472, L. 1887.

Names of corporations changed by order of the court under and pursuant to chapter 80, Laws of 1860, amendatory of chapter 464, Laws of 1847, Colored Home to "Colored Home and Hospital." Order dated May 15, 1882.

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The Juvenile Retreat of the city of Albany to "The Orphan's Home of St. Peter's Church in the city of Albany." Order dated December 28, 1875.

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Amending chapter 294, Laws of 1869, incorporating the fire department of the city of Binghamton with a fund for the relief of disabled, indigent members and exempt firemen and the families of all aforesaid persons; for the purchase of a firemen's burial lot in said city and its maintenance, and for a bed in the city

1884
107th session
Chapter 15

- (1884) hospital for the benefit of disabled or indigent firemen in need of hospital treatment.
- Chapter 27 Authorizing the trustees of Willard Insane Asylum to purchase a farm of 134 acres at a price not exceeding \$75 per acre.
See chap. 446, L. 1874.
- Chapter 31 Appropriating \$11,185.37 for the payment of an award made by the State board of audit in favor of the Western House of Refuge.
- Chapter 96 Amending chapter 386, Laws of 1882, for the construction of a sewer for the Buffalo State Insane Asylum and to make appropriation therefor. State engineer to supervise construction of said sewer.
- Chapter 97 Amending chapter 150, Laws of 1872, charter of city of Kingston.
Section 69. The common council authorized to make a yearly estimate of the expenses for supporting and relieving the city poor (which estimate shall not exceed \$13,000) and other city expenses, which several estimates including that for the city poor, shall not exceed \$53,000. The common council shall raise annually said sum of \$53,000 or a necessary amount by tax upon all real and personal property liable to taxation in said city, exclusive of the amount added thereto under that part of section 63 relating to lunatics, deaf-mutes, blind, insane and idiotic poor, and under sections 94, 98, 99 and 118 of this act and exclusive of amounts necessary to pay the principal and interest of bonded and other indebtedness of the city as it falls due.
- Chapter 104 Authorizing the commissioners of charities and correction of Kings county, upon request of the warden of Kings county penitentiary, to remove from said penitentiary any aged or infirm persons unable to work who are and may be imprisoned as vagrants, to the Kings county almshouse and to detain such vagrants until the expiration of the term of their imprisonment for which they have been sentenced, or until otherwise released by law.

Amending the charter of the Deaconess Institution of the Evangelical Lutheran Church, chapter 161, Laws of 1869, as amended by chapter 440, Laws of 1875.

(1884)
Chapter 106

Section 1. Name hereby changed to the "Wartburg Orphan Farm School of the Evangelical Lutheran Church."

The exemption from execution and process of the beneficiary fund of any corporation organized under State laws, having among its objects to aid and support its members or their families in case of want, sickness or death, is hereby declared to extend to that part of said fund paid to the widow of a deceased member of such corporation designated as the beneficiary thereof, and to exempt the same from execution for her debts.

Chapter 116

See chaps. 677 and 690, L. 1892.

Enabling incorporated religious societies of the Protestant Episcopal Church, in the Diocese of Western New York, to make certain transfers of their real and personal estate to the Trustees of the Parochial Fund of the Protestant Episcopal Church, in the Diocese of Western New York, and to enable said corporation to take and hold the estates so transferred to it.

Chapter 124

See chap. 59, L. 1863.

Amending chapter 306, Laws of 1872, to amend an act amending act for the incorporation of the Association for the Benefit of Colored Orphans in New York city.

Chapter 145

See chap. 232, L. 1838.

Authorizing the Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor of New York city to acquire and hold real and personal estate for benevolent and charitable purposes.

Chapter 158

Regulating the appointment of managers for the New York State Reformatory at Elmira.

Chapter 178

See chap. 408, L. 1868; chap. 711, L. 1887.

Amending chapter 410, Laws of 1882, to consolidate into one act and to declare the special and local laws affecting public interests in New York city and to

Chapter 180

- (1884) provide a pension fund for the police department in said city.
See chaps. 364 and 437, L. 1885; chap. 552, L. 1888; chap. 351, L. 1891; chaps. 52, 82 and 178, L. 1892; chaps. 326 and 529, L. 1893; chap. 536, L. 1894.
- Chapter 195 Amending chapter 140, Laws of 1853, consolidating and amending the several acts relating to the village of Batavia, to alter the bounds and to enlarge the powers of the corporation of said village.
Title 9, section 5. Trustees empowered to remit any poll tax and to discharge any judgment against any indigent person, unable to work.
- Chapter 206 Authorizing the issue of certain arms and accoutrements for use at the New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home.
- Chapter 230 Authorizing and enabling the county of Kings, for the care, custody and relief of its poor and insane, to purchase, erect and maintain, outside the said county limits, a farm and buildings not exceeding \$100,000 in value and to issue bonds to meet the expense thereof.
See chap. 371, L. 1891.
- Chapter 262 Providing for the purchase of Riker's Island in Queens county by the commissioners of public charities and correction of New York city, to provide for the annexation thereof to the city and county of New York and to provide funds for such purchase.
See chap. 410, L. 1882; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.
- Chapter 275 Act in relation to the Northern New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, at Malone, New York, as to State pupils and pupils from counties and towns.
See chap. 325, L. 1863; chap. 275, L. 1884.
- Chapter 314 Act supplemental to chapter 187, Laws of 1881, providing for the establishment of a house of refuge for women and making an appropriation of \$25,000 for the erection of a building.
See chap. 42, L. 1885; chap. 341, L. 1892.
- Chapter 319 Amending chapter 203, Laws of 1881, authorizing the burial of the bodies of any honorably discharged soldier, sailor or marine who shall hereafter die without

leaving means sufficient to defray funeral expenses. (1884)

Interments not to be made with pauper dead.

See chap. 203, L. 1881; chap. 216, L. 1887; chap. 225, L. 1896; chap. 24, L. 1900.

Authorizing the board of supervisors of Greene county to borrow \$10,000 for the purpose of paying debts already contracted in the erection of a new poor-house. Chapter 321

Making an appropriation of \$50,000 for the construction of additional buildings at the Soldiers and Sailors' Home at Bath. Chapter 331

Act to incorporate "The Synod of New York" of the Presbyterian Church. Chapter 340

Amending chapter 679, Laws of 1872, authorizing the commissioners of public charities and correction in New York city to acquire title to portions of Ward's Island and the water rights surrounding the same. Chapter 342

See chap. 679, L. 1872.

Exempting real and personal property of the German Hospital and Dispensary in New York city from taxation. Chapter 348

Amending chapter 584, Laws of 1869, creating the Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital in New York city. Chapter 349

See chap. 533, L. 1894.

Providing for the care, transportation and commitment, and the payment therefor, of lunatics, idiots, persons of unsound mind, deaf-mutes, orphans and paupers, the expense of whose maintenance and transportation is a charge on the city of Albany and to define the duties of the superintendent of the almshouse in city of Albany. Chapter 354

See chap. 300, L. 1885; chap. 387, L. 1886.

Regulating the deposit of funds received by charitable and benevolent institutions supported in whole or in part by public moneys. Chapter 415

Incorporating the "New York Cancer Hospital." Chapter 429

Amending charter of "The St. Vincent's Retreat for the Insane." Chapter 431

Revising and consolidating the statutes of the State relating to the custody and care of indigent pauper Chapter 438

(1884)

children by orphan asylums and other charitable institutions.

See chap. 54, L. 1894; chap. 272, L. 1896.

The full text of this act is as follows:

CHAPTER 438, LAWS OF 1884.

AN ACT TO REVISE AND CONSOLIDATE THE STATUTES OF THE STATE RELATING TO THE CUSTODY AND CARE OF INDIGENT AND PAUPER CHILDREN BY ORPHAN ASYLUMS AND OTHER CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. The guardianship of the person and the custody of any indigent child may be committed to any incorporated orphan asylum or other institution incorporated for the care of orphan, friendless or destitute children, by an instrument in writing signed by the parents of such child, if both such parents shall then be living, or by the surviving parent, if either parent of such child be dead, or if either one of such parents shall have, for the period of six months then next preceding, abandoned such child, by the other of such parents, or if the father of such child shall have neglected to provide for his family during the six months then next preceding, or if such child be a bastard, by the mother of such child; or if both parents of such child shall then be dead, by the guardian of the person of such child, legally appointed, with the approval of the court or officer which appointed such guardian to be entered of record; or if both parents of such child shall then be dead and no legal guardian of the person of such child shall have been appointed, and no guardian of such child shall have been appointed by a last will and testament, or by a deed by either parent thereof, or if the parents of such child shall have abandoned such child for the period of six months then next preceding, by the mayor of the city or by the county judge of the county in which such asylum or such other institution shall be located, upon such terms, for such time, and subject to such conditions as may be agreed upon by the parties to such written instrument. And such written instrument may provide for the absolute surrender of such child to such corporation. But no such corporation shall draw or receive money from public funds for the support of any such child committed under the provisions of this section, unless it shall have been determined by a court of competent jurisdiction that such child has no relative, parent or guardian living, or that such relative, parent or guardian, if living, is destitute and actually unable to contribute to the support of such child.

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§ 2. It shall not be lawful for any county superintendent or overseer of the poor, board of charity or other officer, to send any child between the ages of two and sixteen years, as a pauper, to any county poor-house or alms-house for support and care, or to detain any child between the ages of two and sixteen years in such poor-house or alms-house; but such county superintendents, overseers of the poor, boards of charities or other officers shall provide for such child or children, in families, orphan asylums, hospitals, or other appropriate institutions, as provided by law. The boards of supervisors of the several counties of the state are hereby directed to take such action in the matter as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this section. When any such child shall be so provided for or placed in any orphan asylum or such other institution, such child shall, when practicable, be so provided for or placed in such asylum or such other institution as shall then be controlled by persons of the same religious faith as the parents of such child.

§ 3. All institutions, public or private, incorporated or not incorporated, for the reception of minors, whether as orphan, or as pauper, indigent, destitute, vagrant, disorderly, or delinquent persons, are hereby required to provide and keep a record in which shall be entered as the date of reception, and the names and places of birth and residence, nearly as the same can reasonably be ascertained, of all children admitted in such institutions, and how and by whom and for what cause such children shall be placed therein, and the names, residence, birthplace and religious denomination of the parents of such children so admitted, as nearly as the same can be reasonably ascertained; and whenever any such child shall leave such institution, the proper entry shall be made in such record, showing in what manner such child shall have been disposed of, and if apprenticed to or adopted by any person or family, or otherwise placed out at service or on trial, the name and place of residence of the person or head of the family to or with whom such child shall have been so apprenticed, adopted, or otherwise placed out; and extracts from such record relating to any such child which shall have been so admitted shall, within twenty-four hours after request therefor by any parent, relative or legal guardian of such child, of the secretary or other officer of such asylum or other institution, and an order of the supreme court to that effect, be given by such officer to such parent, relative or legal guardian. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent visitation by relatives and friends in accordance with the established rules of such institutions.

§ 4. While any child which shall have been placed in such asylum, or other institution, as a pauper, in pursuance of the second section of this act, shall remain therein at the expense of the county or town to which such pauper child is chargeable, the superintendents of the poor of such county, or the

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overseer of the poor of such town, may, in their discretion, remove such child from such asylum or other institution and place such child in some other such institution or make such other disposition of such child as shall then be provided by law. The name of no such child shall be changed while in such institution as in this section aforesaid. But no parent of such pauper child, so in such asylum or other institution as in this section aforesaid, shall be entitled to the custody thereof except in pursuance of a judgment or order of a court or judicial officer of competent jurisdiction, adjudging or determining that the interests of such child will be promoted thereby, and that such parent is fit, competent and able to duly maintain, support and educate such child.

§ 5. Any corporation specified in the first section of this act may bind out any indigent pauper child, if a male, for a period which shall not be beyond his twenty-first year, and if a female, for a period which shall not be beyond her eighteenth year, which shall have been absolutely surrendered to the care and custody of such corporation in pursuance of the provisions of the first section of this act, or which shall have been placed therein as a pauper in pursuance of the provisions of the second section of this act, or which shall have been left to the care of such corporation with no provision by the parent, relative or legal guardian of such child, for its support for a period of one year then next preceding; to be a clerk, apprentice or servant by an indenture in writing, which shall be executed under seal and signed in the name of such corporation by such officer or officers thereof as shall be authorized by the directors or trustees thereof to sign such corporate name to such indentures, and shall be signed also by the person or persons to whom such child shall be so bound out, who shall, in such indenture, undertake to treat such child kindly, which binding shall be as effectual as if such child had bound himself or herself with the consent of his or her father. The provisions of section eight, nine and ten of article first of title fourth of chapter eight of part second of the Revised Statutes shall apply to all cases of binding under this act.

§ 6. Should any such master or employer to whom any such child shall have been so bound out fail, at any time during the continuance of such apprenticeship, to provide suitable and proper board, lodging and medical attendance, or fail to perform any of the provisions of said indenture, on his part, said apprentice individually, or any person on his behalf, may bring an action against said employer to recover damages sustained by reason of such failure; and if proved to the satisfaction of the court, and the court shall deem it a proper case, the court shall direct said indentures to be canceled, and may render a judgment against such employer not exceeding one thousand dollars, and not less than one hundred dollars, and said judgment shall be collected and paid over to the

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corporation which was a party to such indenture, to be used for the benefit of such minor as such corporation shall direct.

§ 7. Any child which a corporation specified in the first section of this act is, by the fifth section of this act, authorized to bind out may be placed by such corporation, by adoption, with some suitable person or persons, by a written instrument of adoption, which shall be executed under seal and signed in the corporate name of such corporation by such officer or officers as shall be authorized by the directors or trustees thereof to sign such corporate name to such instruments, and which shall also be signed by the person or persons with whom such child shall be so placed by adoption, and if either of the persons so taking such child by adoption shall then have a husband or wife from whom such person is not lawfully separated, such instrument of adoption shall also be signed by such husband or wife. When practicable, all such children shall be indentured, bound out and given for adoption to persons of the same religious faith as the parents of such children.

§ 8. Each person taking a child by adoption, in pursuance of this act, is hereinafter designated as the foster parent of such child, and such foster parent and such child shall, after such adoption, sustain toward each other the legal relation of parent and child, and have all the rights and be subject to all the duties of that relation, excepting the right of inheritance, and except that as respects the passing and limiting over of real and personal property under and by deeds, conveyances, wills, devises and trusts, said child so adopted shall not be deemed to sustain the legal relation of child to either of its foster parents; and such instrument of adoption shall contain in substance the foregoing provisions of this section, and the further provision that the foster parents of such child shall treat such child, in all respects, as their own child should be treated. Such instrument of adoption shall also contain as nearly as can be reasonably ascertained a statement of the age of such child, and the age as so stated, shall be taken prima facie to be the true age without further proof thereof.

§ 9. Any child adopted in pursuance of the provisions of this act, may take the surname of its foster parents.

§ 10. If any child to be adopted or bound out in pursuance of this act shall be over twelve years of age prior to such binding out or adoption, such indenture or the instrument of adoption, as the case may be, may be also signed by said child.

§ 11. The parents of any child which shall have been adopted or bound out in pursuance of this act shall, from the time of such adoption or binding out, as the case may be, be relieved from all parental duties toward, and of all responsibility for, the child so bound out or adopted, and shall thereafter have no rights over, or to the custody, services or earnings of such child.

(1884)

§ 12. Any child which shall have been adopted in pursuance of the provisions of this act, or any corporation which shall have been a party to the agreement by which such child shall have been so adopted, or any person on behalf of such child may make an application to the surrogate's court of the county in which the foster parent of such child shall reside at the time of such application for the cancellation of such agreement of adoption and for the termination of the relation of parent and child between such foster parent and adopted child, upon the ground of cruelty, misusage, refusal of necessary provisions or clothing, or inability to support, maintain or educate such child, or of any violation of duty on the part of such foster parent toward such child; which application shall be by a petition setting forth the grounds of such application and duly verified by the person or by some officer of the corporation making the same. A citation shall thereupon be issued out of such surrogate's court, requiring such foster parent to show cause why such application should not be granted. The provisions of the Code of Civil Procedure relating to the issuing, contents, time and manner of service of citations issued out of surrogates' courts, and to the hearing upon the return thereof, and to enforcing the attendance of witnesses, and to all proceedings thereon, and to appeals from decrees of surrogates' courts, not inconsistent with this act, shall apply in cases of citations issued in pursuance of this act, and to all proceedings had thereon. And such surrogate's court shall have jurisdiction to order and compel the production of the person of such child before such surrogate's court. In case such surrogate shall, upon the proofs adduced before him upon the hearing on such citation, determine that either of the aforesaid grounds for such application exist, and that the interests of such child will be promoted by granting such application, and that such foster parent has justly forfeited his rights to the custody and services of such child, a decree shall be made and entered by such surrogate's court canceling such agreement of adoption, and terminating the relation of parent and child between such foster parent and adopted child, which decree shall be valid and effectual therefor; and thereupon the status of such child shall be the same as if no proceedings with reference thereto had been had under this act. But after one such petition against any such foster parent shall have been denied, a citation upon a subsequent petition against the same foster parent may be issued or refused in the discretion of the surrogate's court to whom such subsequent petition shall be made.

§ 13. Any foster parent who shall have adopted any child in pursuance of this act may apply to the surrogate's court of the county in which such foster parent shall reside at the time of such application for the cancellation of the agreement for such adoption, and for the termination of the relation of parent and child between such foster parent and such adopted

(1884)

child upon the ground of the willful desertion of such child from such foster parent, or of any misdemeanor, or ill-behaviour of such child, which application shall be by petition stating the grounds of such application, and the substance of such agreement of adoption and duly verified by the petitioner, and thereupon a citation shall be issued out of such court directed to the said child and to the corporation which was a party to such agreement of adoption, or to the superintendent of the poor of such county in case such corporation shall not then be in existence, requiring them to show cause why such petition should not be granted. Unless such corporation shall appear upon the return of such citation, before the hearing thereon shall proceed, a special guardian shall be appointed by such court to protect the interests of such child in such proceeding, and such foster parent shall pay to such special guardian such sum as such court shall direct for the purpose of paying the fees of such special guardian and the necessary disbursements of such guardian in preparing for and contesting such application on behalf of such child. In case such surrogate shall determine, upon the proofs adduced before him upon the hearing on such citation, that said child has violated his duty toward such foster parent, and that, due regard being had both to the interests of such child and of such foster parent, the circumstances of the case require that such agreement of adoption be cancelled, and that such relation of parent and child shall be determined, a decree shall be made and entered, accordingly, which shall be valid and effectual for that purpose; and such court may make any disposition of such child which any court or officer shall then be authorized to make of vagrant, truant or disorderly children. If such surrogate shall otherwise determine, a decree shall be made and entered by said court denying such petition.

§ 14. The following acts and parts of acts heretofore passed by the legislature of the state are hereby repealed, to wit: chapter one hundred and fifty-nine of the laws of eighteen hundred and fifty-five; chapter sixty-one of the laws of eighteen hundred and fifty-seven; chapter four hundred and eleven of the laws of eighteen hundred sixty-nine; chapter four hundred and thirty-one of the laws of eighteen hundred and seventy; chapter five hundred and twenty-two of the laws of eighteen hundred and seventy-five; and sections one and two of chapter one hundred and twelve of the laws of eighteen hundred and seventy-eight. But the repeal of said act shall not affect the validity of any indentures of apprenticeship or other agreements executed before this act shall take effect, nor any action or proceedings which shall have been commenced in any court or before any officer before this act shall take effect.

§ 15. This act shall take effect immediately.

(1884)
Chapter 470

Act forbidding the employment of children by contract in houses of refuge, reformatories and other correctional institutions.

Chapter 476

Legalizing the official acts and proceedings of Seth Palmiter, an overseer of the poor of the town of Naples, Ontario county.

Chapter 488

An appropriation of \$23,500 to construct drains to drain the basement of the Buffalo State Insane Asylum and to make other improvements in said asylum.

See chap. 378, L. 1870.

Chapter 515

Amending chapter 446, Laws of 1874, revising and consolidating the statutes of the State relating to the care and custody of the insane, the management of the asylums for their safekeeping and the duties of State Commissioner in Lunacy.

Insane criminals may be transferred to State Asylum at Auburn by an order of a justice of the Supreme Court upon application of any superintendent of an asylum.

See chap. 446, L. 1874; chap. 545, L. 1896; chaps. 380, 634 and 676, L. 1900; chap. 137, L. 1901; chaps. 326 and 330, L. 1904.

Chapter 521

Directing the commissioners of the land office to convey certain premises situated at Binghamton, N. Y., to the Susquehanna Valley Home and Industrial School for Indigent Children.

Chapter 543

Extending and defining the powers of the Collateral Loan Association.

The balance, if any, of sum earned each year, after division among the stockholders, of not to exceed in aggregate 10 per cent. per annum, shall be divided equally among the Children's Aid Society of New York city, the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children in said city, and the Catholic Protectory of Westchester county, State of New York.

See chap. 503, L. 1885; chap. 712, L. 1893.

Chapter 550

Annual appropriation act.—Appropriates \$7,361.67 for Indian annuities; \$300 for relief of Onondaga Indians; \$80,000 for The New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home; \$30,000 for The State Reformatory at Elmira; \$82,500 for the Institute for Deaf and Dumb,

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New York; \$30,000 for Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, New York; \$25,000 for Le Conteulx St. Mary's Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, Buffalo; \$33,750 for Central New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Rome; \$37,500 for St. Joseph's Institute for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, Fordham; \$7,500 for Northern New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Malone; \$28,750 for the Western New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Rochester; \$10,000 for Thomas Asylum; \$50,000 for Institution for the Blind at New York; \$30,000 for Institution for the Blind in Batavia; \$70,000 for Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents; \$70,000 for the Western House of Refuge; \$63,000 for the State Asylum for Idiots; \$20,000 for the Custodial Asylum; \$15,000 for the State Asylum for Lunatics; \$13,500 for the Willard Asylum for the Insane; \$9,500 for the Hudson River State Hospital; \$10,000 for the State Homœopathic Insane Asylum; \$7,500 for the Binghamton Asylum for the Chronic Insane; \$8,000 for the Buffalo State Insane Asylum; \$48,500 for the State Board of Charities for State paupers, salaries and expenses; \$5,000 for the Commissioner in Lunacy; \$650 for the Deaf-Mute's Journal.

See chaps. 90 and 417, L. 1887.

Supply bill.—\$2,000 for the removal of infirm alien paupers; \$10,617.16 for the New York State Institution for the Blind at Batavia; \$12,378.15 for the State Lunatic Asylum at Utica; \$7,250 for the Hudson River State Hospital; \$9,500 for the Buffalo Insane Asylum; \$13,017.50 for the Binghamton Asylum for the Chronic Insane; \$23,300 for the State Asylum for Idiots; \$3,000 for the Willard Insane Asylum; \$8,700 for the State Asylum for Insane Criminals; \$12,000 for the New York Reformatory at Elmira; \$15,000 for the Western House of Refuge.

Chapter 551

Concurrent resolution passed May 14, 1884, relating to the business and financial management of all the State charitable institutions. Attorney-General, Comp-

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troller and President of State Board of Charities to devise plan for reorganization of business and financial management of all State charitable institutions and for a central purchasing agency and to report to next legislature.

Page 747

Under and pursuant to chapter 80, Laws of 1860, amendatory of chapter 464, Laws of 1847.

Name of Brooklyn City Hospital changed March 15, 1883, to Brooklyn Hospital.

Page 750

Name of The Garfield Memorial Home changed to the "Brooklyn Home for Consumptives," by order of the court, August 20, 1883.

Page 751

Name of The Association for the Benefit of Colored Orphans in New York City changed by order of the court to the "Colored Orphan Asylum and Association for the Benefit of Colored Children in the City of New York," May 28, 1884.

1885
108th session
Chapter 11

Incorporating the Department of New York, Grand Army of the Republic.

See chap. 92, L. 1889.

Chapter 15

Amending chapter 199, Laws of 1882, to amend chapter 304, Laws of 1853, which amends the charter of the village of Dansville.

A poll-tax of one dollar to be levied upon every male inhabitant of the corporation over 21 years of age, except minister, priest, member of fire department, lunatics and paupers.

See chap. 371, L. 1893.

Chapter 26

Revising and amending the charter of Syracuse.

Sections 5 and 63. One overseer of the poor to be elected for one year, and shall possess and exercise all the powers and authority of overseers of the poor in the towns of Onondaga county, and shall be subject to the same duties and liabilities. His salary and that of his assistant to be fixed by board of city auditors annually. Overseer and assistant empowered to administer oaths.

See chap. 182, L. 1898.

Amending chapter 201, Laws of 1866, incorporating the Sisters of the Poor of St. Francis in New York State.

(1885)
Chapter 29

Amending chapter 203, Laws of 1881, authorizing the burial of bodies of any honorably discharged soldier, sailor or marine, who shall hereafter die without leaving sufficient means for defraying the burial expenses, as amended by chapter 247, Laws 1883, and chapter 319, Laws of 1884, providing that \$35 funeral expenses may be paid to relatives or friends for the burial.

Chapter 34

Amending chapter 314, Laws of 1884, an act supplemental to chapter 187, Laws of 1881, providing for the establishment of a house of refuge for women and making an additional appropriation for the erection of a building. Board of managers empowered to buy additional land at Hudson.

Chapter 42

See chap. 341, L. 1892.

Amending chapter 370, Laws of 1875, to amend and consolidate the several acts relating to the city of Elmira.

Chapter 48

Section 123. The common council to be empowered to designate a building, purchase a site and erect a hospital or pesthouse, which shall be managed by rules and regulations made by the board of health of the city and board of health to audit accounts in connection therewith.

Amending chapter 350, Laws of 1877, to amend chapter 272, Laws of 1864, incorporating the trustees of the Masonic Hall and Asylum Fund.

Chapter 55

See chap. 105, L. 1890.

Amending chapter 272, Laws of 1854, relating to the New York Institution for the Improved Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, as to State pupils.

Chapter 58

See chap. 264, L. 1817; chap. 197, L. 1890.

Revising and amending chapter 110, Laws of 1864, to amend the charter of the village of Newark.

Chapter 74

Title 5, section 4. Ministers, priests, paupers, idiots and lunatics to be exempt from paying the annual highway poll-tax of one dollar.

(1885)
Chapter 83

Amending the charter of the village of Lancaster, Erie county, consolidating and amending its several acts and enlarging the powers of the incorporation.

Title 9

Section 5. Trustees may remit the poll-tax or discharge judgments against any indigent persons unable to work.

Chapter 86

Repealing chapter 645, Laws of 1881, which provides that any superintendent of the poor in Lewis county may be the keeper of the poorhouse of said county.

Chapter 88

Amending chapter 319, Laws of 1848, for the incorporation of benevolent, charitable and missionary societies.

Chapter 99

Act making an appropriation of \$11,746 for certain extraordinary repairs and improvements at Willard Asylum for the Insane.

Chapter 100

Amending chapter 188, Laws of 1878, for the incorporation of District No. 1, of the Independent Order of Benai Berith, and to authorize other corporations, incorporated societies or other associations to give and transfer, or wholly to consolidate with, the corporation hereby created.

Chapter 114

Authorizing the commissioners of the almshouse of the city and town of Newburgh to procure a house and lot for a home for pauper children.

See chap. 541, L. 1865.

Chapter 116

Amending chapter 331, Laws of 1883, to protect the waters of Lake George and Schroon Lake in this State. Any person may in his own name or in the name of himself and the overseers of the poor of the town in which the offense was committed, prosecute and recover the penalty prescribed for violation of this act, forbidding the deposit of filth in said lakes, retaining one-half for himself, and the remaining, after deducting expenses, shall go to the use of the town poor.

See chap. 314, L. 1888.

Chapter 131

Incorporating the city of Amsterdam.

Section 53. One overseer of the poor to be appointed who shall have the sole care and management of the poor of said city, subject to the same provisions and

liabilities as the overseers of poor in the towns of Montgomery county, except as herein modified.

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Applications for relief of city residents must be made in writing, and filed and preserved by the poor overseer for the purpose of submitting same to the city clerk monthly. All accounts against the city for services rendered to the poor to be audited by the common council of said city, in the same manner as similar accounts are audited in the several towns in Montgomery county. Said overseer is not to be interested in goods furnished, or supplies purchased for poor relief, and must receive a written order from at least two members of the common council for rendering medical relief exceeding five dollars. He shall have power to administer oaths to, and examine under oath, any persons applying to him for relief. Said overseer shall receive an annual compensation of \$600.

See chap. 131, L. 1885.

Incorporating the "City Hospital and Dispensary of the city of Schenectady."

Chapter 133

Amending chapter 59, Laws of 1863, for the incorporation of the trustees of the Parochial Fund of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the diocese of western New York, as amended by chapter 500, Laws of 1875.

Chapter 144

Amending chapter 58, Laws of 1864, in relation to the American Seamen's Friend Society in New York city.

Chapter 150

The corporation is authorized to take and hold real and personal property.

See chap. 195, L. 1833.

Reappropriating \$3,970.58, an unexpended balance of a sum appropriated by chapter 386, Laws of 1882, for the purpose of constructing a sewer for the Buffalo State Asylum for the Insane.

Chapter 151

Amending chapter 29, Laws of 1850, relating to the support of the poor in Herkimer county.

Chapter 165

Superintendent of the poor to be elected for three years, and to be keeper of the county poorhouse. Powers and duties defined.

(1885)
Chapter 176

Amending chapter 407, Laws of 1881, for the prevention of the adulteration of food and drugs.

Moiety of penalties for the violation of this act to be applied to the use of the county poor.

See chap. 661, L. 1893.

Chapter 178

Act in relation to the discharge of patients from the Willard Insane Asylum on their recovery.

See chap. 446, L. 1874.

Chapter 183

Act to prevent deception in the sale of dairy products and to preserve the public health, being supplementary and in aid of chapter 202, Laws of 1884.

Moiety of penalties for violation to be applied to the use of the city or county poor, except in the city and county of New York, where the same shall be equally divided between the pension fund of the police and fire departments. (Act declared constitutional, 104 N. Y., 123.)

See chap. 458, L. 1885; chap. 577, L. 1886; chap. 338, L. 1893.

Chapter 207

To repeal chapter 163, Laws of 1865, making the office of superintendent of the poor in Washington county a salaried office.

Chapter 221

Revising, consolidating and amending the charter of the Buffalo Orphan Asylum, and acts supplemental and amendatory.

See chap. 259, L. 1837.

Chapter 224

Amending chapter 116, Laws of 1878, to amend chapter 328, Laws of 1868, amending and continuing in force an act incorporating an association for the relief of respectable aged, indigent females in New York city.

See chap. 69, L. 1815.

Chapter 240

Annual appropriation act.—Appropriates: \$7,361.67 for Indian annuities; \$300 for the relief of the Onondagas; \$106,000 for the State Soldiers and Sailors' Home; \$30,000 for the State Reformatory at Elmira; \$82,500 for the New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb; \$30,000 for the Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes; \$25,000 to the Le Conteulx St. Mary's Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes; \$33,750 for the Central New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes; \$42,500 for

St. Joseph's Institute for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes; \$28,750 for the Western New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes; \$10,000 for the Northern New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes; \$11,000 for Thomas Asylum; \$50,000 for the Institution for the Blind at New York; \$40,000 for the Institution for the Blind at Batavia; \$70,000 for the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents; \$85,000 for the Western House of Refuge; \$63,000 for the State Idiot Asylum; \$20,000 for the Custodial Asylum; \$15,000 for the State Asylum for Lunatics; \$13,500 for Willard Insane Asylum; \$11,750 for the Hudson River State Hospital; \$10,000 for the State Homœopathic Insane Asylum; \$8,500 for the Binghamton Insane Asylum; \$10,200 for the Buffalo State Insane Asylum; \$48,500 for the State Board of Charities for support of State paupers, salaries and expenses; \$5,000 for the Commissioner in Lunacy.

(1885)

See chap. 337, L. 1885; chaps. 90 and 417, L. 1887.

Amending chapter 410, Laws of 1882, consolidating into one act and declaring the special and local laws affecting public interests in New York city.

Chapter 249

Section 210. The board of estimate and apportionment is authorized to appropriate from time to time all moneys derived from fines and penalties, and all license fees provided for in this act, to such benevolent, charitable or insane institutions as may seem deserving by said board.

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Authorizing the commissioners of the land office to sell and convey to the New York, Lackawanna and Western Railway Company a right of way across the lands occupied by the New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home.

Chapter 254

See chap. 86, L. 1882; chap. 478, L. 1884.

Act for the preservation of the public health and the registration of vital statistics.

Chapter 270

Section 6. Superintendents of the poor authorized at the request of the poorhouse physician, to remove any

- (1885) person from poorhouse afflicted with a contagious disease to some suitable place within the county.
See § 24, chap. 661, L. 1893.
- Chapter 275 Relating to the superintendent of the poor of Columbia county, defining his powers and duties and regulating the exercise thereof in certain cases.
- Chapter 281 Incorporating the "State Custodial Asylum for Feeble-minded Women at Newark, New York," and to provide for the appointment of trustees and the purchase of buildings and grounds. \$30,000 appropriated.
- Chapter 282 Amending chapter 183, Laws of 1845, incorporating the Syracuse Orphan Asylum, as amended by chapter 165, Laws of 1847, and by chapter 187, Laws of 1857.
- Chapter 284 Incorporating the "Woman's Christian Temperance Home."
- Chapter 290 Amending chapter 291, Laws of 1867, incorporating the city of Binghamton and amendatory acts. The common council shall have power to raise annually a sum not exceeding \$1,000 for hospital purposes and expenses of the board of health.
See chap. 214, L. 1888.
- Chapter 293 To repeal chapter 420, Laws of 1862, incorporating the Union Home and School for the Education and Maintenance of the Children of Volunteers, and to dissolve said corporation.
- Chapter 294 Providing for the election of one overseer of the poor in the town of Orangetown, Rockland county, and to fix his compensation at \$350 per annum.
- Chapter 299 Establishing a police pension fund for the city of Albany.
See chap. 77, L. 1870; chap. 298, L. 1883; chap. 442, L. 1886; chap. 521, L. 1887.
- Chapter 300 Amending chapter 354, Laws of 1884, providing for the care, transportation and commitment and the payment therefor, of lunatics, idiots, persons of unsound mind, deaf-mutes, orphans and paupers, who are a charge upon Albany county, and to define the duties of the superintendent of the almshouse in city of Albany.
- Chapter 301 Defining the duties of the overseers of the poor and the superintendent of the almshouse in the county of Albany in certain cases.

Amending title 16 of chapter 298, Laws of 1883, providing for the government of the city of Albany.

(1885)
Chapter 302

Superintendent of the almshouse of city of Albany to have the supervision and care of city poor. The poor overseer shall investigate as to the antecedents of the indigent poor under their care. Said superintendent shall have power to send to the several hospitals of the city of Albany, such sick poor as he may deem proper, provided that the expense for their care and maintenance does not exceed the sum appropriated for that purpose. He may give temporary relief in case of emergency, and must render a monthly report to the common council, stating in detail all expenditures and receipts.

See chap. 182, L. 1898.

Subdivision 8 of section 824 of chapter 410, Laws of 1882, consolidating into one act and to declare the special and local laws affecting public interests in New York city amended as follows: The property, both real and personal, of St. Luke's Hospital and Mount Sinai Hospital.

Chapter 311

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Amending chapter 103, Laws of 1883, regulating and providing for the purchase of supplies and auditing of accounts for the county institutions in Erie county.

Chapter 318

Amending act to amend chapter 19, Laws of 1858, for the incorporation of the Long Island College Hospital in the city of Brooklyn, and acts amendatory.

Chapter 324

See chap. 458, L. 1864; chap. 135, L. 1879.

Amending chapter 173, Laws of 1883, incorporating the fund for the relief of disabled firemen in the city of Albany, being to pension disabled firemen and to create an insurance fund.

Chapter 332

Amending chapter 801, Laws of 1857, founding a State Woman's Hospital.

Chapter 343

Providing for relaying of a portion of the sewer of the New York State Reformatory; appropriation, \$10,000.

Chapter 346

To exempt from taxation the property of the New York Skin and Cancer Hospital.

Chapter 357

(1885)
Chapter 364

Amending chapter 180, Laws of 1884, to amend chapter 410, Laws of 1882, to consolidate into one act and to declare the special and local laws affecting public interests in New York city, and to provide for the police department of said city a pension fund.

See chap. 351, L. 1891; chaps. 52, 82 and 178, L. 1892; chap. 529, L. 1893; chap. 536, L. 1894; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Chapter 370

Amending chapter 410, Laws of 1882, to consolidate into one act and to declare the special and local laws affecting public interests in New York city, and to establish the New York Fire Department Relief Fund.

See chap. 378, L. 1897.

Chapter 396

Revising the charter of the city of Dunkirk.

Title 3, section 2. One overseer of the poor to be elected annually.

Title 8, section 1. Said overseer of the poor is not to be interested in the purchasing of supplies for the poor.

Chapter 398

Amending chapter 410, Laws of 1882, consolidating into one act and to declare the special and local laws affecting the public interests of New York city.

The property of the Samaritan Home for the Aged in New York city, and the Hebrew Sheltering Guardian Society of New York, to be exempt from taxation to the amount of \$50,000.

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Chapter 399

Act to prevent the pollution of the waters of the Susquehanna river within five miles above the waterworks of the city of Binghamton.

Section 4. The trustees of the Binghamton Asylum for the Chronic Insane shall provide for the proper sewage of that institution; \$13,000 appropriated for that purpose.

See chap. 247, L. 1889; chap. 661, L. 1893.

Chapter 425

Authorizing the appointment of trust companies as trustees, guardians, receivers or committees of a lunatic, idiot, or habitual drunkard.

See Code Civ. Pro., § 2337; chaps. 677 and 689, L. 1892.

Chapter 447

Incorporating "The Department of New York Sons of Veterans."

Act in relation to supplying the State Lunatic Asylum with water; \$5,000 appropriated for said purpose. See chap. 545, L. 1886.

(1885)
Chapter 462

Providing for the presentation of proper bills for the support of indigent insane, idiotic, deaf and dumb or blind persons to Dutchess county, and the city of Poughkeepsie by institutions for their maintenance in New York State, and for the proper commitment of such persons.

Chapter 465

Amending chapter 523, Laws of 1883, to amend the charter of the city of Poughkeepsie. Said city shall hereafter be a separate district for the support and relief of indigent persons, and shall not be taxed to support the poor in the towns of Dutchess county. All fines collected for drunkenness and violation in the said city of the excise laws to be applied to the use of the city poor.

Chapter 466

Act to establish a ward for the surgical and medical treatment of persons wounded or taken ill in the city of New York, north of 100th street and east of 5th avenue.

Chapter 482

Act to create a relief fund in the police department in all cities of this State having, according to the last census, a population exceeding one million.

Chapter 486

See chap. 410, L. 1882; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Act concerning tramps.—Their punishment.

Chapter 490

See chap. 176, L. 1880; chaps. 115 and 144, L. 1891; Code Crim. Pro., § 887a.

Annual supply bill.—\$650 for the Deaf-Mutes Journal; \$95,000 for New York State Reformatory at Elmira; \$20,000 for New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home; \$12,233.98 for the Buffalo State Insane Asylum; \$44,304.96 for the State Lunatic Asylum at Utica; \$72,830 for the Binghamton Insane Asylum; \$18,500 for New York State Asylum for Idiots; \$25,000 for State Homœopathic Asylum; \$20,287.50 for Hudson River State Hospital; \$370 for Thomas Asylum; \$11,240.88 for Blind Institution at Batavia; \$8,500 for trial or execution of convicts in State prisons in the State or the State Reformatory; \$37,721.96 for the

Chapter 525

(1885)

Western House of Refuge; \$17,832 for the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents. The proper officers of each State hospital, asylum, charitable or reformatory institution, the State Commissioner in Lunacy, the State Board of Charities and the State Board of Health must render to the comptroller quarterly a detailed and itemized account of all receipts of expenditures with sub-vouchers. All State institutions or departments, except charitable institutions, reformatories and houses of refuge must pay into the treasury quarterly all receipts and earnings other than from the State Treasury. All charitable institutions, houses of refuge and reformatories, must file with the comptroller annually a certified inventory of all articles of maintenance on hand. Said institutions and quarantine commissioners shall report to the legislature in their annual report, by name, an inventory of each article of property, excepting supplies for maintenance belonging to the State. The comptroller is authorized to devise a form of accounts to be observed in said institutions. Such method shall include book-keeping, etc. The clerks of said institutions shall receive and examine all articles purchased, and record them in books of the institution for which they have been purchased.

See chap. 206 and 349, L. 1886.

Chapter 546

Amending sections 59 and 60 of title 1 of chapter 20, part 1 of the Revised Statutes of the State, relating to the relief and support of indigent persons.

County superintendents of the poor shall support stray paupers not chargeable upon city or town for support. Notice to be given to poor overseer or person having charge of the poor in such locality. Such paupers to be removed within thirty days after notice has been given.

See chap. 486, L. 1888; chap. 225, L. 1896.

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The name of The Teacher's Union Relief Association of Hoosick Falls, N. Y., changed to "Hoosick Falls Mutual Relief Society," by order of the court, dated April 16, 1884.

Name of the New York Lodge of the United Order of American Carpenters and Joiners changed to the "United Order of American Carpenters and Joiners," by order of the court, dated July 7, 1884. (1885)

Act making an appropriation of \$18,032.90, for certain extraordinary repairs and improvements at the State Lunatic Asylum at Utica.

1886
109th session
Chapter 9

Amending chapter 633, Laws of 1866, relating to the benevolent fund of the late volunteer fire department of New York city, and incorporating the trustees thereof.

Chapter 15

Providing that the superintendent of the poor of Essex county be the keeper of the poorhouse of said county.

Chapter 20

Amending chapter 446, title 5, Laws 1874, to revise and consolidate the statutes of the State, relating to the care and custody of the insane, the management of the asylums and the duties of State Commissioner in Lunacy, as to salaries of officers of Hudson River State Hospital.

Chapter 27

See chap. 614, L. 1893; chap. 545, L. 1896; chaps. 380, 634 and 676, L. 1900; chap. 137, L. 1901.

Amending chapter 130, Laws 1875, for incorporation of societies for the prevention of cruelty to children.

Chapter 30

Amending the Penal Code relative to abduction, boarding nursing children, omitting to furnish minor with food and shelter, and permitting children to frequent saloons, theatres and gaming houses, and prescribing punishment.

Chapter 31

See chap. 676, L. 1881; Penal Code, §§ 287-293.

Amending charter of St. Joseph's Asylum in New York city, chapter 378, Laws 1859.

Chapter 33

Authorizing the Board of Claims to hear, audit and determine the claim against the State, of the Western New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, for the support and instruction of certain deaf-mutes, and to make an award therefor.

Chapter 72

See chap. 205, L. 1883.

Incorporating the city of Jamestown.

Chapter 84

Title 2, section 1; title 4, section 15. One overseer of the poor to be elected for two years who shall have and

Title 2
Title 4

(1886)

exercise the same powers and duties as overseers of poor of towns in Chautauqua county, and shall receive for his services the same compensation.

See chap. 334, L. 1869; chap. 584, L. 1886.

Chapter 120

Revising charter of city of Lockport.

Sections 5 and 6. One overseer of poor to be elected for one year.

Section 62. One overseer of poor to examine thoroughly all applicants for relief. No bill or claim for supplies to be audited unless an affidavit of claimant be annexed to bill vouching for its correctness.

Overseer to furnish quarterly to common council a detailed report of all receipts and disbursements for the three months next preceding, together with all vouchers of his expenditures, bills, etc. Except as herein provided, said overseer shall have same powers and duties as are exercised by overseers in towns of Niagara county in all matters pertaining to poor, and in such cases the city shall be regarded as a town in said county.

A committee of the common council shall examine all such reports and if satisfactory have them published.

Chapter 127

Amending chapter 566, Laws 1869, reorganizing the fire department of the city of Brooklyn.

There shall be a board of trustees consisting of nine exempt firemen, who are acting as trustees of the Widows and Orphans' Fund of the Eastern District of Brooklyn, under provisions of chapter 566, Laws 1869, and of such other persons hereinafter provided for. Said board to be known and designated as The Board of Trustees to the Widows and Orphans' Fund of the late Volunteer Fire Department of the Eastern District of city of Brooklyn.

Chapter 141

Act to prevent taking fish in Lake Ontario, adjacent to shore of Jefferson county and from the inland waters of said county otherwise than by angling. Moiety of penalties for the violation of act to go to use of county poor.

See chap. 534, L. 1879; chap. 366, L. 1887; chaps. 488 and 677, L. 1892.

- Act for the care and support of poor in Fulton county. (1886)
Chapter 155
See chap. 498, L. 1847; chap. 497, L. 1855; chap. 441, L. 1890.
- Amending charter of city of Binghamton, chapter 291, Laws 1867, and amendatory act. \$1,000 annually to be raised for hospital purposes and expenses of health board. Chapter 159
See chap. 214, L. 1888.
- Authorizing the board of supervisors of Erie county to acquire by purchase, gift or otherwise, necessary real estate in city of Buffalo, for a site on which to erect a public morgue for county use and offices, and to provide for the building thereof. Superintendent of poor to have his office in said building. Chapter 197
- Appropriation of \$35,200 for completion of two buildings on grounds of Binghamton Asylum for Chronic Insane, provided to be erected by chapter 525, Laws 1885. Chapter 206
- Authorizing the trustees of Binghamton Asylum for the Chronic Insane to appoint additional assistant physician. Chapter 215
See chap. 280, L. 1879.
- Authorizing the board of fire commissioners of New York city to inquire into and determine the claim of Gilbert R. Merritt to be placed on the pension roll of city fire department. Chapter 237
- Authorizing the appointment of commissioners to locate an asylum for the insane in Northern New York. Chapter 238
See chap. 375, L. 1887.
- Act to protect wild goose, duck, brant, teal, coot, dippes and greebe in Chautauqua county. Moiety of penalties for violation to go to county poor. Chapter 247
See chap. 534, L. 1879; chap. 488, L. 1892.
- Amending chapter 863, Laws 1873, to amend charter of city of Brooklyn and various amendments thereof; \$60,000 to be raised annually for certain hospitals and dispensaries in city of Brooklyn therein named. Chapter 249
See chap. 583, L. 1888.

(1886)
Chapter 253

Authorizing the Hebrew Sheltering Guardian Society of New York city to purchase real and personal estate, and to issue bonds therefor.

See chap. 200, L. 1888.

Chapter 255

Amending chapter 385, Laws 1862, to amend and consolidate acts relative to city of Schenectady. Annual tax of \$40,000 for defraying expenses of poor of said city and other purposes to be raised.

See chap. 134, L. 1888; chap. 206, L. 1889.

Chapter 270

Authorizing the "Sisterhood of St. Mary" to separate its Free Hospital for Children from its other work, and to convey the property held for such hospital to the St. Mary's Free Hospital for Children in New York city.

Chapter 281

Incorporating the "Orphanage and Home of the Free Methodist Church."

Chapter 284

Incorporating the "Roman Catholic Union of the Knights of St. John."

See chap. 75, L. 1893.

Chapter 286

Authorizing and empowering the Board of Commissioners of Emigration to lease certain lands and buildings on Ward's Island in New York city, to the Commissioner of the Sinking Fund of New York city, or to the Board of Commissioners of Charities and Correction of said city. Part of the rent for the lease to go toward the payment of such claims against such commission for the support of pauper immigrants as may be justly due to counties of State and various institutions of charity therein.

See chap. 302, L. 1873.

Chapter 290

Amending charter of the Industrial School of Rochester, chapter 457, Laws of 1857.

See chap. 170, L. 1893.

Chapter 318

Providing additional accommodations for the insane at the Hudson River State Hospital, and to provide for the construction thereof.

See chap. 446, L. 1874; chap. 380, L. 1887; chap. 333, L. 1888; chap. 138, L. 1889.

Chapter 330

Supply bill.—\$650 for Deaf-Mutes' Journal; \$1,000 for Blind Institution at Batavia; \$22,000 for State

(1886)

Reformatory at Elmira; \$23,289.81 for Society for Juvenile Delinquents, Randall's Island; \$18,000 for Western House of Refuge; \$42,500 for Asylum for Feeble-Minded Women; \$24,000 for New York Idiot Asylum; \$77,000 for Willard Asylum; \$29,130 for New York State Asylum for Lunatics; \$33,400 for Hudson River State Hospital; \$49,500 for Homœopathic Insane Asylum; \$79,707.15 for Binghamton Insane Asylum; \$5,910 for Buffalo Insane Asylum; \$55,000 for House of Refuge for Women; \$2,000 for Thomas Indian Orphan Asylum.

Managers, trustees, superintendents or other officers of each State hospital, asylum, charitable or reformatory institution, State Commissioner of Lunacy, State Board of Charities, to render quarterly detailed accounts to the Comptroller as to receipts and expenditures, and to deposit money in banks, giving bond therefor, to be approved by Comptroller.

All State charitable institutions to file with Comptroller a certified inventory of all articles on hand at close of preceding fiscal year. Comptroller to designate form of keeping accounts by institutions.

Clerk or bookkeeper of State charitable institutions to receive and examine all articles purchased by them and to enter bill of goods in books of institution. Duplicate contracts to be filed with Comptroller.

See chap. 665, L. 886; chap. 260, L. 1887.

Authorizing the Sheltering Arms to take and receive and hold real and personal property by devise or bequest.

Chapter 347

Amending chapter 410, Laws 1882, consolidating into one act and to declare the special and local laws affecting public interest in New York city, as to commitments of females to Protestant Episcopal House of Mercy, Roman Catholic House of the Good Shepherd or Magdalen Female Benevolent Asylum and Home for Fallen Women.

See chap. 378, L. 1897.

Chapter 353

Increasing the legislative powers of boards of supervisors.

Chapter 355

(1886)

Said boards to make regulations and requirements concerning the keeping of poor accounts and disbursements by poor overseers and their reports to town auditors, the manner of auditing bills presented to them, and reports by county superintendents to supervisors.

See chap. 482, L. 1875; 1 R. S. part 1, art. 1, title 2, chap. 12; chaps. 677 and 686, L. 1892.

Chapter 370

Relating to the compensation of overseers of poor in towns of Seneca county, and to regulate the manner of granting relief to the poor of said towns by such overseers.

Chapter 387

Amending chapter 354, Laws 1884, providing for the care, transportation and commitment and payment therefor of lunatics, idiots, persons of unsound mind, deaf-mutes, orphans and paupers chargeable upon Albany county, and to define duties of superintendent of the almshouse in city of Albany and to repeal certain portions thereof.

See chap. 182, L. 1898.

Chapter 409

Regulating the employment of women and children in manufacturing establishments, and to provide for the appointment of inspectors to enforce the same.

See chap. 676, L. 1881; chap. 462, L. 1887; chap. 560, L. 1889; chap. 398, L. 1890; chap. 673, L. 1892; chap. 173, L. 1893; chap. 373, L. 1894; chap. 415, L. 1897; chap. 184, L. 1903.

Chapter 411

Amending chapter 173, Laws 1883, incorporating the fund for the relief of disabled firemen in city of Albany, as amended by chapter 332, Laws 1885.

Chapter 413

Annual appropriation act.—\$7,361.67 for Indian annuities; \$300 for Relief of Onondaga Indians; \$110,000 for Soldiers and Sailors' Home; \$100,000 for State Reformatory at Elmira; \$82,500 for the New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb; \$30,000 for the Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes; \$35,000 for the Le Couteulx St. Mary's Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes; \$33,750 for the Central New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes; \$42,500 for St. Joseph's Institute for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes; \$28,750

for the Western New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes; \$12,500 for the Northern New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes; \$11,000 for Thomas Asylum; \$90,000 for Institutions for the Blind at New York and Batavia; \$70,000 for Society for Juvenile Delinquents; \$85,000 for Western House of Refuge; \$80,000 for Idiot Asylum; \$20,000 for Custodial Asylum; \$15,000 for State Lunatic Asylum; \$13,500 for Willard Asylum; \$10,000 for State Homœopathic Asylum; \$13,500 for Hudson River State Hospital; \$8,500 for Binghamton Asylum; \$10,200 for Buffalo Asylum; \$5,000 for State Commission in Lunacy; \$48,500 for State Board of Charities.

See chaps. 90 and 417, L. 1887.

Amending chapter 276, Laws 1864, in relation to the sale, use and disposition of butts, hogsheads, barrels, casks or kegs used by manufacturers of malt liquors. Moiety of penalties for conversion of such casks to go to town or city poor.

Chapter 417

Creating the "New York Post Graduate Medical School and Hospital" in New York city.

Chapter 438

See chap. 292, L. 1889.

Amending chapter 94, Laws 1840, to amend act incorporating the Rochester Orphan Asylum.

Chapter 439

Amending chapter 299, Laws 1885, establishing a police pension fund for city of Albany.

Chapter 442

Act for the relief of the Buffalo City Dispensary.

Chapter 447

Act appropriating \$75,000 for the completion of the extension of the south wing of the New York State Reformatory at Elmira and for the purchase of materials therefor.

Chapter 454

Amending chapter 364, Laws 1864, incorporating the Society for the Protection of Destitute Roman Catholic Children in city of Buffalo.

Chapter 460

Amending chapter 271, Laws 1880, to amend chapter 519, Laws 1870, which amends charter of city of Buffalo.

Chapter 465

Firemen's Relief Fund established for the relief of disabled and sick firemen and their families.

Amending chapter 519, Laws 1870, revising charter of city of Buffalo and act amendatory thereof.

Chapter 479

(1886)

- (1886) One overseer of poor to be elected for two years. The overseer of poor with advice and consent of common council to appoint a deputy.
See chap. 186, L. 1888; chap. 318, L. 1889; chap. 105, L. 1891.
- Chapter 481 Act for the relief of the Women and Children's Dispensary Association of Buffalo.
- Chapter 525 Amending amended charter of city of Troy, chapter 332, Laws 1880.
Commissioners of charities to appoint superintendent of poor who shall receive salary not exceeding \$1,500 to be fixed by board of charities. Commissioners to annually appoint a clerk to assist superintendent in his duties. Commissioners of charities to receive salary of \$200 each except president of board who is to receive \$600.
See chap. 598, L. 1870.
- Chapter 528 Amending section 1, chapter 37, Laws 1877, to amend section 1, chapter 638, Laws 1867, authorizing the New York Society for the Relief of the Ruptured and Crippled to hold real and personal estate.
- Chapter 535 Providing for the establishment of municipal lodging houses in New York city by commissioners of charities and correction.
See chap. 410, L. 1882; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.
- Chapter 539 Name of the Western House of Refuge for Juvenile Delinquents or the House of Refuge for Juvenile Delinquents in Western New York changed to "The State Industrial School," and relating to discipline and instruction therein and commitments thereto and making an appropriation therefor of \$10,000.
See chap. 143, L. 1846; chaps. 195 and 470, L. 1893.
- Chapter 540 Providing for the building of a city hospital in Long Island city.
See chap. 461, L. 1871.
- Chapter 545 Amending chapter 462, Laws 1885, relating to supplying the State Lunatic Asylum with water and making further appropriation therefor of \$7,000.
- Chapter 546 Authorizing any corporation duly incorporated under Laws of New York State for benevolent or charitable, missionary or mission or Sunday School purposes, or

for any two or more of such objects to appoint policemen.

(1886)

See chap. 319, L. 1848.

Act to protect benevolent, charitable and missionary societies incorporated under chapter 319, Laws of 1848, as to improper use of admission tickets.

Chapter 547

Any person with intent to defraud a corporation by means of ticket contract shall be deemed guilty of misdemeanor.

See chap. 677, L. 1892; chap. 692, L. 1893.

For prevention of deception in sales of dairy products, amending chapter 183, Laws 1885, being supplementary to chapter 202, Laws 1884. Moiety of penalties for violation to go to poor except in New York and Kings counties where same is to be divided between police and fire department pension funds.

Chapter 577

See chaps. 332 and 338, L. 1893.

Amending section 9, title I, chapter 555, Laws 1864, revising and consolidating the general acts relating to public instruction.

Chapter 615

Eligibility of deaf and dumb pupils to State appointment.—Applicant if over twelve years of age must be a resident in this State for three years previous to application, or if a minor the child's guardian must fill same requirement. Certain districts set apart for admission of State pupils to New York and Batavia Blind Institutions respectively.

See chaps. 229 and 556, L. 1894.

Authorizing board of supervisors of Kings county to make provision for Andrew Zeiser in certain action brought against him by Moses Kessel to recover from him the salary of commissioner of charities of Kings county from October 21, 1878, to June 1, 1880, and to make payments to Andrew Zeiser for final judgment.

Chapter 617

See chap. 470, L. 1879.

Further amending chapter 395, Laws 1871, in relation to persons abandoning and who threaten to abandon their families in Kings county, as amended by chapter 171, Laws 1882.

Chapter 620

See chap. 533, L. 1892.

(1886)
Chapter 622

Amending chapter 364, Laws 1878, relating to the assessment of real property in city of Brooklyn, Kings county, owned and occupied by charitable corporations, societies or institutions.

See chap. 863, L. 1873; chaps. 169 and 576, L. 1888; chap. 189, L. 1889.

Chapter 629

Providing the several hospitals, orphan asylums and other charitable and benevolent corporations, societies and institutions in city of Brooklyn, with water in said city free of charge.

See chap. 863, L. 1873; chap. 583, L. 1888.

Chapter 632

Amending chapter 438, Laws 1877, creating a police pension fund for disabled and retired policemen in city of Brooklyn.

See chap. 232, L. 1887.

Chapter 633

Act for the better preservation of the health of children in institutions.

See chap. 159, L. 1855; chap. 677, L. 1892; chap. 661, L. 1893; chap. 535, L. 1895.

The full text of this act is as follows:

CHAPTER 633, LAWS OF 1886.

AN ACT FOR THE BETTER PRESERVATION OF THE HEALTH OF CHILDREN IN INSTITUTIONS.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Every institution in this State incorporated for the express purpose of receiving or caring for orphan, vagrant or destitute children, or juvenile delinquents, excepting hospitals, shall have attached thereto a regular physician of its selection, duly licensed to practice under the laws of this State and in good professional standing.

§ 2. The name of such physician and his address shall be posted and be kept posted conspicuously within such institution, near its main entrance.

§ 3. It shall be the duty of the officers of such institution, upon receiving any child therein, either upon commitment or otherwise, before admitting it to contact with any other of its inmates, to cause such child to be examined by said physician and a certificate in writing to be given by him, stating whether such child is apparently suffering with diphtheria, scarlet fever, measles, whooping cough or any other contagious or infectious disease, especially of the eyes or skin, which might be communicated to the other inmates thereof. Such physician shall specify in such certificate the physical and

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mental condition of the child, the presence of any indication of hereditary or other constitutional disease, and also any deformity or abnormal condition which he may find upon examination to exist. Such certificate shall be kept by the officers of the institution filed with the commitment or other papers on record in the case, and no child shall be so admitted until after such certificate shall have been furnished as above provided.

§ 4. On receipt of such certificate the officers of such institution shall on receiving such child, place it in strict quarantine thereafter from the other inmates of the institution until discharged therefrom by order of such physician, who shall thereupon endorse on such certificate the time such child has remained in quarantine and the date of such discharge therefrom.

§ 5. It shall be the duty of such physician at least once a month to thoroughly examine and inspect the entire institution and to report in writing in such form as shall be approved by the State Board of Health, to the board of managers or directors of such institution, and also to the board of health within the district or place where the institution is situated, its condition especially as to the plumbing, sinks, water-closets, urinals, privies and dormitories, and also as to the physical condition of the children and the existence of any contagious or infectious diseases, especially of the eyes or skin, and as to their food, clothing and cleanliness, and also whether the officers of such institution have provided proper and sufficient nurses, orderlies and other attendants of proper capacity to attend to said children, to secure to them due and proper care and attention as to their personal cleanliness and health, together with such recommendations for the improvement thereof as he may deem proper. And it shall be the duty of such boards to immediately investigate any complaint, and if the same shall prove to be well founded to remedy the evil without delay.

§ 6. No child suffering from any contagious or infectious disease, especially of the eyes or skin, shall be allowed to enter or remain in any such institution in contact with any children not so afflicted, unless it shall immediately be isolated or placed in a proper room or infirmary which shall be provided for that purpose by the officers of the institution under the direction of said physician.

§ 7. The beds in every dormitory in such institution shall be separated by a passage way of not less than two feet horizontally, and all the beds shall be so arranged that under each of them the air shall freely circulate, and there be adequate ventilation. Every dormitory shall be provided with means of ventilation, as the board of health within the locality may prescribe. In the dormitories of such institution, six hundred cubic feet of air space shall be provided and allowed for each

(1886)

bed or occupant, and no more beds or occupants shall be permitted than those provided in this way, unless free and adequate means of ventilation exist, approved by the local board of health, and a special permit in writing be granted therefor, specifying the number of beds or the cubic air space which shall, under special circumstances, be allowed. Such permit shall be conspicuously posted and kept posted in each dormitory. It shall be the duty of the physician attached to any such institution to at once notify in writing the local board of health and the board of managers or directors of such institution, if the provisions of this section are at any time violated.

§ 8. The words "juvenile delinquents" in this act shall include all children whose commitment to an institution is provided for by the provisions of the Penal Code.

§ 9. Any person who shall wilfully refuse to comply with, or to discharge any duty imposed by this act, or who shall violate any provision thereof, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

§ 10. This act shall take effect on the first day of October eighteen hundred and eighty-six.

Chapter 643

Amending chapter 437, Laws 1885, to amend chapter 180, Laws of 1884, which amends chapter 410, Laws 1882, to consolidate into one act and to declare the special and local laws affecting public interests in New York city and to provide a pension fund for the police department of New York city.

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Chapter 651

Amending New York city Consolidation Act of 1882, chapter 410, as to the real and personal property belonging to the Montefiore Home for Chronic Invalids in New York city to be exempt from taxation except for State purposes.

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Chapter 657

Amending section 892 of Code of Criminal Procedure. Magistrate to file record of conviction of vagrants and commit same if he deem it proper to county poorhouse or city almshouse or poorhouse for six months at hard labor, or if not a fit object for poorhouse to county jail or city penitentiary.

See chap. 442, L. 1881; Code Crim. Pro., §§ 887-898.

1887
110th session
Chapter 12

Enabling the commissioners of the almshouse of city of Kingston to borrow \$5,000 for the relief of the poor of said city and to pay charges for the transportation,

support and maintenance of lunatics, deaf-mutes, blind, insane and idiotic persons who are a charge on city. (1887)

See chap. 150, L. 1872.

Amending chapter 560, Laws of 1853, incorporating the trustees of the fund for aged and infirm clergymen of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the Diocese of New York and to enlarge the powers of said corporation. Chapter 15

Amending chapter 187, Laws 1881, providing for the establishment of a House of Refuge for Women at Hudson. Chapter 17

See chap. 704, L. 1892; chap. 546, L. 1896; chap. 632, L. 1899; chap. 49, L. 1900.

Amending chapter 158, Laws 1881, creating a police pension fund for disabled and retired policemen and their widows and orphans in city of Yonkers. Chapter 34

Amending charter of the Elmira Mechanics' Society and amendatory acts, chapter 516, Laws 1836, chapter 170, Laws 1869, and chapter 284, Laws 1883. Chapter 50

Authorizing the health department of Brooklyn, Kings county, to establish hospitals for contagious and infectious diseases and relating to their erection, government and maintenance. Chapter 61

See chap. 863, L. 1873; chap. 583, L. 1888.

Amending chapter 140, Laws 1864, to amend and consolidate acts relating to the Firemen's Benevolent Association of Rochester and the fire department of said city, as amended by chapter 9, Laws 1879. Chapter 72

Reappropriating \$15,000 for the State Idiot Asylum at Syracuse. Chapter 90

See chap. 417, L. 1887; chap. 546, L. 1896.

Supplementary to chapter 59, Laws 1863, incorporating the trustees of the Parochial Fund of the Protestant Episcopal Church in Diocese of Western New York and supplementary to chapter 429, Laws 1868, providing for the incorporation of trustees for the care of certain funds now held by the Protestant Episcopal Church in Diocese of Western New York. Chapter 106

See chap. 308, L. 1888.

(1887)
Chapter 107

Incorporating the Nyack fire department whose object it shall be to accumulate a fund for the relief of indigent firemen disabled while in service, exempt firemen and the families of all the aforesaid, and for the purchase of a firemen's burial ground in or near Nyack and to expend an annual sum necessary for care of same.

Chapter 112

Incorporating "The Field Home" in town of Yorktown, Westchester county.

Chapter 135

Annual appropriation act.—Appropriates \$7,361.67 for Indian annuities; \$300 for relief of Onondagas; \$110,000 for Soldiers and Sailors' Home; \$100,000 for State Reformatory at Elmira; \$232,500 for seven deaf and dumb institutions in State; \$11,000 for Thomas Asylum; \$90,000 for two blind institutions at New York and Batavia; \$100,000 for Society for Juvenile Delinquents; \$85,000 for State Industrial School, Rochester; \$80,000 for Idiot Asylum; \$30,000 for Custodial Asylum; \$15,000 for State Asylum for Lunatics; \$14,700 for Willard Asylum; \$10,000 for State Homœopathic Asylum; \$13,500 for Hudson River Hospital; \$8,500 for Binghamton Asylum; \$12,000 for Buffalo Asylum; \$5,000 for State Commissioner in Lunacy; \$48,500 for State Board of Charities.

See chap. 534, L. 1879.

Chapter 211

Appropriating \$40,000 for purchase of site for Northern New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes and for erection of buildings thereon at Malone.

Chapter 216

Amending chapter 203, Laws 1881, authorizing the burial of the bodies of any honorably discharged soldier, sailor or marine leaving no means to defray funeral expenses, as amended by chapter 319, Laws 1884.

See chap. 225, L. 1896, art. v; chap. 24, L. 1900; chap. 96, L. 1903.

Chapter 232

Amending chapter 632, Laws 1886, to amend chapter 438, Laws of 1877, creating a police pension fund for disabled and retired policemen in city of Brooklyn.

Chapter 241

Respecting the riot relief fund.

Trustees of riot relief fund empowered to manage and invest moneys of fund and may make appropriations for the relief of members of the police or fire department or national guard (or their families), said members having been injured or killed in discharge of their duties in New York city, or for other benevolent purposes connected with the three departments.

(1887)

Amending charter of city of Amsterdam, chapter 131, Laws 1885.

Chapter 254

All charges on account of poor to be audited by city common council in same manner as in towns of Montgomery county; similar accounts are audited by boards of supervisors. Annual estimate by common council of moneys needed for city poor shall not exceed \$10,000.

Amendment of supply bill of 1886, chapter 330, as to appropriation of \$18,000 for Western House of Refuge for Juvenile Delinquents for the erection of a hospital, etc.

Chapter 260

Amending act promoting medical science, as amended by chapter 443, Laws 1883.

Chapter 280

Wardens of hospitals, prisons, morgues, etc., may deliver dead bodies to medical colleges, in case body is unclaimed and free from contagious disease and the person dying has not expressed a desire to be interred and relatives or friends do not claim the body.

See chap. 123, L. 1854; chap. 661, L. 1893.

Appropriating \$25,000 for the purchase of additional grounds for the House of Refuge for Women at Hudson for various purposes.

Chapter 301

Authorizing the purchase of additional lands for the use of Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children and to provide for the appointment of Indian trustees thereof.

Chapter 316

See chaps. 677 and 679, L. 1892; chap. 546, L. 1896.

Act in relation to the salary of the commissioners of charities and correction of Kings county. Fixed at \$5,000 each.

Chapter 325

Authorizing the town board of town of Flushing to appropriate from excise moneys in aid of the hospital and dispensary of town of Flushing.

Chapter 327

(1887)
Chapter 331

Amending charter of city of Binghamton and amendatory acts, chapter 291, Laws of 1867.

Common council to raise \$1,000 by tax to defray expenses of hospital and board of health.

See chap. 214, L. 1888.

Chapter 337

Amending chapter 178, Laws 1862, regulating the size of apple, pear and potato barrels as amended by chapter 573, Laws 1875, to hold 100 quarts.

Penalties for violation to go to use of town poor.

Chapter 375

Establishing and organizing the "St. Lawrence State Asylum for the Insane" at Ogdensburg and making appropriation of \$188,458 for purchase of site and erection and construction of buildings, sewers and improvement of grounds.

See chaps. 75 and 327, L. 1888; chap. 132, L. 1890; chap. 24, L. 1892; chap. 21, L. 1893; chap. 545, L. 1896.

Chapter 378

Reimbursing Moses Kessel for costs, counsel fees and expenses incurred by him in defending and maintaining his office as commissioner of charities of Kings county, in action brought against him.

Chapter 380

Providing for the completion, lighting and furnishing of additional buildings for insane of the Hudson River State Hospital now being constructed.

See chap. 333, L. 1888; chap. 545, L. 1896.

Chapter 387

In relation to the Orthopædic Dispensary in New York city. May acquire and hold property.

Chapter 404

Incorporating "the Auburn Orphan Asylum."

Chapter 405

Making appropriation for rebuilding the female department building of the State Industrial School and for furnishing the same, \$120,000.

Chapter 413

Amending chapter 278, Laws 1881, authorizing such women and girls as are vagrants or convicted of misdemeanor to be sent to Shelter for Homeless Women in city of Syracuse.

See chap. 53, L. 1893.

Chapter 417

Amending chapter 90, Laws 1887, reappropriating \$15,000 for the State Asylum for Idiots.

Chapter 431

Amending chapter 410, Laws 1882, consolidating into one act special and local laws affecting public interests of New York city, by extending the period during which

the trustees of the Exempt Firemen's Benevolent Fund of New York city may collect and apply to its use the percentage and tax on the receipts of the foreign fire insurance companies doing business in New York city to ten years.

(1887)

Incorporating "The Rochester Homœopathic Hospital."

Chapter 453

See chap. 231, L. 1894.

Authorizing the board of fire commissioners of New York city to inquire into and determine the claim of John Frederick to be placed upon the pension roll of the fire department of said city.

Chapter 454

Annual supply bill.—Appropriates \$5,000 for removal of alien paupers; \$9,500 for Blind Institution at Batavia; \$58,535.95 for Binghamton Insane Asylum; \$52,500 for State Homœopathic Asylum; \$66,250 for Hudson River State Hospital; \$29,500 for New York State Idiot Asylum; \$180,334.25 for Buffalo State Insane Asylum; \$53,243.67 for State Lunatic Asylum at Utica; \$60,000 for House of Refuge for Women; \$6,000 for Custodial Asylum; \$650 for Deaf-Mutes' Journal; \$82,000 for State Reformatory at Elmira.

Chapter 460

Certain boards and officers of charitable institutions to render to the comptroller, quarterly, detailed accounts of all their receipts and expenditures with sub-vouchers.

All State institutions or departments excepting charitable institutions, reformatories and houses of refuge to pay into State Treasury all receipts and earnings other than receipts of State Treasury.

Annual inventory by charitable institutions and reformatories, to be made and filed with comptroller. Comptroller to designate form of keeping accounts by these institutions.

Clerks of charitable institutions to examine all articles bought by institutions and enter the bill of goods in the books of the institution.

See chaps. 72 and 138, L. 1888; chap. 436, L. 1890.

Amending chapter 409, Laws 1886, regulating the employment of women and children in manufacturing

Chapter 462

(1887) establishments and providing for appointment of inspectors to enforce same.

See chap. 560, L. 1899; chap. 398, L. 1890; chap. 673, L. 1892.

Chapter 465

Appropriating \$40,000 for the erection of buildings for the use of Central New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes.

Chapter 468

Incorporating the North Fire Department of Staten Island. All surplus funds of said department shall be held by treasurer as a fund for the benefit of injured members of the companies in the department.

See chap. 150, L. 1890.

Chapter 472

Providing for the support of insane, idiotic, blind, deaf and dumb persons, who are charges on city of Poughkeepsie or county of Dutchess, exclusive of said city or both, and for the proper presentation of bills for the support of such persons.

See chap. 523, L. 1883.

Chapter 521

Amending chapter 299, Laws 1885, establishing a police pension fund in city of Albany.

See chap. 298, L. 1883.

Chapter 571

Amending chapter 120, Laws 1886, revising charter of city of Lockport.

Title 5, section 54. City physician appointed under this act to discharge all duties of physician and surgeon for the overseer of poor and police department and to furnish necessary medicines and to perform necessary operations for said departments.

Section 61. Overseer of poor to give an official bond to city of Lockport with securities and if deemed necessary to give additional securities later for his faithfulness and honesty.

Said overseer to receive a compensation of \$600 per annum.

See chap. 201, L. 1888; chap. 78, L. 1892.

Chapter 574

In relation to the pension fund of the police department in New York city.

Chapter 603

Act to define pure wines, half wines, made wines and adulterated wines, and to regulate the manufacture and sale of half wines and made wines and to prohibit the manufacture and sale of adulterated wines within

New York State. Moiety of penalties for violation to go to town or city poor fund. (1887)

See chap. 410, L. 1882, § 306.

To provide for the payment of pensions to members of the National Guard and their families in certain cases. Chapter 611

See chap. 534, L. 1879.

Establishing a police pension fund for city of Rochester. Chapter 614

See chap. 14, L. 1880; chap. 409, L. 1889; chap. 29, L. 1893; chap. 519, L. 1894.

Amending chapter 446, title 5, Laws 1874, revising and consolidating the State statutes relating to the care and custody of the insane, the management of the asylums, and the duties of State Commissioners in Lunacy, as amended by chapter 27, Laws 1886, as to salaries of officers of Hudson River State Hospital. Chapter 629

See chap. 614, L. 1893.

Authorizing the city of Binghamton to lease lands of the Binghamton Cemetery for hospital purposes. Chapter 644

Regulating the licensing and registration of physicians and surgeons, and to codify the medical laws of New York State. Chapter 647

Any excess of the amount of fines paid over expense incurred by medical societies to enforce the medical law of the State to go to county treasurer for use of county poor.

See chap. 677, L. 1892; chap. 661, L. 1893.

Amending charter of the Society for the Aid of Friendless Women and Children, chapter 472, Laws 1870. Chapter 648

Conferring on boards of supervisors the power to regulate the disbursement of temporary or out-door relief to the poor, in their respective counties. Chapter 655

Section 23 of title 2, chapter 863, Laws 1873, amending charter of city of Brooklyn, is amended by requiring the including of the annual tax levy of \$63,000 for payments to certain hospitals, dispensaries, etc., of city of Brooklyn therein named. Chapter 660

See chap. 583, L. 1888.

(1887)
Chapter 666

Providing for the support of destitute mothers and infants who may be cared for by the several hospitals, asylums, homes and charitable and benevolent institutions in city of Brooklyn.

See chap. 863, L. 1873.

Chapter 696

Act to provide hospitals, orphan asylums and other charitable institutions in New York city with water and remitting assessments therefor.

See chap. 410, L. 1882; chap. 492, L. 1890; chap. 672, L. 1894.

Chapter 703

Amending chapter 830, Laws 1873, legalizing the adoption of minor children by adult persons.

Chapter 706

Providing such sum or sums of money as may be necessary for the relief of indigent soldiers, sailors and marines and the families of those deceased, in the same manner as is now provided by law for the relief of the poor, under auspices of Grand Army of the Republic.

See chap. 261, L. 1888; chap. 225, L. 1896.

Chapter 711

Revising, consolidating and amending the several acts relating to the New York State Reformatory at Elmira.

See chap. 408, L. 1890; chap. 348, L. 1892; chap. 252, L. 1902; chap. 473, L. 1903.

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Chapter 2

Amending chapter 94, Laws of 1840, to amend an act incorporating the Rochester Orphan Asylum.

Chapter 7

Amending chapter 863, Laws of 1873, to amend the charter of the city of Brooklyn and the various amendments thereof. The sum of \$64,500 for certain thirty-one named hospitals, dispensaries, etc., in the city of Brooklyn, to be included in the annual estimates of city taxes provided that such institutions will furnish free medical and surgical aid to the city poor who may apply to them.

See chap. 583, L. 1888.

Chapter 12

Act supplementary to chapter 264, Laws of 1817, incorporating the members of the New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb.

The extension of the corporate existence of said institution legalized.

Chapter 16

Amending chapter 294, Laws of 1869, incorporating the fire department of the city of Binghamton.

A fund to be created for the relief of indigent, disabled members, exempt firemen and the families of all aforesaid, the purchase of a fireman's burial lot, and for the purpose of endowing a bed in the city hospital for the benefit of disabled and indigent firemen in need of hospital treatment.

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Amending chapter 817, Laws of 1873, providing for the support of the poor in Jefferson county.

Chapter 24

Overseers of the poor to be elected in city of Watertown and four certain towns of the county. In other towns, supervisors to act as overseers of the poor. County superintendent of the poor to be appointed annually by board of supervisors. Their duties and powers defined in relation to the poor.

See chap. 90, L. 1893.

Act to prohibit sale and use of intoxicating liquors at State and county fairs.

Chapter 35

Penalties for the violation of said act to be applied to the use of the town poor.

See chaps. 401 and 677, L. 1892; chap. 112, L. 1896.

Incorporating the city of Hornellsville.

Title 2, sections 1 and 2. One overseer of the poor to be elected for two years.

Chapter 40

Title 4, section 11. Said overseer shall have the same powers and duties, and receive the same compensation, as the overseers of the poor of the towns in Steuben county.

Title 5, section 5. Paupers, idiots and lunatics to be exempt from poll tax for the street fund.

See chap. 40, L. 1888.

Incorporating the "Laura Franklin Free Hospital for Children in the city of New York."

Chapter 47

Incorporating the "The Starin Benevolent and Industrial Association of Fultonville and Fonda."

Chapter 57

See chap. 334, L. 1889.

Amending chapter 644, Laws of 1886, enabling any county, city or town in the State of New York to lease its public buildings, or a part thereof, to posts of the Grand Army of the Republic.

Chapter 62

See chap. 685, L. 1892.

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Chapter 75

Making an appropriation of \$328,700 for the St. Lawrence State Asylum for the Insane.

See chap. 375, L. 1887; chap. 435, L. 1890.

Chapter 86

Amending chapter 143, Laws of 1861, to amend and consolidate the act in relation to the city of Rochester, as amended and established by chapter 14 Laws of 1880.

Section 8. One overseer of the poor to be appointed biennially by the common council.

See chap. 182, L. 1898.

Chapter 95

Authorizing the commissioners of the sinking fund of the city and county of New York to grant the use of a portion of the public buildings of said city to the Volunteer Firemen's Association of New York city.

Chapter 104

Incorporating "The Samuel F. Vilas Home" for poor women at Plattsburg.

Chapter 107

Incorporating the Grand Lodge of the United States of the Independent Order Free Sons of Israel.

Chapter 121

Incorporating the "Arnot Ogden Memorial Hospital" in the city of Elmira.

Chapter 127

Amending chapter 519, Laws of 1870, to revise the charter of the city of Buffalo.

One overseer of the poor to be elected for two years with power to appoint a deputy.

See chap. 187, L. 1888; chap. 105, L. 1891.

Chapter 134

Amending chapter 385, Laws of 1862, to amend and consolidate the acts relating to the city of Schenectady, as amended by chapter 62, Laws of 1873, and chapter 216, Laws of 1875, and chapter 255, Laws of 1886.

All excise moneys to be applied to the use of said city poor.

See chap. 97, L. 1889; chap. 112, L. 1896.

Chapter 145

Amending sections 19, 145, 211, 288, 289, 291, 293 and 700 of the Penal Code, relating to the protection of children.

Keeping of children without a license or commitment to be a misdemeanor, also the endangering of the life, morals or health of a child under sixteen years of age.

Children found begging and destitute to be committed to an incorporated reformatory or other char-

itable institution. Fines collected in violation of the provisions of said act to be paid on demand to the incorporated society for the prevention of cruelty to children which may prosecute.

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See chap. 676, L. 1881; chap. 217, L. 1892; chap. 171, L. 1894; chap. 331, L. 1903.

Amending chapter 801, Laws of 1857, to found a State Woman's Hospital.

Chapter 147

Amending chapter 222, Laws of 1884, authorizing the common council of the city of Troy to enact ordinances for said city and to provide for the enforcement of the same.

Chapter 188

The common council to be authorized to enact ordinances for said city in relation to the regulation of the city department of the poor.

Amending chapter 253, Laws of 1886, authorizing the Hebrew Sheltering Guardian Society of New York to purchase real and personal estate to the additional amount of \$250,000 to be exempt from taxation and to provide for the payment thereof.

Chapter 200

Amending chapter 265, Laws of 1858, incorporating the Turnverein of the city of Brooklyn, Eastern District, as amended by chapter 46, Laws of 1868.

Chapter 202

Revising the charter of the city of Binghamton.

Chapter 214

Title 4, section 9. One overseer of the poor to be elected for three years and shall possess all the powers and duties of the overseers of the poor in the several towns of this State.

See chap. 67, L. 1893; chap. 858, L. 1895.

Amending section 921 of the Code of Criminal Procedure by providing that absconding parents, leaving children chargeable upon the public and committed to certain charitable institutions, be arrested and, if able, forced to contribute towards the support of such child in whatever institution it may be and such amount when paid shall be credited by the institution to the city, town or county against any sums due to it therefrom on account of the maintenance of the child.

Chapter 220

Amending chapter 103, Laws of 1883, to regulate and provide for the purchase of supplies and auditing of

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accounts for the county institutions in Erie county, as amended by chapter 318, Laws of 1885.

Chapter 261

Amending chapter 706, Laws of 1887, providing for the relief of indigent soldiers, sailors and marines and the families of those deceased.

The town or city auditing boards and the superintendents of the poor in counties shall provide sums of money to be drawn upon by the commander and quartermaster of any post of the Grand Army of the Republic, upon the recommendation of the relief committee of said post for the relief of indigent soldiers, sailors and marines or the families of those deceased, provided that said persons are or have been residents of the State for one year or more. In case there is no post of the Grand Army of the Republic in any town where relief is necessary, a relief committee consisting of the town board or the superintendent or superintendents of the poor shall furnish necessary relief. Notice to be given by the commander of any post of the Grand Army of the Republic which shall undertake the relief of indigent veterans and their families to the city or town clerks or the superintendents of the poor in the counties. An annual statement as to the relief furnished must be submitted by said commander to said town or city clerk or superintendents of the poor. Said commanders must give a bond with securities for the faithful and honest discharge of their duties under this act.

See chap. 225, L. 1896; chaps. 83 and 462, L. 1899; chaps. 24 and 475, L. 1900; chap. 96, L. 1903.

Chapter 269

Annual appropriation act.—\$7,361.67 for Indian annuities; \$300 for Relief of the Onondaga Indians; \$110,000 for the State Soldiers and Sailors' Home; \$100,000 for the State Reformatory at Elmira; \$25,000 for State Board of Health; \$82,500 for the New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb; \$30,000 for the Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes; \$22,500 for the Le Couteulx St. Mary's Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes; \$33,750 for the Central New York Institu-

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tion for Deaf-Mutes; \$42,500 for St. Joseph's Institute for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes; \$28,750 for the Western New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes; \$15,000 for the Northern New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes; \$11,000 for Thomas Asylum; \$50,000 for the Institution for the Blind in New York; \$40,000 for the Institution for the Blind at Batavia; \$100,000 for the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents; \$85,000 for the State Industrial School at Rochester; \$75,000 for the State Idiot Asylum; \$30,000 for the Custodial Asylum; \$15,000 for the State Asylum for Lunatics; \$14,700 for the Willard Insane Asylum; \$13,500 for the State Homœopathic Asylum; \$13,500 for the Hudson River State Hospital; \$10,500 for the Binghamton Asylum for the Insane; \$12,000 for the Buffalo Insane Asylum; \$5,000 for the State Commissioner in Lunacy; \$48,500 for the State Board of Charities for State paupers, expenses and salaries.

See chap. 94, L. 1889; chap. 125, L. 1890.

Annual supply bill.—\$5,000 for the removal of infirm alien paupers; \$43,375 for the Willard Insane Asylum; \$34,000 for the New York State Lunatic Asylum at Utica; \$46,000 for the Custodial Asylum; \$68,000 for the Binghamton Insane Asylum; \$25,750 for the Asylum for Idiots at Syracuse; \$89,000 for the State Homœopathic Insane Asylum at Middletown; \$4,000 for the Thomas Asylum; \$6,733.22 for the Buffalo State Insane Asylum; \$43,000 for the Hudson River State Hospital; \$800 for the State Asylum for Insane Criminals at Auburn; \$48,000 for the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents; \$15,000 for the State Industrial School at Rochester; \$10,000 for the House of Refuge for Women at Hudson; \$650 for the Deaf-Mutes' Journal; \$53,000 for the State Reformatory at Elmira.

The duties of the managers of State institutions and certain charitable boards as regards the quarterly report of said institutions and boards; the annual inven-

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tory by certain charitable institutions and the duties of the clerks of such institutions as regards articles purchased and farm productions, are similar, respectively, to the same mentioned in the annual supply bill of 1887.

See chap. 41, L. 1889; chaps. 356 and 436, L. 1890; chap. 109, L. 1891; chap. 486, L. 1894.

Chapter 283

Act amendatory and supplemental to the different acts heretofore passed relating to the General Society of Mechanics and Tradesmen of New York city.

One object of the said society to be the support of indigent members, and of their widows and minor children if indigent.

See chap. 113, L. 1811.

Chapter 290

Enabling posts of the Grand Army of the Republic to take, hold and convey real and personal property for the charitable purposes of such post to the amount of \$50,000.

Chapter 293

Incorporating societies for providing parks and play grounds for children in the cities, towns and villages of the State.

See chaps. 563 and 564, L. 1890; chaps. 677 and 687, L. 1892.

Chapter 308

Amending chapter 106, Laws of 1887, supplementary to chapter 59, Laws of 1863, incorporating the Trustees of the Parochial Fund of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the diocese of western New York, and supplementary to chapter 429, Laws of 1868, to provide for the incorporation of trustees for the management and care of certain funds now held for said church.

Chapter 327

Authorizing and empowering the managers of the St. Lawrence State Asylum for the Insane to lay out a public highway through the lands of the site of said asylum belonging to the State, and through lands adjacent thereto, and to alter or discontinue the present highways through said site.

See chap. 375, L. 1887; chap. 545, L. 1896.

Chapter 329

Amending chapter 611, Laws of 1887, providing for the payment of pensions to members of the National Guard and their families in certain cases.

See chap. 611, L. 1887; chap. 468, L. 1892; chap. 559, L. 1893.

Making an appropriation of \$39,000 for completing new buildings upon the grounds of the Hudson River State Hospital.

See chap. 318, L. 1886.

Providing for the support, control and management of the Chronic Insane in Erie county.

The "Erie County Asylum for the Chronic Insane" hereby incorporated.

See chap. 126, L. 1890.

Making an appropriation of \$30,000 for the State Industrial School.

Authorizing the incorporation of societies for the education and training of nurses for the sick.

See chap. 563, L. 1890; chaps. 677 and 687, L. 1892.

Amending chapter 143, Laws of 1846, authorizing the establishment of a House of Refuge for Juvenile Delinquents in western New York.

Regulating the keeping of intelligence offices, employment agencies or other places where a fee is charged for procuring of employment or situations in New York city.

See chap. 330, L. 1891; chap. 410, L. 1882.

Declaring the Hebrew Sheltering Guardian Society of New York an orphan asylum, in addition to the powers it already possesses.

See chap. 253, L. 1886.

Amending chapter 26, Laws of 1885, to amend and revise the charter of Syracuse.

Section 63. The overseer of the poor of said city shall hold office for one year, and shall be subject to the duties and shall exercise the same authority as the poor overseers in the several towns of Onondaga county.

See chap. 182, L. 1898.

Making an appropriation of \$2,000 for the purpose of caring for the poor and insane Indians by the State, in any State insane asylum. Powers of State Board of Charities in regard thereto.

Amending act incorporating the Methodist Episcopal Hospital in the city of Brooklyn, passed May 27, 1881.

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Chapter 472

Providing for the support of destitute mothers and infants who may be cared for by the several hospitals, asylums, homes and charitable and benevolent institutions in the city of Brooklyn by city tax not exceeding \$10,000 annually.

See chap. 863, L. 1873.

Chapter 473

Amending chapter 863, Laws of 1873, to amend the charter of the city of Brooklyn.

Appropriating \$4,000 to the City Hospital; \$4,000 to the Long Island College Hospital; \$4,000 to the Brooklyn Homeopathic Hospital; \$1,500 to the Brooklyn Central Dispensary; \$1,500 to the Brooklyn City Dispensary; \$1,500 to the Brooklyn Eclectic Dispensary; \$1,500 to the Brooklyn Homeopathic Dispensary; \$2,000 to the Williamsburgh Dispensary; \$1,500 to the Long Island College Dispensary; \$1,500 to the Gates Avenue Homeopathic Dispensary; \$2,500 to the Brooklyn Nursery; \$1,500 to the Williamsburgh Homeopathic Dispensary; \$2,500 to the Brooklyn Lying-in Asylum; \$1,500 to the Eye and Ear Hospital; \$1,000 to the Southern Dispensary and Hospital; \$1,500 to the Orthopedic Dispensary; \$4,000 to St. Peter's Hospital; \$1,500 to St. Peter's Dispensary; \$1,500 to the Atlantic Avenue Dispensary; \$1,000 to St. Mary's Dispensary; \$1,500 to the Brooklyn Diet Dispensary; \$1,500 for St. Catharine's Dispensary; \$4,000 to St. Catharine's Hospital; \$1,000 to the Sheltering Arms Nursery; \$4,000 to the Brooklyn Home for Consumptives; \$1,500 to the Brooklyn Women's Homeopathic Hospital and Dispensary; \$4,000 to St. Mary's Hospital; \$1,500 to the Central Homeopathic Dispensary; \$1,500 to the Hospital and Dispensary for Nervous and Mental Diseases; \$4,000 to the Methodist Episcopal Hospital; and \$2,000 to the Women's Hospital; provided that such institutions will furnish free medical and surgical treatment to the poor of the city who may apply to them for the same.

See chap. 583, L. 1888; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Amending chapter 863, Laws of 1873, to amend charter of the city of Brooklyn, as amended by chapter 461, Laws of 1883.

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Chapter 477

Disabled, superannuated or exempt firemen, or the widows of the deceased aforesaid, as long as they remain unmarried, or if no widow, their minor children shall be placed on the pension roll of the firemen's insurance fund.

See chap. 583, L. 1888; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Amending act to amend the charter of The Church Foundation of Kings county, and to extend the territorial limits thereof, passed, chapter 428, Laws 1868.

Chapter 478

Amending chapter 523, Laws of 1883, to amend the charter of the city of Poughkeepsie.

Chapter 482

The commissioners of the almshouse shall organize a board known as the "Commissioners of the almshouse of the city of Poughkeepsie," and shall possess the powers of a corporation for public purposes for the year by electing one of their number president.

See chap. 425, L. 1896.

Amending chapter 830, Laws of 1873, legalizing the adoption of minor children by adult persons.

Chapter 485

Amending chapter 546, Laws 1885, amending sections 59 and 60 of title 1, chapter 20 of part 1 of the Revised Statutes of the State of New York, in relation to the relief and support of indigent persons enticed from home.

Chapter 486

Amending chapter 546, Laws of 1881, in relation to the New York Christian Home for Intemperate Men, and to increase the powers of said home.

Chapter 523

Amending the charter of the St. Mary's Hospital of the city of Brooklyn, and to enable such corporation to establish a medical and surgical college in connection with the hospital now maintained by them.

Chapter 530

Incorporating the city of Middletown.

Title 15, section 1. The mayor and the supervisors of the said city shall compose the "Commissioners of Charities for the city of Middletown," for the distribution and management of the funds for the relief of the

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(1888) city poor, and shall receive all excise moneys from the treasurer, and shall have the same powers to make application to the county superintendents of the poor of Orange county as can now be made by law by overseers of the poor and supervisors of towns.

Chapter 539 Act for the protection of purchasers of coal in cities of 1,200,000 inhabitants or over. Licensed weighers.
See chap. 410, L. 1882.

Chapter 552 Amending the New York city Consolidation Act, relating to the police pension fund, as amended by chapter 180, Laws 1884, and chapter 364, Laws 1885.
See chap. 351, L. 1891; chap. 529, L. 1893.

Chapter 575 Amending the New York city Consolidation Act, as amended by chapter 364, Laws 1885, placing on the roll of the police pension fund, members of the force honorably dismissed from duty on account of disability.
See chaps. 52, 82 and 178, L. 1892; chap. 536, L. 1894; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Chapter 583 Revising and combining into one act all existing special and local laws affecting the public interests of the city of Brooklyn.

Title 2, section 20, made it the duty of the mayor, comptroller and common council to include in their annual estimates the following sums for charitable institutions: \$4,000 to the City Hospital; \$4,000 to the Long Island College Hospital; \$4,000 to the Brooklyn Homeopathic Hospital; \$1,500 to the Brooklyn Central Dispensary; \$1,500 to the Brooklyn City Dispensary; \$1,500 to the Brooklyn Eclectic Dispensary; \$1,500 to the Brooklyn Homeopathic Dispensary; \$2,000 to the Williamsburgh Dispensary; \$1,500 to the Long Island College Dispensary; \$1,500 to the Gates Avenue Homeopathic Dispensary; \$2,500 to the Brooklyn Nursery; \$1,500 to the Williamsburgh Homeopathic Dispensary; \$2,500 to the Brooklyn Lying-in Asylum; \$1,500 to the Eye and Ear Hospital of the City of Brooklyn; to the Southern Dispensary and Hospital, \$10,000; Orthopedic Dispensary, \$1,500; St. Peter's Hospital, \$4,000; St. Peter's Dispensary, \$1,500; Atlantic Avenue Dispensary, \$1,500; St. Mary's Dispensary,

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\$1,000; Brooklyn Diet Dispensary, \$1,500; St. Catherine's Dispensary, \$1,500; St. Catherine's Hospital, \$4,000; Helping-hand of Brooklyn, \$1,000; Brooklyn Home for Consumptives, \$4,000; Brooklyn Woman's Homeopathic Hospital and Dispensary, \$1,500; Sheltering Arms Nursery of Brooklyn, \$1,000; St. Mary's Hospital, \$4,000; Central Homeopathic Dispensary, \$1,500; Hospital and Dispensary for Nervous and Mental Diseases, \$1,500; such sums of money to be paid to the said several institutions in consideration of their contracting to render, and rendering, medical and surgical aid and treatment to the poor of the city of Brooklyn.

See chap. 360, L. 1899; chap. 657, L. 1892; chaps. 181 and 445, L. 1894; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Title 11, section 41. The police pension fund and all money, securities, revenues and income thereof, shall be delivered on demand to the trustees of said fund hereby constituted, consisting of the commissioner of police and excise and the commissioners of the sinking fund, and shall include twenty per cent. of all the moneys paid into the treasury of excise for licenses or fines.

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 42. The commissioner of police and excise shall be empowered to grant pensions from the police pension fund, made payable by check or draft quarterly.

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Title 12, section 12. The commissioner of the health department is authorized to remove persons afflicted with contagious diseases to hospitals provided for such purposes, whose sanitary surroundings are unsatisfactory to said commissioner. All moneys received from patients treated in such hospitals shall be paid into the city treasury.

See chap. 245, L. 1891; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Title 13, section 15. Disabled and superannuated firemen to be placed on the pension roll of the firemen's insurance fund.

"The Brooklyn Fire Department Widows and Orphans' Relief Fund" to be created from the monthly deductions of one dollar from the salaries of all em-

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ployees or members of the department, and in case of the death of any member, a specified payment shall be made to his widow from such fund.

See chap. 153, L. 1889; chap. 708, L. 1894; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Title 14, section 58. Commissioner of the department of buildings of the city of Brooklyn is authorized to collect all license fees herein provided, and to pay the same into the city treasury for the use and benefit of the Firemen's Insurance Fund.

The attorney and counsel of the city shall, in the name of, and for the benefit of the Firemen's Insurance Fund, sue for and recover all penalties and costs imposed under the provisions of this title in the manner provided for in actions under the Code of Civil Procedure.

See chap. 371, L. 1889; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Title 17, section 12. Orphan asylum societies shall participate in the distribution of school moneys in proportion to the number of children between the ages of five and twenty-one, under the charge of said societies, and instructed in the same manner as children in common schools. Ten per cent. of excise money shall be payable to orphan and industrial schools, but no school moneys shall be paid to a sectarian school.

See chap. 378, L. 1897.

Title 22, section 19. All fines recovered under this act in violation of the provisions relating to storage of gun powder, shall be paid into the Firemen's Insurance Fund.

See chap. 378, L. 1897.

Title 22, sections 32 and 33. All real property situate in Kings county owned by charitable corporations, societies or institutions shall be exempt from taxation. All the hospitals, orphan asylums and all other charitable corporations, societies and institutions in the city of Brooklyn shall be exempt from the payment of water rates.

See chap. 255, L. 1889; chap. 179, L. 1891; chaps. 136, 439 and 533, L. 1892; chap. 711, L. 1894; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Incorporating the "Sevilla Home for Children," for the education of poor female children in New York city.

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Chapter 17

Amending chapter 243, Laws of 1853, incorporating the De Veaux College for Orphan and Destitute Children, as amended by chapter 295, Laws of 1883.

Chapter 44

Amending chapter 370, Laws of 1875, to amend and consolidate the act relating to the city of Elmira.

Chapter 49

One overseer of the poor to be appointed by mayor and confirmed by common council.

See chap. 615, L. 1894.

Amending chapter 446, Laws of 1874, to revise and consolidate the statutes of the State relating to the care and custody of the insane, the management of the asylums for their safe-keeping and the duties of the State Commissioner in Lunacy.

Chapter 56

The salaries of the treasurer and resident officers of the Buffalo State Asylum for the Insane to be subject to the approval of the Governor of the State, Secretary of State and the Comptroller, and said salaries must not in the aggregate exceed \$12,000 for any one year.

See chap. 545, L. 1896; chaps. 380, 634 and 676, L. 1900; chap. 137, L. 1901.

Amending chapter 830, Laws of 1873, to legalize the adoption of minor children by adult persons.

See chap. 272, L. 1896.

Chapter 58

To repeal sections 2 and 3 of chapter 234, Laws of 1861, reducing the number of overseers of the poor in Ontario county, and to fix the salary for the performance of the duties of the office in the town of Seneca, Ontario county.

Chapter 69

To incorporate the "Isabella Heimath." The objects of said corporation are to establish and maintain in New York city a home for the care, support and maintenance of aged, indigent persons, a hospital for the care, reception and maintenance and medical and surgical advice, aid and treatment of persons afflicted with chronic maladies, and a dispensary where medicine may be provided and dispensed for the benefit of the inmates

Chapter 73

- (1889) of said home and hospital, and for such other persons as may be designated by the by-laws.
- Chapter 88 To extend the corporate existence of an Association for the Relief of Respectable Aged Indigent Females in New York city, incorporated by chapter 69, Laws 1815, to March 10, 1940.
- Chapter 95 Authorizing the formation of corporations for the establishment and maintenance of hospitals, infirmaries, dispensaries and homes for invalid or aged and indigent persons.
See chap. 256, L. 1894.
- Chapter 104 Incorporating "Webb's Academy and Home for Shipbuilders."
See chap. 102, L. 1894.
- Chapter 138 Making appropriations for the Hudson River State Hospital of \$68,000.
- Chapter 153 Amending chapter 583, Laws of 1888, revising and combining into one act all existing special and local laws affecting public interests in the city of Brooklyn, in reference to the pension roll of the Firemen's Insurance Fund.
- Chapter 171 To confirm and legalize certain concurrent resolutions for printing (passed by the Legislature of 1888), including the reports and testimony submitted to the Senate during such session, by the committee appointed to investigate the Bloomingdale Insane Asylum, and the necessary bindings and engravings for such printing; \$28,998.48 appropriated for said purpose.
- Chapter 244 Amending chapter 150, Laws of 1872, incorporating the city of Kingston.
The annual estimate of the common council for the support and relief of the city poor to be limited to \$13,000, which annual sum shall be raised by tax on all real and personal property in the city liable to taxation.
See chap. 747, L. 1896.
- Chapter 255 Amending section 6 of title 19, and section 32 of title 22 of chapter 583, Laws of 1888, to revise and combine in a single act all existing local and special laws affecting public interests in the city of Brooklyn.

The real property situate in Kings county owned now or hereafter by any hospital, orphan asylum, house of industry or other charitable institution or society to be exempt from taxation.

(1889)

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

An act to establish and organize the "State Commission in Lunacy," and to define its duties. \$15,000, appropriated to carry out the provisions of this act.

Chapter 283

See chaps. 126 and 273, L. 1890; chap. 545, L. 1896; chaps. 380, 634 and 676, L. 1900; chap. 137, L. 1901; chaps. 326 and 330, L. 1904.

To provide for the revision and consolidation of certain of the general statutes of the State.

Chapter 289

Three commissioners to be appointed by the Governor whose duty it shall be to prepare and report to the Legislature, bills for the consolidation and revision of the general statutes relating to the poor and other subjects.

See chap. 313, L. 1890; chap. 225, L. 1896.

Amending chapter 438, Laws of 1886, creating the New York Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital.

Chapter 292

Establishing a police pension fund in the city of Buffalo.

Chapter 325

See chap. 519, L. 1870.

Amending chapter 57, Laws of 1888, incorporating the Starin Benevolent and Industrial Association of Fultonville and Fonda.

Chapter 334

Amending chapter 583, Laws of 1888, revising and consolidating into one act the existing special and local laws affecting the public interests in the city of Brooklyn.

Chapter 360

The sum of \$75,000 to be included in the annual city estimate and apportionment to certain hospitals in the city of Brooklyn, on condition that said institutions will render free medical and surgical aid to the city poor who may apply to them, as follows: \$4,000 to City Hospital; \$4,000 to Long Island College Hospital; \$4,000 to Brooklyn Homeopathic Hospital; \$1,500 to Brooklyn Central Dispensary; \$1,500 to Brooklyn City Dispensary; \$1,500 to Brooklyn Eclectic Dispensary;

(1889)

\$1,500 to Brooklyn Homeopathic Dispensary; \$2,000 to Williamsburgh Dispensary; \$1,500 to Long Island College Dispensary; \$1,500 to Gates Avenue Homeopathic Dispensary; \$2,500 to Brooklyn Nursery; \$1,500 to Williamsburgh Homeopathic Dispensary; \$2,500 to Brooklyn Lying-in Asylum; \$1,500 to Eye and Ear Hospital, Brooklyn; \$1,000 to Southern Dispensary and Hospital; \$1,500 to Orthopedic Dispensary; \$4,000 to St. Peter's Hospital; \$1,500 to St. Peter's Dispensary; \$1,500 to Atlantic Avenue Dispensary; \$1,000 to St. Mary's Dispensary; \$1,500 to Brooklyn Diet Dispensary; \$1,500 to St. Catharine's Dispensary; \$4,000 to St. Catharine's Hospital; \$1,000 to Helping Hand of Brooklyn; \$1,000 to Sheltering Arms Nursery of Brooklyn; \$4,000 to Brooklyn Home for Consumptives; \$1,500 to Brooklyn Women's Homeopathic Hospital and Dispensary; \$4,000 to St. Mary's Hospital, Brooklyn; \$1,500 to Central Homeopathic Dispensary; \$1,500 to Hospital and Dispensary for Nervous and Mental Diseases; \$1,500 to Bushwick and East Brooklyn Dispensary; \$1,500 to Dispensary of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Brooklyn; \$4,000 to Methodist Episcopal Hospital, Brooklyn; \$1,500 to Lucretia Mott Dispensary and Infirmary; \$2,000 to St. Mary's Female Hospital, and \$1,500 to Lutheran Hospital Association of the city of New York and vicinity.

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Chapter 363

Authorizing the St. Mary's Female Hospital in the city of Brooklyn to transfer its corporate powers and property to the St. Mary's Maternity and Infant's Home in said city.

See chap. 79, L. 1891.

Chapter 377

Incorporating the "John Guy Vassar Orphan Asylum" in the city of Poughkeepsie.

Chapter 382

Amending title 2, chapter 3 of part 4 of the Revised Statutes, relating to State prisons, the purposes thereof and the powers and duties of the officers connected therewith.

Section 106. All articles manufactured by the prisoners in the State prisons and not required for their

own use, to be furnished to the public institutions supported wholly or in part by the State, for the use of their inmates upon the requisitions of the managers thereof, upon the Superintendent of State Prisons.

(1889)

Section 107. A board composed of the Comptroller, Superintendent of State Prisons and the President of the State Board of Charities to be constituted to fix the value of the articles manufactured for the public institutions specified.

See chaps. 730 and 1026, L. 1895; chap. 260, L. 1901.

Amending chapter 611, Laws of 1887, providing for the payment of pensions to members of the National Guard and their families in certain cases, as amended by chapter 329, Laws of 1888.

Chapter 396

See chaps. 661 and 559, L. 1893.

Amending chapter 2, part 2 of the Revised Statutes, as amended by chapter 320, Laws of 1830, by making an additional section to said chapter, and to amend section 2 of chapter 157, Laws of 1842, to extend the exemption of household furniture and working tools from distress for rent and sale under execution, relating to the descent of real estate and the distribution of personal property. Amount of personal property to be set apart for widows of decedents before general appraisals.

Chapter 406

See chap. 173, L. 1890.

To amend chapter 88, Laws of 1873, incorporating the Faxton Hospital in the city of Utica.

Chapter 407

Amending chapter 614, Laws of 1887, for the establishment of a police pension fund for the city of Rochester.

Chapter 409

See chap. 14, L. 1880.

Amending chapter 280, Laws 1879, to abolish the New York State Inebriate Asylum and to establish the Binghamton Asylum for the Chronic Insane, and to provide for the management thereof. Duties of State Board of Charities.

Chapter 427

See chap. 132, L. 1890.

Empowering the trustees of Willard Insane Asylum to grant a right of way to the Geneva and Van Etten-

Chapter 439

- (1889) ville Railroad Company through the lands of the State appurtenant to said asylum, and under the charge and management of said trustees.
- Chapter 453 Amending chapter 28, Laws of 1882, in relation to the support of the poor in the town of Oswegatchie, St. Lawrence county.
- Chapter 462 Duties of the superintendents of the poor defined.
- Chapter 462 Amending chapter 466, Laws of 1875, to exempt property, real and personal, of the Society of the New York Hospital from taxation, and to repeal section 4, chapter 257, Laws of 1822.
- Chapter 471 Authorizing and empowering the commissioners of the land office to grant to the city of Rochester, a right of way for a public street through the lands of the State, appurtenant to the State Industrial School at Rochester.
- Chapter 475 See chap. 14, L. 1880.
- Chapter 475 Amending chapter 26, Laws of 1885, revising, amending and consolidating the acts in relation to the city of Syracuse, and to revise and amend the charter of said city.
- Section 106. A sum not exceeding \$42,000 to be included in the tax levy of 1889, for the expenses of the police, poor and the board of health departments, incurred since December 15, 1888.
- Chapter 485 See chap. 182, L. 1898.
- Chapter 485 Amending subdivision 14 of section 194 of chapter 410, Laws of 1882, to consolidate into one act and to declare the special and local laws affecting public interests in New York city, with respect to the annual appropriations to the Hebrew Sheltering Guardian Society and the Hebrew Benevolent Society.
- Chapter 496 Making an appropriation of \$25,000 for the Northern New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes.
- Chapter 560 Amending chapter 409, Laws of 1886, as amended by chapter 462, Laws of 1887, to regulate the employment of women and children in manufacturing establishments, and to provide for the appointment of inspectors to enforce the same.
- See chap. 398, L. 1889; chap. 673, L. 1892.

Annual appropriation act.—\$7,361.67 for Indian annuities; \$300 for the Onondaga Indians; \$110,000 for the Soldiers and Sailors' Home at Bath; \$130,000 for the State Reformatory at Elmira; \$25,000 for the State Board of Health; \$255,000 for seven named State Deaf and Dumb Institutions; \$11,000 for Thomas Asylum; \$50,000 for the Institution for the Blind in New York; \$40,000 for the Institution for the Blind at Batavia; \$120,000 for The Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents; \$90,000 for the State Industrial School at Rochester; \$75,000 for the State Idiot Asylum; \$35,000 for the Custodial Asylum; \$15,000 for the State Lunatic Asylum; \$14,700 for the Willard Insane Asylum; \$13,500 for the State Homœopathic Asylum; \$13,500 for the Hudson River State Hospital; \$10,500 for the Binghamton Insane Asylum; \$12,000 for the Buffalo State Asylum; \$60,000 for the House of Refuge at Hudson; \$4,000 for the State Commissioner in Lunacy; \$48,500 for the State Board of Charities for State paupers, expenses and salaries; \$20,000 for the comptroller, to meet the salaries and expenses provided for in chapter 409, Laws of 1886, regulating the employment of women and children in manufacturing establishments, and to provide for the appointment of inspectors to enforce the same, and chapter 462, Laws of 1887.

(1889)
Chapter 569

Annual supply bill.—\$5,000 for the removal of infirm alien paupers; \$19,000 for the State Asylum at Utica; \$104,810 for the Binghamton Asylum for the Chronic Insane; \$7,825 for the Buffalo State Insane Asylum; \$37,200 for the State Homœopathic Asylum at Middletown; \$16,590.05 for the State Asylum for Idiots; \$20,000 for the State Custodial Asylum; \$900 for the Thomas Asylum; \$302,850 for the St. Lawrence State Insane Asylum; \$80,000 for the State Asylum for Insane Criminals at Matteawan; \$89,400 for the Hudson River State Hospital; \$28,000 for the State Industrial School at Rochester; \$30,000 for the Willard Insane Asylum; \$199,784.26 for the Buffalo State Insane Asy-

Chapter 570

(1889)

lum; \$58,000 for the State Reformatory at Elmira; \$31,000 for the House of Refuge at Hudson; \$10,000 for the State Asylum for Insane Criminals at Matteawan; \$55,000 for the State Soldiers and Sailors' Home; \$650 for the Deaf-Mutes' Journal; \$10,000 for the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents.

The managers of State institutions, the State Commissioner in Lunacy, the State Board of Charities and the State Board of Health, compelled to render to the comptroller, quarterly itemized detailed reports of the receipts and expenses of the various departments and boards, with sub-vouchers.

All State charitable institutions, reformatories, houses of refuge and the State Industrial School, to be exempt from the quarterly payment into the treasury of all its receipts and earnings, but all shall deposit their funds in banks.

All charitable institutions, reformatories, houses of refuge and industrial schools must file with the comptroller, an annual inventory of all articles of maintenance on hand on September 30th of each year. The clerks of said institutions must receive, examine and enter into the books of the various institutions all articles purchased for the use of the said institutions.

See chaps. 356 and 498, L. 1890; chap. 326, L. 1891.

1890
113th session
Chapter 22

Amending chapter 89, Laws of 1857, for the better support of the poor in the town of Fishkill, Dutchess county, as amended by chapter 186, Laws of 1882. Office of overseer of the poor abolished and one commissioner of the poor in said town possessing all the powers and duties of overseers of the poor in towns except as hereafter otherwise provided, shall take his place. His term of office shall be two years, and salary \$500 per annum.

Chapter 29

Making an appropriation of \$11,823 for the purchase of land for the use of the New York State Asylum for Idiots.

Chapter 34

Amending chapter 101, Laws of 1871, incorporating the trustees of the Corning Foundation for Educational

and other Christian Work, under the control of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the diocese of Albany.

(1890)

Relating to the care and custody of the insane. Female insane or feeble-minded persons to be accompanied by women attendants in transit to any hospital or public institution, etc., for the custody of said class, and in case of transfer or removal, said persons are to be attended by one or more females in addition to the officer having persons in charge.

Chapter 40

See chap. 545, L. 1896; chaps. 380, 634 and 676, L. 1900; chap. 137, L. 1901.

Act for the prevention of blindness. Infants troubled with inflamed eyes to be immediately treated, under penalty of the law.

Chapter 41

See chap. 325, L. 1892.

Amending section 3131 of the Code of Civil Procedure, relating to actions by female employees in the justices' court of the city of Brooklyn. If the plaintiff shall recover a judgment for a sum not exceeding \$50, no property of the defendant shall be exempt from execution.

Chapter 46

Act in relation to the remedies and liabilities of husband and wife.

Chapter 51

Married women to be granted the right of action in case of injuries.

Husband not to be liable in damages for his wife's torts unless same were instigated by him.

Incorporating the city of Gloversville.

Chapter 55

Title 2, section 1. One commissioner of charities to be elected and not less than two nor more than four city physicians to be appointed by the common council.

Title 3, section 10. The city physicians are authorized to visit the poor of said city who are ill, and to furnish the same with medical treatment and medicines, under the direction of the commissioner of charities. Each physician shall receive an annual compensation, the total of which including medical supplies shall not exceed \$700, payable out of charity fund.

Title 5, section 1. The annual estimate of city expenses shall include a sum sufficient to cover all

(1890)

expenses for the support of the poor, including the salary of the commissioner of charities, to be known as the charities fund.

Title 13. The commissioner of charities shall have within the city of Gloversville the same powers, and discharge the same duties, as the overseers of the poor in the several towns, except the town of Johnstown, in Fulton county, as per chapter 155, Laws 1886.

He shall be empowered to relieve the poor and to bind out children.

A monthly report must be rendered by him to the common council, recording in detail all expenditures, receipts, cases of temporary relief, etc. Said commissioner may recover in the name of and for the benefit of the city of Gloversville, all penalties under the excise laws, to be placed to the credit of the charities fund of said city, but said commissioner is not to be personally interested in the furnishing or the purchasing of poor supplies.

Chapter 58

Incorporating the city of Corning.

Title 2, section 1, and title 4, section 10. One overseer of the poor to be elected for two years, vested with the same powers and duties as the poor overseers of the towns of Steuben county, and receiving the same compensation.

Title 6, section 10. Overseer of the poor empowered to arrest tramps who are to be sentenced to hard labor.

Title 9, section 5. All excise moneys to be applied to the use of the city poor.

Chapter 84

Annual appropriation act.—\$7,361.67 for Indian annuities; \$300 for the relief of the Onondaga Indians; \$140,000 for the State Soldiers and Sailors' Home; \$265,000 for seven named deaf and dumb institutions in the State; \$50,000 for the Institution of the Blind in New York; \$40,000 for the Institution for the Blind at Batavia; \$11,000 for the Thomas Asylum; \$75,000 for the State Idiot Asylum; \$40,000 for the Custodial Asylum; \$15,000 for the State Asylum for Lunatics; \$14,700 for the Willard Asylum for the In-

sane; \$120,000 for the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents; \$90,000 for the State Industrial School at Rochester; \$13,500 for the State Homœopathic Asylum; \$13,500 for the Hudson River State Hospital; \$12,500 for the Binghamton Insane Asylum; \$12,000 for the Buffalo Insane Asylum; \$45,000 for the House of Refuge for Women; \$15,000 for the State Commissioner in Lunacy; \$48,500 for the State Board of Charities for expenses and care of State paupers.

(1890)

The officers of State charitable or other institutions receiving moneys from the State treasury, in whole or in part for maintenance or support, shall not be interested in purchases or sales by said officers for any of said institutions.

Amending chapter 583, Laws of 1888, of the Brooklyn city Consolidation Act.

Chapter 86

A tax of \$10,000 to be levied annually for a period of ten years, for the relief of three benevolent funds, known as the widows and orphans' funds of the late volunteer fire departments in the city of Brooklyn and town of New Lots.

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Making an appropriation of \$25,000 to supply the deficiency in the appropriation for the maintenance of the New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home, and for the transportation of applicants for admission and for ordinary repairs during 1890.

Chapter 93

Amending chapter 55, Laws of 1885, to amend chapter 350, Laws of 1877, to amend chapter 272, Laws of 1864, incorporating the trustees of the Masonic hall and asylum fund.

Chapter 105

Act for the incorporation of social, literary, charitable and historical societies among union veterans or their descendants.

Chapter 118

Promoting the care and curative treatment of the pauper and indigent insane in the counties of the State, except New York, Kings and Monroe counties, and to permit the excepted counties to avail themselves of this act. The State to be divided into State insane asylum

Chapter 126

(1890)

districts by the board of establishment created to define the boundaries of said districts.

See chap. 132, L. 1890; chap. 545, L. 1896; chaps. 380, 634 and 676, L. 1900; chap. 137, L. 1901.

Chapter 128

Amending chapter 667, Laws of 1868, enabling Conrad Poppenhusen to found an institution in the village of College Point.

Chapter 129

Authorizing the board of supervisors of Kings county to borrow \$200,000 to meet the deficiency in the supply account of the board of commissioners of charities and correction of Kings county.

Chapter 132

Changing the name of several State asylums for the insane. "The State Lunatic Asylum" to "The Utica State Hospital;" "The Willard Asylum for the Insane" to "The Willard State Hospital;" "The Hudson River State Hospital for the Insane" to "The Hudson River State Hospital;" "The Buffalo State Asylum for the Insane" to "The Buffalo State Hospital;" "The State Homœopathic Asylum for the Insane at Middletown" to "The Middletown State Homœopathic Hospital;" "The Binghamton Asylum for the Insane" to "The Binghamton State Hospital" and "The St. Lawrence Asylum for the Insane" to "The St. Lawrence State Hospital."

See chap. 545, L. 1896; chaps. 380, 634 and 676, L. 1900; chap. 137, L. 1901.

Chapter 134

Amending chapter 84, Laws of 1886, incorporating the city of Jamestown.

Title 5, section 6. Paupers, idiots and lunatics to be exempt from poll tax for street fund.

One overseer of the poor to be elected.

See chap. 240, L. 1893.

Chapter 149

Authorizing the State Board of Claims to hear, audit and determine the claim of Steuben county for moneys expended in the prosecution and conviction of Thomas Redding, an inmate of the New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home, for the murder of Patrick Dowling, a police sergeant of said home, and to make awards for the compensation of counsel of said Redding.

Amending chapter 17, Laws of 1828, incorporating the contributors to the Northern Dispensary of New York City, as amended by chapter 258, Laws of 1850.

(1890)
Chapter 178

Amending chapter 272, Laws of 1854, relating to State pupils of the New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb.

Chapter 197

Amending the New York city Consolidation Act (section 390, chapter 410, Laws of 1882, as amended by chapter 149, Laws of 1888), relating to the powers of the department of charities. The said department shall provide and maintain suitable reception rooms for the medical and surgical treatment of uncared for persons taken sick or wounded in those parts of said city south of Canal street, north of One Hundredth street, east of Fifth avenue, north of One Hundred and Seventy-Fifth street, west of North Third avenue and north of the Harlem river and south of One Hundred and Seventy-Fifth street.

Chapter 198

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Amending chapter 180, Laws of 1845, reducing the number of town officers and town and county expenses and preventing abuses in auditing town and county accounts, as to overseers of the poor.

Chapter 224

The determination of the number—one or two—and length of office of the overseers of the poor, to rest with the electors of each town at their annual town meeting.

See chap. 569, L. 1890.

Providing for the establishment of a House of Refuge for Women in Western New York. \$130,000 appropriated for said purpose.

Chapter 238

See chap. 570, L. 1892; chap. 39, L. 1894; chap. 546, L. 1896; chap. 632, L. 1899; chap. 49, L. 1900.

Amending chapter 368, Laws of 1851, incorporating the fire department of the village of Newburgh, as amended by chapter 214, Laws of 1877. The funds of said corporation arising from fines, certificates, donations, etc., shall be appropriated for the relief of indigent and disabled firemen or their families.

Chapter 242

See chap. 541, L. 1865.

(1890)
Chapter 243

Providing for the employment of a woman physician in each of the State asylums and hospitals.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE EMPLOYMENT OF A WOMAN PHYSICIAN IN THE STATE ASYLUMS AND HOSPITALS.

CHAPTER 243, LAWS OF 1890.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. It shall be the duty of the superintendent or chief medical officer of each state asylum or hospital for the care and treatment of the insane, except the State Asylum for Insane Criminals, to appoint a competent resident woman physician, who is a graduate of some legally incorporated medical college to perform such medical duties in and about the care and treatment of the women insane, as such superintendent or chief medical officer shall direct.

§ 2. Each resident woman physician, so appointed, shall be in addition to the number of resident physicians and officers of the said state asylums or hospitals now employed, and shall receive as compensation an annual sum of twelve hundred dollars.

§ 3. This act shall take effect the first day of July, eighteen hundred and ninety.

Chapter 252

Amending article 3 of title 3, chapter 11, part 1, of the Revised Statutes, relating to vacancies in town offices.

In case the overseer of the poor fails to serve his full term of office, at a special town meeting held within eight days after such vacancy has occurred, another shall be elected; but in case a special meeting is not called such vacancy shall be filled by appointment by a majority of the justices of the peace.

See chap. 816, L. 1895; chap. 481, L. 1897; chap. 507, L. 1900.

Chapter 273

Amending, revising and consolidating certain acts relating to the State Commission in Lunacy and the care and custody of the insane and the management of asylums for their treatment and safe-keeping, as provided in chapter 446, Laws of 1874, and chapter 283, Laws of 1889, and repealing sections 9, 10 and 11 of chapter 342, Laws of 1865, and chapter 713, Laws of 1871.

See chap. 545, L. 1896; chaps. 380, 634 and 676, L. 1900; chap. 137, L. 1901; chaps. 326 and 330, L. 1904.

(1890)
Chapter 295

Annual supply bill.—Appropriates \$5,000 for the removal of infirm alien paupers; \$28,155.93 for the Buffalo State Hospital; \$25,000 for the Willard State Hospital; \$17,800 for the Hudson River Hospital; \$37,870.74 for the Utica State Hospital; \$18,500 for the Middletown State Homœopathic Hospital; \$32,744.89 for the Binghamton State Hospital; \$18,400 for the State Asylum for Idiots; \$14,000 for the Custodial Asylum; \$12,500 for the Institution for the Blind at Batavia; \$273,952.48 for the St. Lawrence State Hospital; \$35,000 for the Soldiers and Sailors' Home at Bath; \$55,000 for the New York State Reformatory at Elmira; \$10,000 for the House of Refuge at Hudson; \$40,000 for the State Industrial School at Rochester; \$650 for the Deaf-Mutes' Journal; \$14,000 for the St. Lawrence Hospital, for salaries.

Managers of charitable institutions receiving moneys from the State Treasury for support not to be individually interested in any purchase or sale made by any officer of said institutions.

Officers of State hospitals, asylums, charitable or reformatory institutions, State Commission in Lunacy, State Board of Charities and State Board of Health to render quarterly accounts to the Comptroller of all receipts and expenditures with sub-vouchers of said institutions and boards.

The annual inventory of said institutions and the duties of clerks are similar to those provided for by the annual supply bill of 1889.

See chap. 256, L. 1891; chap. 614, L. 1892.

Revising, amending and consolidating the acts relating to the village of Plattsburg, Clinton county, and to repeal certain acts.

Chapter 322

The surplus, remaining from moneys collected for criminal offenses and misdemeanors, after certain city expenses have been paid, shall be applied to the use of the poor of said town of Plattsburg.

Making an appropriation of \$18,500 for the State Industrial School at Rochester.

Chapter 346

(1890)
Chapter 350

Authorizing the supervisor of the town of Warwick, Orange county, to expend a sum not to exceed \$3,000 from the money in his hands belonging to the poor fund of said town for the construction of a new highway along the east side of Greenwood lake in said town.

Chapter 366

Establishing a police relief fund in the city of Elmira.
See chap. 370, L. 1875.

Chapter 388

Providing for the weekly payment of wages by corporations.

See chap. 717, L. 1893.

Chapter 398

Amending chapter 409, Laws of 1886, to regulate the employment of women and children in manufacturing establishments and to provide for the appointment of inspectors to enforce the same.

The sum of \$8,000 appropriated for carrying out the provisions of this act.

See chap. 673, L. 1892; chap. 184, L. 1903.

Chapter 406

Amending chapter 465, Laws of 1875, requiring the payment of certain premiums to the fire department of cities and villages by foreign fire insurance companies.

Chapter 408

Making an appropriation of \$200,000 for the extension of the north wing of the New York State Reformatory at Elmira.

See chap. 348, L. 1902.

Chapter 420

Relating to the accounts of overseers of the poor, and the action to be taken upon such accounts by the board of town auditors in the various towns of the State.

See chap. 225, L. 1896.

Chapter 425

Authorizing corporations organized under chapter 319, Laws of 1848, for the incorporation of benevolent, charitable and missionary societies, or under said act as amended, to extend their business and objects.

See chap. 559, L. 1895.

Chapter 435

Reappropriating \$13,500 for certain expenses of the St. Lawrence State Hospital.

Chapter 441

Amending chapter 155, Laws of 1886, relating to the care and support of the poor in Fulton county.

Overseers of the poor may be elected in towns and their powers and duties defined. Special provision as to town of Johnstown.

Providing for appraising the value of lands purchased and buildings erected by the counties for asylum purposes. \$3,000 appropriated for said purpose.

See chaps. 43 and 91, L. 1893.

(1890)
Chapter 461

Amending chapter 355, Laws of 1880, relating to the Central New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes at Rome, New York.

Chapter 469

Post-graduate course of not more than three years to be granted to certain pupils in the said institution.

Amending chapter 696, Laws of 1887, providing hospitals, orphan asylums and other charitable institutions in New York city with water gratis and remitting assessments therefor.

Chapter 492

Amending section 307, chapter 410, Laws of 1882, the New York city Consolidation Act, as amended by chapter 364, Laws of 1885, and chapter 575, Laws of 1888, relating to the pension fund for the police department of said city.

Chapter 531

See chaps. 52, 82 and 178, L. 1892; chap. 536, L. 1894; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Amending section 305, chapter 410, Laws of 1882, of the New York city Consolidation Act, as amended by chapter 180, Laws of 1884, and acts supplemental thereto in relation to the police pension fund of New York city.

Chapter 532

See chap. 351, L. 1891; chap. 529, L. 1893; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Relating to the superintendents and overseers of the poor in Richmond county.

Chapter 539

Five overseers of the poor to be elected, one for each town.

The office of the present superintendents of the poor in Richmond county abolished and their powers and duties to be vested in the said overseers.

One superintendent of the poor hereafter elected by the board of supervisors to be keeper of the county poorhouse.

Enabling the Ladies' Depository, a charitable institution, to terminate its existence and to distribute its surplus funds.

Chapter 551

(1890)
Chapter 561

Amending chapter 14, Laws of 1880, to amend chapter 143, Laws of 1861, to amend and consolidate the laws relating to the city of Rochester.

Section 79. Overseer of the poor of said city shall possess all the powers and authority of the overseers of the poor in towns. He, or in case of his inability to act, his deputy, shall have power to examine under oath all cases of relief and bastardy.

The finance committee of common council may require estimates of the amounts needed for the support and relief of the poor.

Chapter 563

The general corporation law.

Section 4. Each corporation shall have a different name.

See chap. 687, L. 1892; chap. 559, L. 1895.

Chapter 569

The Town Law.

Article 2, section 12. There shall be elected at the annual town meeting in each town by ballot, one or two overseers of the poor, except in the counties of Richmond and Kings. If any vacancies shall occur in the office of overseers of the poor, persons shall be chosen to fill such vacancies, who shall hold their offices for the residue of the unexpired term for which they are respectively elected. All such officers shall hold their respective offices until others are elected or appointed in their places and have qualified.

See chaps. 37 and 344, L. 1893.

Section 18. Procedure of election of overseers of the poor, their term of office, etc.

See chap. 107, L. 1894.

Section 50. Eligibility of town officers.

Section 51. Oath of office.

Section 62. Undertaking of overseer of the poor.

Section 64. Resignation of town officers.

Section 65. Filling of vacancies.

Section 66. Form of undertaking and liability thereon.

Section 67. County clerk to report omissions of town officers.

Section 133. All surplus moneys remaining from the sale of stray beasts by the pound-keeper, after deducting the sum for keeping, if not demanded by the owner of said beast within a year shall be applied to the use of the town or city poor.

(1890)

Section 166. Town officers shall not be allowed any compensation per diem unless expressly provided by law.

Section 167. Accounts shall be made out in items.

Section 178. The compensation of overseers of the poor shall be \$2 per diem each.

Section 181. All excise money, in counties where the support of the poor is a county charge, shall be paid into the county treasury subject to the control of the board of supervisors.

To amend chapter 160, Laws of 1885, providing for changing the site of county poorhouses or almshouses in case said buildings have been destroyed by fire. A petition to be presented to the chairman of the board of supervisors by at least twelve resident freeholders of the county, to be acted upon by said board at an annual or special meeting. Question to be then submitted to electors at town meetings.

1891
114th session
Chapter 5

Amending chapter 494, Laws of 1881, to provide for the election of one overseer of the poor in the towns of Goshen and Wallkill, Orange county, and to fix his compensation. The overseer of the poor of the town of Goshen shall receive an annual compensation of \$275. The overseer of the town of Wallkill shall receive for his services the fees and compensation provided by law for the services of other overseers in the towns of this State.

Chapter 35

Act to change the name of The Asylum for Idiots to the "Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children."

Chapter 51

See chap. 546, L. 1896.

Enabling tribes of the Improved Order of Red Men to take, hold, mortgage and convey real and personal property..

Chapter 65

(1891)
Chapter 79

Amending chapter 363, Laws of 1889, authorizing the St. Mary's Female Hospital, in the city of Brooklyn, to transfer its corporate powers and property to the St. Mary's Maternity and Infants' Home in said city.

Chapter 86

To grant, convey and release to certain charitable institutions the interest of the people of New York State in certain property formerly belonging to Harriet Flint of New York city, deceased. The said institutions being:

1. "The Society for the Relief of the Destitute Blind" in New York city.

2. "The Home for Incurables" in New York city.

3. "The New York Institution for the Blind" in New York city.

4. "The New York Society for the Relief of the Ruptured and Crippled" in New York city.

5. "The Sheltering Arms" in New York city.

6. "The Methodist Episcopal Church Home" in New York city.

Chapter 91

Making an appropriation of \$454,850 for the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of chapter 126, Laws of 1890, relating to the State care of insane.

Said sum to be apportioned by the board for the establishment of State insane asylum districts and for other purposes, in such a manner as to provide accommodations in the following hospitals for not less than the number of patients named:

At the Utica State Hospital, 150 patients.

At the Hudson River State Hospital, 200 patients.

At the Middletown State Homœopathic Hospital, 200 patients.

At the Buffalo State Hospital, 150 patients.

At the Binghamton State Hospital, 127 patients.

See chap. 156, L. 1893.

Chapter 105

Revising the charter of the city of Buffalo.

Section 44. Provides for a department of poor.

Sections 45 and 48. One overseer of the poor to be elected, who shall execute and file with the city clerk an official bond with fixed securities for the faithful performance of his official duties.

Section 67. Said overseer must deliver to the Comptroller on or before February 1st a detailed estimate of expenses and the amount of money required in the poor department for the next fiscal year.

(1891)

Section 211. Police Pension Fund to be created.

Sections 266 and 270. Firemen's Relief and Pension Fund to be created.

Sections 349 to 364. The overseer of the poor shall hold office for three years and shall have charge of all expenditures of money for the relief of the city poor. His duties are minutely described herein. Said overseer must prepare a monthly report stating the amount and kind of assistance given by him during the previous month.

Act providing that all moneys collected from foreign fire insurance companies doing business in New York State, by tax on premiums on insurance on property in the town of Flatbush, L. I., as provided by chapter 604, Laws of 1886, and pursuant thereto, shall be paid to the Volunteer Firemen's Association of Flatbush, L. I., for carrying on the benevolent purposes of said association.

Chapter 111

See chap. 356, L. 1894.

Amending section 1390 of the Code of Civil Procedure, relative to property exempt from execution.

See chap. 448, L. 1876.

Chapter 112

Amending chapter 490, Laws of 1885, providing that every tramp, upon conviction as such, shall be imprisoned at hard labor in the nearest penitentiary for not more than six months at State expense at 30 cents per day per capita.

Chapter 115

See § 887-a, Code Crim. Pro.

Amending chapter 214, Laws of 1888, to revise the charter of the city of Binghamton. The annual city taxes shall include a sum not exceeding \$3,000 to aid in defraying the expenses of a nonsectarian city hospital, and a further sum of \$1,000 for hospital purposes and the expenses of the board of health.

Chapter 117

Annual appropriation act.—Appropriates \$7,361.67 for Indian annuities; \$300 for the relief of the Onon-

Chapter 144

(1891)

daga Indians; \$140,000 for the State Soldiers and Sailors' Home; \$82,500 for the New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb; \$30,000 for the Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes; \$22,500 for the Le Couteulx St. Mary's Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes; \$33,750 to the Central New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes; \$42,500 to the St. Joseph's Institute for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes; \$28,750 for the Western New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes; \$15,000 to the Northern New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes; \$50,000 for the New York Institution for the Blind; \$40,000 for the Batavia Institution for the Blind; \$110,000 for the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents; \$140,000 for the State Industrial School at Rochester; \$11,000 for the Thomas Asylum; \$81,000 for the Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children; \$40,000 for the Custodial Asylum; \$15,000 for the Utica State Hospital; \$16,900 for the Willard State Hospital; \$13,500 for the Middletown State Homœopathic Hospital; \$16,500 for the Hudson River State Hospital; \$13,500 for the Binghamton State Hospital; \$13,000 for the Buffalo State Hospital; \$12,200 for the St. Lawrence State Hospital; \$50,000 for the House of Refuge for Women at Hudson; \$19,000 for the Commission in Lunacy; \$48,500 for the State Board of Charities for expenses, salaries and State paupers.

Chapter 158

Amending chapter 295, Laws of 1883, to amend chapter 243, Laws of 1853, for the incorporation of the De Veaux College for Orphan and Destitute Children.

Nine trustees of the said incorporation to be chosen. Their powers and duties defined.

Chapter 170

Amending sections 458, 459, 469 and 3268 of the Code of Civil Procedure relating to the leave to prosecute as poor persons and to security for costs in certain cases.

See chap. 448, L. 1876.

Chapter 179

Authorizing the board of estimate of the city of Brooklyn to include in their final estimate for that

fiscal year a sum of money necessary for the support of ruptured and crippled men, women and children, who may be cared for by the several hospitals, asylums, homes and other charitable and benevolent institutions in the city of Brooklyn, at a rate not to exceed 45 cents per day for each disabled person maintained by them. Said charitable institutions shall report annually, to the comptroller of said city, the names and number of persons relieved and cared for.

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Regulating the keeping of intelligence offices, employment agencies or other places where a fee is charged for the procuring of employment or situations in the city of Brooklyn, Kings county.

See chap. 583, L. 1888.

Amending chapter 314, Laws of 1885, relating to the protection of life and limb.

Penalties shall be imposed for furnishing improper scaffolding, for use of employees.

See chaps. 517 and 715, L. 1892.

Prohibiting, except on conviction for felony, the commitment of children under twelve years of age to the State Industrial School at Rochester or the House of Refuge on Randall's Island.

See chap. 546, L. 1896.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO PROHIBIT, EXCEPT ON CONVICTION FOR FELONY, THE COMMITMENT OF CHILDREN UNDER TWELVE YEARS OF AGE TO THE STATE INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL AT ROCHESTER OR THE HOUSE OF REFUGE ON RANDALL'S ISLAND.

CHAPTER 216, LAWS OF 1891.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Hereafter no child under the age of twelve years shall be sentenced or committed to the state industrial school at Rochester, or the house of refuge on Randall's island, on conviction for any crime or offense less than a felony.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

Amending chapter 583, Laws of 1888, The Brooklyn city Consolidation Act, in relation to the board of health.

(1891)

Chapter 185

Chapter 214

Chapter 216

Chapter 245

- (1891) The management of the hospitals for infectious diseases in said city shall be under the control of the commissioner of the department of health in the city of Brooklyn and said commissioner shall make rules and regulations for the conduct and government of said hospitals.
See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.
- Chapter 249 Authorizing the mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York to lease their right, title and interest in certain lands in said city to the Woman's Hospital in New York State.
See chap. 410, L. 1882.
- Chapter 260 To establish a hospital in and for the city of Cohoes and to provide for the erection, maintenance and government thereof.
See chap. 912, L. 1869.
- Chapter 263 Amending section 2325 and section 2327 of the Code of Civil Procedure, relating to the appointment of a committee of an incompetent person.
See chap. 448, L. 1876.
- Chapter 266 Amending chapter 921, Laws of 1867, incorporating the Peekskill Iron Molders' Association.
- Chapter 288 Amending chapter 26, Laws of 1885, to revise and amend the charter of Syracuse in relation to buildings.
Section 24. All penalties for violating the provisions of this act to be applied to the credit of the Firemen's Relief Fund.
See chap. 182, L. 1898.
- Chapter 302 Annual supply bill.—Appropriates \$5,000 for the removal of infirm alien paupers; \$5,764.82 for pensions to members of the National Guard and for the examination of claims for pensions; \$5,000 for the Commission in Lunacy; \$37,700 for Willard State Hospital; \$5,000 for The House of Refuge for Women at Hudson; \$16,000 for The Custodial Asylum; \$29,450 for the Middletown State Homœopathic Hospital; \$7,500 for the Buffalo State Hospital; \$8,500 for the Thomas Asylum; \$1,888.60 for the removal of insane Indians; \$16,720 for the Utica State Hospital; \$394,551.80 for the St. Lawrence State Hospital; \$37,000 for the Hudson River

(1891)

State Hospital; \$6,700 for the Syracuse Institution for Feeble-Minded Children; \$35,000 for the Soldiers and Sailors' Home at Bath; \$58,370 for the Binghamton State Hospital; \$18,000 for expenditures incurred since October 1, 1890, and for expenditures to be incurred hereafter in the transportation of insane poor from their homes or from the county poorhouses to State hospitals, including services of female attendants, pursuant to chapter 126, Laws 1890; \$650 for the Deaf-Mutes' Journal.

Managers of State charitable institutions are not to be interested in any purchase, sale or contract made by any officer for any State charitable institution. Said managers and officers of certain charitable boards to render quarterly accounts of receipts and expenditures with sub-vouchers.

Charitable institutions not to be compelled to make quarterly payments of their receipts and earnings into treasury.

The annual inventory of said institutions to be filed with the Comptroller.

Form of accounts for said institutions and departments to be devised by Comptroller.

The duties of the clerks or bookkeepers of said institutions and departments defined.

Making an appropriation of \$98,750 for the State Industrial School.

Chapter 320

Amending chapter 410, Laws of 1888, to regulate the keeping of intelligence offices, employment agencies or other places where fees are charged for the procuring of employment or situations in New York city. Licenses required.

Chapter 330

Act converting the Monroe County Insane Asylum into the Rochester State Hospital, as provided by section 14, chapter 126, Laws of 1890. \$50,000 appropriated for the maintenance and expenses of said hospital.

Chapter 335

Amending chapter 105, Laws of 1870, incorporating the trustees of the Orphan House and Industrial School of the Holy Saviour, near Cooperstown, New York.

Chapter 340

(1891)
Chapter 343

Amending and consolidating the act relating to the village of Moravia, Cayuga county.

Chapter 351

Title 4, section 2. Paupers, idiots, lunatics and indigent persons to be exempt from poll tax.

Chapter 363

Amending section 305, chapter 410, Laws of 1882, the New York city Consolidation Act, as amended, in relation to the Police Pension Fund of New York city.

See chap. 529, L. 1893; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Chapter 371

Amending chapter 226, Laws of 1877, supplemental to chapter 349, Laws of 1855, incorporating the Oswego Fire Department of the city of Oswego. The income from the permanent fund of the fire department shall be expended by the special council herein created for relieving its members, and the families of such members of the present paid fire department and the families of such members of the late volunteer fire department of Oswego who have been injured in the discharge of their duty.

See chap. 463, L. 1860.

Chapter 375

Amending chapter 230, Laws of 1884, authorizing and enabling Kings county for the care, custody and relief of its poor and insane, to purchase, erect and maintain outside of the limits of said county, a farm and buildings and to issue bonds to meet the expense thereof.

Chapter 376

Amending chapter 306, Laws of 1861, to amend an act passed May 8, 1846, authorizing the establishment of the house of refuge for juvenile delinquents in Western New York.

Amending chapter 26, Laws of 1885, to revise and amend the charter of Syracuse.

One hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars to be raised annually for expenses of the board of health and of the poor department and other purposes.

See chaps. 135 and 531, L. 1893; chap. 182, L. 1898.

Chapter 380

Amending chapter 40, Laws of 1888, incorporating the city of Hornellsville, as amended by chapter 374, Laws of 1888, and chapter 125, Laws of 1889, and chapter 472, Laws of 1890.

One thousand dollars to be annually paid for the

support of St. James Mercy Hospital, from moneys received in violation of the excise law.

(1891)

Amending subdivision 9 of section 194, chapter 410, Laws of 1882, the New York City Consolidation Act, relating to the Babies' Hospital of New York city.

Chapter 388

An appropriation to be made to said hospital and to the Foundling Asylum of the Sisters of Charity at a rate of 38 cents per day for the maintenance of each infant supported and cared for therein, and \$18 per month for their needy mothers.

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Names changed under and pursuant to title X, chapter 17, of the Code of Civil Procedure.

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Name changed by order of the court of Kings county in 1890. The Brooklyn Nursery to the Brooklyn Nursery and Infants' Hospital, to take effect March 10, 1890.

Providing for an enumeration of the inhabitants of this State.

 1892
115th session
Chapter 5

Establishing and maintaining a police force in the city of Troy.

Chapter 12

All fees for license issued by the Excise Commissioners and all penalties recovered for violation of laws regulating the sale of intoxicating liquors to be applied for the use and benefit of the poor fund of said city and toward paying the poor expenses of said city.

See chap. 598, L. 1870; chap. 670, L. 1892.

Amending subdivision 6, section 268, chapter 105, Laws 1891, to revise the charter of the city of Buffalo. Pensions to be paid to honorably discharged or retired members of the fire department, also to the dependent widows and minor children of deceased members. Said pensions to be paid out of the Firemen's Relief Fund.

Chapter 18

See chap. 105, L. 1891.

Authorizing and empowering the Lucretia Mott Dispensary and Infirmary to transfer all its property to the New York Infirmary for Women and Children and to dissolve said first-named corporation.

Chapter 19

(1892)
Chapter 24

Making an appropriation of \$28,500 for the Saint Lawrence State Hospital for purchasing furniture and equipment for additional buildings now ready for patients.

Chapter 36

Amending the act to provide for the care and education of indigent deaf-mutes under the age of twelve years, chapter 325, Laws of 1863.

Upon application by parent or guardian to an overseer of the poor, children may be placed by said overseer in deaf and dumb institutions, provided that said children are morally or physically endangered. New York Institution for Deaf and Dumb, Institution for Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, Le Couteulx St. Mary's Institution, Central New York Institution at Rome and Albany Home School for Oral Instruction of the Deaf at Albany named.

Chapter 45

Authorizing the commissioners of the sinking fund of New York city to lease to the Mount Sinai Hospital in New York city, ground in said city for the erection thereon of additional buildings for hospital purposes.

See chap. 410, L. 1882.

Chapter 59

Incorporating "The Commercial Travelers' Home Association of America."

Chapter 72

Charter of the city of Buffalo amended as to the duties of the overseer of the poor (sections 354 and 355, chapter 105, Laws of 1891).

Chapter 78

Amending chapter 120, Laws of 1886, to revise the charter of the city of Lockport.

Section 54. A city physician to be appointed who shall discharge all the duties of a physician and surgeon for overseer of the poor and police department, and shall furnish all necessary medicines. He shall be a health officer. His salary shall be fixed by the common council at a sum not exceeding \$400 per annum, payable monthly from the poor and health funds equally.

Chapter 79

Authorizing the board of supervisors of Schenectady county to sell the present poorhouse site and the lands

- and buildings used in connection therewith, and to purchase a new site and build a new poorhouse thereon. (1892)
- Legalizing the incorporation of "The New York Caledonian Club." Chapter 86
- Incorporating the "Miriam Osburn Memorial Home Association." Chapter 94
- Amending chapter 327, Laws of 1882, incorporating the Actors' Fund of America. Chapter 104
- See chap. 275, L. 1893; chap. 707, L. 1895.
- Amending chapter 284, Laws of 1880, providing for the creation of a board of charities and corrections of Kings county, and for the appointment of commissioners and subordinates thereof. Chapter 106
- See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.
- Authorizing the Home Association for Working Girls, in the city of Brooklyn, to convey and transfer its property and work to the Young Women's Christian Association of Brooklyn. Chapter 136
- Incorporating the city of Niagara Falls. Chapter 143
- Sections 7 and 8. One overseer of the poor to be elected for one year.
- Section 65. Said overseer to give a bond to said city before entering upon his official duties, in penal sum of not less than \$4,000, and if deemed necessary further securities may be required of him.
- Section 66. Powers and duties of overseer defined. He shall personally investigate all cases applying for relief and assistance and record same. He shall not audit or pay any account or bill unless an affidavit vouching for its correctness be affixed to said bill or account.
- He shall render a monthly report of all receipts and disbursements to the common council.
- Salary of overseer fixed at \$600 per annum.
- Section 67. Common council to make annual estimate of poor expenses for board of supervisors who shall levy tax and same shall be paid over to overseer of poor.
- Making an appropriation of \$6,500 for the purchase of land for the use of the Hudson River State Hospital. Chapter 144

(1892)
Chapter 159

Incorporating the "United Charities" of the city of New York.

Chapter 172

Empowering St. Christopher's Home to hold meetings and conduct business in Westchester county, as well as in the city and county of New York.

Chapter 175

Authorizing the Chapter General of America, Knights of St. John and Malta, to hold its annual meetings without the State.

Chapter 182

Incorporating the city of Mount Vernon.

Section 12. One commissioner of charities to be appointed.

Sections 129, 130 and 131. Powers and duties of officers generally defined.

Section 223. Common council may lease or purchase a building for a hospital or pesthouse, to be under control of board of health.

Sections 227 and 228. All laws now in force not inconsistent with the provisions of this act, applicable to overseers of the poor in towns, shall apply to the commissioner of charities, and such commissioner of charities shall have all the powers which the overseers of the poor in towns now have or may hereafter be conferred on them. The common council shall by ordinance, prescribe the duties of such commissioner in relation to the temporary aid and assistance to the poor, and may appropriate moneys for that purpose.

Chapter 197

Authorizing the increase or reduction of the number of directors of benevolent, charitable or hospital corporations.

See chap. 319, L. 1848.

Chapter 217

Amending section 291, of the Penal Code, relative to criminal charge against children.

See chap. 676, L. 1881.

Chapter 227

Relating to the "Anchorage" in the city of Elmira.

The by-laws of said corporation to be subject to the approval of the State Board of Charities. Annual inspection of the buildings and management of said corporation by the State Board of Charities.

Certificate to be filed by said board in each county clerk's office in which the certificate of the previous

year was filed. Commitment of women by the recorder of Elmira.

(1892)

Commitments by Court of Special Sessions in other counties. In either case said persons committed will be detained, subject to the approval of the State Board of Charities.

Amending chapter 163, Laws of 1873, organizing a police for the city of Yonkers, as amended by chapter 216, Laws of 1876, and chapter 441, Laws of 1880.

Chapter 241

Retired policemen shall receive a pension, to be paid out of the pension fund of said police department.

Creating a park commission and providing for one or more additional parks in the city of Troy.

Chapter 267

Section 6. Said park commission authorized to negotiate with the board of supervisors of Rensselaer county for the obtaining of parts of the county farm connected with the House of Industry in said county, for the purpose of erecting a public park in that vicinity, but no buildings on the grounds occupied by the House of Industry shall be removed.

See chap. 670, L. 1892.

Amending section 8, chapter 280, Laws of 1879, to abolish the New York State Inebriate Asylum, and to establish the Binghamton Asylum for the Chronic Insane, and to provide for the management thereof.

Chapter 276

Authorizing the benevolent society in the city of Brooklyn, known as the Mount Zion Benevolent Society, to buy, hold and dispose of land for cemetery purposes.

Chapter 278

Amending section 217 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

Chapter 279

Children under sixteen years, when witnesses, may be committed, as provided by section 291 of the Penal Code, subject to the order of the trial court.

See chap. 442, L. 1881.

Authorizing the Superintendent of Public Instruction to allow certain pupils in the Northern New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, at Malone, N. Y., to take a three years post-graduate course of instruction in higher branches.

Chapter 280

(1892)
Chapter 290

Authorizing the formation of corporations by benevolent orders for the acquisition of real property and the erection and maintenance of buildings for the uses of such orders.

Any number of masonic bodies within the State may unite in forming a corporation for the above purpose.

See chap. 72, L. 1893.

Chapter 309

Amending section 292, of the Penal Code, relative to the licensing of children in theatrical exhibitions.

See chap. 676, L. 1881.

Chapter 324

Appropriations.—\$150,000 for the New York State Reformatory at Elmira; \$7,361.67 for Indian annuities; \$300 for the relief of the Onondaga Indians; \$140,000 for the State Soldiers and Sailors' Home; \$82,500 for the New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb; \$30,000 for the Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes; \$22,500 for the Le Couteulx St. Mary's Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes; \$33,750 for the Central New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes; \$42,500 for St. Joseph's Institute for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes; \$28,750 for the Western New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes; \$15,000 for the Northern New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes; \$50,000 for the Institution for the Blind in New York; \$40,000 for the Institution for the Blind at Batavia; \$100,000 for the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents in New York city; \$160,000 for the State Industrial School at Rochester; \$11,000 for the Thomas Asylum; \$81,000 for the Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children; \$45,000 for the Custodial Asylum; \$16,200 for the Utica State Hospital; \$16,900 for the Willard State Hospital; \$13,500 for the Middletown State Homœopathic Hospital; \$16,500 for the Hudson River State Hospital; \$14,700 for the Binghamton State Hospital; \$13,000 for the Buffalo State Hospital; \$12,200 for the St. Lawrence State Hospital; \$11,200 for the Rochester State Hospital; \$50,000 for the House of Refuge for Women at Hudson; \$19,000

for the State Commission in Lunacy; \$48,500 for the State Board of Charities for salaries, expenses and State paupers. (1892)

Managers of State charitable institutions not to be interested in the purchases for said institutions.

Act exempting the Hebrew Sheltering Guardian Society of New York from New York city water taxes. Chapter 328

Facilitating the filling of vacancies in the office of trustee of corporations organized for charitable or benevolent purposes. Chapter 333

See chap. 319, L. 1848.

Extending the powers and privileges of Saint Michael's Home for Destitute Children. Chapter 334

Establishing the "Eastern New York Reformatory," and for the appointment of commissioners to secure a site therefor. Chapter 336

Amending chapter 314, Laws of 1884, as amended by chapter 42, Laws of 1885, to provide for the establishment of a house of refuge for women at Hudson. Chapter 341

See chap. 546, L. 1896.

Reappropriating \$50,000, which is the unexpended balance of the amount appropriated by chapter 408, Laws of 1890, for improvements at the New York State Reformatory at Elmira. Chapter 348

Appropriations.—\$5,000 for the removal of infirm alien paupers; \$86,500 for the Hudson River State Hospital; \$18,900 for the Middletown State Hospital; \$35,150 for the Binghamton State Hospital; \$179,680 for the Rochester State Hospital; \$31,755 for the Utica State Hospital; \$356,000 for the St. Lawrence State Hospital; \$109,857.79 for the State Asylum for Insane Criminals; \$20,000 for the transportation of insane poor from their homes and county poorhouses to State hospitals; \$16,500 for the Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children; \$10,000 for the Western House of Refuge for Women; \$650 for the Deaf-Mutes' Journal; \$5,000 for the care of State paupers. Chapter 356

Managers of State charitable institutions are not to be interested in any purchase or any contract made by any officers for said institutions.

(1892)
Chapter 381

Amending chapter 105, Laws of 1891, to revise the charter of the city of Buffalo. All dog licenses and fines for violations of such licenses to be deposited in the police pension fund of said city, but said fund must pay all expenses incurred for the carrying out of this act.

Chapter 396

To provide for the better security of the freedom of religious worship in certain reformatories, houses of refuge, penitentiaries, protectories or other penal institutions continuing to receive for its use, either public moneys or a per capita sum from any municipality for the support of inmates.

Chapter 401

Act to revise and consolidate the laws regulating the sale of intoxicating liquors.

Section 32. Illegal sales with or without a license to any child actually or apparently under the age of sixteen years, or to any intoxicated person, pauper, habitual drunkard or Indian, or to any person as per notice from parent, guardian, husband, wife or child or magistrate or overseer of the poor.

See chap. 112, L. 1896.

Chapter 427

Amending chapter 231, Laws of 1873, to amend the charter of the West Side German Dispensary in New York city.

Chapter 439

Act for the care and reformation of females, and concerning the public interests of the city of Brooklyn and Kings county.

The Wayside Home and Roman Catholic House of Good Shepherd may receive females on commitments.

See chap. 583, L. 1888; chap. 711, L. 1894.

Chapter 467

Relating to Saint Saviour's sanitarium and for the care of inebriate women in New York city.

Chapter 468

Providing for the payment of pensions to members of the New York State militia in certain cases.

See chap. 677, L. 1892; chap. 559, L. 1893.

Chapter 485

Amending section 3, chapter 231, Laws of 1876, to make the office of supervisor in Erie county a salaried office, and to appoint the other officers of said board and to provide for their compensation, as amended by chapter 195, Laws 1879.

The supervisors' clerk shall keep a record of commitments and discharges to and from any asylum or institution where the keeping of such persons is a county charge. (1892)

Information of all commitments to be given by asylums and institutions to the clerk, of which he shall keep a record.

Relating to the commissioners of quarantine and the health officer of the port of New York. Chapter 486

Section 7. Anchorage of a quarantined vessel to be designated by the health officer.

Section 9. The Swinburne Island hospital in lower New York bay to be used as a hospital for the reception of persons sick with contagious diseases, arriving in quarantinable vessels.

See chap. 661, L. 1893; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Act for the consolidation of the Western dispensary of New York city with the Hahnemann hospital of New York city. Chapter 490

See chap. 871, L. 1873; chap. 182, L. 1898.

Providing for the appointment of a committee to locate an institution for epileptics in New York State. Chapter 503

The commissioners of the State Board of Charities are directed to select a suitable site for said institution; \$1,500 appropriated for the expenses of the commission.

To provide for a police pension fund for the Syracuse police force. Chapter 509

See chap. 26, L. 1885; chap. 182, L. 1898.

To create a park police pension fund for disabled and retired park policemen in New York city, and for the families of deceased park policemen in said city. Chapter 515

See chap. 410, L. 1882; chap. 142, L. 1893; chap. 378, L. 1897.

Amending chapter 523, Laws of 1851, to amend chapter 483, Laws of 1847, chapter 350, Laws 1849, chapter 275, Laws 1850, chapter 339, Laws 1850, concerning passengers coming to New York city and the public health. Chapter 531

City may take and hold lands on Ward's Island, New York city, for charitable purposes.

See chap. 528, L. 1893; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

(1892)
Chapter 533

Act in relation to persons in the city of Brooklyn or Kings county, who abandon or threaten to abandon their wives or children, or either or any of them, or who neglect to provide for them, or either or any of them according to their means.

See chap. 583, L. 1888; § 287, Penal Code; title 8, part 6, Code of Crim. Pro.

Chapter 536

Amending act to incorporate the contributors to the New York Dispensary, passed April 8, 1795, as amended by chapter 578, Laws of 1869.

Chapter 537

Enabling the commissioners of public charities and correction of New York city, to purchase additional land and erect and equip additional buildings thereon, for the care and better maintenance of insane persons in the institutions under the control of said commissioners, and to regulate the control thereof.

See chap. 410, L. 1882; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Chapter 539

Amending section 305, of the New York city Consolidation Act, in relation to the police pension fund of New York city.

See chap. 529, L. 1893; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Chapter 546

Amending section 311 of the New York city Consolidation Act.

Section 8. The real and personal property of Saint Luke's Hospital, Mount Sinai Hospital and Italian Home to be exempt from taxation.

See chap. 378, L. 1897.

Chapter 555

Amending section 1290 of the New York city Consolidation Act, in relation to actions for penalties imposed in violation of any corporation ordinance.

See chap. 378, L. 1897.

Chapter 570

Reappropriating the balance of the \$130,000 appropriated by chapter 238, Laws 1890, for the establishment of a house of refuge for women in Western New York, which balance is \$115,725.32.

Chapter 575

Legalizing the acts of the common council of the city of Binghamton, authorizing the construction of the sewer known as section No. 2 of the State hospital sewer, and authorizing the raising of moneys to pay for

the same, in addition to the sums now provided in the revised charter of said city. (1892)

See chap. 214, L. 1888.

Incorporating "The Division of New York Sons of Veterans, U. S. A." Chapter 586

Appropriation of \$2,000 made for the maintenance of State pauper insane patients not having a legal residence in any county in the State, and who are now or may hereafter become inmates of any State hospitals. Chapter 613

Making an appropriation of \$5,000 for completing the work of improving the sanitary disposal of the sewage of the State Institution for the Blind at Batavia. Chapter 614

Providing for the establishment of "the reformatory for women" within the counties of New York and Westchester, and making an appropriation of \$100,000 therefor. Chapter 637

See chap. 546, L. 1896.

Act to exempt the real and personal property of die Deutsche Poliklinik of New York city (The German Policlinic of New York city), from taxation. Chapter 639

Incorporating the "Jennie Clarkson Baptist Orphanage." Chapter 645

Releasing from taxes heretofore levied on certain real estate of the Peabody Home for Aged and Indigent Women in New York city. Chapter 649

The Anti-Sweat Shop Law, regulating manufacture and sale of clothing, wearing apparel and other articles. Chapter 655

See chap. 677, L. 1892; chap. 661, L. 1893.

Providing for the safety of workmen in mines of this State. Chapter 667

See chap. 339, L. 1893.

Amending chapter 598, Laws of 1870, to amend act incorporating the city of Troy, passed April 12, 1816. Chapter 670

Title 2, section 1. Six commissioners of charities, one superintendent of the poor and three city physicians to be elected.

Sections 24 to 36. The commissioners of charities shall be elected by the common council and shall hold office for three years each.

(1892)

The board of charities shall not be interested in the purchase of poor supplies. Said board to be empowered to appoint a superintendent of the poor and his clerk, and three city physicians to visit applicants for relief and record results; to require monthly information from religious denominations within the city, relating to the poor receiving aid from the charitable institutions connected with said churches, to render to the common council an annual report of all receipts and disbursements. In case of vacancy in said board, the same shall be filled by the common council.

Chapter 671

Revising, consolidating and amending the several acts relating to the government of the city of Cohoes.

Title 5, sections 41 to 46. The powers and duties of the overseer of the poor defined.

Chapter 677

The Statutory Construction Law.

Section 7. The terms lunatic and lunacy include every kind of unsoundness of mind except idiocy.

Chapter 679

The Indian Law.

Section 4. A penalty to be imposed upon persons receiving from an Indian pawns or pledges for liquor sold to an Indian, to be recovered, if not in the name of an attorney or agent of the Indian tribe, in the name of the overseers of the poor in the town where said Indian resides, and if the articles received in payment for the liquor be not returned within twenty days after the sale, the peacemakers, or the overseers of the poor, may recover said article.

Section 25. \$300 to be appropriated annually by board of supervisors of Onondaga county for the purpose of paying the expenses incurred for furnishing medical treatment and medicines to the sick and indigent Indians residing on the Onondaga reservation.

Section 76. The annuities due to the Seneca Indians on Allegany and Cattaraugus reservations to be payable to the council or to an agent or committee appointed by the council, to be distributed in accordance with their customs.

Section 85. An annuity of \$500 shall be paid to the Seneca Indians residing on the Tonawanda reservation.

Their proportionate share to be determined by the ratio that their members bear to the whole number of Senecas residing in other parts of the State having an interest in such annuity. Said annuity was agreed to be paid by New York State, under a treaty dated September 12, 1815.

(1892)

Section 112. Moiety of penalties for illegal cutting of timber by the Shinnecock Indians to be applied to the use of the overseer of the poor of the town of Southampton.

The Public Officers Law.

Chapter 681

Article 1. Appointment and qualification of public officers.

Section 1. Short title and extent of application.

Section 2. Definition.

Section 3. Qualifications for holding office.

Section 4. Commencement of term of office.

Section 5. Holding over after expiration of term.

Section 6. Mode of choosing State officers, if not otherwise provided.

Section 7. Appointment by the Governor and Senate.

See chap. 318, L. 1893.

Section 8. Commissions of officers.

Section 9. Deputies, their appointment, number and duties.

Section 10. Official oaths.

See chap. 318, L. 1893.

Section 11. Official undertakings.

Section 12. Force and effect of official undertakings.

Section 13. Notice of neglect to file oath or undertaking.

Section 14. Effect of revision on terms of office.

Article 2. Creation and filling of vacancies.

Section 20. Creation of vacancies.

Section 21. Resignations.

Section 22. Removals by Senate.

Section 23. Removals by Governor.

Section 24. Evidence in proceedings for removal by Governor.

Section 25. Removals from office.

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Section 26. Notice of existence of vacancy.

Section 27. Term of officers chosen to fill vacancies.

Section 28. Filling vacancies in office of officer appointed by the Governor and Senate.

See chap. 318, L. 1893.

Section 29. Vacancy occurring in office of legislative appointee during legislative recess.

Section 30. Vacancies filled by legislature.

Section 31. Filling other vacancies.

Article 3. Powers and duties of public officers.

Section 40. Official seals of court of appeals and State officers.

Section 41. Business in public offices on public holidays.

Section 42. Payment of expenses of public officers.

Section 43. Laws repealed.

Section 44. When to take effect.

Chapter 682

The Legislative Law.

One thousand five hundred copies of the report of the State Board of Charities to be printed.

All other institutions not herein mentioned established by the State, when their printing is not done by the institution shall have 700 printed copies each, and the hospitals and insane asylums 1,500 copies each.

Chapter 686

The County Law.

Section 12. The Board of Supervisors shall:

1. Have the care and custody of the corporate property of the county.

3. Annually direct the raising of such sums in each town as shall be necessary to pay its town charges.

5. Fix the salaries of the superintendents of the poor of their county, and other county officers to remain unchanged throughout term of office.

6. Borrow money for the purchase of sites and the erection of county buildings and issue bonds therefor.

12. Purchase or lease almshouses, asylums and other county buildings for county uses.

Section 13. Limitation of credit.

Section 24. Form and presentation of accounts against the county. Bills to be itemized before audit.

Section 31. Boards of supervisors, except in Kings county, may fix or change the site of any county building and the location of any county office by a resolution of said board, subject to certain limitations.

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Section 101. Said board may procure, except in Kings county, by purchase or otherwise, houses of detention for women and children and for witnesses.

Article 77. Superintendents of the poor.

Section 210. Election, appointment and term of office of superintendents of the poor.

211. Undertaking.

The General Corporation Law.

Chapter 687

Section 2. A non-stock corporation shall be either :

1. A religious corporation, or ;
2. A membership corporation.

Section 6. Corporations of the same name prohibited.

Section 32. Extension of corporate existence.

See chap. 285, L. 1902.

The Stock Corporation Law.

Chapter 688

Section 7. The combination of one stock corporation with any other corporation or person, for the creation of a monopoly or the unlawful restraint of trade, or for the prevention of competition in any necessary of life, prohibited.

The Banking Law.

Chapter 689

Article 4. Trust companies.

Section 157. Any court having jurisdiction to appoint a trustee, guardian, receiver or committee of the estate of a lunatic, idiot or habitual drunkard, or to make any judiciary appointment, may appoint any such corporation to be such trustee, guardian, receiver or committee.

The Insurance Law.

Chapter 690

Article 6. Life or casualty insurance corporations upon the co-operative or assessment plan.

Section 201. What corporations to be subject to this article.

Section 212. The money or other benefit, charity, relief or aid to be paid or rendered by any corporation, association or society mentioned in section 201, to be exempt from execution, and shall not be liable to seiz-

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ure, or taken or appropriated by legal or equitable process to pay any debt or liability of a member or the widow of a deceased member of such corporation designated as the beneficiary thereof.

Section 214. Exemption of certain societies and subordinate lodges of Odd Fellows and Masons from the provisions of this article.

Article 7. Fraternal beneficiary societies, orders or associations.

The Railroad Law, chapter 565, Laws 1890, as amended by chapters 362 and 367, Laws 1891, and chapters 306, 460, 534, 676, 700 and 702, Laws 1892.

Section 140. The penalties for violation of this act by elevated railroad companies, shall be distributed equally among the public hospitals of the county in which the proceeding is had.

The Highway Law, chapter 568, Laws 1890, as amended by chapter 212, Laws 1891, and chapter 686, Laws 1892.

Paupers, idiots and lunatics to be exempt from assessment of highway labor.

The Town Law, chapter 569, Laws 1890, as amended by chapter 254, Laws 1891, and chapters 61, 92 and 252, Laws 1892.

There shall be elected at the annual town meeting in each town, by ballot, one or two overseers of the poor, except in the counties of Richmond and Kings. In case of a vacancy in said office at the time of said annual meeting, persons shall then be chosen to fill such vacancies for the residue of the unexpired term.

Section 18. Procedure for the election of one or two poor overseers. In case one only be elected at the annual town meeting his term of office shall be two years, in case of two, the terms of office shall be one and two years, the longest terms being given to the candidate receiving the greatest number of votes.

Section 20. Manner of voting for persons intended for full term and for a vacancy in the office of overseer of the poor.

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Article 10, section 24. In towns bound to support their own poor, the electors at the annual town meetings may direct such sums to be raised as they may deem necessary for such purpose, and to defray any charges that may exist against the poor overseers of their town.

Section 33. Votes to expend over \$500 shall be by ballot; under that, *viva voce*.

Article 3. Qualifications of town officers.

Section 50. No superintendent of poor shall be eligible to the office of supervisor of any town or ward in this State.

Section 62. The overseer of the poor in every town, within ten days after being notified of his election or appointment must execute an undertaking, with proper securities to be filed in the office of the town clerk.

Section 84. When any overseer of the poor shall retire from office he shall deliver to his successor all the books, records and papers belonging to said office.

Section 133. The surplus remaining from the sale of stray beasts by the pound keeper, after deducting the sum paid for said animal's keeping if not demanded by the owner of such beast within one year, shall be applied to the use of the town or city poor.

Section 178. Overseers of the poor shall receive a compensation of \$2 per day for their services.

Authorizing boards of supervisors of any county except Steuben, to appoint superintendents of the poor to act as keepers of almshouses, and to fix their compensation.

Chapter 698

See chap. 42, L. 1893; chap. 225, L. 1896.

Amending chapter 187, Laws of 1881, to provide for the establishment of a house of refuge for women at Hudson.

Chapter 704

See chap. 546, L. 1896; chap. 453, L. 1904.

Amending subdivision 4 of section 4 of title 1 of chapter 13 of part 1 of the Revised Statutes.

Chapter 713

All poorhouses, almshouses, houses of industry and every house belonging to a company, incorporated for

(1892) the reformation of offenders, and to improve the moral condition of seamen and the property used by said institutions are to be exempt from taxation, provided that no private company or incorporated institution or almshouse shall be entitled to such exemption, whose gross income from its real and personal property shall exceed \$200,000.

Page 1482. Name changed by order of the court of Kings county in 1891.

Brooklyn Woman's Homœopathic Hospital and Dispensary to "Memorial Hospital," to take effect March 10, 1891.

1893
116th session
Chapter 12

Amending chapter 30, Laws of 1873, to create a board of charities in and for the city of Utica.

See chap. 18, L. 1862.

Chapter 21

Making an appropriation of \$63,970 for the St. Lawrence State Hospital.

Chapter 29

Amending chapter 614, Laws of 1887, establishing a police pension fund for the city of Rochester.

See chap. 14, L. 1880.

Chapter 37

Amending section 12 of the Town Law, in relation to election of town officers and their terms of office.

Chapter 41

Making an appropriation of \$75,000 for the erection of additional buildings for the House of Refuge for Women at Hudson, N. Y.

Chapter 42

Amending chapter 698, Laws of 1892, authorizing boards of supervisors of all counties except Steuben, to appoint superintendents of the poor to act as keepers of almshouses, and fixing their compensation. Said compensation to be fixed by the board of supervisors of each county.

Chapter 43

Appropriating \$104,621 for the purchase by the State of certain lands heretofore purchased by Oneida county, for the purpose of being used as a county asylum for the insane in city of Rome.

See chap. 348, L. 1893.

Amending chapter 278, Laws of 1881, authorizing such girls and women as are vagrants or convicted of misdemeanors as a first offense, to be sent to the Shelter for Homeless Women in the city of Syracuse, and to change the name of such corporation to "The Shelter for Unprotected Girls."

See chap. 355, L. 1893.

(1893)
Chapter 53

Authorizing the city of Binghamton to purchase a site for a city hospital, and erect thereon a city hospital building and to issue bonds for \$25,000 therefor.

See chap. 214, L. 1888.

Chapter 67

Establishing the "Matteawan State Hospital."

Chapter 81

Section 15. Act establishing the State Asylum for Insane Criminals at Auburn, chapter 289, Laws of 1884, repealed.

Amending chapter 335, Laws of 1868, incorporating the city of Ogdensburg.

Chapter 87

Section 109. The common council empowered to take precautionary measures to guard the public health in times of pestilence and to provide against infectious and pestilential diseases, and may provide suitable places for the temporary removal of persons having such diseases.

Amending chapter 817, Laws of 1873, to provide for the support of the poor in Jefferson county, as amended by chapter 24, Laws of 1888.

Chapter 90

Appropriating \$50,000 for the purchase by the State of certain lands heretofore purchased by Erie county in town of Collins, for the purpose of being used for a county asylum for the insane.

Chapter 91

Appropriating \$181,500 for repair of damages caused by fire and water to the St. Lawrence State Hospital.

Chapter 96

Amending chapter 242, Laws of 1892, authorizing the benevolent society in the city of New York, known as the Chevra B'Nai Sholom, to buy, hold and dispose of land for cemetery purposes.

Chapter 97

(1893)
Chapter 111

Relative to the purchase and use by the State of a portion of Fire Island, Suffolk county, for quarantine purposes.

Chapter 118

Incorporating "The Firemen's Benevolent Association of Tonawanda."

See chap. 45, L. 1854.

Chapter 138

Making an appropriation of \$25,000 to the Central New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, to enable it to pay off its debt incurred for the erection of buildings for the support and education of its deaf and dumb pupils.

Chapter 143

Organizing a board of excise in the village of Charlotte, Monroe county.

Section 9. The overseer of the poor of the town of Greece required to keep separate accounts of the moneys expended by him for the support and relief of the poor of Charlotte, and for the remainder of such town. The trustees of Charlotte shall from time to time pay over to the overseer, on requisition of the town board of such town, sufficient moneys from general village fund for the support and relief of said village poor.

See chap. 443, L. 1869.

Chapter 144

Making an appropriation of \$12,000 for the Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children.

Chapter 156

Reappropriating the balance (\$38,918.34) remaining unexpended of the sum (\$454,850), appropriated by chapter 91, Laws of 1891, to carry out State Care of Insane Act, chapter 126, Laws 1890.

Chapter 170

Amending chapter 290, Laws of 1886, to amend chapter 457, Laws of 1857, to incorporate the Industrial School of Rochester, as to binding out of children.

Chapter 173

Amending chapter 409, Laws of 1886, regulating the employment of women and children in manufacturing establishments, and to provide for the appointment of inspectors to enforce the same.

See chap. 415, L. 1897; chap. 184, L. 1903.

Amending the first section of the third title of the eighth chapter of the second part of the Revised Statutes, in relation to guardians and wards.

(1893)
Chapter 175

Married women to be joint guardians with their husbands of their children.

Amending chapter 197, Laws of 1892, authorizing the increase or reduction of the number of directors of benevolent, charitable or hospital corporations.

Chapter 180

Making an appropriation of \$58,500 for the State Industrial school.

Chapter 195

See chap. 464, L. 1894.

Authorizing the National Provident Union to perform certain acts without the State.

Chapter 208

Appropriating money for the care, medical treatment, clothing, support and transportation to State hospitals of the insane poor, under provisions of chapter 126, Laws 1890.

Chapter 214

There shall be imposed for the fiscal year beginning on October 1, 1893, on each dollar of taxable real and personal property of this State for the above purpose, and also for the payment of officers' salaries, the payment of employes' wages and repairs in State hospitals, a State tax of one-third of a mill.

See chap. 565, L. 1893; chap. 383, L. 1894; chap. 545, L. 1896; chaps. 380, 634 and 676, L. 1900; chap. 137, L. 1901.

Act for the better protection of skilled labor in the use of labels, marks, names, brands and devices designating the product of skilled labor.

Chapter 219

Moiety of penalties for violation to be applied to the use of town poor.

The Public Buildings Law.

Chapter 227

Article 4. New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home.

Section 40. Trustees.

See chap. 108, L. 1903.

Section 41. Powers of trustees.

Section 42. Admission to home.

(1893)

Section 43. Transfer of inmates to State hospital.

Section 44. Annual report.

Chapter 236

Amending chapter 214, Laws of 1888, to revise the charter of the city of Binghamton.

The common council shall have power to cause to be raised annually a sum not exceeding \$3,000 to aid in defraying the expenses of a nonsectarian city hospital; a further sum not exceeding \$3,000 for hospital purposes and expenses of the board of health, etc.

Chapter 247

Amending chapter 446, Laws 1874, revising and consolidating the statutes of the State, relating to the care and custody of the insane, the management of the asylums for their confinement and the duties of the State Commissioner in Lunacy.

The officers of the Middletown State Homœopathic hospital to be appointed by a board of trustees, and shall consist of a superintending homœopathic physician, assistant physicians and other officers, whose salaries per annum shall not exceed in the aggregate \$16,500.

See chap. 545, L. 1896; chaps. 380, 634 and 676, L. 1900; chap. 137, L. 1901.

Chapter 249

Incorporating "The Pythian Home" for the relief of worthy and indigent members.

Chapter 269

Amending chapter 491, Laws of 1892, relative to jurors, and to the appointment and the duties of a commissioner of jurors in Westchester county.

Persons entitled to exemption from service as a grand and petit juror upon his claiming an exemption.

A resident officer or an attendant teacher or other person actually employed in a State asylum for lunatics, idiots or habitual drunkards.

Chapter 273

Making an appropriation of \$15,000 for the acquisition by the people of this State of sufficient land to construct an outlet sewer from the Matteawan State Hospital to the Hudson river.

Amending chapter 327, Laws of 1882, incorporating the Actor's Fund of America, as amended by chapter 104, Laws of 1892.

(1893)
Chapter 275

See chap. 707, L. 1895.

Amending section 26 of title 2, chapter 670, Laws 1892, relative to the city of Troy as to the superintendent of the poor, superintendent's clerk and city physicians.

Chapter 281

Amending chapter 934, Laws of 1871, relative to apprentices and employers.

Chapter 284

See art. 7, chap. 272, L. 1896.

Incorporating "The Department of the New York Union Veteran's Union."

Chapter 286

Amending chapter 557, Laws of 1892.

Chapter 288

The Commissioners of the Sinking Fund of New York city empowered in their discretion to cancel all assessments and sales to the mayor, aldermen and commonalty of said city, for assessments, or any of them, prior to January 1, 1893, affecting property in New York city, now belonging to the House of Good Shepherd or Saint Joseph's Orphan Asylum in the Twelfth Ward, New York city.

Amending section 836 of the Code of Civil Procedure, relating to evidence in an action for the recovery of damages for a personal injury. The testimony of a physician or surgeon attached to any hospital, dispensary or other charitable institution, as to information he has acquired while attending a patient professionally at any of said institutions may be taken before a referee appointed by a judge of the court in which such action is pending.

Chapter 295

Incorporating the "German Odd Fellows Home Association" of New York State.

Chapter 308

Amending section 2350 of the Code of Civil Procedure, relating to contents of petition in proceedings for the disposition of the real property of an infant or incompetent person.

Chapter 311

See chap. 448, L. 1876.

(1893)
Chapter 320

Changing the corporate title of the Wilson Home in the city of Mount Vernon to that of "The Martha Wilson Home of the city of Mount Vernon."

Chapter 323

Amending section 13 of chapter 126, Laws of 1890, to promote the care and curative treatment of the pauper and indigent insane in the counties of this State, except New York, Kings and Monroe counties, and to permit such exempted counties or either of them, in accordance with the action of their respective local authorities to avail themselves or any one or more of them, of the provisions of this act.

Section 13. The foregoing provisions shall not apply to New York or Kings counties, or the Matteawan State Hospital, or the State Asylum for Insane Emigrants on Ward's Island in New York city, or of any of them, nor shall it affect those provisions of existing statutes by which said three counties are now permitted to send their acute and chronic insane to State asylums, nor shall the foregoing provisions apply to the Middletown State Homœopathic Hospital at Middletown.

See chap. 545, L. 1896; chaps. 380, 634 and 676, L. 1900; chap. 137, L. 1901.

Chapter 326

Amending section 306 of the New York city Consolidation Act, relating to the police pension fund of New York city.

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Chapter 335

Amending chapter 497, Laws of 1870, establishing a police force in Richmond county.

Section 15. The board of commissioners of police aforesaid are authorized to create a police pension fund for the benefit of the members of said force.

Chapter 338

The Agricultural Law.

Moiety of penalties and fines collected in violation of this act to be applied to the use of city or county poor, except in the city and county of New York and the city of Brooklyn, where the same shall be equally divided between the pension funds of the police and fire departments.

To establish an institution to be known as the "Oneida State Custodial Asylum," for the care and custody of unteachable idiots.

(1893)
Chapter 348

See chap. 382, L. 1894; chap. 546, L. 1896; chap. 462, L. 1904.

Amending section 2, chapter 685, Laws 1892, relative to municipal corporations, constituting chapter 17 of the general laws, as to limitation of indebtedness of a county containing a city of more than 100,000 inhabitants or of any such city.

Chapter 349

Amending chapter 53, Laws 1893, in relation to Shelter for Unprotected Girls at Syracuse.

Chapter 355

Authorizing the city of Syracuse to provide means to protect and care for the people of said city in case of the visitation of cholera during 1893.

Chapter 356

See chap. 26, L. 1885.

Providing for the support of the poor of the city of Ithaca.

Chapter 358

An annual tax to be raised on all taxable property of said city, not less than \$5,000 or more than \$10,000, for the support of said city poor.

See chap. 212, L. 1888.

Authorizing the trustees of the Union Mission Chapel Association of Brooklyn, Eastern District, to accept of legacies and donations for the relief of the poor, and to execute trusts in relation thereto and for the amendment of its charter.

Chapter 361

The Oleomargarine Law for the prevention of the use of imitation or adulterated dairy products.

Chapter 364

Expenditures for said products forbidden in any charitable, benevolent, penal or reformatory institution of this State.

Chapter 366

Amending the Code of Civil Procedure.

Title 10. Proceedings to change the name of an individual or corporation.

Section 2410. Petition by individual.

Section 2411. Petition by corporation.

Section 2412. Contents of petition.

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Section 2413. Notice of presentation of petition.

Section 2414. Order.

Section 2415. When change to take effect.

Section 2416. Substitution of new name in pending action or proceeding.

Section 2417. Reports by clerks to State officers.

Chapter 369

Amending chapter 44, Laws of 1853, for the better support of the poor in the town of Newburgh, Orange county.

Chapter 378

Act to provide for the repayment of certain moneys erroneously paid to the board of excise of the city of Gloversville in 1892, and to repay the same from the charities fund of said city.

See chap. 55, L. 1890.

Chapter 387

To amend the Town Law.

Article 10. Town business in counties of more than 600,000 inhabitants (which does not provide for overseers of the poor).

See chap. 569, L. 1890.

Chapter 391

Act for the protection of purchasers of coal in New York city, and providing for the enforcement thereof by a coal inspector.

See chap. 583, L. 1888.

Chapter 414

Annual appropriation act.—Appropriates: \$50,000 for New York State Reformatory at Elmira; \$7,361.67 for Indian annuities; \$300 for the relief of the Onondaga Indians; \$150,000 for the New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home at Bath; \$62,500 for the Institute for the Deaf and Dumb, New York city; \$30,000 for the Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, New York city; \$18,750 for the Le Couteulx St. Mary's Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, Buffalo; \$28,750 for the Central New York Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, Rome; \$42,500 for the St. Joseph's Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, Fordham; \$23,750 for the Western New York Institution for the

Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, Rochester; \$15,000 for the Northern New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Malone; \$45,000 for the Institution for the Blind in New York; \$40,000 for the Institution for the Blind at Batavia; \$100,000 for the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents; \$160,000 for the State Industrial School at Rochester; \$11,000 for Thomas Asylum; \$81,000 for the Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children; \$45,000 for the Custodial Asylum; \$75,000 for the House of Refuge for Women at Hudson; \$21,000 for the State Commission in Lunacy; \$48,500 for the State Board of Charities, for salary, expenses and State paupers.

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Amending section 194 of the New York city Consolidation Act.

Chapter 424

Not exceeding \$5,000 to be annually appropriated to the Peabody Home for Aged and Indigent Women, and not exceeding \$8,000 each for the Female Asylum for Lying-in Women, and for the Sloan Maternity Hospital, New York city.

Section 22. Sums for charitable purposes or to private or incorporated societies, associations, asylums, hospitals and institutions, to be raised as directed by law.

See chap. 378, L. 1897; 466, L. 1901.

Incorporating the "Rochester Teacher's Relief Society," for the purpose of extending protective benefits to its members during the school year only, and to relieve its members in case of serious illness or accident.

Chapter 426

Amending chapter 431 of the New York city Consolidation Act.

Chapter 444

The trustees of the exempt firemen's benevolent fund of New York city shall receive for ten years from January 17, 1887, the percentage or tax on receipts of the foreign insurance companies doing business in New York city, except in the Twenty-third and Twenty-

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fourth wards, where said percentage or tax shall be paid to the treasurer of the trustees of the Exempt Firemen's Benevolent Fund Association of the Twenty-third Ward of New York city (late town of Morrisania, in Westchester county), in New York county.

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Chapter 447

To regulate the location of hospitals and pesthouses in villages incorporated under chapter 291, Laws 1870, an act for the incorporation of villages.

No hospitals or pesthouses to be located within the village limits, except with the consent of the board of health thereof.

See chap. 638, L. 1903.

Chapter 470

Amending section 3 of chapter 539, Laws 1886, in relation to commitments to the State Industrial School.

See chap. 546, L. 1896.

Chapter 478

Incorporating the city of Olean.

Sections 6 and 7. One overseer of the poor to be elected for one year.

Section 24. The overseer of the poor shall give the bond provided by law.

Section 46. Powers and duties of overseer of the poor defined. His compensation fixed at \$400 per annum.

Chapter 480

Amending chapter 401, Laws of 1892, revising and consolidating the laws regulating the sale of intoxicating liquors.

Section 32. Any person who, whether having a license or not, shall sell or give away any intoxicating liquors

To any child under sixteen years, an intoxicated person, pauper, drunkard or Indian,

To any person to whom such licensee may be forbidden to sell by notice in writing from the parent, guardian, wife, or child under sixteen years, of such person or if such person be a pauper, from a magistrate or overseer of the poor of the town, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

See chap. 112, L. 1896.

Amending chapter 497, Laws 1892, to amend chapter 37, Laws 1878, relative to coroners' fees and their term of office and post-mortem examinations in Albany county, and also to provide for the burial of bodies upon which inquests are held.

(1893)
Chapter 483

Superintendent of the poor or overseer of poor shall provide burial grounds for the said deceased persons.

Amending chapter 26, Laws of 1885, to revise and amend the charter of Syracuse.

Chapter 495

Section 63. The overseer of the poor shall hold office for two years. His powers and duties defined.

See chap. 182, L. 1898.

In relation to the exemption of the real property of religious and charitable corporations and associations from taxation.

Chapter 498

Act for the relief of the Mount Sinai Hospital of New York city and to authorize changes in the conditions of leases to said society by commissioners of sinking fund of city of New York.

Chapter 519

Making an appropriation of \$500 to enable the State Comptroller to obtain a complete statement of all property exempt from taxation within the State.

Chapter 525

The city of New York authorized to acquire and hold land and buildings situated upon Ward's Island in New York city and certain adjoining lands under water, for general charitable purposes.

Chapter 528

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Amending chapter 26, Laws of 1885, to revise and amend the charter of Syracuse.

Chapter 531

The ordinary and contingent expenses of said city, including poor department expenses, shall not exceed \$125,000.

See chap. 182, L. 1898.

Act for the consolidation of the Italian Hospital of New York city with the Italian Home of New York city.

Chapter 534

Amending chapter 55, Laws of 1890, incorporating the city of Gloversville.

Chapter 551

(1893)

The common council shall, before April 20th of each year, make a careful estimate of all moneys needed for the city expenses for the current year, including those for all expenses for the support of the poor, including the salary of the commissioner of charities to be known as the charities fund.

Chapter 552

Amending chapter 55, Laws of 1890, incorporating the city of Gloversville.

One commissioner of charities to be elected. The powers and duties of commissioner of charities defined.

Chapter 553

The commissioners of the sinking fund of New York city authorized in their discretion to cancel all assessments and sales to New York city for assessments or any of them to May 1, 1893, affecting property belonging to the House of Good Shepherd, The Hebrew Benevolent and Orphan Asylum Society and the Saint Luke's Hospital in New York city.

See chaps. 101 and 532, L. 1894; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 184, L. 1903.

Chapter 559

The Military Code.

Section 6. Idiots, lunatics, paupers, vagabonds, drunkards and persons convicted of infamous crimes not to be subject to military duty.

Section 129. Members of the National Guard disabled or wounded while in active service shall be cared for and supported at the expense of the State, and shall upon proof be placed on the list of invalid pensioners of the State and shall receive out of any moneys in the treasury the like pension that persons under like circumstances receive from the United States; in case of death the widow or minor children of such member of the National Guard shall receive such pension.

Chapter 565

Amending chapter 214, Laws of 1893, and appropriating \$1,346,019.64 for the care, medical treatment, support and transportation to State hospitals for the insane poor under the provisions of chapter 126, Laws 1890—State care of insane.

There shall be imposed for the fiscal year beginning on October 1, 1893, a State tax of one-third of a mill on each dollar of taxable real and personal property of this state for the aforesaid purpose, together with the payment of salaries and ordinary repairs in State hospitals.

(1893)

See chap. 545, L. 1896; chaps. 380, 634 and 676, L. 1900; chap. 137, L. 1901.

Amending chapter 94, Laws of 1831, incorporating The Society for the Relief of Orphan and Destitute Children in the city of Albany, and to change the name of such corporation to "The Albany Orphan Asylum."

Chapter 608

Providing for the distribution of moneys raised by public subscription for the benefit of the families of certain deceased firemen in the city of Albany who were killed while in performance of their duty at the Fort Orange Milling Company fire, December 19, 1892.

Chapter 611

See chap. 298, L. 1883.

Amending chapter 446, title 5, Laws of 1874, revising and consolidating the statutes of this State relating to the care and custody of the insane, the management of the asylums for their confinement and to the duties of the State Commissioners in Lunacy, as amended by chapter 27, Laws 1886, and chapter 629, Laws 1887.

Chapter 614

The salaries of the officers of the Hudson River State Hospital to be determined by the managers, with the approval of the Governor, Comptroller and Secretary of State, and said salaries in aggregate shall not exceed \$20,000 annually.

See chap. 545, L. 1896; chaps. 380, 634 and 676, L. 1900; chap. 137, L. 1901.

Act in relation to the management of the State Charities Aid Association, chapter 323, Laws 1881, repealed.

Chapter 635

See chaps. 225 and 546, L. 1896.

(1893)
Chapter 639

An act to amend sections 2348, 2355, 2356 and 2358 of the Code of Civil Procedure in relation to sale of real property of a lunatic.

See chap. 448, L. 1876.

Chapter 661

The Public Health Law.

Section 24. Every local board of health required to guard against the introduction of contagious and infectious diseases and to provide suitable places for the treatment and care of sick persons who may not otherwise be provided for. If a pestilential, infectious or contagious disease exists in any county almshouse or near it, the county superintendent of the poor, if it be deemed advisable by the physician thereof, may cause the removal of persons so afflicted to such suitable place in the county as the local board of health may designate where proper care shall be given at a county expense.

See chap. 225, L. 1896.

Article 6.

Quarantine at the Port of New York.

Section 81. The board of quarantine commissioners shall appoint a superintendent of the Swinburne Hospital at a salary of \$2,500 per annum.

Section 84. The quarantine establishment at such port shall consist of

A stationary and floating hospital.

Section 88. The Swinburne Island Hospital—in relation thereto.

Article 7.

The Health Officer of the Port of New York.

Section 119. Regulations for floating hospitals.

Section 203. Examination and quarantine of children admitted to institutions for orphans, destitute or vagrant children or juvenile delinquents.

Section 204. Monthly examination of inmates and reports.

Section 206. Baby farming.

See chap. 171, L. 1894.

Section 207. Cadavers.

Amending the Penal Code.

(1893)
Chapter 692

Section 177-a. Neglect of county officer to make report.

See chap. 225, L. 1896, § 14.

Section 290-a. Boarding infants without a license.

Section 292-a. Penalty for sending messenger boys to certain places.

Section 292-b. Taking apprentice without consent of guardian.

Act relative to committees of the property of lunatics, idiots or habitual drunkards and to provide for the presentation, proof and payment of claims against the estates of such persons, and accountings of such committees.

Chapter 697

Act to regulate gifts for charitable purposes.

Chapter 701

Gifts, grants, bequests or devises to religious, charitable or benevolent uses not to be deemed invalid by reason of the indefiniteness or uncertainty of the persons designated as the beneficiaries in the instrument creating the same.

The legal title to lands or property to be vested in a trustee named to execute such gifts; or if no person be named, such title shall be vested in the supreme court. The supreme court shall have control over gifts. The Attorney-General shall represent the beneficiaries in all cases and shall enforce such trusts by proper proceedings in the court.

Act to prevent monopolies in articles of general necessity for support of life and health. Violation of this act made a misdemeanor and punishable by a fine of five hundred dollars, or by imprisonment for one year, or both fine and imprisonment.

Chapter 716

Amending chapter 388, Laws of 1890, to provide for the weekly payment of wages by corporations.

Chapter 717

Amending chapter 90, Laws of 1827, incorporating The New York Female Asylum for Lying-in Women.

Chapter 719

(1893)
Chapter 723

Amending chapter 410, Laws of 1882, of the New York city Consolidation Act.

Annual appropriations to be made by city to certain institutions.

To the New York Infirmary for Women and Children, \$25 for each indigent mother committed to said institution and \$18 per month for each mother with child cared for therein.

To the New York Medical College and Hospital for Women, \$25 for each indigent mother receiving obstetric treatment by or at said hospital and \$18 per month for each mother with a child. Said sums must not in aggregate exceed \$8,000 in any one year in said hospital.

Chapter 726

Annual supply bill.—Appropriates: \$5,000 for the removal of infirm alien paupers; \$5,000 for the comptroller for examination of public institutions; \$32,085.35 for the State Reformatory at Elmira; \$32,500 for the Western House of Refuge for Women; \$3,000 for the Reformatory for Women at Bedford; \$104,983.69 for the State Industrial School; \$25,000 for the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents; \$263,000 for the Buffalo State Hospital; \$69,159 for the Rochester State Hospital; \$221,747.25 for the St. Lawrence State Hospital; \$50,500 for the Middletown State Homœopathic Hospital; \$21,889.25 for the Utica State Hospital; \$31,350 for the Willard State Hospital; \$48,779 for the Hudson River State Hospital; \$67,682.56 for the Binghamton State Hospital; \$63,363.47 for the Matteawan State Hospital; \$17,000 for the transportation of insane poor to State Hospitals; \$20,000 to the New York State Custodial Asylum; \$13,400 to the Thomas Asylum; \$14,650 to the Syracuse Institution for Feeble-Minded Children; \$650 for the Deaf-Mutes' Journal; \$11,750 for the Northern New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, \$25,000

for the Soldiers and Sailors' Home at Bath; \$7,090 for the Central New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes. .

(1893)

No manager or other officer of any State charitable institution to be interested in any purchase or sale made by any officer of any said institutions.

Managers of State hospitals, asylums, charitable and reformatory institutions and the managers of certain charitable boards to be compelled to render quarterly accounts of all receipts and expenditures with sub-vouchers of each of said institutions and boards to the comptroller, to be receipted and verified by the officer rendering the same and the sources of receipts to be given. Charitable institutions and reformatories not to be compelled to pay into the treasury their receipts and earnings. All said institutions to be compelled to give an annual inventory of all articles on hand at the close of the preceding fiscal year.

The comptroller authorized to devise a certain form of keeping the accounts of said institutions and departments.

Duty of the bookkeeper of said institutions and departments defined.

Laws and ordinances.

Page 1865

Act for the protection of fish and game in Putnam county.

Section 5. Penalty for the violation of this law to be sued for by the overseer of the poor of the town where the offense was committed. Passed December 19, 1892.

Act for the further protection of game in the town of Birdsall, Allegany county, N. Y. Moiety of penalties for violating to be applied to the benefit of the county poor. Passed December 15, 1892.

Act for the further protection of game in the town of Rushford, Allegany county, N. Y. Moiety of penalties for violation to go to the county poor. Passed November 18, 1892.

1894
117th session
Chapter 3

Making an appropriation of \$2,000 for repairs to the Binghamton State Hospital.

Chapter 5

Authorizing the City of Kingston Hospital to borrow \$5,000 for completing and furnishing its building and to mortgage its real estate.

Chapter 12

Amending chapter 658, Laws of 1869, incorporating the Buffalo Turnverein.

Chapter 22

Making an appropriation of \$105,123.18 for the payment of the amount awarded in condemnation proceedings for the acquisition of additional lands for the Oneida State Custodial Asylum at Rome.

Chapter 25

Amending paragraph 21 of section 194 of New York city Consolidation Act by providing for the annual appropriation of \$30,000 to New York Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children.

See chap. 336, L. 1894.

Chapter 28

Amending section 245 of the Rochester city charter, chapter 14, Laws 1880, by giving municipal court jurisdiction in bastardy cases brought by overseer of the poor, mayor or alderman and regulating proceedings therein.

Chapter 39

Making an appropriation of \$10,000 for the Western House of Refuge for Women.

Chapter 42

Making an appropriation of \$15,000 for the Rochester State Hospital.

Chapter 51

Amending section 2341 of the Code of Civil Procedure, relating to the inventories and accounts of committees of incompetents.

See chap. 448, L. 1876.

Chapter 52

Authorizing the town of Niagara to sell and convey the cemetery grounds in said city, known as The Potters' Field, to remove remains therefrom.

Chapter 54

Amending section 3 of chapter 438, Laws of 1884, to revise and consolidate the statutes of the State relating to the custody and care of indigent pauper children by orphan asylums and other charitable institutions.

Institutions to keep record of children.

Authorizing the city of Schenectady to borrow \$15,000 and to issue notes therefor for the purpose of paying certain indebtedness of said city which could not be paid because of the increased expenses of the city in the care of its poor, etc.

See chap. 385, L. 1862.

(1894)
Chapter 60

Amending section 519, chapter 410, Laws of 1882, the New York city Consolidation Act, relative to retirement from the fire department and pensions.

Chapter 73

Amending chapter 214, Laws of 1843, incorporating the New York Society for the Relief of Widows and Orphans of Medical Men.

Chapter 75

The New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, incorporated April 15, 1817, is hereby duly continued since its said incorporation, and henceforth no further act of the Legislature of this State shall be necessary to provide for its continuance as an existing corporation.

Chapter 93

Amending chapter 558, Laws of 1893.

Chapter 101

The commissioners of the sinking fund of New York city are hereby authorized and empowered to cancel assessments and sales to the city of New York for assessments to May 1, 1893, affecting property in New York city now belonging to the House of Good Shepherd, The Hebrew Benevolent and Orphan Asylum Society of New York city and the Saint Luke's Hospital in said city, also the New York Magdalen Benevolent Society and Lebanon Hospital Association of New York city.

See chap. 532, L. 1894; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Amending chapter 104, Laws 1889, incorporating Webb's Academy and Home for Shipbuilders.

Chapter 102

Amending section 1 of chapter 130, Laws of 1875, relative to the incorporation of societies for the prevention of cruelty to children.

Chapter 105

Amending section 18 of the town law in relation to the election of overseers of the poor.

Chapter 107

See chap. 569, L. 1890.

(1894)
Chapter 111

Incorporating the "Firemen's Benevolent Fund Association of Mount Vernon, New York."

See chap. 182, L. 1892.

Chapter 117

Authorizing the common council of the city of Yonkers to relieve the corporation of the Province of St. Joseph of the Capuchin Order, from certain assessments levied upon the property of said corporation in the city of Yonkers.

See chap. 184, L. 1881.

Chapter 170

Amending chapter 128, Laws of 1822, and repealing section 2 of chapter 389, Laws 1874, relating to the New York Eye Infirmary.

Chapter 171

Amending section 288 and to repeal section 290-a of the Penal Code and section 206 of chapter 661 Laws of 1893, relating to children.

No institution to care for children, maintain a maternity hospital or place out children shall be incorporated except with the consent of a supreme court justice upon the written certificate of the State Board of Charities, approving the incorporation of such institution. Said Board of Charities may apply to the supreme court for the cancellation of any certificate of incorporation previously filed without its approval and may bring an action in such court to procure a judgment dissolving any such corporation not organized under the provisions of this act.

See chap. 676, L. 1881; chap. 559, L. 1895; chap. 264, L. 1898.

Chapter 181

Amending section 20 of title 2 of chapter 583 of the Laws of 1888, to revise the Brooklyn city charter, as amended by chapter 657, Laws of 1892.

The board of estimate authorized to include in their annual statements and estimate the sum of \$87,500 for forty-three named hospitals and dispensaries in said city on consideration that they shall render free medical aid to all the city poor who may apply for such assistance.

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Amending subdivision 9 of section 194 of chapter 410, Laws of 1882, the New York city Consolidation Act, as amended by chapter 388, Laws 1891, with respect to the babies' ward of the Post Graduate Hospital in New York city.

(1894)
Chapter 192

An appropriation to be made of 38 cents per day for each infant received and cared for in said hospital.

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Amending chapter 58, Laws of 1890, incorporating the city of Corning.

Chapter 217

The common council may by two-thirds vote transfer the unexpended balance of the poor fund, received from excise licenses and fines in violation of excise law, to the general fund and may make annual appropriations not exceeding \$1,200 to maintain a city hospital or free library.

See chap. 58, L. 1890.

Authorizing the commissioners of almshouse of the city and town of Newburgh to raise \$4,000 for building purposes.

Chapter 223

See chap. 541, L. 1865.

Amending chapter 59, Laws of 1892, incorporating the Commercial Travelers Home Association of America.

Chapter 225

Amending chapter 453, Laws of 1887, revising and consolidating the general acts relating to public instruction in relation to deaf-mutes and blind persons eligible as State pupils.

Chapter 229

See chap. 556, L. 1894.

Amending chapter 453, Laws of 1887, incorporating the Rochester Homœopathic Hospital.

Chapter 231

Amending section 1, chapter 95, Laws of 1889, authorizing the formation of corporations for the establishment and maintenance of hospitals, infirmaries, dispensaries and homes for invalids or aged and indigent persons.

Chapter 256

(1894)
Chapter 257

Providing that the remainder of the excise moneys of the city of Newburgh, after the payment of salaries of excise commissioners and the expense of the board of excise, shall be payable to the commissioners of the almshouse of the city and town of Newburgh for the support of said city and town poor.

See chap. 541, L. 1865.

Chapter 261

Amending chapter 159, Laws of 1869, in relation to the Firemen's Benevolent Association of Buffalo and to regulate the number of trustees thereof.

Chapter 264

Amending sections 2413 and 2415 of the Code of Civil Procedure relating to changing the names of individuals and of corporations.

See chap. 448, L. 1876.

Chapter 281

Amending chapter 214, Laws of 1888, to revise the charter of the city of Binghamton.

Title 4, section 9. The overseer of the poor shall hold office for three years at a salary of \$3 for each employed day, and shall be subject to the same duties and obligations and shall enjoy the same privileges as the several overseers of the poor in the towns of the State.

Chapter 296

Amending section 1028 of the New York city Consolidation Act relative to public school teachers' retirement fund.

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Chapter 299

Making an appropriation of \$125,000 for the construction of the Eastern New York Reformatory.

Chapter 303

Amending chapter 396, Laws 1885, to revise the charter of the city of Dunkirk.

Title 25, section 8. The poor expenses of the town and city of Dunkirk to be paid out of the excise moneys of said city.

See chap. 748, L. 1895.

Chapter 324

Act relative to the Brooklyn Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children.

Chapter 325

Amending chapter 319, Laws of 1848, incorporating benevolent, charitable and missionary societies.

Amending chapter 25, Laws of 1894, to amend subdivisions 1 and 2 of the twenty-first page of section 194 of the New York city Consolidation Act in relation to the New York Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children.

(1894)
Chapter 336

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

The annual supply bill.—Appropriates \$5,000 for the removal of infirm alien paupers; \$94.64 for the removal and care of insane Indians in State hospitals; \$8,000 for the examination of public institutions by Comptroller; \$15,000 for the Comptroller for enforcing of certain provisions of the appropriation act of 1894 relating to certain charitable institutions, etc.; \$17,500 for the Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents; \$69,125 for the Hudson River State Hospital; \$16,559.54 for the Middletown State Hospital; \$20,434 for the Willard State Hospital; \$65,000 for the Rochester State Hospital; \$171,743 for the St. Lawrence State Hospital; \$45,200 for the Binghamton State Hospital; \$350,150 for the Buffalo State Hospital; \$29,500 for the Oneida State Custodial Asylum; \$24,750 for the Matteawan State Hospital; \$12,213.79 for the Middletown State Homœopathic Hospital; \$12,151.80 for the Western House of Refuge for Women; \$3,000 for the transportation of insane to State hospitals, expenditures of moneys restricted as regards hospitals; \$9,170 for the Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children; \$901.62 for Chas. W. Pilgrim, Superintendent of Willard State Hospital, for defending a case against said hospital and others; \$650 for the Deaf-Mutes' Journal; \$6,625 for the Thomas Asylum; \$400 for the highway near Thomas Asylum; \$800 for the investigation of the Custodial Asylum, Newark; \$3,000 for the investigation of the New York State Reformatory.

Chapter 358

The duties of the managers of the charitable institutions, etc., and the managers of certain charitable

(1894)

boards, the form of accounts of such institutions and departments, the duties of the clerk of such institutions, etc., are similar to those mentioned in the annual supply bill of 1893.

Chapter 362

Amending chapter 91, Laws of 1893, appropriating \$50,000 for the purchase by the State of certain lands heretofore purchased by Erie county in town of Collins, for the purpose of being used as a county insane asylum.

Chapter 363

Establishing the "Craig colony" for epileptics and making an appropriation of \$140,000 therefor, to be placed under the supervision of the State Board of Charities.

Chapter 381

Amending the charter of the city of Ithaca relating to the overseer of the poor.

See chap. 212, L. 1888; chap. 381, L. 1894.

Chapter 382

Amending chapter 348 of Laws of 1893, establishing an institution for the care and custody of unteachable idiots known as the "Rome State Custodial Asylum."

See chap. 546, L. 1896; chap. 462, L. 1904.

Chapter 383

Appropriating money for the support of the insane under the provisions of chapters 126, Laws of 1890, and 214, Laws of 1893.

A State tax of thirty-three one-hundredths of a mill to be imposed, beginning on October 1, 1894, on each dollar of real and personal property of the State, which is in aggregate a sum of \$1,385,000, to pay the expenses of State hospitals, the Oneida State Custodial Asylum and the State Commission in Lunacy.

Chapter 399

Amending section 214 of the Insurance Law, relating to exemption of certain societies and lodges of Odd Fellows and Masons from making reports to Superintendent of Insurance.

See chap. 690, L. 1892.

Chapter 414

Amending chapter 332, Laws 1886, incorporating the Burnham Industrial Farm.

Amending chapter 315, Laws of 1884, requiring contracts for the conditional sale of personal property on credit to be filed in the town clerk's and other offices.

(1894)
Chapter 420

Providing for the care and support by the State of pauper Indians.

Chapter 436

See chap. 679, L. 1892.

Reappropriating \$1,805.01, an unexpended balance of certain moneys appropriated by chapter 726, Laws of 1893, for the St. Lawrence State Hospital.

Chapter 442

Act to supplement the provisions of section 20, title 2 of chapter 583, Laws of 1888, of the Brooklyn city Consolidation Act in relation to the board of estimate, by extending the benefits of such acts to certain institutions in the city of Brooklyn.

Chapter 445

The board of estimate shall include in their annual estimate of appropriations for the city of Brooklyn the sum of \$17,500 for seven named charitable institutions on condition that said institutions furnish medical and surgical aid to all city poor applying to them therefor.

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Amending the statutory construction law in relation to provisions of law which are repealed and reenacted.

Chapter 448

See chap. 677, L. 1892.

Reappropriating an unexpended balance of \$10,000 appropriated for the State Industrial School at Rochester.

Chapter 464

Providing for the establishment of "The New York State Home for the Aged Dependent Veteran and his Wife, Veterans' Mothers, Widows and Army Nurses, Residents of New York."

Chapter 468

Two thousand dollars appropriated for said purpose.

Amending chapter 435, Laws of 1879, in relation to raising moneys for the relief of the poor of the town of Plattsburgh in Clinton county.

Chapter 471

Act to release the real estate of St. Mark's Hospital in New York city from taxes heretofore levied thereon.

Chapter 489

(1894)
Chapter 494

Reappropriating \$7,000, a sum heretofore appropriated to buy land for the New York State Custodial Asylum at Newark, New York.

Chapter 497

Making an appropriation of \$5,000 for repairs to the New York State Institution for the Blind at Batavia.

Chapter 499

Amending chapter 55, Laws of 1890, to incorporate the city of Gloversville.

Section 8. All accounts against the commissioner of charities to be itemized before being audited.

Chapter 501

Subdivision 8 of page 21 of section 194, chapter 410, Laws of 1882, the New York city Consolidation Act, amended as to provide for payment to St. John's Guild of New York city, the sum of \$30,000 for the maintenance and operation of its hospitals.

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Chapter 504

Amending section 2320 of the Code of Civil Procedure, relative to the jurisdiction of the supreme court over the person and property of incompetent persons.

See chap. 448, L. 1876.

Chapter 517

Subdivision 22 of page 21, section 194, chapter 410 of Laws of 1882, the New York city Consolidation Act, amended so as to provide for the payment of \$15 each for no more than 300 homeless and indigent mothers in each year in the Mothers and Babies' Hospital, and subdivision 23 added, providing such other sums as may be lawfully directed to be raised and paid for other charitable societies, asylums, hospitals, etc.

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Chapter 532

Amending chapter 558, Laws of 1893. The commissioners of the sinking fund of New York city are authorized and empowered to cancel the assessments and sales to the city of New York for assessments to January 1, 1894, affecting property in New York city now belonging to the House of Good Shepherd, the Hebrew Benevolent and Orphan Asylum Society of New York city and the Saint Luke's Hospital in said city, also

the New York Magdalen Benevolent Society and The Lebanon Hospital Association of New York city.

(1894)

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Amending chapter 584, Laws of 1869, for the incorporation of The Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital in New York city, as amended by chapter 349, Laws of 1884.

Chapter 533

Amending chapter 262, Laws of 1855, to revise and amend the charter of the village of Ulster.

Chapter 546

Crippled veterans of civil war, paupers, idiots and lunatics to be exempt from poll tax.

To release the real estate of the Manhattan Hospital Association of New York city from assessments heretofore levied thereon.

Chapter 550

See chap. 410, L. 1882; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Amending chapter 83, Laws of 1885, to amend the charter of the village of Lancaster, Erie county.

Chapter 552

Title 10, section 5. Poll tax may be remitted and judgments discharged against any indigent person unable to work by village trustees.

Promoting faithful and efficient service in the prevention of contagious and infectious diseases, and to provide for a health department pension fund in New York city.

Chapter 555

The health department pension fund to be created from: 1. All moneys paid for searches and transcripts of the records of births, marriages and deaths or other papers of said department. 2. All fines and penalties collected in violation of the sanitary code or health laws in New York city.

Pensions to be granted to physicians and employes and their widows and children.

See chap. 410, L. 1882; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

The Consolidated School Law.

Chapter 556

Title 1, section 6. Superintendent of public instruction to be a trustee of the New York State Asylum for Idiots, ex officio.

(1894)

Title 2, section 23. The supervisor of a town is authorized to report to the superintendent of public instruction whether the town has a common school fund originated under the "Act relative to moneys in the hands of the overseers of the poor," passed April 27, 1829.

Section 24. Superintendent required to report to the legislature regarding town funds, referred to in last section.

Title 15, section 32. The schools of the several incorporated State orphan asylum societies, other than in New York city, to be participants in the distribution of public moneys, and to be subject to the same rules and regulations as are enforced in common schools.

Title 15, section 40. Deaf, dumb and blind institutions in the State to be subject to the visitation of the superintendent of public instruction.

Annual report of said superintendent to the legislature and his other duties defined.

Section 41. Conditions under which deaf, dumb and blind persons are eligible to appointment to State institutions. Appointments except those to the New York State School for the Blind at Batavia to be made by the superintendent of public instruction.

Section 42. Support and education of State pupils received provided for.

Section 43. Regulations as to admission of pupils to said institutions to be made by said superintendent.

Chapter 589

Amending chapter 214, Laws 1888, to revise the city charter of Binghamton.

The annual city tax shall include \$6,000 for hospital purposes and expenses of the board of health.

Chapter 613

Authorizing the commissioners of the sinking fund of New York city to cancel certain sales of property belonging to New York city, leased to the Hahnemann Hospital of said city for nonpayment of assessments,

and to discharge and release certain assessments thereon. (1894)

See chap. 410, L. 1882; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Act to revise the Elmira city charter.

Chapter 615

Sections 35-38. One overseer of the poor to be appointed by the mayor and common council for two years, at a salary to be fixed by the common council. His general powers, duties and liabilities defined. All poor accounts against said city to be audited in like manner as similar accounts in the several towns of Chemung county.

Amending the charter (chapter 434, Laws of 1873) of the Firemen's Association of New York State.

Chapter 619

Said corporation may maintain a home for the relief of indigent firemen and raise funds therefor.

Act in relation to excise moneys collected in the village of Williamsville, in town of Amherst, Erie county.

Chapter 632

See chap. 129, L. 1869.

Amending chapter 26, Laws 1885, to revise and amend the Syracuse city charter.

Chapter 636

One hundred and thirty-five thousand dollars to be included in the city tax levy, to defray the ordinary and contingent expenses of said city, including expenses of the poor department and the board of health.

See chap. 26, L. 1885; chap. 182, L. 1898.

Amending chapter 120, Laws of 1886, to revise the Lockport city charter.

Chapter 639

The general city tax shall include \$1,000 for the Flagler Hospital Fund.

The annual appropriation act.—Appropriates: \$200,000 for the New York State Reformatory, Elmira; \$7,361.67 for Indian annuities; \$300 for the relief of the Onondaga Indians; \$150,000 for the Soldiers and Sailors' Home at Bath; \$65,000 for the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, New York city; \$31,200 for the Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, New York city; \$19,500 for the Le Couteulx St. Mary's

Chapter 654

(1894)

Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, Buffalo; \$21,900 for the New York Institution for the Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, Rome; \$44,200 for the St. Joseph's Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, Fordham; \$24,700 for the Western New York Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, Rochester; \$17,000 for the Northern New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Malone; \$45,000 for the Institution for the Blind in New York; \$40,000 for the Institution of the Blind at Batavia; \$135,000 for the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents; \$160,000 for the State Industrial School at Rochester; \$13,500 for the Thomas Asylum; \$81,000 for the Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children; \$45,000 for the Custodial Asylum; \$75,000 for the House of Refuge at Hudson; \$20,000 for the Western House of Refuge; \$38,500 for the State Board of Charities for salary, expenses and State paupers.

State charitable and reformatory institutions to render monthly statements of estimated expenses to the comptroller. The monthly expenditures by such institution shall not exceed the monthly estimates as revised by comptroller. An itemized report of receipts and expenditures to be prepared monthly.

Managers not to be interested in purchases and sales for said institutions.

Chapter 663

To amend section 42 of title 1 of chapter 20, part I of the Revised Statutes, relating to temporary relief of the poor who can not be removed to the poorhouse.

Chapter 671

Providing for the compulsory education of children.

Chapter 672

Amending chapter 696, Laws 1887, to provide hospitals, orphan asylums, and other charitable institutions in New York city with water, and to remit assessments therefor.

See chap. 410, L. 1882; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Chapter 685

Empowering boards of supervisors to direct the payment and report by justices of the peace to their respec-

tive towns of fines and penalties received by them. The residue of such amount shall be applied to the support of the town poor, except in New York and Kings counties.

(1894)

Providing for relief to John C. O'Brien for services in settlement of claim of New York city, for department of public charities and corrections against the commissioner of emigration for support of pauper emigrants in connection with Ward's Island property.

Chapter 702

Providing for the construction of a building for hospital purposes to be known as "Gouverneur hospital" in New York city.

Chapter 703

See chap. 410, L. 1882; chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Establishing the "Collins Farm State Homeopathic Hospital" for the insane.

Chapter 707

The Brooklyn city charter (chapter 583, Laws of 1888), amended in reference to the pension-roll of the firemen's insurance fund.

Chapter 708

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Authorizing the appointment of incorporators of charitable or benevolent corporations to fill vacancies.

Chapter 709

Act in relation to the commitment, care and support of destitute and delinquent children in Kings county.

Chapter 711

See chap. 583, L. 1888.

Act ceding to the city of Buffalo for park purposes, a strip of land on the south side of Scajauquada creek, in said city, now a portion of the lands of the Buffalo State Hospital.

Chapter 715

See chap. 105, L. 1891.

Act for the relief of "the Goshen Sanitarium Company" of Goshen, Orange county, N. Y., and to legalize its corporation.

Chapter 766

Annual supply bill.—Appropriates: \$4,234 for the council in Buffalo State hospital investigation; \$1,250.72 for the St. Lawrence State Hospital; also the unexpended balance of the money appropriated by chapters 96 and 726, Laws of 1893.

Chapter 768

- (1894)
Page 1943 Supervisors Laws, 97 of 1893, Suffolk county.
Act for the protection of soft shell clams in the waters of the town of Brookhaven, in Suffolk county.
Moiety of penalties to be paid to the overseer of the poor for the town poor.
- Page 1948 Resolution No. 102, Suffolk county.—Act to regulate the taking of jingle and quarter-deck shells from the public grounds in the waters of Suffolk county, for the purpose of transportation and sale, and to protect the business of taking said shells in said waters to the inhabitants of said county. Penalties for violations to be recovered in the name of the overseer of the poor for the support of town poor. In case of negligence on the part of the overseer of the poor to prosecute for and recover any such penalty, any inhabitant of said county may recover such fines, one-half of which must be paid over to the use of the town poor.
- Page 1949 Chenango county, act No. 1.—Act for the protection of fur-bearing animals in Chenango county, passed December 6, 1892.
Moiety of penalties for violation to be credited to the town poor fund.
- Page 1950 No. 2. Act to prohibit fishing in the creeks known as the inlet and outlet of Genegantslet lake, in the town of McDonough, Chenango county, New York, from the lake dam to Wormouth tannery, and from the lake northerly to the spring at the head of said inlet.
Moiety of penalties to go into the town poor fund.
- Page 1951 No. 3. Act for the preservation and protection of game in Chenango county.
Moiety of penalties to be applied to the town poor.
- Page 1952 No. 4. Act for the protection of fish in Chenango county.
Moiety of penalties to go to the town poor.
- Page 1953 No. 5. Act to prohibit fishing through the ice in Guilford lake and North pond, and spearing and catching in

hands in the town of Guilford, Chenango county, New York. (1894)

Moiety of penalties to be credited to the poor fund of the town of Guilford.

Act for the further protection of game in the towns of Genesee and Clarksville, Allegany county, New York, passed December 13, 1893. Page 1957

Moiety of penalties to go to the poor fund of Allegany county.

Act for the protection of game in the towns of New Hudson and Ward, Allegany county, New York, passed December 13, 1893. Page 1958

Moiety of penalties to be applied to the poor fund of Allegany county.

Act No. 56, for the protection of fur-bearing animals in Broome county. Page 1967

Moiety of penalties to go to the town poor.

Act for the protection of game in Wyoming county, passed December 13, 1893. Page 1977

Moiety of penalties to be applied to the use of the town poor.

Newburgh charter, amending chapter 541, Laws 1865 : Annual election; city officers; vacancies. 118th session 1895 Chapter 3

Extending powers of audit of State Comptroller over charitable institutions. Chapter 13

Comptroller to be granted the same powers of audit over charitable institutions as the State Commission in Lunacy now has over insane asylums.

No payments to be made by treasurers of charitable institutions unless the same have been estimated for and approved.

See chap. 413, L. 1897.

Gloversville charter, amending chapter 55, Laws 1890. Section 2. Commissioners of charities shall hold office for two years. Chapter 21

Act to provide for the better administration of justice in the town of Whitehall, Washington county. Chapter 25

- (1895) Section 9. Costs, fees, etc., received by the police justice to be applied to the use of the poor in the town of Whitehall.
- Chapter 35 City of Oswego.—Charter election, amending chapter 463, Laws 1860.
- Chapter 38 To continue the “Thomas asylum for orphan and destitute Indian children” on the Cattaraugus reservation, and to provide for its management and maintenance.
See chap. 546, L. 1896.
- Chapter 59 To continue and confirm the title of the State to the Rome State Custodial Asylum, and to provide for its government.
See chap. 546, L. 1896.
- Chapter 65 “The Syracuse Home Association” charter, chapter 321, Laws 1853, amended.
- Chapter 75 Authorizing and directing the Charity Foundation of the Protestant Episcopal Church in city of Buffalo to maintain permanent trust funds, and to restrict the use and investment thereof.
- Chapter 136 Authorizing the raising and appropriating by the town of Flushing, Queens county, of moneys to support inmates of the hospital and dispensary of said town.
- Chapter 137 Section 211 of Buffalo city charter, chapter 105, Laws 1891, amended as to police pension fund.
- Chapter 147 Amending chapter 828, Laws 1873, authorizing the purchase of a farm for the town poor of the town of Dix, Schuyler county.
- Chapter 157 Making an appropriation of \$25,000 to the Binghamton State Hospital.
- Chapter 172 Providing for the discharge of insane patients from State Hospitals, and to amend section 24, chapter 446, Laws 1874.
See chap. 545, L. 1896.
- Chapter 173 Regulating the purchase of supplies for county institutions and officers of Erie county.

Relating to the commitment and discharge of drunkards and vagrants in the city and county of New York.

(1895)
Chapter 237

Section 3. Record of commitments to be kept by the commissioners of charities and correction.

See chap. 378, L. 1897.

Amending the Cohoes charter, chapter 671, Laws 1892, and chapter 604, Laws 1893. Section 9. One overseer of the poor to be appointed by the common council for two years.

Chapter 252

Amending chapter 187, Laws 1881, to establish a house of refuge for women.

Chapter 253

See chap. 546, L. 1896.

Troy charter (chapter 670, Laws 1892, and chapter 575, Laws 1893) amended.

Chapter 277

Section 1, title 3. Hereafter no member of the common council shall be eligible to hold the office of charity commissioner.

Authorizing the board of trustees of the Western New York Society for the Protection of Homeless and Dependent Children at Randolph, N. Y., to maintain a permanent trust fund and to restrict the use, investment and income thereof.

Chapter 301

Making an appropriation of \$78,500 to the State Industrial School.

Chapter 305

The "Chautauqua Baptist Association" incorporated.

Chapter 312

"The Harbor Provident Association of Buffalo, N. Y.," incorporated.

Chapter 314

Act to reduce the town expenses of the town of Rosendale, Ulster county, and to provide a police justice for said town.

Chapter 348

Section 1. Compensation of the overseer of the poor to be \$200 annually.

Section 8. Temporary relief of poor in said town to be governed by the provisions of section 42, title 1, chapter 20 of part I of the Revised Statutes, as amended by chapter 663, Laws 1894.

See chap. 225, L. 1896.

(1895)
Chapter 355

The "Children's Aid Society of Rochester" incorporated.

Chapter 371

Elmira charter, chapter 615, Laws 1894, amended.

Section 4, title 2. One overseer of the poor to be appointed by the mayor and common council for two years.

Section 35, title 4. Overseer's powers and duties defined.

Chapter 377

Relating to the commitment of tramps and vagrants in Putnam county.

See § 887-a, Code Crim. Pro.

Chapter 381

Act to protect human life by the erection of fire escapes on the outside of hospital buildings over two stories high and not fireproof.

See chap. 535, L. 1895.

Chapter 385

Amending subdivision 8 of paragraph 21 of section 194, of New York city Consolidation Act, chapter 410, Laws 1882, in relation to the Society of the Lying-in Hospital of New York city, and New York Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital.

Appropriations to be made annually by said city as follows: \$10,000 for the Children's Aid Society; \$30,000 for Industrial Schools of New York city; \$30,000 for Boys and Girls' Lodging Houses of Children's Aid Society; \$30,000 for St. John's Guild of New York city; \$5,000 for the Sanitarium for Hebrew Children, New York city; \$12,000 for the Society of Lying-in Hospital, New York city; \$30,000 for the New York Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital.

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Chapter 394

Oswego charter revised.

Section 4. Four commissioners of charities to be appointed.

Section 5. Eligibility to office of charity commissioner.—Such person or his wife required to own real or personal property assessed to the amount of \$250, and must be a resident of the district from whence he is appointed.

(1895)

Section 6. Any woman who is a resident taxpayer of the city of Oswego and who is assessed to the amount of \$250 for property belonging to her may be eligible to any appointive office.

Section 12. Vacancies in appointive office.

Section 14. Official oath.

Section 15. Official bond to be given by the clerk of the department of charity and keeper of the alms house to the amount of \$1,000.

Section 22. No city officer shall be interested in contracts for supplies for city.

Section 119. Department of charity created and shall hold its meetings in the city hall.

Section 121. Annual estimate of expenses and tax for amounts estimated.

Section 122. Quarterly report. Annual report.

Section 124. Anticipation of taxes.

Section 125. Increases of fund.

Title 9, sections 214 to 229. Department of charity—powers and duties defined—as to the proper care of poor, maintenance of city almshouse, moneys for use of the poor.

Amending chapter 703, Laws 1894, to provide for the construction of a building for hospital purposes on Gouverneur's Slip, New York city.

Chapter 399

Amending chapter 33, Laws 1882, to merge The Trustees of the Funds of the Floating Hospital of St. John's Guild of the city of New York into "Saint John's Guild."

Chapter 404

Charter of the Jennie Clarkson Baptist Orphanage created by chapter 645, Laws 1892, confirmed.

Chapter 405

Labor Law.—All stone to be dressed in State, and clause to this effect to be inserted in all contracts let by State, county and municipal authorities requiring dressed stone.

Chapter 413

(1895)
Chapter 414

Amending chapter 181, Laws 1883, to secure better application of funds for the relief of the poor in town of Herkimer, Herkimer county.

See § 887-a Code Crim. Pro.

Chapter 420

Amending chapter 687, Laws 1894, to regulate the commitment and discharge of tramps and vagrants in Westchester county.

See § 887-a Code Crim. Pro.

Chapter 432

Name of The Davenport Institution for Female Orphan Children incorporated under chapter 132, Laws 1863, changed to "The Davenport Home for Female Orphan Children."

Chapter 439

Amending chapter 363, Laws 1894, to establish Craig colony for epileptics, by increasing membership of the board of managers and defining their powers and duties.

See chap. 546, L. 1896; chap. 359, L. 1898; chap. 356, L. 1902.

Chapter 445

Kingston city charter, chapter 150, Laws 1872, amended.

Section 10. The commissioners of the almshouse to be empowered to pay over to the city of Kingston Hospital a yearly sum of \$2,500 for the medical and surgical treatment of the poor of said city in said hospital.

Section 69. Annual expenses for the relief of the poor not to exceed \$13,000.

Chapter 452

Making an appropriation of \$14,680.34 to the Rome State Custodial Asylum.

Chapter 459

Amending chapter 696, Laws 1887, making hospitals and other charitable institutions exempt from water rents in the city of New York.

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Chapter 481

Amending chapter 567, Laws 1868, Brooklyn Eye and Ear Hospital charter.

Chapter 496

Jamestown city charter, chapter 84, Laws 1886, amended.

Section 1, title 2. One overseer of the poor to be elected.

Section 15, title 4. Powers and duties of poor overseer to be the same as like offices in the towns of Chautauqua county, except in regard to giving local relief to said city poor. Overseer to receive salary of \$600 per annum. (1895)

Commissioners of Land Office authorized to sell certain lands of the Utica State Hospital no longer necessary for hospital purposes. Chapter 503

Act for the relief of the Hebrew Benevolent Orphan Asylum Society of New York city and to authorize the sale of lands in New York city heretofore conditionally conveyed to said society by the corporation of New York city. Chapter 505

Legitimizing children whose parents marry after the birth of such children. Chapter 531

See chap. 272, L. 1896; chap. 37, L. 1897; chap. 725, L. 1899.

Act to protect public institutions of the State and the inmates of said buildings against destruction by fire. Stand pipes, hose, fire extinguishers and fire escapes to be provided. Use of lights and inflammable substances regulated. Chapter 535

See chap. 381, L. 1895.

Revised Auburn charter, chapter 53, Laws 1879, amended. Chapter 536

Section 16. Eligibility to office.

Section 79. Rules for relief of poor.

Section 82. Board of charities may borrow money and issue bonds.

Charter of the Bedford Dispensary (of Brooklyn) amended. Chapter 543

The corporate name of the Bedford Dispensary changed to "Bedford Dispensary and Hospital."

The said corporation may maintain a hospital in said city of Brooklyn.

Newburgh charter, chapter 541, Laws 1865, amended. Chapter 554

Title 2, section 1. Four almshouse commissioners to be elected.

(1895)

Title 5, section 29. City ambulance to be provided from an appropriation of \$100 yearly therefor.

Title 12, section 4. Support of poor, commissioners of almshouse and superintendent of the poor, powers and duties.

Chapter 559

Membership Corporations Law, section 16. Visitation of supreme court.

Section 16. All membership corporations except a corporation for the prevention of cruelty to children or animals, with their books and vouchers, shall be subject to the visitation and inspection of a justice of the Supreme Court, or of any person appointed by the court for such purpose.

See chap. 360, L. 1899.

Section 17. No moneys appropriated by the legislature from the State treasury to a membership corporation created under or by a general or special law, except a corporation subject to the visitation of the regents of the University of the State of New York, shall be paid to it or to any institution under its care, control or management, until its president or secretary or a majority of its directors make a sworn report to the Comptroller of its purposes, financial condition, expenditures and management, and particularly of the disposition of moneys appropriated by the legislature for the maintenance of such institution for the year ending with the last preceding thirtieth of September. Such report must be transmitted by the Comptroller to the legislature with his annual report.

Section 30. A membership corporation may be created under this article for any lawful purpose, except a purpose for which a corporation may be created, under any other article of this chapter or any other general law than this chapter.

Section 31. Certificate of Incorporation.—If such certificate specifying among its purposes the care of orphan, pauper or destitute children, the establishment

or maintenance of a maternity hospital or lying-in asylum for the care of women and infants, the written approval of the State Board of Charities shall be endorsed thereon before the filing thereof.

(1895)

Article V. Corporations for the prevention of cruelty.

Section 70. Certificate of incorporation.

Section 71. Prohibition of new corporations in certain counties.

Section 72. Special powers of such societies.

Article 6. Hospital corporations.

Section 80. Certificate of incorporation.

Chap. 404, L. 1900.

Changing name of New York State Institution for the Blind to "New York School for the Blind."

Chapter 563

See chap. 587, L. 1865; chap. 744, L. 1867; chap. 616, L. 1872.

The city of Little Falls incorporated.

Chapter 565

Article 2, section 10. Eligibility to city offices, vacancy created by change of residence.

Sections 14 and 15. Appointive officers.—Four commissioners of charities shall constitute city board of charities for four years. One overseer of the poor shall be appointed by the city board of charities.

Section 16. Commencement and expiration of term of office; holding over after expiration of term.

Section 17. Overseer of the poor shall receive an annual salary to be fixed by the city board of charities not exceeding \$500 annually.

Section 18. Official salaries when payable; fees and perquisites.

Section 19. Suspensions and removals of appointive city officers.

Section 20. Filling vacancies in city offices.

Section 30. Official oath required of all city officers.

Section 31. Overseer of the poor required to give an official bond.

Section 32. Liability of city officers for unauthorized expenditures and other official misconduct.

(1895)

Section 53. Maximum amount of annual city tax levy to be \$2,000 for the poor fund.

Section 54. City board of charities required to make annual report to the mayor.

Section 130. Organization and procedure of the city board of charities.

Section 131. Rules and regulations of the city board of charities.

Section 132. General powers and duties of the city board of charities and overseer of the poor.

Section 133. Audit and expenditures of the city board of charities; payments from poor fund.

Section 145. "Disorderly persons" described and to be punished as for misdemeanor.

Chapter 567

Amending section 296 of the New York city Consolidation Act in relation to the Sanitary Code, tenement houses.

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chaps. 334 and 466, L. 1901; chap. 352, L. 1902; chap. 179, L. 1903.

Chapter 568

The Johnstown city charter.

Sections 16 and 17. One commissioner of charities to be appointed by the mayor and whose term of office shall expire with that of the mayor, and city physician to hold office one year.

Section 19. Said commissioner shall receive an annual compensation of \$240.

Section 30. Official oaths required of all city officers.

Section 31. Official bonds required of all city officers.

Section 32. Liability of city officers for unauthorized expenditures and other official misconduct.

Section 40. City physician.

Section 53. Maximum amount of annual city tax levy.

Section 54. Annual reports and estimates by officers.

Section 55. Determination of amount of annual city tax levy.

Section 56. Subdivision of funds and transfer of moneys from one fund to another.

(1895)

Section 57. General legislative powers; funds from which expenditures are payable.

Section 58. Audit of claims by common council and payment thereof.

Section 220. Powers and duties of the commissioner of charities.

Section 221. Monthly reports of the commissioner of charities.

Section 222. Common council shall audit and pay accounts.

Section 223. Commissioner not to be interested in purchases.

Section 224. Commissioner to sue for penalties.

Section 225. Supervisor may be appointed commissioner.

Section 242. Adjustment of property and liabilities of the town of Johnstown, Fulton county.

Section 248. First appointment of appointive officers.

Making an appropriation of \$5,800 to the Northern New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes at Malone, and reappropriating \$8,632.65, being the unexpended balance of moneys provided by chapter 726, Laws 1893, to said institution.

Chapter 592

Authorizing religious corporations to establish and maintain a home for the aged poor of their membership and to hold property therefor.

Chapter 607

Villages or towns may pay to executors or administrators of deceased volunteer firemen injured in discharge of duty, \$500 in each case.

Chapter 615

Incorporating the "Order of the Eastern Star, State of New York."

Chapter 620

Kings county lunatic asylum, at Kings Park, Suffolk county, transferred to the Long Island State Hospital.

Chapter 628

Incorporating "The Hospital for Scarlet Fever and Diphtheria Patients," in New York city.

Chapter 629

Charter of the city of Yonkers revised.

Chapter 635

(1895)

Title 2, sections 7 and 8. One commissioner of charities to be appointed for term of two years.

Section 9. Official bond and oath; creation of vacancies.

Section 10. Vacancies, how filled.

Section 11. Holding over in office.

Section 12. Resignations.

Section 13. Removals from office.

Section 14. Terms of present officers.

Title 10, sections 1 and 2. Powers of commissioner of charities to be the same as are enjoyed by the overseers of the poor in towns. The common council may prescribe the duties of such commissioner in relation to temporary assistance to the poor and may appropriate moneys for such purpose as it shall deem proper, and also a sum not exceeding \$2,000 annually for the sick poor in hospitals and also a sum of \$2,000 for the care bestowed by hospitals upon sick poor in the year 1894.

Chapter 651

Reappropriating \$60,000 to the State Hospital at Buffalo, for the erection of an infirmary, etc.

Chapter 653

Act to exempt the property of the Adirondack Cottage Sanitarium from taxation.

Chapter 655

Amending chapter 583, Laws 1888, the Brooklyn city charter.

Annual appropriation of \$129,500 to be made to fifty-four named hospitals and dispensaries in Brooklyn, on condition that free medical aid be furnished by said hospitals, etc., to the poor who apply therefor.

Chapter 663

Amending section 1393, of the Code of Civil Procedure, relating to military pay and rewards, exempt from execution and other legal proceedings.

Chapter 665

Amending the New York city Consolidation Act.

Subdivision 10 of paragraph 21 of section 194. Making appropriations to the Nursery and Child's Hospital and also to the New York Polyclinic Medical School and Hospital.

See chap 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Amending the general corporation law, relating to definition of corporations and qualifications of incorporators.

(1895)
Chapter 672

Making an appropriation of \$25,000 for the New York State Home for the Aged Dependent Veterans and Wives, Widows, Mothers and Army Nurses.

Chapter 676

To transfer the Truant Home in the city of Brooklyn to the board of education of said city.

Chapter 687

A State tax of one mill on each dollar of real and personal property of the State shall be imposed for the fiscal year beginning on October 1, 1895, for the State Commission in Lunacy, for the maintenance of State hospitals, including salaries of those employed, to be classified and determined by the State Commission in Lunacy, subject to the approval of the Governor, Comptroller and Secretary of State, for the purchase of supplies and the general maintenance of patients, etc. The sum of \$4,200,000 is appropriated to be expended under the provisions of chapter 126, Laws 1890, chapter 214, Laws 1893, and chapter 358, Laws 1894, so far as such last-named chapter relates to the State hospitals for the Insane.

Chapter 693

See chap. 545, L. 1896; chaps. 380, 634 and 676, L. 1900; chap. 137, L. 1901.

Charter of the city of Olean, chapter 478, Laws 1893, amended.

Chapter 695

Section 7. Overseer of the poor to be elected for a term of two years.

Authorizing the Board of Claims to hear, audit and determine the claim of counsel employed in the matter of the investigation of the New York city asylums for the insane, by the State Commission in Lunacy in 1894, and to make an order thereon.

Chapter 697

Making a reappropriation of \$88,096.30 for the New York State Reformatory for Women, and an additional appropriation of \$70,050 therefor, and to amend section 5 of chapter 637, Laws 1892.

Chapter 701

(1895)
Chapter 703

Incorporating the "Saint Vincent's Orphan Asylum of Syracuse."

Chapter 707

Amending chapter 327, Laws 1882, the charter of the Actor's Fund of America, as amended by chapter 164, Laws 1892, and by chapter 275, Laws 1893.

Chapter 711

Charter of the city of Gloversville, chapter 55, Laws 1890, amended.

Title 2, sections 1 and 2. One commissioner of charities to be elected for a term of two years.

Title 2, section 11. Oaths of office; vacancies in office.

Chapter 713

Amending chapter 290, Laws 1892, authorizing the formation of corporations by benevolent orders for the acquisition of real property and the erection and maintenance of buildings for the use of such orders, as amended by chapter 72, Laws 1893.

Chapter 735

Making an appropriation of \$71,000 to the Craig Colony for Epileptics.

Chapter 736

Making an appropriation of \$25,000 for the Collins Farm State Homœopathic Hospital for the Insane.

Chapter 738

Authorizing the corporation known as the Fathers Minor Conventuals to establish and maintain a cemetery in the town of Salina, Onondaga county, and to acquire lands therefor.

Chapter 746

Amending section 2342 of the Code of Civil Procedure, relating to the appointment of a committee for a lunatic, idiot or habitual drunkard. Said committee to be compelled to file yearly a statement of all accounts, and an inventory relating to the property of such incompetent person.

See chap. 824, L. 1895.

Chapter 748

Revised Dunkirk charter, chapter 396, Laws 1885, amended.

Section 8, title 25. The sole care and maintenance of the poor residing within the limits of the town and city of Dunkirk shall hereafter be transferred from the overseer of the poor to the board of police and excise

commissioners, together with all the rights and powers of said overseer, which office is hereby abolished.

(1895)

Said board shall have power to employ a suitable police force to assist in care of poor.

All bills incurred for care of the poor shall be audited monthly by the common council of said city.

Hudson city charter revision.

Chapter 751

Section 5. Provision made for three commissioners of public charities.

Section 19. Who shall be appointed by the mayor.

Section 21. Vacancies in appointive office.

Section 23. The commissioners of public charities shall execute a bond.

Section 27. Oath of office.

Section 28. Not to hold other office.

Section 79. Annual tax levy for the uses and purposes of the commission of public charities not to exceed \$3,000.

Section 80. Annual statement of boards and commissioners. Sum to be included in tax levy.

Section 82. Transfer of all moneys in city treasury credited to the city poor fund by the overseer of the poor to the credit and use of the commission of public charities.

Section 84. No salary for members of boards.

Section 191. The commission of public charities to be composed of the commissioners of public charities. No member of the common council, grocer, saloon keeper or hotel keeper eligible to above office.

Section 192. The powers and duties of said commission shall be similar to those relating to the overseers of the poor in towns, with sole power to purchase supplies and to appoint a city physician for the benefit and care of the poor.

Section 193. The office of overseer of the poor is hereby abolished.

Section 219. Qualification of members of boards.

(1895)
Chapter 754

Authorizing payments by counties; cities, towns and villages to charitable, etc., institutions, wholly or partly under private control, for care and maintenance, such payments to be made only for such inmates as are received and retained therein, pursuant to rules established by the State Board of Charities.

See art. 8, § 14, Const. 1894; chap. 155, L. 1902.

Chapter 770

Providing for a permanent establishment for the cure and prevention of hydrophobia.

Section 1. Overseers of the poor or other officers having charge of the dispensation of public charity in the counties of the State are authorized to send to the Pasteur Institute in New York city all persons bitten by rabid animals or put in danger of infection with rabies.

Section 2. The cost of transportation of such persons shall be audited by the counties from which they have been sent, and their nursing and treatment shall be provided for by said institution.

Section 3. \$6,000 hereby appropriated to said Pasteur Institute.

See chap. 482, L. 1901.

Chapter 771

Act to revise and consolidate the laws relating to the State Board of Charities; powers and duties defined.

See chap. 546, L. 1896; chap. 437, L. 1897; chap. 359, L. 1898; chaps. 368 and 632, L. 1899; chap. 49, L. 1900; chaps. 252 and 356, L. 1902; chap. 473, L. 1903.

Chapter 783

Amending chapter 247, Laws 1883, and chapter 203, Laws 1881, as to burial of destitute soldiers, sailors and marines.

See § 83, chap. 225, L. 1896; chap. 24, L. 1900; chap. 96, L. 1903.

Chapter 787

The corporate name of the New York Orthopædic Dispensary changed to the "New York Orthopædic Dispensary and Hospital."

Chapter 788

Enabling the commissioners of Washington Park of the city of Albany to convey part of the almshouse farm for erection of Bender Hygienic Laboratory.

Charter of city of Buffalo, chapter 105, Laws 1891, amended.

(1895)
Chapter 805

Section 47. The overseer of the poor shall hold office for a term of four years.

Appropriation act.—Appropriates: \$7,361.67 for Indian annuities; \$300 for relief of the Onondaga Indians; \$160,000 for New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home; \$200,000 for New York State Reformatory at Elmira; \$65,000 for Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, New York city; \$31,200 for Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, New York; \$19,500 for Le Couteulx St. Mary's Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, Buffalo; \$29,900 for Central New York Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes at Rome; \$44,200 for St. Joseph's Institution for Deaf-Mutes at Fordham; \$24,700 for Western New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes at Rochester; \$16,900 for Northern New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes at Malone; \$13,500 for Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children; \$45,000 for Institution for the Blind in New York city; \$40,000 for New York State School for the Blind, Batavia; \$40,000 for the Craig Colony for Epileptics; \$135,000 for the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents, New York city; \$175,000 for the State Industrial School, Rochester; \$81,000 for the Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children; \$50,000 for the Newark Custodial Asylum; \$75,000 for the Rome State Custodial Asylum; \$75,000 for the House of Refuge for Women at Hudson; \$25,000 for the Western House of Refuge for Women; \$53,000 for the State Board of Charities for salaries and State and alien paupers.

Chapter 807

Making an appropriation of \$200,000 for the Eastern New York Reformatory, for buildings to be erected in accordance with plans approved by the State Board of Charities.

Chapter 812

(1895)
Chapter 821
Chapter 822

Executive Law, section 52, amended.

Syracuse charter, chapter 26, Laws 1885, amended.

Section 105, subdivision 4. A sum not exceeding \$150,000 to be appropriated to defray the expenses of the poor department.

See chap. 182, L. 1898.

Chapter 824

Attorney-general to control all legal business for the State departments, except the militia.

Chapter 825

Amending subdivision 8, section 824, of the New York city Consolidation Act, exempting from taxation the real and personal property of Saint Luke's Hospital, Mount Sinai Hospital, Italian Home and North Eastern Dispensary in New York city.

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Chapter 832

Schenectady charter, as amended by chapter 62, Laws 1873, further amended.

Section 13. The common council shall be empowered to appropriate to the Hospital Association of the city of Schenectady for the care of the inmates of said hospital, pursuant to the rules established by the State Board of Charities, a yearly sum not to exceed \$1,000.

Chapter 845

Amending section 824 of the New York city Consolidation Act. The New York Mother's Home of the Sisters of Misericorde in New York city to be exempt from taxation.

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Chapter 855

Amending section 2323, Code of Civil Procedure, and adding new sections as to appointment of committees for lunatics, idiots and habitual drunkards.

Chapter 858

Binghamton charter, chapter 214, Laws 1888, amended.

Title 1, section 2. One overseer of the poor to be elected.

Title 2, section 10. The overseer of the poor in office when this law takes effect shall finish out his unexpired term and until his successor shall have been chosen and qualified. At the election to be held in November, 1899,

and every two years thereafter, a poor overseer shall be elected for a term of two years, beginning on January 1 next following.

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Title 4, section 9. Said overseer shall possess powers and authority similar to the overseers in the several towns of this State. A compensation of \$3 per day for each day of actual employment shall be allowed him.

Title 6, section 1. The common council shall have power to cause to be raised annually a sum not exceeding \$5,000 to aid in defraying the expenses of a non-sectarian city hospital and a further sum not exceeding \$3,000 for hospital purposes and the expenses of the board of health.

To extend the term of corporate existence of The Trustees of the Exempt Firemen's Benevolent Fund of the city of New York to April 17, 1916.

Chapter 868

Amending chapter 404, Laws 1875, to authorize appropriations for the poor adult blind in the city of New York, not provided for in public or private institutions.

Chapter 872

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

The House of the Good Shepherd in the city of New York for the care of inebriate women, may receive females by surrender or commitment.

Chapter 877

Amending chapter 446, Laws 1874, by providing for the appointment of policemen in State insane hospitals.

See chap. 546, L. 1896.

Amending section 39 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, relative to the jurisdiction of the county court of Kings county.

Chapter 889

Section 39. Jurisdiction.—The county courts embraced in this chapter have jurisdiction:

Subdivision 8. To compel relatives of poor persons and committees of the estates of lunatics to support such persons and lunatics in the cases and manner prescribed by law.

(1895)
Chapter 897

To extend the term of the corporate existence of The Trustees of the Exempt Firemen's Benevolent Fund of the Twenty-Third Ward, late town of Morrisania, New York city.

Chapter 899

Act for the protection of domestic servants and employes where a receiver has been appointed of a co-partnership interest.

Preference of wages of servants and domestics above all other debts provided for.

Chapter 912

The New York city department of public charities and correction divided into two departments. The department of public charities of New York city and the department of correction of New York city.

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Chapter 932

Supply bill.—Appropriates: \$5,000 for the comptroller for examination and investigation of public institutions; \$15,000 for the comptroller for expenses of monthly estimates of State Charitable institutions; \$5,000 for State Board of Charities for deficiency in clerk hire and expenses; \$27,450 for the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents, New York city; \$33,791 for the New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home; \$2,700 for the Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children; \$14,000 for the Craig Colony for Epileptics; \$12,015 for the New York State Custodial Asylum at Newark; \$1,107.24 for the Northern New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Malone; \$2,822.38 for the Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children; \$6,500 for the Institution for Deaf and Dumb, New York city; \$19,963.23 for the State Industrial School; \$1,000 for Willard State Hospital; \$10,000 for the Western House of Refuge for Women; \$5,000 for the New York State Reformatory, Elmira; \$15,000 for the House of Refuge for Women, Hudson; \$2,500 for the Central New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Rome; \$1,200 for stenographer's fees on investigation of Elmira Reformatory; \$67,500 for Rome

State Custodial Asylum; \$166.25 for stenographer's fees on investigation of New York State Custodial Asylum; \$500 for employe of Thomas Orphan Asylum for injuries; \$175 for Utica State Hospital—expenses; \$650 for "Deaf-Mutes' Journal" for indigent deaf and dumb; \$690 for Hudson River State Hospital.

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Managers and officers of State Charitable institutions not to be interested in contracts.

Deposits by institutions in bank; quarterly reports.

Annual inventories.—Comptroller's forms of accounts.

Duty of clerks or bookkeepers of charitable institutions. Accounts for repairs.

Providing for levy of tax to pay amounts due from the former town of Flatbush, Kings county, to the James H. Kerswill Post No. 149, G. A. R.

Chapter 943

To consolidate the government of Kings county and the city of Brooklyn, and to regulate the same.

Chapter 954

Section 5. The department of charities and correction to continue. The successors to the said commissioners shall be appointed by the mayor for a term of two years, and coincident with the terms of office of heads of other departments of said city.

See chap. 378, L. 1897; 466, L. 1901.

To divide the town of Watervliet, in Albany county, and to erect the town of Colonie out of the part set off from the said town of Watervliet.

Chapter 975

Sections 4 and 7. One overseer of the poor to be elected for a term of one year in the new town.

Amending chapter 671, Laws 1894, providing for the compulsory education of children, \$12,000 appropriated.

Chapter 988

Long Island City charter, chapter 461, Laws 1871, amended.

Chapter 997

One overseer of the poor to be elected for a term of two years at a compensation of \$500 per annum.

Incorporating "Saint Joseph's Hospital," in the city of Syracuse.

Chapter 1037

(1895)
Chapter 1042

Act for the protection of all citizens in civil and legal rights without regard to race, creed or color, at hotels, theatres, etc., etc.

Page 1031
Volume 1

Name of Memorial hospital in Kings county changed to "Memorial Hospital for Women and Children," to take effect October 15, 1894.

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Part 2

Act for the preservation of game in Montgomery county.

Section 5. Moiety for penalties for violations to go to use of town poor.

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Part 2

Amending act for the protection of birds, fish and wild animals, excepting wild deer, and to provide for a license for non-residents of the State of New York for fishing and shooting in Putnam county.

Moiety of penalties for violation to go to overseer of poor.

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Act for the further protection of fish in Broome county.

Moiety of penalties for violation to go to the poor fund.

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Part 2

Act for the protection of fish in the waters at the mouth of the Salmon river and Deer creek, Oswego county.

Moiety of penalties for violation to go to town poor.

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Part 2

Act for the preservation of the scallop fisheries in the public waters of the town of Huntington, Smithtown and Brookhaven, in Suffolk county.

Moiety of penalties for violation to be applied to the town poor.

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Chapter 2

Converting the New York city Insane Asylum into a State Hospital to be known as the Manhattan State Hospital.

Chapter 8

To legalize, ratify and confirm the proceedings had in the supreme court in and for the city and county of New York, in the matter of the application of the Jennie Clarkson Baptist Orphanage to change its name to the "Jennie Clarkson Home for Children."

Amending charter of the city of Little Falls, chapter 565, Laws 1895.

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Chapter 13

Section 14. Four commissioners of charities shall constitute a city board of charities, to be appointed by the mayor, subject to the approval of the common council, and an overseer of the poor to be appointed by the city board of charities.

Section 54. The city board of charities shall deliver to the mayor, on or before March 15th of each year, a report of all expenditures made and incurred by such board during the preceding fiscal year and the amount which in the judgment of said board will need to be expended during the current fiscal year, and the amount and condition of all trust funds held.

Making an appropriation of \$1,958.40 for the Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children, to be used for the purchase of grounds for burial purposes.

Chapter 16

City charter of Amsterdam, chapter 131, Laws 1885, amended.

Chapter 37

Section 59. The common council shall yearly make a careful estimate for the fiscal year of the expenses of supporting and relieving the city poor, which estimate shall not exceed \$10,000.

Confirming the title of Saint Luke's Hospital to certain lands in New York city by consenting to validate and confirm certain deeds made by the corporation of New York city, and certain deeds made by the rector, church wardens and vestrymen of the Anglo-American Free Church of Saint George the Martyr.

Chapter 40

Making a reappropriation of \$2,000 for the State Custodial Asylum for Feeble-Minded Women.

Chapter 49

To enable the city of Cohoes to use for street and highway purposes and sell the site heretofore selected and purchased by said city and intended to be used for hospital purposes, and to use proceeds of such sale in the purchase of another site, erection of a hospital thereon and the equipment of the same.

Chapter 51

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Chapter 58

Amending chapter 188, Laws 1878, the charter of District No. 1 of the "Independent Order of Benai Berith," and to authorize other corporations, incorporated societies and other associations to give and transfer property to or wholly to consolidate with the corporation hereby created, as amended by chapter 100, Laws 1885.

Chapter 60

City charter of Schenectady, chapter 385, Laws 1862, as amended by chapter 294, Laws 1890, further amended.

Title 5, section 5. The common council may raise annually by tax, for defraying the expenses of relief to the poor of said city and for other purposes, \$50,000, the amount raised under each head to be stated separately.

Chapter 62

Charter of the Roman Catholic Union of the Knights of St. John, chapter 284, Laws 1886, amended.

Chapter 63

Act to secure the better application of funds to relieve the poor in the town of Moriah, Essex county.

Chapter 76

Act to grant, convey and release to the Church Charity Foundation of Long Island, the interest of the State in lands formerly owned by Mary Day, late of the city of Brooklyn, deceased.

Chapter 84

Amending chapter 912, Laws 1895, to abolish the department of public charities and correction in the city of New York and to establish two separate departments in place thereof, and to define the powers and duties of each department.

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Chapter 88

Making an appropriation of \$1,200 for the Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children.

Chapter 112

The Liquor Tax Law.

Section 24. Traffic in liquor to be prohibited in any public building, or upon any premises established as a penal institution, protectory, industrial school, asylum, State hospital or poorhouse.

See chap. 445, L. 1896.

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Section 30. Persons to whom liquor shall be forbidden :

1. To any minor under the age of eighteen years.
2. To any intoxicated person.
3. To any habitual drunkard.
4. To any Indian.
5. To any person to whom such person may be forbidden to sell by notice in writing from the parent, guardian, husband, wife or child of such person over sixteen years of age, or by a magistrate or overseer of the poor of the town.
6. To any person confined in or committed to a house of refuge, reformatory, protectory, industrial school, asylum or State hospital, or any inmate of a poorhouse, except upon a written prescription from a physician to such institution.

Section 32. No recovery shall be had in any civil action to recover the purchase price of any sale on credit of any liquor, to be drunk on the premises, where the same shall be sold. All securities given for such debts shall be void.

Amending the charter of the village of Saratoga Springs, chapter 220, Laws 1866, to enable the trustees of said village to raise money for certain purposes.

Chapter 115

Section 1. The board of trustees of said village is authorized to appropriate to the Saratoga Emergency Hospital a sum not to exceed \$2,000 annually for the care and maintenance of such inmates as may be received and retained therein, pursuant to rules established by the State Board of Charities. Said annual sums to be appropriated subject to the approval of the said board of trustees. Such appropriation shall be made as long as the said hospital shall treat free of charge such indigent persons, actual residents of said village, requiring treatment and only as long as said hospital shall maintain a free dispensary for the benefit of indigent persons, actual residents of said village.

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Chapter 117

The corporate name of St. Joseph's German Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society of Rochester and Monroe County changed to the "St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum Society of Rochester and Monroe County."

Chapter 135

To legalize the election of an overseer of the poor in the town of Little Falls, Herkimer county, and to repeal certain acts providing for the appointment of an overseer of alms of such town.

Chapter 136

Authorizing and empowering the city of Buffalo to provide and maintain a fund for the relief of the poor of said city, and to provide for the use and application of the same.

Chapter 138

Act legalizing the incorporation known as "The Mount Sinai Training School for Nurses."

Chapter 141

Act providing that the receipts from premiums collected and to be collected from foreign insurance companies in the State, pursuant to chapter 604, Laws 1886, on insurance on property in Long Island city shall be paid to a corporation to be hereafter formed, known as "The Trustees of the Exempt Firemen's Benevolent Fund of Long Island City." All moneys collected by said corporation shall be appropriated and used for the aid and relief of indigent honorably discharged members of the late volunteer fire department of Long Island city and their families.

Chapter 142

Legalizing and confirming the conveyance by the Saint Mary's Academy and Industrial Female School of Buffalo, to Saint Joseph's Institute for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, of real estate in the city, county and State of New York.

Chapter 171

Making an appropriation of \$75,000 for the Craig Colony for Epileptics.

Chapter 225

Act in relation to the poor, constituting chapter 27 of the general laws. "The Poor Law."

See chaps. 48, 222 and 507, L. 1897; chaps. 337 and 536, L. 1898; chaps. 83 and 462, L. 1899; chaps. 24, 345 and 475, L. 1900; chaps. 103 and 664, L. 1901; chap. 117, L. 1902; chaps. 96 and 340, L. 1903.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT IN RELATION TO THE POOR, CONSTITUTING
CHAPTER TWENTY-SEVEN OF THE GENERAL LAWS.

CHAPTER 225, LAWS OF 1896.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

CHAPTER XXVII OF THE GENERAL LAWS.

THE POOR LAW.

- Article I. County superintendents of the poor. (§§ 1-14.)
 II. Overseers of the poor. (§§ 20-29.)
 III. Settlement and place of relief of poor persons.
 (§§ 40-56.)
 IV. Support of bastards. (§§ 60-75.)
 V. Soldiers, sailors and marines. (§§ 80-84.)
 VI. State poor. (§§ 90-104.)
 VII. Duties of state board of charities; powers of
 state charities aid association. (§§ 115-121.)
 VIII. Miscellaneous provisions. (§§ 130-147.)
 IX. Laws repealed; when to take effect. (§§ 150-
 151.)

ARTICLE I.

COUNTY SUPERINTENDENTS OF THE POOR.

- Section 1. Short title.
 2. Definitions.
 3. County superintendents of the poor.
 4. Appointment of superintendent as keeper of almshouse.
 5. When they may direct overseers of the poor to take charge of county poor.
 6. Idiots and lunatics.
 7. Pestilence in almshouse.
 8. Accounts of county treasurer with towns.
 9. Annual apportionment of town expenses.
 10. Tax levy on towns.
 11. Expense of county poor.
 12. Superintendents' report to the state board of charities.
 13. Supervisors may direct as to temporary or outdoor relief to poor.
 14. Penalty for neglect or false report.

Section 1. Short title.—This chapter shall be known as the poor law.

§ 2. Definitions.—A poor person is one unable to maintain himself, and such person shall be maintained by the town, city, county or state, according to the provisions of this chapter. In counties having but one superintendent of the poor, the

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term "superintendent" or "superintendents of the poor," when used in this chapter, means such superintendent; and in towns or cities having but one overseer of the poor, the term "overseers" or "overseers of the poor," when used in this chapter, means a town or city overseer of the poor. An "almshouse" is a place where the poor are maintained at the public expense.

The town poor are such persons as are required by law to be relieved or supported at the expense of the town or city; the county poor are such persons as are required by law to be relieved or supported at the expense of the county; and the state poor are such persons as are required by law to be relieved or supported at the expense of the state.

§ 3. County superintendents of the poor.—The county superintendents of the poor shall:

1. Have the general superintendence and care of poor persons who may be in their respective counties.

2. Provide and keep in repair suitable almshouses when directed by the board of supervisors of their county.

3. Establish rules and by-laws for the government and good order of such almshouses, and for the employment, relief, management and government of the poor therein; but such rules and regulations shall not be valid until approved by the county judge of the county, in writing.

4. Unless a keeper be appointed by the board of supervisors employ suitable persons to be keepers of such houses, and physicians, matrons and all other necessary officers and servants, and vest such powers in them for the government of such houses, and the poor therein, as shall be necessary, reserving to such poor persons who may be placed under the care of such keepers, matrons, officers or servants, the right of appeal to the superintendent.

5. Purchase all necessary furniture, implements, food and materials for the maintenance of the poor in such houses, and for their employment in labor, and use, sell and dispose of the proceeds of such labor as they shall deem expedient.

6. Prescribe the rate of allowance to be made for bringing poor persons to the county almshouse, subject to such alterations as the board of supervisors may by general resolution make.

7. Authorize the keepers of such houses to certify the amount due for bringing such poor persons; which amount shall be paid by the county treasurer on the production of such certificate, countersigned and allowed by the county superintendents of the poor.

8. Summarily decide any dispute that shall arise concerning the settlement of any poor persons, upon a hearing of the parties, and for that purpose may issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses, with the like powers to enforce such process, as is given to justices of the peace in an action pending before him; their decisions shall be filed in the office of the county clerk within thirty days after they are made, and

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shall be conclusive and final upon all parties interested, unless an appeal therefrom shall be taken, as provided in this chapter.

9. Direct the commencement of suits by any overseer of the poor who shall be entitled to prosecute for any penalties, or upon any recognizance, bonds, or securities taken for the indemnity of any town or of the county; and in case of the neglect of any such overseer, to commence and conduct such suits, without the authority of such overseer, in the name of such superintendents.

10. Draw on the county treasurer for all necessary expenses incurred in the discharge of their duties, which draft shall be paid by such treasurer out of the moneys placed in his hands for the support of the poor.

11. Audit and settle all accounts of overseers of the poor, justices of the peace, and all other persons, for services relating to the support, relief or transportation of the county poor; and draw on the county treasurer for the amount of the accounts which they shall so audit and settle.

12. Furnish necessary relief to such of the county poor as may require only temporary assistance, or are so disabled that they cannot be safely removed to the county almshouse, or to the county poor who can be properly provided for elsewhere than at the county almshouse at an expense not exceeding that of their support at such almshouse.

13. Render to the board of supervisors of their county, at their annual meeting, a verified account of all the moneys received and expended by them, or under their direction, and of all their proceedings in such manner and form as may be required by the board.

14. Pay over all moneys remaining in their hands, within fifteen days after the expiration of their terms of office, to the county treasurer, or their successors.

15. Administer oaths and take affidavits in all matters pertaining to their office, and elicit, by examination under oath, statements of facts from applicants for relief.

§ 4. Appointment of superintendent as keeper of almshouse.—The board of supervisors of any county may, by resolution, appoint as keeper of its county almshouse one of the superintendents of the poor of such county, who shall hold such office until the expiration of his term as superintendent or until the board of supervisors, by resolution, shall determine that he shall no longer act in such capacity. The board of supervisors may fix the compensation such superintendent shall receive for acting as such keeper, and such compensation shall be a county charge. While a resolution of the board of supervisors directing such superintendent to act as keeper of the county almshouse is in force, the superintendents shall not employ a keeper thereof.

§ 5. When they may direct overseers of the poor to take charge of the county poor.—Whenever the county superintendents take charge of the support of any county poor person,

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in counties where no almshouse is provided, they may authorize the overseers of the poor of the town in which such poor person may be, to continue to support him, on such terms and under such regulations as they shall prescribe; and thereafter no moneys shall be paid to such overseer for the support of such poor person, without the order of the superintendents; or the superintendents may remove such poor person to any other town, and there provide for his support, in such manner as they shall deem expedient.

§ 6. Idiots and lunatics.—The superintendents of the poor shall provide for the support of poor persons that may be idiots or lunatics, at other places than in the almshouse, in such manner as shall be provided by law for the care, support and maintenance of such poor persons.

§ 7. Pestilence in almshouse.—Whenever any pestilence of infectious or contagious disease shall exist in any county almshouse or in its vicinity, and the physician thereof shall certify that such pestilence or disease is likely to endanger the health of the persons supported thereat, the superintendents of the poor of such county shall cause the persons supported at such almshouse or any of them, to be removed to such other suitable place in the same county as shall be designated by the board of health of the city, town or village, within which such almshouse shall be, there to be maintained and provided for at the expense of the county, with all necessary medical care and attendance, until they can be safely returned to the county almshouse from which they were taken, or otherwise discharged.

§ 8. Accounts of county treasurer with towns.—In counties where there are town poor, the county treasurer thereof shall open and keep open an account with each town, in which the town shall be credited with all the moneys received from the same, or from its officers, and shall be charged with the moneys paid for the support of its poor. If there be a county almshouse in such county, the superintendents of the poor shall, in each year, before the annual meeting of the board of supervisors, furnish to the county treasurer a statement of the sums charged by them as herein directed, to the several towns for the support of their poor, which shall be charged to such towns, respectively, by the county treasurer in his account.

§ 9. Annual apportionment of town expenses.—In counties having an almshouse, and where there are town poor, the superintendents shall annually, and during the week preceding the annual meeting of the board of supervisors, make out a statement of all the expenses incurred by them the preceding year for the support of town poor, and of the moneys received therefor, exhibiting the deficiency, if any, in the funds provided for defraying such expenses, and they shall apportion the deficiency among the several towns in proportion to the number and expenses of the town poor of such towns respectively, who shall have been provided for by the superintendents, and shall charge

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the towns with such proportion; which statement shall be by them delivered to the county treasurer.

§ 10. Tax levy on towns.—At the annual meeting of the board of supervisors, the county treasurer shall lay before them the account kept by him, and if it shall appear that there is a balance against any town, the board shall add the same to the amount of taxes to be levied and collected upon such town, with the other contingent expenses thereof, together with such sum for interest as will reimburse and satisfy any advances that may be made, or that may have been made, by the county treasurer for such town, which moneys, when collected, shall be paid to the county treasurer.

§ 11. Expense of county poor.—The superintendents of the poor shall annually present to the board of supervisors, at their annual meeting, an estimate of the sum which, in their opinion, will be necessary during the ensuing year for the support of the county poor; and such board of supervisors shall cause such sum as they may deem necessary for that purpose, to be assessed, levied and collected, in the same manner as other contingent expenses of the county, to be paid to the county treasurer and to be by him kept as a separate fund, distinct from the other funds of the county.

§ 12. Superintendents' report to the state board of charities.—The superintendents of the poor of every county shall, on or before the first day of December in each year, make reports covering the year ending September thirtieth, to the state board of charities in such form as the board shall direct, showing the number of the town poor and of the county poor that have been relieved or supported in their county the year preceding October first; the whole expense of such support, the amount paid for transportation of poor persons, and any other items not part of the actual expenses of maintaining the poor, and the allowance made to superintendents, overseers, justices, keepers, matrons, officers and other employees of the superintendents; the actual value of the labor of the poor persons maintained, and the estimated amount saved in the expense of their support in consequence of their labor; the sex and native country of every such poor person, with the causes, either direct or indirect, which have operated to render such persons poor, so far as the same can be ascertained; and shall include in such report a statement of the name and age of, and of the names and residence of the parents of, every poor child who has been placed by them in a family during the year, with the name and residence of the family with whom every such child was placed, and the occupation of the head of the family, together with such other items of information in respect to their character and condition as the state board of charities shall direct.

§ 13. Supervisors may direct as to temporary or outdoor relief to poor.—The board of supervisors of any county may make such rules and regulations as it may deem proper in

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regard to the manner of furnishing temporary or outdoor relief to the poor of the several towns in said county by the overseers of the poor thereof, and also in regard to the amount such overseers of the poor may expend for the relief of each person or family, and after the board of supervisors of any county shall have made such rules and regulations, it shall not be necessary for the overseer of the poor of the towns in said county to procure an order from the supervisor of the town, or the sanction of the superintendent of the poor to expend over ten dollars for the relief of any person or family, unless the board of supervisors of such county shall so direct, but this section shall not apply to the counties of New York and Kings.

§ 14. Penalty for neglect or false report.—Any superintendent of the poor or other officer or person having been an officer, who shall neglect or refuse to render any account, statement or report required by this chapter, or shall willfully make any false report, or shall neglect to pay over any moneys within the time required by law, shall forfeit two hundred dollars to the town or county of which he is or was an officer, and shall be liable to an action for all moneys which shall be in his hands after the time the same should have been paid over, with interest thereon at the rate of ten per centum per annum from the time the same should have been paid over. The state board of charities shall give notice to the district attorney of the county of every neglect to make the report required to be made to that board, and every officer or board to whom any such account, statement, report or payment should have been made, shall give notice to such district attorney of every neglect or failure to make the same; and such district attorney shall, on receiving such notice or in any way receiving satisfactory evidence of such default, prosecute for the recovery of such penalties or moneys in the name of the town or county entitled thereto, and the sum recovered, if for the benefit of the town, shall be paid to the overseer of the poor thereof, and if for the benefit of the county, shall be paid into the county treasury, to be expended by the overseer or superintendent of the poor for the support of the poor of such town or county.

ARTICLE II.

OVERSEERS OF THE POOR.

Section 20. Relief in counties having almshouse.

21. Expense of removal, and temporary relief.
22. How supported, and when discharged.
23. Temporary relief to persons who cannot be removed to almshouse.
24. Relief in counties having no almshouse.
25. Overseers to make monthly examinations and audit accounts.
26. Overseers to keep books of account.

Section 27. Annual report of overseers.

28. Accounts of town officers.

29. Overseers of the poor in cities.

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§ 20. Relief in counties having almshouse.—When any person shall apply for relief to an overseer of the poor, in a county having an almshouse, such overseer shall inquire into the state and circumstances of the applicant; and if it shall appear that he is a poor person, and requires permanent relief and support, and can be safely removed, the overseer shall, by written order, cause such poor person to be removed to the county almshouse, or to be relieved and provided for, as the necessities of the applicant may require. If the county be one where the respective towns are required to support their own poor, the overseer shall designate in such order of removal, whether such person be chargeable to the county or not; and if no such designation be made, such person shall be deemed to belong to the town whose overseer made such order.

§ 21. Expense of removal, and temporary relief.—Unless such poor person is properly chargeable to the town, the overseer, in addition to the expense of such removal, shall be allowed such sum as may have been necessarily paid out, or contracted to be paid, for the relief or support of such poor person, previous to such removal and as the superintendent shall judge was reasonably expended while it was improper or inconvenient to remove such poor person, which sum shall be paid by the county treasurer, on the order of the superintendent.

§ 22. How supported and when discharged.—The person so removed shall be received by the superintendents, or their agents, and be supported and relieved in a county almshouse until it shall appear to them that such person is able to maintain himself, or, if a minor, until he is bound out or otherwise cared for, as hereinafter provided, when they may, in their discretion, discharge him.

§ 23. Temporary relief to persons who cannot be removed to almshouse.—If it shall appear that the person so applying requires only temporary relief, or is sick, lame or otherwise disabled so that he cannot be conveniently removed to the county almshouse, or that he is a person who should be relieved and cared for at his home under article five of this chapter, the overseers shall apply to the supervisor of the town, who shall examine into the facts and circumstances, and shall, in writing, order such sum to be expended for the temporary relief of such poor person, as the circumstances of the case shall require, which order shall entitle the overseer to receive any sum he may have paid out or contracted to pay, within the amount therein specified, from the county treasurer, to be by him charged to the county, if such person be a county charge, if not, to be charged to the town where such relief was afforded; but no greater sum than ten dollars shall be expended or paid for the relief of any one poor person, or one family,

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without the sanction, in writing, of one of the superintendents of the poor of the county, which shall be presented to the county treasurer, with the order of the supervisor, except when the board of supervisors has made rules and regulations as prescribed in section thirteen of this chapter.

§ 24. Relief in counties having no almshouse.—If application for relief be made in any county where there is no county almshouse, the overseer of the poor of the town where such application is made shall inquire into the facts and circumstances of the case, and with the written approval of the supervisor of such town, make an order in writing for such allowance, weekly or otherwise, as they shall think required by the necessities of such poor person. If such poor person has a legal settlement in such town, or in any other town in the same county, the overseer shall apply the moneys so allowed to the relief and support of such poor person. The money so paid by him, or contracted to be paid, when the poor person had no legal settlement in the town, and charged to the town in which he had a legal settlement, shall be drawn by such overseer from the county treasurer on producing such order. If such person has no legal settlement in such county, the overseer shall, within ten days after granting to him any relief, give notice thereof, and that such person has no legal settlement in such county, to one of the county superintendents, and until the county superintendents shall take charge of the support of such poor person, the overseer shall provide for his relief and support, and the expense thereof from the time of giving such notice shall be paid to such overseer by the county treasurer, on the production of such order and of proof by affidavit of the time of the giving of such notice, and shall be by him charged to the county.

§ 25. Overseer to make monthly examinations and audit accounts.—The overseer of the poor of a town or city shall at least once in each month, examine into the condition and necessities of each person supported by the town or city out of the county almshouse, and provide within the provisions of this chapter for such allowances, weekly or otherwise as the circumstances may in his judgment require. All accounts for care, support, supplies or attendance, connected with the maintenance of such poor person or family, shall be settled once in three months, and paid if there be funds for that purpose. No bill, claim, or account for care, support, supplies or attendance, furnished to poor persons, by order of the overseer of the poor, or otherwise, shall be audited or allowed by the overseer, unless such bill, claim, or account be verified by the claimant, to the effect that such care, support, supplies or attendance have been actually furnished for such poor persons, that such poor persons have actually received the same, and that the prices charged therefor are reasonable, and are not above the usual market rates.

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§ 26. Overseers to keep books of account.—Overseers of the poor, who receive and expend money for the relief and support of the poor in their respective towns and cities, shall keep books to be procured at town or city expense, in which they shall enter the name, age, sex and native country of every poor person who shall be relieved or supported by them, together with a statement of the causes, either direct or indirect, which shall have operated to render such relief necessary, so far as the same can be ascertained. They shall also enter upon such books a statement of the name and age, and of the names and residences of the parents of every child who is placed by them in a family, with the name and address of the family with whom every such child is placed, and the occupation of the head of the family. They shall also enter upon books so procured, a statement of all moneys received by them, when and from whom, and on what account received, and of all moneys paid out by them, when and to whom paid and on what authority, and whether to town, city or county poor; also a statement of all debts contracted by them as such overseers, the names of the persons with whom such debts were contracted, the amount and consideration of each item, the names of the persons for whose benefit the debts were contracted, and if the same have been paid, the time and manner of such payment.

The overseers shall lay such books before the board of town auditors, or the common council of the city, at its first annual meeting in each year, together with a just, true and verified itemized account, of all moneys received and expended by them for the use of the poor since the last preceding annual meeting of said board. The board or council shall compare said account with the entries in the book, and shall examine the vouchers in support thereof, and may examine the overseers of the poor, under oath, with reference to such account. They shall thereupon audit and settle the same, and state the balance due to or from the overseers, as the case may be. Such account shall be filed with the town or city clerk, and at every annual town meeting, the town clerk shall produce such town account for the next preceding year, and read the same, if it be required by the meeting. The overseers of a town shall have such books present each year at the annual town meeting subject to the inspection of the voters of the town, and the entries thereon for the preceding year shall there be read publicly at the time reports of other town officers are presented, if required by a resolution of such meeting.

No credit shall be allowed to any overseers for moneys paid, unless it shall appear that such payments were made necessarily or pursuant to a legal order.

§ 27. Annual report of overseers.—Such overseer shall make to the town board, at its second annual meeting in each year, a written report, stating their account as provided in the last

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section, continued to that date, and any deficiency that may then exist in the town poor fund, with their estimate of the sum which they shall deem necessary for the temporary and out-door relief and support of the poor in their town for the ensuing year, and in counties where there is no county almshouse, their estimate of such sum as they shall deem necessary to be raised and collected therein for the support of the poor for the ensuing year. If such board shall approve the statement and estimate so made or any part thereof, they shall so certify in duplicate, one of which certificates shall be filed in the office of the town clerk, and the other shall be laid by the supervisor of the town, before the board of supervisors of the county, on the first day of its next annual meeting. The board of supervisors shall cause the amount of such deficiency and estimates, as so certified, together with the sums voted by such town for the relief of the poor therein to be levied and collected in such town, in the same manner as other town charges, to be paid to the overseers of the poor of such town, and the warrants attached to the tax-rolls in such county shall direct accordingly. The moneys so raised shall be received by such overseers, and applied toward the payment of such deficiency, and for the maintenance and support of the poor, for whose relief such estimates were made. The town board shall also, on or before the first day of December, annually certify to the county superintendents, the name, age, sex and native country, of every poor person relieved and supported by such overseers during the preceding year, with the causes which shall have operated to render them such poor persons the amount expended for the use of each person, as allowed by the board, and the amount allowed to each overseer for services rendered in relation to temporary or town relief.

The town board shall include in such annual statement to the county superintendents and the county superintendents shall include in their own report to the state board of charities a statement of the name and age, and of the names and residence of the parents of every child who has been placed by such overseers in a family during the preceding year, with the name and address of the family with whom each child is placed, and the occupation of the head of the family.

§ 28. Account of town officers.—The accounts of any town officer for personal or official services rendered by him, in relation to the town poor, shall be audited and settled by the town board and charged to such town. But no allowance for time or services shall be made to any officer for attending any board solely for the purpose of having his account audited or paid.

§ 29. Overseers of the poor in cities.—This chapter shall apply to overseers of the poor in cities, except where otherwise specially provided by law. In the absence of such special provision, overseers of the poor in each city shall make their report to the auditing board of such city, by whatever name

known, at the beginning of the fiscal year of such city, if such time be fixed, otherwise on the first day of January in each year; the common councils of such cities as shall be liable for the support of their own poor shall yearly determine the sum of money to be appropriated for the ensuing year, and a certified copy of such determination shall be laid before the board of supervisors of the county, who shall cause the same to be assessed, levied, collected and paid to the county treasurer.

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ARTICLE III.

SETTLEMENT AND PLACE OF RELIEF OF POOR PERSONS.

Section 40. Settlements, how gained.

41. Qualification of last section.
42. Poor persons not to be removed, and how supported.
43. Proceedings to determine settlement.
44. Hearing before superintendents.
45. How to compel towns to support poor persons.
46. Proceedings to determine who are county poor.
47. In counties without almshouse.
48. Decisions to be entered and filed.
49. Appeal to the county court.
50. Penalty for removing.
51. Proceedings to compel support.
52. Liability, how contested.
53. Neglect to contest.
54. Actions, when and how to be brought.
55. Penalty for bringing foreign poor into this state.
56. Poor children under sixteen years of age.

§ 40. Settlements, how gained.—Every person of full age, who shall be a resident and inhabitant of any town or city for one year, and the members of his family who shall not have gained a separate settlement, shall be deemed settled in such town or city, and shall so remain until he shall have gained a like settlement in some other town or city in this state, or shall remove from this state and remain therefrom one year. A minor may be emancipated from his or her father or mother and gain a separate settlement:

1. If a male, by being married and residing one year separately from the family of his father or mother.
2. If a female, by being married and having lived with her husband: in which case the husband's settlement shall be deemed that of the wife.
3. By being bound as an apprentice and serving one year by virtue of such indentures.
4. By being hired and actually serving one year for wages, to be paid such minor.

§ 41. Qualification of last section.—A woman of full age, by marrying, shall acquire the settlement of her husband. Until a poor person shall have gained a settlement in his or her own right, his or her settlement shall be deemed that of the

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father, if living, if not, then of the mother; but no child born in any almshouse shall gain any settlement merely by reason of the place of such birth; neither shall any child born while the mother is such poor person, gain any settlement by reason of the place of its birth. No residence of any such poor person in any almshouse, while such person, or any member of his or her family is supported or relieved at the expense of any other town, city, county or state, shall operate to give such poor person a settlement in the town where such actual residence may be.

§ 42. Poor person not to be removed, and how supported.—No person shall be removed as a poor person from any city or town to any other city or town of the same or any other county, nor from any county to any other county except as hereinafter provided; but every poor person, except the state poor, shall be supported in the town or county where he may be, as follows:

1. If he has gained a settlement in any town or city in such county, he shall be maintained by such town or city.

2. If he has not gained a settlement in any town or city in the county in which he shall become poor, sick or infirmed, he shall be supported and relieved by the superintendents of the poor at the expense of the county.

3. If such person be in a county where the distinction between town and county poor is abolished, he shall, in like manner, be supported at the expense of the county, and in both cases, proceedings for his relief shall be had as herein provided.

4. If such poor person be in a county where the respective towns are liable to support their poor, and has gained a settlement in some town of the same county other than that in which he may then be, he shall be supported at the expense of the town or city where he may be, and the overseers shall, within ten days after the application for relief, give notice in writing to an overseer of the town to which he shall belong, requiring him to provide for the support and relief of such poor person.

§ 43. Proceedings to determine settlement.—If, within ten days after the service of such notice, the overseer to whom the same was directed, shall not proceed to contest the allegation of the settlement of such poor person, by giving the notice hereinafter directed, he or his successors, and the town which he or they represent, shall be precluded from contesting or denying such settlement. He may, within the time mentioned, give written notice to the overseer of the town where such person may be, and from whom he has received the notice specified in the last section, that he will appear before the county superintendents, at a place and on a day therein to be specified, which day shall be at least ten days and not more than thirty days from the time of the service of such notice of hearing, to contest the alleged settlement. If the county superintendents fail to appear at the time and place so appointed, they shall, at the request of the overseers of either town appoint

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some place, and some other day, for the hearing of such allegations, and cause at least five days' notice thereof to be given to such overseers; and no poor person shall be deemed to have gained a settlement, when the proper notices to contest the settlement have been served, until there has been a hearing before the superintendent thereof, and an order by them made and filed in the office of the county clerk, fixing the settlement of such poor person.

§ 44. Hearing before superintendents.—The county superintendents shall convene whenever required by any overseer pursuant to such notice, and shall hear and determine the controversy, and may award costs, not exceeding fifteen dollars, to the prevailing party, which may be recovered in an action in a court of competent jurisdiction. Witnesses may be allowed fees as in courts of record. The decision of the superintendent shall be final and conclusive, unless an appeal therefrom shall be taken as provided by this chapter.

§ 45. How to compel towns to support poor persons.—The overseers of the poor of the town in which it may be alleged any poor person has gained a settlement, may, at any time after receiving such notice requiring them to provide for such person, take and receive such poor person to their town, and there support him; if they omit to do so, or shall fail to obtain the decision of the county superintendents, so as to exonerate them from the maintenance of such poor person, the charge of giving such notice, and the expense of maintaining such person, after being allowed by the county superintendents, shall be laid before the board of supervisors at their annual meetings from year to year, as long as such expenses shall be incurred, and the supervisors shall annually add the amount of such charges to the tax to be laid upon the town to which such poor person belongs, together with such sum in addition thereto, as will pay the town incurring such expense, the interest thereon, from the time of expenditure to the time of repayment, which sum shall be assessed, levied and collected in the same manner as other charges of such town. Such moneys when collected shall be paid to the county treasurer and be by him credited to the account of the town which incurred the expenses.

§ 46. Proceedings to determine who are county poor.—The support of any poor person shall not be charged to the county, without the approval of the superintendents. If a poor person be sent to the county almshouse as a county poor person, the superintendents, in counties where there are town poor, shall immediately inquire into the facts, and if they are of opinion that such person has a legal settlement in any town of the county, they shall, within thirty days after such poor person shall have been received, give notice to the overseers of the poor of the town to which such poor person belongs that the expenses of such support will be charged to such town, unless the overseers within such time as the superintendents shall appoint, not less than twenty days thereafter, show that such

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town ought not to be so charged. On the application of the overseers, the superintendents shall re-examine the matter and take testimony in relation thereto, and decide the question; which decision shall be conclusive, unless an appeal therefrom shall be taken in the manner provided in this chapter.

§ 47. In counties without almshouse.—In counties having no almshouse, no person shall be supported as a county poor person, without the direction of at least one superintendent. In such cases the overseers of the poor, where such person may be, shall, within ten days after granting him relief, give notice thereof and that such person is not chargeable to their town, to one of the superintendents who shall inquire into the circumstances, and if satisfied that such poor person has not gained a legal settlement in any town of the county, and is not a state poor person, he shall give a certificate to that effect, and that such poor person is chargeable to the county. He shall report every such case to the board of superintendents at their next meeting, who shall affirm such certificate, or, on giving at least eight days' notice to the overseers of the poor of the town interested may annul the same. After hearing the allegations and proofs in the premises, if the superintendent to whom the overseers have given such notice shall neglect or refuse to give such certificate, the overseers may apply to the board of superintendents, who shall summarily hear and determine the matter, and whose decision shall be conclusive, unless an appeal therefrom shall be taken in the manner provided in this chapter. Such appeal may also be taken from the refusal of one superintendent to grant such certificate when there is but one superintendent in the county.

§ 48. Decisions to be entered and filed.—The decisions of county superintendents in relation to the settlement of poor persons, or to their being a charge upon the county, shall be entered in books to be provided for that purpose, and certified by the signature of such of the superintendents as make the same; and a duplicate thereof, certified in the same manner, shall be filed in the office of the county clerk within thirty days after making such decision.

§ 49. Appeal to the county court.—Any or either of the parties interested in a decision of the superintendent of the poor, or in any dispute that shall arise concerning the settlement of any poor person, may appeal from such decision to the county court of the county in which such decision shall be made, by serving upon the other parties interested therein, within thirty days after service upon the appellant of a notice of the same, a notice of appeal, which shall be signed by the appellant or his attorney, and which shall specify the grounds of his appeal. The hearing of such appeal may be brought on by either party in or out of term, upon notice of fourteen days. Upon such appeal a new trial of the matters in dispute shall be had in the county court without a jury, and a decision of the county

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court therein shall be final and conclusive, and the same costs shall be awarded as are allowed on appeals to said court.

For the purposes of this chapter the county court shall be deemed open at all times.

§ 50. Penalty for removing.—Any person who shall send, remove or entice to remove, or bring, or cause to be sent, removed or brought, any poor or indigent person, from any city, town or county, to any other city, town or county, without legal authority, and there leave such person for the purpose of avoiding the charge of such poor or indigent person upon the city, town or county from which he is so sent, removed or brought or enticed to remove, shall forfeit fifty dollars, to be recovered by and in the name of the town, city or county to which such poor person shall be sent, brought or removed, or enticed to remove, and shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

§ 51. Proceedings to compel support.—A poor person so removed, brought or enticed, or who shall of his own accord come or strayed from one city, town or county into any other city, town or county not legally chargeable with his support, shall be maintained by the county superintendents of the county where he may be. They may give notice to either of the overseers of the poor of the town, or city from which he was brought or enticed, or came as aforesaid, if such town or city is liable for his support, and if there be no town or city in the county from which he was brought or enticed or came, liable for his support, then to either of the county superintendents of the poor of such county, within ten days after acquiring knowledge of such improper removal, informing them of such improper removal, and requiring them forthwith to take charge of such poor person: If there be no overseers or superintendents of the poor in such town, city or county, such notice shall be given to the person, by whatever name known, who has charge and care of the poor of such locality.

§ 52. Liability, how contested.—The county superintendents, or overseers, or other persons to whom such notice may be directed may, after the service of such notice, take and remove such poor person to their county, town or city, and there support him, and pay the expense of such notice, and of the support of such person; or they shall, within thirty days after receiving such notice, by a written instrument under their hands, notify the county superintendents from whom such notice was received, or either of them, that they deny the allegation of such improper enticing or removal, or that their town, city or county is liable for the support of such poor person.

§ 53. Neglect to contest.—If there shall be a neglect to take and remove such poor person, and to serve notice of such denial within the time above prescribed, the county superintendents and overseers, respectively, whose duty it was so to do, their successors, and their respective counties, cities or towns, shall be deemed to have acquiesced in the allegations contained in such first notice, and shall be forever precluded

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from contesting the same, and their counties, cities and towns, respectively, shall be liable for the expenses of the support of such poor person, which may be recovered from time to time, by county superintendents incurring such expenses, in the name of their county in actions against the county, city or town so liable.

§ 54. Actions, when and how to be brought.—Upon service of any such notice of denial, the county superintendents upon whom the same may be served, shall, within three months, commence an action in the name of their county, against the town, city or county so liable for the expenses incurred in the support of such poor person, and prosecute the same to effect; if they neglect to do so, their town, city or county, shall be precluded from all claim against the town, city or county to whose officers such first notice was directed.

§ 55. Penalty for bringing foreign poor into this state.—Any person who shall knowingly bring or remove, or cause to be brought or removed, any poor person from any place without this state, into any county, city or town within it, and there leave or attempt to leave such poor person, with intent to make any such county, city or town, or the state, wrongfully chargeable with his support, shall forfeit fifty dollars, to be recovered by an action in a court of competent jurisdiction in the county, and in the name of the county, city or town into which such poor person shall be brought, and shall be obliged to convey such person out of the state, or support him at his own expense, and shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and the court or magistrate before whom any person shall be convicted for a violation of this section shall require of such person satisfactory security that he will within a reasonable time, to be named by the court or magistrate, transport such person out of the state, or indemnify the town, city or county for all charges and expenses which may be incurred in his support; and if such person shall refuse to give such security when so required, the court or magistrate shall commit him to the common jail of the county for a term not exceeding three months.

§ 56. Poor children under sixteen years of age.—No justice of the peace, board of charities, police justice, or other magistrate, or court, shall commit any child under sixteen years of age, as a vagrant, truant or disorderly person, to any jail or county almshouse, but to some reformatory or other institution, as provided for in the case of juvenile delinquents; and when such commitments are made, the justice of the peace, board of charities, police justice, or other magistrate or court making the same, shall immediately give notice to the superintendents of the poor or other authorities having charge of the poor of the county in which the commitment was made, giving the name and age of the person committed, to what institution, and the time for which committed; nor shall any county superintendents, overseers of the poor, board of charity, or other

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officer, send any child under the age of sixteen years, as a poor person, to any county alms-house, for support and care, or retain any such child in such alms-house, but shall provide for such child or children in families, orphan asylums, hospitals, or other appropriate institutions for the support and care of children as provided by law, except that a child under two years of age may be sent with its mother, who is a poor person, to any county alms-house, but not longer than until it is two years of age. The board of supervisors of the several counties, and board of estimate and apportionment of the county of New York, and the appropriate board or body in the county of Kings shall take such action in the matter as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this section. When any such child is committed to an orphan asylum or reformatory, it shall, when practicable, be committed to an asylum or reformatory that is governed or controlled by persons of the same religious faith as the parents of such child.

ARTICLE IV.

SUPPORT OF BASTARDS.

Section 60. Penalty for removing mother of bastard; how supported after removal.

61. Mother and child poor persons; proceedings against county or town from which she was removed.
62. Mother and bastard; how to be supported.
63. Mother and child not to be removed without her consent.
64. Overseers to notify superintendent of cases of bastardy; when county chargeable.
65. Duty of superintendents to provide for mother and child.
66. Until taken charge of by superintendents, to be supported by overseers.
67. Overseers of towns to support bastard and mother, whether chargeable or not.
68. Moneys received by overseers from parents of bastard how applied, and accounted for.
69. When moneys received on account of bastard chargeable to county, how to be disposed of.
70. Disputes concerning settlement of bastard, how determined.
71. Proceedings when bastard is chargeable to another town.
72. Mode of ascertaining sum to be allowed for support of bastard.
73. When mother and child to be removed to county almshouse.
74. Compromise with father of bastard; when mother may receive money.
75. Compromise with putative fathers in New York.

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§ 60. Penalty for removing mother of bastard; how supported after removal.—If the mother of any bastard, or of any child likely to be born a bastard, shall be removed, brought or enticed into any county, city or town from any other county, city or town of this state, for the purpose of avoiding the charge of such bastard or child upon the county, city or town from which she shall have been brought or enticed to remove, the same penalties shall be imposed on every such person so bringing, removing or enticing such mother to remove, as are provided in the case of the fraudulent removal of a poor person. Such mother, if unable to support herself, shall be supported during her confinement and recovery therefrom, and her child shall be supported, by the county superintendents of the poor of the county where she shall be, if no provision be made by the father of such child.

§ 61. Mother and child poor persons; proceedings against county or town from which she was removed.—Such mother and her child shall, in all respects, be deemed poor persons; and the same proceedings may be had by the county superintendents to charge the town, city or county from which she was removed or enticed, for the expense of supporting her and her child, as are provided in the case of poor persons fraudulently or clandestinely removed; and an action may be maintained in the same manner for said expenses and for all expenses properly incurred in apprehending the father of such child, or in seeking to compel its support by such father or its mother.

§ 62. Mother and bastard; how to be supported.—The mother of every bastard, who shall be unable to support herself during her confinement and recovery therefrom, and every bastard, after it is born, shall be supported as other poor persons are required to be supported by the provisions of this chapter, at the expense of the city or town where such bastard shall be born, if the mother have a legal settlement in such city or town, and if it be required to support its own poor; if the mother have a settlement in any other city or town of the same county, which is required to support its own poor, then at the expense of such other city or town; in all other cases, they shall be supported at the expense of the county where such bastard shall be born.

§ 63. Mother and child not to be removed without her consent.—The mother and her child shall not be removed from any city or town to any other city or town in the same county, nor from one county to any other county, in any case whatever, unless voluntarily taken to the county, city or town liable for their support, by the county superintendents of such county or the overseers of the poor of such city or town.

§ 64. Overseers to notify superintendents of cases of bastardy; when county chargeable.—The overseers of the poor of any city or town where a woman shall be pregnant with a child, likely to be born a bastard, or where a bastard shall be born,

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which child or bastard shall be chargeable, or likely to become chargeable to the county, shall, immediately on receiving information of such fact, give notice thereof to the county superintendents, or one of them.

§ 65. Duty of superintendents to provide for mother and child.—The county superintendents shall provide for the support of such bastard and its mother, in the same manner as for the poor of such county.

§ 66. Until taken charge of by superintendents, to be supported by overseers.—Until the county superintendents take charge of and provide for the support of such bastard and its mother so chargeable to the county, the overseers of the poor of the city or town shall maintain and provide for them; and for that purpose, the same proceedings shall be had as for the support of a poor person chargeable to the county, who cannot be conveniently removed to the county almshouse.

§ 67. Overseers of towns to support bastard and mother whether chargeable or not.—Where a woman shall be pregnant with a child likely to be born a bastard, or to become chargeable to a city or town, or where a bastard shall be born chargeable, or likely to become chargeable to a city or town, the overseers of the poor of the city or town where such bastard shall be born, or likely to be born, whether the mother have a legal settlement therein or not, shall provide for the support of such child and the sustenance of its mother during her confinement and recovery therefrom, in the same manner as they are authorized by this chapter to provide for and support the poor of their city or town.

§ 68. Moneys received by overseers from parents of bastard, how applied and accounted for.—Where any money shall be paid to any overseer, pursuant to the order of any two justices, by any putative father, or by the mother of any bastard, the overseers may expend the same directly, in the support of such child, and the sustenance of its mother as aforesaid, without paying the same into the county treasury. They shall annually account, on oath, to the board of town auditors, or to the proper auditing board of a city, at the same time that other town or city officers are required to account for expenditures of all moneys so received by them, and shall pay over the balance in their hands, and under like penalties, as are provided by this chapter, in respect to the poor moneys in their hands.

§ 69. When moneys received on account of bastard chargeable to county; how to be disposed of.—All moneys which shall be ordered to be paid by the putative father, or by the mother of a bastard chargeable to any county, shall be collected for the benefit of such county; and all overseers of the poor, superintendents, sheriffs, and other officers, shall within fifteen days after the receipt of any such moneys, pay the same into the county treasury. Any officer neglecting to make such payment shall be liable to an action by and in the name of the county, for all moneys so received and withheld, with interest from

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the time of receipt, at the rate of ten per centum; and shall forfeit a sum equal to that so withheld, to be sued for and recovered by and in the name of the county.

§ 70. Disputes concerning settlement of bastard, how determined.—When a dispute shall arise concerning the legal settlement of the mother of a bastard, or of a child born or likely to be born a bastard, in any city or town, the same shall be determined by the county superintendents of the poor, upon a hearing of the parties interested, in the same manner and with the same effect as they are authorized to determine the settlement of a poor person under this chapter.

§ 71. Proceedings when bastard is chargeable to another town.—When a bastard shall be born, or be likely to be born in a town or city, when the legal settlement of the mother is in another town or city of the same county, which is required by law to support its own poor, the overseers of the poor of the town or city where such bastard shall be born, or be likely to be born, shall give the like notice to the overseers of the town or city where the mother's settlement may be, as is required in the case of a person becoming a poor person, under the like circumstances, and the same proceedings shall be had, in all respects, to determine the liability of such town or city as in the case of poor persons.

The overseers of the town or city to which the mother of such bastard belongs may, before the confinement of such mother, or at any time after the expiration of two months after her delivery, if her situation will permit it, take and support such mother and her child.

If they omit to do so, and fail to obtain the determination of the county superintendents in their favor on the question of settlement, the town or city to which the mother belongs shall be liable to pay all the expenses of the support of such bastard, and of its mother during her confinement and recovery therefrom; which expenses, after being allowed by the county superintendents, shall be assessed, together with the lawful interest on the moneys expended, on the town or city to which such mother belongs, and shall be collected in the same manner as provided for poor persons supported under the same circumstances, and the moneys so collected, shall be paid to the county treasurer, for the benefit of, and to be credited to, the town which incurred such expenses.

§ 72. Mode of ascertaining sum to be allowed for support of bastard.—When any town is required to support a bastard, and its mother, whether the mother have a settlement in such town or not, and no moneys shall be received from the putative father or from the mother, to defray the expense of such support, the overseers of the poor shall apply to the supervisor of the town and obtain an order for the support of such bastard, and the sustenance of its mother during her confinement and recovery therefrom, and the sum to be allowed therefor, in the same manner as is required in the case of poor persons,

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and the moneys paid or contracted to be paid by the overseer, pursuant to such order, shall be paid by the county treasurer in the same manner as for poor persons, and be charged to the town to whose officers such payment shall be made.

§ 73. When mother and child to be removed to county almshouse.—If there be a county almshouse in any county where the towns are required to support their own poor, the overseers of the poor of a town where a bastard shall be born, or shall be likely to be born, may, with the approval of the county superintendents or any two of them, and when the situation of the mother will allow it, remove the mother of such bastard, with her child, to such almshouse, in the same manner as poor persons may be removed; the expenses of which removal shall be defrayed in like manner, and such mother and her child shall be considered as poor of the town so liable for their support, and the expense shall in like manner be estimated and paid.

§ 74. Compromise with father of bastard; when mother may receive money.—Superintendents and overseers of the poor may make such compromise and arrangements with the putative father of any bastard child within their jurisdiction, relative to the support of such child, as they shall deem equitable and just, and thereupon discharge such putative father from all further liability for the support of such bastard.

Whenever a compromise is made with the putative father of bastard child, the mother of such child, on giving security for the support of the child, and to indemnify the city and county or the town and county, from the maintenance of the child, to the satisfaction of the officers making the compromise, shall be entitled to receive the moneys paid by such putative father as the consideration of such compromise. If the mother of such child shall be unable to give the security, but shall be able and willing to nurse and take care of the child, she shall be paid the same weekly allowance for nursing and taking care of the child, out of the moneys paid by the father on such compromise, as he shall have been liable to pay by the order of filiation; such weekly sum to be paid the mother, may be prescribed, regulated or reduced, as in the case of an order of filiation.

§ 75. Compromise with putative fathers in New York.—The commissioners of public charities of the city of New York, or any two of them, may make such compromise and arrangements with the putative fathers of bastard children in said city, relative to the support of such children, as they shall deem equitable and just, and thereupon may discharge such putative fathers from all further liability for the support of such bastards.

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ARTICLE V.

SOLDIERS, SAILORS AND MARINES.

Section 80. Relief to soldiers and their families.

81. Post to give notice that it assumes charge.
82. Poor or indigent soldiers, et cetera, without families.
83. Burial of soldiers, sailors or marines.
84. Headstones to be provided.

Section 80. Relief to soldiers and their families.—No poor or indigent soldier, sailor, or marine, who was in the military or naval service of the United States, in the late war of the rebellion or in the last war with Mexico, nor his family nor the families of any who may be deceased, shall be sent to any almshouse, except with the approval of the commander and quartermaster of the post of the Grand Army of the Republic of the city or town where such persons reside, or the nearest post thereto, but they shall be relieved and provided for at their homes in the city or town where they may reside, so far as practicable, provided such soldier, sailor or marine of the families of those deceased, are, and have been, residents of the state for one year; and all public officers having power to grant or allow relief to poor persons shall grant and allow all necessary relief to such soldiers, sailors and marines, and their families, and to the families of such as shall have died, whenever the necessity for such relief is known to exist; and they shall also grant such relief upon the written request of the commander and quartermaster of any post of the Grand Army of the Republic of the city or town, made upon the written recommendation of the relief committee of such post; or if there be no post in a town or city in which it is necessary that such relief should be granted, upon the like request of the commander and quartermaster and recommendation of the relief committee of a Grand Army post located in the nearest town or city, to the town or city, requested to so furnish relief, and such written request and recommendation shall be sufficient authority for the expenditures so made.

§ 81. Post to give notice that it assumes charge.—The commander of any such post which shall undertake to supervise relief of poor veterans or their families, as herein provided, before his acts shall become operative in any town, city or county, shall file with the clerk of such town, city or county, a notice that such post intends to undertake such supervision of relief, which notice shall contain the names of the relief committee, commander, and other officers of the post; and also an undertaking to such city, town or county, with sufficient and satisfactory sureties for the faithful and honest discharge of his duties under this article; such undertaking to be approved by the treasurer of the city or county, or the supervisor of the town, from which such relief is to be received. Such commander shall annually thereafter, during the month of October, file a similar notice with said city or town clerk, with a detailed

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statement of the amount of relief requested by him during the preceding year, with the names of all persons for whom such relief shall have been requested, together with a brief statement in each case from the relief committee upon whose recommendation the relief was requested.

§ 82. Poor and indigent soldiers, et cetera, without families.—Poor or indigent soldiers, sailors or marines provided for in this article, who are not insane, and who have no families or friends with whom they may be domiciled, may be sent to a soldiers' home. Any poor or indigent soldier, sailor or marine provided for in this chapter, or any member of the family of any living or deceased soldier, sailor or marine, who may be insane, shall, upon recommendation of the commander and relief committee of such post of the Grand Army of the Republic, within the jurisdiction of which the case may occur, be sent to the proper state hospital for the insane.

§ 83. Burial of soldiers, sailors or marines.—The board of supervisors in each of the counties shall designate some proper person or authority, other than that designated for the care of poor persons, or the custody of criminals, who shall cause to be interred, the body of any honorably discharged soldier, sailor or marine, who served in the army or navy of the United States during the late war of the rebellion, or in the last war with Mexico, who shall hereafter die without leaving means sufficient to defray his funeral expenses, but such expenses shall in no case exceed thirty-five dollars. If the deceased has relatives or friends who desire to conduct the burial, but are unable or unwilling to pay the charges therefor, such sum shall be paid by the county treasurer upon due proof of the claim, and of the death and burial of the soldier, sailor or marine to the person so conducting such burial. Such interment shall not be made in a cemetery or cemetery plot used exclusively for the burial of poor persons deceased.

§ 84. Headstones to be provided.—The grave of any such deceased soldier, sailor or marine shall be marked by a headstone containing the name of the deceased, and, if possible, the organization to which he belonged, or in which he served; such headstone shall cost not more than fifteen dollars, and shall be of such design and material as shall be approved by the board of supervisors, and the expense of such burial and headstone as provided for in this article, shall be a charge upon, and shall be paid by the county in which the said soldier, sailor or marine shall have died; and the board of supervisors of such county is hereby authorized and directed to audit the account and pay the expense of such burial in the same manner as other accounts against said county are audited and paid; provided, however, that in case such deceased soldier, sailor or marine shall be at the time of his death an inmate of any state institution, including state hospitals and soldiers' homes, or any institution supported by the state and supported at public expense therein, the expense of such burials and headstones shall be a charge upon the county of his legal residence.

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ARTICLE VI.

STATE POOR.

Section 90. Who are state poor, and how relieved.

91. Notice to be given to county clerks of location of state almshouse.
92. State poor to be conveyed to state almshouses.
93. Punishment for leaving almshouse.
94. Expenses for support.
95. Duties of keeper ; superintendent of state and alien poor to keep record of names.
96. Visitation of almshouses.
97. Insane poor.
98. Care of and binding out of state poor children.
99. Transfer to other states or countries.
100. Power of superintendent of state and alien poor.
101. Indian poor persons; removal to county almshouses.
102. Contracts for support of Indian poor persons.
103. Expenses for support of Indian poor persons.
104. Duty of keepers ; superintendent of state and alien poor to keep record.

Section 9. Who are state poor and how relieved.—Any poor person who shall not have resided sixty days in any county in this state within one year preceding the time of an application by him for aid to any superintendent or overseer of the poor, or other officer charged with the support and relief of poor persons, shall be deemed to be a state poor person, and shall be maintained as in this article provided. The state board of charities shall, from time to time, on behalf of the state, contract for such time, and on such terms as it may deem proper, with the authorities of not more than fifteen counties or cities of this state, for the reception and support, in the almshouses of such counties or cities respectively, of such poor persons as may be committed thereto. Such board may establish rules and regulations for the discipline, employment, treatment and care of such poor persons, and for their discharge. Every such contract shall be in writing, and filed in the office of such board. Such almshouses, while used for the purposes of this article, shall be appropriately designated by such board and known as state almshouses. Such board may, from time to time, direct the transfer of any such poor person from one almshouse to another, and may give notice from time to time to counties, to which almshouses they shall send poor persons.

§ 91. Notice to be given to county clerks of location of state almshouses.—Such board shall give notice to the county clerks of the several counties of the location of each of such almshouses, who thereupon shall cause such notice to be duly promulgated to the superintendents and overseers of the poor, and other officers charged with the support and relief of poor persons in their respective counties. A circular from the superin-

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tendent of state and alien poor appointed by such board shall accompany such notice, giving all necessary information respecting the commitment, support and care of the state poor in such almshouses, according to the provisions of this article.

§ 92. State poor to be conveyed to state almshouses.—County superintendents of the poor, or officers exercising like powers, on satisfactory proof being made that the person so applying for relief as a state poor person, as defined by this chapter, is such poor person, shall, by a warrant issued to any proper person or officer, cause such person, if not a child under sixteen years of age, to be conveyed to the nearest state almshouse, where he shall be maintained until duly discharged, but a child under two years of age may be sent with its mother, who is a state poor person, to such state almshouse, but not longer than until it is two years of age. All testimony taken in any such proceeding shall be forwarded, within five days thereafter, to the superintendent of state and alien poor, and a verified statement of the expenses incurred by the person in making such removal, shall be sent to such superintendent. Such board shall examine and audit the same, and allow the whole, or such parts thereof, as have been actually and necessarily incurred; provided that no allowance shall be made to any person for his time or service in making such removal. All such accounts for expense, when so audited and allowed, shall be paid by the state treasurer, on the warrant of the comptroller, to the person incurring the same.

§ 93. Punishment for leaving almshouse.—An inmate of a state almshouse, who shall leave the same without being duly discharged, and within one year thereafter is found in any city or town of this state soliciting public or private aid, shall be punished by confinement in the county jail of the county in which he is so found, or in any work house of this state in such county, for a term not exceeding three months, by any court of competent jurisdiction; and it shall be the duty of every superintendent and overseer of the poor and other officers charged with the support and relief of poor persons, to cause, as far as may be, the provisions of this section to be enforced.

§ 94. Expenses for support.—The expenses for the support, treatment and care of all poor persons who shall be sent as state poor to such almshouses, shall be paid quarterly, on the first day of January, April, July and October in each year, to the treasurer of the county, or proper city officers incurring the same, by the treasurer of the state, on the warrant of the comptroller; but no such expenses shall be paid to any county or city, until an account of the number of persons thus supported, and the time that each shall have been respectively maintained, shall have been rendered in due form and approved by the state board of charities.

§ 95. Duty of keepers; superintendent of state and alien poor to keep record of names.—The keeper or principal officer in charge of such almshouse shall enter the names of all persons

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received by him pursuant to this article, with such particulars in reference to each as the board, from time to time may prescribe, together with the name of the superintendent by whom the commitment was made, in a book to be kept for that purpose. Within three days after the admission of any such person, such keeper or principal officer shall transmit the name of such person, with the particulars hereinbefore mentioned, to the superintendent of state and alien poor; and notice of the death, discharge or absconding of any such person shall in like manner and within the time above named, be thus sent to such superintendent. Such superintendent shall cause the names of such persons in each such almshouse furnished as above provided for, to be entered in a book to be kept for that purpose in the office of such board, and he shall verify the correctness thereof by comparison with the books kept in such almshouse, and by personal examination of the several inmates thereof, and in any other manner the board may from time to time direct; and he shall furnish the board, in tabulated statements, on or before the second Tuesday in January, annually, the number of inmates maintained in each and all of such almshouses during the preceding year, the number discharged, transferred to other institutions, bound out or removed from the state, and the number who died or left without permission during the year, with such other particulars and information as the board may require.

§ 96. Visitation of almshouse.—The superintendent of state and alien poor shall visit and inspect each of such almshouses, at least once in each three months, and at such other times as he may deem expedient, or as the board may direct. And he shall also visit and inspect all almshouses in which are Indians who are poor persons at least once a year. For the purposes of all such inspections, the superintendent shall possess all the powers of a member of the board and the further powers hereinafter mentioned. The officer in charge of each and every almshouse shall give to such superintendent free access to all parts of the ground, buildings, hospitals and other arrangements connected therewith, and to every inmate thereof, and extend to him the same facilities for the inspection of such almshouse and its inmates, as is required by law to be extended to such board of commissioners; and, in default thereof, such officer shall be subject to the same penalty as if access were denied to any member of the board. Such board shall also cause each of such almshouses to be visited periodically by some of its members, who shall examine into their condition and management, respectively, and make such report thereof to the board as may be deemed proper.

§ 97. Insane poor.—If any inmate of any such almshouse becomes insane, such superintendent of state and alien poor shall cause his removal to the appropriate state hospital for the insane, and he shall be received by the officer in charge of such hospital, and be maintained therein until duly discharged.

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§ 98. Care and binding out of state poor children.—Such superintendent of state and alien poor shall cause the state poor children, under sixteen years of age, unless committed with the mother as hereinbefore provided by this chapter, to be maintained and cared for at such orphan asylums in this state as he may deem proper; and the expenses thereof shall be paid by the state treasurer on the certificate of such superintendent and the warrant of the comptroller. Such superintendent, in his discretion, may bind out a state poor orphan or indigent child which may be committed to any such state almshouse, or placed in any orphan asylum, if a male child under twenty-one years, if a female under the age of eighteen, to be clerks, apprentices or servants until such child, if a male, be twenty-one years old, or if a female, shall be eighteen years old, which binding shall be as effectual as if such child had bound himself with the consent of his parents or other legal guardian.

§ 99. Transfer to other states or countries.—When any person becomes an inmate of any such almshouse, and expresses a preference to be sent to any state or country where he may have a legal settlement, or friends willing to support him or to aid in supporting him, the superintendent of state and alien poor may cause his removal to such state or country, provided, in the judgment of the superintendent, the interest of the state and the welfare of such poor person will be thereby promoted.

§ 100. Powers of superintendent of state and alien poor.—The superintendent of state and alien poor shall possess and exercise the like powers, and be subject to the like duties as to the state poor as superintendents of the poor exercise and are subject to in the care and support of county poor. In the absence or illness of the superintendent such powers and duties may be performed and discharged, by any person appointed by the state board of charities for such purpose.

§ 101. Indian poor persons; removal to county almshouse.—Every Indian residing within this state or upon any of the Indian reservations of this state, who is a poor person within the meaning of this chapter, shall be maintained as provided in this article. Upon application being made by such Indian poor person to the superintendent of the poor of the county where such Indian resides, or to any other officer charged with the support and relief of the poor, and on satisfactory proof being made that such Indian is a poor person as defined in this chapter, such superintendent or other officer shall by warrant, cause such Indian to be conveyed to the almshouse of the county where such Indian resides, where he shall be maintained at state expense. Immediately upon the removal of such Indian who is a poor person to such almshouse, all testimony taken and all facts relating thereto, together with a verified statement of the expenses incurred in making such removal, shall be transmitted to the state board of charities. Such board shall examine all matters relating thereto, and if satisfied that such removal was proper, and that the expenses thereof were

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actually and necessarily incurred, shall audit and allow the amount of such expenses, which when so audited and allowed shall be paid by the state treasurer, on the warrant of the comptroller, to the person incurring the same.

If, however, it shall appear to the satisfaction of such superintendent that the Indian poor person making application for relief is in such physical condition as to make it improper to remove him to the almshouse, the superintendent may, subject to such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the state board of charities, provide for the care and support of such Indian poor person, without removing him to the almshouse, and the expenses incurred in such care and support shall be paid by the state treasurer on the warrant of the comptroller, upon the order and allowance thereof by the state board of charities as in cases of support of Indian poor persons in almshouses.

§ 102. Contracts for support of Indian poor persons.—The state board of charities, shall from time to time, on behalf of the state, contract with the proper officers of the county within which such Indians who are poor persons reside, on such terms and for such times as it may deem proper, for the reception and support in the almshouse of such counties of such Indians who are poor persons as may be committed thereto. Such board may establish rules and regulations for the discipline, treatment and care of such Indians and provide for their discharge. Every such contract shall be in writing and filed in the office of such board.

§ 103. Expenses for support of Indian poor persons.—The expenses for the support, treatment and care of all Indians who are poor persons and shall be sent to such county almshouse pursuant to this chapter, shall be paid quarterly on the first day of January, April, July and October in each year, to the treasurer of the county wherein such Indians are supported, by the state treasurer, on the warrant of the comptroller, but no such expenses shall be paid until an account of the number of Indians thus supported, and the time that each shall have been respectively maintained shall have been rendered in due form and approved by the state board of charities.

§ 104. Duty of keepers; superintendent of state and alien poor to keep record.—The keeper or principal officer in charge of such almshouse shall enter the names of all Indians committed thereto, with such particulars in relation thereto as the state board of charities may prescribe. Immediately upon the admission of any such Indian, such keeper or principal officer shall transmit by mail the names of such Indians, with the particulars hereinbefore mentioned, to the superintendent of state and alien poor; and notice of the death, discharge or absconding of any such Indian shall in like manner be transmitted to such superintendent. Such superintendent shall cause the names of such Indians in such county almshouse to be entered in a book to be kept for that purpose in the office of

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such board, and he shall verify the correctness thereof by comparison with the books kept in the almshouse by personal examination of such Indians or in such other manner as the board may direct; and he shall furnish the board in tabulated statements, annually on or before the second Tuesday in January, the number of Indians maintained in all such county almshouses during the preceding year, the number discharged, bound out, removed from the state, and the number who died or left without permission during the year, with such other information as the board may require.

ARTICLE VII.

DUTIES OF STATE BOARD OF CHARITIES; POWERS OF STATE CHARITIES AID ASSOCIATION.

Section 115. Duties of state board of charities relating to the poor.

116. Visitation and inspection of almshouses.

117. Investigations by board or committee; orders thereon.

118. Almshouse construction and administration.

119. Duties of the attorney-general and district attorneys.

120. State, nonresident and alien poor.

121. Visits by the state charities aid association.

Section 115. Duties of the state board of charities relating to the poor.—The state board of charities shall:

1. Investigate the condition of the poor seeking public aid and devise measures for their relief.

2. Administer the laws providing for the care, support and removal of state and alien poor and the support of Indian poor persons.

3. Advise the officers of almshouses in the performance of their official duties.

4. Collect statistical information in respect to the property, receipts and expenditures of all almshouses, and the number and condition of the inmates thereof.

§ 116. Visitation and inspection of almshouses.—Any commissioner or officer of the state board of charities, or any inspector duly appointed by it for that purpose, may visit and inspect any almshouse in this state. On such visits inquiry shall be made to ascertain:

1. Whether the rules and regulations of the board, in respect to such almshouse, are fully complied with.

2. Its methods of industrial, educational and moral training, if any, and whether the same are best adapted to the needs of its inmates.

3. The condition of its finances generally.

4. The methods of government and discipline of its inmates.

5. The qualifications and general conduct of its officers and employes.

6. The condition of its grounds, buildings and other property.

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7. Any other matter connected with, or pertinent to, its usefulness and good management.

Any commissioner or officer of the board, or inspector duly appointed by it, shall have free access to the grounds, buildings, books and papers relating to such almshouse, and may require from the officers and persons in charge, any information it may deem necessary. Such board may prepare regulations according to age, and provide blanks and forms upon which such information shall be furnished, in a clear, uniform and prompt manner for the use of the board; any such officer or inspector who shall divulge or communicate to any person without the knowledge and consent of such board, any facts or information obtained in pursuance of the provisions of this chapter, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall at once be removed from office. The annual reports of each year shall give the results of such inquiry, with the opinion and conclusions of the board relating to the same. Any officer, superintendent or employee of any such almshouse who shall willfully refuse to admit any member, officer or inspector of the board, for the purpose of visitation and inspection, and who shall refuse or neglect to furnish the opinion required by the board, or any of its members, officers or inspectors, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and subject to a fine of one hundred dollars for each such refusal or neglect. The rights and powers hereby conferred may be enforced by an order of the supreme court after such notice as the court may prescribe, and an opportunity to be heard thereon, or by indictment by the grand jury of the county, or both.

§ 117. Investigations by board of committee; orders thereon.—The board may, by order, direct an investigation by a committee of one or more of its members, of the officers and managers of any almshouse, or of the conduct of its officers and employes; and the commissioner or commissioners so designated to make such investigation may issue compulsory process for the attendance of witnesses and the production of books and papers, administer oaths, examine persons under oath, and exercise the same powers in respect to such proceeding as belong to referees appointed by the supreme court.

If it shall appear, after such investigation, that the inmates of the almshouse are cruelly, negligently or improperly treated, or inadequate provision is made for their sustenance, clothing, care and supervision, or other condition necessary to their comfort and well being, such board may issue an order in the name of the people, and under its official seal, directed to the proper officer of such almshouse, requiring him to modify such treatment or apply such remedy, or both, as shall therein be specified. Before such order is issued it must be approved by a justice of the supreme court, after such notice as he may subscribe, and an opportunity to be heard thereon, and any person to whom such an order is directed who shall willfully refuse to obey the same shall, upon conviction, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor.

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§ 118. Almshouse construction and administration.—No almshouse shall be built or reconstructed, in whole or in part, except on plans and designs approved in writing by the state board of charities. It shall be the duty of such board to call the attention, in writing or otherwise, of the board of supervisors and the superintendent of the poor, or other proper officer, in any county, of any abuses, defects or evils, which, on inspection, it may find in the almshouse of such county, or in the administration thereof, and such county officer shall take proper action thereon, with a view to proper remedies, in accordance with the advice of such board.

§ 119. Duties of the attorney-general and district attorneys.—If, in the opinion of the state board of charities, or any three members thereof, any matter in regard to the management or affairs of any such almshouse, or any inmate or person in any way connected therewith, require legal investigation or action of any kind, notice thereof may be given by the board, or any three members thereof, to the attorney-general, who shall thereupon make inquiry and take such proceedings in the premises as he may deem necessary and proper. It shall be the duty of the attorney-general and of every district attorney when so required to furnish such legal assistance, counsel or advice as the board may require in the discharge of its duties under this chapter.

§ 120. State, nonresident and alien poor.—The state board of charities, and any of its members or officers, may, at any time, visit and inspect any almshouse to ascertain if any inmates are state charges, nonresidents, or alien poor; and it may cause to be removed to the state or country from which he came, any such nonresident or alien poor found in any such almshouse.

§ 121. Visit by the state charities aid association.—Any justice of the supreme court, on written application of the state charities aid association, through its president or other officer designated by its board of managers, may grant to such persons as may be named in such application, orders to enable such persons, or any of them, as visitors of such association, to visit, inspect and examine, in behalf of such association, any almshouse within the state. The person so appointed to visit, inspect and examine such almshouse and almshouses, shall reside in the county or counties from which such almshouse or almshouses receive their or some of their inmates, and such appointment shall be made by a justice of the supreme court of the judicial district in which such visitors reside. Each order shall specify the almshouse to be visited, inspected and examined, and the name of each person by whom such visitation, inspection and examination shall be made, and shall be in force for one year from the date on which it shall have been granted, unless sooner revoked.

All persons in charge of any such almshouse shall admit each person named in any such order into every part of such almshouse, and render to such person every possible facility to

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enable him to make in a thorough manner such visit, inspection and examination, which are hereby declared to be for a public purpose and to be made with a view to public benefit. Obedience to the orders herein authorized shall be enforced in the same manner as obedience is enforced to an order or mandate of a court of record.

Such association shall make an annual report to the state board of charities upon matters relating to the almshouse subject to its visitation. Such reports shall be made on or before the first day of November for each preceding fiscal year.

ARTICLE VIII.

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

Section 130. Superintendents and overseers may redeem on sheriff's sale.

131. Redemption, how made.

132. Moneys therefor, and how paid.

133. When warrant of seizure may be discharged.

134. Boards of supervisors may abolish or revive distinction between town and county poor.

135. Overseers, when to pay money to county treasurer.

136. Invested town money.

137. Report by supervisors.

138. Register of sex and age.

139. Care of poor persons not to be put up at auction.

140. Reports of certain other officers.

141. Almshouse commissioners to report.

142. Report of state board of charities.

§ 130. Superintendents and overseers may redeem on sheriff's sale.—County superintendents and overseers of the poor may redeem real property, which may have been seized by them pursuant to sections nine hundred and twenty-one to nine hundred and twenty-six of the code of criminal procedure, the same as judgment creditors under section fourteen hundred and thirty to fourteen hundred and seventy-eight of the code of civil procedure. No such redemption shall be made, unless at the time of such redemption the seizure of the property sought to be redeemed, shall have been confirmed by the county court of the county where the premises may be situated, nor unless such property shall, at the time of making such redemption, be held by the superintendents or overseers, under and by virtue of such seizure.

§ 131. Redemption, how made.—To entitle such superintendents or overseers to acquire the title of the original purchaser, or to be substituted as purchaser from any other creditor, they shall present to and leave with such purchaser or creditor, or the officer who made the sale, the following evidence of their right:

1. A copy of the order of the county court, confirming the warrant and seizure of such property, duly verified by the clerk of the court.

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2. An affidavit of one of the superintendents or overseers that such property is held by them under such warrant and seizure, and that the same have not been discharged, but are then in full force.

§ 132. Moneys, therefor, and how paid.—The superintendents or overseers of the poor may, for the purpose of making such redemption, use any moneys in their hands belonging to the poor funds of their respective towns or counties, which moneys shall be replaced, together with the interest thereon, out of the first moneys which may be received by them from the rent or sale of the premises so redeemed.

§ 133. When warrant of seizure may be discharged.—If such redemption shall be made, and the person against whom the warrant was issued and seizure made shall apply to have the warrant discharged, he shall, before such warrant and seizure are discharged, in addition to the security required to be given by section nine hundred and twenty-four of the code of criminal procedure, pay to such superintendents or overseers the sum paid by them to redeem such property, together with interest thereon, from the time of such redemption.

§ 134. Boards of supervisors may abolish or revive distinction between town and county poor.—The board of supervisors of any county may, at an annual meeting or at a special meeting called for that purpose, by resolution, abolish or revive the distinction between town and county poor of such county, by a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to such board, and until such abolition or revival, such county, or the towns therein, shall continue to maintain and support their poor as at the time when this chapter shall take effect. The clerk of the board shall, within thirty days after such determination, serve, or cause to be served, a copy of the resolution upon the clerk of each town, village or city within such county, and upon each of the superintendents and overseers of the poor therein. Upon filing such determination to abolish the distinction between town and county poor, duly certified by the clerk of the board, in the office of the county clerk, the poor of the county shall thereafter be maintained, and the expense thereof defrayed, by the county; and all costs and charges attending the examinations, conveyance, support and necessary expenses of poor persons therein, shall be a charge upon the county. Such charges and expenses shall be reported by the superintendent of the poor, to the board of supervisors, and shall be assessed, levied and collected the same as other county charges.

§ 135. Overseers, when to pay money to county treasurer.—Within three months after notice shall have been served upon the overseers of the poor, that the distinction between town and county poor has been abolished, they shall pay over all moneys which shall remain in their hands as overseers for the use of their town, after discharging all demands against them, to the county treasurer, to be applied by him toward the future taxes of such town; and all moneys thereafter received by

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them, as such overseers, for the use of the poor of their town, shall be paid by them to the county treasurer within three months after receiving the same, and by him credited to the town whose overseer shall have paid the same. It shall be the duty of all officers or persons to pay to the county treasurer all moneys which shall be received for, or owing by them to the overseers of the poor of any such town, for the use of the poor thereof, pursuant to any law or obligation requiring the same to be paid to such overseers, and credited by such county treasurer to the town for whose use such moneys were received or owing. Any overseer or other person having received or owing such moneys, who shall neglect or refuse to pay the same within thirty days after demand thereof, shall be liable to an action therefor, with interest at the rate of ten per cent thereon, by such county treasurer, in the name of his county.

§ 136. Invested town money.—When any town shall have any moneys raised for the support of the poor, invested in the name of the overseers of the poor of such town, such overseers shall continue to have the control thereof, and shall apply the interest arising therefrom to the support of the poor of their town, so long as such town shall be liable to support its own poor, but when relieved from such liability by a vote of the supervisors of the county, the money so raised and invested shall be applied to the payment of such taxes upon the town, as the inhabitants thereof shall at an annual town meeting, or a special town meeting called for that purpose determine.

§ 137. Report by supervisors.—The supervisor of every town in counties where all the poor are not a county charge, shall report to the clerk of the board of supervisors, within fifteen days after the accounts of the overseers of the poor have been settled by the town board at its first annual meeting in each year, an abstract of all such accounts, which shall exhibit the number of poor persons that have been relieved or supported in such town the preceding year, specifying the number of county poor, and town poor, the whole expense of such support, the allowance made to overseers, justices, constables, or other officers, which shall not comprise any part of the actual expenses of maintaining the poor.

§ 138. Register of sex and age.—In addition to the general register of the inmates of the various almshouses, there shall be kept a record of the sex, age, birthplace, birth of parents, education, habits, occupation, condition of ancestors and family relations, and cause of dependence of each person at the time of admission, with such other facts and particulars in relation thereto as may be required by the state board of charities, upon forms prescribed and furnished by such board. Superintendents and overseers of the poor, and other officers charged with the relief and support of poor persons, shall furnish to the keepers or other officers in charge of such almshouses, as full informa-

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tion as practicable in relation to each person sent or brought by them to such almshouse, and such keepers or other officers, shall record the information ascertained at the time of the admission of such person, on the forms so furnished. All such records shall be preserved in such almshouses, and the keepers and other officers in charge thereof shall make copies of the same on the first day of each month, and immediately forward such copies to the state board of charities.

§ 139. Care of poor persons not to be put up at auction.—No officer or persons whose duty it may be to provide for the maintenance, care or support of poor persons at public expense, shall put up at auction or sale, the keeping, care or maintenance of any such poor person to the lowest bidder, and every contract which may be entered into in violation of this provision shall be void.

§ 140. Reports of certain other officers.—The provisions of this chapter, relating to reports by superintendents of the poor, to the state board of charities, and the penalties applicable thereto, are hereby extended to, and made applicable to the commissioners of public charities for the city and county of New York, the superintendent of the almshouse of the county of Albany, the keeper of the almshouse of the county of Putnam, the commissioners of the almshouse elected in the cities of Newburgh and Poughkeepsie, and all poor officials elected or appointed in other cities of this state, under general or special acts of the legislature.

§ 141. Almshouse commissioners to report.—The commissioners of the almshouse of the cities of Newburgh and Poughkeepsie, and the poor officers of other cities chosen under special acts of the legislature, shall annually, on the first day of December, report to the superintendent of the poor of their respective counties such statistics as, from time to time, may be required to be reported in the other cities and towns under the provisions of this chapter.

§ 142. Report of state board of charities.—The state board of charities shall include in its annual report to the legislature the results of the information obtained from the reports to be made to it as herein provided. It shall also, from time to time, furnish to the officials so required to report to it, necessary forms, blanks and instructions required in making up such reports.

ARTICLE IX.

LAWS REPEALED ; WHEN TO TAKE EFFECT.

Section 150. Laws repealed.

151. When to take effect.

§ 150. Laws repealed.—Of the laws enumerated in the schedule hereto annexed, that portion specified in the last column is repealed.

§ 151. When to take effect.—This chapter shall take effect on the first day of October, eighteen hundred and ninety-six.

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SCHEDULE OF LAWS REPEALED.

Revised Statutes, part I, ch. 20, tit. I.....		All.
Revised Statutes, part I, ch. 20, tit. VI.....		All.
Laws of	Chapter.	Sections.
1828.....	6.....	All.
1830.....	320.....	8, 9.
1831.....	277.....	All.
1832.....	26.....	All.
1834.....	236.....	All.
1838.....	202.....	All.
1842.....	214.....	All.
1845.....	334.....	All.
1846.....	245.....	All.
1848.....	176.....	All.
1849.....	100.....	All.
1851.....	532.....	All.
1853.....	70.....	All.
1854.....	188.....	All.
1855.....	269.....	All.
1862.....	473.....	All.
1870.....	424.....	All.
1872.....	38.....	All.
1872.....	48.....	All.
1873.....	661.....	All.
1874.....	464.....	All.
1875.....	140.....	All.
1875.....	173.....	All.
1875.....	308.....	All.
1876.....	266.....	All.
1878.....	404.....	All.
1879.....	240.....	All.
1881.....	203.....	All.
1881.....	398.....	All.
1881.....	574.....	All.
1883.....	247.....	All.
1884.....	319.....	All.
1885.....	34.....	All.
1885.....	546.....	All.
1887.....	216.....	All.
1887.....	655.....	All.
1887.....	706.....	All.
1888.....	261.....	All.
1888.....	486.....	All.
1890.....	420.....	All.
1892.....	698.....	All.
1893.....	42.....	All.
1894.....	436.....	All.
1894.....	663.....	All.
1895.....	783.....	All.

Authorizing the city of Brooklyn to establish and maintain a disciplinary training school for boys, to be known as the "Brooklyn Disciplinary Training School for Boys," and to authorize the commitment thereto by magistrates and courts, of boys under fourteen years of age who shall be vagrants or convicted of certain offenses in the city.

See chap. 508, L. 1897.

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Chapter 235

Making an appropriation of \$50,000 for the New York State Home for the Aged, Dependent Veteran and his Wife, Veterans' Mothers, Widows and Army Nurses, residents of New York State.

Chapter 236

Authorizing the transfer of Indian children from the Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children to other asylums, hospitals or institutions for the care and custody of orphan, dependent or sick children, and to provide for their maintenance therein.

Chapter 242

Act for the protection of fur-bearing animals in Wayne county.

Chapter 251

Moiety of penalties for violation to be credited to the town poor fund.

Act to prevent monopolies in articles of general necessity, chapter 716, Laws 1893, amended.

Chapter 267

The Domestic Relations Law, chapter 48 of the general laws.

Chapter 272

Article 1. Unlawful marriages (sections 1 to 4).

Article 2. Solemnization, proof and effect of marriage (sections 10 to 16).

Article 3. Certain rights and liabilities of husband and wife (sections 20 to 29).

Article 4. The custody and wages of children (sections 40 to 42).

Article 5. Guardians (sections 50 to 54).

See chap. 159, L. 1899.

Article 6. The adoption of children (sections 60 to 68).

See chap. 408, L. 1897; chap. 498, L. 1899.

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Article 7. Apprentices and servants (sections 70 to 77).

See chap. 448, L. 1899.

Article 8. Laws repealed, when to take effect (sections 90 and 91).

Chapter 307

Incorporating the "Westchester Firemen's Association of the city of New York," for affording relief to indigent, disabled firemen and their families.

Chapter 344

Binghamton city charter, chapter 214, Laws 1888, amended.

A sum not exceeding \$10,000 to be raised annually to aid in defraying the expenses of a nonsectarian city hospital.

Chapter 345

Making an appropriation of \$75,000 for improvements of the New York State Reformatory, Elmira.

Chapter 352

To divide the town of Lenox, Madison county, and to erect the towns of Oneida and Lincoln therefrom, defining the boundaries of said towns and providing for the election of town officers therein.

Section 4. There shall be one overseer of the poor for said town of Lenox who shall now reside within that part of the said town, which by the provisions hereof is to constitute the said new town of Oneida, and shall by virtue of this act be and remain overseer of the poor in and for said town of Oneida.

Section 6. Provides for overseer of poor of remaining town of Lenox.

Chapter 371

Authorizing the issuing of licenses to honorably discharged soldiers, sailors and marines for hawking, peddling and vending of merchandise within the State.

See chap. 659, L. 1899.

Chapter 376

The Domestic Commerce Law.

Article 1. Weights and measures (sections 1 to 17).

Article 2. Regulations of trade and business (sections 20 to 40).

Section 27. The mayor and common council of every city shall by ordinance or resolution provide for the

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proper enforcement of the provisions of the preceding sections of this article, and in every such city, the moneys collected by the city as penalties for the violation of any such ordinance or resolution, or of any of such provisions, shall be applied to the support of the poor therein, except in Brooklyn, where they shall be paid into the Widows and Orphans' Fund of the fire department, and except in Buffalo, where they shall be paid to the treasurer of the Firemen's Benevolent Association of the city for its use and benefit.

Article 4, section 60. Peddlers. Application for license.

Section 61. Licenses.

Section 62. Penalties.

Section 63. Arrest and conviction of offender.

Section 63. The overseers of the poor shall see that the provisions of this article regarding peddlers are enforced in their respective towns.

The Benevolent Orders Law.

Chapter 377

See chap. 141, L. 1897.

Making an appropriation of \$150,000 for the Eastern New York Reformatory for improvements.

Chapter 381

Regulating the employment of women and children in mercantile establishments and providing for the enforcement of the same.

Chapter 384

See chap. 415, L. 1897; chap. 184, L. 1903.

Corporate name of Czwarty Pulk Ulanow Association of Buffalo changed to the "Czwarty Pulk Ulanow Polskich pod opieka Matki Boski Czestochowski of Buffalo, New York."

Chapter 385

The land belonging to the State and occupied by the Long Island State Hospital in the town of Smithtown, Suffolk county, shall be assessed and taxed at a like valuation and rate as a similar land of individuals within said town and in the same manner as other lands are assessed and taxed, until the indebtedness of said town of Smithtown contracted prior to the acqui-

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tion of the land aforesaid by the State shall be paid and discharged.

Chapter 397

Brooklyn city charter, section 20, title 2, chapter 583, Laws 1888, amended relating to appropriations for hospitals and dispensaries as follows:

Four thousand dollars to the Brooklyn hospital (formerly city hospital); four thousand dollars to the Long Island College Hospital; four thousand dollars to the Brooklyn Homœopathic Hospital; fifteen hundred dollars to the Brooklyn Central Dispensary; fifteen hundred dollars to the Brooklyn City Dispensary; fifteen hundred dollars to the Brooklyn Eclectic Dispensary; fifteen hundred dollars to the Brooklyn Homœopathic Dispensary; five thousand dollars to the Brooklyn Eastern District Dispensary and Hospital (formerly the Williamsburgh Dispensary); fifteen hundred dollars to the Long Island College Dispensary; fifteen hundred dollars to the Gates Avenue Homœopathic Dispensary; four thousand dollars to the Brooklyn Nursery and Infants' Hospital; fifteen hundred dollars to the Brooklyn Eastern District Homœopathic Dispensary (formerly the Williamsburgh Homœopathic Dispensary); twenty-five hundred dollars to the Brooklyn Maternity (formerly Brooklyn Lying-in Asylum); twenty-five hundred dollars to the Eye and Ear Hospital of the city of Brooklyn; one thousand dollars to the Southern Dispensary and Hospital; fifteen hundred dollars to the Orthopedic Dispensary; four thousand dollars to the Saint Peter's Hospital; fifteen hundred dollars to the Saint Peter's Dispensary; two thousand dollars to the Atlantic Avenue Dispensary; one thousand dollars to the Saint Mary's Dispensary; two thousand dollars to the Brooklyn Diet Dispensary; fifteen hundred dollars to the Saint Catharine's Dispensary; four thousand dollars to the Saint Catharine's Hospital; one thousand dollars to the Helping Hand

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Society of Brooklyn; one thousand dollars to the Sheltering Arms Nursery of Brooklyn; four thousand dollars to the Brooklyn Home for Consumptives; four thousand dollars to the Memorial Hospital for Women and Children; four thousand dollars to the Saint Mary's General Hospital of the city of Brooklyn; fifteen hundred dollars to the Central Homœopathic Dispensary; fifteen hundred dollars to the Memorial Dispensary; fifteen hundred dollars to the Bushwick and East Brooklyn Dispensary; fifteen hundred dollars to the Dispensary of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Saint Mary's Hospital of the city of Brooklyn; four thousand dollars to the Methodist Episcopal Hospital of the city of Brooklyn; two thousand dollars to the Saint Mary's Female Hospital; fifteen hundred dollars to the Lutheran Hospital Association of the city of New York and vicinity; four thousand dollars to the Brooklyn Throat Hospital; two thousand dollars to the Bedford Dispensary and Hospital; six thousand dollars in the statement and estimate in the year eighteen hundred and ninety-six, and four thousand dollars in each year thereafter to the Saint Martha's Sanitarium and Dispensary; three thousand dollars to the Central Throat Hospital and Polyclinic Dispensary; three thousand dollars to the Long Island Throat Hospital and Eye Infirmary (formerly the Long Island Throat and Lung Hospital and People's Dispensary Association); four thousand dollars to the Norwegian Lutheran Deaconesses' Home and Hospital; two thousand and five hundred dollars to the Brooklyn Home for Aged Colored People; three thousand dollars to the Saint Mary's Maternity and Infants' Home; two thousand dollars to the Memorial Training School for Nurses; four thousand dollars to the Church Charity Foundation of Long Island for its hospital; twenty-five hundred dollars to the Home of Saint Giles the

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Cripple; three thousand dollars to the Bushwick Hospital; four thousand dollars to the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children; two thousand dollars to the Brooklyn Training School and Home for Young Girls; fifteen hundred dollars to the dispensary of the Methodist Episcopal Hospital; twenty-five hundred dollars to the Low Maternity; fifteen hundred dollars to the Brooklyn Hospital dispensary; two thousand dollars to the Society for the Aid of Friendless Women and Children; two thousand dollars to the Stone Maternity of Brooklyn; fifteen hundred dollars to Saint Phebe's Mission; fifteen hundred dollars to the Orphan Asylum Society of the city of Brooklyn; four thousand dollars in the statement and estimate in the year eighteen hundred and ninety-six, and two thousand five hundred dollars in each year thereafter to the Industrial Home for the Blind; one thousand dollars to the Homœopathic Hospital Association of Brooklyn; fifteen hundred dollars to the Brooklyn Industrial School Association and Home for Destitute Children; fifteen hundred dollars to the Industrial Home School Association of Brooklyn, Eastern District; twenty-five hundred dollars to the Maternity of the Long Island College Hospital; fifteen hundred dollars to the Twenty-sixth Ward Homœopathic Dispensary; such several sums of money to be paid to the several institutions in consideration of their contracting to render and rendering medical and surgical aid and treatment to the poor of the city of Brooklyn who may apply to them therefor.

Chapter 403

The corporate name of the Grand Court of the State of New York, of the Ancient Order of Foresters of America changed to the "Grand Court of the State of New York, of the Foresters of America."

Chapter 405

Amending section 20 of chapter 363, Laws 1894, to establish an epileptic colony and making an appropriation therefor, in relation to moneys derived from sales of products.

Amending section 291 of the Penal Code, relating to commitment and trial of children for violation of:

See chap. 217, L. 1902; chap. 331, L. 1903.

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Chapter 410

Amending chapter 614, Laws 1887, to establish a police pension fund for the city of Rochester.

Chapter 413

Section 7. The common council shall annually include in the tax levy \$3,000, which sum shall be set apart and paid over to the treasurer of the trustees of the police pension fund.

Newburgh city charter, chapter 541, Laws 1865, amended. Four almshouse commissioners to be elected.

Chapter 417

Amending chapter 344, Laws 1860, relating to the support of the poor of Rensselaer county.

Chapter 418

Amending the charter of the city of Poughkeepsie.

Chapter 425

Title 10, section 3. Six almshouse commissioners to be elected.

Of the support of the poor. Sections 170-183.

Almshouse board; powers and duties defined.

Amending title 2, chapter 3, part 4, Revised Statutes, relating to State prisons and for other purposes connected therewith, as amended and superseded by chapter 382, Laws 1889, to confirm same to the provisions of the revised constitution.

Chapter 429

Section 102. All convicts sentenced to State prisons, reformatories and penitentiaries in the State, shall be employed for the State or a political division thereof, or in productive industries for the benefit of the State, or the political divisions thereof, or for the use of public institutions owned or managed and controlled by the State or political divisions thereof, which shall be under rules and regulations for the distribution and diversification thereof, to be established by the State Commission of Prisons.

Section 103. The labor of the convicts in the State prisons and reformatories in the State, after the necessary labor for, and manufacture of all needed supplies, for said institutions shall be primarily devoted to the

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State and public buildings and institutions thereof, and the manufacture of supplies for the State and public institutions, and secondly to the political divisions of the State and public institutions, and the labor of the convicts in the penitentiaries after the necessary labor for and manufacture of all needed supplies for the same shall be primarily devoted to the counties, respectively, in which said penitentiaries are located, and the towns, cities and villages therein, and to the manufacture of supplies for public institutions of counties or the political divisions thereof, and secondly to the State and public institutions thereof.

Section 105. All such articles manufactured in the State prisons, reformatories and penitentiaries and not required for use therein, may be furnished to the State or to any political division thereof, or for or to any public institution owned or controlled by the State or any political division thereof at or for such prices as shall be fixed and determined as hereinafter provided, upon the requisitions of the proper officials, trustees or managers. No articles so manufactured shall be purchased from any other source for the State or public institutions of the State, or the political divisions thereof, unless said State Commission of Prisons shall certify that the same can not be furnished upon such requisition, and no claim therefor shall be audited or paid without such certificate.

Section 106. State officials to report to commissioners.

Section 107. Determination of prices for labor and articles.

Chapter 430

Amending chapter 1026, Laws of 1895, to provide for the appointment of a State Commission of Prisons, and defining its powers and duties.

Chapter 433

To provide for the appointment of a board of police commissioners and for a police force in the village of Greenbush, Rensselaer county.

Section 14. The board of trustees of the village of Greenbush shall provide a suitable place for the accommodation of transient poor lodgers sent by the overseers of the poor of said town, for whom the board of supervisors of Rensselaer county shall audit, allow and pay over to the treasurer of said village of Greenbush twenty-five cents for each lodger. (1896)

Making an appropriation of \$30,000 to the New York State Reformatory for Women at Bedford, N. Y. Chapter 435

Act for the establishment of houses of detention of witnesses and persons confined on civil process in Onondaga and Oneida counties. Chapter 441

Excise law, chapter 112, Laws 1896 amended. Chapter 445

Liquor traffic to be prohibited in public buildings or upon any premises established as a penal institution, protectory, industrial school, asylum, State hospital or poorhouse.

To regulate the commitment of poor persons to the Erie county almshouse. Chapter 461

Making an appropriation of \$7,500 for the change and construction of highways over the lands of the Rome State Custodial Asylum. Chapter 478

Making an appropriation of \$27,900 for improvements of the Rome State Custodial Asylum. Chapter 479

Conferring jurisdiction on the State Board of Claims to hear, audit and determine the claims of the several counties for the value of county insane asylums. Chapter 481

Amending, revising and confirming the charter of the corporation created by chapter 645, Laws 1892, as the Jennie Clarkson Baptist Orphanage, and now known as "The Jennie Clarkson Home for Children." Chapter 483

Amending chapter 59, Laws 1892, the charter of the Commercial Traveler's Home Association of America. Chapter 495

Amending chapter 63, Laws 1866, incorporating the New York City Mission and Tract Society, as amended by chapter 27, Laws 1870, and chapter 418, Laws 1890. Chapter 505

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Chapter 512

Amending chapter 520, Laws 1893, to make the office of county clerk of Onondaga county a salaried office, and to provide for the management of said office and to fix the salary of clerk and deputies, relating to the filing of abstracts of titles.

No fees chargeable to soldiers, sailors or their widows, minor children or dependent relations, for taking any affidavit, acknowledgment or the vouchers for the payment of pensions of any soldier, sailor, widow or minor children.

Chapter 520

Auburn city charter, chapter 53, Laws 1879, amended to change time of charter election.

Sections 4 and 5, title 3. Two commissioners of charities and police to be elected for two years each.

Section 12. Charter election shall be held in November, 1897, at which there shall be elected two commissioners of charities and police.

Chapter 525

Amending chapter 723, Laws 1895, relative to religious corporations, constituting chapter 42, of the general laws, in relation to homes for the aged.

Chapter 529

Revising, amending and consolidating the acts relating to the village of Port Jervis, and repealing certain acts and parts of acts.

Section 77. Voters may direct purchase of burial ground for the poor at a cost not exceeding \$500.

Chapter 530

Act to prohibit the use of soft coal by public institutions maintained by the State within any city of the second class.

Chapter 545

The Insanity Law.

Article 1. State Commission in Lunacy (sections 1-16).

See chap. 630, L. 1900.

Article 2. Institutions for the care, treatment and custody of the insane (sections 30 to 49).

See chap. 481, L. 1899; chaps. 634 and 676, L. 1900.

Article 3. Commitment, care and discharge of the insane (sections 60 to 77).

Section 4. Matteawan State Hospital for Insane Criminals (sections 90 to 103).

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See chap. 260, L. 1899.

Article 5. Laws repealed, when to take effect (sections 110 to 111).

State Charities Law.

Chapter 546

See chap. 437, L. 1897; chaps. 359 and 536, L. 1898; chaps. 368, 504 and 632, L. 1899; chap. 49, L. 1900; chaps. 252 and 356, L. 1902; chap. 473, L. 1903.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT RELATING TO STATE CHARITIES, CONSTITUTING CHAPTER TWENTY-SIX OF THE GENERAL LAWS.

CHAPTER 546, LAWS OF 1896.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

CHAPTER XXVI OF THE GENERAL LAWS.

STATE CHARITIES LAW.

- Article I. State board of charities. (§§ 1-18.)
- II. State charities aid association. (§§ 30-32.)
- III. Regulations of finances of state charitable institutions, reports to and accounts against municipalities. (§§ 40-47.)
- IV. Syracuse state institution for feeble-minded children. (§§ 60-70.)
- V. State custodial asylum for feeble-minded women. (§§ 80-83.)
- VI. Rome state custodial asylum. (§§ 90-94.)
- VII. The Craig colony for epileptics. (§§ 100-114.)
- VIII. Institutions for juvenile delinquents. (§§ 120-130.)
- IX. Houses of refuge and reformatories for women. (§§ 140-153.)
- X. Thomas asylum for orphan and destitute Indian children. (§§ 160-165.)
- XI. Laws repealed; when to take effect. (§§ 170-171.)

ARTICLE I.

STATE BOARD OF CHARITIES.

- Section 1. Short title.
2. Definitions.
3. State board of charities.
4. Officers of the board.
5. Compensation and expenses of commissioners.
6. Meetings and effect of nonattendance.
7. Office room and supplies.

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Section 8. Official seal, certificates and subpoenas.

9. General powers and duties of board.

10. Visitations, inspection and supervision of institutions.

11. Powers and duties of board on visits and inspections.

12. Investigations of institutions.

13. Orders of board directed to institutions.

14. Correction of evils in administration of institutions.

15. Duties of the attorney-general and district attorney.

16. State, nonresident and alien poor.

17. Reports of state board of charities.

18. Institutions for the deaf and dumb and the blind.

Section 1. Short title.—This chapter shall be known as the state charities law.

§ 2. Definitions.—The term state charitable institutions, when used in this chapter, shall include all institutions of a charitable, eleemosynary, correctional or reformatory character, supported in whole or in part by the state, except institutions for the instruction of the deaf and dumb and the blind, and such institutions which, by section eleven, article eight of the constitution, are made subject to the visitation and inspection of the commission in lunacy or the prison commission, whether managed or controlled by the state or by private corporations, societies or associations.

§ 3. State board of charities.—There shall continue to be a state board of charities, composed of eleven members, who shall be appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, one of whom shall be appointed from, and reside in each judicial district of the state, one additional member from the county of Kings, and two additional members from the county of New York, who will respectively reside in such counties. They shall be known as commissioners of the state board of charities, and hold office for eight years. No commissioner shall qualify or enter upon the duties of his office, or remain therein, while he is a trustee, manager, director or other administrative officer of an institution subject to the visitation and inspection of such board. The commissioners in office at the time this chapter takes effect, shall continue in office for the terms for which they were respectively appointed.

§ 4. Officers of the board.—The board may elect a president, and vice-president from its own members, and shall appoint and continue to have a secretary, and may appoint such other officers, inspectors and clerks as it may deem necessary or proper and fix their compensation, who shall respectively hold their office during the pleasure of the board.

§ 5. Compensation and expenses of commissioners.—The compensation of each commissioner, in recognition of the provisions of the constitution, is fixed at ten dollars for each day's attendance at meetings of the board or of any of its com-

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mittees, not exceeding in any one year the sum of five hundred dollars. The expenses of each commissioner, necessarily incurred while engaged in the performance of the duties of his office, and his outlay for any assistance that may have been required in the performance of such duties, on the same being paid out and certified by the commissioner making the charge, shall be paid by the treasurer, on the warrant of the comptroller.

§ 6. Meetings and effect of nonattendance.—The board may adopt rules and orders, regulating the discharge of its functions and defining the duties of its officers. It shall, by rule, provide for holding stated and special meetings. Six members regularly convened shall constitute a quorum. The failure on the part of any commissioner to attend three consecutive meetings of the board during any calendar year, unless excused by a formal vote of the board, may be treated by the governor as a resignation by such nonattending commissioner and the governor may appoint his successor. The annual reports of the board shall give the names of commissioners present at each of its meetings.

§ 7. Office room and supplies.—The trustees of public buildings shall furnish and assign to such board, in the capitol, at Albany, suitably furnished rooms for its office and place of holding meetings, and the comptroller shall furnish it with all necessary journals, account books, blanks and stationery.

§ 8. Official seal, certificates and subpoenas.—The board shall cause a record to be kept of its proceedings by its secretary or other proper officer, and it shall have and use an official seal; and the records, its proceedings and copies of all papers and documents in its possession and custody may be authenticated in the usual form, under such seal and the signature of its president or secretary, and shall be received in evidence in the same manner and with like effect as deeds regularly acknowledged or proven; it may issue subpoenas, which, when authenticated by its president and secretary, shall be obeyed and enforced in the same manner as obedience is enforced to an order or mandate made by a court of record.

§ 9. General powers and duties of board.—The state board of charities shall visit, inspect and maintain a general supervision of all institutions, societies or associations which are of a charitable, eleemosynary, correctional or reformatory character, whether state or municipal, incorporated or not incorporated, which are made subject to its supervision by the constitution or by-law; and shall,

1. Aid in securing the just, humane and economic administration of all institutions subject to its supervision.
2. Advise the officers of such institutions in the performance of their official duties.
3. Aid in securing the erection of suitable buildings for the accommodation of the inmates of such institutions aforesaid.
4. Approve or disapprove the organization and incorporation

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of all institutions of a charitable, eleemosynary, correctional or reformatory character which are or shall be subject to the supervision and inspection of the board.

5. Investigate the management of all institutions made subject to the supervision of the board, and the conduct and efficiency of the officers or persons charged with their management, and the care and relief of the inmates of such institutions therein or in transit.

6. Aid in securing the best sanitary condition of the buildings and grounds of all such institutions, and advise measures for the protection and preservation of the health of the inmates.

7. Aid in securing the establishment and maintenance of such industrial, educational and moral training in institutions having the care of children as is best suited to the needs of the inmates.

8. Establish rules for the reception and retention of inmates of all institutions which, by section fourteen of article eight of the constitution, are subject to its supervision.

9. Investigate the condition of the poor seeking public aid and advise measures for their relief.

10. Administer the laws providing for the care, support and removal of state and alien poor and the support of Indian poor persons.

11. Collect statistical information in respect to the property, receipts and expenditures of all institutions, societies and associations subject to its supervision, and the number and condition of the inmates thereof, and of the poor receiving public relief.

§ 10. Visitation, inspection and supervision of institutions.—All institutions of a charitable, eleemosynary, reformatory or correctional character or design, including reformatories (except those now under the supervision and subject to the inspection of the prison commission), but including all reformatories, except those in which adult males convicted of felony, shall be confined, asylums and institutions for idiots and epileptics, almshouses, orphan asylums, and all asylums, hospitals and institutions, whether state, county, municipal, incorporated or not incorporated, private or otherwise, except institutions for the custody, care and treatment of the insane, are subject to the visitation, inspection and supervision of the state board of charities, its members, officers and inspectors. Such institutions may be visited and inspected by such board, or any member, officer or inspector duly appointed by it for that purpose, at any and all times.

Such board or any member thereof may take proofs and hear testimony relating to any matter before it, or before such member, upon any such visit or inspection.

Any member or officer of such board, or inspector duly appointed by it, shall have full access to the grounds, buildings, books and papers relating to any such institution, and may require from the officers and persons in charge thereof, any

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information he may deem necessary in the discharge of his duties. The board may prepare regulations according to which, and provide blanks and forms upon which, such information shall be furnished, in a clear, uniform and prompt manner, for the use of the board. No such officer or inspector shall divulge or communicate to any person without the knowledge and consent of said board any facts or information obtained pursuant to the provisions of this act; on proof of such divulgement or communication such officer or inspector may at once be removed from office. The annual reports of each year shall give the results of such inquiries, with the opinion and conclusions of the board relating to the same. Any officer, superintendent or employee of any such institution, society or association who shall unlawfully refuse to admit any member, officer or inspector of the board, for the purpose of visitation and inspection, or who shall refuse or neglect to furnish the information required by the board or any of its members, officers or inspectors, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and subject to a fine of one hundred dollars for each such refusal or neglect. The right and powers hereby conferred may be enforced by an order of the supreme court after notice and hearing, or by indictment by the grand jury of the county or both.

§ 11. Powers and duties of board on visits and inspections.—On such visits, inquiry shall be made to ascertain :

1. Whether all parts of the state are equally benefited by the institutions requiring state aid.

2. The merits of any and all requests on the part of any such institution for state aid, for any purpose, other than the usual expenses thereof; and the amount required to accomplish the object desired.

3. The sources of public moneys received for the benefit of such institution, as to the proper and economical expenditure of such moneys and the condition of the finances generally.

4. Whether the objects of the institution are being accomplished.

5. Whether the laws and the rules and regulations of this board, in relation to it, are fully complied with.

6. Its methods of industrial, educational and moral training, if any, and whether the same are best adapted to the needs of its inmates.

7. The methods of government and discipline of its inmates.

8. The qualifications and general conduct of its officers and employees.

9. The condition of its grounds, buildings and other property.

10. Any other matter connected with or pertaining to its usefulness and good management.

§ 12. Investigations of institutions.—The board may direct an investigation by a committee of one or more of its members, of the affairs and management of any institution, society or association, subject to its supervision, or of the conduct of its officers and employees. The commissioner or commissioners

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designated to make such investigation are hereby empowered to issue compulsory process for the attendance of witnesses and the production of papers, to administer oaths, and to examine persons under oath, and to exercise the same powers in respect to such proceeding as belong to referees appointed by the supreme court.

§ 13. Orders of board directed to institutions.—If it shall appear, after such investigation, that inmates of the institution are cruelly, negligently or improperly treated, or inadequate provision is made for their sustenance, clothing, care, supervision, or other condition necessary to their comfort and well being, said board may issue an order in the name of the people, and under its official seal, directed to the proper officers or managers of such institution, requiring them to modify such treatment or apply such remedy, or both, as shall therein be specified; before such order is issued, it must be approved by a justice of the supreme court, after such notice as he may prescribe and an opportunity to be heard, and any person to whom such an order is directed who shall willfully refuse to obey the same, shall, upon conviction, be adjudged guilty of a misdemeanor.

§ 14. Correction of evils in administration of institutions.—The state board of charities shall call the attention of the trustees, directors or managers of any such institution, society or association, subject to its supervision, to any abuses, defects or evils which may be found therein, and such officers shall take proper action thereon, with a view to correcting the same, in accordance with the advice of such board.

§ 15. Duties of the attorney-general and district attorneys.—If, in the opinion of the board or any three members thereof, any matter in regard to the management or affairs of any such institution, society or association, or any inmate or person in any way connected therewith, require legal investigation or action of any kind, notice thereof may be given by the board, or any three members thereof, to the attorney-general, and he shall thereupon make inquiry and take such proceedings in the premises as he may deem necessary and proper. It shall be the duty of the attorney-general and of every district attorney when so required to furnish such legal assistance, counsel or advice as the board may require in the discharge of its duties.

§ 16. State, nonresident and alien poor.—A poor person shall not be admitted as an inmate into a state institution for the feeble-minded, or epileptics, unless a resident of the state for one year next preceding the application for his admission.

The state board of charities, and any of its members or officers, may, at any time, visit and inspect any institution subject to its supervision to ascertain if any inmates supported therein at a state, county or municipal expense are state charges, nonresidents, or alien poor; and it may cause to be removed to the state or country from which he came any such nonresident or alien poor found in any such institution.

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§ 17. Reports of state board of charities.—The state board of charities shall annually report to the legislature its acts, proceedings and conclusions for the preceding year, with results and recommendations, which report shall include the information obtained in its inquiries and investigations, and from the reports made to it as in this chapter provided, giving a complete and itemized statement of expenditures for state poor, and of such other matters relating to the institutions subject to its visitations, as it may deem necessary or proper. The board shall collect, and so far as it shall deem advantageous, embody in its annual reports, such information as it may deem proper relating to all institutions, subject to the visitation of the board and respecting the best manner of dealing with those who require assistance from the public funds, or who receive aid from private charity, and represent its views as to the best methods of caring for the poor and destitute children who may be distributed through the various institutions of the state, or who may be without instruction or guidance, and furnish in tabulated statements, as nearly as possible, the number, sex, age and nativity of persons in this state, and in the several counties thereof, who are in any way receiving the aid of public, private or organized charity, with any other particulars it may deem proper. And all officers of such institutions shall furnish such statistics on or before the first day of November, in each and every year for the preceding fiscal year, as may be required by said board; and every person refusing to do so, in violation of this section without reasonable excuse, shall be subject to a penalty of one hundred dollars, to be sued for in the name of the people by the attorney-general of the state, upon his receiving written notice from the state board of charities of such refusal. The annual reports of the board may, in its discretion, present the designs and plans and the general estimates for buildings and improvements, which it may deem necessary for any state charitable institution, with the opinion of the board respecting any appropriation required as asked in behalf of such institution, other than for maintenance or ordinary purposes. The board may, in its discretion, and shall, when required by the governor, or either house of the legislature, make other and special reports.

§ 18. Institutions for the deaf and dumb and the blind.—Institutions for the deaf and dumb and the blind shall be subject to such visitation and inspection by the state board of charities as the constitution provides, but nothing in this article shall be deemed to take from the comptroller of the state any power which he now has to audit and supervise the expenditures made on account of the institutions for deaf-mutes and for the blind.

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ARTICLE II.

STATE CHARITIES AID ASSOCIATION.

Section 30. Visits by the state charities aid association.

31. Duties of officers in charge of institutions; enforcement of orders.

32. Annual reports.

Section 30. Visits by the state charities aid association.—Any justice of the supreme court, on written application of the state charities aid association, through its president or other officer designated by its board of managers, may grant to such person as may be named in such application, orders to enable such persons, or any of them, as visitors of such association to visit, inspect and examine, in behalf of such association any of the public charitable institutions and state hospitals for the insane owned by the state, and the county, town and city poor-houses and almshouses within the state. The persons so appointed to visit, inspect and examine such institutions shall reside in the counties from which such institutions receive their inmates, and such appointments shall be made by a justice of the supreme court of the judicial district in which such visitors reside. Each order shall specify the institution to be visited, inspected and examined and the name of each person by whom such visitation, inspection and examination shall be made, and shall be in force for one year from the date on which it shall have been granted, unless sooner revoked.

§ 31. Duties of officers in charge of institutions; enforcement of orders.—All persons in charge of any such institution shall admit each person named in any such order into every part of such institution, and render such person every possible facility to enable him to make in a thorough manner such visits, inspection and examination, which are hereby declared to be for a public purpose, and to be made with a view to public benefit. Obedience to the orders herein authorized shall be enforced in the same manner as obedience is enforced to an order or mandate by a court of record.

§ 32. Annual reports.—Such association shall make an annual report to the state board of charities upon matters relating to the institutions subject to the visitation of such board; and to the state commission in lunacy upon matters relating to the institutions subject to the inspection and control of such commission. Such report shall be made on or before the first day of November for each preceding fiscal year.

ARTICLE III.

REGULATION OF FINANCES OF STATE CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS,
AND REPORTS TO AND ACCOUNTS AGAINST MUNICIPALITIES.

Section 40. Fiscal year.

41. Monthly estimates of expenses; contingent fund.

42. Monthly statements of receipts and expenditures.

Section 43. Affidavit of steward; vouchers.

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44. Purchases.

45. Reports to supervisors of appointments and commitments to charitable institutions.

46. Reports by officers of certain institutions to clerks of boards of supervisors and cities.

47. Verified accounts against counties, cities and towns.

Section 40. Fiscal year.—The fiscal year of all state charitable institutions shall commence with the first day of October in each year, and close with the thirtieth day of September, next succeeding; and the annual reports of such institutions required by this chapter, shall be made for the fiscal year as herein named.

§ 41. Monthly estimates of expenses; contingent fund.—The superintendent or other managing officer of each of the state charitable institutions, and of the New York State School for the Blind at Batavia and the Northern New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes at Malone, shall, on or before the fifteenth day of each month, cause to be prepared duplicate estimates in minute detail, of the expenses required for the institution of which he has the supervision, for the ensuing month. He shall countersign and submit one of such duplicates to the comptroller, and retain the other to be placed on file in the office of the institution. The comptroller may cause such estimates to be revised either as to quantity and quality of supplies and the estimated cost thereof. Upon the revision and approval of such estimate, the comptroller shall authorize the boards of managers or other managing officers of such institutions to make drafts on him, as the money may be required for the purposes mentioned in such estimates, which drafts shall be paid on his warrant, out of the funds in the treasury of the state appropriation for the support of such charitable institutions. In every such estimate there shall be a sum named, not to exceed two hundred and fifty dollars, as a contingent fund, for which no minute detailed statement need be made. No expenditure shall be made from such contingent fund, except in case of actual emergency, requiring immediate action, and which cannot be deferred without loss or danger to the institution, or the inmates thereof. The treasurer of a state charitable institution shall not pay accounts for goods furnished, salaries of officers, or wages of employees, unless they are contained in the estimate provided in this section, and duly approved by the comptroller.

§ 42. Monthly statements of receipts and expenditures.—The treasurer of each state charitable institution shall on or before the fifteenth day of each month, make to the comptroller, a full and perfect statement of all the receipts and expenditures, specifying the several items, for the last preceding calendar month. Such statement shall be verified by the affidavit of the treasurer attached thereto, in the following form:

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I,, treasurer of the....., do solemnly swear that I have deposited in the bank designated by law for such purpose all the moneys received by me on account of such.....during the last month; and I do further swear that the foregoing is a true abstract of all the moneys received, and the expenditures made by me or under my direction as such treasurer during the month ending on the day of 18..

§ 43. Affidavit of steward; vouchers.—There shall be attached to such treasurer's statement, the affidavit of the steward or other officer having like powers, to the effect that the goods and other articles therein specified were purchased and received by him or under his directions at the institution, that the goods were purchased at a fair cash market price and paid for in cash, and that he or any person in his behalf had no pecuniary or other interest in the articles purchased; that he received no pecuniary or other benefit therefrom in the way of commission, percentage, deductions or presents, or in any other manner whatever, directly or indirectly; that the articles contained in such bill were received at the institution; that they conformed in all respects to the invoiced goods received and ordered by him, both in quality and quantity.

Such statement shall be accompanied by the voucher showing the payment of the several items contained in the statement, the amount of such payment and for what the payment was made.

Such vouchers shall be examined by the comptroller and compared with the estimates made for the month for which the statement is rendered.

If any voucher is found objectionable the comptroller shall indorse his disapproval thereon, with the reason therefor, and return it to the treasurer, who shall present it to the board of managers for correction and immediately return it to the comptroller. All such vouchers shall be filed in the office of the comptroller.

§ 44. Purchases.—All purchases for the use of the state charitable institutions shall be made for cash and not on credit or time; every voucher shall be duly filled up at the time it is taken, and with every abstract of vouchers paid, there shall be proof on oath that the voucher was filled up and the money paid at the time it was taken. The board of managers shall make all needful rules and regulations to enforce the provisions of this section. No member or officer of the state board of charities, or manager or officer of a state charitable institution shall be interested, directly or indirectly, in the furnishing of materials, labor or supplies for the use of any state charitable institution nor shall any manager act as attorney or counsel for the board of managers thereof.

§ 45. Reports to supervisors of appointments and committals to charitable institutions.—Every judge, justice, superintendent or overseer of the poor, supervisor or other person who is au-

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thorized by law to make appointments or commitments to any state charitable institution, except almshouses, in which the board, instruction, care or clothing is a charge against any county, town or city, shall make a written report to the clerk of the board of supervisors of the county, or of the county in which any town is situated, or to the city clerk of any city, which are liable for any such board, instruction, care or clothing, within ten days after such appointment or commitment, and shall therein state, when known, the nationality, age, sex and residence of each person so appointed or committed and the length of time of such employment or commitment.

§ 46. Reports by officers of certain institutions to clerks of supervisors and cities.—The keeper, superintendent, secretary, director or other proper officer of a state charitable institution to which any person is committed or appointed, whose board, care, instruction, tuition or clothing shall be chargeable to any city, town or county, shall make a written report to the clerk of such city or to the clerk of the board of supervisors of the county, or of the county in which such town is situated, within ten days after receiving such person therein. Such report shall state when such person was received into the institution, and, when known, the name, age, sex, nationality, residence, length of time of commitment or appointment, the name of the officer making the same, and the sum chargeable per week, month or year for such person. If any person so appointed or committed to any such institution shall die, be removed or discharged, such officers shall immediately report to the clerk of the board of supervisors of the county, or of the county in which such town is situated, or to the city clerk of the city from which such person was committed or appointed, the date of such death, removal or discharge.

§ 47. Verified accounts against counties, cities and towns.—The officers mentioned in the last section shall annually, on or before the fifteenth day of October, present to the clerk of the board of supervisors of the county, or of the county in which such town is situated, or to the city clerk of a city from which any such person is committed and appointed, a verified report and statement of the account of such institution with such county, town or city, up to the first day of October, and in case of a claim for clothing, an itemized statement of the same; and if a part of the board, care, tuition or clothing has been paid by any person or persons, the account shall show what sum has been so paid; and the report shall show the name, age, sex, nationality and residence of each person mentioned in the account, the name of the officer who made the appointment or commitment, and the date and length of the same, and the time to which the account has been paid, and the amount claimed to such first day of October, the sum per week or per annum charged, and if no part of such account has been paid, the report shall show such fact.

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Any officer who shall refuse or neglect to make such report shall not be entitled to receive any compensation or pay for any services, salary or otherwise, from any town, city or county affected thereby.

The clerk of the board of supervisors who shall receive any such report or account shall file and present the same to the board of supervisors of his county on the second day of the annual meeting of the board next after the receipt of the same.

ARTICLE IV.

SYRACUSE STATE INSTITUTION FOR FEEBLE-MINDED CHILDREN.

Section 60. Institutions for idiots or feeble-minded children.

61. Powers and duties of boards of directors.
62. Salaries of officers.
63. Directors may hold donations in trust.
64. By-laws.
65. Duties of superintendent.
66. Duties of treasurer.
67. Semi-annual meeting and records of board of directors.
68. Manner of receiving pupils.
69. Discharge of state pupils and payment of expenses.
70. Expense of clothing state pupils.

Section 60. Institution for idiots or feeble-minded children.—The management of the Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children at Syracuse shall continue to be in a board of managers, which shall hereafter consist of the superintendent of public instruction and eight other persons, who shall continue to be appointed by the senate upon the recommendation of the governor, as often as vacancies shall occur therein, and shall hold office for eight years, and until their successors are severally appointed, subject to removal by the governor for cause, after an opportunity given them to be heard in their defense. The managers now in office shall hold their offices until the expiration of the term for which they were respectively appointed.

§ 61. General powers and duties of boards of managers.—Five members of the board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. The board shall have the general direction and control of all the property and concerns of the institution, and shall take charge of its general interests and see that its general design is carried into effect, according to laws and by-laws, rules and regulations of the institution. It shall appoint a superintendent, who shall be a well-educated physician, and a treasurer, who shall reside in the city of Syracuse, and shall give an undertaking to the people of the state for the faithful performance of his trust, in such sum and with such sureties as the comptroller shall approve. Such board shall, annually, on or before the first day of February, report to the legislature the condition of the institution.

§ 62. Salaries of officers.—The board shall, from time to time, determine the annual salaries and allowances of the resident officers of the institution.

Such salaries and allowances shall be paid monthly by the treasurer of the institution in the same manner as other claims against the institution.

§ 63. Managers may hold donations in trust.—The managers may take, and hold in trust for the state, any grant or devise of land, or any donation or bequest of money or other personal property, to be applied to the maintenance and education of feeble-minded children and the general use of the institution.

§ 64. By-laws.—The managers may establish by-laws regulating the appointment and duties of officers, teachers, attendants and assistants; fixing the conditions of admission, support and discharge of pupils; and for conducting in a proper manner the business of the institution; and ordain and enforce a suitable system of rules and regulations for the internal government, discipline and management of the institution.

§ 65. Duties of superintendent.—The superintendent shall be the chief executive officer of the institution. He shall, subject to the provision of the board of managers and the by-laws and regulations established by them,

1. Have the general superintendence of the buildings, grounds and farm, with their furniture, fixtures and stock, and the direction and control of all persons employed in and about the same;

2. Appoint a steward, medical assistant and a matron, who, with the superintendent, shall constantly reside in the institution or upon premises adjoining, and shall be termed the resident officers thereof;

3. Employ such teachers, attendants and assistants as he may think proper and necessary to economically and efficiently carry into effect the design of the institution; prescribe their several duties and places, fix their compensation, and discharge any of them;

4. Give, from time to time, such orders and instructions as he may deem best calculated to induce good conduct, fidelity and economy, in any department of labor and expense.

5. Maintain salutary discipline among all who are in the employ of the institution, and enforce strict compliance with his instructions, and uniform obedience to all the rules and regulations of the institution;

6. Cause full and fair accounts and records of all his doings, and of the entire business and operations of the institution, with the condition and prospects of the pupils to be kept regularly, from day to day, in books provided for the purpose;

7. See that such accounts and records shall be fully made up to the first days of April and October in each year, and that the principal effects and results, with his report thereon, be presented to the board at its semi-annual meetings;

8. Conduct the official correspondence of the institution and

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keep a record of the applications received, and the pupils admitted;

9. Prepare and present to the board at its annual meetings, when required, an inventory of all the personal property and effects belonging to the institution.

10. Account, when required, for the careful keeping and economical use of all furniture, stores and other articles furnished for the institution;

11. Enter in a book to be provided and kept for that purpose, at the time of the admission of each pupil to the institution, a minute, with the date, name, residence of the pupil, and of the persons on whose application he is received; with a copy of the application, statement, certificate, and all other papers accompanying such pupil; the originals of which he shall file and carefully preserve.

§ 66. Duties of treasurer.—The treasurer shall,

1. Have the custody of all moneys, notes, mortgages and other securities and obligations belonging to the institution;

2. Keep a full and accurate account of all receipts and payments, as directed in the by-laws, and such other accounts as shall be required of him by the managers.

3. Balance all the accounts on his book on the first day of each October, and make a statement thereof, and an abstract of all the receipts and payments of the past year; and, within three days thereafter, deliver the same to the auditing committee of the managers, who shall compare the same with his books and vouchers, and verify the same by a further comparison with the books of the superintendent, and certify the correctness thereof to the managers at their annual meeting;

4. Render a quarterly statement of his receipts and payments to such auditing committee, who shall, in like manner as above, compare, verify, report and certify the result thereof to the managers at their annual meeting, who shall cause the same to be recorded in one of the books of the institution;

5. Render a further account of the state of his books and of the funds and other property in his custody, whenever required by the managers;

6. Receive for the use of the institution any and all sums of money which may be due upon any notes or bonds in his hands, belonging to the institution, any and all sums charged and due to the institution for the support of any pupil therein, or for actual disbursements made in his behalf for necessary clothing and traveling expenses;

7. Prosecute an action in his name as such treasurer, to recover any sum of money that may be due or owing to the institution;

8. Execute a release and satisfaction of a mortgage, judgment or other lien, in favor of the institution, when paid, so that the same may be discharged from record.

§ 67. Semi-annual meetings and records of board of managers.—The board of managers shall maintain an effective

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inspection of the affairs and management of the institution, for which purpose they shall meet at the institution twice in each year, at such times as the by-laws shall provide. The resident officers shall admit the managers into every part of the institution, and shall exhibit to them on demand the books, papers, accounts and writings belonging to the institution, and shall furnish copies, abstracts and reports whenever required by the managers.

A committee of three managers, to be appointed by the board at the annual meeting thereof, shall visit the institution once in every month, and perform such other duties and exercise such other powers as shall be prescribed in the by-laws, or the board may direct. The board shall keep in a bound book, to be provided for the purpose, a fair and full record of all its doings, which shall be open at all times to the inspection of its members, and all persons whom the governor and either house of the legislature may appoint to examine the same.

§ 68. Manner of receiving pupils.—There shall be received and gratuitously supported in the institution one hundred and twenty feeble-minded children, as state pupils, who shall be selected from those whose parents or guardians are unable to provide for their support in equal numbers as far as may be, from each judicial district. Such additional number of feeble-minded children as can be conveniently accommodated shall be received into the institution on such terms as shall be just.

If the number of feeble-minded children admitted shall not equal the capacity of the institution, such additional number of nonteachable idiots may be admitted as can be conveniently accommodated.

Feeble-minded children shall be received into the institution upon the written request of the person by whom they are sent, stating the name in full, age, place of nativity, if known, the town, city or county in which each resides, and whether such child, his parents or guardian, are able to provide for his support, in whole or in part, and if in part only what part, the degree of relationship or other circumstances of connection between him and the person requesting his admission, which statement must be verified by the affidavit of two disinterested persons, residents of the same county as the child and acquainted with the facts and circumstances stated, and certified to be credible by the county judge of the county.

Such judge must also further certify that such child is an eligible and proper candidate for admission to such institution.

Feeble-minded children may also be received into such institution upon the official application of a county superintendent of the poor, or the commissioners of charity of a city of the state having such officers.

In the admission of feeble-minded children, preference shall be given to poor or indigent children over all others, and to such as are able or have parents able to support them only in part, over those who are or who have parents who are able to wholly support such children.

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§ 69. Discharge of state pupils and payment of expenses.—When the manager shall direct a state pupil to be discharged from the institution, the superintendent thereof may return him to the county from which he was sent, and deliver him to the keeper of the almshouse thereof, and the superintendent of the poor of the county shall audit and pay the actual and reasonable expenses of such return. If any town, county or person is legally liable for the support of such pupil, such expenses may be recovered by action in the name of the county by such superintendent of the poor. If the superintendent of the poor neglect or refuse to pay such expenses on demand, the treasurer of the institution may pay the same and charge the amount to the county; and the treasurer of the county shall pay the same with interest after thirty days, out of any funds in his hands not otherwise appropriated; and the supervisors shall raise the amount so paid as other county charges.

§ 70. Expense of clothing state pupils.—The supervisors of any county from which state pupils may have been received shall cause to be raised annually, while such pupils remain in the institution, the sum of thirty dollars for each pupil, for the purpose of furnishing suitable clothing, which shall be paid to the treasurer of the institution on or before the first day of April.

The superintendent may agree with the parent, guardian or committee of a feeble-minded child, or with any person, for the support, maintenance and clothing of such a child at the institution, upon such terms and conditions as may be prescribed, in the by-laws, or approved by the managers. Every parent, guardian, committee, or other person applying for the admission into the institution of a feeble-minded child who is able, or whose parents or guardians are of sufficient ability to provide for his maintenance therein, shall at the time of his admission, deliver to the superintendent an undertaking, with one or more sureties, to be approved by the managers conditioned for the payment to the treasurer of the institution of the amount agreed to be paid for the support, maintenance and clothing of such feeble-minded child, and for the removal of such child from the institution without expense thereto, within twenty days after the service of the notice hereinafter provided. If such child, his parents or guardians are of sufficient ability to pay only a part of the expense of supporting and maintaining him, such undertaking shall be only for his removal from the institution as above mentioned; and the superintendent may take security by note or other written agreement, with or without sureties, as he may deem proper, for such part of such expenses as such child, his parents or guardians are able to pay, subject, however, to the approval of the managers in the manner that shall be prescribed in the by-laws. Notice to remove a pupil shall be in writing, signed by the superintendent and directed to the parents, guardians, committee or other person upon whose request the pupil was received at the institution, at the place of

residence mentioned in such request, and deposited in the post-office at Syracuse with the postage prepaid.

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If the pupil shall not be removed from the institution within twenty days after service of such notice, according to the conditions of the agreement and undertaking, he may be removed and disposed of by the superintendent as herein provided, in relation to state pupils, and the provisions of this article respecting the payment and recovery of the expenses of the removal and disposition of a state pupil, shall be equally applicable to expenses incurred under this section.

ARTICLE V.

STATE CUSTODIAL ASYLUM FOR FEEBLE-MINDED WOMEN.

Section 80. Established as a corporation.

81. Board of managers.

82. Officers.

83. Treasurer to give undertaking.

Section 80. Established as a corporation.—The asylum established at Newark, Wayne county, for feeble-minded women is hereby continued as a body corporate and shall be known as the State Custodial Asylum for Feeble-Minded Women.

§ 81. Board of managers.—Such asylums shall continue to have a board of nine managers, three of whom shall be women, and shall be appointed by the governor, by and with the consent of the senate, for six years, except appointments to fill vacancies, which shall be for the unexpired term. The board of managers shall have the custody and control of all property and power to make all rules for the management and control of the effects of the asylum.

§ 82. Officers.—The board of managers shall appoint, of their number, a president, a secretary and a treasurer. They shall appoint a superintendent, a matron, and employ all assistants that may be necessary for the proper management of the asylum.

§ 83. Treasurer to give undertaking.—The treasurer shall, before he receives any money, give an undertaking to the people of the state, with such sureties and in such amount as the board of managers shall require and to be approved by the comptroller, to the effect that he faithfully perform his trust as such treasurer.

ARTICLE VI.

ROME STATE CUSTODIAL ASYLUM.

Section 90. Asylum for unteachable idiots.

91. Appointment of managers.

92. Powers and duties of managers.

93. Superintendent, qualifications, powers and duties.

94. Commitments to asylums, maintenance.

Section 90. Asylum for unteachable idiots.—The asylum established at Rome for the support, maintenance and custody

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of unteachable idiots is hereby continued and shall be known as the Rome State Custodial Asylum.

§ 91. Appointment of managers.—Such asylum shall be under the control and management of a board of eleven managers, appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the senate and whose term of office shall be six years.

The managers now in office shall hold their offices until the expiration of the terms for which they were respectively appointed, or until their successors are appointed and have qualified. They may be removed by the governor, upon charges preferred against them in writing, after an opportunity given them to be heard thereon.

They shall appoint one of their number as president and another as secretary.

§ 92. Powers and duties of managers.—The number of managers shall,

1. Have the general direction and control of all the property and concerns of the asylum, take charge of its general interests and see that its design is carried into effect, according to law, and its by-laws, rules and regulations.

2. Establish by-laws, rules and regulations, subject to the approval of the state board of charities, for the internal government, discipline and management of the asylum.

3. Maintain an effective inspection of the asylum for which purpose, a majority of the managers shall visit the asylum at least once in every three months, and at such other times as may be prescribed in the by-laws.

The superintendent or other officer in charge shall admit such managers into every part of the asylum and its buildings and exhibit to them on demand all the books, accounts and writings belonging to the asylum and pertaining to its interest, and furnish copies, abstracts and reports whenever required by them.

4. Annually report to the legislature for the preceding fiscal year, the affairs and conditions of the asylum, with full and detailed estimates of the next appropriation required for maintenance and ordinary uses and repairs, and of special appropriations, if any, needed for extraordinary repairs, renewals, extensions, improvements, betterments or other necessary objects.

5. If lands are acquired for the use of the asylum, acquire the same by purchase, gift or condemnation.

§ 93. Superintendent, qualifications, powers and duties.—The superintendent shall be a resident of this state, a well-educated physician and a graduate of an incorporated medical college, of at least five years' actual experience in an institution for the cure and treatment of the insane. He shall be the chief executive officer of the asylum, and shall manage the institution in conformity to rules and regulations adopted by the board of managers. He shall appoint the assistant physicians, steward, clerk, a bookkeeper, matron and all subordinate employees, and he may discharge them, when, in his judgment, it may be necessary to do so for the good of the institution.

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§ 94. Commitments to asylum; maintenance.—The superintendents of the poor of the various counties of the state may commit to such asylum, if vacancies exist therein, such unteachable idiots residing in their respective counties, who are indigent or inmates of county almshouses, according to the by-laws and regulations of the asylum. All commitments shall be in the form prescribed by the board of managers. Insane idiots or epileptics shall not be committed to such asylum.

Unteachable idiots other than the poor and indigent may be admitted to the asylum, if vacancies exist, after providing for the care and custody of the poor and indigent idiots, at a rate which shall not exceed the weekly per capita cost of maintaining all inmates as determined yearly by the board of managers.

The maintenance of the institution and the poor and indigent inmates thereof shall be a charge upon the state.

ARTICLE VII.

THE CRAIG COLONY FOR EPILEPTICS.

Section 100. Establishment and objects of colony.

101. Managers of the colony.
102. Buildings and improvements.
103. Powers and duties of managers.
104. Annual report; state board of charities.
105. Donations in trust.
106. Officers of the colony.
107. Duties of the superintendent.
108. Duties of treasurer.
109. Designation and admission of patients.
110. Support of state patients.
111. Apportionment of state patients.
112. The support of private patients.
113. Discharge of patients.
114. Notice of opening of colony.

Section 100. Establishment and objects of colony.—The colony for epileptics established at Sonyea, Livingston county, is hereby continued, and shall be known as the Craig Colony for Epileptics, in honor of the late Oscar Craig, of Rochester, New York, whose efficient and gratuitous public services in behalf of epileptics and other dependent unfortunates, the state desires to commemorate.

The objects of such colony shall be to secure the humane, curative, scientific and economical care and treatment of epileptics, exclusive of insane epileptics.

§ 101. Managers of the colony.—There shall be a board of twelve managers of the Craig colony, all of whom shall be citizens of the state, appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, one from each judicial district and one additional member from each of the fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth judicial districts. The term of office of each manager hereafter appointed to succeed a manager whose

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term has expired shall be three years, and the term of office of four of such managers shall expire annually. The managers in office when this chapter takes effect shall continue in office until the expiration of the term for which they were appointed and until their successors are appointed and have qualified. Appointments to fill vacancies occurring by death, removal or resignation, shall be made without unnecessary delay for the unexpired term. Failure of any manager to attend in each year the whole of two stated meetings of the board shall be a sufficient cause for removal by the governor. Any manager may be removed by the governor upon written charges preferred against him, after an opportunity to be heard in his defense. The managers shall receive no compensation for their services, but shall be allowed their reasonable traveling and official expenses, to be paid as other charges against the institution.

§ 102. Buildings and improvements.—The board of managers shall put the premises conveyed to the state for the use of the colony into proper condition for the reception of patients and shall receive patients gradually and as rapidly as the condition of the colony will admit. They shall utilize all buildings and improvements on the land so conveyed, and construct such additional buildings and make further improvements upon plans adopted by them and approved by the state board of charities and for which appropriations are made by the legislature.

There shall be provided for such colony an abundant supply of wholesome water, sufficient means for drainage and the disposal of sewage in a proper sanitary system. All of which shall be done under the direction of the board of managers in accordance with plans adopted by them, and approved by the state board of charities.

§ 103. Powers and duties of managers.—Six members of the board of managers shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. The board shall:

1. Elect from their number a president and secretary, and may adopt a seal for the use of the colony.
2. Have the government, direction and control of the patients, officers and employees of the colony and of all the property and concerns thereof.
3. Purchase supplies for the use of the colony and such raw materials as may be necessary for the trades and industries pursued therein, and provide for the disposal of the manufactured products and the product of the land.
4. Employ the assistants necessary for the government of the colony, and to educate and properly use the labor of the patients.
5. Establish such by-laws, rules and regulations as they may deem necessary regulating the appointment, powers and duties of officers, teachers, attendants and assistants, fixing the condition of admission, treatment, education, support and discharge of patients, conducting in a proper manner the business of the colony, and regulating the internal government, discipline and management of the colony.

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6. Maintain an effective inspection of the affairs and management of the colony, for which purpose they shall meet at the institution at least four times in each year and at such other times as the by-laws shall prescribe. Their annual meeting shall be held on the second Tuesday of October.

7. Appoint at its annual meeting, a committee of three managers, who shall visit the colony at least once in every month, and perform such other duties and exercise such other powers as are prescribed in the by-laws, or directed by the board.

8. Copy in a bound book, a fair and full record of all its proceedings, which shall be open at all times to the inspection of its members and officers of the state board of charities, and all persons whom the governor or either house of the legislature may appoint to examine the same.

§ 104. Annual report; state board of charities.—The board of managers of the Craig colony shall annually, on or before the first day of November, for the preceding fiscal year, report to the state board of charities the affairs and conditions of the colony, with full and detailed estimates of the next appropriation required for maintenance and ordinary uses and repairs, and of special appropriations, if any, needed for extraordinary repairs, renewals, extensions, improvement, betterments or other necessary objects, as also for the erection of additional buildings needed by reason of overcrowding, and in order to prevent the same, or to meet the need of sufficient accommodations for patients seeking admission to the colony; and the state board of charities shall, in its annual report to the legislature, certify what appropriations are, in its opinion, necessary and proper. The said colony shall be subject to the visitation and to the general powers of the state board of charities.

§ 105. Donations in trust.—The managers may take and hold in trust for the state any grant or devise of land, or any gift or bequest of money or other personal property, or any donation, to be applied, principal or income, or both, to the maintenance and education of epileptics and the general uses of the colony.

§ 106. Officers of the colony.—The board of managers shall appoint a superintendent of the colony, who shall be a well-educated physician and graduate of a legally chartered medical college, with an experience of at least five years in the actual practice of his profession, and who shall be certified as qualified by the civil service commission, after a competitive examination; and a treasurer, who shall reside in the county of Livingston, and shall give an undertaking to the people of the state for the faithful performance of his trust, in such sum and form and with such sureties as the comptroller shall approve. Such officers may be discharged or suspended at any time by such board, in its discretion. The superintendent shall constantly reside in the colony. The board shall determine the annual salaries and allowances of the superintendent, steward and matron, not exceeding, in addition to maintenance supplies,

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the following sums for salaries: Four thousand dollars to the superintendent; fifteen hundred dollars to the steward; one thousand dollars to the matron; and the board shall determine the annual salary of the treasurer of the colony, not exceeding fifteen hundred dollars. Such salaries and allowances shall be paid quarterly, on the first day of October, January, April and July, each year, by the treasurer of the colony, on presentation of bills therefor, audited, allowed and certified, as prescribed in the by-laws.

§ 107. Duties of the superintendent.—The superintendent shall be the chief executive officer of the colony, and subject to the supervision and control of the board of managers; he shall:

1. Oversee and secure the individual treatment and personal care of each and every patient of the colony while resident therein and the proper oversight of all the inhabitants thereof.

2. Have the general superintendence of the buildings, grounds and farm, with their furniture, fixtures and stock, and the direction and control of all persons employed in and about the same.

3. Give, from time to time, such orders and instructions as he may deem best calculated to induce good conduct, fidelity and economy in any department of labor or education or treatment of patients.

4. Appoint a steward and a matron and employ a bookkeeper and such teachers, assistants and attendants as he may think necessary to economically and efficiently carry into effect the design of the colony; prescribe their duties and places, and, subject to the approval of the board of managers, fix their compensation. The steward and matron shall reside in the colony.

5. Maintain salutary discipline among all employees, patients and inhabitants of the colony, and enforce strict compliance with his instructions and uniform obedience to all the rules and regulations of the colony.

6. Cause full and fair accounts and records of the entire business and operations of the colony, with the conditions and prospects of the patients, to be kept regularly, from day to day, in books provided for that purpose.

7. See that such accounts and records shall be fully made up to the first days of January, April, July and October in each year, and that the principal facts and results, with the report thereon, be presented to the board of managers at its quarterly meetings.

8. Conduct the official correspondence of the colony, and keep a record or copy of all letters written by himself and by his clerks and agents, and files of all letters received by him or them.

9. Prepare and present to the board, at its annual meeting, a true and perfect inventory of all the personal property and effects belonging to the colony, and account, when required by

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the board, for the careful keeping and economical use of all furniture, stores and other articles furnished for the colony.

10. Keep a record of all applications for admission of patients, and enter in a book to be provided and kept for that purpose, at the time of admission of each patient to the colony, a minute, with the date, name, residence of the patient, and of the persons on whose application he is received, with a copy of the application, statement, certificate, and all other papers received relating to such epileptic patient, the originals of which he shall file and carefully preserve, and certified copies whereof he shall forthwith transmit to the state board of charities.

§ 108. Duties of treasurer.—The treasurer, among his other duties, shall:

1. Have the custody of all moneys received on account of the monthly estimates made to the comptroller by the superintendent as provided by this chapter, and all other money, notes, mortgages and other securities and obligations belonging to the colony.

2. Keep a full and accurate account of all receipts and payments, in the form prescribed by the by-laws, and such other accounts as shall be required of him by the managers.

3. Balance all the accounts on his books on the first day of each October, and make a statement thereof, and an abstract of all the receipts and payments of the past year; and within five days thereafter deliver the same to the auditing committee of the managers, who shall compare the same with his books and vouchers, and verify the same by a comparison with the books of the superintendent, and certify the correctness thereof to the managers at their annual meeting.

4. Render a quarterly statement of his receipts and payments to such auditing committee who shall, in like manner as above, compare, verify, report and certify the result thereof, to the managers at their annual meeting, who shall cause the same to be recorded in one of the books of the colony.

5. Render a further account of the state of his books, and of the funds and other property in his custody, whenever required by the managers.

6. Receive for the use of the colony, money which may be paid upon obligation or securities in his hands belonging to the colony; and all sums paid to the colony for the support of any patient therein, or, for actual disbursements made in his behalf for necessary clothing and traveling expenses; and money paid to the colony from any other source.

7. Prosecute an action in the name of the colony to recover money due or owing to the colony, from any source; including the bringing of suit for breach of contract between private patients or their guardians and the managers of the colony.

8. Execute a lease and satisfaction of a mortgage, judgment, lien or other debt when paid.

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9. Pay the salaries of the superintendent, treasurer, matron, steward, and of all employees of the colony, and the disbursements of the officers and members of the board as aforesaid. The treasurer shall have power to employ counsel, subject to the approval of the board of managers.

10. Deposit all moneys received for the care of private patients and all other revenues of the colony, in a bank designated by the comptroller, and transmit to the comptroller a statement showing the amount so received and deposited and from whom, and for what received, and the dates on which such deposits were made. Such statement of deposit shall be certified by the proper officer of the bank receiving such deposit or deposits. The treasurer shall verify by his affidavit that the sum so deposited is all the money received by him from any source of income for the colony up to the time of the last deposit appearing on such statement. A bank designated by the comptroller to receive such deposits shall, before any such deposit be made, execute a bond to the people of the state in a sum and with sureties to be approved by the comptroller, for the safe keeping of such deposits.

§ 109. Designation and admission of patients.—There shall be received and gratuitously supported in the colony, epileptics residing in the state, who, if of age, are unable, or, if under age, whose parents or guardians are unable to provide for their support therein; and who shall be designated as state patients. Such additional number of epileptics as can be conveniently accommodated shall be received into the colony by the managers on such terms as shall be just, and shall be designated as private patients. Epileptic children shall be received into the colony only upon the written request of the persons desiring to send them, stating the name, age, place of nativity, if known, the town, city or county in which such children respectively reside, and the ability of their respective parents, or guardians or others to provide for their support in whole or in part, and if in part only, stating what part; and stating also the degree of relationship or other circumstances of connection between the patients and the persons requesting their admission; which statement in all cases of state patients must be verified by the affidavits of the petitioners and of two disinterested persons, and accompanied by the opinion of a qualified physician, all residents of the same county with the epileptic patient, and acquainted with the facts and circumstances stated, and who must be certified to be credible by the county judge or surrogate of the county; and such judge or surrogate must also certify, in each case, that such state patient, in his opinion, is an eligible and proper candidate for admission to the colony. State patients may also be received into the colony upon the official application of a county superintendent of the poor, or of the poor authorities of any city.

It shall be the duty of the superintendent of the poor in every county and of the poor authorities of every city to fur-

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nish annually to the state board of charities, a list of all epileptics in their respective jurisdictions, so far as the same can be ascertained, with such particulars as to the condition of each epileptic as shall be prescribed by the said state board. Whenever an epileptic shall become a charge for his or her maintenance on any of the towns, cities or counties of this state, it shall be the duty of all poor authorities of such city, and of the county superintendents of the poor, and of the supervisors of such county, to place such epileptic in the said colony. Any parent, guardian or friend of an epileptic child within this state may make application to the poor authorities of any city, or the superintendent of the poor of any county or the board of supervisors or any supervisor of any town, ward or city where such child resides, showing by satisfactory affidavit or other proof that the health, morals, comfort or welfare of such child may be endangered or not properly cared for if not placed in such colony; and thereupon it shall be the duty of such officer or board to whom such application may be made to place such child in said colony. The board of supervisors shall provide for the support of such patients, except those properly supported by the state, and may recover for the same from the parents or guardians of such children. In the admission of patients preference shall always be given to poor or indigent epileptics, or the epileptic children of poor or indigent persons, over all others; and preference shall always be given to such as are able to support themselves only in part, or who have parents able to support them only in part, over those who are able or who have parents who are able wholly to furnish such support.

§ 110. Support of state patients.—State patients shall be provided with proper board, lodging, medical treatment, care and tuition; and the managers of the colony shall receive for each state patient supported therein a sum not exceeding two hundred and fifty dollars per annum; which payments, if any, shall be made by the treasurer of the state, on the warrant of the comptroller, to the treasurer of the said colony, on his presenting the bill of the actual time and number of patients in the colony, signed and verified by the superintendent and treasurer of the colony and by the president and secretary of its board of managers. The supervisors of any county from which such patients may have been received into the colony shall cause to be raised annually while such patients remain in the colony, the sum of thirty dollars for each of such state patients for the purpose of furnishing suitable clothing, and the same shall be paid to the treasurer of the colony on or before the first day of April of each year.

§ 111. Apportionment of state patients.—Whenever applications are made at one time for admission of more state patients than can be properly accommodated in the colony, the managers shall so apportion the number received, that each county may be presented in a ratio of its dependent epileptic population

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to the dependent epileptic population of the state, as shown by statistics furnished by the state board of charities.

§ 112. The support of private patients.—The superintendent of the colony may agree with any epileptic who may be of age, or his committee or guardian, or with the parents, guardian or committee, of any epileptic child, or with any person for the entire or partial support, maintenance, clothing, tuition, training, care and treatment of such epileptic in the colony, on such terms and conditions as may be prescribed in the by-laws or approved by the managers. Every patient, guardian, committee or other person applying for the admission into the colony of an epileptic who is, or whose parents or guardians are of sufficient ability to provide for his support and maintenance therein, shall at the time of his admission, execute a bond to the treasurer of the colony with one or more sureties, to be approved by the superintendent and treasurer, in such sum as the managers shall prescribe, to the effect that the obligers will pay to the treasurer of the colony all sums of money at such time or times as shall be so agreed upon, and remove such epileptic from the colony free of expense to the managers within twenty days after the service of the notice hereinafter provided for. If such epileptic, his parents or guardian are of sufficient ability to pay only a part of the expenses of supporting and maintaining him at the institution, such undertaking shall be only for such partial support and maintenance and for removal from the institution as above mentioned; and the treasurer may take security by such obligation or in his discretion by note or other written agreement, with or without sureties, as he may deem proper for such part of such expenses as the epileptic, his parents or guardians are able to pay; but such exercise of discretion shall be with the approval of the superintendent and a committee of the managers in a manner that shall be prescribed in the by-laws. Notice to remove a patient shall be in writing, signed by the superintendent and directed to the epileptic, his parents, guardian, committee or other person upon whose request the patient was received at the colony, at the place of residence mentioned in such request, and deposited in the post-office at Sonyea or any post-office in Livingston county, with the postage prepaid.

§ 113. Discharge of patients.—The superintendent of the colony, with the approval of the managers or of a committee thereof, shall have power to discharge patients, but no epileptic patient shall be returned to any poor-house, directly through a superintendent of the poor, or otherwise. In case a patient, not an epileptic, shall be sent to the colony, through mistaken diagnosis of his disease, or other cause, and there received, such patient shall be returned to and the traveling expenses of such return shall be paid by the person who sent him or her to the colony. Should an epileptic become insane, such patient, if a state patient, shall be sent to the state hospital of the district of which he was a resident just prior to his admission

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to the colony in the manner prescribed by law. The bills for the reasonable expenses incurred in the transportation of state patients to and from the state hospitals after they have been approved in writing by the state commission in lunacy, shall be paid by the treasurer of the state on the warrant of the comptroller from the funds provided for the support of the state hospitals. In case the relatives, guardians or friends of such an insane patient desire that he become an inmate of any state hospital situated beyond the limits of the district of which he was formerly a resident, and there be sufficient accommodations in such state hospital, he shall be received there in the manner provided by law for the transfer of other insane persons. Private patients, who may become insane, shall be committed, as prescribed by law, subject to the regulations of the state commission in lunacy, to such institution for the insane as may be designated by the relatives, guardians or friends of such insane person, all traveling and other expenses of removal to be paid by them. After any patient has been delivered to the managers or officers of such hospital or institution, the care and custody of the managers of the colony over such insane person shall cease; and after any patient shall, as aforesaid, be so certified to be insane as prescribed by law, such patient shall come under the supervision of the state commission in lunacy.

§ 114. Notice of opening of colony.—So soon as the colony shall be ready for the reception of patients, it shall be the duty of the board of managers officially to send notice of such fact to the county clerks and the clerks of the boards of supervisors of the respective counties of the state, and the secretary of the state board of charities; and to furnish such clerks of counties and boards of supervisors with suitable blanks for the commitment of epileptics to such colony.

ARTICLE VIII.

INSTITUTIONS FOR JUVENILE DELINQUENTS.

Section 120. State industrial school; managers.

121. Managers of House of Refuge for Juvenile Delinquents in New York city.

122. Powers and duties of managers.

123. Superintendent.

124. Commitment of children.

125. Register.

126. Discipline and control of inmates.

127. Military drill.

128. Transfer of inmates to penitentiary or Elmira Reformatory.

129. Confinement of juvenile delinquents under sentences by the courts of the United States.

130. Effects of alcoholic drinks and narcotics to be taught.

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Section 120. State industrial school; managers.—The State Industrial School, at Rochester, is hereby continued for the reception of all male and female children, under the age of sixteen years, who shall be legally committed to such school as vagrants or on a conviction for any criminal offense by any court having authority to make such commitment.

Such school shall be under the control and management of a board of fifteen managers appointed by the governor. Their term of office shall be three years, and they shall be so appointed that the terms of one-third shall expire on the first Tuesday of February in each year. All vacancies shall be filled by the governor and the person appointed to fill a vacancy shall hold office for the remainder of the term of the person whom he succeeds. In the discretion of the governor, persons of either sex may be appointed as managers of such school. Such managers shall serve without compensation.

§ 121. Managers of house of refuge for juvenile delinquents in New York city.—The society for the reformation of juvenile delinquents in the city of New York shall continue to be a corporation by the name of "the managers of the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents in the city of New York," with all the powers conferred upon it by its act of incorporation and the acts amendatory thereof. There shall continue to be thirty managers of such society, each of whom shall hold office for the term of three years; and the managers in office when this chapter takes effect shall continue in office for the terms for which they were chosen respectively. The members of such society residing in the city of New York shall annually, on the third Monday in November, by a plurality of votes, elect ten managers of such society. If a vacancy shall occur in the office of any manager, the board of managers may appoint a person to fill the vacancy for the remainder of the unexpired term.

§ 122. Powers and duties of managers.—The managers of such house of refuge, established by the society for the reformation of juvenile delinquents, in the city of New York, and of such state industrial school shall have the general control of such institutions and shall make all such rules, regulations, ordinances and by-laws for the government, discipline, employment, management and disposition of the officers thereof, and of the children while in such institution or in the care of such managers, as to them may appear just and proper. They shall appoint a superintendent and such other officers as they may deem necessary for the conduct and welfare of the institution under their charge. They shall report in detail annually to the legislature on or before the fifteenth day of January, the number of children received by them into the institution, the disposition thereof, their receipts and expenditures, their proceedings during the preceding year, and all other matters which they deem advisable to be brought to the attention of the legislature.

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§ 123. Superintendent.—The superintendent so appointed shall be the chief executive officer of such school, or house of refuge, and subject to the by-laws, rules and regulations thereof and the powers of the board of managers, shall have control of the internal affairs and shall maintain discipline therein and enforce a compliance with, and obedience to, all rules, by-laws, regulations and ordinances adopted by said board for the government, discipline and management of such school or house of refuge.

Under direction of such managers, he shall receive and take into such institution all children legally committed thereto by any court having authority to make such commitment.

§ 124. Commitment of children.—Children under the age of sixteen years may be committed from the rural counties of this state as vagrants, or on the conviction of any criminal offense by any court having authority to make such commitments, to the state industrial school or the house of refuge established by the society for the reformation of juvenile delinquents; but such children in the counties of New York and Kings shall be committed to the house of refuge in New York city, established by such society. But no child under the age of twelve years shall be committed or sentenced to either of such institutions for any crime or offense less than felony. The courts of criminal jurisdiction in the several counties shall ascertain by such proof as may be in their power, the age of every delinquent committed to either of such institutions, and insert such age in the order of commitment, and the age thus ascertained shall be deemed and taken to be the true age of such delinquent. If the court shall omit to insert in the order of commitment, the age of any delinquent committed to such school or house of refuge, the managers shall, as soon as may be after such delinquent shall be received by them, ascertain his age by the best means in their power, and cause the same to be entered in a book to be designated by them for that purpose, and the age of such delinquent thus ascertained shall be deemed and taken to be the true age of such delinquent.

§ 125. Register.—Upon the commitment of a delinquent to such industrial school or house of refuge, the superintendent thereof shall cause to be entered in the register kept for that purpose, the date of admission, name, sex, age, place of birth, nationality, residence and such other facts as may be ascertained, relating to the origin, condition, peculiarity or inherited tendencies of such delinquent.

§ 126. Discipline and control of inmates.—The managers of the state industrial school shall receive and detain during minority, every delinquent committed thereto in pursuance of law, or to the western house of refuge for juvenile delinquents, or to the house of refuge for juvenile delinquents in western New York. The managers of the house of refuge for juvenile delinquents in the city of New York, may receive and detain during minority all delinquents committed thereto. The man-

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agers of each institution shall cause the children detained therein under their care to be instructed in such branches of useful knowledge, and to be regularly and systematically employed in such lines of industry as shall be suitable to their years and capacities, and shall cause such children to be subjected to such discipline, as in the opinion of such board, is most likely to effect their reformation. The managers of each institution, with the consent of any child committed thereto, may bind out as an apprentice or servant, such child during the time they would be entitled to retain him or her, to such persons and at such places to learn such trade and employment as in their judgment will be for the future benefit and advantage of such child.

§ 127. Military drill.—The superintendent of the state industrial school, and the superintendent of the house of refuge, established by the society for the reformation of juvenile delinquents, with the approval of the respective boards of managers thereof, may institute and establish a system of rules and regulations for uniforming, equipping, officering, disciplining and drilling in military art, the male inmates of such institutions, and for the exercise and drill of such inmates according to the most approved tactics, such number of hours daily as such superintendent may deem advisable.

§ 128. Transfer of inmates to penitentiary or Elmira reformatory.—If a delinquent confined in the state industrial school or the house of refuge established by the society for the reformation of juvenile delinquents is guilty of attempting to set fire to any building belonging to either of such institutions, or to any combustible matter for the purpose of setting fire to any such building, or of openly resisting the lawful authority of an officer thereof, or of attempting to excite others to do so, or shall by gross or habitual misconduct exert a dangerous and pernicious influence over the other delinquents, the board of managers of the institution wherein such case arises shall submit a written statement of the facts to a justice of the supreme court, or, if the case arises within the state industrial school, to the county judge of the county of Monroe, and apply to him for an order authorizing a temporary confinement of such delinquent, in the Monroe county penitentiary, or if over sixteen years of age, in the Elmira reformatory; and if the case arises within the house of refuge, established by the society for the reformation of juvenile delinquents in the city of New York, in the county jail or penitentiary of the county of New York, or if the delinquent be over sixteen years of age, to the Eastern New York reformatory, when completed, and until then to the Elmira reformatory. Such judge shall forthwith inquire into the facts, and if it appear that the statement is substantially true, and that the ends desired to be accomplished by the institution wherein the case has arisen will be best promoted thereby, he shall make an order authorizing the confinement of such delinquent in such penitentiary,

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county jail or reformatory for the limited time expressed in the order, and the keeper or superintendent of such penitentiary, county jail or reformatory shall receive such delinquent and detain him during the time expressed in such order. At the expiration of the time limited by such order, or sooner, if the board of managers of either of such institutions shall direct, the superintendent or keeper of such reformatory, county jail or penitentiary shall return such delinquent to the custody of the superintendent of the institution from which such delinquent shall have been received.

§ 129. Confinement of juvenile delinquents under sentences by the courts of the United States.—The superintendents of the house of refuge, established by the society for the reformation of juvenile delinquents in the city of New York, and the state industrial school at Rochester, shall receive and safely keep in their respective institutions, subject to the regulations and discipline thereof, and the provisions of this article, any criminal under the age of sixteen years convicted of any offense against the United States, under sentences of imprisonment in any court of the United States, sitting within this state, until such sentences be executed, or until such delinquent shall be discharged by due course of law, conditioned upon the United States supporting such delinquent and paying the expenses attendant upon the execution of such sentence.

§ 130. Effects of alcoholic drinks and narcotics to be taught.—The nature of alcoholic drinks and other narcotics and their effects on the human system shall be taught in the schools connected with such house of refuge established by the society for the reformation of juvenile delinquents in the city of New York and in the State Industrial school at Rochester, for not less than four lessons a week for ten or more weeks in each year. All pupils who can read shall study this subject from suitable text books, but pupils unable to read shall be instructed in it orally by teachers using text books adapted for such oral instruction as a guide and standard, and these text books shall be graded to the capacities of the pupils pursuing such course of study.

ARTICLE IX.

HOUSES OF REFUGE AND REFORMATORIES FOR WOMEN.

Section 140. Names and location of houses of refuge and reformatories for women.

141. Appointment of managers.

142. General powers and duties of managers.

143. Appointment and removal of officers and employees; compensation.

144. General powers of superintendents.

145. Oaths and bonds.

146. Commitments; papers furnished by committing magistrates.

147. Return of females improperly committed.

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- Section 148. Disposition of children of women so committed.
149. Conveyance of women committed.
150. Detention and rearrests in case of escapes.
151. Employment of inmates.
152. Employment of counsel.
153. Board of managers of Bedford reformatory to notify county clerks of completion thereof.

Section 140. Names and locations of houses of refuge and reformatories for women.—The houses of correction for women located at Hudson and Albion are continued and shall be known respectively as the House of Refuge for Women at Hudson, and the Western House of Refuge for Women. The reformatory for women located at Bedford is also continued and shall be known as the New York State Reformatory for Women.

§ 141. Appointment of managers.—Each such institution shall be under the control of its present board of managers until others are appointed. Such boards shall consist of six managers to be appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the senate. All such managers shall be residents of the state, two shall be women and one a physician who has practiced his profession for ten years. The terms of the managers hereafter appointed shall be six years, except that the managers appointed to fill vacancies shall hold office for the unexpired terms of the managers whom they succeed. The term of office of one of such managers shall expire each year. If in any such institution there be less than six managers in office when this act takes effect, the governor shall appoint additional managers to make up the number of six, who shall be so classified by him that the term of one manager shall expire each year. Where the term of office of a manager of any such institution expires at a time other than the last day of December in any year, the term of office of his successor is abridged so as to expire on the last day of December, preceding the time when such term would otherwise expire, and the term of office of each manager thereafter appointed shall begin on the first day of January.

The governor may remove any manager, at any time, for cause, on giving to such manager a copy of the charges against him and an opportunity to be heard in his defense.

Such managers shall receive no compensation for their time or services; but the actual expenses necessarily incurred by them in the performance of their official duties shall be paid in the same manner as other expenses of such institution. Nothing contained in this section shall abridge the term of any manager now in office.

§ 142. General powers and duties of managers.—Each board of managers shall have the general superintendence, management and control of the institution over which it is appointed; of the grounds and buildings, officers and employees thereof; of the inmates therein, and of all matters relating to the

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government, discipline, contracts and fiscal concerns thereof, and may make such rules and regulations as may seem to them necessary for carrying out the purposes of such institutions.

§ 143. Appointment and removal of officers and employees; compensation.—The board of managers of each of such institutions shall appoint from among its members a president, secretary and treasurer, who shall hold office for such length of time as such board may determine.

They shall appoint a female superintendent, who shall hold office during the pleasure of the board.

Such boards of managers shall fix the compensation of the officers and employees of the institution under their charge.

§ 144. General powers of superintendents.—The superintendent of each such institution shall, subject to the direction and control of the board of managers thereof:

1. Have the general supervision and control of the grounds and buildings of the institution, the subordinate officers and employees and the inmates thereof, and of all matters relating to their government and discipline.

2. Make such rules, regulations and orders, not inconsistent with law or with the rules, regulations or directions of the board of managers, as may seem to her proper or necessary for the government of such institution and its officers and employees; and for the employment, discipline and education of the inmates thereof.

3. Exercise such other powers and perform such other duties as the board of managers may prescribe.

Such superintendent shall also have power to appoint and remove all subordinate female officers and employees, subject to the approval of the board.

§ 145. Oaths and bonds.—Each manager and superintendent of such institutions shall take the constitutional oath of office and execute a bond to the people of the state, in the sum of five thousand dollars, with sureties approved by the state comptroller, which shall be filed in the office of the comptroller. The manager appointed as treasurer of such institution shall give an additional bond for such amount as the comptroller may direct. The comptroller may require other officers of such institutions to give a bond, if, in his opinion, the interests of the state demand it.

§ 146. Commitments; papers furnished by committing magistrates.—A female, between the ages of twelve and twenty-five years, convicted by any magistrate of petit larceny, habitual drunkenness, of being a common prostitute, of frequenting disorderly-houses or houses of prostitution, or of a misdemeanor, and who is not insane, nor mentally or physically incapable of being substantially benefited by the discipline of either of such institutions, may be sentenced or committed to the House of Refuge for Women, at Hudson, and such females between the ages of fifteen and thirty years, convicted of like

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offenses, may be sentenced and committed to the Western House of Refuge for Women, at Albion, or the New York State Reformatory for Women, at Bedford. The term of such sentence and commitment shall be five years, but such female may be sooner discharged therefrom by the board of managers. Such commitments to the House of Refuge for Women, at Hudson, until the New York State Reformatory for Women, at Bedford, is completed and ready for the reception of inmates shall be made from the first, second, third, fourth, fifth and sixth judicial districts; to the Western House of Refuge at Albion, from the seventh and eighth judicial districts. Upon the completion of the New York State Reformatory for Women, at Bedford, commitments thereto shall be made from the first judicial district and the county of Westchester.

The board of managers of each such institution shall furnish the several county clerks of the state with suitable blanks for the commitment of women thereto. Such county clerks shall immediately notify the magistrates of their respective counties of the reception of such blanks and that upon application they will be furnished to them.

The magistrate committing a female pursuant to this section shall immediately notify the superintendent of the institution to which the commitment is made of the conviction of such female, and shall cause a record to be kept of the name, age, birthplace, occupation, previous commitments, if any, and for what offenses; the last place of residence of such female, and the particulars of the offense for which she is committed. A copy of such record shall be transmitted, with the warrant of commitment, to the superintendent of such institution, who shall cause the facts stated therein, and such other facts as may be directed by the board of managers, to be entered in a book of record.

Such magistrate shall, before committing any such female, inquire into and determine the age of such female at the time of commitment, and her age as so determined shall be stated in the warrant. The statement of the age of such female in such warrant shall be conclusive evidence as to such age, in any action to recover damages for her detention or imprisonment under such warrant, and shall be presumptive evidence thereof in any other inquiry, action or proceeding, relating to such detention or imprisonment.

§ 147. Return of females improperly committed.—Whenever it shall appear to the satisfaction of the board of managers of any such institution, that any person committed thereto is not of proper age to be so committed or is not properly committed, or is insane or mentally incapable of being materially benefited by the discipline of any such institution, such board of managers shall cause the return of such female to the county from which she was so committed. Such female shall be so returned in the custody of one of the persons employed by such boards of managers to convey to such institutions women committed

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thereto, who shall deliver her into the custody of the sheriff of the county from which she was committed. Such sheriff shall take such female before the magistrate making the commitment, or some other magistrate having equal jurisdiction in such county, to be by such magistrate resented for the offense for which she was committed to any such institution and dealt with in all respects as though she had not been so committed.

The costs and expenses of the return of such female, necessarily incurred and paid by any such board of managers shall be a charge against the county from which such female was committed, to be paid by such county to such board of managers in the same manner as other county charges are collected.

§ 148. Disposition of children of women so committed.—If any woman committed to any such institution, at the time of such commitment is a mother of a nursing child in her care under one year of age, or is pregnant with child which shall be born after such commitment, such child may accompany its mother to and remain in such institution until it is two years of age and must then be removed therefrom.

The board of managers of any such institution may cause such child to be placed in any asylum for children in this state and pay for the care and maintenance of such child therein at a rate not to exceed two and one-half dollars a week, until the mother of such child shall have been discharged from such institution, or may commit such child to the care and custody of some relative or proper person willing to assume such care.

If such woman, at the time of such commitment, shall be the mother of and have under her exclusive care a child more than one year of age, which might otherwise be left without proper care or guardianship, the magistrate committing such woman shall cause such child to be committed to such asylum as may be provided by law for such purposes, or to the care and custody of some relative or proper person willing to assume such care.

§ 149. Conveyance of women committed.—The board of managers of each of such institutions shall employ suitable persons to be known as marshals, to convey from the place of conviction to such institution, all women legally committed thereto, and such marshals shall have the power and authority of deputy sheriffs in respect thereto. All expenses necessarily incurred in making such conveyance shall be paid by the treasurer of the board of managers. In case of the commitment of a woman, who, at the time thereof, is the mother of a nursing child or is pregnant, the board of managers shall designate a woman of suitable age and character to accompany the person so committed, along with the officer or representative, authorized in this section to be employed by such managers.

§ 150. Detentions and rearrests in cases of escapes.—The board of managers of any such institution may detain therein, under the rules and regulations adopted by them, any female

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legally committed thereto, according to the terms of the sentence and commitment, and conditionally discharge such female at any time prior to the expiration of the term of commitment.

If an inmate escape or be conditionally discharged from any such institution, the board of managers may cause her to be rearrested and returned to such institution, to be detained therein for the unexpired portion of her term, dating from the time of her escape or conditional discharge. A person employed by the board of managers of any such institution to convey to such institution, women committed thereto, may arrest, without a warrant, an escaped inmate in any county in this state, and shall forthwith convey her to the institution from which she escaped; and a magistrate may cause an escaped inmate to be arrested and held in custody, until she can be removed to such institution, as in the case of her first commitment thereto.

A person conditionally discharged from any such institution may be arrested and returned thereto, upon a warrant issued by its president and secretary. Such warrant shall briefly state the reason for such arrest and return, and shall be directed and delivered to a person employed by such board of managers to convey to such institutions, women committed thereto, and may be executed by such person in any such county of this state.

§ 151. Employment of inmates.—The board of managers of each institution shall determine the kind of employment for women committed thereto and shall provide for their necessary custody and superintendence. The provisions for the safe keeping and employment of such women shall be made for the purpose of teaching such women a useful trade or profession and improving their mental and moral condition.

Such board of managers may credit such women with a reasonable compensation for the labor performed by them, and may charge them with the necessary expenses of their maintenance and discipline, not exceeding the sum of two dollars per week. If any balance shall be found to be due such women at the expiration of their terms of commitment, such balance may be paid to them at the time of their discharge.

To secure the safe keeping, obedience and good order of the women committed to any such institution, the superintendent thereof, has the same power as to such women, as keepers of jails and penitentiaries possess as to persons committed to their custody.

§ 152. Clothing and money to be furnished discharged inmates.—The board of managers of any such institution may, in their discretion, furnish to each inmate of such institution who shall be discharged therefrom, necessary clothing not exceeding twelve dollars in value, or if discharged between the first day of November and the first day of April to the value of not exceeding eighteen dollars, and ten dollars in money,

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and a ticket for the transportation of one person from such institution to the place of conviction of such inmate, or to such other place as such inmate may designate, at no greater distance from such institution than the place of conviction.

§ 153. Board of managers of Bedford reformatory to notify county clerks of completion thereof.—As soon as the Bedford Reformatory for Women is completed and ready for the reception of inmates, the board of managers thereof shall notify the county clerks of Westchester and New York counties and furnish such clerks with suitable blanks for the commitment of women to such institution. Such county clerks, on the reception of such notification, shall transmit a copy thereof to the several magistrates of such counties.

ARTICLE X.

THOMAS ASYLUM FOR ORPHAN AND DESTITUTE INDIAN CHILDREN.

Section 160. Establishment of asylum.

161. Board of managers.

162. Powers and duties of the board.

163. Officers; salaries.

164. Superintendent, powers and duties.

165. Treasurer, powers and duties.

Section 160. Establishment of asylum.—The Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children, established on the Cattaraugus reservation in the county of Erie, is hereby continued.

Such asylum may sue and be sued in the corporate name of "Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children," and service of process and papers may be made upon the superintendent or any manager of such asylum.

§ 161. Board of managers.—Such asylum shall be under the control and management of a board of managers, consisting of ten members, three of whom shall be Seneca Indians. Such managers and their successors shall be appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, and shall hold their office for six years, and until others are appointed in their stead, subject to removal for cause by the governor. If any manager fails, without being excused by vote of the board, for one year, to attend the regular meeting of the board of which he is a member, his office shall become vacant. A certificate of every such failure shall forthwith be transmitted by the board to the governor, and all vacancies caused by removal or expiration of office or otherwise shall be filled by the governor, by and with the consent of the senate.

§ 162. Powers and duties of board of managers.—The board of managers shall have the general direction and control of all the property and concerns of such asylum, not otherwise provided for by law. They may acquire and hold, in the name of and for the people of the state of New York, property, by grant, gift, devise or bequest, except reservation lands, which

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may be held by those managers who are Seneca Indians, to be applied to the maintenance of orphan and destitute Indian children, and the general use of the asylum. They shall not receive any compensation for their services, but shall receive actual and necessary traveling expenses for attending the regular meetings of the board, as prescribed by the by-laws of said asylum. They shall:

1. Adopt, with the approval or consent of the state board of charities, by-laws for the regulation and management of said asylum, and regulating the appointment and duties of officers, assistants and employees of the asylum, and ordain and enforce a suitable system of rules and regulations for the internal government, discipline and management of the same.

2. Take care of the general interests of the asylum, and see that its design is carried into effect according to law, and its by-laws, rules and regulations. They shall, on application, receive destitute and orphan Indian children from any of the several reservations located within this state, and shall furnish them such care, moral training and education, and such instruction in husbandry, and the arts of civilization as shall be prescribed by their by-laws, rules and regulations.

3. Keep in a book provided for that purpose, a fair and full record of their doings, which shall be open at all times to the inspection of the governor, the state board of charities or any person appointed to examine the same by the governor, the state board of charities, or either house of the legislature.

4. Maintain an effective inspection of the asylum, for which purpose a committee of the board, consisting of at least four members thereof, shall visit the asylum at least bi-monthly, and the whole board at least twice a year, and at such other times as may be prescribed by the by-laws.

5. Enter in a book kept by them for that purpose, the date of each visit, the condition of the asylum and the children therein, and its property, and all such managers present shall sign such entries.

6. Make, annually, on or before the fifteenth day of January, a report to the legislature of the condition of said asylum, including a true account, in detail, of the receipts and disbursements of all moneys that shall come into their hands, or under their control, the number, age and sex of such destitute orphan children in said asylum, with the name of the reservation to which they belong, and the proportion of the year each has been maintained and instructed in said asylum, and such suggestions and recommendations as they may deem proper, or which may be required of them by the state board of charities.

§ 163. Officers; salaries.—Such board shall appoint for the asylum, as often as necessary, and for cause, after an opportunity to be heard, remove:

1. A superintendent, a matron, and a well-educated physician, who shall be a graduate of an incorporated medical college.

2. A treasurer, who shall give a bond to the people of the

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state for the faithful performance of his trust, with such sureties, and in such amount as the comptroller of the state shall approve.

The superintendent, matron and other assistants shall constantly reside in the asylum, or on the premises, and shall be designated the resident officers of the asylum. The physician shall visit said asylum at such times, and perform such duties as shall be prescribed by the by-laws, rules and regulations of the asylum. Such board shall also, from time to time, with the approval of the state board of charities, fix the annual salaries and allowances of such officers. Such salaries shall be paid in equal monthly installments by the treasurer on the warrant of the board of managers, countersigned by the superintendent thereof, and certified as correct.

§ 164. Superintendent, powers and duties.—The superintendent shall be the chief executive officer of such asylum, and in his absence or sickness, the matron shall perform the duties, and be subject to the responsibilities of the superintendent. Subject to the by-laws, rules and regulations established by the board of managers, such officer shall have the general superintendence of the buildings, grounds, and farm, together with their furniture, fixtures and stock, and shall:

1. Daily ascertain the condition of all the children and prescribe their conduct.

2. Appoint, with the approval of the board of managers, the other resident officers, assistants and employees not otherwise provided for, that he may think necessary for the economical and efficient performance of the business of the asylum, and prescribe their duties, and he may discharge them at his discretion.

3. Cause full and fair accounts and records of all his doings, and of the entire business and operation of the asylum to be kept regularly, from day to day, in books provided for that purpose.

4. See that all such accounts and records are justly made up for the annual report to the legislature, as required by this act, and present the same to the board of managers, who shall incorporate them into their report to the legislature.

5. Keep in a book, in which he shall cause to be entered, at the time of the reception of any child, his name, age, residence, and the names of his parents (if any), to what reservation and tribe he belongs, and the date of such reception, and by whom brought, and the condition of the general health of such child.

§ 165. Treasurer, powers and duties.—The treasurer shall have the custody of all moneys, obligations and securities belonging to the asylum. He shall:

1. Open with some good and solvent bank, conveniently near the asylum, an account in his name as such treasurer, and deposit all moneys, upon receiving the same, therein, and draw from the same in the manner prescribed by the by-laws, specifying the object of payment.

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2. Keep a full and accurate account of all receipts and payment in the manner directed by the by-laws, and such other accounts as the board of managers shall prescribe, render a statement to the board of managers whenever required by them.

ARTICLE XI.

LAWS REPEALED; WHEN TO TAKE EFFECT.

Section 170. Laws repealed.

171. When to take effect.

Section 170. Laws repealed.—Of the laws enumerated in the schedule hereto annexed, that portion specified in the last column is repealed.

§ 171. When to take effect.—This chapter shall take effect on October first, eighteen hundred and ninety-six.

SCHEDULE OF LAWS REPEALED.

Laws of—	Chapter.	Sections.
1846.....	143.....	All.
1850.....	24.....	All.
1851.....	502.....	All.
1852.....	387.....	All.
1853.....	159.....	All.
1853.....	608.....	All.
1855.....	163.....	All.
1861.....	306.....	All.
1862.....	220.....	All.
1867.....	739.....	All.
1867.....	951.....	All.
1873.....	571.....	All.
1875.....	228.....	All.
1878.....	72.....	All.
1879.....	109.....	All.
1881.....	187.....	All.
1885.....	281.....	All.
1886.....	539.....	All.
1888.....	404.....	All.
1890.....	238.....	All.
1891.....	51.....	All.
1891.....	216.....	All.
1891.....	375.....	All.
1892.....	637.....	All, except § 5.
1892.....	704.....	All.
1893.....	635.....	All.
1894.....	363.....	All.
1895.....	13.....	All.
1895.....	38.....	All, except § 9
1895.....	59.....	All.
1895.....	253.....	All.
1895.....	439.....	All.
1895.....	771.....	All.

The Real Property Law.

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Chapter 547

Section 93. Grants and devises of real property for charitable purposes.

Amending the Penal Code, relative to certain offenses against the poor law. Chapter 550

Section 117b. Neglect of duty by superintendent or overseer of the poor.

Section 675a. Unlawful removal of poor person.

See chap. 225, L. 1896.

Amending section 699 of the Penal Code, relative to imprisonment of persons between the ages of sixteen and twenty-one. Chapter 553

Amending section 701 of the Penal Code, relative to houses of refuge. Chapter 554

See chap. 546, L. 1896.

Amending section 56 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, relating to violations of the poor and domestic commerce laws. Chapter 555

See chap. 546, L. 1897; chap. 182, L. 1898.

Amending the Public Officers' Law. Section 25a added, relating to the removal of certain town and village officers from office. Chapter 573

Amending chapter 187, Laws 1881, to provide for the establishment of a house of refuge for women, relative to the custody of nursing children, removal to asylum or custody of relatives, commitment by magistrate and binding out children. Chapter 537

See § 698, Penal Code; chap. 546, L. 1896; chap. 264, L. 1898; chap. 114, L. 1900.

Authorizing the State commissions or boards of managers of State charitable institutions to acquire land by condemnation and to amend the Code of Civil Procedure, relating to condemnation. Chapter 539

To exempt the real estate of the Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews of New York from taxation, assessments and water rates. Chapter 597

Amending chapter 706, Laws 1887, to provide for the relief of indigent soldiers, sailors and marines, and the Chapter 598

- (1896) families of those deceased, as amended by chapter 261, Laws 1888.
- Chapter 606 Amending chapter 671, Laws 1894, known as The Compulsory Education Law.
See chap. 459, L. 1903.
- Chapter 620 Authorizing the commissioners of the sinking fund of New York city to lease certain lands in the said city to The Hospital for Scarlet Fever and Diphtheria Patients.
- Chapter 692 Mount Vernon city charter—chapter 182, Laws 1892—amended.
One commissioner of charities to be appointed. Compensation to be \$350 per annum.
- Chapter 694 Gloversville city charter—chapter 55, Laws 1890—amended.
The annual estimate of city expenses shall include all expenses for the support of the poor, including the salary of the commissioner of charities, to be known as the charities fund.
- Chapter 696 The Rochester Fire Department Pension Fund Act—chapter 524, Laws 1894—amended.
- Chapter 721 To promote the public health of New York city and to provide for the construction of a building for an ambulance station and vaccine laboratory.
- Chapter 724 Making further provision for the proper maintenance, care and treatment of sick, infirm and destitute persons under the jurisdiction and care of the commissioners of public charities in New York city.
See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.
- Chapter 739 Incorporating the "Merchant Marine Hospital Service" to establish a hospital for the care and treatment of foreign sailors.
- Chapter 740 Amending the charter of the Hebrew Benevolent and Orphan Asylum Society of the city of New York, and to authorize its appointment as general guardian of the person and property of infants under its control and care.

Revising the Kingston city charter, and to establish a city court therein, and to define its jurisdiction and powers.

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Chapter 747

Section 14. One commissioner of alms from each ward to be appointed.

Section 16. Successors to the commissioners of the almshouse shall be appointed by the mayor as their terms severally expire or vacancies occur. Appointment at the expiration of a term shall be for the full term hereinafter provided.

Title 7. Of the commissioners of the almshouse.

Section 75. Terms and appointment.

Section 76. Powers defined.

Section 77. General powers.

Section 78. Duties of superintendent.

Section 79. Annual account.

Section 80. Annual estimate.

Section 81. City a separate district.

Section 124. The common council may raise by tax upon the real and personal property assessable in said city annually, for the commissioners of the almshouse, a sum not exceeding \$20,000.

The New York city Consolidation Act.—Section 532 amended, in relation to the percentage on receipts of the foreign fire insurance companies doing business in New York city. Said percentage shall be collected and paid to the trustees of the Exempt Firemen's Benevolent Fund of the city of New York, and to Exempt Firemen's Benevolent Fund Association of Twenty-third ward until 1907, who shall provide for Volunteer Firemen's Home at Hudson.

Chapter 752

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Rochester city charter—chapter 143, Laws 1861—amended in relation to taxes and the payment of certain government expenses, and to repeal section 84 thereof.

Chapter 777

(1896)

Section 81. Finance committee of common council may require estimates for the support and relief of the poor.

Chapter 811

Act to divide the town of Watervliet, Albany county, and to erect the town of Green Island out of the part set off.

Sections 4 and 5. One overseer of the poor to be elected who shall hold his office for one year or until his successor is elected and qualified.

Chapter 822

Charter of the Inebriates' Home for Kings county—chapter 843, Laws 1867—amended in relation to appointment of directors.

See chap. 604, L. 1898.

Chapter 829

New York city Consolidation Act.—Subdivision 10 of twenty-first paragraph of section 194, amended relative to the Flower Surgical Hospital, \$12,000 appropriated for the care of certain persons in said hospital.

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Chapter 849

Watkins village charter, chapter 125, Laws 1861, amended. Trustees to be empowered to remit poll taxes and to discharge judgments against all indigent persons unable to work.

Chapter 852

Amending chapter 696, Laws 1887, to provide hospitals, orphan asylums and other charitable institutions in New York city with free water supply.

Chapter 853

Military code amended. Section 19 as to hospital corps and section 132 as to pay and care of militiamen when injured or disabled in service.

Chapter 871

Faxton Hospital charter in Utica—Chapter 88, Laws 1873, as amended by chapter 407, Laws 1889—further amended.

Chapter 873

Act to insure prompt medical treatment for the sick and injured.

Sections 1 and 3. In any city, county, town or village of the State wherein exists, or is hereafter created, an ambulance system supported wholly or partly at public

expense, or which is wholly or partly under the care, management or control of the public authorities, no person in charge of an ambulance, hospital, house or place of reception for the sick or injured shall refuse, in answer to a call or demand for an ambulance, to take such person or persons for whom a call is made to the hospital or place of reception for the sick or injured from which the ambulance came, for examination and treatment by the house authorities of the said hospital or place of reception for the sick or injured. Any person or persons neglecting or refusing to comply with the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

(1896)

This act shall apply to the drivers of or the physicians in charge of an ambulance.

Amending section 3, chapter 107, Laws 1887, to incorporate the Nyack fire department, and to exempt its property from taxation.

Chapter 879

Object of corporation shall be to accumulate a fund for the relief of indigent members of said fire department disabled while in active service.

Authorizing the sale of ale and beer upon the premises of the New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home of Bath, N. Y., and providing for the expenditure of the net proceeds therefrom.

Chapter 900

Incorporating the city of Watervliet.

Chapter 905

Title 2, sections 1, 2, 3 and 8. One commissioner of charities to be appointed by the mayor for a term of two years, at a salary of \$500 per annum.

Title 3, section 2. Official bond of the commissioner of charities.

Section 3. Liability of city officers for unauthorized expenditures and other official misconduct.

Section 12. Duty of city physician; whose salary shall be \$300.

(1896)

Title 4, section 4, subdivision 6. Maximum amount of money to be raised annually by tax for furnishing temporary relief and medicines to the city poor, and conveying paupers to the county almshouse, to be designated the poor fund, shall not exceed \$3,000.

Title X.—The commissioner of charities.

Section 1. Powers and duties of the commissioner of charities.

Section 2. Monthly report of commissioner of charities.

Section 3. Common council shall audit and pay accounts.

Section 4. Commissioner not to be interested in purchases.

Chapter 908

The Tax Law. The following to be exempt from taxation:

Section 4, subdivision 5. All property exempt by law from execution, other than an exempt homestead.

See chap. 347, L. 1897.

Subdivision 7. The real property of a corporation or association organized exclusively for the moral or mental improvement of men or women, or for religious, charitable, benevolent, missionary, hospital or infirm-ary purposes, or for the enforcement of laws relating to children and used exclusively for carrying out there-upon one or more of such purposes, and the personal property of any such corporation or association, shall be exempt from taxation. But no such corporation or association shall be entitled to any such exemption if any officer, member or employee thereof shall receive or may be lawfully entitled to receive, any pecuniary profit from the operations thereof, except reasonable compensation for services.

Chapter 914

Act to provide for the care of aged, decrepit and mentally enfeebled persons who are not insane, and supervision of the State Board of Charities thereover.

The full text of this law is as follows:

(1896)

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE CARE OF AGED, DECREPIT AND MENTALLY ENFEEBLED PERSONS WHO ARE NOT INSANE.

CHAPTER 914, LAWS OF 1896.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. It shall be lawful for the state board of charities, within ten days after the passage of this act, to exercise supervision over all aged, decrepit and feeble-minded persons who are not proper subjects for care and treatment in a hospital for the insane, but who, on application by themselves, or by their relatives, or if without relatives, then by their friends or legal guardians, seek to obtain admission into any homes, retreats, or other asylums which may be authorized under the provisions of this act, to receive and administer to their necessities in a safe and humane manner.

§ 2. The state board of charities, in the exercise of such official supervision, is hereby empowered to license any home, retreat or other asylum devoted to the sole purpose of keeping and caring for such aged, decrepit or mentally enfeebled persons whenever in the judgment of said board such home, retreat or asylum possesses the necessary equipment in officers and attendants, together with suitable domestic accommodations in all other respects, for the safe and humane maintenance of such patients. And the power of exercising supervision over such institutions by the state board of charities, and of visiting and inspecting them and their inmates at all times, shall be the same as now belongs to them in respect to the other institutions under their care.

§ 3. Any person not a minor may voluntarily enter such a licensed institution upon filing an application of his intention with the superintendent thereof, supported by the affidavits of two reputable physicians of the places of residence of such person, certifying to the fact that the said applicant, though aged, decrepit or mentally enfeebled, is not insane nor a proper subject for treatment in a hospital for the insane, and that he goes there with the consent of his relatives, friends or legal guardians.

§ 4. In case such applicant be incompetent to act for himself, a similar application may be made in his behalf by any relative, friend or legal guardian in whose charge, or by whose assistance he is maintained, and the superintendent of such institution is hereby authorized to receive him in like manner as above stated.

§ 5. Any patient upon application made to the state board of charities by him, or his friends or legal guardians, may be discharged from any such home, retreat or asylum, and

(1896)

placed in the care of his friends or other suitable place as the said board, in their judgment, may deem best.

§ 6. This act shall take effect immediately.

Chapter 923

Buffalo city charter—chapter 105, Laws 1891—amended in relation to the public school teachers' retirement fund.

Chapter 944

Act appropriating \$4,200,000 by tax, under provisions of chapter 126, Laws 1890, chapter 214, Laws 1893, chapter 358, Laws 1894, and chapter 693, Laws 1895, one mill being imposed on every dollar of taxable property in the State, for the care of the insane and the expenses of State hospitals, including poor supplies and salaries of employees.

Chapter 948

Annual appropriation act.—Appropriates: \$7,361.67 for Indian annuities; \$300 for relief of the Onondaga Indians; \$160,000 for the New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home; \$200,000 for the New York State Reformatory, Elmira; \$65,000 for the New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, New York city; \$31,200 for the Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, New York city; \$19,500 for Le Couteulx St. Mary's Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, Buffalo; \$29,900 for the Central New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Rome; \$44,200 for the St. Joseph's Institute for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, Fordham; \$24,700 for the Western New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Rochester; \$16,900 for the Northern New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Malone; \$20,000 for the Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children; \$45,000 for the New York Institution for the Blind; \$40,000 for the New York State School for the Blind; \$40,000 for the Craig Colony for Epileptics; \$165,000 for the New York Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents; \$175,000 for the State Industrial School, Rochester; \$81,000 for the Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-

Minded Children; \$150,000 for the State Custodial Asylum for Feeble-Minded Women; \$50,000 for the Rome State Custodial Asylum; \$35,000 for the House of Refuge for Women, Hudson; \$25,000 for the Western House of Refuge for Women; \$53,500 for the State Board of Charities for support of State and alien paupers.

(1896)

The annual supply bill.—Appropriates: \$500 for the New York Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents; \$3,169.70 for Robert C. Chapin, for stenographic services in investigation of the department of charities and correction of Kings county; \$15,000 for the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents.

Chapter 949

The supplemental supply bill.—Appropriates: \$2,000 for expenses of examinations and investigations of public institutions by Comptroller; \$15,000 for expenses for monthly estimates by State charitable and reformatory institutions; \$100,000 for printing 1,500 copies of the report of the trustees of the Collins Farm State Homœopathic Hospital for the Insane together with printing of other legislative reports; \$5,000 for traveling and office expenses of the State Board of Charities; \$6,000 for the Western House of Refuge for Women; \$6,000 for the Pasteur Institute, New York city; \$13,600 for the Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children; \$1,000 for the clergymen of the Willard State Hospital; \$10,566.01 for the State Industrial School \$6,000 for the House of Refuge for Women, Hudson; \$6,305 for the Custodial Asylum for Feeble-Minded Women at Newark; \$10,500 for New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home; \$4,500 for M. J. Dady to purchase building and land for the Long Island State Hospital; \$12,260 for the Institution for the Blind at Batavia; \$650 for the Deaf-Mutes' Journal.

Chapter 950

To provide for the reorganization, regulation and

Chapter 960

- (1896) maintenance of a police department for Richmond county.
 Section 34. The police pension fund to be continued.
 See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.
- Chapter 982 Making an appropriation of \$5,000 for the formation and maintenance of a free public employment bureau in New York city.
 See chap. 415, L. 1897.
- Chapter 984 New York city Consolidation Act.—Section 520 amended, relative to pensions to widows or orphans or dependent parents of members of the fire department of said city.
 See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.
- Chapter 985 Incorporating the “Hungarian Association of the city of New York” for charitable purposes.
- Chapter 991 Amending chapter 409, Laws 1886, to regulate the employment of women and children in manufacturing establishments and to provide for the appointments of inspectors to enforce the same.
 See chap. 415, L. 1897; chap. 184, L. 1903.
- Chapter 996 Brooklyn city charter—chapter 583, Laws 1888—amended relative to the disposition of excise moneys and fines and providing for the disposition thereof for charitable purposes, and to place a portion thereof in the revenue fund of said city.
 See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.
- Page 1162 The corporate name of the Long Island Throat and Lung Hospital and People’s Dispensary changed to “Long Island Throat Hospital and Eye Infirmary.” The Red Cross Society of Brooklyn changed to “The Red Cross Instruction and District Nursing Society of Brooklyn, New York.”
- Laws of 1897 Chapter 3 Making an appropriation of \$100,000 for certain benevolent and charitable institutions in the city of Brooklyn and \$75,000 for the police fund of said city.
- Chapter 47 Amending section 1, chapter 468, Laws 1894, to provide for the establishment of a home for the aged and

dependent veteran and his wife, veterans' mothers, widows and army nurses resident in New York, known as the "New York State Woman's Relief Corps Home" and making an appropriation of \$7,000 therefor. (1897)

Amending section 13 of the Poor Law—chapter 225, Laws 1896—in relation to temporary or out-door relief. Chapter 48

Legalizing and confirming the sale of the town farm of the town of Flushing, Queens county, by the trustees thereof on January 12, 1897. Chapter 49

Brooklyn city charter, chapter 583, Laws 1888, amended in reference to the pension roll of the Firemen's Insurance Fund. Chapter 67

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Amending section 184 of the Town Law, chapter 569, Laws 1890, authorizing town boards to borrow the amount of a special appropriation for the support of the poor, prior to raising the same in the annual tax levy. Chapter 84

Incorporating the "Trustees of the Sailors' Rest in the city of New York." Chapter 99

Charter of the Association for the Benefit of Colored Orphans in New York city—chapter 232, Laws of 1838—amended. Chapter 100

In relation to the S. R. Smith Infirmary in Richmond county, empowering the board of supervisors to appropriate money for care, support and maintenance of inmates received and retained therein pursuant to rules established by the State Board of Charities. Such appropriation not to exceed \$10,000 annually. Chapter 102

To provide for the reorganization, regulation and maintenance of a police department for Richmond county repealing certain acts. Chapter 108

Section 34. The police pension fund is hereby continued.

Section 35. Said fund shall consist of all capital, income, cash, deposits, etc., now belonging to said

(1897)

fund, together with a certain per cent of the excise moneys, dog licenses and monthly salaries of the members of the force, also all fines, fees, rewards, gifts, testimonials, etc.

Section 36. Pensions to be granted to widows and children of deceased firemen and to disabled, retired and superannuated members of the force.

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Chapter 130

Providing for the payment of all tax receipts collected or to be collected from foreign insurance companies doing business in the State under and pursuant to chapter 604, Laws 1886, on insurance on property in the village of Patchogue, Suffolk county, to the trustees of the Exempt Firemen's Benevolent Fund of said village.

Chapter 141

Amending the Benevolent Orders Law, being chapter 377, Laws 1896.

Chapter 149

Amending section 2323a of the Code of Civil Procedure relating to the appointment of committees for incompetent persons who are inmates of State institutions.

Chapter 161

Amending the charter of the city of Buffalo in relation to the commissioners of the firemen's relief and pension fund.

Chapter 174

Act for the protection of purchases of coal in cities of the first and second class and providing for the enforcement thereof, and to repeal chapter 539, Laws 1888. One-half of penalty collected for violation of act to be applied to police pension or relief fund, to firemen's pension or relief fund.

See chap. 327, L. 1900.

Chapter 175

Act for the protection of fur-bearing animals in the counties of Cattaraugus, Oneida, Madison and Otsego.

Moiety of penalties to be credited to the town poor fund.

Chapter 191

Albany hospital charter—Chapter 431, Laws 1849—amended, relative to the number of governors.

Chapter 225, Laws 1896, amended by inserting therein a new section.

(1897)
Chapter 203

Section 57. Settlement, how lost.—A person who has gained a settlement in a town or city loses the same by a continuous residence elsewhere for one year.

See chap. 345, L. 1900.

Amending section 31 of chapter 559, Laws 1895, relating to certificates of incorporation of membership corporations.

Chapter 205

Amending section 26 of the Poor Law, chapter 225, Laws 1896, relating to books of accounts and reports of overseers of the poor.

Chapter 222

New York city Consolidation Act—chapter 410, Laws 1882—amended by adding section 306-a, relating to the payment of police pensions.

Chapter 231

Making an appropriation of \$34,300 for the Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children.

Chapter 241

Act to prohibit the sale or gift of tobacco to minors in reformatories, penitentiaries or houses of refuge.

Chapter 256

See § 290, Penal Code.

Oswego city charter—chapter 394, Laws 1895—amended.

Chapter 263

Section 219. The department of charities shall hold two regular monthly meetings and may employ a clerk to transact the business of said department at a compensation of not more than \$1,000 per annum, and if necessary extra clerk hire not exceeding \$200 for compensation.

Section 274. \$3,000 to be annually credited to the department of charities for its use.

The charter of the Grand Lodge of the United States of the Independent Order Free Sons of Israel amended, relative to provisions by means of endowments for the widows, orphans or parents of deceased members.

Chapter 264

Amending chapter 466, Laws 1877, in relation to assignments of the estates of debtors for the benefit of creditors, as amended by chapter 328 of Laws 1884.

Chapter 266

- (1897) Section 29. In all assignments made in pursuance of this act, the wages owing to the employees of the assignor or assignors at the time of the execution of the assignment shall be preferred before any other debt.
- Chapter 272 Authorizing the commissioners of the almshouse of the city and town of Newburgh, Orange county, to pay annually to St. Luke's Home and Hospital of Newburgh, New York, the sum of \$1,000 for the care and maintenance of indigent persons.
- Chapter 274 Providing for the sale of certain lands of Utica State Hospital belonging to the State.
- Chapter 278 Incorporating the "Lucy A. Wood Rowe Memorial Association," and to prescribe its objects and powers.
- Chapter 283 Act in relation to the Albany Home School for the Oral Instruction of the Deaf, Albany, New York.
May receive State pupils.
- Chapter 285 Incorporating the "Grace Institute" in New York city, to furnish women and girls instruction in the occupations and trades of the domestic arts and sciences.
- Chapter 302 Amending section 1926 of the Code of Civil Procedure relative to actions by certain specified officers, including poor officials.
- Chapter 306 Annual appropriation act.—Appropriates: \$7,361.67 for Indian annuities; \$300 for relief of the Onondaga Indians; \$185,000 for the New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home; \$215,000 for the New York State Reformatory, Elmira; \$65,000 for the New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, New York city; \$31,200 for the Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, New York city; \$19,500 for the Le Cousteulx St. Mary's Institution for the Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, Buffalo; \$29,900 for the Central New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Rome; \$45,000 for the St. Joseph's Institute for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, Fordham; \$24,700 for the Western New York Institu-

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tion for Deaf-Mutes, Rochester; \$16,900 for the Northern New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Malone; \$20,000 for Thomas Asylum for Destitute Indian Children; \$45,000 for the New York Institution for the Blind; \$40,000 for the New York State School for the Blind, Batavia; \$50,000 for the Craig Colony for Epileptics; \$165,000 for the New York Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents; \$190,000 for the State Industrial School, Rochester; \$75,000 for the Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children; \$50,000 for the State Custodial Asylum for Feeble-Minded Women, Newark; \$55,000 for the Rome State Custodial Asylum; \$68,000 for the House of Refuge for Women, Hudson; \$30,000 for the Western House of Refuge at Albion; \$15,000 for the New York State Woman's Relief Corps Home, Oxford; \$68,500 for the State Board of Charities for expenses and State and alien paupers.

Amending the Liquor Tax Law, chapter 112, Laws 1896.

Chapter 312

Section 24. Liquor traffic to be prohibited in any building or upon the premises established as a penal institution, protectory, industrial school, asylum, State hospital, colony or institution established for the care or treatment of epileptics or poorhouse, and also amending section 30 as to persons to whom liquor shall not be sold or given.

Amending section 212 of the Insurance Law in relation to the exemption from execution of money or aid provided by life or casualty insurance corporations upon the co-operative or assessment plan.

Chapter 345

Amending subdivision 5 of section 4 of the Tax Law, in relation to the exemption from taxation of real property purchased with the proceeds of a pension.

Chapter 347

Amending section 1393 of the Code of Civil Procedure relative to the seizure and sale of real property purchased with the proceeds of a pension.

Chapter 348

(1897)
Chapter 359

Incorporating the city of Rensselaer.

Sections 10 to 12 and 17. Two commissioners of charities to be appointed by the common council for a term of two years each at a compensation of \$200 per annum.

See chap. 92, L. 1902.

Section 30. Official oaths required of all city officers.

Section 31. Each city commissioner of charities shall file an official bond.

Section 32. Liability of city officers for unauthorized expenditures and other official misconduct.

Section 52, subdivision 7. A sum necessary for defraying the expenses of the care of the city poor to be designated as the poor fund, shall be raised annually by city tax.

Section 53. Annual report and estimates by boards and officers to the mayor.

Section 56. The common council shall provide for the support of the city poor, the expenses of which shall be payable from the poor fund. The claims and accounts against the city incurred and paid by the commissioners of charities shall be referred to a standing committee and presented to the common council for audit.

Article 8. The powers and duties of the commissioners of charities.

Sections 140 to 143. Monthly report of commissioners. Common council to audit accounts. Commissioners not to be interested in purchases.

Chapter 360

Incorporating the city of Geneva.

Section 9. Said city to be considered a town for purposes relative to the care of the poor. Said city poor shall be received and cared for in the county almshouse in same manner and on same terms and conditions as the poor of other towns in Ontario county.

Section 18. Three commissioners of charities to be appointed.

(1897)

Section 75. Who shall constitute a board of charities.—Said commissioners shall hold office for two, four and six years respectively, and upon the expiration of their terms of office their successors shall be appointed for six years each, all of whom shall serve without compensation.

Section 76. Said board of charities shall have the powers and duties of the overseers of the poor of towns in Ontario county; they shall have power to appoint an overseer of the poor, who shall, under the direction of said board, dispense alms, give relief and administer charity to the city poor and shall be required to give a bond for faithful performance of duty.

See chap. 614, L. 1899.

Section 78. The sale or exchange by poor persons of articles furnished as relief or charity for intoxicating liquor to be deemed a misdemeanor.

Section 112. Between October 1st and 15th the board of charities shall submit to the common council an estimate of expenses for the next fiscal year.

Section 111. Common council to levy tax for expenses of board of charities.

Incorporating the city of North Tonawanda.

Chapter 361

Title 2, section 1, and title 3, sections 7 and 8. One commissioner of public charities to be appointed by the mayor for one year, also one city physician to be similarly appointed.

See chap. 398, L. 1902.

Title 11, section 11. The city physician shall give such medical attendance and medicine to the poor of the city as the commissioner of charities shall direct and such other services as the mayor shall require of him.

See chap. 398, L. 1902.

Title 13. Commissioner of public charities.

Sections 1 to 5. Qualifications; duties and powers; monthly reports; account to be audited; no profit from supplies.

(1897)

Title 18, section 1, subdivisions 4 and 5. Appropriations to be raised by annual tax.—\$2,500 for the uses and purposes of the commissioner of public charities; \$600 for the salary of the commissioner of charities; \$500 for the city physician.

See chap. 398, L. 1902.

Chapter 371

Amending subdivision 7 of section 4 of the Tax Law as to exemption from taxation of property of charitable corporations.

Chapter 378

Charter of the city of New York.

Section 96. The department of public charities to be an administrative department.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 103. The head of the department of public charities shall be called the board of public charities, consisting of three commissioners of public charities of New York city who shall be appointed by the mayor for a term of six years, except those first appointed, who shall remain in office for two, four and six years respectively, as designated by the mayor.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 118. The mayor shall appoint the heads of departments.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Title 5. Appropriations and the board of estimate and apportionment.—How constituted, duties; the annual budget.

Section 226. The mayor, comptroller, corporation counsel, president of the council and the president of the department of taxes and assessments shall constitute the board of estimate and apportionment.

Heads of departments shall annually send estimates of money required for expenses to said board.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 230. The said board of estimate and apportionment shall annually include in its final estimate the following sums, which shall annually be raised and appropriated:

* * * * *

(1897)

Eighth. Not exceeding \$75,000 as is included in the department estimates submitted to it by the department of public charities, to be applied to the relief of poor adult blind persons.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Twenty-second. The sums necessary, in the discretion of said board, to make the following payments, viz.:

1. Two dollars per week for each child cared for by the American Female Guardian Society; \$25,000 also to be applied to charitable work of said society.

2. Thirty thousand dollars for the New York Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children.

3. One hundred and fifty dollars for the support of every crippled child at the New York Society for the Relief of the Ruptured and Crippled.

4. Twenty-five dollars for each homeless and needy mother and a further sum of \$18 for each homeless and needy mother and child cared for at the New York Infirmary for Women and Children and at the New York Medical College and Hospital for Women, but such sums to the New York Medical College and Hospital for Women shall not exceed the yearly sum of \$8,000.

5. Two dollars per week for each orphan and destitute child supported at the Children's Fold of New York city.

6. Fifty dollars for clothing each State pupil received at the New York Institution for the Blind.

7. Ten thousand dollars for the Children's Aid Society; \$30,000 for industrial schools in New York city; \$30,000 for boys' and girls' lodging houses; \$30,000 for St. John's Guild; \$5,000 for the Sanitarium for Hebrew Children in New York city.

8. Thirty-eight cents per day for each foundling supported by the Foundling Asylum of the Sisters of Charity and the Babies' Hospital of New York city respectively, and also \$18 per month for each needy mother

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received in such hospitals and taking care of a child. Thirty-eight cents per day for each child cared for in the babies' ward of the Post Graduate Hospital in New York city.

9. Five dollars per week for each needy woman at the Nursery and Child's Hospital; \$10 per month for each child cared for by or at the Nursery and Child's Hospital; \$1 per day for each charity patient supported at the New York Polyclinic Medical School and Hospital, not to exceed annually \$30,000; \$1 per day for each charity patient cared for at the Flower Surgical Hospital belonging to the New York Homœopathic College and Hospital, such payment not to exceed \$12,000 per annum.

10. Thirty-eight cents per day for every infant supported at the New York Infant Asylum; \$25 for every needy mother supported at the New York Infant Asylum and \$18 per month for every needy mother and child supported at the New York Infant Asylum.

11. Five thousand dollars for the Shepherd's Fold of the Protestant Episcopal Church in New York State.

12. One hundred and ten dollars for each person maintained in the institutions connected with the New York Catholic Protectory.

13. One hundred and ten dollars per annum for each indigent and orphan child cared for by the Hebrew Benevolent Society; \$104 per annum for each of similar children supported by the Hebrew Sheltering Guardian Society of New York.

14. One hundred and ten dollars per annum for each child committed to the New York Juvenile Asylum.

15. One hundred and ten dollars per annum for each child committed to the Roman Catholic House of Good Shepherd between fourteen and twenty-one years of age.

16. One hundred and ten dollars per annum for each child committed to the Magdalen Female Benevolent

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Asylum and Home for Fallen Women between the ages of fourteen and twenty-one.

17. One hundred and ten dollars per annum for each child committed to the Protestant Episcopal House of Mercy between fourteen and twenty-one years of age.

18. Fifty-two dollars per annum for each orphan and destitute child received in the Five Points House of Industry.

19. One dollar per week for each female supported at the Association for Befriending Children and Young Girls.

20. One hundred and fifty dollars per annum for each woman over sixty-five years received at the Peabody Home for Aged and Indigent Women, not in aggregate to exceed \$5,000 per annum; \$5 per week for each destitute woman cared for at the Sloan Maternity Hospital, New York city, and a further sum of \$10 per month for each child there supported, such sums not to exceed \$8,000 per annum; \$25 for each destitute mother received in the New York Female Asylum, not to exceed \$8,000 in any one year.

21. Fifteen dollars for each needy mother cared for at the Mothers and Babies' Hospital.

22. Also other sums directed by law to be raised for charitable purposes.

23. The board of estimate and apportionment are hereby authorized in their discretion to include in their annual statements and estimates the sum of \$148,500 for sixty named hospitals, dispensaries, societies and associations belonging to the city of Brooklyn, on condition that institutions will furnish free medicinal and surgical aid to the poor of Kings county who may apply to them.

24. Any other sums which may heretofore have been duly authorized by law to be paid by tax within New York city or any part thereof as constituted by this act for the education and support of the blind, deaf and

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dumb and juvenile delinquents, and for the care and education of the inmates of orphan asylums, protectories and other charitable institutions as in such law specified. The final estimate shall specify each institution by its corporate name and the sum to be paid thereto, and the comptroller is authorized to pay such institution under certain regulations to be prescribed by him.

See chap. 196, L. 1899; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 238. Appropriations out of excise moneys to Home for Girls. There may be paid annually to the Home for Fallen and Friendless Girls in New York city \$150 for the support of every such girl received therein.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 240. Said board of estimate and apportionment is authorized, in sums according to its discretion, to appropriate from excise moneys to such benevolent and charitable institutions in said city which shall gratuitously aid, support or assist the poor. No payments shall be made pursuant to this section, except as a per capita allowance for the poor and destitute persons actually supported, treated, cared for or educated in the institutions referred to in this section except in the case of the American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless, the Children's Aid Society and the Shepherd's Fold of the Protestant Episcopal Church, which shall severally receive only the same amounts as provided by other provisions of law. The said board is also authorized to appropriate all moneys derived from penalties and fines recovered pursuant to sections 1473, 1481 and 1482 of this act, and all moneys from licenses provided for in chapter 22, title 2 of this act, to whatever benevolent or charitable institutions may seem to such board deserving or proper.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

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Section 322. The police board is hereby empowered to provide for the lodging of vagrants and indigent persons as far as such duty is not by law imposed on some other department of New York city.

Section 325. Applications for medical attendance. Registered physicians.

Section 351. Police pension fund; police board, trustees of; powers over.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 352. Id.; funds to be paid trustees; exemption from execution and process; false swearing in pension claims.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 353. Id.; of what it consists.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 354. Id.; pensions classified.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 355. Id.; when members of force entitled to pension; amount and duration.

See chap. 380, L. 1898; 466, L. 1901.

Section 356. Id.; when certain pensions terminate; equalizing existing pensions.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 357. Id.; certificate of disability; department may make rules.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Department of public charities; jurisdiction; salary.

Section 658. The head of the department of public charities shall be called the board of public charities.

Said board shall consist of three commissioners who shall be designated commissioners of public charities of the city of New York.

The salary for the commissioner for the borough of Richmond shall be \$2,500 yearly, and for the commissioners of the boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx, and of the boroughs of Brooklyn and Queens, \$7,500 each.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

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Section 659. Rules and regulations; subordinate officers.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 660. Public institutions under the jurisdiction of the commissioners.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 661. Payments to private institutions.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 662. Powers of commissioners as to destitute and other persons.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 663. Classification and instruction of inmates.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 664. Powers of commissioners as to destitute and other children.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 665. Notice of commitment of children.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 666. Children committed as public charges; investigation.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 667. Term of commitment of children; discharge.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 668. Saving clause as to certain existing laws.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 669. Record of inmates of institutions.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 670. Temporary care in accident cases.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 671. Temporary care of the insane.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 672. Alteration and repair of buildings.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 673. Potter's field.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 674. Accounts; annual estimates; expenditures.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

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Section 675. Advertisements for supplies.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 676. Expenditures for the relief of the blind.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 677. Detail of Inmates of correctional institutions to work in department.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 678. Care of nonresidents in Bellevue and Kings county hospitals.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 679. Requisitions of subordinate officers.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 680. Reports of subordinate officers.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 681. Employment of inmates; articles manufactured; cultivation of lands.

Section 682. Hours of labor; discipline.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 683. Support of poor persons by relatives.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 684. Conduct of bastardy proceedings.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 685. Maintenance of abandoned wives and children.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 686. Commitments in abandonment proceedings; surety.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 687. Action on bonds in abandonment proceedings.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 688. Recoveries in abandonment proceedings.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 689. Appeals in abandonment proceedings.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 701. At the request of any commissioner of public charities, the commissioner of correction may detail and designate any inmate of any of the institutions in the department to perform necessary work, labor or services in and upon the grounds and build

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ings under the charge of such commissioner of public charities.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 762. In every public or private hospital or asylum, there shall be employed one or more watchmen for the purpose of detecting fire.

Title 5 of chapter 15. Fire department relief fund and pensions.

Of what fund consists; officers and investment, etc., sections 789 to 792.

Section 808. Tax on receipts of foreign fire insurance companies in the boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx.

A percentage of said tax to be paid to each of the following:

The trustees of the Exempt Firemen's Benevolent Fund of New York city; The Firemen's Association of New York State; The Volunteer Firemen's Home at Hudson; The Exempt Firemen's Benevolent Fund Association of the Twenty-third Ward of New York city.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 809. Tax on receipts of foreign fire insurance companies doing business in the borough of Brooklyn.

A percentage of said tax to be paid to each of the following:

1. The New York Fire Department Relief Fund.
2. The Firemen's Association of New York State; also the Volunteer Firemen's Home at Hudson.
3. The Widows and Orphans' Fund of the late volunteer fire department of the western district of the late city of Brooklyn.
4. The Widows and Orphans' Fund of the late volunteer fire department of the eastern district of the late city of Brooklyn.
5. The Widows and Orphans' Fund of the late volunteer fire department of the former town of New Lots.
6. The Widows and Orphans' Fund of the late volunteer fire department of the former town of Flatbush.

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7. To the Widows and Orphans' Fund of the late volunteer fire department of the former town of Gravesend.

8. To the Widows and Orphans' Fund of the late volunteer fire department of the former town of New Utrecht.

9. To the Widows and Orphans' Fund of the late volunteer fire department of the former town of Flatlands.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 810. Borough of Richmond.—Tax on receipts of foreign insurance companies to be paid to the Veteran Firemen's Association of the North Shore Fire Department, Staten Island, in the borough of Richmond.

Section 1083. Board of examiners; public school teachers' retirement fund.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 1152. Following private schools authorized to participate in common-school fund: Schools established and maintained by the Five Points House of Industry; the Ladies Home Missionary Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church at Five Points, and the industrial schools established by the Children's Aid Society in New York city.

Section 1154. Following additional private schools authorized to participate in school funds: The New York Orphan Asylum school; the Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum school; the schools of the two half-orphan asylums; the schools of the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents in New York city; the school for the Leake and Watts Orphan's House; the school connected with the almshouse of said city; the school of the Association for the Benefit of Colored Orphans; the schools of the American Female Guardian Society; the schools established and maintained by the New York Juvenile Asylum; by the New York Infant Asylum; by the Nursery and Child's Hospital, including the country branch thereof; the orphan asylum and industrial schools as existing in

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the city of Brooklyn at the time of the passage of this act.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 1161. The board of education is authorized to distribute to the managers of the New York Institution for the blind a ratable proportion of the said school fund to every blind pupil in said institution, without regard to age.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 1169. The board of health is authorized to require reports from all public dispensaries, hospitals, asylums, infirmaries and schools, and from the managers and officers thereof, and from all other public institutions, their officers and managers.

Section 1170. Said board may remove to hospitals any persons sick with contagious, pestilential or infectious disease, and shall have the exclusive charge and control of the hospitals for the treatment of such cases.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Title 7. Tenement and lodging houses; powers and duties of board of health, sections 1304-1325.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Title 8. Sections 1331-37. The Health Department Pension Fund; board of trustees of the Health Department Pension Fund.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 1364. The said municipal court has jurisdiction in the following civil acts and proceedings, including:

3. An action for a fine or penalty not exceeding \$500, including an action to recover a penalty given by the charter of New York city, or any by-law or ordinance thereof, or by any statute of the State.

8. An action in behalf of the people of the State brought by the direction of a commissioner of public charities, or by an overseer of the poor, upon a bastardy or abandonment bond in a case where it is prescribed by law that such an action can be maintained in said municipal court of New York city, or in any court not being a court of record.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 1543. Heads of departments; control over subordinates; removal. (1897)

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 1544. Id.; to render reports; publication.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 1545. Id.; to furnish copies of papers on demand.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 1546. Records to be kept and abstracts published.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 1547. Certificate of appointments.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 1548. Official oath.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 1549. Officer not to hold any other civil office.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 1550. Officers; when may receive and retain fees.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 1551. Id.; defrauding.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 1552. Money not to be paid to sectarian schools; public property; how disposed of.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Section 1558. Tenure of office.

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Authorizing and directing the comptroller to pay to George H. Blackburn for services rendered as acting superintendent of the New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home at Bath, N. Y., \$833.33. Chapter 396

Amending the domestic relations law, in relation to adoption of children. Chapter 408

The State finance law, constituting chapter 10 of the general laws. Chapter 413

Article 1, section 2. The fiscal year of all officers, asylums, hospitals, charitable and reformatory institutions in this State shall begin with October 1st and end with the next following September 30th.

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Section 9. Monthly statement of balance in State depositories.

Section 10. Deposit of moneys by State officers.

Section 11. Deposit of money by charitable and benevolent institutions.

Section 12. Proofs required for the transmission of public moneys.

Section 16. Forms of State accounts.

Section 17. Itemized and quarterly accounts of public officers.

See chap. 383, L. 1899.

Section 18. Inspection of supplies and entry in books.

Section 19. Deposit in banks of moneys received in State institutions.

Section 20. Annual inventory and report of institutions.

Section 21. Rendition of accounts.

Section 22. Statements of accounts not rendered.

Section 23. Statements of accounts rendered.

Section 101. The Mariners' Fund.—The loan of \$10,000 made by the comptroller to the trustees of the American Seamen's Friend Society in New York city, pursuant to chapter 173, Laws 1840, and continued by chapter 37, Laws 1845, shall constitute the Mariner's Fund.

Chapter 414

The Village Law constituting chapter 21 of the general laws.

Section 293. Provision to be made by the cemetery commissioners for the burial of pauper strangers who may die in the village.

Section 324. The location of hospitals and pest-houses in a village must be approved by the board of health of such village.

See chap. 638, L. 1903.

Chapter 415

The Labor Law, constituting chapter 32 of the general laws.

Article 1. "General provisions."

Section 1. Short title.

Section 2. Definitions.

Section 3. Hours to constitute a day's work.

See chap. 567, L. 1899.

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Section 4. Violations of preceding section.

See chap. 567, L. 1899.

Section 5. Hours of labor on street surface and elevated railroads.

Section 6. Hours of labor in brickyards.

Section 7. Regulation of hours of labor on steam surface and elevated railroads.

Section 8. Payment of wages by receivers.

Section 9. Cash payment of wages.

Section 10. When wages are to be paid.

Section 11. Penalty for violation of preceding sections.

Section 12. Assignment of future wages.

Section 13. Preferences in employment of persons upon public works.

Section 14. Stone used in State or municipal works.

Section 15. Labels, brands, etc., used by labor organizations.

Section 16. Penalty for illegal uses of labels, etc.; injunction proceedings.

Section 17. Seats for female employees in factories.

Section 18. Scaffolding for use of employees.

Section 19. Inspection of scaffolding, ropes, blocks, pulleys and tackle in cities.

See chap. 192, L. 1899.

Section 20. Protection of persons employed on buildings in cities.

See chap. 192, L. 1899.

Article 3. Free public employment bureaus.

Section 40. Free public employment bureaus in cities of the first class.

Section 41. Duties of superintendent.

Section 42. Applications; list of applicants.

Section 43. Applicants for help; when to notify superintendent.

Article 6. Factories.

Section 70. Employment of minors.

See chap. 184, L. 1903.

Section 71. Certificate for employment; how issued.

See chap. 184, L. 1903.

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Section 72. Contents of certificate.

See chap. 184, L. 1903.

Section 73. School attendance required.

See chap. 184, L. 1903.

Section 74. Vacation certificates.

Section 75. Report of certificates issued.

Section 76. Registry of children employed.

See chap. 184, L. 1903.

Section 77. Hours of labor of minors.

See chap. 192, L. 1899; chap. 184, L. 1903.

Section 78. Change of hours of labor of minors.

See chap. 192, L. 1899; chap. 184, L. 1903.

Section 79. Enclosure and operation of elevators and hoisting shafts; inspection.

Section 80. Stairs and doors.

Section 81. Protection of employees operating machines.

See chap. 192, L. 1899.

Section 82. Fire-escapes.

Section 83. Factory inspector may order erection of fire-escapes.

Section 84. Walls and ceilings.

Section 85. Size of rooms.

Section 86. Ventilation.

Section 87. Accidents to be reported.

Section 88. Washroom and water closets.

See chap. 306, L. 1902.

Section 89. Time allowed for meals.

Section 90. Inspection of factory buildings.

See chaps. 192 and 375, L. 1899; chaps. 477 and 478, L. 1902; chap. 561, L. 1903.

Article 7. Tenement-made articles.

Section 100. Manufacture of articles in tenements.

See chap. 191, L. 1899.

Section 101. Register of persons to whom work is given.

See chap. 191, L. 1899.

Section 102. Goods unlawfully manufactured to be labeled.

See chap. 191, L. 1899.

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Section 103. Powers and duties of boards of health relative to tenement-made articles.

See chap. 191, L. 1899.

Section 104. Owners of tenements and dwelling houses not to permit the unlawful use thereof.

See chap. 191, L. 1899.

Section 105. Copy of articles to be posted.

See chap. 191, L. 1899; chap. 475, L. 1902.

Article 8. Bakeries and confectionery establishments.

Section 110. Hours of labor in bakeries and confectionery establishments.

Section 111. Drainage and plumbing of buildings and rooms occupied by bakeries.

Section 112. Requirements as to rooms, furniture, utensils and manufactured products.

Section 113. Washrooms and closets; sleeping places.

Section 114. Inspection of bakeries.

Section 115. Notice requiring alterations.

Article 9. Mines and their inspection.

Article 10. State Board of Mediation and Arbitration.

Article 11. Employment of women and children in mercantile establishments.

Section 160. Application of article.

Section 161. Hours of labor of minors.

See chap. 255, L. 1903.

Section 162. Employment of children.

See chap. 255, L. 1903.

Section 163. Certificate for employment; how issued.

See chap. 255, L. 1903.

Section 164. Contents of certificate.

See chap. 255, L. 1903.

Section 165. School attendance required.

See chap. 255, L. 1903.

Section 166. Employment of children during vacations of public schools.

See chap. 255, L. 1903.

Section 167. Registry of children employed.

See chap. 255, L. 1903.

Section 168. Washrooms and water-closets.

Section 169. Lunch rooms.

- (1897) Section 170. Seats for women in mercantile establishments.
- Section 171. Employment of women and children in basements.
- Section 172. Enforcement of articles.
 See chap. 255, L. 1903.
- Section 173. Copy of article to be posted.
 See chap. 9, L. 1902; 151 and 255, L. 1903.
- Chapter 416 Amending the Penal Code, relative to violations of provisions of the labor law.
- Section 384-h. Hours of labor to be required.
- Section 384-i. Payment of wages.
- Section 384-j. Failure to furnish seats for female employees.
- Section 384-k. No fees to be charged for services rendered by free public employment bureaus.
- Section 384-l. Violations of provisions of Labor Law.
- Chapter 418 The Lien Law, constituting chapter 49 of the general laws.
- Chapter 437 Amending section 3 of chapter 546, Laws 1896, relative to State charities, constituting chapter 26 of the general laws, as to composition of State Board of Charities.
- Chapter 444 To prohibit the assignment and subletting of public contracts.
- Chapter 460 Appropriating \$4,500,000, a sum raised by State tax, for the support of the insane under the provisions of chapter 545 of Laws of 1896.
- Chapter 468 Amending chapter 23, Laws 1799, incorporating the Society of the Lying-in Hospital in New York city, relative to subscriptions, the election of subscribers as members and the election of physicians and surgeons.
- Chapter 481 Amending sections 10, 11, 12, 13, 16, 22, etc., of the Town Law, relating to the holding of biennial town meetings, and as to election and compensation of overseers of the poor.
- Chapter 507 Poor Law, constituting chapter 27 of the general laws, amended.
- Limitations of expenditures by superintendents of the poor. The annual maximum sum to be expended

by the superintendent to be fixed by the board of supervisors at its annual meeting, and all sums expended in excess of said fixed sum must be accompanied by a written approval of the chairman of said board, or of a committee thereof, composed of at least three members.

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Amending chapter 235, Laws 1896, to authorize the city of Brooklyn to establish and maintain a disciplinary training school for boys, and to authorize the commitment thereto of boys under fourteen years, who are vagrants or convicted of certain offenses in said city.

Chapter 508

Brooklyn city charter—chapter 583, Laws 1888—amended, relating to appropriations for hospitals and dispensaries.

Chapter 528

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Incorporating the “House of Providence of the county of Onondaga.”

Chapter 537

Authorizing the raising and appropriating by the town of North Hempstead, Queens county, of \$3,000 annually, for the support of inmates of the hospital of the Nassau Hospital Association at Mineola, in town of North Hempstead.

Chapter 553

New York city Consolidation Act.—Section 484 amended.

Chapter 557

Section 484. Every building hereafter erected to be used as a hospital, asylum, institution for the care or treatment of persons, the height of which exceeds thirty-five feet, shall be built fire-proof.

Making an appropriation of \$101,300 for improvements of the Rome State Custodial Asylum.

Chapter 564

Making an appropriation of \$25,000 for buildings at the New York State Reformatory, Elmira.

Chapter 573

Making an appropriation of \$126,600 for the Craig Colony for Epileptics.

Chapter 574

Authorizing the commissioners of the land office to convey a tract of land situated on the Long Island State Hospital farm, to school district No. 5, in the town of Smithtown, county of Suffolk.

Chapter 594

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Chapter 600

Amending chapter 389, Laws 1896, for the relief of the town of Smithtown, Suffolk county, by subjecting the lands of the Long Island State Hospital to taxation.

Chapter 615

Making an annual appropriation of \$3,000 by the town of Hempstead, Queens county, to support inmates of the Nassau Hospital at Mineola, in the town of North Hempstead.

Chapter 616

Raising an appropriation of \$3,000 annually by the town of Oyster Bay, to support the inmates of the Nassau Hospital at Mineola, in the town of North Hempstead.

Chapter 617

Act in relation to the support of the poor in Montgomery county, and to repeal certain previous acts and parts of acts.

Chapter 620

Exempting the real estate of the Montefiore Home for Chronic Invalids from taxation, assessments and water rates.

Chapter 623

To amend section 107, chapter 429, Laws 1896, amending title 2 of chapter 3 of part 4 of the Revised Statutes, relating to State prisons and for purposes connected therewith, as amended and superseded by chapter 382, Laws 1889, to conform the same to the provisions of the revised constitution. The board of classification consisting of the Comptroller, the State Commission of Prisons, the Superintendent of State Prisons and the State Commission in Lunacy shall fix the price of labor and articles manufactured and furnished to the State, political divisions or public institutions, except the price of labor and articles furnished by the penitentiaries, which in New York and Kings county are to be fixed by the commissioners of charities and correction.

Chapter 624

Amending chapter 466, Laws 1877, relating to assignments of estates of debtors for the benefit of creditors, as amended by chapter 328, Laws 1884, and by chapter 283, Laws 1886.

Preference of wages and salaries owing for services rendered within one year prior to the execution of the assignment, to be given to the employees of the assignor or assignors.

Confirming the title of the Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum to certain lands in New York city, by confirming a certain deed made by the corporation of New York city to said asylum.

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Chapter 662

New York city Consolidation Act.—Section 1455 amended, relative to abandonment of wife or family.

Chapter 667

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Empowering the comptroller of New York city to refund a tax heretofore paid by the Little Sisters of the Assumption on the property situated at 312 East Fifteenth street, New York city.

Chapter 681

Making an appropriation of \$7,000 and a reappropriation of \$2,500 additional for the erection of a new building for the New York State School for the Blind at Batavia.

Chapter 707

Amending chapter 354, Laws 1884, to provide for the care, transportation and commitment and the payment therefor of lunatics, idiots, persons of unsound mind, deaf-mutes, orphans and paupers, the expense of whose maintenance and transportation is a charge upon Albany county, and to define the duties of the superintendent of the almshouse in the city of Albany, in relation to annual payments to overseers in towns.

Chapter 708

Authorizing the board of supervisors of Oneida county to audit and allow the claims of Albert J. Browne and Earl D. Fuller, for expenses incurred by them in the defense of an action brought against them by Emma D. Case, for acts performed by them as examiners in lunacy.

Chapter 709

Authorizing and empowering the board of estimate and apportionment of New York city to transfer the unexpended balance of appropriation made to the department of public charities for supplies for insane asylums in the final estimate and apportionment for 1896, to the appropriation made to the department of public charities and correction for supplies for insane asylums for 1895.

Chapter 712

Binghamton city charter—chapter 214, Laws 1888—amended.

Chapter 717

(1897)

Title 2, section 1. One overseer of the poor to be elected.

Title 6, section 1. \$10,000 to be included in the annual tax levy to aid in defraying the expenses of a nonsectarian city hospital.

Chapter 719

New York city Consolidation Act—chapter 410, Laws 1882, amended in relation to Mount Sinai Hospital,

Thirty-five thousand dollars to be annually appropriated to said hospital.

See chap. 378, L. 1897; chap. 466, L. 1901.

Chapter 723

To provide for the acquisition of a site in the Twelfth ward of New York city, for the erection of a building for hospital purposes.

Chapter 727

To validate, confirm and legalize certain proceedings and acts of the board of trustees of the public school teacher's retirement fund of the city of Buffalo.

Chapter 739

Niagara Falls city charter—chapter 143, Laws 1892—amended.

One overseer of the poor to be elected for one year.

Chapter 743

Rochester city charter—chapter 143, Laws 1861—amended, relative to the overseer of the poor.

Chapter 750

Syracuse city charter—chapter 26, Laws 1885—amended, by establishing a fund for pensioning retired school teachers and regulating the collection and management thereof.

Chapter 759

Watervliet city charter—section 8, title 2, chapter 905, Laws 1896—amended.

The annual salary of the commissioner of charities to be \$500.

Chapter 760

Revising the charter of the city of Watertown.

Sections 10 and 13. Five commissioners of charities to be appointed to constitute a board of charities for a term of one year, two years, three years, four years and five years respectively, all subsequent appointments of said commissioners to be for a term of five years, except when appointment is made to fill a vacancy.

Section 73. The board of charities to be one of the administrative boards of said city.

Section 166. The board of charities.—Said board shall have all the powers and duties within said city

as are exercised and performed by the overseers of the poor in towns.

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Section 167. It shall have power to appoint a superintendent of charities who shall administer the charities of said city under its direction.

Section 169. Who shall also be the executive officer of said board.

Section 172. It shall also appoint a city physician who shall administer care and treatment to the indigent sick of said city.

Sections 168 to 177. The board of charities shall furnish to the common council annually, on or before the first day of October, an estimate of expenses for the ensuing year, which sum shall constitute a poor fund.

Section 170. Payments from charity fund.

Section 171. Women may be appointed commissioners of charity.

Section 176. Common council to levy tax for amount necessary to defray expenses of board of charities.

Supply bill. Appropriates: \$4,000 for expenses of examinations of public institutions by the Comptroller; \$15,000 for expenses for monthly estimates by charitable institutions, etc.; \$3,000 for the State Board of Charities, for inspection department and office expenses; \$30,812.41 for the New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home; \$28,320.65 for the State Industrial School, Rochester; \$6,701.08 for the Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children; \$8,000 for the New York State School for the Blind, Batavia; \$28,299.72 for the State Custodial Asylum for Feeble-Minded Women; \$2,000 for the House of Refuge for Women, Hudson; \$9,700 for the Western House of Refuge for Women; \$5,951.81 for the Northern New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes; \$650 for the Deaf-Mutes' Journal; \$2,455 for the Albany Home School for the Oral Instruction of the Deaf; \$275.56 for S. N. Gallup for expenses as trustee of the New York State Custodial Asylum for Feeble-Minded Women; \$1,000 for the Willard State Hospital; \$6,000 for the Pasteur Institute.

Chapter 790

Supplemental supply bill. Appropriates: \$20,000 for the Craig Colony for Epileptics; \$47,000 for New York State Reformatory for Women, Bedford.

Chapter 791

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Corporate name of the Burnham Industrial Farm changed to the "Berkshire Industrial Farm" from and after October 15, 1896. Order entered August 25, 1896, in Columbia county clerk's office.

Laws of 1898
Chapter 4

Rochester Orphan Asylum charter—chapter 104, Laws 1838—amended, in relation to the election of trustees.

Chapter 35

Binghamton city charter, chapter 214, Laws 1888, amended, relative to the election and terms of officers. The overseer of the poor in office when this act takes effect shall finish out his unexpired term and remain until his successor shall be chosen and has qualified. At the November election 1899 and every two years thereafter, a poor overseer shall be elected for two years, beginning on January 1st next following.

Chapter 40

Act for the protection of certain fur-bearing animals in Livingston county. Moiety of penalties for violation to be given to the overseer of the poor of the town where the violation occurs.

Chapter 46

Amending the benevolent orders law, relative to the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks.

Chapter 52

Authorizing the board of supervisors of Chemung county to audit and allow certain claims for relief heretofore furnished to indigent soldiers.

Chapter 60

Confirming the title of the Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum to certain lands in New York city by ratifying and confirming a certain deed made by the corporation of New York city to the Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum.

Chapter 85

Amending the Insurance Law, relating to life insurance corporations on the stipulated premium plan.

Section 317. The money paid to any member or beneficiary of said corporations by the said corporation shall be exempt from execution.

Chapter 91

New York city charter, chapter 378, Laws 1897, amended relative to the school teachers' retirement fund.

Chapter 96

Incorporating "The Hebrew Charities Building" in the city and county of New York.

Chapter 104

Charter of the Supreme Council of the Catholic Mutual Benefit Association, chapter 496, Laws 1879,

amended in relation to officers, trustees and reserve fund.

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Authorizing and empowering the commissioners of the land office to grant a right of way for a sewer through the lands of the State, appurtenant to the State Industrial School at Rochester.

Chapter 105

Lockport city charter, chapter 120, Laws 1886, amended.

Chapter 123

Sections 5 and 6. One overseer of the poor to be elected for two years.

Section 33. One city physician to be appointed by the mayor.

Amending section 3, chapter 471, Laws 1894, to amend chapter 435, Laws 1879, relative to the raising of funds for the relief of the poor of the town of Plattsburg, Clinton county.

Chapter 125

Reappropriating \$3,490 for certain improvements at the New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home at Bath.

Chapter 137

Amending chapter 155, Laws 1886, for the care and support of the poor in Fulton county, relative to overseers of the poor of towns, and to repeal sections 5, 6, 10, 13, and 23 of said act.

Chapter 138

Olean city charter, chapter 478, Laws 1893, amended.

Chapter 142

Section 46. Overseer of the poor. His powers and duties defined. An official bond required. His compensation shall be \$400 per annum.

Act for the government of cities of the second class.

Chapter 182

Article 9. Department of charities and correction.

Sections 339-346. Commissioner of charities and corrections. The commissioner of charities and correction shall be appointed by the mayor for two years. He may appoint a deputy and other subordinates, all of whom are required to give official bonds for faithful discharge of duties. Vacancies to be filled within ten days by appointment for the remainder of the term by the mayor.

Said commissioner shall have general care and management of all charitable institutions and hospitals, within said city, the general supervision of expenditures

(1898)

for poor uses and shall report to the mayor daily all cases of aid and relief. Overseer of the poor to be appointed by said commissioner. An official bond required of him. His powers and duties defined.

The sale or exchange of articles intended for the poor to be deemed a misdemeanor.

Article 17. Miscellaneous provisions.

Sections 452-464. Compensation or fees for services rendered by any officer of a city government in addition to salary, to be prohibited, except in the case of corporation counsel, city marshal, commissioners of deeds and city officers acting as such.

Additional allowances.

Acceptance of bids and award of contracts.

Officers not to be interested in contracts.

Ineligible to certain office.

Bonds required before entering upon duties.

Only one office to be held.

Creation of debt.

Inhabitants not incompetent as judge or referee.

Liability of city for injuries.

Claims for damages.

Annual reports of departments.

Charges against officers.

Witnesses and testimony.

Chapter 187

Amending the legislative law in relation to printing and to repeal certain acts.

Section 76. One thousand five hundred copies of the report of the State Board of Charities to be printed, and 700 copies each for all other institutions established by the State, when their printing is not done by the institutions and not herein mentioned.

Chapter 196

Making an appropriation of \$158,000 for the Craig Colony for Epileptics.

Chapter 199

Little Falls charter, chapter 565, Laws 1895, amended.

Section 17. The overseer of the poor shall receive an annual compensation to be fixed by the city board of charities and not to exceed \$500, to be paid from the poor fund.

Section 53. Maximum amount of annual city tax levy for the poor fund shall not exceed \$8,000. (1898)

Section 133. Audit of expenditures by the board of charities and payable from poor fund.

The military code, constituting chapter 16 of the general laws. Chapter 212

Section 1. Officers and assistants of hospitals, idiots, lunatics, paupers, vagabonds, habitual drunkards and persons convicted of infamous crimes to be exempt from military duty.

Sections 162 to 165. Pensions to be given to members of the militia wounded and disabled while in the service of the State, and in case of death, to their widows or minor children.

Proof of injuries required.

Pension examiners and examining boards appointed for such purposes.

Members of the militia to be paid and cared for when injured or disabled in service.

Act for the relief of the German Hospital Society of Brooklyn, N. Y. Chapter 214

Making an appropriation of \$24,500 to the New York State Woman's Relief Corps Home. Chapter 222

Rensselaer city charter—chapter 359, Laws 1897—amended. Chapter 226

Sections 10, 11, 12 and 17. Two commissioners of charities to be appointed by the common council for two years, at an annual salary of \$200 each.

One city physician similarly appointed for one year at an annual salary to be fixed by the common council.

Section 55. The common council may subdivide the city funds established under section 52 of this act, except the general school fund, and may direct the transfer of moneys from one fund to another or to or from the poor fund.

City charter of Poughkeepsie—chapter 425, Laws 1896—amended. Chapter 232

Section 179. The annual estimates for the support of the poor shall be made by the board of education to the common council on or before October 1st of each year,

(1898)

and the common council shall appropriate an amount not exceeding that mentioned in the estimate, to be known as the poor fund.

Chapter 235

Making an appropriation of \$26,000 for Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children.

Chapter 237

Lockport city charter—chapter 120, Laws 1886—amended.

Section 231. General city tax to include \$1,000 for the maintenance of the Flagler hospital.

Chapter 244

Middletown city charter—chapter 535, Laws 1888—amended.

The mayor and supervisors of said city shall compose the commissioners of charities of said city, for the distribution of the funds for the aid of the city poor, and shall receive all excise moneys and fines for violation of the excise laws. In case of excess of funds, such money shall be used to discharge the Middletown High School bonds.

Said commissioners of charities shall have same powers to make application to the county superintendents of the poor of Orange county as can now be made by law by overseers of the poor and supervisors of towns.

Chapter 252

Gloversville city charter—chapter 55, Laws 1890—amended.

Section 4, subdivision 1. Annual estimate of city expenses shall include all expenses for the support of the poor, including the salary of the commissioner of charities, to be known as the charities fund.

Chapter 257

Act for the relief of the Mount Sinai Hospital of the city of New York, and to authorize a change of a lease from the corporation of New York city to the Mount Sinai Hospital to a grant, and to authorize the sale and leasing of the said property by the said hospital.

Chapter 264

Act to prevent evils and abuses in connection with the placing out of children.

Placing out of children by others than charitable corporation, society for prevention of cruelty to children or poor law officer without license issued by the State Board of Charities prohibited. Children placed out to

be visited by the State Board of Charities. Penalty to be imposed for the violation of this act.

(1898)

Charter of the Buffalo Catholic Institute—chapter 849, Laws 1872—amended.

Chapter 276

Code of Civil Procedure.—Section 2326—amended, relative to the appointment of a foreign committee of a person and property of a lunatic, idiot or habitual drunkard.

Chapter 294

Poor Law—chapter 225, Laws 1896—amended in relation to the relief of indigent soldiers, sailors and marines resident in cities of the first class.

Chapter 337

See chap. 462, L. 1899.

Village charter of Saratoga Springs—chapter 220, Laws 1866—amended, providing for appropriation of \$1,500 to the Saratoga hospital for the care of its inmates.

Chapter 346

Amending the State Charities Law, in relation to the care, custody, discipline and discharge of patients at Craig Colony for Epileptics.

Chapter 359

Amending the town law and the election law, authorizing the board of supervisors of each county to provide for the holding of town meetings at the time of the general elections.

Chapter 363

Section 13. One overseer of the poor to be elected for two years.

The Watkins village charter—chapter 125, Laws 1861—amended.

Chapter 378

The trustees shall have power to remit any poll tax against an indigent person unable to work.

New York city charter—chapter 378, Laws 1897—amended, relating to a pension fund for the police department of said city.

Chapter 380

See chap. 466, L. 1901.

Amending sections 914 to 920 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, relative to proceedings respecting the support of poor persons.

Chapter 399

Amending chapter 203, Laws 1881, to authorize the burial of the bodies of any honorably discharged soldier, sailor or marine, who shall hereafter die in an impoverished condition, as amended by chapter 216,

Chapter 411

- (1898) Laws 1887; to provide a headstone for any of the above mentioned persons heretofore or hereafter buried in any of the counties of the State.

See chap. 24, L. 1900; chap. 96, L. 1903.

- Chapter 417 Amending chapter 446, Laws 1874, to revise and consolidate the statutes of the State, relating to the care and custody of the insane, and the management of the asylums for their treatment and safe-keeping, and the duties of the State Commission in Lunacy, relating to transfers from State hospitals to the Matteawan State Hospital.

- Chapter 426 Making an appropriation of \$59,112.61 for improvements of the Rome State Custodial Asylum.

- Chapter 429 Syracuse city charter—chapter 26, Laws 1885—amended, as amended by chapter 704, Laws 1896, relating to the fire department, and to repeal section 7, chapter 704, Laws 1896, relating to the operation of pension fund.

- Chapter 437 Charter of the Grand Lodge of the Ancient Order of United Workmen of the State of New York—chapter 74, Laws 1877—amended.

- Chapter 441 Charter of the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents of New York city—chapter 126, Laws, 1824—amended, relative to the filling of vacancies on the board of managers and the compensation of members.

- Chapter 463 Amending chapter 251, Laws 1896, an act for the protection of fur-bearing animals in the counties of Wayne, Jefferson and Cayuga. Moiety of penalties for violation to be credited to the town poor fund.

- Chapter 464 Amending the benevolent orders law, relating to the election of trustees of benevolent and fraternal orders or societies, and the consolidation of such orders or societies.

- Chapter 470 Releasing the interest of New York State in certain lands of which Sarah Folao died seized, to George W. Church, as overseer of the poor of the town of Romulus, in Seneca county.

- Chapter 473 Amending chapter 607, Laws 1895, to authorize religious corporations to establish and maintain a home

for the aged poor of their membership or congregation, and to take and hold property therefor. (1898)

Town Law—chapter 481, Laws 1897—amended, relative to biennial town meetings. Chapter 474

Charter of the Children's Aid Society of Rochester—chapter 355, Laws 1895—amended, relative to commitments, binding out, adoption of children and duties of agents. Chapter 479

Amending section 9, chapter 354, Laws 1884, to provide for the care, transportation and commitment and the payment therefor of lunatics, idiots, persons of unsound mind, deaf-mutes, orphans and paupers, who are a charge upon Albany county, and to define the duties of the superintendent of the almshouse in the city of Albany. Chapter 486

Amending the town law, in relation to the election and powers of trustees of burial grounds. Chapter 502

Section 194. They shall set aside certain lots which shall be free for the interment of indigent deceased persons.

Changing the name of the Brooklyn Throat Hospital to the "Williamsburgh Hospital." Chapter 503

Amending chapter 260, Laws 1891, to establish a hospital in and for the city of Cohoes, and to provide for its government, maintenance and erection, relative to the terms of commissioners and legalizing their acts. Chapter 513

Making an appropriation of \$10,000 for the relief of indigent soldiers, sailors and marines, and the families of those deceased, by the city of New York. Chapter 523

To exempt the real estate of The Sisters of the Poor of Saint Francis in New York State from taxation, assessments and water rates in New York city. Chapter 533

Amending the State Charities Law, relative to the appointment of managers of the State Industrial School at Rochester. Chapter 536

Changing the corporate name of the Central Throat Hospital and Polyclinic Dispensary of Brooklyn, to the "The Central Hospital and Polyclinic." Chapter 541

(1898)
Chapter 588

To erect the county of Nassau from the territory now comprised within the limits of the towns of Oyster Bay, North Hempstead and Hempstead, Queens county.

Section 3. One superintendent of the poor to be elected at an annual salary not exceeding \$500.

Chapter 589

To amend the benevolent orders law, relative to trustees.

Chapter 593

Annual appropriation act.—Appropriates: \$7,361.67 for Indian annuities; \$300 for the relief of the Onondaga Indians; \$180,000 for New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home; \$115,000 for the New York State Reformatory, Elmira; \$65,000 for the New York Institution for the Deaf and Dumb; \$31,200 for the Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes; \$19,500 for the Le Couteulx St. Mary's Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes; \$29,900 for the Central New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes; \$49,400 for the St. Joseph's Institute for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes; \$24,700 for the Western New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes; \$16,900 for the Northern New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes; \$2,080 for the Albany Home School for the Oral Instruction of the Deaf; \$20,000 for the Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children; \$45,000 for the Institution for the Blind, New York city; \$40,000 for the New York State School for the Blind, Batavia; \$60,000 for the Craig Colony for Epileptics; \$165,000 for the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents; \$190,000 for the State Industrial School; \$80,000 for the Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children; \$50,000 for the State Custodial Asylum for Feeble-Minded Women, Newark; \$62,000 for the Rome State Custodial Asylum; \$66,000 for the House of Refuge for Women at Hudson; \$33,000 for the Western House of Refuge for Women at Albion; \$15,000 for the New York State Woman's Relief Corps Home; \$68,500 for the State Board of Charities for expenses and care of State and alien paupers.

Chapter 602

Amending sections 810 and 811 of the Greater New York charter, relating to the distribution of moneys

collected on account of taxation of foreign fire insurance companies in New York city, in the boroughs of Richmond and Queens.

(1898)

Act to annul and dissolve the corporation known as The Inebriates' Home for Kings county.

Chapter 604

Annual supply bill.—Appropriates: \$2,750 for expenses of the comptroller and deputies incurred in the visitations of reformatories and other public institutions of the State, etc.; \$4,000 for expenses of investigations of public institutions by comptroller; \$15,000 for comptroller's expense for monthly estimate by charitable institutions; \$14,359 for the New York State School for the Blind, Batavia; \$5,000 for the State Board of Charities; \$23,000 for the State Custodial Asylum for Feeble-Minded Women; \$2,700 for the Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children; \$8,632.07 for the New York State Reformatory, Elmira; \$42 for the New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home; \$6,500 for the Western House of Refuge for Women; \$2,400 for the Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children; \$31,250 for the House of Refuge, Randall's Island; \$22,000 for the State Industrial School, Rochester; \$6,943.42 for the New York State Woman's Relief Corps Home; \$1,000 for Clergymen at Willard State Hospital; \$6,000 for Pasteur Institute, New York city.

Chapter 606

Supplemental supply bill.—Appropriates: \$5,000 for the Rome Custodial Asylum; \$650 for the Deaf-Mutes' Journal; \$3,000 for the Craig Colony for Epileptics; \$5,691.92 for the Northern New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes; \$78,000 for the New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home; \$5,000 for the House of Refuge for Women, Hudson; \$177.15 for J. R. Cady, for legal service and disbursements incurred pursuant to order of the board of managers of the House of Refuge for Women, Hudson.

Chapter 607

Act to appropriate \$4,900,000 for the support of the insane, under the provisions of chapter 545, Laws 1896, chapter 944, Laws 1896, and chapter 460, Laws 1897.

Chapter 636

(1898)
Chapter 664

Amending the Code of Criminal Procedure and to repeal sections 2 and 6 of chapter 490, Laws 1885, concerning tramps, in relation to vagrants and tramps.

When to be convicted.

Chapter 665

Amending chapter 286, Laws 1871, to amend act incorporating the Orphan Asylum Society in the city of Utica, passed March 26, 1856, relative to the objects and powers of said society.

Chapter 666

Amending chapter 272, Laws 1864, to incorporate the trustees of the Masonic Hall and Asylum Fund, relative to the election of trustees and objects of the corporations.

Laws of 1899
Chapter 3

Authorizing Ariel Lathrop and Katherine Beardsley Lathrop to make a gift of \$50,000 to the Albany hospital under certain conditions.

Chapter 20

To release to the Sisters of the Precious Blood all the right, title and interest of the people of New York State in and to certain real estate in the borough of Brooklyn.

Chapter 23

To release to The Orphan Home of the city of Brooklyn all right, title and interest of the people of New York State in and to certain real estate in the borough of Brooklyn, Kings county, and city and State of New York.

Chapter 24

To release to the Nuns of the Order of Saint Dominic of the city of Brooklyn all the right, title and interest of the people of New York State in and to certain real estate in the borough of Brooklyn.

Chapter 32

Requiring preference to be given in the purchase of supplies for State institutions to products raised within this State.

See chap. 473, L. 1903.

Chapter 43

To change the name of the New York Cancer Hospital to "General Memorial Hospital for the Treatment of Cancer and Allied Diseases."

Chapter 49

Authorizing the commissioners of the almshouse of the city and town of Newburgh to borrow \$8,000 in bonds, and to use the same for building purposes for the better care of the poor of said city and town.

Incorporating "The Alumnae Association of the Presbyterian Hospital Training School for Nurses in the city of New York."

(1899)
Chapter 71

Amending the poor law, in relation to the relief of soldiers, sailors and their families.

Chapter 83

See chap. 475, L. 1900.

Repealing sections 1 and 2 of chapter 617, Laws 1897, in relation to the support of the poor in Montgomery county, and to repeal certain acts.

Chapter 100

Incorporating the "Trained Nurses United Aid Society of America," to render temporal aid to nurses.

Chapter 118

Incorporating the city of New Rochelle.

Chapter 128

Sections 10, 12 and 17. One commissioner of charities to be appointed by the mayor for a term of two years, at an annual salary of \$700.

Section 30. Official oaths required of all city officers.

Section 31. Each commissioner of charities shall execute and file an official bond.

Section 32. Liability of city officers for unauthorized expenditures and other official misconduct.

Section 49. The common council shall pay from the excise moneys the salary of the commissioner of charities and such other expenses incident to the temporary relief of the poor as they may deem necessary.

Section 52. The common council may raise by tax, yearly, a sum necessary for defraying the expenses of the temporary care of the city poor, pay the salaries of commissioners of charities, health officer and expenses of the board of health, in case the moneys received from excise or liquor tax law and penalties should be insufficient for that purpose, a sum not to exceed \$3,000 to be designated the poor fund.

Section 53. The commissioner of charities shall deliver to the mayor on or before January 10, in each year, a report of all expenditures made or incurred during the year, the balance standing to the credit of such fund; the amount which will need to be expended during the next fiscal year from such fund, with the items thereof, and the reasons therefor, so far as practicable.

(1899)

Section 55. The common council shall provide for the support of the city poor, the expenses of which shall be payable from the poor fund.

Section 58. The common council shall make rules, regulations and by-laws.

Section 58, subdivision 14. Poll tax to be remitted and judgments to be discharged against any indigent persons unable to work.

Article 8. Department of charities.

Section 140. Appointment of commissioner.

Section 141. Powers and duties of commissioner of charities.

Section 142. Monthly report of commissioner.

Section 143. Common council to audit accounts.

Section 144. Commissioner not to be interested in purchases.

Chapter 129

Authorizing the commissioners of the land office to convey a tract of land situated on the Long Island State Hospital farm to the town of Smithtown, Suffolk county, for a highway.

Chapter 133

Amending section 31, chapter 686, Laws 1892, known as the county law, relative to location of county buildings.

Section 31. The board of supervisors of any county may acquire a new site or location for the county almshouse, erect suitable buildings thereon and remove the inmates of the existing almshouse thereto in any case where the State Board of Charities shall have certified to the said board that such change is necessary.

See § 118, chap. 225, L. 1896.

Chapter 134

Johnstown city charter—chapter 568, Laws 1895—amended.

The commissioner of charities to be given an annual compensation of \$240.

Chapter 138

Watervliet city charter—chapter 905, Laws 1896—amended.

The commissioner of charities to be given an annual compensation of \$500.

Chapter 140

Dunkirk city charter—chapter 396, Laws 1885—amended.

(1899)

Section 9. The common council of the city of Dunkirk is authorized to appropriate and pay annually from the surplus moneys, after payment of necessary expenses of the police and poor departments to the Brooks Memorial Hospital, for the care, support and maintenance of such of the inmates of said hospital as may be received therein, pursuant to the rules established by the State Board of Charities, a sum not to exceed the annual sum of \$1,500, for only as long as said hospital shall treat free of charge, such indigent persons actual residents of the said city of Dunkirk requiring treatment, as come within the classes treated by said hospital. In the event of said surplus being insufficient to permit the payment to the Brooks Memorial hospital, then the common council is authorized to make so much of such payment as shall remain after the application of the said surplus, out of the general fund of said city and add the amount to the next annual city tax.

Commitments to Saint Ann's School of Industry and Reformatory of the Good Shepherd, in the city of Albany may be made from any counties of the State except New York and Kings.

Chapter 144

To amend the town law, relative to change by towns of the time of holding town meetings.

Chapter 145

Overseers of the poor shall hold office for two years.

Schenectady city charter—chapter 832, Laws 1895—amended.

Chapter 156

Section 13. The common council shall have power to appropriate to the Hospital Association of the city of Schenectady, for the care, support and maintenance of such inmates of said hospital as may be received and retained therein, pursuant to rules established by the State Board of Charities, such sums annually as the common council shall deem proper, not to exceed \$2,000.

To make the mayor of the city of Schenectady ex officio, a member of the board of managers and of the executive committee of the Hospital Association of said city, a corporation created under and in pursuance of the laws of New York State.

Chapter 157

(1899)
Chapter 159

Amending the domestic relations law, relating to the appointment of guardians by parents.

Chapter 160

The Catholic Union of the city of Albany empowered to take and hold property, to be managed by a board of directors and an advisory board.

Chapter 162

Amending chapter 607, Laws 1898, making an appropriation of \$5,000 to the New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home for ordinary repairs.

Chapter 167

Making an appropriation of \$1,500 for the traveling expenses of a commission to select a new site for the State Industrial School.

Chapter 174

Yonkers city charter—chapter 635, Laws 1895—amended.

The common council may, by ordinance, prescribe the duties of the commissioner of charities, in relation to the temporary aid and assistance to the poor, and may appropriate such sums of money for such purpose as it shall deem proper, and may also appropriate a sum not exceeding \$4,000 per annum for the care of the sick and disabled poor in hospitals.

Chapter 191

Amending the labor law, relating to licenses for the manufacture of certain articles in tenements.

Chapter 192

Amending the labor law, relating to the duties of the factory inspector and the enforcement of the provisions of such law.

Section 19. Inspection of scaffolding, ropes, blocks, pulleys and tackles in cities.

Section 20. Protection of persons employed on buildings in cities.

Section 21. Factory inspector to enforce provisions of article.

Section 77. Hours of labor of minors and women.

See chap. 184, L. 1903.

Section 78. Change of hours of labor of minors and women.

See chap. 184, L. 1903.

Section 81. Protection of employees operating machinery.

Chapter 196

Amending subdivision 24 of paragraph 22 of section 230 of the Greater New York charter, in relation to ap-

propriations for charitable, eleemosynary, correctional or reformatory institutions. (1899)

Amending section 1081 of the Code of Civil Procedure, relative to exemption from jury duty. Chapter 205

Amending chapter 685, Laws 1892, relative to municipal corporations, constituting chapter 17 of the general laws. Chapter 237

Section 28. City officers not to be interested in contracts.

Amending section 23 of the public officers law, relating to removals by the governor. Chapter 238

Section 23. County superintendents of the poor may be removed by the governor.

Amending chapter 467, Laws 1892, relating to Saint Saviour's Sanitarium, and for the care of inebriate women. Chapter 246

Charter of the Binghamton city fire department—chapter 294, Laws 1869—amended. Chapter 250

Section 2. The general object of said corporation shall be to accumulate a fund for the relief of indigent members of the department, disabled while performing their duty; exempt firemen and the families of all afore-said persons, and for the purchase of a firemen's burial lot in Spring Forest Cemetery in said city; and for the endowment of a bed in the city hospital for the benefit of firemen injured while performing their duty, or of indigent members who are in need of hospital treatment.

Buffalo city charter—chapter 105, Laws 1891—amended, in relation to the Firemen's Relief and Pension Fund. Chapter 253

Amending the insanity law, relating to transfers from State hospitals to Matteawan State Hospital, and the cost of maintenance of persons confined in such hospital. Chapter 260

Amending chapter 53, Laws 1893, to amend chapter 278, Laws 1881, authorizing such women and girls as are vagrants or convicted of misdemeanors as a first offense, to be sent to the Shelter for Homeless Women Chapter 272

(1899)

in the city of Syracuse, and to change the name of such corporation to "The Shelter for Unprotected Girls."

Chapter 275

Revising the Gloversville city charter.

Sections 10 and 11. One commissioner of charities to be elected for a term of two years.

Not less than two nor more than four city physicians to be appointed by the common council—who, under the direction of the commissioner of charities, shall visit the city poor who are ill and give to them medical care and attention. Their compensation shall not exceed \$700 per annum, which sum shall be paid out of the charities fund of said city by the charities commissioners.

Section 70. The common council shall make a careful estimate of all moneys needed for the city expenses for the current year, including those for the support of the poor, which embraces the salary of the commissioner of charities, to be known as the charities fund, and shall have power to raise by tax yearly, the sums named in said estimate.

Title 12. Commissioner of charities.

Section 225. Commissioner of charities; his powers and duties.

Section 226. Salary, oath and bond of commissioner.

Section 227. Visitation and care of poor.

Section 228. Application for relief.

Section 229. Monthly report to common council.

Section 230. Charities accounts and the audit thereof.

Section 231. Disbursement of funds.

Section 232. Commissioner not to be interested in furnishing supplies.

Section 233. Report of balance of charities fund.

Section 234. Employment of physicians.

Section 246. No commissioner of charities shall be interested in any contract in which the city shall be interested.

Chapter 282

Utica city charter—chapter 18, Laws 1862—amended, relative to the duties and salaries of divers officers thereof.

Section 20. The corporation counsel shall act as the legal adviser of the board of charities. (1899)

Making an appropriation of \$105,000 to the Craig Colony for Epileptics. Chapter 284

Little Falls city charter—chapter 565, Laws 1895—amended. Chapter 289

Section 53. The common council of the city may raise by tax annually, a sum not exceeding \$8,000 for the poor fund.

Jurisdiction to be conferred upon the Court of Claims to hear, audit and determine the claim of Irving F. Cragin, against the State for services as stenographer of the commission appointed to investigate charges against the managers of the New York State Reformatory, Elmira, in pursuance of chapter 358, Laws 1894. Chapter 309

Amending section 564 of the Penal Code, relating to false personation. Chapter 327

Section 674-f. Any person who shall collect money or sell tickets for any entertainment for the benefit of any pretended benevolent, humane or charitable organization, which has no corporate existence, or for any benevolent, humane or charitable institution that has been duly incorporated or recognized by the authorities of New York State without having obtained written authority of the officers of the said institution or organization, attested under the seal of the said institution, according to its rules, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Auburn city charter—chapter 53, Laws 1879—amended. Chapter 348

Sections 4 and 7. Two commissioners of charities to be appointed by the mayor for two years.

Section 131. The board shall make rules and regulations for the distribution and payment of relief funds to sick and disabled members of the fire department.

Amending section 2342 of the Code of Civil Procedure, relative to committees of incompetent persons. Chapter 350

Amending the membership corporations law, in relation to visitation of Supreme Court. Chapter 360

(1899)
Chapter 368

Amending the State charities law, relating to the licensing and regulation of dispensaries by the State Board of Charities.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO AMEND THE STATE CHARITIES LAW, RELATING TO THE LICENSING AND REGULATION OF DISPENSARIES, BY THE STATE BOARD OF CHARITIES.

CHAPTER 368, LAWS OF 1899.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Article one of chapter five hundred and forty-six of the laws of eighteen hundred and ninety-six, entitled "An act relating to state charities, constituting chapter twenty-six of the general laws," is hereby amended by inserting at the end thereof the following sections:

§ 19. What is a dispensary?—For the purposes of this act, a dispensary is declared to be any person, corporation, institution, association, or agent, whose purpose it is, either independently or in connection with any other purpose, to furnish, at any place or places, to persons nonresident therein, either gratuitously or for a compensation determined without reference to the value of the thing furnished, medical or surgical advice or treatment, medicine or apparatus provided, however, that the moneys used by and for the purposes of said dispensary shall be derived wholly or in part from trust funds, public moneys, or sources other than the individuals constituting said dispensary and the persons actually engaged in the distribution of charities of said dispensary.

§ 20. Licensing of dispensaries by the state board of charities.—A license may be issued by the state board of charities to a dispensary, as provided in this section. An application in writing for such license shall be made to such board in the form and manner prescribed by it, which shall be uniform for all schools of medicine. There shall be attached to such application a statement, verified by the oath of the applicant, containing such facts as the board may require. If, in the judgment of such board, the statement filed, and other evidence submitted in relation to such application, indicate that the operations of such dispensary will be for the public benefit, a license shall be issued to the dispensary applying therefor. The form of such license shall be prescribed by the board. A dispensary shall not enter upon the execution, or continue the prosecution of its purpose unless licensed by the state board of charities, as provided in this act. A license shall be issued, on application, to all dispensaries legally incorporated, and to unincorporated dispensaries conducted in connection with incorporated institutions at the time of the passage of this act.

(1899)

§ 21. Rules and regulations.—The state board of charities shall make rules and regulations, and alter or amend the same, in accordance with which all dispensaries shall furnish and applicants obtain medical or surgical relief, advice or treatment, medicine or apparatus. But such rules and regulations shall not in any case specify the particular school of medicine in accordance with which a dispensary shall manage or conduct its work or determine the kind of medical or surgical treatment to be provided by any dispensary.

§ 22. Revocation of licenses.—The state board of charities or any of its members may at any and all times visit and inspect licensed dispensaries. They may examine all matters in relation to such dispensaries, and ascertain how far they are conducted in compliance with this law and the rules and regulations of the board. After due notice to a dispensary, and opportunity for it to be heard, the board may, if public interest demands, and for just and reasonable cause, revoke a license by an order signed and attested by the president and secretary of the board. Such order shall state the reason for revoking such license, and shall take effect within such time after the service thereof upon the dispensary as the board shall determine. The said board is hereby directed to apply to the supreme court to revoke the license and annul the incorporation of any dispensary legally incorporated, or conducted in connection with an incorporated institution at the time of the passage of this act, for wilful violation of the rules and regulations made by said board.

§ 23. Drug store or tenement house not to be used by dispensary; unlawful display of signs.—After the taking effect of this act, no dispensary shall make use of any place commonly known as a drug store, or any place or building defined by law or by an ordinance of the board of health as a tenement house; nor after such time shall any person, corporation, institution, society, association, or agent thereof, except a duly licensed dispensary, display or cause to be displayed a sign or other thing which could directly or indirectly or by suggestion indicate the existence of the equivalent, in purpose and effect, of a dispensary.

§ 24. Any person who wilfully violates any of the provisions of this act, or any of the rules and regulations made and published under the authority of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than ten dollars and not more than two hundred and fifty dollars.

§ 25. Any person who obtains medical or surgical treatment on false representations from any dispensary licensed under the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than ten dollars and not more than two hundred and fifty dollars.

§ 26. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

(1899) § 27. This act shall take effect on the first day of October, eighteen hundred and ninety-nine.

Chapter 370 In relation to the civil service of New York State and the cities and civil divisions thereof.

Chapter 372 Authorizing the town board of the town of Galen, Wayne county, to execute and negotiate notes for the purpose of raising money to pay a certain indebtedness of \$1,134.67, contracted against said town by James A. Keesler, a former overseer of the poor, and \$923.42 contracted against said town by Willard Crawford, also a former overseer of the poor.

Chapter 375 Amending the labor law, relating to the employment of women and children at polishing or buffing.

See chap. 184, L. 1903.

Chapter 377 Incorporating the "Improved Order of Red Men's Home Association of New York."

Chapter 383 Amending section 17 of chapter 413, Laws 1897, known as the State finance law, as to itemized and monthly accounts of receipts and expenditures of public officers.

See chap. 432, L. 1901; chap. 239, L. 1903.

Chapter 422 Making an appropriation of \$10,000 to erect an additional building for the New York State School for the Blind at Batavia.

Chapter 427 Making an appropriation of \$35,300 for the State Custodial Asylum for Feeble-Minded Women at Newark.

Chapter 436 Amending section 41 of the State charities law, constituting chapter 26 of the general laws, relative to monthly estimates of expenses.

See chap. 252, L. 1902.

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO AMEND THE STATE CHARITIES LAW, CONSTITUTING CHAPTER TWENTY-SIX OF THE GENERAL LAWS, RELATIVE TO MONTHLY ESTIMATES OF EXPENSES.

CHAPTER 436, LAWS OF 1899.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section forty-one of chapter five hundred and forty-six of the laws of eighteen hundred and ninety-six, is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

(1899)

§ 41. Monthly estimates of expenses; contingent fund.—The superintendent or other managing officer of each of the state charitable institutions, and of the New York State School for the Blind at Batavia shall, on or before the fifteenth day of each month, cause to be prepared duplicate estimates in minute detail, of the expenses required for the institution of which he has the supervision, for the ensuing month. He shall countersign and submit one of such duplicates to the comptroller, and retain the other to be placed on file in the office of the institution. The comptroller may cause such estimates to be revised either as to quantity and quality of supplies and the estimated cost thereof. Upon the revision and approval of such estimate, the comptroller shall authorize the boards of managers or other managing officers of such institutions to make drafts on him, as the money may be required for the purposes mentioned in such estimates, which drafts shall be paid on his warrant, out of the funds in the treasury of the state appropriation for the support of such charitable institutions. In every such estimate, there shall be a sum named, not to exceed two hundred and fifty dollars, as a contingent fund, for which no minute detailed statement need be made. No expenditures shall be made from such contingent fund, except in case of actual emergency, requiring immediate action, and which cannot be deferred without loss or danger to the institution, or the inmates thereof. The treasurer of a state charitable institution shall not pay accounts for goods furnished, salaries of officers, or employees, unless they are contained in the estimate provided in this section, and duly approved by the comptroller. Nor shall the treasurer of any institution named or referred to in this section pay accounts for supplies furnished to officers and employees, unless the same be drawn from the ordinary supplies provided for the general use of the institution. No persons, other than the officers and employees of such institutions, and the families of the superintendents, medical officers, adjutants, quartermasters or stewards, necessarily residing therein, shall be allowed rooms and maintenance, except at a rate fixed by the state comptroller and the president of the state board of charities with the approval of the governor.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

Making an appropriation of \$41,200 for the Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children.

Chapter 438

Amending the domestic relations law, relating to the contents of indentures of apprenticeship.

Chapter 448

Syracuse city charter—chapter 26, Laws 1885—amended, relative to city funds, unpaid audits, overdrafts and deficits.

Chapter 456

Section 105. To defray the expenses of the poor department, a sum not exceeding \$200,000 may be raised by tax.

- (1899)
Chapter 461 Making an appropriation of \$53,300 for the New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home at Bath.
- Chapter 462 Amending the poor law, in relation to relief of soldiers by Grand Army posts.
- Chapter 468 Incorporating the "Salvation Army in the United States," to establish and maintain, subject to the written approval of the State Board of Charities, when established in New York State, hospitals for the sick and convalescent, and homes for children, the aged and fallen women.
- Chapter 479 Amending the State finance law, in relation to contracts made in pursuance of appropriations.
- Chapter 481 Corporate name of the Collins State Homœopathic Hospital for the Insane changed to the "Gowanda State Homœopathic Hospital."
- Chapter 482 Exempting from taxation the real estate held in trust for the religious and charitable purposes of the Salvation Army.
- Chapter 488 Authorizing the sale of property left in street surface railroad cars, and the disposition of the proceeds thereof.
- Section 2. All moneys arising from the sale of any such unclaimed property, after deducting charges for storage and expenses of sale, shall be paid to the treasurer of any association composed of the employees of such street railroad corporation having for its object the pecuniary assistance of its members in case of disability caused by sickness or accident, for the use and benefit of such association and its members.
- Chapter 498 Amending the domestic relations law, in relation to the requisites of voluntary adoption.
- Chapter 504 Amending section 9 of the State charities law, in relation to the powers of the State Board of Charities, with respect to the approval or rejection of plans for new buildings or improvements in connection with State institutions under the supervision of the board.
- Chapter 513 Consolidating the Italian Hospital of New York city with the "Columbus Hospital" of New York city, under the latter name.

Authorizing the commissioners of the sinking fund of the city and county of New York to renew a lease of certain lots to the Orphans' Home and Asylum of the Protestant Episcopal Church in New York.

(1899)
Chapter 545

Amending section 44 of chapter 671, Laws 1892, of the Cohoes city charter, in relation to the powers of the common council of said city and the overseer of the poor.

Chapter 551

Establishing a police pension fund for the city of Albany.

Chapter 554

Amending chapter 560, Laws 1853, incorporating the trustees of the Fund for Aged and Infirm Clergymen of the Protestant Episcopal Church, in the Diocese of New York, relative to the objects of said corporation.

Chapter 561

Amending the public buildings law, in relation to the office of State Architect, and the preparation by him of plans for State institutions.

Chapter 566

The labor law—chapter 415, Laws 1897—amended, constituting chapter 32 of the general laws, relative to the hours of labor and the prevailing rate of wages.

Chapter 567

Supply bill.—Appropriates: \$2,750 for expenses of the Comptroller and his deputy, incurred by them in examinations and investigations of public institutions of the State for the purpose of taxation; \$2,000 for investigations of public institutions; \$15,000 for expense of making monthly estimate of expenditures and rendering accounts of State charitable institutions; \$8,500 for Craig Colony for Epileptics; \$4,000 for transportation of convicts to charitable institutions; \$1,334.21 for St. Joseph's Institute for Deaf-Mutes; \$3,650 for the Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children; \$5,375.29 for the New York State School for the Blind, Batavia; \$1,600 for Le Couteulx St. Mary's Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes; \$1,000 for the Willard State Hospital; \$9,165.22 for the House of Refuge for Women, Hudson; \$10,250 for the Western House of Refuge for Women, Albion; \$14,000 for the New York State Woman's Relief Corps Home; \$2,000 for the House of Refuge, New York city; \$12,402.07 for the State Custodial Asylum for Feeble-Minded

Chapter 569

(1899)

Women, Newark; \$776.75 for Irving F. Cragin for his stenographic services in the investigation of charges against the managers of the New York State Reformatory, Elmira; \$600 for New York State School for the Blind, Batavia; \$153.90 for A. F. Bennett, as superintendent of the Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children for supplies furnished by him; \$1,000 for Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children for architect's fees and expenses.

Clerks in each charitable institution receiving money hereunder to inspect supplies received and compare same with bills therefor. In labor contracts, pay-rolls of wages paid to be kept and moneys to be paid on contracts only as work progresses or purchases are duly audited.

Chapter 570

Annual appropriation act.—Appropriates: \$7,361.67 for Indian annuities; \$300 for relief of the Onondaga Indians; \$180,000 for the New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home; \$200,000 for the New York State Reformatory, Elmira; \$65,000 for the New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb; \$31,200 for the Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes; \$24,700 for the Le Conteulx St. Mary's Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes; \$29,900 for the Central New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes; \$16,900 for the Northern New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes; \$51,480 for the St. Joseph's Institute for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes; \$2,080 for the Albany Home School for the Oral Instruction of the Deaf; \$66,000 for the Western New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes; \$22,000 for Thomas Orphan Asylum; \$46,800 for the New York Institution for the Blind; \$38,000 for the Institution for the Blind, at Batavia; \$90,000 for the Craig Colony for Epileptics; \$150,000 for the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents in New York city; \$190,000 for the State Industrial School; \$80,000 for the Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children; \$50,000 for the State Custodial Asylum for Feeble-Minded Women; \$75,000 for the Rome State Custodial

(1899)

Asylum; \$66,000 for the House of Refuge for Women at Hudson; \$33,000 for the Western House of Refuge for Women; \$20,000 for the New York State Woman's Relief Corps Home; \$58,500 for the State Board of Charities for expenses, salaries and support of State and alien paupers.

Managers, trustees or officers of State charitable institutions receiving moneys hereunder shall be entitled to actual traveling expenses only when attending board meetings at office of institution, or in attendance on State Board of Charities or State Comptroller, upon their request.

Supplemental supply bill.—Appropriates: \$250,000 for the State care of insane; \$2,000 for the New York State School for the Blind at Batavia; \$2,000 for the Craig Colony for Epileptics; \$20,000 for the New York State Reformatory, Elmira; \$16,000 for the Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children; \$990 for the Craig Colony for Epileptics; \$1,250 for the New York State Woman's Relief Corps Home.

Chapter 572

Making an appropriation of \$156,533.50 for improvements at the Eastern New York Reformatory.

Chapter 574

Increasing the number of managers of the Brooklyn Home for Aged Men, from thirty to sixty.

Chapter 575

Amending sections 35, 36 and 37 of the State finance law, in relation to the duties of State officers concerning receipts and expenditures.

Chapter 580

Amending chapter 182, Laws 1898, relative to the government of cities of the second class.

Chapter 581

Section 227. Health physician to attend indigent sick who are certified as such and a proper charge upon the city by the poor officers.

Authorizing the commissioners of the land office to exchange certain parcels of land, being part of the Craig Colony for Epileptics property, with the Western New York and Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

Chapter 592

Geneva city charter—chapter 360, Laws 1897—amended.

Chapter 614

Section 76. The board of charities shall have the same powers and duties as are possessed and performed by

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the overseers of the poor of towns in Ontario county. Said board shall appoint an agent who shall hold office during its pleasure and who shall receive a compensation similar to the overseers of the poor of towns in Ontario county. Said agent shall, under the control and direction of said board, dispense alms to the city poor.

Chapter 616

Making an appropriation of \$63,450 for the New York State Reformatory for Women, Bedford.

Chapter 620

Making an appropriation of \$80,840 for improvements at the Rome State Custodial Asylum.

Chapter 631

Relating to the licensing of the adult blind in cities of the first class, to vend goods or newspapers or play musical instruments in the streets of such cities.

Chapter 632

Amending chapter 546, Laws 1896, the State charities law, constituting chapter 26 of the general laws, relating to commitments to houses of refuge and reformatories for women.

Chapter 637

Allowing cities of the first class to establish, equip and maintain outside their corporate limits, and with the approval of the State Board of Health, hospitals for the regular treatment of pulmonary tuberculosis.

See art. 9, chap. 327, L. 1900; chap. 638, L. 1903.

Chapter 657

Corning city charter—chapter 58, Laws 1890—amended.

Title 2, sections 1, 2 and 11. One overseer of the poor to be elected for two years at a salary of \$480 per annum and no other fee or reward. He shall have and exercise within the city the same powers and discharge the same duties as overseers of the poor of the towns of Steuben county, with power to administer an oath to and examine under oath any person applying to him for relief.

Title 2, sections 1 and 2, title 4, section 15. One city physician to be appointed for two years at a compensation of \$240 per annum and no other fee or reward. It shall be his duty to give such surgical and medical attendance and medicine to the poor of the city as the overseer of the poor or mayor may require.

Title 4, section 16. No city officer shall retain for his

own use any money or fee received by him as such officer. (1899)

Amending section 3 of chapter 588, Laws 1898, to erect the county of Nassau. Chapter 658

The annual salary of the county superintendent of the poor shall not exceed \$500.

Providing for the payment of the claim of Wynn Brothers, a co-partnership firm, for coal supplied to the commissioner of charities of New York city for the outdoor poor, under his jurisdiction. Chapter 667

Amending the Greater New York charter in relation to police matrons. Chapter 674

Amending the benevolent orders law relating to the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. Chapter 684

To prevent monopolies in articles or commodities of common use, and to prohibit restraints of trade and commerce, providing penalties for violations of the provisions of this act and procedure to enable the Attorney-General to secure testimony in relation thereto. Chapter 690

Conferring jurisdiction upon the Court of Claims to hear, audit and determine the alleged claims of Edward F. Milliken and Foster Milliken against the State for damages alleged to have been sustained by them under a contract entered into by them and the people of New York State, represented by the board of building commissioners of the Eastern New York Reformatory, and to render judgment therefor. Chapter 692

City charter of Hudson—section 79, chapter 751, Laws 1895—amended. Chapter 694

Section 79. The common council is authorized to raise by tax annually \$1,500 for the uses and purposes of the cemetery commission; \$3,000 for the uses and purposes of the commissioner of public charities; \$500 for the uses of the cemetery commission between January 1, 1901, and May 1, 1901; \$1,000 for the uses of the public charities commissioner between January 1, 1901, and May 1, 1901.

Buffalo city charter—chapter 105, Laws 1891—amended in relation to the payment of pensions to the members of the police force or their dependents. Chapter 702

(1899)
Chapter 715

Amending section 37 of the State finance law, in relation to the manufacturing funds of the State prisons.

Chapter 718

To repeal chapter 711, Laws 1894, relative to the commitment, care and support of destitute and delinquent children in the county of Kings.

Chapter 723

Incorporating the "State Haymakers' Association of New York," to assist each other in cases of distress, and establish a sick and funeral fund.

Chapter 725

Amending the domestic relations law, relating to the effect of legitimatizing illegitimate children.

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Name of Brooklyn Society for Relief of Respectable Aged, Indigent Females changed to "Graham Home for Old Ladies," by order of court filed October 18, 1898, in Kings county clerk's office.

Laws of 1900
Chapter 10

Relating to the superintendent of the poor of Montgomery county and specifying his powers as keeper of the county almshouse and farm.

Chapter 24

Amending the poor law in relation to the burial of soldiers, sailors and marines.

See chap. 96, L. 1903.

Chapter 26

Confirming the action of the Volunteer Firemen's Home Association in transferring its rights and property to the Firemen's Association of New York State, and transferring to said Firemen's Association all the rights, powers and duties of the Volunteer Firemen's Home Association.

Chapter 41

Incorporating the "International Supreme Lodge of the Independent Order of Good Templars," for the promotion of total abstinence from the use of and traffic in intoxicating beverages.

Chapter 49

Amending section 145 of the State charities law relating to oaths and bonds of managers and superintendents of houses of refuge and reformatories for women.

Chapter 62

Making an appropriation of \$406,291.89 to reimburse the maintenance, salaries and wages funds of the State hospitals, and for the purchase of additional land.

Chapter 68

Making an appropriation of \$4,415 for the Rome State Custodial Asylum.

Amending chapter 435, Laws 1879, relative to the disposition of excise moneys in the town of Plattsburgh to the poor fund.

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Chapter 125

Oneida village charter—chapter 620, Laws 1894—amended.

Chapter 131

Subdivision 11 added to section 1 of title 8, viz.: A sum not exceeding \$1,000 annually to be appropriated to pay the current expenses of maintaining a free public emergency hospital.

Authorizing the board of managers of the New York State Woman's Relief Corps Home, Oxford, to receive as inmates thereof Francis G. Clock and Elizabeth, his wife.

Chapter 148

Kingston city charter—chapter 747, Laws 1896—amended.

Chapter 159

Section 124. The common council may raise by tax annually a sum not exceeding \$22,000 for the commissioners of the almshouse.

Incorporating the city of Cortland.

Chapter 160

Sections 10, 13 and 14. One commissioner of charities to be appointed for one year at an annual salary of \$400.

One city physician to be appointed for a term of two years at an annual salary of \$300.

Section 30. Official oath required of all city officers.

Section 31. Official bond of the commissioner of charities.

Section 32. Liability of city officers for unauthorized expenditures and other official misconduct.

Section 45. It shall be the duty of the city physician, under the direction of the commissioner of charities, to visit, give medical attention and medicines to the city poor. All medicines thus furnished will be audited and paid from the city poor fund.

Section 53. The common council may raise by tax a sum necessary for the payment of the expenses of the department of charities, including the salary of the commissioner of charities, to be known as the poor fund.

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Section 54. Annual estimate of expenses to be rendered to the common council between October 1st and 15th by the commissioner of charities.

Title 8. Department of charities.

Section 140. Appointment of commissioner.

Section 141. Powers and duties of commissioner of charities.

Section 142. Monthly report of commissioner of charities.

Section 143. Common council to audit accounts.

Section 144. Commissioners not to be interested in purchases.

Chapter 166

Act for the relief of the Mount Sinai Hospital of New York city and to authorize a change of certain leases made by the corporation of New York city to said hospital, to a grant to said hospital, and to authorize the sale or leasing of the property covered thereby by said Mount Sinai Hospital.

Chapter 167

Making an appropriation of \$28,000 for a dormitory at the State Custodial Asylum for Feeble-Minded Women, Newark.

Chapter 176

Enabling the Central New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes to obtain compensation from Albany county for the maintenance of Frank Earl Williams McMahon, a deaf-mute.

Chapter 208

Amending section 13 of chapter 559, Laws 1895, relative to membership corporations, constituting chapter 43 of the general laws, relating to the purchase, sale, mortgage and lease of real property.

Chapter 220

Charter of the Binghamton fire department—chapter 294, Laws 1869—relative to the disposition of the relief fund of said department.

Chapter 228

Making an appropriation of \$66,000 for the Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children.

Chapter 233

Authorizing the city of New York to accept and receive the real and personal property, or any part thereof, of the Brooklyn Homœopathic Hospital of the city of Brooklyn as heretofore existing, now the borough of Brooklyn, New York city.

Amending the public health law, in relation to quarantine at the port of New York, and the health officer of the port of New York. (1900)
Chapter 268

Making an appropriation of \$50,634 for the New York State Woman's Relief Corps Home, Oxford. Chapter 269

Making an appropriation of \$56,900 for the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents, Randall's Island. Chapter 282

Reducing the tax payable by the Manhattan East Side Mission of New York city for 1895. Chapter 285

Making an appropriation of \$36,450 for improvements at the New York State Reformatory for Women, Bedford. Chapter 288

Making an appropriation of \$44,500 for the House of Refuge for Women, Hudson. Chapter 294

Making an appropriation of \$83,675 for Craig Colony for Epileptics. Chapter 314

To provide for the appointment of purchasing committees of the boards of supervisors of the counties of St. Lawrence and Jefferson, and to prescribe their duties. Chapter 315

To reappropriate \$12,335.43 for the completion of Rome State Custodial Asylum. Chapter 323

Amending the State finance law, relating to payments to the State Treasurer by State hospitals for the insane, and making an appropriation of \$100,000 to reimburse such State hospitals for payments so made. Chapter 326

The general city law. Chapter 327

Article 1. General provisions.

Section 3. City officers not to be interested in contracts.

Section 9. Use of soft coal in public institutions.

Article 9. Hospitals for treatment of pulmonary tuberculosis.

Section 140. Establishment of hospitals.

See chap. 638, L. 1903.

Section 141. Selection of site.

Section 142. Jurisdiction of local board of health.

See chap. 638, L. 1903.

(1900)

Article 10. Protection of purchasers of coal.

Section 160. Recovery and disposition of penalties to police and firemen's relief funds.

Chapter 334

Utica city charter—section 10, chapter 18, Laws 1862—amended.

Commissioners of charities shall hold office for three years.

Chapter 345

To repeal section 57 of the poor law, providing that a person who has gained a settlement in a town or city loses the same by a continuous residence elsewhere for one year.

Chapter 348

Making an appropriation of \$80,950 for improvements at the Eastern New York Reformatory.

Chapter 350

The corporate name of Westchester Firemen's Association of the city of New York changed to "Westchester Exempt Firemen's Association of the city of New York."

Chapter 359

Making an appropriation of \$65,156.82 for the New York State Reformatory, Elmira.

Chapter 364

Making an appropriation of \$1,000,000 for buildings, repairs and improvements at the state hospitals for the insane.

Chapter 369

To establish the "New York State Hospital for the Care of Crippled and Deformed Children."

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT TO ESTABLISH THE NEW YORK STATE HOSPITAL FOR THE CARE OF CRIPPLED AND DEFORMED CHILDREN.

CHAPTER 369, LAWS OF 1900.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Establishment of the New York state hospital for the care of crippled and deformed children.—A state hospital, to be known as the New York state hospital for the care of crippled and deformed children, that shall be for the care and treatment of any indigent children who may have resided in the state of New York for a period of not less than one year, who are crippled or deformed or are suffering from disease from which they are likely to become crippled or deformed, shall be established in the city of New York or within a reasonable distance of said city of New York. No patient suffering from an incurable disease shall be admitted to said hospital. Said

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hospital shall provide for and permit the freedom of religious worship of said inmates to the extent and in the manner required in other institutions, by chapter three hundred and ninety-six of the laws of eighteen hundred and ninety-two entitled "An act to provide for the better security of freedom of worship in certain institutions."

§ 2. Board of managers, appointment of.—The governor, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, shall appoint five citizens of this state who shall constitute the board of managers of the New York state hospital for the care of crippled and deformed children. The full term of office of each manager shall be five years, and the term of office of one of such managers shall expire annually. To effect such order of expiration of the term of office of the managers, the first appointment shall be made for the respective terms of five, four, three, two and one years. Appointments of successors to fill vacancies occurring by death, resignation or other cause, shall be made for the unexpired term. Other appointments shall be for the full term. Failure of any manager to attend the regular meetings of the board for the period of one year, shall be considered as a resignation therefrom, and his office shall be declared vacant by resolution of the board. A certified copy of such resolution shall forthwith be transmitted by the board to the governor. The managers shall receive no compensation for their services, but shall be allowed their reasonable traveling and other expenses. Such expenses shall be duly verified and paid by the treasurer of the board on the audit of the comptroller. Any of said new trustees may be removed from office by the governor for any cause that he may deem sufficient, after an opportunity to be heard in his defense, and the vacancy may be filled as herein provided. Three members of the board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.

§ 3. Powers and duties of board of managers.—The board of managers shall have the general direction and control of the property and affairs of said hospital, which are not otherwise specially provided by law, subject to the inspection, visitation and powers of the state board of charities. They may acquire and hold, in the name of and for the people of the state of New York, by grant, gift, devise or bequest, property to be applied to the maintenance of indigent children who are crippled or deformed or are suffering from diseases through which they are likely to become crippled or deformed in and for the general use of the hospital. They shall:

1. Take care of the general interests of the hospital and see that its design is carried into effect according to law and its by-laws, rules and regulations.

2. Keep in a book provided for that purpose a fair and full record of their doings, which shall be open at all times to the inspection of the governor of the state, the state board of charities, or any person appointed by the governor, the state board

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of charities, or either house of the legislature, to examine the same.

3. Make a detailed report to the state board of charities, in each month of October, in such form as said state board of charities may require, and with such recommendations as said managers may deem expedient, together with a statement of all moneys received by them and of the progress made in the erection of buildings for hospital purposes, if any, for the year ending on the thirtieth day of September preceding the date of such report.

4. Establish such by-laws as they may deem necessary or expedient for regulating the duties of officers, assistants and employees of the hospital and make and enforce rules and regulations for the internal government, discipline and management of the same.

5. They shall appoint a surgeon-in-chief who shall be a person of suitable experience in the care and treatment of disabling and deforming diseases, and may for cause at any time remove him and appoint his successor. They shall also appoint a treasurer who shall have the custody of all moneys, obligations and securities belonging to the hospital.

§ 4. Powers and duties of the surgeon-in-chief.—The surgeon-in-chief shall be the superintendent of the hospital. He shall appoint and may remove the steward, matron and such assistant physicians and surgeons, assistants and attendants as may be necessary for the proper treatment of the patients under the care of the hospital, and shall have power to fill vacancies as often as they occur. Subject to the by-laws and regulations established by the board of managers, he shall have the general superintendence of the property, buildings, grounds, fixtures and effects, and control of all persons therein. He shall also,

1. Provide for ascertaining daily the condition of all the patients and proper prescription for their treatment.

2. Keep a book in which he shall cause to be entered at the time of the reception of any patient, his or her name, residence and occupation, and the date of such reception, by whom brought and by what authority committed, and an abstract of all orders, warrants, requests, certificates and other papers accompanying such person.

3. On or before the fifteenth of each month cause to be prepared by the steward, estimates in duplicate of the amount required for the expenses of the hospital for the current month, including salaries and compensation of employees, which estimates shall be certified by him to be required for the hospital. When approved by the board of managers, one of said estimates shall be transmitted to the comptroller who shall, if he approve of the same, issue his warrant for the amount thereof and transmit the same to the treasurer of the hospital.

§ 5. Salaries and compensation for services.—All surgical and medical officers of the hospital, except the surgeon-in-chief, shall render their services gratuitously. All salaries and compensa-

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tion of officers and employees shall be fixed by the board of managers with the approval of the comptroller, president of the state board of charities and the governor, within the appropriation made therefor.

§ 6. Powers and duties of treasurer.—The treasurer shall have the custody of all moneys, obligations and securities belonging to the hospital. He shall,

1. Open with some good and solvent bank conveniently near the hospital, to be selected with the approval of the comptroller of the state, an account in his name as such treasurer, for the deposit therein of all moneys, immediately upon receiving the same, and drawing from same only for the use of the hospital, in the manner prescribed in the by-laws, upon the written order of the steward specifying the object of the payment, approved by the surgeon-in-chief and subject to audit by the board of managers.

2. Keep a full and accurate account of all receipts and payments in the manner directed by the by-laws, and such other accounts as the managers shall prescribe.

3. Balance all accounts on his books annually on the last day of September and make a statement thereof and an abstract of the receipts and payments of the past year, and deliver the same within thirty days to the auditing committee of the managers who shall compare the same with the books and vouchers and verify the results upon further comparison with the books of the steward and certify to the correctness thereof to the managers at their next meeting.

4. Render statements quarterly in each year of his receipts and payments for the three months then next preceding to such auditing committee, who shall compare, verify and certify in regard to the same in the manner provided in the last preceding subdivision, and cause the same to be recorded in one of the books of the hospital.

5. Render a further account of the state of the books, and of the state of the funds and of the property in his hands, whenever required by the managers. Execute any necessary release and satisfaction of mortgage, judgment or other lien in favor of the hospital.

6. Such treasurer shall give an undertaking to the people of the state for the faithful performance of his duties, with such sureties and in such amount as the comptroller of the state shall approve.

§ 7. Official oath.—The surgeon in chief, treasurer and steward, before entering upon their duties as such, shall take the constitutional oath of office and file the same in the office of the clerk of the county of New York.

§ 8. Who may receive treatment.—No patient shall be received except upon satisfactory proof made to the surgeon-in-chief by the next of kin, guardian or a state, town or county officer under rules to be established by the board of managers showing that the patient is unable to pay for private treat-

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ment. Such proof shall be by affidavit. If there was an attending physician before the patient entered the hospital, it shall be accompanied by the certificate of such physician giving the previous history and condition of the patient.

§ 9. Donations.—All donations made to the hospital may be received, retained and expended by the managers for the purposes for which they were given, or in such manner if unaccompanied by conditions, as the board deems advisable.

§ 10. Managers' report of receipts.—The managers shall make detailed report of all moneys received by them by virtue of this act, and the progress made in the erection of any buildings that may be hereafter from time to time erected, to the legislature, in January of each year, and also to the comptroller as often and in such manner as the comptroller shall or may from time to time require.

§ 11. Appropriation for maintenance of hospital.—There is hereby appropriated out of any moneys in the state treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of fifteen thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, for the New York state hospital for the care of crippled and deformed children in carrying out the provisions of this act.

§ 12. This act shall take effect immediately.

Chapter 374

Amending the town law, authorizing the board of supervisors of each county to provide for the holding of town meetings at the time of the general elections.

Chapter 378

Act to revise, consolidate and amend the several acts relating to the New York State Reformatory, Elmira.

Chapter 380

Amending the insanity law and incorporating therein other statutes relating to the insane.

Chapter 395

Making an appropriation of \$67,638 for repairs, etc., to the New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home, Bath.

Chapter 398

Charter of the Society for the Relief of the Destitute Children of Seamen—chapter 296, Laws 1851—amended relative to the annual income of the estate of said society.

Chapter 404

Amending section 80 of article 6, chapter 559, Laws 1895, regarding the number of directors of hospital corporations.

Chapter 412

Charter of the Orphan Asylum Society in New York city—chapter 372, Laws 1872—amended relative to the corporate existence of such society.

Chapter 416

Making an appropriation of \$50,000 for the establishment of the "New York State Hospital for the

Treatment of Incipient Pulmonary Tuberculosis " in the Adirondacks.

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See chap. 108, L. 1902.

The full text of this act is as follows :

AN ACT TO ESTABLISH A STATE HOSPITAL IN SOME SUITABLE LOCATION IN THE ADIRONDACKS FOR THE TREATMENT OF INCIPIENT PULMONARY TUBERCULOSIS, AND MAKING AN APPROPRIATION THEREFOR.

CHAPTER 416, LAWS OF 1900.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Establishment and objects of hospital.—A state hospital in some suitable locality in the Adirondacks, for the treatment of incipient pulmonary tuberculosis is hereby established.

§ 2. Trustees.—The governor, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, shall appoint five citizens of this state, of whom two shall be physicians, who shall constitute the board of trustees of the New York state hospital for the treatment of incipient pulmonary tuberculosis. The full term of office of each trustee shall be five years, and the term of office of one of such trustees shall expire annually. To effect such order of expiration of terms of trustees, the first appointments shall be made for the respective terms of five, four, three, two and one years. Appointments of successors shall be for the full term of five years, except that appointment of persons to fill vacancies occurring by death, resignation or other cause, shall be made for the unexpired term. Failure of any trustee to attend in each year two stated meetings of the board shall cause a vacancy in his office, unless said absence be excused by formal action of the board. The trustees shall receive no compensation for their services, but shall be allowed their actual and necessary traveling and other expenses, to be paid on the audit and warrant of the comptroller. Any of said trustees may at any time be removed from office by the governor by and with the consent of the senate for any cause they may deem sufficient after an opportunity to be heard in his or her defense, and others may be appointed in their places as herein provided. Three members of the board of trustees shall constitute a quorum, but no business involving expenditure shall be transacted except by the affirmative vote of at least three members.

§ 3. Lands.—The lands to be held for the purposes herein mentioned shall not be taken for any street, highway or railway without leave of the legislature.

§ 4. Powers and duties of trustees.—For the purposes of this act the said trustees and their successors shall be a body cor-

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porate with all the powers necessary to carry into effect the purposes of this act, together with the following powers, duties and obligations. They shall,

1. Take care of the general interests of the hospital and see that its design is carried into effect, according to law, and its by-laws, rules and regulations.

2. Establish such by-laws, rules and regulations as they may deem necessary and expedient for regulating the appointment and duties of officers and employees of the hospital, and for the internal government, discipline and management of the same.

3. Maintain an effective inspection of the affairs and management of the hospital, for which purpose the board shall meet at the hospital at least once in every three months, and at such other times as may be prescribed in the by-laws. The annual meeting of the board of trustees shall be held on the second Saturday of January.

4. Keep in a book provided for that purpose, a fair and full record of the doings of the board, which shall be open at all times to the inspection of its members, the governor of this state, and officers of the state board of charities, or any person appointed by the governor or either house of the legislature to examine the same.

5. Cause to be typewritten within ten days after each meeting of such trustees or of a committee thereof, the minutes and proceedings of such meeting, and cause a copy thereof to be sent to each member of such board.

6. Enter in a book kept by them for that purpose, the date of each of their visits, and the condition of the hospital and patients and all such trustees present shall sign the same.

7. Make to the legislature in January of each year, a detailed report of the results of their visits and inspection, with suitable suggestions and such other matter as may be required of them by the governor, for the year ending on the thirty-first day of December, preceding the date of such report. The resident officers shall admit such trustees into every part of the hospital and its buildings, and exhibit to them on demand all the books, papers, accounts and writings belonging to the hospital or pertaining to its business management, discipline or government, and furnish copies, abstracts and reports whenever required by them.

§ 5. Annual report; state board of charities.—The board of trustees of the hospital shall annually, on or before the first day of November for the preceding fiscal year, report to the state board of charities the affairs and conditions of the hospital, with full and detailed estimates of the next appropriation required for maintenance and ordinary uses and repairs, and of special appropriations, if any, needed for extraordinary repairs, renewals, extensions, improvement, betterments or other necessary objects, as also for the erection of additional buildings; and the state board of charities shall, in its annual

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report to the legislature, certify what appropriations are, in its opinion, necessary and proper. The said hospital shall be subject to the visitation and to the general powers of the state board of charities.

§ 6. Donations in trust.—The trustees may take and hold in trust for the state any grant or devise of land, or any gift or bequest of money or other personal property, or any donation, to be applied, principal or income, or both, to the maintenance and the general uses of the hospital.

§ 7. Site of hospital.—The said trustees are hereby empowered to select a site for the establishment of said state hospital, such site to be subject to the approval of the state board of health and the forest preserve board. The said trustees are empowered to contract for the purchase of, to acquire title to and to hold a tract of land not exceeding one thousand acres in extent for the establishment of such hospital, or at the request of the said trustees, subject to the approval of the state board of health, the forest preserve board may set apart a like amount of land now owned by the state for the purposes of said hospital.

§ 8. Buildings and improvements.—The trustees to be appointed under the provisions of this act are authorized, empowered and required as soon as the site for such hospital is selected and approved to proceed with the construction and equipment of all necessary and suitable buildings including heating, lighting, plumbing, laundry fixtures and water supply therefor, and with the construction of roads thereto, upon plans adopted by them, to be approved by the state architect, and the state board of charities at an expense not to exceed one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, which buildings shall furnish accommodations for at least two hundred patients beside the officers, employees and attendants of said institution. The said trustees shall have power to select plans approved as above and to make and award contracts for the erection and construction of said buildings, and the equipment above provided; but no part of the several sums herein appropriated shall be available for any construction, improvement or purchase unless a contract or contracts shall have first been made for the completion or purchase within the appropriation therefor and the performance thereof secured by a satisfactory bond approved by the comptroller.

§ 9. Superintendent and treasurer.—The trustees shall also have power to appoint a superintendent of the hospital, who shall be a well-educated physician, not a member of the board of trustees, a graduate of a legally chartered medical college, with an experience of at least six years in the actual practice of his profession, including at least one year's actual experience in a general hospital, and a treasurer, who shall give an undertaking to the people of the state for the faithful performance of his trust in such penal sum and form and with such sureties as the comptroller shall approve. Said officers may be discharged or

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suspended at any time by the said board of trustees in its discretion.

§ 10. Duties of superintendent.—The superintendent shall

1. Appoint such employees as are necessary and proper for the due administration of the affairs of such institution, prescribe their duties and places and, subject to the approval of the trustees, fix their compensation, within the appropriation fixed therefor.

2. Oversee and secure the individual treatment and personal care of each and every patient of the hospital while resident therein, and keep a proper oversight over all the inhabitants thereof.

3. Have the general superintendence of the buildings and grounds with their furniture and fixtures and the direction and control of all persons employed in and about the same.

4. Give from time to time such orders and instructions as he may deem best calculated to induce good conduct, fidelity and economy in any department for the treatment of patients.

5. Maintain salutary discipline among all employees, patients, and inmates of the hospital, and enforce strict compliance with his instructions, and obedience to all the rules and regulations of the hospital. He shall, under the supervision and control of the board, discharge such patients as are sufficiently restored to health, or such as are found to be unsuitable patients for the hospital.

6. Cause full and fair accounts and records of the conditions and prospects of the patients to be kept regularly, from day to day, in books provided for that purpose.

7. See that such accounts and records shall be fully made up to the first days of January, April, July and October, in each year, and that the principal facts and results with the report thereon be presented to the trustees at their regular meetings.

8. Conduct the official correspondence of the hospital, and keep a record or copy of all letters written, and files of all letters received.

9. Prepare and present to the board, at its annual meeting, a true and perfect inventory of all the personal property and effects belonging to the hospital, and account, when required by the board, for the careful keeping and economical use of all furniture, stores and other articles furnished for the hospital.

§ 11. Duties of treasurer.—The treasurer, among his other duties, shall

1. Have the custody of all moneys received and all money, notes, mortgages and other securities and obligations belonging to the hospital.

2. Keep a full and accurate account of all receipts and payments, in the form prescribed by the by-laws, and such other accounts as shall be required of him by the trustees.

3. Balance all the accounts on his books on the first day of each January, and make a statement thereof, and an abstract

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of all the receipts and payments of the past year; and within five days thereafter deliver the same to the auditing committee of the trustees, who shall compare the same with his books and vouchers, and verify the same by a comparison with the books of the superintendent, and certify the correctness thereof to the trustees at their annual meeting.

4. Render a quarterly statement of his receipts and payments to such auditing committee who shall, in like manner as above, compare, verify, report and certify the result thereof, to the trustees at their annual meeting, who shall cause the same to be recorded in one of the books of the hospital.

5. Render a further account of the state of his books, and of the funds and other property in his custody, whenever required by the trustees.

6. Receive for the use of the hospital, money which may be paid upon obligations or securities in his hands belonging to the hospital; and all sums paid to the hospital for the support of any patient therein or for actual disbursements made in said patient's behalf for necessary clothing and traveling expenses; and money paid to the hospital from any other source.

7. Prosecute an action in the name of the hospital to recover money due or owing to the hospital, from any source; including the bringing of suit for breach of contract between private patients or their representative and the trustees of the hospital.

8. Execute a release and satisfaction of a mortgage judgment, lien or other debt when paid.

9. Pay the salaries of the superintendent and of all employees of the hospital, and the disbursements of the officers and members of the board as aforesaid. The treasurer shall have power to employ counsel, subject to the approval of the board of trustees.

10. Deposit all moneys received for the care of private patients and all other revenues of the hospital, in a bank designated by the comptroller, and as often as the comptroller may require, transmit to the comptroller a statement showing the amount so received and deposited and from whom, and for what received, and the dates on which such deposits were made. Such statement of deposit shall be certified by the proper officer of the bank receiving such deposit or deposits. The treasurer shall make affidavit that the sum so deposited is all the money received by him from any source of income for the hospital up to the date of the latest deposit appearing on such statement. A bank designated by the comptroller to receive such deposits shall, before any deposit be made, execute a bond to the people of the state in a sum and with sureties to be approved by the comptroller, for the safe keeping of such deposits.

§ 12. Medical assistants and examining physicians.—All medical assistants shall be appointed by the superintendent.

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No medical assistant shall be appointed who is not a well-educated physician and a graduate of a legally chartered medical college, and with an experience of at least two years in the actual practice of his profession, including at least one year's actual experience in a general hospital. Said trustees shall also appoint in all the cities of the state reputable physicians, citizens of the state of New York, who shall examine all persons applying for admission to said hospital for treatment. There shall be not less than two nor more than four of such examining physicians appointed in cities of the first class, and two each in cities of the second and third class. Said examining physicians shall have been in the regular practice of their profession for at least five years, and shall be skilled in the diagnosis and treatment of pulmonary diseases. Their fee or compensation for each patient examined shall be three dollars. Not more than one-half of all the physicians to be appointed under this section shall belong to the same school of medicine or practice.

§ 13. Free patients.—The trustees of said hospital to be appointed under and pursuant to the provisions of this act, and their successors, are hereby given power and authority to receive therein patients who have no ability to pay, but no person shall be admitted to the hospital who has not been a citizen of this state for at least one year preceding the date of application. Every person desiring free treatment in said hospital shall apply to the local authorities of his or her town, city or county having charge of the relief of the poor, who shall thereupon issue a written request to the superintendent of said hospital for the admission and treatment of such person. Such request shall state in writing whether the person is able to pay for his or her care and treatment while at the hospital, which request and statement shall be kept on file by the superintendent of the hospital. Such requests shall be filed by the superintendent in a book kept for that purpose in the order of their receipt by him. When said hospital is completed and ready for the treatment of patients, or whenever thereafter there are vacancies caused by death or removal, the said superintendent shall thereupon issue a request to an examining physician, appointed as provided for in section twelve, in the same city or county, and if there be no such examining physician in said city or county then to the nearest examining physician, for the examination by him of said patient. Upon the request of such superintendent said examining physician shall examine all persons applying for free admission and treatment in said institution, and determine whether such persons applying are suffering from incipient pulmonary tuberculosis. No person shall be admitted as a patient in said institution without the certificate of one of said examining physicians certifying that such applicant is suffering from incipient pulmonary tuberculosis. Admissions to said hospital shall be made in the order in which the names of applicants shall ap-

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pear upon the application book to be kept as above provided by the superintendent of said hospital, in so far as such applicants are subsequently certified by the said examining physician to be suffering from incipient pulmonary tuberculosis. Every person who is declared as herein provided to be unable to pay for his or her care or treatment shall be transported to and from the hospital at the expense of said local authorities.

§ 14. Private patients.—Applicants for admission to this institution who are able to pay for their care and treatment are not required to obtain a written request from the local authorities having charge of the relief of the poor, but shall apply in person to the superintendent who shall enter the name of such applicant in the book to be kept by him, for that purpose, as provided in section thirteen; and when there is room in said hospital for the admission of such applicant, without interfering with the preference in the selection of patients, which shall always be given to the indigent, such patient shall be admitted to the hospital upon the certificate of one of the examining physicians, which certificate shall be kept on file by the said superintendent.

§ 15. Support of free patients.—At least once in each month the superintendent of the hospital shall furnish to the comptroller a list countersigned by the treasurer of the hospital of all the free patients in the hospital, together with sufficient facts to enable the comptroller to collect from the proper local official having charge of the relief of the poor such sums as may be owing to the state for the examination, care and treatment of the patients who have been received by the hospital and who are shown by the statement of such local official to be unable to pay for their care and treatment. The comptroller shall thereupon collect from the said local official the sums due for the care and treatment of each such patient at a rate not exceeding five dollars per week for each patient.

§ 16. Support of private patients.—The trustees shall have power and authority to fix the charges to be paid by patients who are able to pay for their care and treatment in said hospital or who have relatives bound by law to support them, who are able to pay therefor.

§ 17. Appropriation.—The sum of fifty thousand dollars is hereby appropriated for the purpose of purchasing a site and of erecting, constructing and equipping the hospital and buildings as herein provided. The treasurer of the state shall, on the warrant of the comptroller, and on the certificate of the state architect pay to the treasurer of the trustees of said hospital the above named sum in such amounts as may, from time to time, in the judgment of the trustees, be necessary.

Annual appropriation act.—Appropriates: \$17,800 for the bureau of charitable institutions in the Comptroller's office; \$7,361.67 for Indian annuities; \$300 for

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relief of the Onondaga Indians; \$190,000 for the New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home; \$215,000 for the New York State Reformatory, Elmira; \$70,000 for the New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb; \$33,600 for the Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes; \$30,800 for the Le Couteulx St. Mary's Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes; \$32,200 for the Central New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes; \$18,200 for the Northern New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes; \$59,360 for the St. Joseph's Institute for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes; \$2,240 for the Albany Home School for the Oral Instruction of the Deaf; \$28,000 for the Western New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes; \$22,000 for the Thomas Orphan Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children; \$46,800 for the New York Institution for the Blind; \$35,000 for the New York State School for the Blind, Batavia; \$100,000 for the Craig Colony for Epileptics; \$150,000 for the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents in New York city; \$180,000 for the State Industrial School; \$82,000 for the Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children; \$55,000 for State Custodial Asylum for Feeble-Minded Women; \$75,000 for Rome State Custodial Asylum; \$66,000 for the House of Refuge for Women; \$33,000 for the Western House of Refuge for Women; \$20,000 for the Woman's Relief Corps Home; \$80,520 for the State Board of Charities for salaries, expenses and support of State and alien paupers; \$3,836,000 for the State Commission in Lunacy.

The salary of any officer or employee when not prescribed by law, other than this act, may be fixed by the department, official or officer appointing such officer or employee.

The manager, trustee or officer of any State charitable institution receiving money from the State treasury under this act for maintenance and support, shall be entitled to traveling expenses when attending board meetings at institutions above named or in attendance on the State Board of Charities or the State Comptroller when requested.

Supply bill.—Appropriates: \$2,000 for the Comptroller for expenses of investigation of public institutions; \$250,000 for the State Care of Insane; \$2,500 for the State Board of Charities; \$1,000 for the Willard State Hospital; \$2,000 for the New York State School for the Blind, Batavia; \$6,000 for the Craig Colony for Epileptics; \$20,000 for the New York State Reformatory, Elmira; \$12,000 for the Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children; \$450 for the New York State Woman's Relief Corps Home; \$11,637 for the Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children; \$5,160 for the New York State School for the Blind; \$11,179.49 for the Craig Colony for Epileptics; \$2,000 for the New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home; \$7,803.27 for the State Custodial Asylum for Feeble-Minded Women, Newark; \$6,002.50 for the Thomas Orphan Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children; \$4,400 for the Western House of Refuge for Women; \$1,922.75 for the State Industrial School; \$525 for the town of Romulus, Seneca county, for maintaining a quarantine of Willard State Hospital, and the village of Willard in said town, against diphtheria; \$250 for the town of Red House, Cattaraugus county, for expenses of treatment of rabies at the Pasteur Institute, New York city, of Paul M. Mould; \$2,625 for Mrs. Chas. S. Hoyt, widow of a former secretary of the State Board of Charities; \$8,000 for the State Board of Charities; \$9,000 for comptroller for expenses of enforcing provisions of chapter 546, Laws 1896, regarding monthly estimates of charitable institutions.

Managers or officers of charitable institutions not to be interested in contracts.

Annual inventory of said institutions.

Particular form of accounts for said institutions.

Duty of the bookkeeper of said institutions.

Moneys appropriated for repairs, improvements, etc., only to be advanced to the board of managers as the work progresses or purchases are made.

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Chapter 420

Supplemental supply bill.—Appropriates: \$646.09 for the New York Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents; \$4,000 for the New York State Reformatory, Elmira; \$10,000 for the New York State Reformatory for Women, Bedford; \$1,850 for the Rome State Custodial Asylum; \$564.11 for Henri Dickinson, for services at the Rome State Custodial Asylum; \$5,000 for the Albany Hospital for care of State employees who may be ill.

Chapter 422

To establish a city hospital in the city of Lockport.

Chapter 452

Establishing "The New York State Medical Association" for advancement of medical science, promotion of public health and the establishment of a death benefit fund for its dependent members.

Chapter 475

Amending the poor law, in relation to the relief of soldiers, sailors and marines and their families.

Chapter 483

Legalizing certain acts of the board of supervisors of Chemung county, relative to the issuing of bonds for an addition to the county house in said county.

Chapter 507

Amending chapter 816, Laws 1895, enlarging and modifying the powers of town officers in towns within counties having over 300,000 inhabitants, and providing for public improvements within such towns, excepting New York and Kings counties.

Section 6. The said board shall determine whether the town shall have one or more overseers of the poor, whether to be appointed or elected, and whether to be compensated by fees or by a salary not exceeding \$300 per annum.

Chapter 523

Elmira city charter—chapter 615, Laws 1894—amended relating to the fire department pension fund.

Chapter 527

Authorizing the city of Buffalo to issue bonds to the amount of \$50,000 for erecting and furnishing a quarantine hospital.

Chapter 552

Amending the banking law, in relation to the appointment of a corporation as trustee or guardian of an infant.

Amending chapter 233, Laws 1873, in relation to the fire department of the village of Peekskill and relief fund.

(1900)
Chapter 677

Amending the insanity law, relating to Long Island and Manhattan State hospitals, and the meeting of superintendents of State hospitals for the insane, with the State Commission in Lunacy at Albany, with reference to care and maintenance and the purchase of supplies.

Chapter 634

Amending section 238 of chapter 690, Laws 1892, relative to insurance corporations, constituting chapter 38 of the general laws.

Chapter 641

All money or other benefit, charity, relief or aid which has heretofore been paid or shall hereafter be paid or rendered by any such society, order or association shall be exempt from execution.

Poughkeepsie city charter—chapter 425, Laws 1896—amended.

Chapter 659

Sections 3, 171 and 172. Six commissioners of charities who shall constitute a board of charities, shall be elected, two commissioners at each annual election, and shall hold office for three years each. The city almshouse shall hereafter be known as the "City Home."

The commissioners of charities of the city of Poughkeepsie shall meet January 1st, and a president may be elected.

Sections 173, 180 and 181. Said board shall have the exclusive care and management of the city poor, and shall have the same powers and duties as overseers of the poor of towns and superintendents of the poor of counties. Said board shall appoint a superintendent of the poor of said city and have control of the city poor fund, but said board and superintendent shall not be interested in the purchase of poor supplies.

Section 183. For all purposes for the settlement of the poor according to the provisions of the poor law, the city of Poughkeepsie shall be deemed a town in Dutchess county.

(1900)
Chapter 675

Amending chapter 370, Laws 1899, relative to the civil service of New York State and the cities and civil divisions thereof.

Section 10. The classified city service.

Chapter 676

Amending the insanity law, in relation to treasurers of State hospitals.

Chapter 681

Amending the membership corporations law, relative to the incorporation of membership associations of more than 5,000 members.

Chapter 704

Amending section 6 of the general corporation law, relative to corporate names.

Chapter 713

Amending chapter 378, Laws 1897, by adding a new section in relation to the support of bastard children.

Chapter 715

Amending the membership corporations law, in regard to rights of burial.

Chapter 716

Act for the relief of the Hebrew Infant Asylum of New York city, relative to taxes for 1898.

Chapter 718

Amending section 690 of the charter of New York city, by adding a new section in relation to abandonment proceedings.

Chapter 728

Authorizing the board of estimate and apportionment of New York city to audit and allow, and also authorizing and directing the comptroller of said city to pay a claim of Schieffelin and Company against the city of New York, for supplies furnished for the use of the Kings County Hospital of said city.

Chapter 755

To confer jurisdiction upon the Court of Claims to hear, audit and determine the alleged claims of Richard J. Williams and Edward Manogue, against the State for damages alleged to have been sustained by them of \$23,300, upon and from a certain contract entered into between George Fruh and the people of New York State, through the board of managers of the Long Island State Hospital, and to render judgment therefor.

Chapter 756

Conferring jurisdiction upon the Court of Claims to hear, audit and determine the alleged claims of James O'Neil and William J. Mahony, as executors of the last will and testament of Michael Mahony, deceased, against the State, for damages alleged to have been sus-

tained by him of \$24,900 upon and from a certain contract entered into by George Fruh and the people of New York State, through the board of managers of the Long Island State Hospital, and to render judgment therefor.

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Relating to the State Board of Charities and their control and management of the New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home.

Chapter 769

The full text of this act is as follows:

AN ACT RELATING TO THE STATE BOARD OF CHARITIES AND THEIR CONTROL AND MANAGEMENT OF THE NEW YORK STATE SOLDIERS AND SAILORS' HOME.

CHAPTER 769, LAWS OF 1900.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Soldiers and sailors' home exempted.—The New York state soldiers and sailors' home is hereby exempted from the management and control of the state board of charities and in respect to said institution said board are hereafter only to exercise their constitutional right to visit and inspect.

§ 2. Repeal.—All acts and parts of act inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

Name of the Swedish Emigrant and Aid Society of New York changed to the "Swedish Aid Society of New York." Order filed July 3, 1899, in New York county clerk's office.

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Name of the Home for Fallen and Friendless Girls changed to the "Washington Square House for Friendless Girls." Order filed July 13, 1899, New York county clerk's office.

Name of the New York Throat and Nose Hospital changed to the "New York Throat, Nose and Lung Hospital." Order filed July 26, 1899, New York county clerk's office.

Name of the Salesian Sisters of the Holy Angels changed to the "Missionary Sisters of the Sacred Heart." Order filed October 10, 1899, New York county clerk's office.

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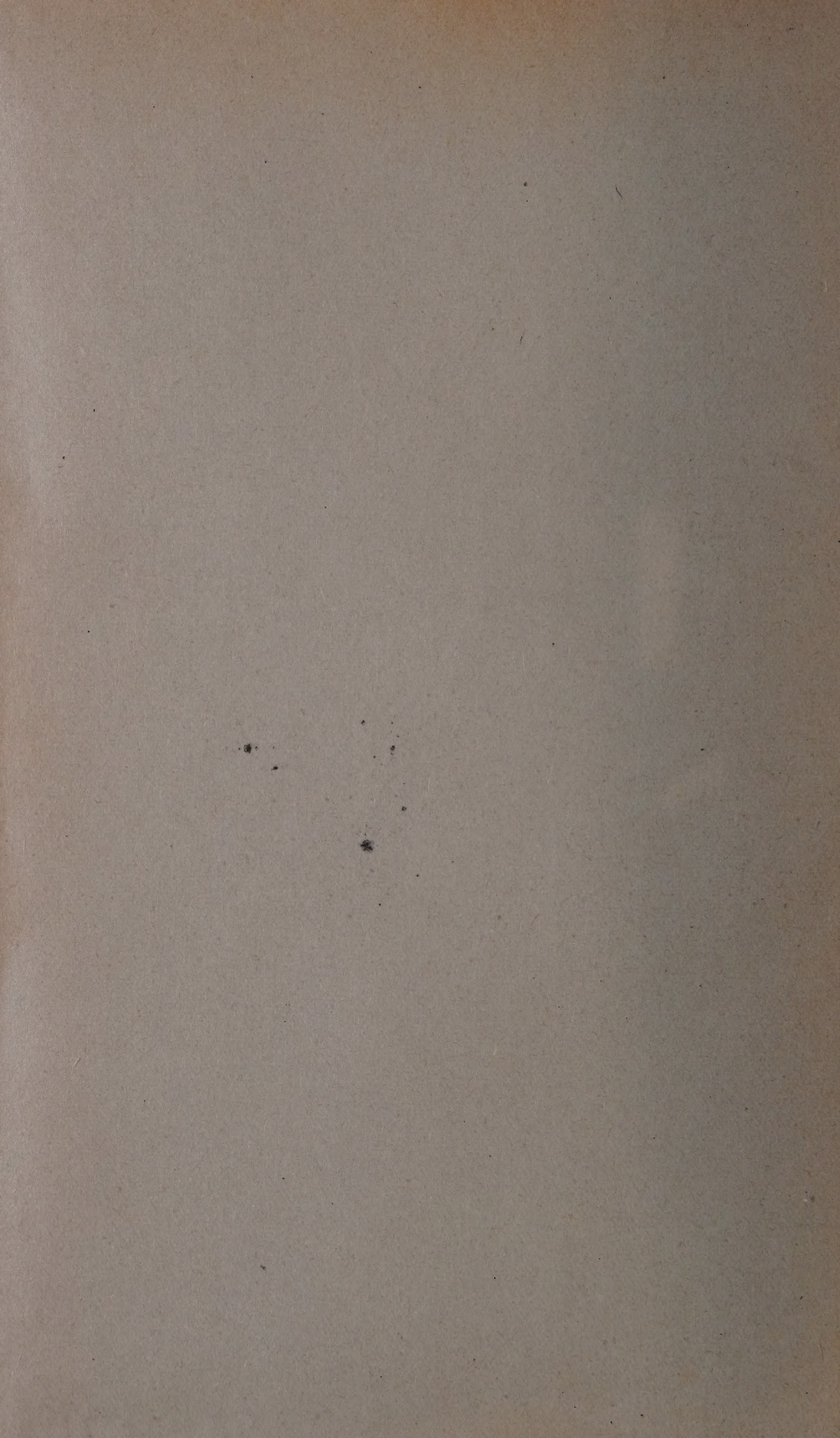
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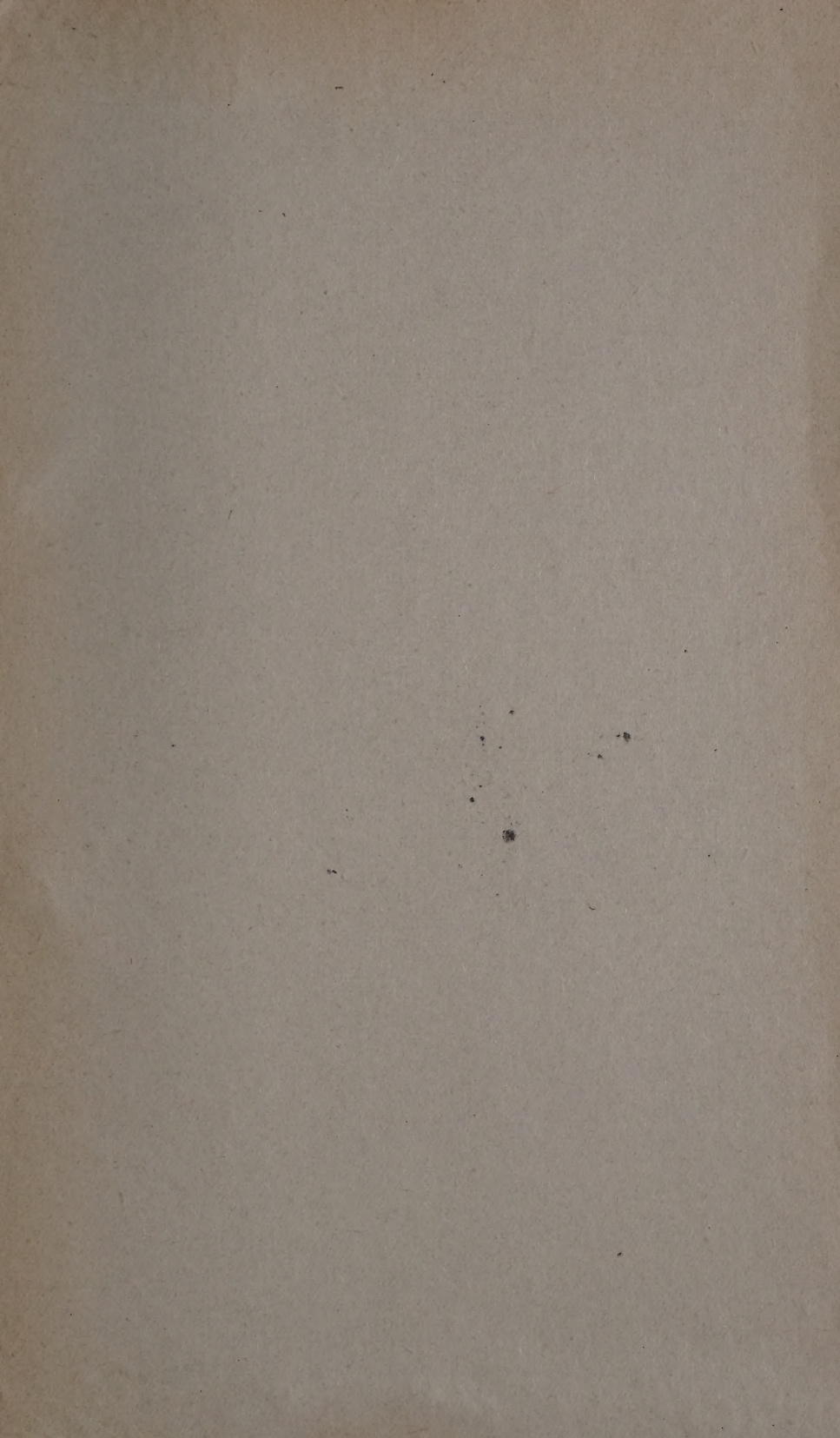
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